

RACE BANK OFFSHORE WIND FARM

ADDITIONAL 2006 DATA ASSESSMENT

Ref: 62558.03

19/12/2012

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1.1. The latest version of the Race Bank Offshore Wind Farm Cable Route (RB_Export_Routes_PSR0) was provided to Wessex Archaeology (WA) by Centrica on the 28th August 2012 in advance of a proposed programme of geotechnical investigations (**Figure 1**). On review, it was determined that the latest cable route, in places, is situated in areas not previously assessed for archaeological potential. WA undertook a data audit of the 2006 and 2009 data acquired for Race Bank Wind Farm, Docking Shoal Wind Farm and The Wash Cable Route in order to ascertain the volume of existing data requiring archaeological assessment (WA 2012a).
- 1.1.2. Conforming to the original methodology a 500m buffer was placed around the cable route to define the geophysical data assessment area. It should be noted that where the latest cable route is situated towards the edge of the geophysical survey area, full 1km coverage is not possible in four areas along the route (**Figure 2**).
- 1.1.3. Three areas requiring geophysical assessment were identified (**Figures 1** and **2**) and approximately 135 line km of data acquired in 2006 were identified for review. These three study areas were titled Centre, Northeast and Northwest Area for ease of reference. In the Centre Area there was approximately 5km of cable route requiring review. With a 500m buffer this amounted to 58 line km of geophysical data to be assessed. In the Northeast Area 5.6 km of cable route needed to be reviewed amounting to 43 line km of geophysical data. In the Northwest Area 11.6 km cable route requires assessment. Of this, the northern 7.1 km is covered by geophysical data amounting to 34 line km. The southern 4.5km is situated outside the limits of the acquired (2006) geophysical data and as such could not be reviewed (**Figure 2**).
- 1.1.4. Additionally, there are two areas in the centre of the cable route, 500m and 100m respectively, and one to the south where there is a short 300m section of the eastern cable route with no geophysics coverage.

2. DATA ASSESSMENT

- 2.1.1. All 2006 sidescan sonar, magnetometer and multibeam bathymetry data within the three study areas were assessed as these areas are outside of those used during the Race Bank Offshore Wind Farm and Wash Cable Route Corridor geophysical assessments (WA 2008 and WA 2007) For the sub-bottom profiler data every fifth line was assessed unless features of interest were seen which could be traced to an adjacent line. In this case further adjacent lines were evaluated until the feature was no longer evident.
- 2.1.2. Although the current three study areas are outside those used during the earlier Race Bank and Wash geophysical assessments they do adjoin them and hence some geophysical anomalies had been identified here during those earlier



assessments. As these features were outside the Race Bank and Wash study areas they were not fully interpreted or included in the geophysical assessments (WA 2008 and 2007). These features were subject to full interpretation and included in the current data assessment where appropriate.

2.1.3. The data acquired in 2009 had been fully assessed for the Wash Cable Route Additional Areas (WA 2010) so no further assessment was required. Sites of potential archaeological interest identified during this assessment that lie within the Centre study area were added to the gazetteer and shapefile for this assessment. There is no overlap between any of the Wash Additional Areas and the current Northwest and Northeast study areas (**Figure 1**).

3. RESULTS

3.1.1. A total of 13 geophysical anomalies and one recorded wreck were identified across the three study areas. These are summarised in Table 1 and shown on Figures 2 and 3. All geophysical anomalies and known wrecks are listed in full in a gazetteer in Appendix I.

| Feature type | Centre | Northwest | Northeast | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| Debris | 1 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Seafloor disturbance | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Wreck | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Magnetic | 0 | 1 | 6 | | |
| Channel | 0 | 2 | 0 | | |
| UKHO record | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Total | 3 | 3 | 8 | | |

Table 1: Summary of geophysical anomalies and known wrecks

3.1.2. As this assessment brings together anomalies from several different assessments the ID numbers for the wrecks and anomalies are not included as a continuous sequence. All the features except **7010** were identified during the various assessments of the 2006 dataset. Feature **7010** was interpreted from the 2009 dataset as part of the Wash Cable Route Additional Areas (62556.04).

