



making sense of heritage

# Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley, Romsey, Hampshire

Archaeological Evaluation Report



Ref: 104182.03  
May 2015



**Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley  
Romsey, Hampshire**

**Archaeological Evaluation Report**

**Prepared for:**

R&M Regeneration Management  
41A Shepherd Bush Road  
London  
W6 7LU

**On behalf of:**

The Ashfield Partnership-  
Ashfield Estate  
C.G. Fry & Son  
Morrish Builders  
Wyatt Homes

**Prepared by:**

Wessex Archaeology  
Portway House  
Old Sarum Park  
Salisbury  
Wiltshire  
SP4 6EB

[www.wessexarch.co.uk](http://www.wessexarch.co.uk)

**June 2015**

**WA ref 104182.03**


**Accession Code: tbc**

**Planning Application: tbc**



## Quality Assurance

<b>Project Code</b>	104182	<b>Accession Code</b>		<b>Client Ref.</b>	
<b>Planning Application Ref.</b>		<b>Ordnance Survey (OS) national grid reference (NGR)</b>	438375 119500		

Version	Status*	Prepared by	Checked and Approved By	Approver's Signature	Date
v01	F	Susan Clelland	A D Crockett		30/6/2015
File:	<a href="\\projectserver\wessex\Projects\104182\ Reports">\\projectserver\wessex\Projects\104182\ Reports</a>				
File:					
File:					
File:					
File:					

\* I = Internal Draft; E = External Draft; F = Final

## DISCLAIMER

THE MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT WAS DESIGNED AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF A REPORT TO AN INDIVIDUAL CLIENT AND WAS PREPARED SOLELY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THAT CLIENT. THE MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT DOES NOT NECESSARILY STAND ON ITS OWN AND IS NOT INTENDED TO NOR SHOULD IT BE RELIED UPON BY ANY THIRD PARTY. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW WESSEX ARCHAEOLOGY WILL NOT BE LIABLE BY REASON OF BREACH OF CONTRACT NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE FOR ANY LOSS OR DAMAGE (WHETHER DIRECT INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL) OCCASIONED TO ANY PERSON ACTING OR OMITTING TO ACT OR REFRAINING FROM ACTING IN RELIANCE UPON THE MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT ARISING FROM OR CONNECTED WITH ANY ERROR OR OMISSION IN THE MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THE REPORT. LOSS OR DAMAGE AS REFERRED TO ABOVE SHALL BE DEEMED TO INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, ANY LOSS OF PROFITS OR ANTICIPATED PROFITS DAMAGE TO REPUTATION OR GOODWILL LOSS OF BUSINESS OR ANTICIPATED BUSINESS DAMAGES COSTS EXPENSES INCURRED OR PAYABLE TO ANY THIRD PARTY (IN ALL CASES WHETHER DIRECT INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL) OR ANY OTHER DIRECT INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OR DAMAGE.



# Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley Romsey, Hampshire

## Archaeological Evaluation Report

### Contents

Summary .....	iii
Acknowledgements.....	iv
<b>1 INTRODUCTION.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Project background .....	1
<b>2 SITE DESCRIPTION.....</b>	<b>1</b>
2.1 Location, topography and geology.....	1
2.2 Archaeological and historical background .....	2
<b>3 METHODOLOGY.....</b>	<b>2</b>
3.1 Aims and objectives .....	2
3.2 Health and safety .....	3
3.3 Best practice .....	3
3.4 Fieldwork methodology .....	3
3.5 Recording.....	4
3.6 Reinstatement .....	4
3.7 Finds and environmental sampling .....	4
<b>4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS.....</b>	<b>4</b>
4.1 Introduction .....	4
4.2 Summary.....	5
4.3 Results.....	5
4.4 Woodland walkover survey.....	6
<b>5 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>6 STORAGE AND CURATION .....</b>	<b>7</b>
6.1 Museum .....	7
6.2 Archive.....	7
6.3 Discard policy.....	7
6.4 Security Copy.....	7
<b>7 REFERENCES.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>8 APPENDIX 1.....</b>	<b>9</b>
8.1 Detailed Trench tables .....	9



## **Figures**

- Figure 1: Site location and archaeological results  
Figure 2: Archaeological results  
Figure 3: 1845 Romsey tithe map

## **Plates**

- Cover: Machine excavation of trench 7 looking west  
Plate 1: West facing section of ditch 603 in trench 6  
Plate 2: View of ditches 902 and 904 in trench 9 taken from the west  
Plate 3: North facing section of ditch 2703 in trench 27  
Plate 4: View of ditches 2703 and 2705 in trench 27 taken from the south west  
  
Plates 5-8 Views within woodland parcel to north west of site



# **Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley Romsey, Hampshire**

## **Archaeological Evaluation Report**

### **Summary**

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by R&M Regeneration Management on behalf of the Ashfield Partnership to undertake an archaeological trial trench evaluation ahead of a planning determination for a residential development on land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley, Hampshire (NGR 43875, 119500).

The work which comprised the excavation of 27 machine excavated trial trenches was undertaken between the 5<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> may 2015. This fieldwork followed a Desk-based Assessment and a geophysical survey of the proposed development area. Trenches were positioned across the site so as to target both selected geophysical anomalies and apparently 'blank' areas to provide an assessment of the reliability of the geophysical results and to evaluate the archaeological potential of the proposal site. A walkover survey of an area of woodland to the north west of the site was also undertaken. No evidence of extant archaeological features was observed.

The evaluation revealed evidence for a number of decommissioned Post-medieval field boundaries and associated field subdivision and drainage ditches. The ditched boundaries record the layout as depicted on the 1845 Romsey Tithe Map. Plough scarring was evident across the site impacting the upper 0.1m of the archaeological horizon. No other archaeological features or deposits were observed. The mitigation revealed no evidence of archaeological remains likely to be impacted by the proposed development



# **Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley Romsey, Hampshire**

## **Archaeological Evaluation Report**

### **Acknowledgements**

Wessex Archaeology is grateful to R&M Regeneration Management, and in particular Marcia McGinty (Director), and the Ashfield Partnership for commissioning the project, and their assistance throughout. The help and assistance of Richard Godwin (Tenant) during the course of the fieldwork is also gratefully acknowledged.

