

# An Archaeological Watching Brief at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire



View of the Solar farm from the southern edge of the site

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Archaeological Research  
Services Ltd



# An Archaeological Watching Brief at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire

ARS Ltd Report 2016/7

February 2016



Archaeological Research Services Ltd

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## **Executive Summary**

*Project Name: Ladyhole Solar Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire*

*Site Code: LSF'16*

*Planning Authority: Derbyshire Dales District Council*

*Location: Ladyhole farm, Yeldersley, DE22 5JH*

*Geology: Tarporley Siltstone Formation*

*NGR: SK 20914 45883*

*Fieldwork Date: January 2016*

*Report Date: February 2016*

*In January 2016 Archaeological Research Services Ltd was commissioned by OST Energy to undertake an archaeological watching brief to oversee ground works on land at Ladyhole farm, located a short distance off the A52, in the village of Yeldersley, Derbyshire. This involved the excavation of long narrow trenches for power and earth cables to be connected to the solar panels through the centre of the site and along its northern and western edge. In all places where monitoring took place, there were found to be no extant archaeological remains.*

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

1.1. In January 2016 Archaeological Research Services Ltd was commissioned by OST Energy to undertake an archaeological watching brief during the ongoing ground works for Ladyhole Solar Farm located in Yeldersley near Ashbourne in Derbyshire.

## **2. LOCATION AND GEOLOGY**

2.1 The site is centred at SK 20914 45883 (Figure 1) approximately 1km east of the edge of the town of Ashbourne and 2km west of Bradley village with the 'Airfield' industrial estate sitting approximately 400 m to the west. The geology of the site is siltstone, mudstone and sandstone of the Tarporley Siltstone Formation (BGS, 2015). The site for the proposed solar farm will occupy one post-medieval large irregular field bordered by hedgerows on all sides and a Public Right of Way (PRoW) runs along the inside of the southern boundary of the site.

The site gently slopes from north (c.190 m AOD) to south (c.175m AOD).

## **3. HISTORICAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND**

3.1 There are no known features or finds of archaeological significance recorded within a 1km boundary of the site from prehistory through to the medieval period and there are no heritage assets, designated or undesignated, within the site boundary (Rouse 2015).

3.2 There are post-medieval structures within 1km of the site boundary, these being a 17<sup>th</sup> century dwelling at Sturston Hall and a mid-18<sup>th</sup> century farm complex at Firs Farm.

3.3 To the west of the site, medieval ridge and furrow can be seen, but this does not extend within the site boundary.

3.4 The Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist requested archaeological monitoring and recording of the ground works within the proposed development area due to the potential for medieval remains, based upon the presence of ridge and furrow on the site, and prehistoric remains, based upon a cluster of prehistoric burial monuments 2km to the west of the site.

3.5 A geophysical survey was carried out by Stratascan on behalf of Sun & Soil Renewable 21 Limited which highlighted an area of possible interest over which the watching brief was focused (see Figure 2).

## **4. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

4.1 The primary objective of this watching brief has been to ensure that any potential archaeological remains associated with earlier activity on the site that may be encountered during the course of the ground works are not destroyed without first being recorded and interpreted.

4.2 This involved continuous monitoring during selected ground works, with visits agreed on site, and in discussion with the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist, in order to monitor an appropriate proportion of groundwork elements and focused upon areas of identified potential.

## **5. METHODOLOGY**

5.1 The monitored excavations took place over two trenches, the earthing trench covering an area of  $c.106.4m^2$  and a primary cable trench covering an area of  $c.50m^2$ . In both cases narrow trenches measuring  $c.0.45m$  across and up to  $0.88m$  in depth were excavated for the power and earthing lines feeding into and out of the solar panels. The depth of excavation did not at any point exceed  $0.9m$ . Each stage of work within the area was photographed and recorded by context.

5.2 The evaluation was carried out by ARS Ltd in accordance with the written scheme of investigation (see Appendix ???) and the Code of Conduct of The Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA 2014a) and Standard and Guidance for Field Evaluation (CIfA 2014b).

## **6. RESULTS**

6.1 In both areas of trenching the mid grey-brown sandy clay topsoil (001) was removed by machine (to a depth of  $c.0.15-0.2m$ ) to reveal a thick mid yellow-brown clay sand relict plough soil ( $c.0.2\sim m$  thick) below (003). The ploughsoil in turn overlay a red-brown sandy-clay of varying darkness (002) representing the natural subsoil. The plough soil and underlying clay were both devoid of finds, with the exception of modern intrusive material in the form of modern waste (plastic) at the base of soil (001) no doubt incorporated during ploughing of the field.

6.2 The plough soil identified during this watching brief is likely to have resulted from a very long history of continuous agricultural use of the land in the past centuries. The heavy ploughing that has taken place on this soil is likely to have removed any surface evidence for any previous ridge and furrow cultivation here, but which can be noted in surrounding fields. The lack of ploughing in more recent years in favour of grazing livestock has subsequently allowed a build-up of the darker topsoil to form on top of the ploughsoil.

## **7. DISCUSSION**

7.1. The watching brief undertaken on Ladyhole Farm identified no archaeological remains, with recent historic ploughing having likely removed any traces of ridge and furrow agriculture representative of medieval use of this land.

## **8. PUBLICITY, CONFIDENTIALITY AND COPYRIGHT**

8.1. Any publicity will be handled by the client.

8.2. Archaeological Research Services Ltd will retain the copyright of all documentary and photographic material under the Copyright, Designs and Patent Act (1988).