3.2. CENTRE AREA

- 3.2.1. Three features of known or potential archaeological interest were interpreted within the Centre Area (inset **Figure 2**).
- 3.2.2. It should be noted that there are some navigational or positioning issues within the Wash geophysical data that covers this study area. Site **6319** is an uncharted wreck that was detected in the geophysical data. It was identified in both the sidescan sonar and bathymetry data but the anomalies lie with their centres approximately 40m apart.
- 3.2.3. The site is a broken up wreck measuring 38.6 x 16.9 x 0.8m in the sidescan sonar data and 48 x 14 x 1.2m in the bathymetry data. There is no magnetic anomaly associated with it so it is likely to be a wooden wreck.
- 3.2.4. There is one known wreck within this study area. Site **6916** is the wreck of the *Mirabel*. The UKHO records this as a small motor fishing vessel that sank in 1993. It was not detected in the geophysical data.



3.2.5. The third and final feature in the Centre Area, **7010**, contains two linear items of debris lying 6m apart. The larger item measures 8.5 x 2.8m and the smaller measures 7.2 x 2.7m.

3.3. NORTHWEST AREA

- 3.3.1. Three features of potential archaeological interest were interpreted within the Northwest Area (**Figure 3**).
- 3.3.2. A single small magnetic anomaly, 6906, is located within this area. It is a small dipole with an amplitude of 7.6nT and is likely to be caused by a small piece of buried ferrous debris. It is not possible to tell whether the debris is modern or archaeological in nature.
- 3.3.3. At the northern end of the Northwest Area are located two buried channels, 6908 and 7172. The larger of the two, 7172, extends into the Northwest Area from the Race Bank study area to the north. In the Race Bank area it appeared as a broad, shallow channel filled with fine-grained stratified sediments. In the current investigation the southwestern extension of this channel appears shallower and more discontinuous. The nature of the fill also appears less clear with some sections containing stratified sediments and others appearing to contain a less structured fill.
- 3.3.4. The smaller channel, **6908**, may be a further extension or remnant of **7172** but is not seen directly to the south of **7172** (**Figure 3**).
- 3.3.5. Both channels have the potential to contain post-Devensian archaeological and palaeoenvironmental material.

3.4. NORTHEAST AREA

- 3.4.1. A total of eight features are located within the Northeast Area. Of these features, six (6912-15 and 7300-01) are isolated magnetic anomalies which range in amplitude between 6.7nT and 99.7nT. They are likely to represent buried ferrous debris.
- 3.4.2. Of the remaining two features **7302** is a seafloor disturbance and **7303** is an item of debris. Site **7302** measures 25.3 x 9.4m in the sidescan sonar data, where it appears as an indistinct area of dark reflectors. It is also visible in the bathymetry data as a low mound measuring 34 x 12 x 0.7m.
- 3.4.3. Site **7303** consists of a single linear item of debris measuring 14.1 x 4.7 x 0.7m. Although likely to be of anthropogenic origin it is not possible to tell whether the object is modern or archaeological in nature.

4. CONCLUSIONS

- 4.1.1. All three study areas contain low numbers of sites of archaeological potential. The Centre Area in the Wash is the only study area to contain a wreck and contains both an uncharted wreck seen in the geophysical data and the UKHO record for a second wreck for which no evidence was seen.
- 4.1.2. None of the seabed features interpreted are located at a proposed borehole location and there is therefore no requirement for any of these locations to be moved. A single proposed borehole lies within an interpreted palaeochannel (7172). This borehole does not need to be moved to avoid the feature and indeed may provide valuable information about the nature of the feature should the geotechnical



samples be made available for archaeological assessment. Further details on this are included in Mitigation section below.

- 4.1.3. The study areas contain mobile seabed sediments with large sandwaves in some areas. In the Northwest Area these were seen to be up to 13m or more in height. Such mobile sediments, particularly the large sandwaves, have implications for the survival and condition of archaeological sites as well as the identification of their presence. The presence of sandwaves indicates that the environment is mobile, with archaeological sites possibly subject to cycles of exposure and burial which will make them vulnerable to deterioration. Additionally, sandwaves may be extensive enough to cover archaeological sites making their detection problematic. It is therefore likely that the study areas contain further sites of archaeological potential that have not been detected.
- 4.1.4. The offset between the anomalies identified in the sidescan sonar and multibeam bathymetry datasets for the wreck site **6319** leads to concerns that there are inaccuracies in the positioning of one or more of the geophysical datasets in the Centre Area. The datasets acquired in 2006 were not collected specifically for archaeological purposes. The interpretation of future datasets acquired with higher resolution and that are more suitable for archaeological assessment will be beneficial for increasing confidence in the archaeological interpretation of the area.

