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archaeological field unit



CAM ARC Report Number 1009

Land at Rear of 58 – 60 Newmarket Road, Burwell, Cambridgeshire

Archaeological Evaluation

Chris Thatcher

March 2008

CAM ARC Report Number 1009

Land at Rear of 58 – 60 Newmarket Road, Burwell, Cambridgeshire

Archaeological Evaluation

Chris Thatcher BA

Site Code: BUR NET 08

CHER Event Number: ECB 2840

Date of works: 13th - 14th February 2008

Grid Ref: TL 5929 6637

Editor: Elizabeth Popescu BA PhD MIFA

Illustrator: Lucy Offord BA

PROJECT DETAILS					
Project name	Land at Rear of 58	B – 60 Newmarket Road, B	Burwell, Cambridgeshire		
Short description	An Archaeological Evaluation was conducted on the land to the rear of 58-60 New market Road, Burwell (TL 5929 6637) by CAM ARC between 13 th and 14 th February 2008, prior to the construction of 4 houses with associated garages and an access road. The development comprised a 0.1ha parcel of land. The work was commissioned by Wain ward Homes Ltd. CAM ARC was commissioned to mechanically excavate 3 trenches (total area 66m land) in the development area. The evaluation revealed two shallow post holes in Trench 2. Both features contained single fills but no finds were recovered from either deposit. A number of silt patches were investigated but these were found to be the result of root action. At the easternmost end of Trench 1 a modern animal burial was also noted.				
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Project dates	Start	13/02/08	End	14/02/08	
Previous work	None		Future work	no	
Associated project reference	BUR NET 08		-	- 1	
codes	ECB 2840				
Type of project	Evaluation				
Site status	none				
Current land use	Garden				
(list all that apply)					
Planned development	4 Residential prop	perties with garages and a	access road		
Monument types / period (list all that apply)	None				
Significant finds:	None				
Artefact type / period					
(list all that apply)					
PROJECT LOCATION	'				
County	Cambridgeshire	Parish	Ви	ırwell	
HER for region	Cambridgeshire	•	•		
Site address	58-60 Newmarket	t Road, Burwell			
(including postcode)	Cambridgeshire				
Study area (sq.m or ha)	0.1 ha				
National grid reference	TL 5929 6637				
Height OD	Min OD	20.00	Max OD	21.00	
PROJECT ORIGINATORS			<u>.</u>	·	
Organisation	CAM ARC				
Project brief originator	Eliza Gore				
Project design originator	James Drummon	d Murray			
Director/supervisor	Chris Thatcher				
Project manager	James Drummond Murray				
Sponsor or funding body	Wain ward Home	s Ltd			
ARCHIVES	Location and accession number			Content (e.g. pottery, animal bone, database, context sheets etc)	
Physical				·	
riiyalcal					
Paper	CAM ARC Bar Hill		Site records, writt report	ten and drawn, evaluation	
•	CAM ARC Bar Hill			· 	
Paper	CAM ARC Bar Hill		report Digital photos, su	· 	
Paper Digital	CAM ARC Bar Hill	3 – 60 Newmarket Road, B	report Digital photos, su	·	
Paper Digital BIBLIOGRAPHY Full title Author(s)	CAM ARC Bar Hill Land at Rear of 58 Thatcher, C	3 – 60 Newmarket Road, B	report Digital photos, su		
Paper Digital BIBLIOGRAPHY Full title	CAM ARC Bar Hill Land at Rear of 58	3 – 60 Newmarket Road, B	report Digital photos, su	·	
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Paper Digital BIBLIOGRAPHY Full title Author(s) Report number	CAM ARC Bar Hill Land at Rear of 58 Thatcher, C	3 – 60 Newmarket Road, B	report Digital photos, su	· 	

Summary

An Archaeological Evaluation was conducted on the land to the rear of 58-60 Newmarket Road, Burwell (TL 5929 6637) by CAM ARC between 13th and 14th February 2008, prior to the construction of 4 houses with associated garages and an access road. The development comprised a 0.1ha parcel of land. The work was commissioned by Wainward Homes Ltd.

