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McLaren Production Centre Woking, Surrey

Archaeological Watching Brief Report



Ref: 72743.01 July 2014

heritage



Archaeological Watching Brief Report

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* I = Internal Draft; E = External Draft; F = Final

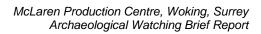
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Archaeological Watching Brief Report

Summary

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Mclaren Group Ltd through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey. The archaeological watching brief comprised of monitoring the excavation of 10 geotechnical test pits which were located on the proposed building development. The work was undertaken the 23rd to 24th June 2014.

No evidence of any archaeological features were found during the watching brief however test pits 8, 9 and 10 did display signs of modern disturbance which may have been associated with the landscaping of the grounds of the McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building.



Archaeological Watching Brief Report

Acknowledgements

Wessex Archaeology would like to thank John Trehy of Terence O'Rourke Ltd for commissioning the work on behalf of McLaren Group Ltd. The help and assistance of Tom (Hydrock) was greatly appreciated during the ground works was greatly appreciated. We would also like to thank Gary Jackson and Alex Eggington of the Surrey County Council Heritage Conservation Team for their assistance throughout the project.

The field work was undertaken by Simon Flaherty, who also wrote this report. The report Illustrations were drawn by Linda Coleman and Nancy Dixon. The project was managed on behalf of Wessex Archaeology by Gareth Chaffey.

Archaeological Watching Report

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology (WA) were commissioned by McLaren Group Ltd (the Client), through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd (the Consultant), to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey, centred on National Grid Reference (NGR) 501350, 161480 (hereafter 'the Site') (Figure 1).
- 1.1.2 The Site is subject of development proposals that comprise construction of two further buildings to the north and west of the current McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building. The buildings are understood to comprise a wind tunnel and a special operations building. Each building is multi storey and contains at least one basement level.
- 1.1.3 The watching brief was required in order to provide a means of preservation by record of any archaeological remains which may exist in the area of archaeological potential, as identified through a programme of trial trench evaluation carried out on the Site (WA 2010a).
- 1.1.4 A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for the watching brief (WA 2014) was prepared by Wessex Archaeology and submitted to, and approved by, the Heritage Conservation Team, of Surrey County Council, prior to the start of the fieldwork. The watching brief was undertaken in accordance with the Institute for *Archaeologist's Guidance for Archaeological Watching Brief* (as amended in 2008).
- 1.1.5 The fieldwork was undertaken from 23rd to 24th June 2014

1.2 The Site

- 1.2.1 The Site is located on the gently undulating ground, which generally slopes down from north to south, from a high point in the north west of 32m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) to 23m aOD at the southern edge of the Site.
- 1.2.2 The Site is located to the south of the McLaren Technology Centre (MTC), and covers an area of approximately 34.59 hectares. The footprint of the proposed MPC development comprises an area of 3.8 ha situated to the south-east of the overall Site (**Figure 1**).
- 1.2.3 Immediately to the south of the McLaren Technology Centre the Site is currently covered in soft landscaping, while the land to the west is utilised as arable fields. A former landfill site lies towards and within the southern boundary of the Site.
- 1.2.4 The underlying local geology is listed as the Bagshot Beds and Claygate Beds with alluvium possibly present above these strata (Geological Survey of Great Britain 1:50,000 map sheet 269).



2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 Introduction

- 2.1.1 A detailed archaeological and historical background for the site has been compiled and presented previously (WA 2014), and as such will not be repeated here.
- 2.1.2 In summary, Surrey Council Archaeological Unit recorded evidence from the Mesolithic or Early Neolithic through to the post-medieval periods within the area of the MPC (SCAU 1997, 1998a and 1998b).
- 2.1.3 Investigations by Wessex Archaeology (WA 2009, 2010a & 2010b) identified the presence of two Iron Age gullies forming a track or drove way and a pit that contained a single sherd of Iron Age pottery. The low number s of features and paucity of dating suggests these features were on the periphery of any archaeological focus.
- 2.1.4 The eastern area of the Site was shown to have been extensively landscaped resulting in a severe impact on any surviving archaeological remains. A former land fill was located within the southern boundary of the Site; in this area there were also several layers of modern made ground.

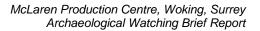
3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Aims and objectives

- 3.1.1 The aims of the watching brief were:
 - to determine the presence or absence of archaeological remains, and should remains be present, to ensure their preservation by record to the highest possible standard;
 - to confirm the approximate date or date range of the remains, by means of artefactual or other evidence;
 - to determine or confirm the approximate extent of any remains;
 - to determine the condition and state of preservation of the remains;
 - to determine the degree of complexity of the horizontal and/or vertical stratigraphy present; and
 - to prepare a report on the results of the watching brief.