## **9. STATEMENT OF INDEMNITY**

9.1 All statements and opinions contained within this report arising from the works undertaken are offered in good faith and compiled according to professional standards. No responsibility can be accepted by the author/s of the report for any errors of fact or opinion resulting from data supplied by any third party, or for loss or other consequence arising from decisions or actions made upon the basis of facts or opinions expressed in any such report(s), howsoever such facts and opinions may have been derived.

## **10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

10.1 Archaeological Research Services Ltd would like to thank all those involved with this work, in particular Michael St Pierre of Sun and Soil Renewable PLC And Eleanor Roberts of OST Energy.

## **11. REFERENCES**

British Geological Survey <http://www.bgs.ac.uk> – accessed 23.02.16

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists. 2014a. *Standard and Guidance for an Archaeological Watching Briefs*. Reading, Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists. 2014b. *Code of Conduct*. Reading, Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.

Rouse, E. 2015. *Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, DE161LR Desk Based Archaeological Assessment*. Wiltshire, Wyvern Heritage and Landscape.

Museum of London Archaeological Services (MoLAS). 2002. *Site Manual*. London, Museum of London.

## **Appendix I**

### **Context Register and Site Matrix**



<b>Context</b>	<b>Description</b>
001	Mid grey-brown sandy clay topsoil
002	Light red-brown sandy clay natural subsoil
003	Mid yellow-brown clay sand ploughsoil deposit

(001)

|

(003)

|

(002)

Site Matrix

## **Appendix II**

### **Photograph Register**

Shot No.	Direction	Scale	Context No.	Description
1	SE			Working shot – Primary cable trench (PCT)
2	S			Working shot – Primary cable trench
3	SE			Working shot – Primary cable trench
4	SE			Working shot – Primary cable trench
5	N	1m	001,002,003	1 <sup>st</sup> Junction, PCT.
6	NW	1m	001,002,003	1 <sup>st</sup> Junction, PCT.
7	S	1m	002	Primary Cable trench
8	E	1m	001,002,003	Soil profile PCT.
9	E	1m	001,002,003	Soil profile PCT.
10	E			Working shot – Primary cable trench
11	SE			Working shot – Primary cable trench
12	NE			Primary Cable trench
13	NE	1m	001,002,003	Primary Cable trench
14	NE	1m	001,002,003	Primary cable trench
15	N	1m		Working shot – Primary cable trench
16	E	1m		Soil profile PCT.
17	N	1m		Working shot – Primary cable trench
18	SE			Working shot – Earthing trench
19	SW			Working shot – Earthing trench
20	W	1m	001,003	Working shot – Earthing trench
21	W	1m	001,003	Working shot – Earthing trench
22	W	1m	001,003	Working shot – Earthing trench
23	W		001,003	Working shot – Earthing trench
24	W		001,003,002	Working shot – Earthing trench
25	W	1m	001,003,002	Earthing trench
26	W	1m	001,003,002	Working shot - Earthing trench
27	W	1m	001,003,002	Earthing trench
28	W	1m	001,003	Working shot - Earthing trench
29	E	1m	001,003,002	Earthing trench
30	N	1m	001, 003	Soil Profile - Earthing trench
31	E	1m	001,003	Working shot - Earthing trench
32	W	1m	001,003	Earthing trench
33	S	1m	001,003	Working shot - Earthing trench
34	N			Ridge and furrow in neighbouring field
35	NW			Ridge and furrow in neighbouring field
36	S		001,003,002	Working shot - Earthing trench
37	NW	1m	001,003	Working shot - Earthing trench
38	N		001,003,002	Working shot - Earthing trench
39	N			Working shot - Earthing trench
40	NE		001,003,002	Working shot - Earthing trench (NW corner)
41	NE		001,003,002	Working shot - Earthing trench (NW corner)
42	N			Ladyhole Solar Farm – working shot