CAM ARC was commissioned to mechanically excavate 3 trenches (total area 66m²) in the development area. The evaluation revealed two shallow postholes in Trench 2. Both features contained single fills but no finds were recovered from either deposit. A number of silt patches were investigated but these were found to be the result of root action. At the easternmost end of Trench 1 a modern animal burial was also noted.

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1 Introduction

This archaeological evaluation was undertaken in accordance with a Brief issued Gore of the Cambridgeshire by Eliza Archaeology, Planning and Countryside Advice team (CAPCA; Planning Application 07/00274/FUL), supplemented by a Specification prepared by CAM ARC, Cambridgeshire County Council (formerly Archaeological Field Unit).

The work was designed to assist in defining the character and extent of any archaeological remains within the proposed redevelopment area, in accordance with the guidelines set out in *Planning and Policy Guidance 16 - Archaeology and Planning* (Department of the Environment 1990). The results will enable decisions to be made by CAPCA, on behalf of the Local Planning Authority; with regard to the treatment of any archaeological remains found.

The site archive is currently held by CAM ARC and will be deposited with the appropriate county stores in due course.

2 Geology and Topography

The site lies on the Upper Beds of the Lower Chalk, described as Chalk Marl. To the west is an outcrop of Totternhoe Stone (called locally Burwell Stone, a form of clunch), upon which Burwell partially stands. The Lower Beds of the Lower Chalk extend 3km to the west, beyond the village of Reach, to the peat fen deposits (British Geological Survey 1981).

Located on the edge of a low escarpment, the site overlooks the village of Burwell to the west. To the south and east chalk grassland rises gently for over 8km towards Newmarket in Suffolk. Burwell nestles against the west-facing slope of the escarpment, which at this point is steep, dropping from 21m OD on site to 4m OD half a kilometre to the east.

3 Archaeological and Historical Background

The site lies outside the historic core of the village, where the medieval settlement lies over earlier Roman remains. Further evidence of Roman occupation has also been found in the form of an artefact scatter (HER 10953) and from an excavation at Low Road (ECB 1434 – Kenney 1996) as well as southwest of Burwell castle (HER04663).

There is also evidence for Anglo-Saxon occupation in the form of a cemetery (ECB615), located 300m to the northwest of the site, which was excavated in the 1920's.

An Iron Age settlement was recorded at 36-42 Newmarket Road (ECB 1944 – Bailey 2006), just over 100m to the northwest, during an archaeological evaluation, which recorded roundhouses and numerous pits, some of which contained evidence for the ritual deposition of material.

To the south west of the development area an evaluation at Mill Lane (ECB 112 - Garrow 2000) produced no archaeological features. There has also been extensive quarrying took place to the south-west in the 19th century (ECB 950 – Countryside Planning and Management 1994)

Chance prehistoric finds include a Palaeolithic axe (HER 01775b) and a Bronze Age hoard in St Mary's churchyard (HER 06769a) 400m to the east.

Archaeological evidence from most periods has been discovered in and around Burwell. Whilst the site lay on the fringes of the settlement, the close proximity of Iron Age remains suggested that there was reasonable potential for a continuation of the settlement onto the site.

4 Methodology

The objective of this evaluation was to determine as far as reasonably possible the presence/absence, location, nature, extent, date, quality, condition and significance of any surviving archaeological deposits within the development area.

The Brief required that 5% of the development area be subject to trial trenching. This entailed the excavation of three trenches, two of which were 9m long by 2m wide, with the remaining trench 15m by 2m wide.

Machine excavation was carried out under constant archaeological supervision with a tracked 2.5 tonne 360° excavator using a toothless ditching bucket.

