

Lend Lease Construction (EMEA) Limited RNAS Yeovilton Yeovilton, Somerset

Archaeological Watching Brief Report

August 2012



Archaeological Watching Brief Report

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> On behalf of: Debut Services (South West)

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QUALITY ASSURANCE

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* I= INTERNAL DRAFT E= EXTERNAL DRAFT F= FINAL



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Summary

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Lend Lease Construction (EMEA) Limited on behalf Debut Services Limited to undertake an archaeological watching brief during geotechnical work at RNAS Yeovilton, Somerset.

The watching brief was required during the excavation of a series of hand and machine excavated geotechnical pits, which form part of a wider project to expand the wardroom complex within the northern part of the base.

A programme of previous archaeological work comprising geophysical survey, archaeological evaluation and archaeological excavation has already been undertaken within much of the Site. This work identified the presence of limited prehistoric and extensive Romano-British settlement and agricultural activity to the north and east of the site, and the presence of Romano-British boundary features within the site.

The area occupied by the site has been subjected to some degree of landscaping during the previous construction of the present wardroom complex.

No archaeological features or deposits were observed during the watching brief.

The groundwork's were conducted during July 2012.



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Acknowledgements

This project was commissioned by Lend Lease Construction (EMEA) Limited on behalf Debut Services Limited and Wessex Archaeology is grateful to Tamzin Wood in this regard. Thanks are also due to Greg Laycock of Debut Services for his assistance during the fieldwork.

The project was managed for Wessex Archaeology by Sue Farr. The fieldwork was conducted by Stephen Beach, who also researched and compiled this report.



Archaeological Watching Brief Report

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 **Project Background**

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Lend Lease Construction (EMEA) Limited on behalf Debut Services Limited to undertake an archaeological watching brief at RNAS Yeovilton, Ilchester, Yeovil, Somerset, BA22 8HL, centred on National Grid Reference (NGR) 4354881 124301, hereafter referred to as 'the Site' (**Figure 1**).
- 1.1.2 An archaeological watching brief was required during the excavation of a series of hand and machine excavated geotechnical pits, which form part of a wider project to expand the wardroom complex within the northern part of the base.
- 1.1.3 The groundwork's were conducted during July 2012.

1.2 Site location, topography and geology

- 1.2.1 RNAS Yeovilton lies in the Yeo Valley, *c*. 2.5km to the north-east of Ilchester (**Figure 1**). The Site was located on the north side of Heatcote Road (B3151), on an area of landscaped grass immediately north of the main wardroom complex.
- 1.2.2 The Site occupied a level area which had been landscaped with the addition of a series of linear mounds which separated the main wardroom complex from the north car park and garages. A further circular mound was also present within the north facing open fronted yard formed by the complex.
- 1.2.3 The Site was situated at *c*. 20.00m above Ordnance Datum (aOD).
- 1.2.4 The underlying geology is mapped as undifferentiated River Terrace Deposits overlying Lias Clay and Lower Lias Limestone of the Jurassic Period (OS Geological Survey Sheet 296). The overlying soils were calcareous and non-calcareous fine loamy soils over limestone gravel, with the water table lying very close to ground level.

2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

2.1.1 A programme of work comprising geophysical survey (Barker and Mercer 1999), archaeological evaluation (Wessex Archaeology 2000), and archaeological excavation (Lovell 2005) have already been conducted within much of the Site. This work identified the presence of field systems, droveways, enclosures, pits and graves consistent with settlement of Roman date (AD 43 to AD 410); the heaviest concentration of features being identified to the north and east of the Site.

- 2.1.2 In addition to the Romano-British activity, a Middle to Late Bronze Age (1600 BC to 700 BC) enclosure and ditches, and a Middle to Late Iron Age (*c*. 400 BC-AD 43) ditch and trackway, were identified to the south and east of the Site.
- 2.1.3 Post-medieval and modern features were consistent with agricultural activity only.