The fieldwork was undertaken by Susan Clelland, assisted by Phoebe Olsen, Bill Moffat, Neil Fitzpatrick and Pete Capps. The project set up and administration was undertaken by Ruth Paynes.

This report was written by Susan Clelland. The report illustrations were prepared by Karen Nichols. The project was managed on behalf of Wessex Archaeology by Andrew Crockett who edited this report.



# Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley Romsey, Hampshire

## Archaeological Evaluation Report

### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology (WA) was commissioned by R&M Regeneration Management on behalf of the Ashfield Partnership (comprising the Ashfield Estate, C.G. Fry & Son, Morrish Builders and Wyatt Homes) (the Client) to undertake an archaeological evaluation on a 8.15 ha block of land north of Hoe Lane, North Baddesley, Romsey, Hampshire hereafter referred to as 'the Site'. The Site is centred on National Grid Reference NGR 438375, 119500 (**Figure 1**).
- 1.1.2 The evaluation follows on from a Desk Based Assessment (DBA) (WA 2015a) and a geophysical survey (WA 2015b) and forms part of an ongoing programme of archaeological works being undertaken ahead of proposed residential development at the Site.
- 1.1.3 The County Archaeologist at Hampshire County Council (HCC) acting as the archaeological advisor to the Local Planning Authority (LPA) recommended that an archaeological evaluation was carried out on the Site to determine the presence and extent of any archaeological remains. Results of the evaluation may inform the LPA of any further requirement to mitigate the impact of the development.
- 1.1.4 The evaluation comprised 27 trenches each measuring 30m by 2m in size, the location of which are indicated in **Figure 1**. A walkover survey of approximately 1.2ha of woodland to the north west of the site was also undertaken (**Figure 1**).

### 2 SITE DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 Location, topography and geology

- 2.1.1 The Site and area under evaluation of 8.15 ha is part of a larger 15.62ha block of land which forms the site boundary of the proposed development. The area subject to archaeological evaluation has been limited to 8.15ha as the remaining areas within the proposed development were deemed inaccessible at the time of evaluation; an area to the south-east of the Site and an area to the north-west of the Site (the area to the west of Mountbatten Park) which are currently woodland, and the area to the south of the Site which currently comprises the existing buildings associated with Hoe Farm and Hoe Cottages.
- 2.1.2 The underlying geology across the Site is mapped as Wittering Formation, sedimentary bedrock composed of sand, silt and clay (British Geological Survey). A band of alluvium is recorded as present in the eastern extent of the Site and superficial River Terrace Deposits of Sand and Gravel are mapped outside of the Site boundary to the west.





## 2.2 Archaeological and historical background

### *Geophysical Survey*

- 2.2.1 The results of the geophysical survey (Wessex Archaeology 2015b) revealed the presence of anomalies of possible archaeological interest within the survey area, along with regions of increased magnetic response, areas of former agricultural activity, field boundaries and a modern service.
- 2.2.2 The survey data revealed no anomalies of probable or definite archaeology. Although many linear trends have been observed these have been interpreted as associated with ploughing, present or past.
- 2.2.3 Two distinct areas of ploughing were discovered by the geophysical survey which point to former field systems that can be seen in maps that date back to at least 1867 (<http://www.old-maps.co.uk/>).

### *Desk Based Assessment*

- 2.2.4 A Desk-Based Assessment (DBA) was carried out by Wessex Archaeology prior to the geophysical survey that revealed a number of heritage assets close to, or within the survey area (Wessex Archaeology 2015a). Although there are no recorded sites, finds or scheduled monuments within the survey area itself, post-medieval field boundaries have been observed in 19<sup>th</sup> century tithe and Ordnance Survey mapping of the Site which may be of importance to local research objectives.
- 2.2.5 Immediately to the south of the Site are two recorded sites, Hoe Farm itself is a medieval farm first documented in 1520 (Hampshire Historic Environment Record (HER) No. 41051) and a number of finds were recovered in the field adjacent during fieldwalking. The finds included prehistoric flints possibly suggesting prehistoric activity in this area (Hampshire HER No. 36584).
- 2.2.6 The Site is located 600m north of the Scheduled Monument of Iron Age univallate hillfort of Toot Hill camp (National Heritage List for England entry No.1001947). This Iron Age hillfort may have had a range of uses including that of defence and settlement. The degree to which the Site may form a significant part of the setting of Toot Hill camp will largely depend on whether any contemporary activity was situated within the area of the Site. If the Site lies merely in the wider landscape setting of the monument then it will form a much less significant part of its setting and one which has already been modified by later agriculture, plantation and settlement.
- 2.2.7 The DBA concluded that there may be an archaeological interest within the Site. This is defined as the potential for the presence of buried archaeological remains, in particular

## 3 METHODOLOGY

### 3.1 Aims and objectives

- 3.1.1 The general aims and objectives of the archaeological works were:
- *To identify the nature, character, date and extent of any archaeological remains within the proposal area;*
  - *To assess the survival, quality, condition and significance of any archaeological remains,*



- To ensure the preservation by record of all archaeological remains revealed during the course of the evaluation; and
- To prepare an appropriate archaeological archive including the treatment and preservation of any finds

### **3.2 Health and safety**

- 3.2.1 Health and safety considerations were of paramount importance in conducting all fieldwork. Safe working practices override archaeological considerations at all times.
- 3.2.2 All work was carried out in accordance with the *Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974* and the *Management of Health and Safety Regulations 1992*, and all other relevant Health and Safety legislation, regulations and codes of practice in force at the time.

### **3.3 Best practice**

- 3.3.1 The fieldwork was carried out in accordance with the relevant guidance given in the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (ClfA) *Standard and guidance: archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2014a), excepting where they are superseded by statements made below.

