

Archaeological Evaluation Report



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Archaeological Evaluation Report

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Summary

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Persimmon Homes Wessex to undertake an archaeological evaluation on the former MoD Playing Fields, Old Sarum, Wiltshire, which is proposed for development for residential housing and an associated playing area.

The evaluation consisted of two phases of evaluation, totalling eighteen trenches, each approximately 30m by 1.6m, which were located in a regular array across the site.

The evaluation found no evidence for any archaeological features, deposits or artefacts within the evaluation area.



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This project was commissioned by Persimmon Homes Wessex, and Wessex Archaeology would like to thank Wayne Jones, Julian Roper and Chris Francis of Persimmon Homes Wessex for their help and co-operation during the course of the project. Wessex Archaeology would also like to thank Clare King and Melanie Pomeroy-Kellinger of Wiltshire County Archaeological Service (WCAS) who monitored this project on behalf of the Wiltshire Council.

The project was managed by Andrew Manning, who also edited this report. The archaeological evaluation was directed by Phil Harding, Bob Davis, and Matt Kendall with the assistance of Steve Winterton. The report was compiled by Matt Kendall and the graphics were prepared by S.E. James.



Archaeological Evaluation Report

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Persimmon Homes Wessex ('the Client'), to carry out an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land located on the former Ministry of Defence (MoD) Playing Fields, Old Sarum, Wiltshire, centred on National Grid Reference (NGR) 415000, 133800 (hereafter 'the Site') (Figure 1).
- 1.1.2 The Site was included within the original outline planning consent (S/2005/0619) for the proposed residential development at Old Sarum. However, due to access issues, the Site was not included in the initial assessment fieldwork (trial trenching) which was carried out in 2003-5 (Wessex Archaeology 2003, 2004 and 2006). This programme of assessment fieldwork had demonstrated the survival of significant prehistoric remains within the wider Old Sarum development area, which has been the subject of an on-going programme of archaeological mitigation, in the form of targeted excavation and watching brief (Wessex Archaeology 2007).
- 1.1.3 In 2012, a Reserved Matters Application (S/2012/1679/REM) was approved for the residential development for 44 houses at the Site. The approval came with an attached archaeological condition requiring archaeological evaluation and subsequent mitigation, if appropriate.
- 1.1.4 A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) was prepared by Wessex Archaeology (2013) and approved by Wiltshire County Archaeological Service (WCAS) in advancement of the evaluation. This document laid out the methods and standards to be employed throughout the work and in accordance with the *Standards and Guidance for an Archaeological Evaluation* (IfA 2008).

1.2 The Site

- 1.2.1 The Site occupies an area approximately 3ha in size and lies immediately to the west of the Salisbury City Football ground at the center of the new housing development at Old Sarum. The Site is bounded to the north, south, and west by housing and to the east by the car park associated with Salisbury City Football ground.
- 1.2.2 The Site comprises a slightly sloping parcel of land currently used as playing fields, at a height of 72.56m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) at the northern edge of the area, rising to 74.28m aOD at the southern edge. The underlying geology of the Site is comprised of Upper Chalk Formation (Geological Survey of England and Wales 1976).



2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 Archaeological Background

- 2.1.1 The results of the previous fieldwork, carried out between 2003 and the present day, has been presented in an interim assessment report (Wessex Archaeology 2007). In summary, a small number of isolated groups of important prehistoric remains have been found. These remains largely comprise round barrows dating to the Early and Middle Bronze Age.
- 2.1.2 One important element which was the subject of targeted excavation lay less than 150m to the south-west of the Site and comprised a group of three Early Bronze Age (2400-1500 BC) barrows and a track way constructed in the Middle/Late Bronze Age (1500-700BC) (**Figure 1**).