Spoil, exposed surfaces and features were scanned with a metal detector. All metal-detected and hand-collected finds were retained for inspection, other than those that were obviously modern.

All archaeological features and deposits were recorded using CAM ARC's *pro-forma* sheets. Trench locations, plans and sections were recorded at appropriate scales and colour and monochrome photographs were taken of all relevant features and deposits.

No environmental samples were taken during the evaluation.

Conditions on site were favourable, with dry weather and ground conditions.

5 Results

The evaluation revealed two archaeological features in Trench 2. A number of silty patches observed in the trenches were tested but were found to be the result of root action. At the easternmost end of Trench 1 a modern animal burial, possibly that of a rabbit, was also noted.

5.1 Deposit Summary

Dark grey brown topsoil composed of chalky silt with very occasional gravel inclusions sealed the whole site in a layer recorded as between 0.27m & 0.24m thick (001).

This overlay a subsoil (002), which varied more markedly in thickness, between 0.06m & 0.20m across the development area. This was composed of mid grey chalky silt with occasional chalk flecking.

The natural geological deposits (003) comprised solid chalk.

Trench	No.	Topsoil	No.	Subsoil	Total Trench depth
1	001	0.25m -0.28m	002	0.08m - 0.20m	0.45m - 0.46m
2	001	0.24m	002	0.20m	0.44m
3	001	0.21 – 0.23m	002	0.06m	0.27m -0.29m

Table 1: Depths of deposits across the development area

5.2 Trench 2

Two archaeological features (**005** & **007**) were recorded in the centre of Trench 2 during the evaluation. These comprised two shallow postholes. **005** was 0.30m in diameter and 0.08m deep, **007** was 0.15m in diameter and 0.08m deep. Both features contained single fills (004 & 006 respectively) composed of light brown grey chalky silt with frequent small stone inclusions, no finds were recovered from either deposit.

6 Discussion and Conclusions

The evaluation revealed a very low density of undated archaeological deposits. These were certainly not comparable with the Iron Age remains recorded 100m to the north-west on Newmarket road and it would appear, in the light of this piece of work, that the settlement observed there did not extend southwards into the development area. Likewise the Roman remains situated to the north and west did not encroach onto the site.

Recommendations for any future work based on this report will be made by the County Archaeology Office.

Acknowledgements

The author would like to thank Wainward Homes Ltd. who commissioned and funded the archaeological work. The project was managed by James Drummond Murray. Chris Thatcher carried out the evaluation with the assistance of Ross Lilley. The illustrations were produced by Lucy Offord. Liz Popescu edited the report.

Eliza Gore wrote the brief for archaeological works, and the evaluation was visited and monitored by Kasia Gdaniec.

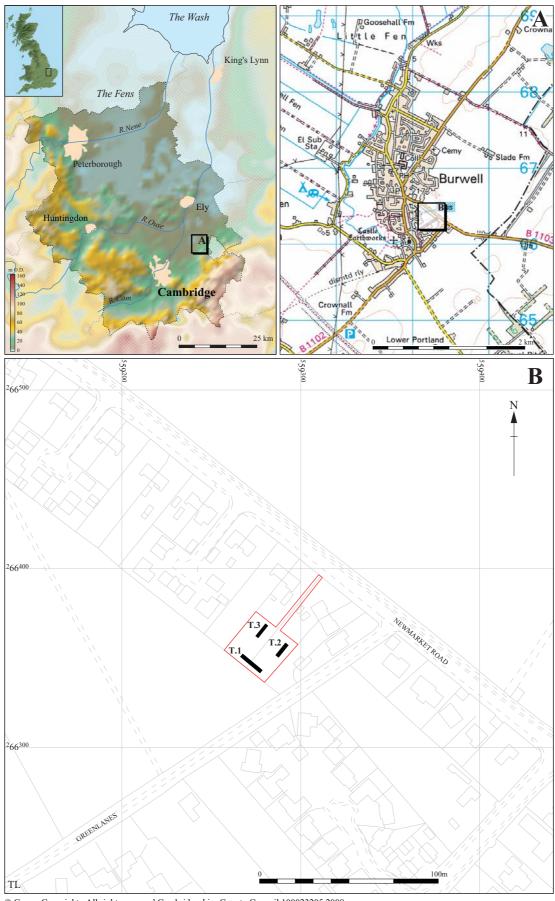
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1981	Cambridge, England and Wales Sheet 188
2008	Specification for Archaeological Evaluation at Land at 58-60 Newmarket Road, Burwell
2000	A Trench based Archaeological Evaluation at Mill Lane, Burwell, Cambridgeshire, Cambridge Archaeological Unit Report 383
2007	Brief for Archaeological Evaluation, Land to Rear of 58-60, Newmarket Road, Burwell
1996.	Roman and Later Trackways and Boundaries at 95/97 Low Road, Burwell: An Archaeological Excavation. Cambridgeshire County Council Archaeological Field Unit Report 116
	1981 2008 2000 2007