5. MITIGATION

- 5.1.1. Archaeological Exclusion Zones (AEZs) will be the principle means to preserve *in situ* the sites, features or deposits of potential or known archaeological interest discussed above.
- 5.1.2. The majority of features (12 of 14) are not clearly of archaeological interest and require further investigation to determine whether they are anthropogenic in origin. They will not be subject to AEZs. However, where practical these anomalies should be avoided. In areas where these anomalies are densely concentrated and avoidance is not possible the sites subject to impact by the cable route and construction within the wind farm area should be assessed on a case by case basis during the initial design construction phase. This will result in either excluding those anomalies of archaeological significance or disregarding those comprising modern debris. These proposed exclusion zones and required mitigation will be outlined in the annex to the existing WSI once the development scheme has been established and further information on the anomalies has been obtained via routine construction surveys (Pre-lay Grapnel Run).
- 5.1.3. Implementation of AEZs is recommended for the two wrecks, 6916 and 6319. The former is the position of the wreck of a fishing vessel recorded by the UKHO. Although unlikely to be of archaeological interest an exclusion zone is recommended to prevent damage occurring during development activities that may occur through contact with the site. Although the UKHO record this site as a live wreck no evidence has been seen for it in the geophysical data and an exclusion zone of 100m radius around the recorded position is therefore proposed.
- 5.1.4. Site **6319** is an uncharted wreck, likely to be of wooden construction. An exclusion zone of 50m buffered around the extent of the wreck as seen in the geophysical data is recommended. As the site appears in positions 40m apart in the multibeam bathymetry and sidescan sonar datasets the extent of the site has been determined as the sum of the areas covered in each dataset. This was then buffered by 50m to produce the AEZ.



- 5.1.5. The sites for which AEZs are recommended are indicated in Figures 2 and 3.
- 5.1.6. In terms of the palaeolandsurfaces indicated by the channels in the Northwest Area, provision should be made, where practicable, for the complete recovery of cores containing pre-inundation prehistoric material and/or organic deposits, and for the archaeological analysis of a suitable number of core samples. WA employ a five stage geotechnical assessment process which would be applicable to any planned geotechnical works within the study areas. Provision for such works is included in the revised Written Scheme of Investigation for Race Bank (WA 2012b)
- 5.1.7. At present a single proposed core location, RB_ER_DDV_CPT-VC_159, is situated near the southern edge of the larger part of feature **7172** (**Figure 3**). It may be appropriate for additional cores to be acquired within the main body of the feature and made available specifically for archaeological analysis and interpretation.

6. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- Wessex Archaeology 2012a, Race Bank Offshore Wind Farm, Data Audit of 2006 and 2009 Data, ref 62558.01, unpublished client report
- Wessex Archaeology 2012b, Race Bank Offshore Wind Farm, Archaeological Monitoring and Mitigation: Written Scheme of Investigation Revised, 62555.05, unpublished client report



7. APPENDIX I: KNOWN WRECKS AND GEOPHYSICAL ANOMALIES

| WA ID | Name / Classification | Easting | Northing | Archaeological Discrimination | Length (m) | Width (m) | Height (m) | Magnetic Amplitude (nT) | Description | External References | 62558 Area | Dataset | Exclusion Zone |
|-------|--------------------------|---------|----------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Uncharted, broken up | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | wreck. Appears in the | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | sidescan sonar data as a | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | discrete area containing | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | debris, including several | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | long linear features. There | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | is no magnetic anomaly so | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | it is likely to be wooden. A | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | mound is visible in the | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | bathymetry data 40m to | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | the southwest of the | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | sidescan position. It is in an | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | area of uneven seafloor at | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | the junction of 2 lines | | | | 50m |
| 6319 | Wreck | 334532 | 5888162 | A1 | 48 | 16.9 | 1.2 | | suffering from edge effects. | | Centre | 2006 | buffer |
| | | | | | | | | | Wreck of a British fishing | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | boat that sank on | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 17/12/1993. Classified as | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | live. Not seen in the | | | | 100m |
| 6916 | Mirabel | 334775 | 5887206 | A3 | 9.8 | | | | geophysical data. | UKHO 9176 | Centre | 2006 | radius |
| | | | | | | | | | Two pieces of elongated | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | debris measuring 7.2m x | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 2.7m and 8.5m x 2.8m lie | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | approximately 6m apart. A | | | 2009 | |
| | | | | | | | | | third anomaly lies 30 north | | | 2003 | |
| | | | | | | | | | of these two objects. The | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | third one measures 6.1m x | | | | |
| 7010 | Debris | 334820 | 5888232 | A2 | 8.5 | 2.8 | 0 | | 1.2m. | | Centre | | |
| 6906 | Magnetic | 348921 | 5906635 | A2 | | | | 7.6 | Small dipole | | NW | 2006 | |