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Aims and objectives

- 3.1.1 The aims of the archaeological evaluation were to:
 - Clarify the presence/absence and extent of any buried archaeological remains within the Site that may be impacted by development;
 - Identify, within the constraints of the evaluation, the date, character and condition of any surviving remains within the Site; and
 - Inform any discussion as to the scope and nature of any subsequent archaeological mitigation which may be required.

3.2 Fieldwork methodology

- 3.2.1 All works were undertaken in accordance with the methodology set out within the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2013). All fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the guidance and standards outlined in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation* (IfA 2008).
- 3.2.2 The trenches were laid out using GPS in general accordance with the pattern given (**Figure 1**). Minor adjustments to the layout were not required to take account of any on site constraints such as power lines or trees. The trench locations were tied in to the Ordnance Survey.
- 3.2.3 The number of trenches for the southern phase of evaluation was reduced from sixteen to six after consultation with WCAS (see section 4.1).
- 3.2.4 Trenches completed to the satisfaction of the Assistant County Archaeologist were backfilled using the excavated material in the approximate order in which they were excavated by Wessex Archaeology and left level on completion. No other reinstatement or surface treatment was undertaken.

3.3 Monitoring

3.3.1 The trial trench excavation was carried out under constant archaeological supervision using 360° tracked excavator fitted with a toothless grading bucket (1.6m). The mechanical excavation proceeded in spits to the top of the uppermost archaeological horizon or solid geological deposits (Upper Chalk), whichever was encountered first. The



machine excavated arisings were stored at the side of the trench and were scanned for artefacts at regular intervals.

3.4 Recording

- 3.4.1 All exposed archaeological deposits were recorded using Wessex Archaeology's *proforma* recording system.
- 3.4.2 A complete drawn record of archaeological features and deposits was compiled. This included both plans and sections, drawn to appropriate scales (generally 1:20 for plans, 1:10 for sections), and with reference to a site grid tied to the Ordnance Survey National Grid. The Ordnance Datum (OD) height of all principal features and levels were calculated and plans/sections annotated with OD heights.
- 3.4.3 A photographic record was maintained during the evaluation using digital cameras equipped with an image sensor of not less than 10 megapixels. Digital images were subject to managed quality control and curation processes which embedded appropriate metadata within the image and ensure long term accessibility of the image set.

4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

4.1 Introduction

- 4.1.1 The following summary details the results of the two phases of trial trench evaluation of the Site which was carried out on from the 29th to the 31st of July (**Trenches 1-12**, northern section) and from the 12th to the 13th of August 2013 (**Trenches 13-18**, southern section), and comprised the excavation of one 40m by 1.6m and seventeen 30m by 1.6m trenches.
- 4.1.2 Initially, the proposed evaluation has to comprise the excavation of 24 trenches (each 30m by 1.6m). However, consultation was undertaken with WCAS after the initial negative results from the northern section and the identification of service constraints within the southern section. It was subsequently agreed that the number of trenches within the southern section should be reduced to five trenches, each 30m by 1.6m and one trench, 40m by 1.6m trench, which was targeted on a topographic anomaly.

4.2 Natural deposits and soil sequences

- 4.2.1 **Trenches 1 18** were situated on playing fields with an underlying geology of degraded Upper Chalk with varying degrees of peri-glacial scarring present in all trenches. Variations of geology were visible within **Trenches 14**, **16**, and **18** which were identified as Clay-with-flints deposits infilling hollows within the top of the chalk (**Plate 1** and **2**).
- 4.2.2 The geology was covered by a turf/topsoil and subsoil varying in thickness from 0.17m to 0.36m, and which was present across the whole site (**Plate 3**).

4.3 Summary of evaluation results

- Northern Phase (Trenches 1 12)
- 4.3.1 **Trenches 1 12** contained no archaeological features. Modern ceramic building material (CBM) and slate fragments were identified in the topsoil and subsoil but these were not retained for analysis. A number of tree throws were also identified within the trenches and were investigated to confirm their natural origin.