### **3.4 Fieldwork methodology**

- 3.4.1 The full detailed methodology of the archaeological works was set out in the agreed WSI (WA 2015c) and comprised of 27 machine excavated trial trenches. Trenches were positioned across the proposed development site so as to target selected geophysical anomalies and apparently 'blank' areas to provide an assessment of the reliability of the geophysical results (**Figure 1**).
- 3.4.2 All trenches were laid out using GPS/TST in general accordance with the proposed layout detailed in the *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WA 2015c). The trench locations were tied in to the Ordnance Survey.
- 3.4.3 Prior to machine excavation, investigation locations were scanned by Wessex Archaeology using a Cable Avoidance Tool (CAT) and Genny. The positions of any detected services were marked on the ground to be avoided.
- 3.4.4 The trial trenches were excavated using a 360° excavator equipped with a toothless bucket and under constant supervision. Machine excavation was under the instruction of the monitoring archaeologist and proceeded in level spits, c. 100mm until the archaeological horizon or the natural geology was exposed, whichever was encountered first.
- 3.4.5 Once the level of archaeological deposits had been exposed by machine, archaeological features were hand cleaned, a sample excavated to sufficiently address the aims of the evaluation and each feature was recorded to professionally accepted standards.
- 3.4.6 A representative section, not less than 1m in length, of deposits through each trench from ground surface to the top of the natural deposits was recorded.
- 3.4.7 Spoil derived from both machine stripping and hand-excavated archaeological features was visually scanned by trained archaeological personnel for the purposes of finds retrieval.



### 3.5 Recording

- 3.5.1 All exposed archaeological deposits were recorded using Wessex Archaeology's pro forma recording system.
- 3.5.2 A real time kinematic (RTK) survey was carried out using a Leica Viva series GNSS connected to Leica's SmartNet service. All survey data was recorded in Ordnance Survey National Grid coordinates and heights above Ordnance Datum (Newlyn), to a three-dimensional accuracy limit of 30mm. The electronic survey record will be retained within the site archive.
- 3.5.3 A complete drawn record of excavated archaeological features and deposits was compiled. This includes both plans and sections, drawn to appropriate scales (1:20 for plans, 1:10 for sections), and with reference to the Ordnance Survey National Grid. The Ordnance Datum (OD) height of all principal features and levels is marked on plans/sections.
- 3.5.4 A full photographic record was made using digital photography. The photographic record illustrated both the detail and the general context of the principal features and finds excavated as well as the Site as a whole. Digital images have been subject to a managed quality control and curation process which has embedded appropriate metadata within the image and ensures the long term accessibility of the image set.
- 3.5.5 A unique project code **104182** was allocated to the Site, and was used on all records and finds.

### 3.6 Reinstatement

- 3.6.1 Trenches completed to the satisfaction of the Client and the County Archaeologist were backfilled using the excavated material in the approximate order in which they were excavated, and left level on completion. No other reinstatement or surface treatment was undertaken.

### 3.7 Finds and environmental sampling

- 3.7.1 Appropriate strategies for the recovery of artefacts and environmental samples were devised and implemented by Wessex Archaeology's finds and environmental specialists.
- 3.7.2 A full and detailed description of the finds and environmental sampling strategies are laid out in the *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WA 2015c).
- 3.7.3 During the evaluation one fragment ceramic building material (CBM) of post-medieval/modern date was also noted within the secondary fill of ditch **603** (Trench 6 **Figure 2**) but was not retained. All machine excavated deposit were visually scanned for artefacts, none were recovered. No deposits suitable for or justifying environmental sampling were present.

## 4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

### 4.1 Introduction

- 4.1.1 A total of 27 trenches sited over two fields were excavated during the evaluation, which was carried out between the 5th and 12<sup>th</sup> May 2015 (**Figures 1-3**). A full and detailed description of all the features and deposits identified during the evaluation can be found in **Appendix 1**.



## 4.2 Summary

- 4.2.1 The evaluation revealed evidence for a number of decommissioned Post-medieval field boundaries and associated field subdivision and drainage ditches. Plough scarring was evident across the site impacting the upper 0.1m of the archaeological horizon. No other archaeological features or deposits were observed
- 4.2.2 The trial trenches were targeted to provide an indication of the density of archaeological features across the development area and to sample the distribution of anomalies previously identified by the geophysical survey (WA 2015).
- 4.2.3 The results are presented in trench number order, numbers in bold are deposit and feature context numbers and contain a trench number prefix (e.g. **2200** denotes a deposit in trench 22). An overall interpretation is provided in the Conclusion and Recommendations (see Section 5 below).
- 4.2.1 The underlying superficial geology comprised mid-light yellow orange sand with lenses/seams of rounded fine and medium gravels and mid yellow silty clay with occasional iron panning and fine gravel of the Wittering Formation (BGS). The upper 0.1m of this deposit had been impacted by plough scarring. This was overlain by a dark brown sandy loam topsoil becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base with common rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. The topsoil was between 0.30m and 0.4m deep with a 0.02m to 0.07m thick turf horizon.

