



HERITAGE NETWORK



**Land at
2-6 MAIN STREET
Hartford, Huntingdon**

HN862

Archaeological Evaluation Report



THE HERITAGE NETWORK LTD

Registered with the Institute of Field Archaeologists as an Archaeological Organisation

Archaeological Director: David Hillelson, BA MIFA

Land to the rear of
2-6 Main Street, Hartford
Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire

Project ref.: HN862
Event no.: ECB3371
LPA ref.: 06/02006/OUT

Archaeological Evaluation

Prepared on behalf of Bewick Homes Homes Limited

by

Greg Jones BA (HONS) MA

Report no. 607

July 2010

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11 FURMSTON COURT, ICKNIELD WAY, LETCHWORTH SG6 1UJ
TEL: (01462) 685991 FAX: (01462) 685998

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The front cover shows the site looking northwest

Acknowledgements

The fieldwork for this project was carried out by Greg Jones and Dan Phillips. The report was written by Greg Jones and edited by Helen Ashworth.

The Heritage Network would like to express its thanks to Ray Kane of Bewick Homes Limited; Dan McConnell of Cambridgeshire Archaeology Planning & Countryside Advice section (CAPCA) of Cambridgeshire County Council, for their co-operation and assistance in the execution of this project.

Summary

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Site name and address: | 2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 1XW | | |
| County: | Cambridgeshire | District: | Huntingdonshire |
| Village/town: | Hartford | Parish: | Hartford |
| Planning reference: | 06/02006/OUT | NGR: | TL 2516 7249 |
| Client name and address: | Bewick Homes Limited., 40 Mill Street, Bedford, MK40 3HD | | |
| Nature of work: | New Housing | Current land use: | Waste ground |
| Site Status: | N/a | Reason for investigation: | Direction of LPA (PPG16) |
| Position in planning process: | After full determination | Project brief originator: | Local Authority |
| Size of affected area: | 3070m ² | Size of area investigated: | 150m ² |
| Site code: | N/a | Other reference: | HN862 |
| Organisation: | Heritage Network | Site Director: | David Hillelson |
| Project type, methods etc... | Field evaluation | Archive recipient: | Cambridgeshire County Archaeological Store |
| Start of work: | 16/06/10 | Finish of work: | 17/06/10 |
| Related HER nos: | N/a | Periods represented: | Unknown |
| OASIS UID: | heritage1-76430 | Significant finds: | None |
| Monument types: | N/a | | |
| Physical archive: | N/a | | |
| Previous summaries/reports: | None | | |

Synopsis:

In order to characterise the archaeological potential of the site of a proposed new development on land to the rear of 2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, the Heritage Network was commissioned by Bewick Homes Limited to undertake an archaeological field evaluation. This work was a requirement of the planning consent granted by the local planning authority.

The site lies on the western edge of the village of Hartford, which has 22 HER entries located within a 500m radius of the site centre. These range in date from the Palaeolithic to the modern period. Despite the defined potential of the site, archaeological investigation revealed evidence of gravel quarrying across the entire site which would have removed any earlier features or deposits that may have been present.

On the basis of these results, the risk that the development might encounter archaeological remains of significance may be considered to be *Low* for all periods.

1 Introduction

1.1 This report has been prepared at the request of *Bewick Homes Limited*, as part of the archaeological evaluation of proposed redevelopment of land forming 2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

1.2 The planning permission for the development (ref: 06/02006/OUT), granted by Huntingdonshire District Council (HDC), has been subject to a standard archaeological condition in accordance with the provisions of the Department of the Environment's *Planning Policy Guidance Note 16* (PPG16). The scope of this first stage of investigation has been defined in a *Brief for Archaeological Evaluation* (ref. AT 16/03/2010) prepared by the Cambridgeshire Archaeology Planning & Countryside Advice section (CAPCA), of Cambridgeshire County Council acting as advisers to HDC. A full specification for the work carried out is contained in the Heritage Network's approved *Project Design* dated May 2010.

1.3 The site, centred on NGR TL 2516 7249, is located at the western edge of Hartford village, which is now incorporated into the town of Huntingdon. The site lies on the northwestern side of Main Street, to the rear of numbers 2-6. To the northwest and southwest the land is bounded by residential properties along Desborough Road (Figure 1). The site is currently unutilised space. The development proposes the construction of six houses arranged around a courtyard, with associated access, services and landscaping.

1.4 Although there are no entries for the study area itself, the County HER lists 22 entries located within a 500m radius of the site centre. Thirteen entries are prehistoric in date, five are Roman, three are medieval, and the remaining entry is post-medieval.

1.5 The aim of the evaluation has been to consider the location, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any remains that are liable to be threatened by the development, and to provide a local and regional, archaeological and historical context for them, in accordance with the current published regional research agenda (Glazebrook 1997, Brown and Glazebrook 2000), should they be discovered. It was considered that such investigation had the potential to contribute to an understanding of the development and growth of settlement in Hartford from the prehistoric period onwards, and in the late medieval period in particular.

1.6 The present report is intended to provide the planning authority with sufficient data to allow it to consider the archaeological implications of the proposed development, and to determine what further mitigation measures, if any, may be required to allow the development to proceed.

2 Fieldwork

TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

2.1 The study area lies on level ground in the valley of the River Great Ouse at approximately 12mAOD and is currently undeveloped.

2.2 According to the British Geological Survey (BGS) sheet 188 'Cambridge', Solid and Drift edition (1:50,000), the underlying natural geology of the site consists of typical argillic brown earths. The BGS website (www.bgs.ac.uk/opengeoscience) records the superficial deposits as comprising Mudstones of the Oxford Clay Formation.