Appendix 1: Context List

Context Number	Trench	Туре	Function
001	1,2,3	Topsoil	Layer
002	1,2,3	Subsoil	Layer
003	1,2,3	Natural Chalk	Geological Deposit
004	2	Fill of Posthole	Disuse
005	2	Cut of Posthole	Structural
006	2	Fill of Posthole	Disuse
007	2	Cut of Posthole	Structural

Drawing	Conventions
F	Plans
Limit of Excavation	
Deposit - Conjectured	
Natural Features	
Sondages/Machine Strip	
Intrusion/Truncation	
Illustrated Section	S.14
Archaeological Deposit	
Excavated Slot	
Modern Deposit	
Cut Number	118



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Figure 1 Location of trenches (black) with the development area outlined (red)

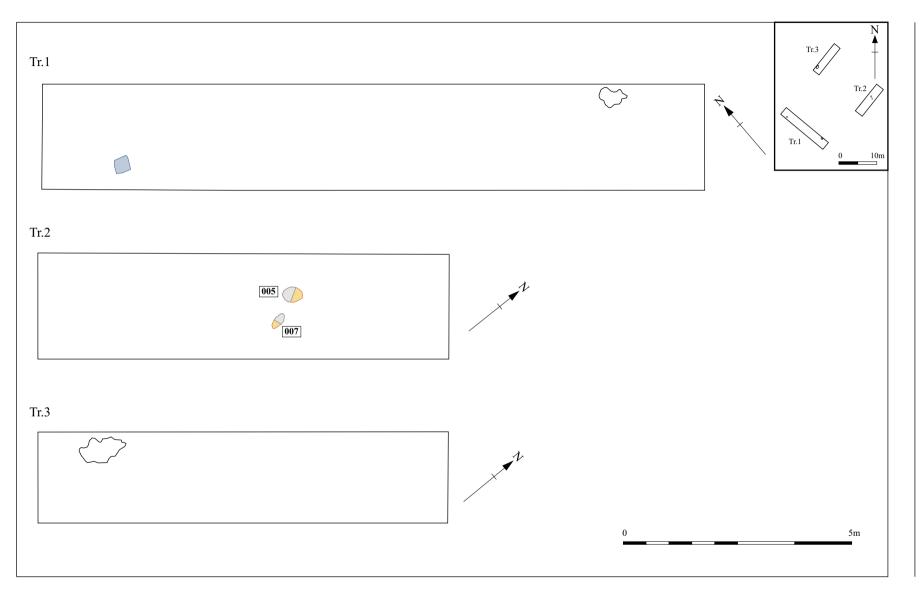
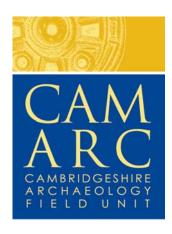


Figure 2: Trench Plans



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