• Southern Phase (Trenches 13 – 18)

4.3.2 **Trenches 13 – 18** contained no archaeological features (**Plate 4**). As with **Phase 1**, modern CBM and other building material fragments were identified but not retained. The topographic anomaly which **Trench 15** was targeted on was identified as an increase in subsoil depth, possibly the result of landscaping for the cricket pitch. A thin band of redeposited chalk of approximately 4m in length was identified within **Trench 18** (**Plate 5**) and has been defined as a deposit of chalk which was a result of previous landscaping.

5 ARTEFACTUAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE

5.1 Artefactual Evidence

5.1.1 No archaeological finds were recovered during the course of the fieldwork.

5.2 Environmental Evidence

5.2.1 No material suitable for environmental sampling was present within the monitored areas and accordingly no samples were taken.

6 DISCUSSION

6.1 Summary

- 6.1.1 The evaluation identified no archaeological features, deposits or artefacts. The presence of modern building material within the topsoil and subsoil suggests this area appears to have been landscaped to its present topographic profile, possibly during the construction of the playing fields.
- 6.1.2 It is possible that any shallow archaeological features may have been truncated and removed during the modern landscaping. However it should be noted that the majority of the archaeological features identified previously within the Old Sarum development area have comprised isolated clusters of deep ring ditches and track way ditches, which would be expected to have survived any landscaping. Accordingly, it would appear more likely that there were, originally, no archaeological features within the Site.

7 STORAGE AND CURATION

7.1 Museum

7.1.1 The archive is currently held at Wessex Archaeology's Salisbury office under the site code **61685**. In due course it will be deposited with Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum.

7.2 Archive

- 7.2.1 On completion of the report, a cross-referenced and internally consistent archive will be produced. The primary archive, including copies of all photographs, would normally be deposited with the local museum no later than six months after completion of the work.
- 7.2.2 The completed project archive will be prepared in accordance with the guidelines outlined in MoRPHE (English Heritage 2006) and in accordance with the *Guidelines for the preparation of excavation archives for long term storage* (UKIC 1990).

7.3 Copyright

7.3.1 This report may contain material that is non-Wessex Archaeology copyright (e.g. Ordnance Survey, British Geological Survey), or the intellectual property of third parties, which Wessex Archaeology are able to provide for limited reproduction under the terms of



the company's own copyright licences, but for which copyright itself is non-transferrable by Wessex Archaeology. The Client is reminded that they remain bound by the conditions of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 with regard to multiple copying and electronic dissemination of the report.

8 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX 1: TRENCH DESCRIPTIONS

TRENCH 1 Ty				Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated	
Dimensio	Dimensions: 23.40m x 1.60m						
Co-ordina	ates: E 414887.	.50 N 133	820.45 and E 414905.61 N	133804.61			
Context	Description					Depth (m)	
101	Layer	disturbar	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded s (<0.03m).			0 – 0.13m	
102	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty clanded to sub-angular flint and). 		t	0.13 – 0.23m	
103	Layer	Natural - glacial so	- Degraded Upper Chalk becarring.	drock with minor peri-		0.23m+	

TRENCH	TRENCH 2 Type: Evaluation Mach						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.30m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.35m Ground level: 72.77 – 72						
Co-ordina	ates: E 414931	.29 N 133	848.90 and E 414909.78 I	l 133828.77			
Context	Description					Depth (m)	
201	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay conce and sparse sub-round as (<0.04m).			0 – 0.10m	
202	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty conded to sub-angular flint ar). 		ant	0.10 – 0.19m	
203	Layer	Natural - glacial s	 Degraded Upper Chalk b carring. 	edrock with abundar	nt peri-	0.19m+	