## **Appendix III**

### **Figures**

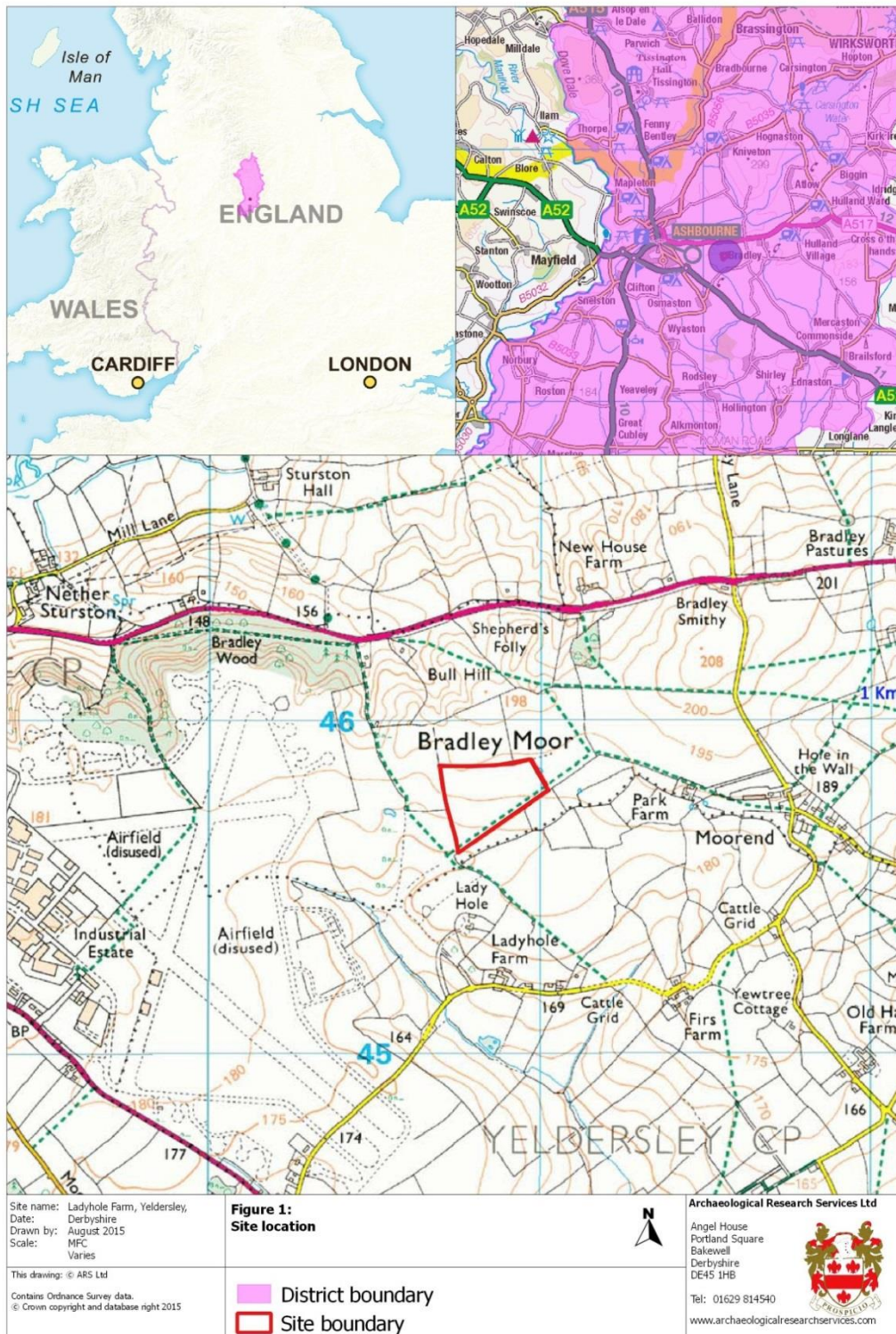
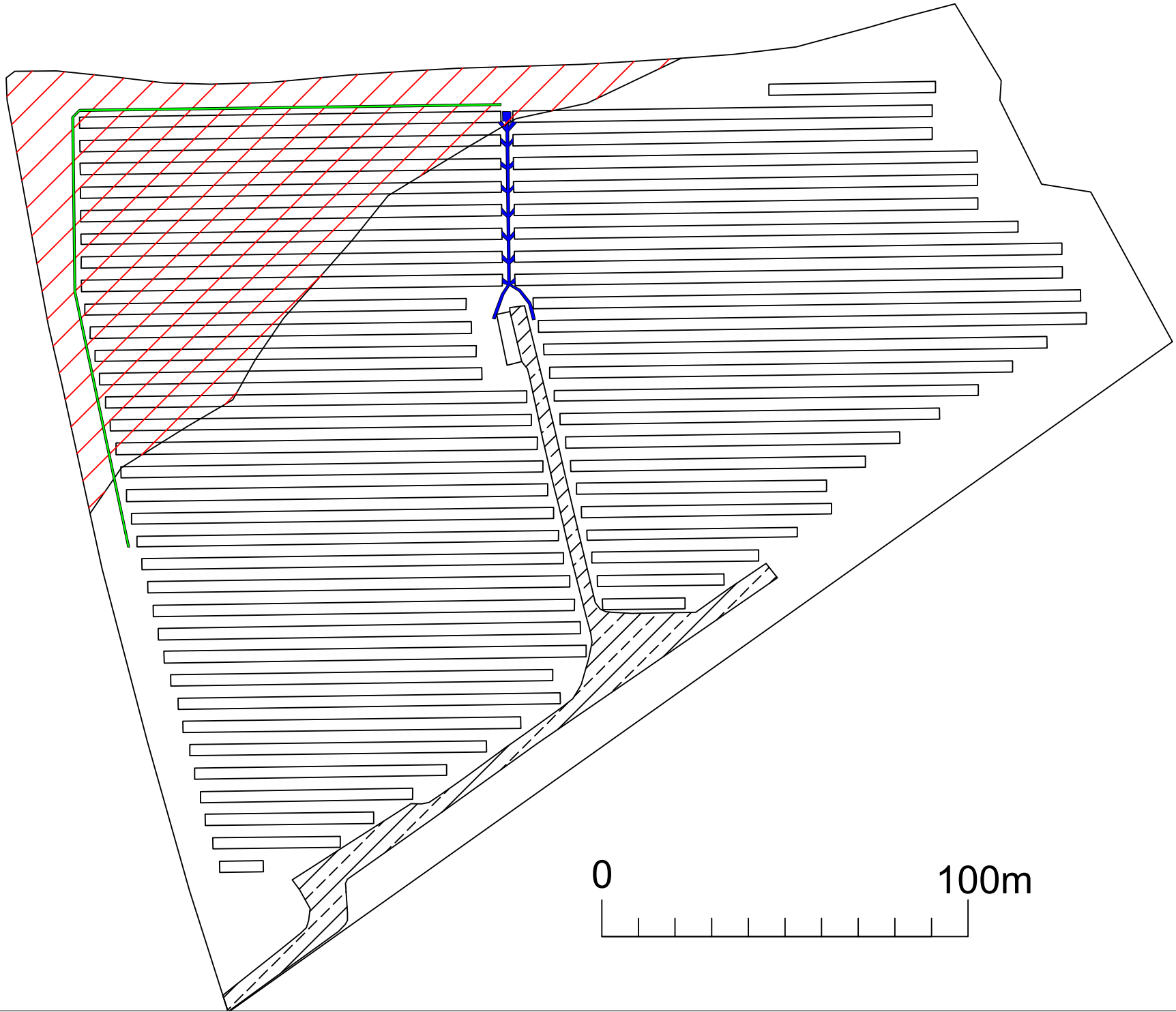