3.2 Fieldwork methodology

- 3.2.1 The watching brief was conducted according to the agreed WSI (WA 2014) and comprised the excavation of ten geotechnical trial pits each measuring approx 3m x 0.6m in size (see **Appendix 1** for details). The location of these trenches has been indicated in **Figure 1**. All proposed test pits were excavated.
- 3.2.2 Prior to machining, the test pit locations were scanned by Hydrock using a cable tracing device. The test pits were excavated under constant archaeological supervision using a backhoe mechanical excavator employing a toothless ditching bucket. The turf, topsoil and subsoil were stored separately to facilitate appropriate backfilling and consolidation of each trench following the completion of recording.



- 3.2.3 All potential features and deposits of possible archaeological origin were partially excavated to ascertain their nature and function and were fully recorded using WA's *pro forma* record sheets. All deposits were assigned a unique number.
- 3.2.4 A full photographic record was maintained using colour slide, black and white and digital photography. Digital photography adhered to the National Monument Records Digital Imaging Guidelines. A full graphic record was maintained. The site drawings were drawn at an appropriate scale, typically 1:10 for sections and 1:20 for plans.
- 3.2.5 Site survey was carried out using a Leica Viva series GNSS unit using the OS National GPS Network through an RTK network with a 3D accuracy of 30mm or below. All survey data was recorded using the OSGB36 British National Grid coordinate system.

4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

4.1 Natural deposits and soil sequences

- 4.1.1 The deposit sequence varied slightly between **Test Pits 1** to **7**. The topsoil consisted of a mid brownish grey silty sand and varied in thickness between 0.23m to 0.37m. **Test Pits 2** and **3** contained a subsoil that was between 0.12m and 0.2m thick respectively and consisted of a mid brown silty clay sand. The natural geology was encountered at a depth of 0.23m to 0.53m and consisted of a light yellow brown clay sand.
- 4.1.2 Test Pits 8, 9 and 10 were the subject of disturbance likely to be associated with the construction of the McLaren Production Centre and subsequent phases of landscaping. All had a layer of topsoil as described above between 0.19m and 0.27m in thickness. This overlies a light yellow brown clay sand redeposited natural layer varying in thickness between 0.08m and 0.28m. Test Pit 8 contained a mid grey brown silty sand layer of redeposited topsoil that contained Ceramic Building Material (C.B.M) between 0.29m-0.40m. This overlaid the natural. Test Pit 9 contained a made ground layer that started at 0.58m below ground level (bgl) and continued to the full depth of the trench at 4.1m (bgl). Natural was encountered at a depth of 0.35m-1.8m. Below this there appeared to be natural deposit 1004 however at a depth of 2.5m-2.8m a mid grey brown silty sand was encountered. Accurate recording of the deposit was not possible due to its depth within the test pit. It may represent a lens within the natural geology. From 2.8m a layer 1006 identical to 1004 was encountered.

5 ARTEFACTUAL EVIDENCE

5.1.1 A single piece of burnt flint was recovered from the top soil of **Test Pit 4**, although not definitively prehistoric it may suggest a low level of prehistoric activity around the site

6 ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE

6.1.1 No material suitable for environmental analysis was present within the monitored areas.

7 CONCLUSION

7.1.1 No archaeological remains were encountered during the watching brief. The area around Trenches 1 to 7 appear to be undisturbed by modern construction activity. However Trenches 8, 9 and 10 located on the southern edge of the site show signs of modern disturbance most likely due to the construction of the McLaren Production Centre located to the south of the Site.



8 STORAGE AND CURATION

8.1 Museum

8.1.1 It is recommended that the project archive resulting from the excavation be deposited with **Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre**. The Museum has agreed in principle to accept the project archive on completion of the project, under the accession code **72743**. Deposition of any finds with the Museum will only be carried out with the full agreement of the landowner.