## 4.3 Results

- 4.3.1 Located 1.7m apart ditches **603 (Plate 1)** and **605 (Figure 2)** aligned north west to south east and bisected the north west end of trench 6. The ditches were approximately 0.8m wide and 0.3m deep, had shallow convex to moderate concave sides and a broadly flat base. Both were filled with homogenous dark brown sand derived from the weathering of adjacent topsoil. A single fragment of Post-medieval to modern ceramic building material was found in the fills of ditch **603**. It is thought the ditches formed a ditch and hedge bank field boundary that continued to south as ditches **2003** and **2005** in trench 20 (**Figure 2**).
- 4.3.2 Orientated on a broadly perpendicular alignment to the boundary in trench 6 north east to south west ditches **902** and **904** in trench 9 (**Figure 2** and **Plate 2**) were located approximately 1.8m apart and are thought to form a contemporary field boundary. The northern of the two, ditch **902**, was broader 0.2m wide with shallow sides and a pitted base indicative of being impacted by hedge rooting. Ditch **904** was 0.3m wide with a moderate concave profile. Both ditches were filled with eroded topsoil with frequent small to medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. The fills were compact towards base of the deposits and the mixed upper horizon of the fills with the overlying topsoil layer is likely to be a result of decommissioning of the field boundary.
- 4.3.3 In trench 12 ditch **1204 (Figure 2)** had a south east steep rounded end was 0.8m wide and 0.5m deep. No anthropogenic material or artefacts were found within the fills of the ditch which was 100% excavated. It is probable this ditch formed a field entrance with the perpendicular boundary recorded to the south east in trench 13.
- 4.3.4 Located 1.8m apart, ditches **1303** and **1305** in trench 13 were 0.4m wide with a concave profile and pitted base and the associated ditch fills suggested gradual infilling followed by deliberate decommissioning. It is likely these ditches represent a continuation of the field boundary defined by ditches **902** and **904** in trench 9 (**Figure 2**).

- 4.3.5 Contemporary perpendicular field ditches **1403** and **1405** in trench 14 (**Figure 2**) had concave profiles were 0.65m wide and 0.2m deep and were filled with homogenous deposits of eroded topsoil. The ditches are thought to represent field drainage sub-divisions and be contemporary with the Post-medieval field system recorded across the site.
- 4.3.6 Located at the southern end of trench 16 and extending beyond the trench limits, ditch **1602** (1.8m wide and 0.3m deep) (**Figure 2**) had shallow undulating sides and a central shallow concave base and is likely to be part of a north east to south west aligned field boundary. Iron mottling noted in the base of the ditch fill represents post-depositional waterlogging and the lenses of disturbed natural towards the top of the ditch fill imply deliberate decommissioning. Located approximately 14m to the north west and on a broadly parallel alignment ditch **1604** (**Figure 2**) was 0.8m wide and 0.15m deep and was diffuse in plan. The ditch was filled with a homogenous deposit of eroded topsoil with flint gravel concentrated and compacted along the base of the fill. It is thought ditch **1604** represents a field drainage sub-division and is part of the Post-medieval agricultural landscape recorded across the site.
- 4.3.7 In trench 19 and aligned north east to south west, ditch **1903** (0.4m wide and 0.2m deep) (**Figure 2**) had a concave profile and flat base and was filled with a homogenous deposits of eroded topsoil. The ditch is thought to be a field drainage sub-division and form an element of the Post-medieval field system recorded across the site.
- 4.3.8 Located 1.7m apart parallel ditches **2003** and **2005** in trench 20 (**Figure 2**) were between 0.4m and 0.6m wide and approximately 0.2m deep. The ditch fills were similar to that described above and were derived from eroded topsoil with no anthropogenic material or artefacts observed. The ditches are thought to form a ditch and hedge bank field boundary and be a continuation of the boundary recorded in trench 6.
- 4.3.9 Lying 1.8m apart in trench 27 ditches **2703** and **2705** (**Figure 2** and **Plate 4**) are thought to form a boundary and define the north west corner of a field. Both ditches were approximately 1m wide with curvilinear ditch **2703** (0.45m deep) representing the outer and the deeper of the two ditches forming a probable Post-medieval ditch and hedge bank field division (**Plate 3**). The ditches were filled by a sequence of secondary deposit predominately derived from the erosion of adjacent topsoil. The upper of the ditch fills comprised a mix of reworked topsoil and lenses of disturbed natural indicative of decommissioning.
- 4.3.10 No archaeological features or deposits were identified in trenches 1-5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 15, 17, 18 and 21-26 (**Figure 1**).

#### **4.4 Woodland walkover survey**

- 4.4.1 A parcel of deciduous woodland adjoining the north west corner of the site (**Figure 1**) and also subject to the development proposal was subject to an archaeological walkover survey on Tuesday 5th May 2015 (**Plates 5-8**). No extant archaeological remains were observed.

### **5 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 5.1.1 The archaeological evaluation identified ditches representing field boundaries dating to the Post-medieval period and recording the field layout as depicted on the 1845 Romsey Tithe Map (**Figure 3**). No other archaeological features or deposits were identified.



- 5.1.2 The mitigation revealed no evidence of archaeological remains likely to be impacted by the proposed development.

## 6 STORAGE AND CURATION

### 6.1 Museum

- 6.1.1 It is recommended that the project archive resulting from the excavation be deposited with Hampshire County Museum. The Museum has agreed in principle to accept the project archive on completion of the project. Deposition of the finds with the Museum will only be carried out with the full agreement of the landowner.

### 6.2 Archive

- 6.2.1 The complete site archive, which will include paper records, photographic records, graphics, and digital data, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by Hampshire County Museum, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; ClfA 2014c; Brown 2011; ADS 2013). Details of the Site will, on completion of the full programme of archaeological works, be submitted online to the OASIS (Online Access to the Index of Archaeological Investigations) database.
- 6.2.2 All archive elements will be marked with the site/ code **104182**, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises the following:

- 1 file of paper records and A3/A4 graphics

### 6.3 Discard policy

- 6.3.1 WA follows the guidelines set out in *Selection, Retention and Dispersal* (Society of Museum Archaeologists 1993), which allows for the discard of selected artefact and ecofact categories which are not considered to warrant any future analysis. Any discard of artefacts will be fully documented in the project archive.
- 6.3.2 The discard of environmental remains and samples follows nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1993; 1995; English Heritage 2011)

### 6.4 Security Copy

- 6.4.1 In line with current best practice (e.g. Brown 2011), on completion of the project a security copy of the written records will be prepared, in the form of a digital PDF/A file. PDF/A is an ISO-standardised version of the Portable Document Format (PDF) designed for the digital preservation of electronic documents through omission of features ill-suited to long-term archiving.