TRENCH	TRENCH 3 Type: Evaluation Mac						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.70m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.32m Ground level: 72.51 – 72.						
Co-ordina	ates: E 413171	.10 N 133	462.82 and E 413176.50 N	133454.73			
Context	Description					Depth (m)	
301	Layer	disturbar	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded as (<0.05m).			0 – 0.16m	
302	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing abundant sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.04m).				
303	Layer		- Degraded Upper Chalk be peri-glacial scarring.	drock with abundant to)	0.23m+	



TRENCH	TRENCH 4 Type: Evaluation Mac						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.00m x 1.60m						
Co-ordina	ates: E 413171.	.10 N 133	462.82 and E 413176.50 N	133454.73			
Context	Description				De	epth (m)	
401	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cor nce and sparse sub-rounde ns (<0.03m).			0 – 0.10m	
402	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty clanded to sub-angular flint and). 		C	0.10 – 0.36m	
403	Layer	Natural - glacial s	- Degraded Upper Chalk be carring.	edrock with common pe	i-	0.36m+	

TRENCH	TRENCH 5 Type: Evaluation MacI					chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 30.60m x 1.60m					3.30m aOD
Co-ordina	ates: E 414985	.02 N 133	862.85 and E 415006.37 N	133840.14		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
501	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded ns (<0.03m).			0 – 0.20m
502	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing abundant sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.04m).			
503	Layer	Natural - glacial s	 Degraded Upper Chalk becarring. 	drock with abundant p	eri-	0.33m+

TRENCH	TRENCH 6				Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.90m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.43m Ground level: 73.10 – 73					
Co-ordina	ates: E 415002.	.77 N 133	840.25 and E 415003.71 N	133819.31		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
601	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded is (<0.04m).			0 – 0.10m
602	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing abundant sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions <0.04m).			
603	Layer	Natural - glacial s	- Degraded Upper Chalk bec carring.	drock with moderate p	eri-	0.30m+



TRENCH	TRENCH 7 Type: Evaluation Mac						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 30.10m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.42m Ground level: 73.42 – 73						
Co-ordina	ates: E 413171.	.10 N 133	462.82 and E 413176.50 N	1 1	33454.73		
Context	Description						Depth (m)
701	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay connice and sparse sub-roundens (<0.03m).				0 – 0.10m
702	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty claded to sub-angular flint an). 				0.10 – 0.30m
703	Layer	Natural - glacial s	 Degraded Upper Chalk b carring. 	edı	rock with minor peri-		0.30m+

TRENCH	TRENCH 8 Type: Evaluation Mach						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 30.00m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.43m Ground level: 73.01 – 73.						
Co-ordina	ates: E 414977	.13 N 133	847.39 and E 414954.88 N	133826.45			
Context	Description					Depth (m)	
801	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded as (<0.03m).			0 – 0.10m	
802	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty clanded to sub-angular flint and). 		t	0.10 – 0.33m	
803	Layer	Natural - glacial s	 Degraded Upper Chalk becarring. 	drock with abundant p	eri-	0.33m+	

TRENCH	9			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 30.20m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.29m Ground level: 72.				9 – 7	3.47m aOD
Co-ordina	ates: E 414933	.68 N 133	825.81 and E 414954.50 N	133803.44		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
901	Layer	disturbar	oil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded s (<0.4m).			0 – 0.10m
902	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing abundant sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.07m).			0.10 – 0.17m
903	Layer	Natural - glacial so	- Degraded Upper Chalk bec carring.	drock with moderate p	eri-	0.17m+



TRENCH	10				Type: Evaluation M	lachine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.60m x 1.60m					
Co-ordina	ates: E 414977.	.49 N 133	805.56 and E 414955.33	N 1	133784.83	
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1001	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay conce and rare sub-rounded as (<0.04m).			0 – 0.10m
1002	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty on hided to sub-angular flint a). 			0.10 – 0.20m
1003	Layer	Natural - glacial s	- Degraded Upper Chalk carring.	bec	Irock with minor peri-	0.20m+