8.2 Archive

- 8.2.1 The complete site archive, which will include paper records, photographic records, graphics, artefacts, ecofacts and digital data, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by **Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre**, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; IfA 2009; Brown 2011; ADS 2013). Details of the archaeological watching brief will also be entered into the online "OASIS" database maintained by the Archaeological Data Service (ADS). A copy of the OASIS entry has been included in this report (**Appendix 2**).
- 8.2.2 All archive elements will be marked with the **72743**, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises the following:
 - 1 file/document case of paper records & A3/A4 graphics

8.3 Discard policy

- 8.3.1 Wessex Archaeology follows the guidelines set out in *Selection, Retention and Dispersal* (Society of Museum Archaeologists 1993), which allows for the discard of selected artefact and ecofact categories which are not considered to warrant any future analysis. Any discard of artefacts will be fully documented in the project archive.
- 8.3.2 The discard of environmental remains and samples follows nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1993; 1995; English Heritage 2002).

8.4 Copyright

8.4.1 The full copyright of the written/illustrative archive relating to the site will be retained by Wessex Archaeology Ltd under the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act* 1988 with all rights reserved. The Museum, however, will be granted an exclusive licence for the use of the archive for educational purposes, including academic research, providing that such use shall be non-profitmaking, and conforms to the *Copyright and Related Rights* regulations 2003.

8.5 Security Copy

8.5.1 In line with current best practice (e.g. Brown 2011), on completion of the project a security copy of the written records will be prepared, in the form of a digital PDF/A file. PDF/A is an ISO-standardised version of the Portable Document Format (PDF) designed for the digital preservation of electronic documents through omission of features ill-suited to long-term archiving.

9 **REFERENCES**

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APPENDIX 1 – TEST PIT TABLES

bgl = below ground level

TEST PIT 1 Type:					Machir	ne excavated
Dimensions: 2.85m x 0.60m Max. depth: 3m Ground level: 27.0)7m aOD		
Context	Descripti	on				Depth bgl (m)
101	Topsoil	TopsoilMid grey brown silty sand with occasional, sub rounded- rounded, moderately sorted gravel/pebbles that are < 40mm in size				
102						0.20-0.50m

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 2 Type: Machine						
Dimensio	Dimensions: 2.83m x 0.62m Max. depth: 3m Ground level: 27.14						4m aOD
Context	Descripti	on					Depth bgl (m)
201	Topsoil		prown silty sand with occasional, s obles <60mm moderately sorted.	ub rounded	l- rou	nded	0-0.31m
202	Subsoil						0.31m-0.42m
203	Natural	gravels/pe	Mid brown yellow clay sand with occasional rounded gravels/pebbles <60mm mod sorted. At a depth of 0.76m the natural becomes more clayey.				

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 3					excavated	
Dimensio	Dimensions: 2.55m x 0.65m Max. depth: 2.6m			Ground lev	vel: 27.26	m aOD	
Context	Descripti	on			Depth bgl (m)		
301	Topsoil	0-0.32m					
	-	rounded, o					
302	Subsoil	Mid browr	n silty clay sand with occasional grave	el/pebbles <6	60mmm,	0.32m-0.52m	
		sub rounded-rounded, moderately sorted					
303	Natural		Mid yellow brown sand clay with gravel/pebble inclusions <60mm				
		sub round	ed- rounded, moderately sorted, occa	asional.			

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 4						excavated
Dimensions: 2.10m x 0.65m Max. depth: 3.25m Ground level:				vel: 26.85	m aOD		
Context	Descripti	on					Depth bgl (m)
401					0 – 0.3mm		
402						0.3m+	

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 5 Type: Ma						
Dimensions: 2.20m x 0.65m Max. depth: 2.3m				Ground le	vel: 28.04	aOD	
Context	Context Description						
501						0-0.32m	
502	Natural		<50mm, moderately sorted. Clear from the natural.				
502	02 Natural Mid yellow brown clay with sands. It contained rare-occasional , rounded gravel/pebbles <80mm moderately sorted						

TEST PIT 6 Type:						e excavated
Dimensions: 3.9m x 0.60m Ma			Max. depth: 4m	Ground lev	/el: 28.81	m aOD
Context Description						Depth bgl (m)
601	Topsoil		prown silty sand with rare gravel/pebt			0-0.31m
	rounded moderately sorted. It contained a single piece of pottery					
602	Natural	Light yello	w brown clay sand with no inclusion	S		0.31m+

TEST PIT	TEST PIT 7 Type: Machine e						
Dimensions: 2.9m x 0.7m Max. depth: 2.90m Ground						m aOD	
Context	Context Description						
701	Topsoil	0-0.23m					
702	rounded- rounded, moderately sorted. Natural Mid yellow clay sand with rare gravel/pebbles inclusions < well sorted <60mm, rounded, well sorted. Slightly diffuse interface it may have been the subject of previous interventions/landscaping. 0					0.23m+	