| WA ID | Name / Classification | Easting | Northing | Archaeological Discrimination | Length (m) | Width (m) | Height (m) | Magnetic Amplitude (nT) | Description | External References | 62558 Area | Dataset | Exclusion Zone |
|-------|---|---------|----------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Channel feature observed | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | in a single line of data. It | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | may be a | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | continuation/remnant of | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | the larger 6910 to the north and west. It is a shallow | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | feature with an | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | approximate depth of 1.5m below the base of the | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | overlying sandwaves. Depth | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | below seabed of 9.3 - | | | | |
| 6908 | Channel | 349792 | 5906819 | A2 | N/A | 380 | | | 13.7m. | | NW | 2006 | |
| 0500 | • | 0.0752 | 3300013 | ,,_ | , | 300 | | | Intermittent channel | | | 2000 | |
| | | | | | | | | | feature observed on 16 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | lines of data. In the NE it | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | appears as a broad, shallow | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | channel that becomes | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | discontinuous to the SW. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Depth below seabed 1.5 - | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 21.2m. Sediment fill is | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | observed as stratified | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | sediments in the NE. In the | | | | |
| 7172 | Channel | 350800 | 5907407 | A2 | 3750 | 1400 | | | SW the fill is less distinct. | | NW | 2006 | |
| | | | | | | | | | Medium negative anomaly, | | | | |
| | _ | | | _ | | | | | possibly resulting from | | | | |
| 6912 | Magnetic | 350205 | 5900516 | A2 | | | | 99.7 | buried ferrous material. | | NE | 2006 | |
| | | | | | | | | | Small dipole. Possibly | | | | |
| 6040 | | 254442 | 5000050 | | | | | 6.7 | indicates a small item of | | N.E | 2006 | |
| 6913 | Magnetic | 351142 | 5900359 | A2 | | | | 6.7 | buried ferous material. | | NE | 2006 | |
| | | | | | | | | | Small dipole. Possibly | | | | |
| CO14 | NA | 254720 | F000070 | 4.2 | | | | 10.2 | indicates a small item of | | NIE | 2000 | |
| 6914 | Magnetic | 351720 | 5900970 | A2 | | | | 18.3 | buried ferous material. | | NE | 2006 | |



| WA ID | Name / Classification | Easting | Northing | Archaeological Discrimination | Length (m) | Width (m) | Height (m) | Magnetic Amplitude (nT) | Description | External References | 62558 Area | Dataset | Exclusion Zone |
|-------|--------------------------|---------|----------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Small positive anomaly | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | possibly indicative of buried | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | ferrous material. Lies | | | | |
| 6915 | Magnetic | 351700 | 5901720 | A2 | | | | 18.9 | approx 40m NW of 3012 and 30m NW of 5000. | | NE | 2006 | |
| 0313 | - U | | | 712 | | | | 10.5 | Anomaly with magnetic | | IVE | 2000 | |
| 7300 | Magnetic | 353190 | 5901650 | A2 | | | | 22.2 | amplitude of 22.2nT | | NE | 2006 | |
| | Magnetic | 250765 | F00130F | | | | | | Anomaly with magnetic | | | | |
| 7301 | Magnetic | 350765 | 5901285 | A2 | | | | 9.7 | amplitude of 9.7nT | | NE | 2006 | |
| | | | | | | | | | Indistinct area of raised | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | seabed which is seen in the | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | sidescan data to contain | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | dark reflectors on a sandy | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | seabed. A low mound is | | | | |
| | Seafloor | 0=4=00 | | | | 4= 0 | | | seen in the bathymetry | | | | |
| 7302 | disturbance | 351723 | 5901699 | A2 | 34 | 15.3 | 0.7 | | data. | | NE | 2006 | |
| | | | | | | | | | Linear object with height. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | On flat area of seabed but | | | | |
| 7303 | Debris | 350399 | 5901161 | A2 | 14.1 | 4.7 | 0.6 | | with ripples nearby. | | NE | 2006 | |

Notes

- All coordinates are given in WGS84 UTM Zone 31 North
- Positions and dimensions are given as a guide only
- This gazetteer is illustrated in Figures 2 and 3