3 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

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- 3.1.1 A series of geological test pits were excavated within the Site to acquire data on the character and nature of the underlying deposits, to aid the design of foundations for the proposed building structure.
- 3.1.2 During these works an archaeological watching brief was maintained to determine the potential level of archaeological activity visible within the test pits and to preserve by record any archaeological features encountered, or if necessary to prevent damage to any major or significant archaeological features or deposits. The watching brief was also designed to record the level of disturbance and truncation caused by the previous building situated to the south of the Site, and to consider the potential for archaeological survival with the Site.

4 METHODOLOGY

4.1.1 Archaeological Watching Brief

- 4.1.2 The watching brief was conducted in accordance with the Institute for Archaeologists *Standards and Guidance for Archaeological Watching Briefs* (IfA 2008).
- 4.1.3 A JCB type backhoe excavator equipped with a toothless 0.50m bucket were used to excavate trial pits TP 1, 2 and 3. Hand tools were used to excavate trial pits HD 1, 2 and 3.
- 4.1.4 The excavation of each trench was observed by a qualified professional archaeologist.

4.1.5 **On-Site Recording**

- 4.1.6 All the trial pits were recorded using Wessex Archaeology's *pro forma* recording system, and related to the Ordnance Survey national grid.
- 4.1.7 Each trench was assigned an individual number from TP 1 to TP 3 and HD 1 to HD 3, depending on the excavation technique deployed (see **Figure 1**).
- 4.1.8 A digital photographic record of each individual test pit was maintained using a digital camera of 12.1 megapixels resolution.

5 FIELDWORK RESULTS

5.1.1 Trial pit descriptions and brief soil descriptions can be found in **Appendix 1**. The locations of each individual trench observed are depicted on **Figure 1**.

- 5.1.2 The trial pits were located in the northern and western portion of the previously excavated area. This part of the Site was occupied by a major late Romano-British boundary complex, comprising four roughly parallel north-west to south-east ditches, and a series of later agricultural features, such as ridge and furrow. The Site was situated away from the main concentrations of Romano-British settlement activity, which were situated to the north and east (Lovell 2005, pp 19-21).
- 5.1.3 No archaeological features or deposits, new or previously identified, were observed during this phase of excavation within the Site.
- 5.1.4 Trial pits TP 2, TP 3 and HD 1, 2 and 3 were situated on ground already investigated during the archaeological excavation. Only TP 1 being situated outside the area of previous investigation.
- 5.1.5 No archaeological features were identified with TP 1. The topsoil and subsoil layers encountered within this trial pit were relatively undisturbed, suggesting any landscaping undertaken during the construction of the present wardroom was rather limited adjacent to this trial pit.
- 5.1.6 Trial pit HD 1 was situated on the foundations of the northern wall of the present wardroom complex, and did not breach any undisturbed deposits.
- 5.1.7 Trials pits HD 2 and HD 3 were located on top of a linear landscaped bund constructed during the previous wardroom complex works. All deposits encountered within these trial pits were either redeposited, natural or not deep enough to reach archaeological sequences.

6 CONCLUSIONS

- 6.1.1 No archaeological features or deposits were observed during the watching brief.
- 6.1.2 Within the scope of the groundwork, a limited level of modern truncation or disturbance caused by the construction of the present wardroom complex has reduced the potential for the survival of any archaeological features.
- 6.1.3 With the exception of the western portions of the Site, west of TP 1, the Site has previously been investigated by archaeological excavation.

7 ARCHIVE

7.1 The Archive

- 7.1.1 The complete site archive, which will include paper records and photographic records, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by Somerset Heritage Service, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (Walker 1990; SMA 1995; Richards and Robinson 2000; Brown 2007).
- 7.1.2 All archive elements are marked with the site code (86160), and a full index has been prepared. The archive comprises the following:



- 1 A4 File
- Photographs

7.2 Copyright

7.2.1 The full copyright of the written/illustrative archive relating to the Site will be retained by Wessex Archaeology Ltd under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 with all rights reserved. The recipient museum, however, will be granted an exclusive licence for the use of the archive for educational purposes, including academic research, providing that such use shall be non-profitmaking, and conforms with the Copyright and Related Rights regulations 2003.