TEST PIT	8				Туре:	Machine	e excavated
Dimensions: 3.70m Max. depth: 4m Ground level: 28.09							m aOD
Context	Descripti	on					Depth bgl (m)
801	Topsoil	0-0.19m					
802	Layer	Redeposited natural layer light yellow brown clay sand with rare gravel/pebble inclusions <50mm, moderately sorted, sub rounded-rounded.					0.19m-0.29m
803	Layer Redeposited top soil layer mid grey brown silty sand with gravel/pebble inclusions <50mm, sub rounded – rounded, occasional. It contained Modern C.B.M (not retained) <30mm, sub rounded poorly sorted, occasional.				0.29m-0.4m		
804	Natural					0.4m+	

TEST PIT 9 Type: Machine			excavated			
Dimensions: 3.9m x 0.6m			Max. depth: 04.1m	Ground level: 31.00m aOD		
Context	Context Description				Depth bgl (m)	
901	Topsoil	Mid grey brown silty sand with gravel/pebble inclusions <60mm, sub rounded- rounded, poorly sorted, occasional density.			0-0.3m	
902	Layer	Redeposited natural layer light yellow brown sandy clay. No 0.3-0.58m inclusions.				
903	Layer				0.58m-4.1m+	
904	Natural	Light yellow brown clay sand with no inclusions. The natural is only present within the west corner of the trench and appears to be truncated through by made ground layer 903.			1.10m+	

TEST PIT 10 Type: Machine				e excavated			
Dimensions: 3.95m x 0.6m Max. depth :			Max. depth: 4m	Ground le	Ground level: 30.76m aOD		
Context	Context Description			Depth bgl (m)			
1001	Topsoil	Mid grey brown sand silt with occasional pebble/gravel inclusions 0-0.27m <60mm, subrounded & moderately sorted.					
1002	Layer	Mid yellow brown silty clay sand no inclusions. Mixed redeposited 0.27m-0.35m natural layer.					
1003	Layer	Made ground Mid brown grey silty sandy clay with modern detritus 0.35m-1.8m inclusions including complete bricks occasional and plastic mesh and not retained				0.35m-1.8m	
1004	Layer	Light yellow brown clay sand no inclusions			1.8m-2.5m		
1005	Layer	Mid grey brown silty? Sand no inclusions difficult to tell what it was due to the depth of the test pit but it may have been a lens in the natural.			2.5m-2.8m		
1006	Layer	Light Yellow brown clay sand with no inclusions it is identical to 1004			2.8m+		