TRENCH	11			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.40m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.30m Ground level: 73.24 – 73					
Co-ordina	ates: E 414925	.40 N 133	786.23 and E 414945.84 N	133764.49		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1101	Layer	disturbar	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded as (<0.03m).			0 – 0.10m
1102	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty clanded to sub-angular flint and). 			0.10 – 0.18m
1103	Layer	Natural - glacial so	 Degraded Upper Chalk be carring. 	drock with minor peri-		0.18m+

TRENCH	12			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 30.20m x 1.60m Max. depth: 0.42m Gro			Ground level: 73.02	2m a	OD
Co-ordina	ates: E 414930.	.66 N 133	807.60 and E 414908.68 N	133786.26		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1201	Layer	disturbar	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded s (<0.04m).			0 – 0.10m
1202	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty clanded to sub-angular flint and 		t	0.10 – 0.25m
1203	Layer		- Degraded Upper Chalk bed ial scarring.	drock with occasional		0.25m+



TRENCH	13			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.10m x 1.50m					
Co-ordina	ates: E 414987	.81 N 133	759.93 and E 414966.12 N	133739.78		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1301	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay con nce and sparse sub-rounde ns (<0.04m).			0 – 0.12m
1302	Layer	to mode	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing occasional to moderate sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.04m).			0.12 – 0.28m
1303	Layer	Natural – Degraded Upper Chalk bedrock with minor peri- glacial scarring.			0.28m+	

TRENCH	14			Type: Evaluation	Machine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.60m x 1.50m Max. depth: 0.55m Ground level: 74.46 – 74				
Co-ordina	ates: E 414990	.70 N 133	732.97 and E 415010.81 N	133710.51	
Context	Description				Depth (m)
1401	Layer	disturbar	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse to rare sub-r sions (<0.03m).		
1402	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing abundant sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.03m).		
1403	Layer		- Mixed; Degraded Upper Cl at either end of the trench, a		the 0.34m+

TRENCH	TRENCH 15			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 39.60m x 1.50m Max. depth: 0.46m Ground level: 73.8				4 – 7	4.46m aOD
Co-ordina	Co-ordinates: E 415006.83 N 133786.47 and E 415034.03 N 133757.23					
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1501	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay connce and sparse sub-rounders (<0.04m).			0 – 0.13m
1502	Layer	to mode	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing occasional to moderate sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.04m).			0.13 – 0.36m
1503	Layer	Natural – Degraded Upper Chalk bedrock with moderate peri- glacial scarring.			0.36m+	



TRENCH				Type:	Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.80m x 1.50m Max. depth: 0.34m Ground level: 74.28 – 7						4.66m aOD
Co-ordina	ates: E 415056	.19 N 133	758.91 and E 415033.75 N	133738.7	72		
Context	Description						Depth (m)
1601	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cor nce and sparse sub-roundens (<0.03m).				0 – 0.09m
1602	Layer		 Mid greyish brown silty claded to sub-angular flint an). 			t	0.09 – 0.24m
1603	Layer		 Degraded Upper Chalk be carring and patches of Clay 				0.24m+

TRENCH	17			Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	Dimensions: 29.60m x 1.50m Max. depth: 0.46m Ground level: 73.36 – 73					
Co-ordina	ates: E 415055	.20 N 133	823.72 and E 415033.24 N	133803.55		
Context	Description					Depth (m)
1701	Layer	disturba	soil – Mid grey silty clay cont nce and sparse sub-rounded ns (<0.04m).			0 – 0.15m
1702	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing occasional sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.05m).			0.15 – 0.35m
1703	Layer	Natural - glacial s	 Degraded Upper Chalk becarring. 	drock with moderate p	eri-	0.35m+