7.3 Security Copy

7.3.1 In line with current best practice, on completion of the project a security copy of the paper records will be prepared, in the form of microfilm. The master jackets and one diazo copy of the microfilm will be submitted to the National Archaeological Record (English Heritage), a second diazo copy will be deposited with the paper records, and a third diazo copy will be retained by Wessex Archaeology. Alternatively, the security copy may be in the form of a pdf file.



8 **REFERENCES**

- Barker, P.P., and Mercer, E.J.F., 1999, A Geophysical Survey Carried Out at RNAS Yeovilton, Somerset. Ref 1396
- Institute for Archaeologists 2008 *Standards and Guidance for desk-based assessments*
- Lovell, J. 2005 Excavation of a Romano-British Farmstead at RNAS Yeovilton, *Somerset Archaeology and Natural History*, Volume 149 (2005), pp 7-70
- Wessex Archaeology 2000 New Wardroom Complex, RNAS Yeovilton, Ilchester, Somerset – Archaeological Field Evaluation, Unpublished Client Report Ref. 47511a



APPENDIX 1: CONTEXT SUMMARY TABLE

Test Pit Number	TP 1	NGR (centre point)	354856 124288	
Length (m)	Width (m)	Width (m)		
1.80	0.50		2.90	
Context Number	Soil Description		Depth below ground level (m)	
101	Turf Line/Topsoil – silty clay	Turf Line/Topsoil – mid grey brown silty clay		
102	Subsoil – Light yello with inclusions of sparse limestone rub	0.14-0.33		
103	Light yellow brown c small gravels and s sand in matrix	0.33-0.90		
104	Fine rounded small grey-brown sand ma	0.90-1.40		
105	Blue-grey lias clay appearing c.1.80m more rock like with d	1.40→		

Test Pit Number	TP 2	NGR (centre point)	354880 124293	
Length (m)	Width (m)		Maximum depth below ground level (m)	
1.80	0.50		2.50	
Context Number	Soil Description		Depth below ground level (m)	
201	Turf Line/Topsoil – silty clay	Turf Line/Topsoil – mid grey brown silty clay		
202	Red hardcore rubble mixed with mid to light brown topsoil		0.27-0.50	
203	Gravels with a mid yellow brown sand matrix		0.50-0.86	
204	Light grey clay with yellow brown mottling and some gravelly patches		0.86-0.96	
205	Pale blue-grey clay w	vith some gravels	0.96-1.50	
206	Dark blue-grey lias cl	ay (laminated)	1.50→	



Test Pit Number	TP 3	NGR (centr point)	e 354903 124306	
Length (m)	Width (m)		Maximum depth below ground level (m)	
1.80	0.50		2.25	
Context Number	Soil Description	Soil Description		
301	Turf Line/Topsoil – silty clay	Turf Line/Topsoil – mid grey brown silty clay		
302	Modern made ground – mostly topsoil derived		il 0.17-0.46	
303	Light grey clay with yellow brown mottling and some gravelly patches		n 0.46-0.70	
304	Light grey clay		0.70-1.36	
305	Dark grey laminated clay (lias clay)		1.36-2.25	
306	Laminated Lias		2.25→	

Test Pit Number	HD 1	NGR (centre point)	354910 124295
Length (m)	Width (m)		Maximum depth below ground level (m)
0.60	0.60	0.60	
Context Number	Soil Description		Depth below ground level (m)
1001	Paving Slab		0-0.05
1002	Modern hardcore		0.05-0.23
1003	Mottled yellow-grey clay with small rounded flint gravel inclusions		0.23→