Figure 1. Site location (Ordnance Survey data copyright OS, reproduced by permission, Licence no. 100045420).



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DE45 1HB

Site Code: LSF16  
Drawing Ref: Site Plan  
Date: 22/02/16  
Drawn: Tom Parker  
Scale:

Figure 2: Master Plan of Site

- Key:
-  Earthing Trench (22/02/16)
  -  Primary Cable Trench (06/01/16)
  -  Area of interest identified by Geophysics
  -  Site Access - Gravelled roadway

Notes:

Copyright/Licencing:  
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Figure 3 Soil profile in Primary Cable Trench (scale = 1m)



Figure 4 Excavation of ploughsoil (003) in the earthing trench (scale = 1m)





Figure 5 Ridge and furrow present in the field to the west of the site



Figure 6 Course of the Primary Cable Trench looking north



## **Lady Hole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire**

### **Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Watching Brief**

August 2015



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Prepared on behalf of: Sun & Soil Renewable 21 Ltd

Date of compilation: August 2015

Planning Reference: DER/15/00279/FUL

Local Authority: Derbyshire County Council

Site central NGR: SK 20914 45883

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 This scheme of works relates to the proposed development at Lady Hole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire, DE6 1LR, which consists of the construction of a solar farm with associated infrastructure. The site is centred at NGR SK 20914 45883 (Figure 1).

1.2 Planning permission has been granted for the works through a successful application (Application Reference: 15/00279/FUL) made by Sun & Soil Renewable 21 Limited. Condition number 5 of the planning permission requires that:

*5. No development shall take place within the area of the north-west of the site denoted in Figure 5 of the applicant's geophysical survey as Area 6, until a written scheme of investigation (WSI) for archaeological work has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority in writing. For land that is included within the WSI, no development shall take place other than in accordance with the agreed WSI, which shall include the statement of significance and research objectives; and:*

- The programme and methodology of site investigation and recording and the nomination of a competent person(s) or organisation to undertake the agreed works*
- The programme for post-investigation assessment and subsequent analysis, publication and dissemination and deposition of resulting material. This part of the condition shall not be discharged until these elements have been fulfilled in accordance with the programme set out in the WSI.*

1.3 This document comprises a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) confirming the nature of the archaeological monitoring to be undertaken during a watching brief by Archaeological Research Services Ltd (ARS Ltd) in the north-west of the site (see Figure 2) at Lady Hole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire, in accordance with guidance from Steve Baker, the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist.

1.4 The aim of the programme of works is, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) paragraph 141 (DCLG 2012), to record and enhance understanding of the significance of any heritage assets to be lost during the proposed development in a manner proportionate to their importance, and to make this evidence (and any archived generated) publically accessible.

1.5 This programme of works is in accordance with Policy E21 of the adopted City of Derby Local Plan Review (CDLPR), to secure an appropriate programme for the investigation and recording of archaeological remains prior to and during development, and for the subsequent analysis and publication of results.

## 2 BACKGROUND

2.1 The underlying geology of the proposed area of development (PDA) is siltstone, mudstone and sandstone of the Tarporley Siltstone Formation, formed



during the Triassic Period when the local environment was dominated by lakes (BGS 2015).

2.2 Lady Hole Farm is located approximately 1km east of the edge of the town of Ashbourne and 2km west of Bradley village. The site for the proposed solar farm will occupy one post-medieval large irregular field.

2.3 There is nothing of archaeological significance recorded within a 1km boundary of the site, from prehistory through to the medieval period. To the west of the site, medieval ridge and furrow can be seen, but this does not extend within the site boundary. There are post-medieval structures within 1km of the site boundary, those being a 17<sup>th</sup> century dwelling and a mid-18<sup>th</sup> century farm complex at Firs Farm. There are no heritage assets, designated or undesignated, within the site boundary (Rouse 2015). The Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist requested archaeological monitoring and recording of the ground works within the proposed development area due to the potential for medieval remains, based upon the ridge and furrow on the site, and prehistoric remains, based upon a cluster of prehistoric burial monuments 2km to the west of the site.

### **3 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

#### **3.1 Regional Research Aims and Objectives**

3.1.1 Research topics identified in the *East Midlands Heritage: An Updated Research Agenda and Strategy for the Historic Environment of the East Midlands* (Knight *et al.* 2012, 100) for understanding medieval agricultural development include investigating the documentary and landscape evidence, with emphasis upon the evidence for former management and exploitation, access, and changing boundaries.