## 7 REFERENCES

Archaeology Data Service [ADS], 2013, *Caring for Digital Data in Archaeology: a guide to good practice*, Archaeology Data Service & Digital Antiquity Guides to Good Practice

British Geological Survey  
<http://www.bgs.ac.uk/discoveringgeology/geologyofbritain/viewer.html> [accessed April 2015]

Brown, D H, 2011, *Archaeological archives; a guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation*, Archaeological Archives Forum (revised)



Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA), 2014a, Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives, Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, Reading

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists [CIfA], 2014b, *Standard and guidance: archaeological excavation*, Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

English Heritage [EH], 2011, *Environmental Archaeology: a guide to theory and practice of methods, from sampling and recovery to post-excavation*, Swindon, Centre for Archaeology Guidelines 2<sup>nd</sup> edition

Old-Maps.co.uk <http://www.old-maps.co.uk/> [accessed 27/06/2014]

Society for Museum Archaeologists [SMA], 1993, *Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections*, Society of Museum Archaeologists

-- 1995, *Towards an Accessible Archaeological Archive*, Society of Museum Archaeologists

Wessex Archaeology, 2015a. *Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley, Romsey, Hampshire: Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment, Unpublished report Ref. 104180.01*

Wessex Archaeology, 2015b. *Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley, Romsey, Hampshire: Detailed Gradiometer Survey Report. Unpublished report Ref. 104181.01*

Wessex Archaeology, 2015c. *Land at Hoe Farm, North Baddesley, Romsey, Hampshire: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Evaluation. Unpublished report Ref. 104182.01*

1845 Romsey Tithe Map (HRO ref. 21M65/F7/197/1)



## 8 APPENDIX 1

### 8.1 Detailed Trench tables

<b>Trench 1</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD): 42.3m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438150.492, 119508.685; (NE) 438173.3842, 119524.2473		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
100	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
101	Natural	Compact yellow silty clay banded with fine pale grey to pale brown sand with occasional rounded gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 2</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD): 41.2m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438190.3395, 119511.2958; (SE) 438216.2294, 119500.3555		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
200	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
201	Interface	Mixed upper 0.1m of natural geology caused by ploughing	0.3-0.4m
202	Natural	Mottled mid orange and light grey clay	0.4m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 3</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 41.2m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438200.2912, 119545.2865; (SE) 438222.2893, 119524.9532		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
300	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
301	Interface	Mixed upper 0.1m of natural geology caused by ploughing	0.3-0.45m
302	Natural	Compact yellow silty clay banded with fine pale grey to pale brown sand with occasional rounded gravel.	0.45m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present. 1x tree throw investigated Jpeg 022/023			





<b>Trench 4</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 40.6m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438230.909, 119527.396; (NE) 438243.777, 119556.5405		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
400	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
401	Natural	Compact yellow silty clay banded with fine pale grey to pale brown sand with occasional rounded gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 5</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 39.8m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438266.253, 119550.164; (SE) 438288.2918, 119530.1829		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
500	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
501	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and gravel. Occasional ironstone fragments present downslope at southeast end of trench. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 6</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 38.5m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438297.4031, 119572.5894; (SE) 438318.7316, 119555.4059		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
600	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Common rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.4m
601	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.4m+
602	Secondary fill	Homogenous dark brown sand - reworked topsoil. Rooting and burrowing evident. A fragment of CBM noted but not retained. FO 603	0.3m thick
603	Ditch	North west to south east aligned field ditch forming a field boundary with 605 (1.7m west). Shallow convex sides and flat base, 0.8m wide. FB 602	0.3m deep
604	Secondary fill	Homogenous dark brown sand - reworked topsoil. Rooting and burrowing evident. FO 605	-
605	Ditch	North west to south east aligned field ditch forming a field boundary with 603 (1.7m east). 0.8m wide. FB 604	-
Ditches 603 and 605 formed part of a Post medieval field boundary. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 7</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 37.9m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (S) 438328.2392, 119549.5007; (N) 438322.577, 119579.5255		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
700	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Common rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
701	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 8</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 36.7m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438360.4063, 119569.8908; (NE) 438381.7268, 119591.5582		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
800	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam. Very rare rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.35m
801	Natural	Dark yellow orange silty clay with irregular bands of fine to medium flint gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.35m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 9</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 37.3m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438374.6462, 119569.6025; (NE) 438404.3905, 119575.6081		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
900	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam. Common rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
901	Natural	Dark yellow orange silty clay with irregular bands of fine to medium flint gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.3m+
902	Ditch	North east to south west aligned shallow ditch. Pitted profile and compaction of fill suggest associated hedge. Formed a Post-medieval field boundary with 904 (1.7m north). 0.8m wide. FB 903	0.25m deep
903	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with frequent small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Deposit compact towards base – mixed upper horizon likely resulting from decommissioning. Coarse components mixed throughout. FO 902	0.25m thick
904	Ditch	North east to south west aligned parallel to 903. 0.3m wide concave profile. Field ditch forming Post-medieval field boundary. FB 905.	0.15m deep
905	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with frequent small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Deposit compact towards base – mixed upper horizon likely resulting from decommissioning. Coarse components mixed throughout. FO 902	0.15m thick
Ditches 902 and 904 formed part of a Post medieval field boundary. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 10</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD):36.4m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438438.569, 119600.4791; (SE) 438460.8826, 119579.2198		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1000	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam. Very rare rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.02m Turf horizon.	0-0.45m
1001	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.45m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 11</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.6m		Ground Level (maOD): 43.4m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438152.5668, 119439.8394; (NE) 438177.9064, 119453.7144		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1100	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam. Common rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
1101	Subsoil	Dark brown to mid yellow brown sandy loam. Common small rounded gravel accumulating towards base. Deposit increases in clay content to base. Deposit = 0.15m deep over sandy natural and 0.1m over gravel natural. Upper 0.05m disturbed by ploughing.	0-3-0.6m
1102	Natural	Bands of yellow silty clay with mod grey mottling/Dark yellow sandy gravel with frequent Fe mottling/Soft yellow sand with dark yellow mottling.	0.4m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 12</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD): 42.9m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438198.0626, 119442.7391; (NE) 438210.1639, 119470.1786		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1200	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Sparse rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
1201	Interface	Mixed upper 0.1m of natural geology caused by ploughing	0.3-0.4m
1202	Natural	Compact yellow silty clay with pale grey mottling at south west end. Pale soft yellow sand with extensive iron panning and podsolization to north east.	0.4m+
1203	Secondary fill	Dark brown sand with localised lenses of iron panning. FO 1204	0.04m thick
1204	Ditch	East to west aligned with eastern steep rounded end. Flat base with steep convex sides.0.8m wide and 1.5m long. FB 1203, 1205 and 1206	0.5m deep
1205	Secondary fill	Dark black brown sand with Fe mottling and common small rounded flint gravel. Post-depositional bioturbation evident. Gradual infill and notable post-depositional water action. FO 1204	0.2m thick
1206	Primary fill	Grey brown fine sand. Abundant reworked natural sand. FO 1204	0.1m thick
Ditch terminus 1204 undated. No anthropogenic material or artefacts observed within ditch fills. 100% of feature excavated.			