Test Pit Number	HD 2	NGR (centre point)	354910 124295		
Length (m)	Width (m)		Maximum depth below ground level (m)		
0.40	0.40	0.40			
Context Number	Soil Description		Depth below ground level (m)		
2001	Re-deposited topsoil silty clay	Re-deposited topsoil - mid grey brown silty clay			
2002	Made ground – Mid yellow-brown clay with flint gravel inclusions, concrete, CBM etc.		with flint gravel inclusions, concrete,		0.30→



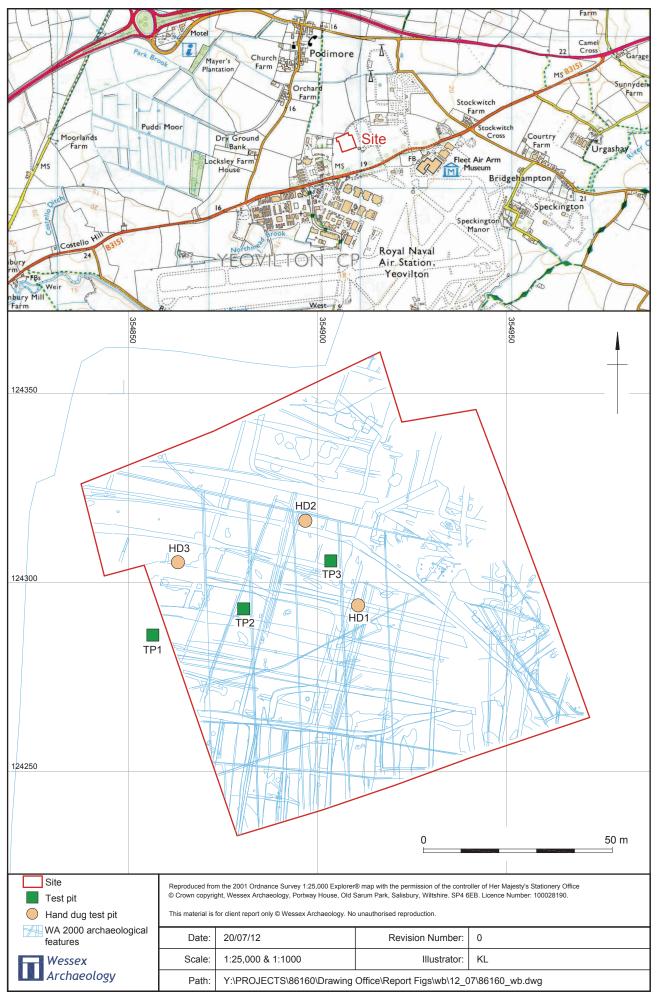
Test Pit Number	HD 3	NGR (centre point)	354896 124316	
Length (m)	Width (m)		Maximum depth below ground level (m)	
0.40	0.40		1.20	
Context Number	Soil Description		Depth below ground level (m)	
3001	Re-deposited topsoil - mid grey brown silty clay		0-0.30	
3002	Made ground – Mid yellow-brown clay with flint gravel inclusions, concrete, CBM etc.		0.30→	

APPENDIX 2: OASIS RECORD FORM

RNAS Yeovilton - Wessex Archaeology

OASIS ID - wessexar1-132870

Versions	;			
View	Version	Completed by	Email	Date
View 1	1	Sue Farr	s.farr@wessexarch.co.uk	28 August 2012
Complete	ed sections in	current vers	ion	
Details	Location	Creators	Archive	Publications
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	1/1
Validated	d sections in o	current versio	n	
Details	Location	Creators	Archive	Publications
No	No	No	No	0/1
File subr	nission and fo	orm progress		
Grey lite submittee	rature report d?	: No	Grey literature repor filename/s	t
Images submitted? No		No	Image filename/s	
Boundary submittee		No	Boundary filename	



Site location plan



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