#### **3.2 Watching Brief Objectives**

3.2.1 The objective of the watching brief is to ensure that any potential archaeological remains associated with earlier activity on the site that may be encountered during the course of the groundwork are not destroyed without first being recorded and interpreted.

3.2.2 The watching brief will involve continuous monitoring during ground works, to be re-assessed, and potentially to take place on an intermittent basis, depending upon the nature of the deposits encountered on site, with visits to be agreed on site, and in discussion with the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist, in order to monitor an appropriate proportion of groundwork elements or focused upon areas of identified potential. This will generally be at the beginning of each operation, at agreed points throughout the operation, and in response to any significant deposits being unearthed.

### **4 FIELDWORK METHODOLOGY**

4.1 All relevant ground works, i.e. DNO/inverter cabins, access roads and cable routes, will be undertaken by a suitable mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless ditching bucket. If significant archaeological features are identified, the Derby and



Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist will be notified and a decision taken as to the best method of proceeding.

4.2 ARS Ltd will provide a suitably qualified archaeologist during ground works on the site to undertake a watching brief. The on-site archaeologist will be fully apprised of the archaeological potential of the site. The archaeologist will be given the opportunity to stop site work in order to investigate potential archaeological features and adequate time will be allowed for recording any such features.

4.3 A written, drawn and photographic record will be maintained during the watching brief plus all significant archaeological remains will be recorded and/or retrieved. All excavations will be recorded in accordance with normal principles of archaeological evaluation and the relevant Chartered Institute for Archaeologists guidance upon pro forma context sheets (this will include at a minimum context record sheets, an accurate site plan and record photography where no archaeological features are present).

4.4 Where archaeological features and/or deposits are identified during the watching brief, then a sufficient quantity of the said features will be investigated by hand to allow their date, nature and degree of survival to be ascribed. All features thus investigated will be recorded in plan and section and significant archaeological finds recovered will be retained for analysis. Any archaeological features identified will be photographed and drawn in plan at a scale of 1:20 and in section at a scale of 1:10. The stratigraphy, where relevant and apparent, will be recorded. All significant archaeological features will be photographed (with scale) in situ and their location recorded on a plan of the site.

4.5 For brick structures, the record will include details of brick dimensions and type (handmade/machine-made, plain/frogged), mortar (colour, composition, hardness) and the extent of structures (number of courses, thickness in skins). Brick samples will be taken for structures likely to pre-date the mid-19th century.

4.6 Site photography will be in high resolution (7 megapixel or greater) colour DSLR photography. Photography will include general site shots, shots of the excavation area and shots of individual features and groups of features. All photographs will include a suitable photographic scale (where appropriate) and will be recorded on a photographic register with the subject and direction of each shot.

4.7 A plan of the excavated areas will be maintained, features noted and section lines recorded. All drawings will be carried out at an appropriate scale and all contexts will be recorded using a single context recording system. Sample representative levels will be taken to record the maximum depth of excavation and /or natural should no archaeological features be uncovered. The site archive will include plans and sections at an appropriate scale, a scale photographic record, and full stratigraphic records on recording forms/context sheets or their electronic equivalent. Should archaeological features be present then the locations and height AOD of the features will be accurately fixed, surveying in either the planning baselines or the features themselves.



4.8 The watching brief will be undertaken in accordance with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists *Code of Conduct* (2014a) and *Standards and Guidelines for Archaeological Watching Briefs* (2014b).

4.9 Any human remains discovered will initially be left in-situ and, if removal is deemed necessary, this will be undertaken in accordance with the relevant Ministry of Justice regulations and in discussion with the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist.

4.10 Finds of "treasure" will be reported to the Coroner in accordance with the Treasure Act procedures.

4.11 ARS Ltd will ensure that heavy plant or machinery will not be operated in the immediate vicinity of archaeological remains until the remains have been recorded. Contractors and plant operators will be notified that any observations of archaeological remains must be reported immediately to the archaeologist on site. Regular contact will be ensured between ARS Ltd. and the site project manager to ensure that ARS Ltd. is kept up to date with site works and given the chance to respond appropriately and in line with the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist requirements.

## 5 FINDS PROCESSING AND STORAGE

5.1 All finds processing, conservation work and storage of finds will be carried out in accordance with the ClFA (2014c) *Standard and Guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* and the UKIC (1990) *Guidelines for the Preparation of Archives for Long-Term Storage*.

5.2 Artefact collection and discard policies will be appropriate for the defined purpose.

5.3 Bulk finds which are not discarded will be washed and, with the exception of animal bone, marked. Marking and labelling will be indelible and irremovable by abrasion. Bulk finds will be appropriately bagged, boxed and recorded. This process will be carried out no later than two months after the end of the excavation.

5.4 All small finds will be recorded as individual items and appropriately packaged (e.g. lithics in self-sealing plastic bags and ceramic in acid-free tissue paper). Vulnerable objects will be specially packaged and textile, painted glass and coins stored in appropriate specialist systems. This process will be carried out within two days of the small find being excavated.

5.5 During and after the excavation all objects will be stored in appropriate materials and storage conditions to ensure minimal deterioration and loss of information (including controlled storage, correct packaging, and regular monitoring, immediate selection for conservation of vulnerable material). All storage will have appropriate security provision.

5.6 The deposition and disposal of artefacts will be agreed with the legal owner and Derby Museum and Art Gallery prior to the work taking place. All finds except treasure trove are the property of the landowner.