TRENCH	TRENCH 18				Type: Evaluation	Mad	chine excavated
Dimensio	ns: 29.50m x 1	.50m	Max. depth: 0.36	Sm .	Ground level: 73.69	9 – 7	3.70m aOD
Co-ordina	Co-ordinates: E 415053.64 N 133800.50 and E 415073.87 N 133778.60						
Context	Description						Depth (m)
1801	Layer	disturba			aining moderate root to sub-angular flint		0 – 0.11m
1802	Layer	Made ground – Thin band of re-deposited chalk only visible between 19.00 and 23.00m from the north-west end of the trench.			0.11 – 0.14m		
1803	Layer	sub-rour	Subsoil – Mid greyish brown silty clay containing occasional sub-rounded to sub-angular flint and chalk inclusions (<0.03m).			0.14 – 0.31m	
1804	Layer		 Degraded Upper carring and patche 		Irock with minor peri- with-flints.		0.31m+



APPENDIX 2: OASIS FORM

OASIS ID: wessexar1-157020

Project details

MoD Playing Fields, Old Sarum, Wiltshire Project name

Short description of

the project

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Pegasus Group and Persimmon Homes Wessex to undertake an archaeological evaluation on the former MoD Playing Fields, Old Sarum, Wiltshire, centred on NGR 415000, 133800, prior to development. The evaluation consisted of two phases of excavation totalling eighteen trenches located across the site. These were 1.6m wide and approximately 30m in length. The work aimed to identify the date, extent, character, and preservation of any surviving archaeological remains and inform decisions with regard to any potential further archaeological works. The

evaluation encountered no archaeological features.

Project dates Start: 29-07-2013 End: 13-08-2013

Previous/future work No / No

Any associated project reference

codes

61685 - Contracting Unit No.

Field evaluation Type of project

Site status None Site status None

Current Land use Other 14 - Recreational usage Current Land use Other 14 - Recreational usage

Monument type NONE None Significant Finds **NONE None**

Methods & techniques """Targeted Trenches"""

Housing estate Development type

Prompt Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPS After full determination (eg. As a condition) Position in the

planning process

Project location

Country England

Site location WILTSHIRE SALISBURY WINTERBOURNE MoD Playing Fields

Postcode SP4 6FH Study area 3.00 Hectares

Site coordinates SU 149 338 51 -1 51 06 10 N 001 47 13 W Point

Height OD / Depth Min: 72.00m Max: 73.00m

Project creators

Name of Organisation Wessex Archaeology

Project brief originator

Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body



Project design

originator

Wessex Archaeology

A Manning

Developer

Project

director/manager

Project supervisor PA Harding Project supervisor **Bob Davis** Project supervisor Matt Kendall

Type of

sponsor/funding

body

Name of

sponsor/funding

body

Persimmon Homes Wessex

Project archives

Physical Archive recipient

Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum

Digital Archive recipient

Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum

Digital Media available

"Text"

Paper Archive recipient

Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum

Paper Media available

"Context sheet","Drawing","Map","Miscellaneous Material","Notebook - Excavation"," Research"," General Notes","Report","Section","Unpublished

Text"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title MoD Playing Fields, Old Sarum, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Author(s)/Editor(s) Kendall, M Author(s)/Editor(s) Manning, A Other bibliographic 61685.03

details

Date 2013

Issuer or publisher Wessex Archaeology

Place of issue or publication

Salisbury

Description Grey Literature, soft back, A4 size, evaluation report, blue spine

Entered by Andrew manning (a.manning@wessexarch.co.uk)

Entered on 19 August 2013





Site and trench location plan



Plate 1: Trench 14, viewed from the south-west.



Plate 2: Trench 3, viewed from the south-east

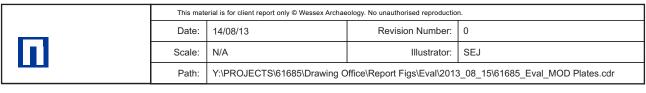




Plate 3: Trench 6, representative section, viewed from the north-west



Plate 4: Trench 13, viewed from the north-east

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Plate 5: Trench 18, representative section, viewed from the north-east.

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