APPENDIX 2 – OASIS FORM

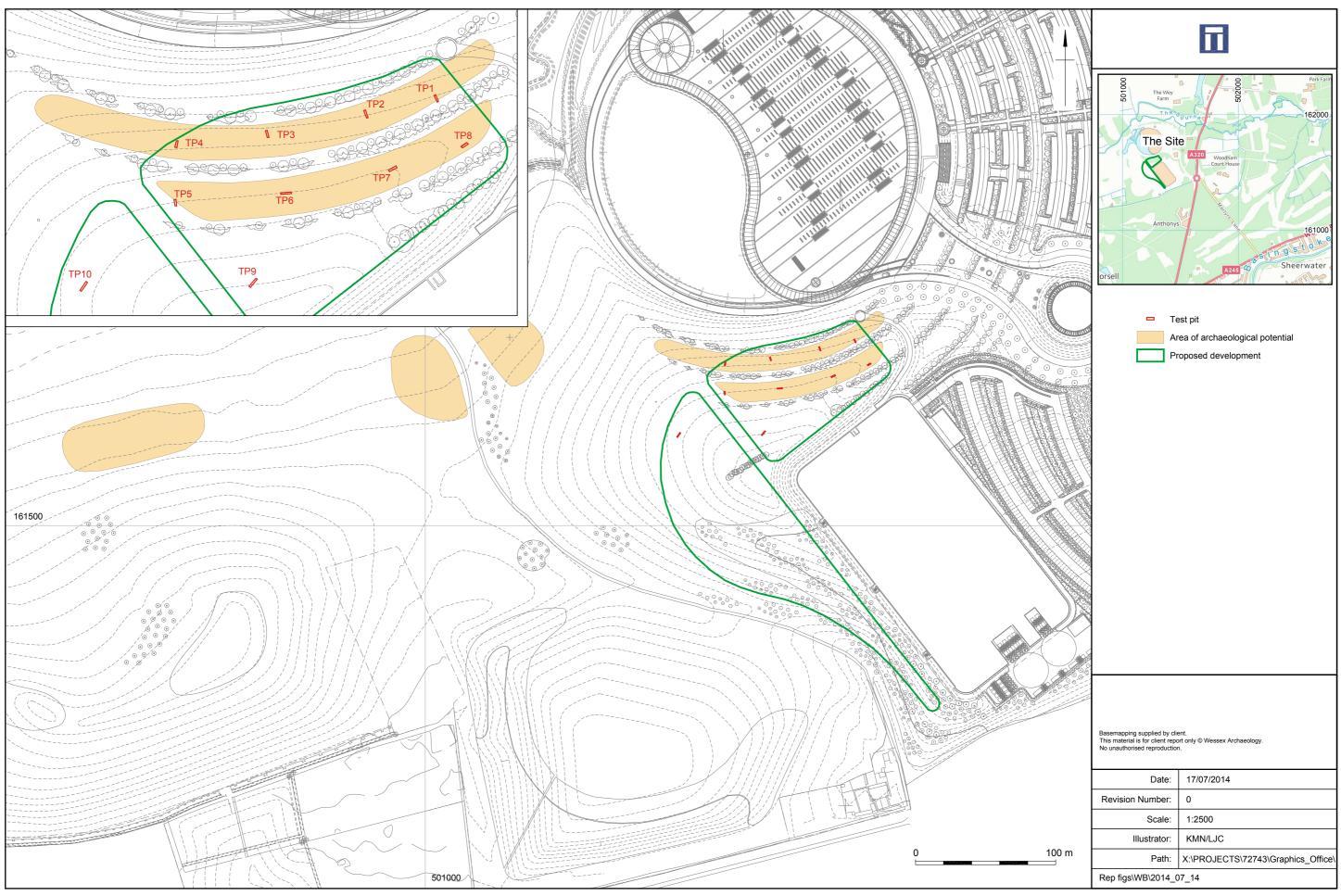
OASIS ID: wessexar1-184837

	Project details					
	Project name	McLaren Production Centre				
	Short description of the project	Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by Mclaren Group Ltd through their agent Terence O'Rourke Ltd to undertake an archaeological watching brief on land at the McLaren Technology Centre, Woking, Surrey. The archaeological watching brief comprised of monitoring the excavation of 10 geotechnical test pits which were located on the proposed building development. The work was undertaken the 23rd to 24th June 2014. No evidence of any archaeological features were found during the watching brief however test pits 8, 9 and 10 did display signs of modern disturbance which may have been associated with the landscaping of the grounds of the McLaren Production Centre (MPC) building.				
	Project dates	Start: 23-06-2014 End: 24-06-2014				
	Previous/future work	Yes / Not known				
	Any associated project reference codes	72743 - Sitecode				
	Type of project	Recording project				
	Site status	None				
Current Land use Industry and Commerce		Industry and Commerce 1 - Industrial				
	Monument type	NONE None				
	Significant Finds	NONE None				
	Investigation type	"Test-Pit Survey"				
Prompt		Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPG16				
	Project location Country Site location	England SURREY WOKING WOKING McLaren Production Centre				
	Postcode	GU21 4YH				
	Study area	0 Hectares				
Site coordinates TQ 01250 61816 51.3458894813 -0.546057731708 51 20 45 N 000 3 Point		TQ 01250 61816 51.3458894813 -0.546057731708 51 20 45 N 000 32 45 W Point				
	Height OD / Depth	Min: 23.00m Max: 32.00m				
	Project creators Name of Organisation	Wessex Archaeology				

Project brief originator	Terence O'Rourke Ltd				
Project design originator	Wessex Archaeology				
Project director/manager	Gareth Chaffey				
Project supervisor	Simon Flaherty				
Type of sponsor/funding body	Developer				
Name of sponsor/funding body	McLaren Group Ltd				
Dreiset grabiuse					
Project archives Physical Archive Exists?	No				
Digital Archive recipient	Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre				
Digital Archive ID	72743				
Digital Contents "none"					
Digital Media available	"Images raster / digital photography","Survey","Text"				
Paper Archive recipient	Woking Museum and Arts and Crafts Centre				
Paper Archive ID	72743				
Paper Contents	"none"				
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Diary","Notebook - Excavation',' Research',' General Notes","Plan","Report","Survey "				
Project bibliography 1					
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Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)				
Title	McLaren Production Centre, Woking, Surrey: Archaeological Watching Brief Report				
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Site and test pit location plan

Figure 1



Plate 1: South facing representative section of Test pit 6



Plate 2: North west facing representative section of Test pit 10

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