5.7 All retained artefacts and ecofacts will be cleaned and packaged in accordance with the requirements of the recipient museum.

## 6 MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS

6.1 At least one week prior notice of the commencement of the ground works to be given to the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist:

Steve Baker  
Derby and Derbyshire County Council  
Shand House  
Dale Road South  
Matlock  
Derbyshire  
DE4 3RY  
Tel: 01629 539773.

6.2 ARS Ltd will liaise with the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist at regular intervals throughout the course of the work.

6.3 The client will afford reasonable access to the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist, or his representative, for the purposes of monitoring the archaeological mitigation

## 7 STAFFING

7.1 The Project Manager for the watching brief will be Dr Robin Holgate MCIfA, General Manager at ARS Ltd. The Fieldwork Project Officer will be Megan Fletcher-Cutts, Archaeological Officer at ARS Ltd.

7.2 Specialist analyses will be carried out by appropriately qualified specialists as detailed subject to availability.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| ◆ Human and animal bone:                   | Milena Grzybowska, ARS Ltd                       |
| ◆ Flint and prehistoric pottery:           | Dr Clive Waddington MCIfA/Dr Robin Holgate MCIfA |
| ◆ Radiocarbon dating:                      | Prof Gordon Cook, SUERC                          |
| ◆ Finds conservation:                      | Dr Jenny Jones, Durham University                |
| ◆ Romano-British pottery:                  | Ruth Leary/Paul Bidwell                          |
| ◆ Samian Ware:                             | Dr Gwladys Monteil/Paul Bidwell                  |
| ◆ Medieval and post-medieval pottery:      | Dr Chris Cumberpatch/ Dr Robin Holgate MCIfA     |
| ◆ Clay tobacco pipes, glass and metalwork: | Mike Wood MCIfA                                  |
| ◆ Industrial remains:                      | Chris Scott MCIfA                                |
| ◆ Plant macrofossils and charcoals:        | Elise McLellan, ARS Ltd                          |
| ◆ Pollen and molluscs:                     | Dr Andy McWilliams, ARS Ltd                      |



## 8 REPORT

8.1 Following completion of the watching brief, ARS Ltd will produce a report which will include:

- ◆ Non-technical executive summary
- ◆ Introductory statement
- ◆ Aims and purpose of the project
- ◆ Methodology
- ◆ A location plan showing all excavated areas and any archaeological features with respect to nearby fixed structures and roads
- ◆ Illustrations of all archaeological features with appropriately scaled hachured plans and sections
- ◆ An objective summary statement of results
- ◆ Conclusions
- ◆ Supporting data – tabulated or in appendices
- ◆ Index to archive and details of archive location
- ◆ References
- ◆ Statement of intent regarding publication
- ◆ Confirmation of archive transfer arrangements
- ◆ A copy of the WSI and OASIS form

8.2 One bound copy of the final report with a digital copy of the report in PDF/A format on disk will be deposited with the Derbyshire Historic Environment Record (HER). A copy of the report will be uploaded as part of the OASIS record (see 9.4 below) for online access via the Archaeological Data Service.

## 9 ARCHIVE DEPOSITION

9.1 Should the project produce no archaeologically significant finds, then it is not necessary to deposit an archive with the repository museum, which in this case is the Derby Museum and Art Gallery. This is in line with the Museums of Derbyshire (2003) *Procedures for the Transfer of Archaeological Archives* and its 2014 addendum.

9.2 If the project produces archaeologically significant finds, then the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist and Museum Curator will be notified at the earliest opportunity, and an accession number will be produced for the site. In addition, a digital, paper and artefactual archive will be prepared by ARS Ltd, consisting of all primary written documents, plans, sections, photographs and electronic data (in a format to be agreed by the Derby Museum and Art Gallery). The archive will be deposited in line with the ClfA (2013c) *Standard and Guidance for the*





creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives, Society of Museum Archaeologists (1993) *Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections. Guidelines for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland* and Museums of Derbyshire (2003) *Procedures for the Transfer of Archaeological Archives* and will be deposited within two months of the completion of the report. The Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist and Museum Curator will be notified in writing on completion of the fieldwork with projected dates for the completion of the report and deposition of the archive. The date for deposition of the archive will be confirmed in the report and the Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist informed in writing on final deposition of the archive.

9.3 All artefacts and associated material will be cleaned, recorded, properly stored and deposited in the archive (see 4.13-4.19 above).

9.4 A full set of annotated, illustrative pictures of the site, excavation, features, layers and selected artefacts will be deposited with the archive as digital images on a CD ROM.

9.5 At the start of work (immediately before fieldwork commences) an OASIS online record <http://ads.ahds.ac.uk/project/oasis/> will be initiated and key fields completed on Details, Location and Creators forms. All parts of the OASIS online form will be completed for submission to the HER. This will include an uploaded .pdf version of the entire report (a paper copy will also be included within the archive).

## 10 GENERAL ITEMS

### 10.1 Health and Safety

10.1 All work will be carried out in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974. Specific health and safety policies exist for all our workplaces and all staff employed will be made aware of the policy and any relevant issues. The particular risks involved with this project will be assessed, recorded and relevant mitigation measures put in place as part of a full risk assessment, which will be compiled in advance of fieldwork and will be read and signed by all on-site operatives. ARS Ltd retains Peninsula as its expert health and safety consultants.