<b>Trench 13</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 40.9m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SE) 438267.0831, 119460.2774; (NW) 438245.5242, 119479.8157		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1300	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam becoming paler to a dark yellow brown clay loam towards base. Occasional rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
1301	Natural	Mid yellow silty clay with pale grey mottling and occasional bands of fine gravel. Occasional Fe fragments and manganese flecking.	0.4m+
1302	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with frequent small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Deposit compact towards base – mixed upper horizon likely resulting from decommissioning. Coarse components mixed throughout. FO 1303	0,2m thick
1303	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field ditch associated with 1305 (1.8m south east). 0.4m wide with a concave profile and pitted base. Pitted profile and compaction of fill suggest associated hedge/rut. FB 1302	0-2m deep
1304	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with frequent small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Deposit compact towards base – mixed upper horizon likely resulting from decommissioning. Coarse components mixed throughout. FO 1305	0.2m thick
1305	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field ditch associated with 1303 (1.8m north west). 0.4m wide with a concave profile and pitted base. Pitted profile and compaction of fill suggest associated hedge/rut. FB 1302	0.2m deep
1306	Interface	Remnant plough soil. Disturbed upper 0.1m of natural horizon with re-worked topsoil component due to ploughing. Plough scarring evident throughout. Ditches 103 and 1305 cut this layer.	0.3-0.4m
Post-medieval field boundary defined by parallel ditches 1303 and 1305.			



<b>Trench 14</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD): 39.8m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438321.7732, 119486.977; (NE) 438333.7288, 119514.7326		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1400	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.4m
1401	Natural	Yellow loamy sand mottled and banded with pale grey silty sand. Patches of iron panning and podzol accumulation zone at northern end of trench	0.4m+
1402	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with sparse small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Homogenous deposit. FO 1403	0.2m thick
1403	Ditch	North west to south east aligned field ditch. Steep convex sides and flat base 0.65m wide. Drainage subdivision. Contemporary with 1405. Part of field system. FB 1402	0.2m deep
1404	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with sparse small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Homogenous deposit. FO 1405	-
1405	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field ditch. A 0.65m wide drainage subdivision. Contemporary with 1403. Part of field system. FB 1404	-
Post-medieval field system defined by perpendicular ditches 1403 and 1405.			

<b>Trench 15</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD):39.9m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438369.4901, 119494.0685; (SE) 438391.6578, 119474.191		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1500	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Sharp lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.4m
1501	Natural	Mottled pale yellow orange silty sand with occasional irregular flint gravel outcropping. Disturbed upper 0.1m of natural horizon with re-worked topsoil component due to ploughing. Plough scarring evident throughout.	0.4m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 16</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 38.7m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (S) 438434.2869, 119491.3513; (N) 438425.074, 119519.4301		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1600	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
1601	Natural	Mid yellow sandy clay with occasional gravel. Tree root disturbance at southern end of trench. Disturbed upper 0.1m of natural horizon with re-worked topsoil component due to ploughing. Plough scarring evident throughout.	0.3m+
1602	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field boundary ditch/hedge bank. 1.8m wide shallow undulating sides and central concave base. FB 1603	0.3m deep
1603	Secondary fill	Reworked topsoil with small lenses of disturbed natural throughout. Occasional small rounded flint gravel. Post-depositional Fe mottling towards base. FO 1602	0.3m thick
1604	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field ditch. 0.8m wide with moderate concave sides and flat base. Diffuse interface with 1600. FB 1605	0.15m deep
1605	Secondary fill	Mid brown sandy loam derived from weathered topsoil. Frequent small rounded flint gravel concentrated and compacted at base of deposit.	0.15m thick
Parallel field ditches likely to represent part of Post-medieval agricultural landscape. No artefacts or anthropogenic components noted.			

<b>Trench 17</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 37.8m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438436.5433, 119534.8897; (SE) 438459.9583, 119513.3027		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1700	Topsoil	Dark brown sandy loam with rare small to rounded flint gravel and fine rooting. Undulating though clear lower horizon. c.0.02-0.05m deep turf horizon	0-0.35m
1701	Natural	Mid yellow orange silty clay with occasional irregular small flint gravel outcropping. Disturbed upper 0.1m of natural horizon with re-worked topsoil component due to ploughing. Plough scarring evident throughout	0.35m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 18</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 36.4m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438483.0756, 119523.6461; (NE) 438492.4936, 119552.3596		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1800	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Rare rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.35m
1801	Natural	Mid yellow sandy clay with occasional gravel. Tree root disturbance at south west end of trench. Disturbed upper 0.1m of natural horizon with re-worked topsoil component due to ploughing. Plough scarring evident throughout.	0.35m+
1802	Shrub	Feature number for modern burnt out shrub bole. Cut from within topsoil horizon.	0.3m deep
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 19</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 42m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438294.9858, 438294.9858; (NE) 438307.0108, 119437.8857		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
1900	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Rare rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
1901	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.3m+
1902	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with sparse small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Homogenous deposit. FO 1903	0.2m thick
1903	Ditch	North east to south west aligned field ditch. Moderate concave sides and a flat base. 0.4m wide. Alignment size, profile and fill indicative of Post-medieval field system. FB 1902	0.2m deep
Ditch 1903 represents a field ditch associated with Post-medieval agricultural landscape			