### 10.2 Insurance Cover

10.2 ARS Ltd has full insurance cover for employee liability public liability, professional indemnity and all-risks cover.

### 10.3 Changes to the Written Scheme of Investigation

10.3 Changes to the approved methodology or programme of works will only be made with prior written approval of the Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist.

### 10.4 Publication

10.4 If significant archaeological remains are recorded, a summary of the project with, if appropriate, selected drawings, illustrations and photographs will be prepared for publication in online, journal or monograph form as appropriate.



Additional popular articles will also be produced for local and/or national magazines as appropriate. The final form of the publication is to be agreed with the planning archaeologist and the client dependent on the results of the fieldwork.

## 11 REFERENCES

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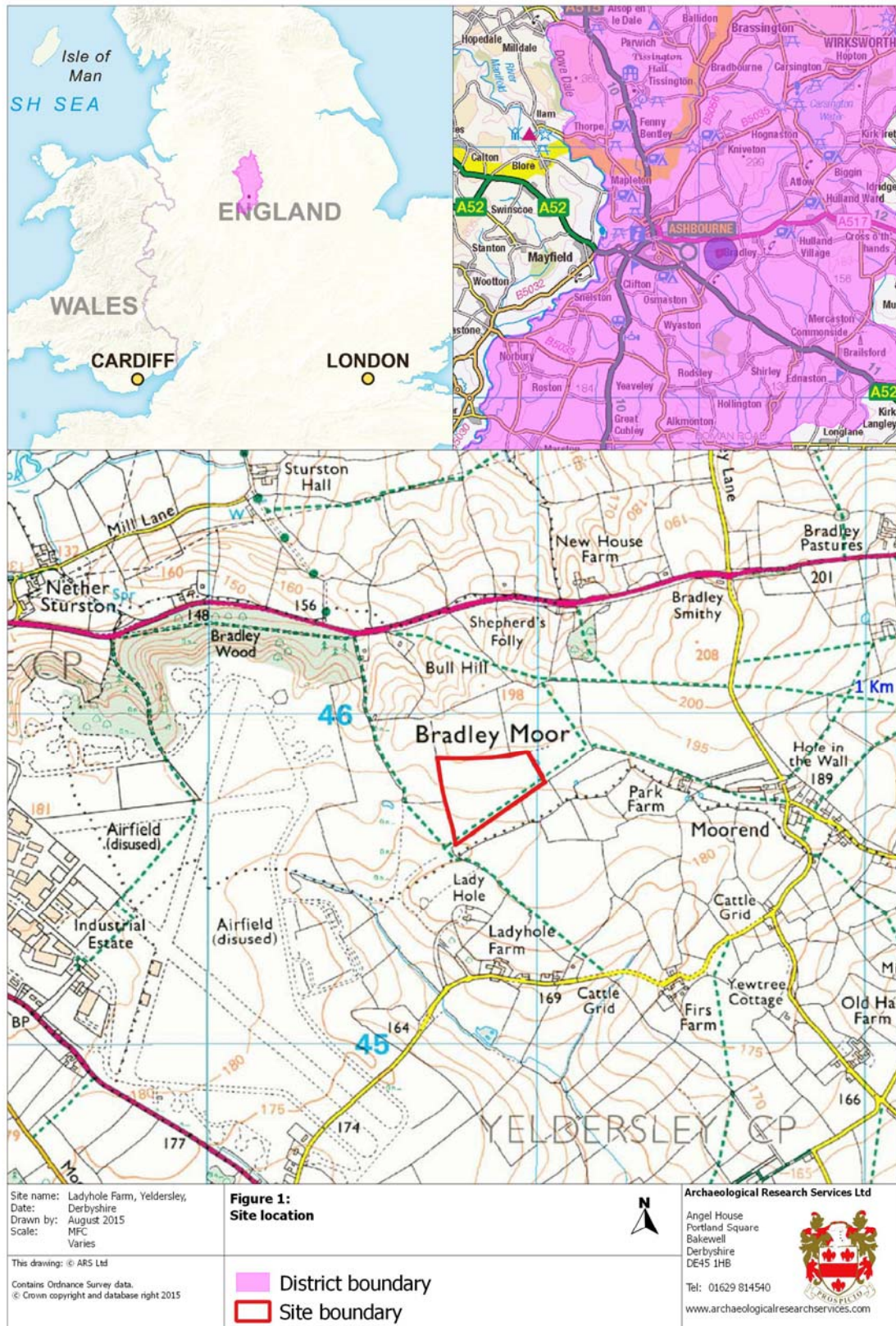