<b>Trench 20</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 41.5m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438319.2243, 119455.1861; 438340.9009, 119435.4945		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
2000	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Rare rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
2001	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.3m+
2002	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with sparse small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Homogenous deposit. FO 2003	-
2003	Ditch	North west to south east aligned field ditch forming a field boundary with 2005 (1.7m east). 0.6m wide. FB 2002	-
2004	Secondary fill	Dark brown sandy loam with sparse small-medium rounded gravel and lenses of re-deposit natural. Homogenous deposit. FO 2005	0.2m thick
2005	Ditch	North west to south east aligned field ditch forming a field boundary with 2003 (1.7m west). Shallow convex sides and flat base, 0.4m wide FB 2004	0.2m deep
Ditches 2003 and 2005 formed part of a Post medieval field boundary. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 21</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.5m		Ground Level (maOD): 40.5m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438384.9274, 119400.6215; (NE) 438389.5868, 119431.1802		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2100	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional small to medium rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.4m
2101	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. Northern 2.5m of trench records a band of deep orange fine silty sand with no gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.4m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 22</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 40.3m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438399.1375, 119442.2754; (SE) 438421.791, 119422.472		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2200	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional small to medium rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0.35m
2201	Natural	Yellow sandy clay with light grey mottling. Bands of very pale brown grey loamy sand and fine gravel. North west 2.5m of trench records a band of deep orange fine silty sand with no gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.35m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 23</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 38.9m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (NW) 438443.5053, 119472.0045; (SE) 438462.7649, 119454.3357		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2300	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional small to medium rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.35m
2301	Natural	Mid yellow sandy clay with orange Fe mottling, occasional manganese and bands of fine to medium gravel. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.35m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 24</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m 0.45m		Ground Level (maOD): 38.2m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (S) 438489.0801, 119443.231; (N) 438484.0189, 119473.13		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2400	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Occasional small to medium rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
2401	Natural	Mid yellow sandy clay with orange Fe mottling, bands of fine to medium gravel and occasional irregular lenses of pale yellow sandy clay. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			





<b>Trench 25</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.6m		Ground Level (maOD):40.5m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438418.349, 119402.9024; (NE) 438446.571, 119411.963		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2500	Topsoil	Dark brown fine sandy loam. Rare small to medium rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.4m
2501	Natural	Mid yellow orange sandy clay with orange Fe mottling, bands of fine to medium gravel and occasional irregular lenses of pale yellow sandy clay. Upper 0.1m to 0.15m disturbed due to ploughing and bioturbation	0.4m+
Two tree boles and several patches of leached sandy clay with frequent manganese investigated. No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			

<b>Trench 26</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 39.5m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (N) 438460.6472, 119424.8488; (S) 438465.0694, 119395.9904		
Context	Category	Description	Depth
2600	Topsoil	Mid brown fine sandy loam. Very rare small rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
2601	Natural	Mid yellow silty sand with medium orange mottling, manganese and iron panning. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing.	0.3m+
No archaeological features or deposits observed. Modern field drains present.			



<b>Trench 27</b>	Dimensions: 30m x 2m x 0.4m		Ground Level (maOD): 39.2m
	Land use: Pasture		
	Coordinates: (SW) 438450.4379, 119369.0577; (NE) 438479.2249, 119378.2341		
<b>Context</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Depth</b>
2700	Topsoil	Mid brown fine sandy loam. Very rare small rounded flint gravel and fine to medium rooting. Moderate lower horizon. c.0.03-0.07m Turf horizon	0-0.3m
2701	Natural	Mid yellow silty sand with medium orange mottling, manganese and iron panning. Upper 0.05m-0.1m disturbed due to ploughing and bioturbation.	0.3m+
2702	Secondary fill	Mixed deposit of reworked topsoil and lenses of disturbed natural indicative of decommissioning. FO 2703	0.15m thick
2703	Ditch	Curvilinear field ditch 1.8m north east of 2705. 1m wide and 0.45m deep with moderate concave sides and a shallow concave base. Defines a boundary with 2705 and forms the northwest corner of field. FB 2702 and 2704	0.45m deep
2704	Secondary fill	Mid brown sandy loam derived from weathered topsoil. Frequent small rounded flint gravel concentrated and compacted at base of deposit. FO 2703	0.3m thick
2705	Ditch	North east to south west aligned concave ditch located 1.8m south east to 2703. Forms a field boundary. FB 2706 and 2707	0.15m deep
2706	Secondary fill	Mid brown sandy loam derived from weathered topsoil. Frequent small rounded flint gravel concentrated and compacted at base of deposit. FO 2705	0.1m thick
2707	Secondary fill	Mixed deposit of reworked topsoil and lenses of disturbed natural indicative of decommissioning. FO 2705	0.05m thick
Ditches 2703 and 2705 thought to define a boundary forming the north west corner of a field. Likely to be part of a post-medieval field layout.			