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FIGURES





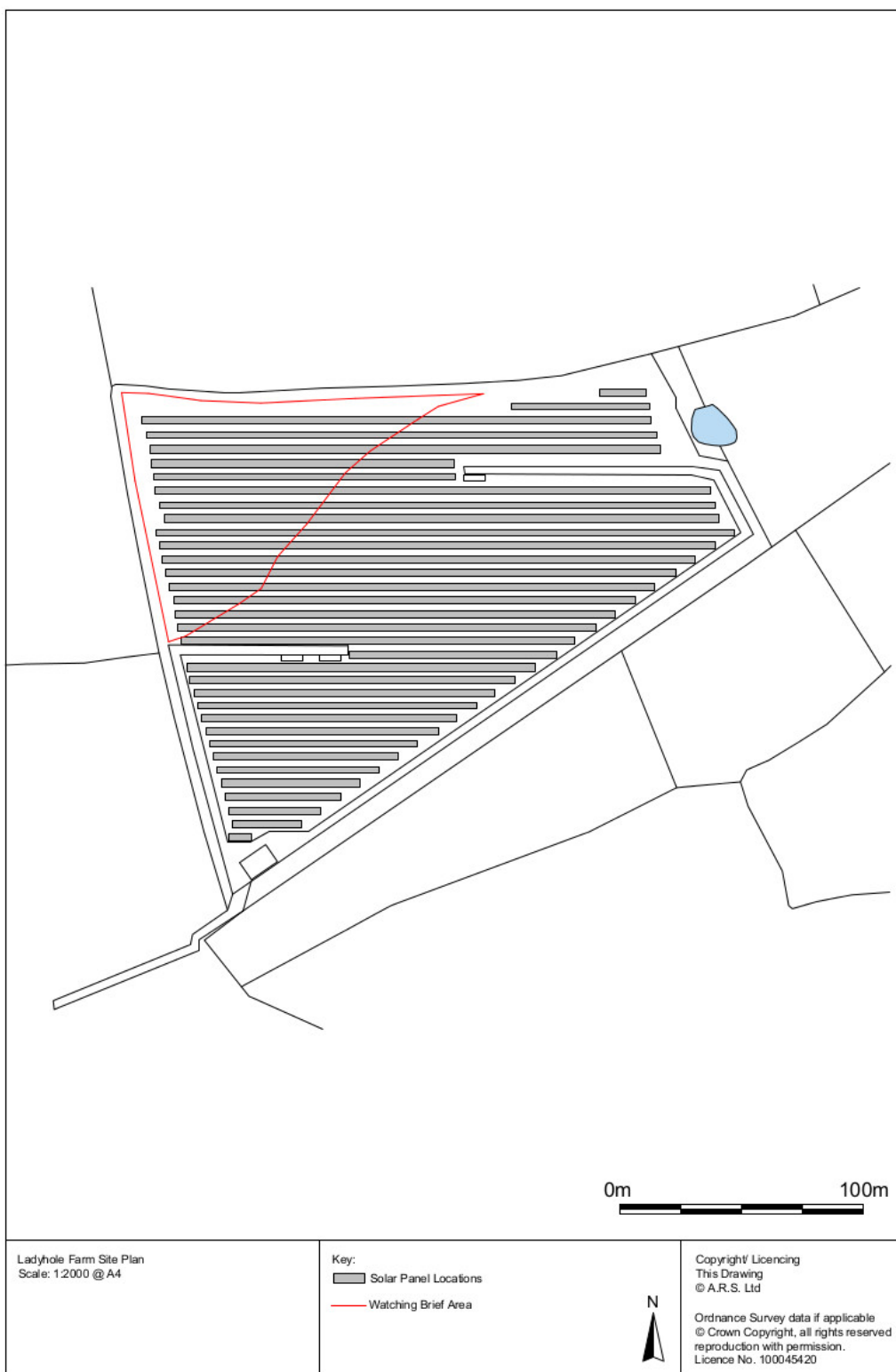


Figure 2.



# OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

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## Printable version

**OASIS ID: archaeol5-243408**

### Project details

Project name	An Archaeological Watching Brief at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire
Short description of the project	An Archaeological Watching Brief at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire undertaken by Archaeological Research Services Ltd. in January-February 2016.
Project dates	Start: 06-01-2016 End: 22-02-2016
Previous/future work	No / No
Type of project	Recording project
Site status	None
Current Land use	Grassland Heathland 3 - Disturbed
Monument type	RIDGE AND FURROW Medieval
Significant Finds	NONE None
Investigation type	"Watching Brief"
Prompt	Planning condition

### Project location

Country	England
Site location	DERBYSHIRE DERBYSHIRE DALES YELDERSLEY Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire
Postcode	DE6 1LR
Study area	0 Square metres
Site coordinates	SK 20914 45883 53.009540544895 -1.688264956736 53 00 34 N 001 41 17 W Point
Height OD / Depth	Min: 175m Max: 190m

### Project creators

Name of Organisation	Archaeological Research Services Ltd
Project brief originator	Archaeological Research Services Ltd

Project design originator	Archaeological Research Services Ltd
Project director/manager	Tony Brennan
Project supervisor	Tom Parker
Type of sponsor/funding body	Developer
Name of sponsor/funding body	Sun & Soil Renewable 21 Limited

### Project archives

Physical Archive Exists?	No
Digital Archive recipient	Derby Museum and Art Gallery
Digital Contents	"none"
Digital Media available	"Images raster / digital photography"
Paper Archive recipient	Derby Museum and Art Gallery
Paper Contents	"none"
Paper Media available	"Report"

### Project bibliography 1

Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	An Archaeological Watching Brief at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Parker, T
Other bibliographic details	ARS Ltd Report 2016/7
Date	2016
Issuer or publisher	Archaeological Research Services Ltd.
Place of issue or publication	Bakewell
Description	Standardised archaeological watching brief report for work completed at Ladyhole Farm, Yeldersley, Derbyshire.
Entered by	Tom Parker (tom2@archaeologicalresearchseVICES.com)
Entered on	23 February 2016

# OASIS:

Please e-mail [Historic England](#) for OASIS help and advice

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Cite only: <http://www.oasis.ac.uk/form/print.cfm> for this page