- Evaluation area
- Evaluation trench
- Walkover survey area
- Geophysical survey area
- Service
- Area susceptible to flooding

- Geophysical interpretation
- Possible archaeology
  - Modern
  - Ploughing
  - Increased magnetic response
  - Trend
  - Ferrous

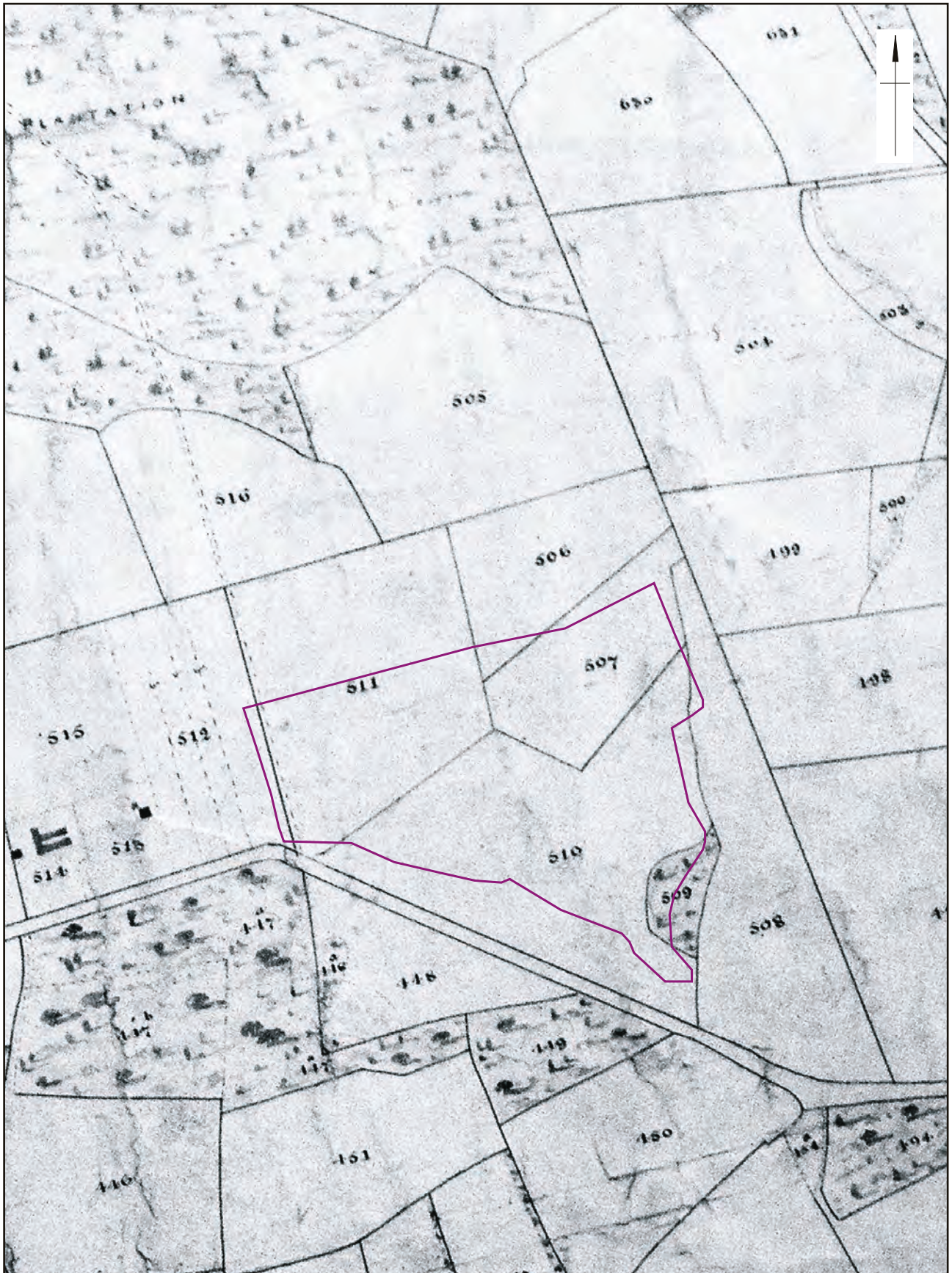
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown Copyright and database right 2015.  
 This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology.  
 No unauthorised reproduction.


Date:	13/05/2015
Revision Number:	0
Scale:	1:25,000 and 1:2500 at A3
Illustrator:	KMN
Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GO\ \Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13

Site location and archaeological results

Figure 1





 Evaluation Area



This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology. No unauthorised reproduction.

Date:	13/05/2015	Revision Number:	0
Scale:	1:5000 at A4	Illustrator:	KMN
Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GraphicsOffice\Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13		



Plate 1: West facing section of ditch 603 in trench 6



Plate 2: View of ditches 902 and 904 in trench 9 taken from the west


	This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology. No unauthorised reproduction.			
	Date:	14/05/2015	Revision Number:	0
	Scale:	N/A	Illustrator:	KMN
	Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GraphicsOffice\Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13		



Plate 3: North facing section of ditch 2703 in trench 27



Plate 4: View of ditches 2703 and 2705 in trench 27 taken from the south west


	This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology. No unauthorised reproduction.			
	Date:	14/05/2015	Revision Number:	0
	Scale:	N/A	Illustrator:	KMN
	Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GraphicsOffice\Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13		



Plate 5: View within woodland looking north west



Plate 6: View within woodland looking east


	This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology. No unauthorised reproduction.			
	Date:	14/05/2015	Revision Number:	0
	Scale:	N/A	Illustrator:	KMN
	Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GraphicsOffice\Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13		






Plate 7: View within woodland looking west



Plate 8: View within woodland looking west

	This material is for client report only © Wessex Archaeology. No unauthorised reproduction.			
	Date:	14/05/2015	Revision Number:	0
	Scale:	N/A	Illustrator:	KMN
	Path:	X:\PROJECTS\104182\GraphicsOffice\Report figs\Eval\2015_05_13		



Wessex Archaeology Ltd registered office Portway House, Old Sarum Park, Salisbury, Wiltshire SP4 6EB  
Tel: 01722 326867 Fax: 01722 337562 info@wessexarch.co.uk www.wessexarch.co.uk



Wessex Archaeology Ltd is a company limited by guarantee registered in England, company number 1712772. It is also a Charity registered in England and Wales, number 287786; and in Scotland, Scottish Charity number SC042630. Our registered office is at Portway House, Old Sarum Park, Salisbury, Wiltshire SP4 6EB.