METHODOLOGY

2.3 All fieldwork was carried out in accordance with the approved Project Design, current health and safety legislation, and the appropriate IfA and ALGAO guidance documents.

2.4 The trenches were located by triangulation from known points using fibreglass tape measures. The trenches were opened using a tracked mini-digger fitted with a 0.9m wide toothless ditching bucket. Spoil from the machining was inspected for archaeological artefacts and a metal detector was used to scan the spoil heaps for ferrous finds. The trenches were machined to the first significant archaeological horizon, or to the natural geological horizon. Topsoil and subsoil were separated, as was asphalt and chalk overburden.

2.5 The trenches were cleaned by hand, and all potential archaeological features and deposits were sampled to ascertain their nature, depth, date, and quality of preservation.

2.6 All identified contexts were photographed and recorded using the appropriate proforma. Scaled plans and sections were drawn on drafting film at scales of 1:20 and 1:100.

RESULTS

2.7 Three evaluation trenches were excavated across the footprints of the proposed new buildings and the central courtyard (Figure 2).

Trench 1

2.8 Trench 1 was located along the south eastern edge of the site. It was orientated northeast-southwest and measured 25m long and 2m wide and was excavated to a maximum depth of 1.5m (Figure 3, Plate 1).

2.9 The stratigraphy in the trench consisted of a soft dark brown (7.5Yr 3/2) sandy silt topsoil, 0.35m deep, below which was observed mixed deposits of brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8) sandy gravels, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt and strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay (Figure 3). These have been interpreted as material deposited to backfill a quarry that formerly occupied the site.

2.10 The natural clay was not reached and no other significant archaeological features, deposits, or finds were located in the trench.

Trench 1 data:

| Length (m): | 25 | Width (m): | 2 | Maximum Depth (m): | 1.5 | Orientation | NE-SW | |
|--------------------------------|-------|--|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| Level at NE End of Trench(mOD) | | | Top | 11.25 | Level at SW End of Trench (mOD) | | Top | 12.46 |
| | | | Base | 10.31 | | | Base | 11.36 |
| Context | Type | Description | Dimensions (m) | | | | | |
| | | | Length | Width | Depth | | | |
| - | Layer | Dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt topsoil | 25+ | 2+ | 0.35 | | | |
| 102 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 2+ | - | 0.15 | | | |
| 103 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 3+ | - | 0.30 | | | |
| 104 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 5+ | - | 0.40 | | | |
| 105 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 1+ | - | 0.20 | | | |
| 106 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 2 | - | 0.15 | | | |
| 107 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sand gravel | 3 | - | 0.10 | | | |
| 108 | Fill | Dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt | 4 | - | 0.15 | | | |
| 109 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 4.30 | - | 0.20 | | | |
| 110 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 5 | - | 0.15 | | | |
| 111 | Cut | Contained fills (106), (107), (108), (109), (110), (113) and (114) | 5 | - | 0.70 | | | |
| 112 | Fill | Dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt | 1 | - | 0.50 | | | |
| 113 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 0.70 | - | 0.30 | | | |
| 114 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 2 | - | 0.35 | | | |
| 115 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 2.50+ | - | 0.10 | | | |
| 116 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 2 | - | 0.30 | | | |
| 117 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 2+ | - | 0.10 | | | |
| 118 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 2.25 | - | 0.20 | | | |
| 119 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 25+ | 2+ | - | | | |

Trench 2

2.11 Trench 2 was located to the northwest of Trench 1, roughly in the middle of the site, and orientated northwest-southeast (Figure 4, Plate 2). It measured 25m in length by 2m in width and was excavated to a maximum depth of 1.5m. The stratigraphy comprised a dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt topsoil, c.0.25m in depth, above mixed deposits consisting of brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8) sandy gravel and dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt. These have been interpreted as material deposited to backfill a quarry. The natural clay was not reached and no other significant archaeological finds, features, or deposits were located in the trench.

Trench 2 data:

| Length (m): | 25 | Width (m): | 2 | Maximum Depth (m): | 1.2 | Orientation | NW-SE | |
|--------------------------------|-------|---|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| Level at NW End of Trench(mOD) | | | Top | 11.66 | Level at SE End of Trench (mOD) | | Top | 11.69 |
| | | | Base | 10.22 | | | Base | 11.12 |
| Context | Type | Description | Dimensions (m) | | | | | |
| | | | Length | Width | Depth | | | |
| - | Layer | Dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt topsoil | 25+ | 2+ | 0.25 | | | |
| 201 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 25+ | 2+ | 0.30 | | | |
| 202 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 25+ | 2+ | 0.05 | | | |
| 203 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sand | 25+ | 2+ | 0.15 | | | |
| 204 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay | 4+ | 2+ | 0.35+ | | | |

Trench 3

2.12 Trench 3 was located to the north of Trench 1 and was orientated northwest-southeast (Figure 5, Plate 3). The stratigraphy consisted of a dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt topsoil, 0.2m deep, above mixed deposits of brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8) sandy gravel and dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt deposits, interpreted as quarry fills.

2.13 A sondage, measuring approximately 1.6m x 1m, was excavated at the southern end of the trench in order to investigate the depth of the overburden. The natural clay was reached at a depth of 2.5m below the present ground surface. No other significant archaeological finds, features, or deposits were located in the trench.

Trench 3 data:

| Length (m): | 25 | Width (m): | 2 | Maximum Depth (m): | 1.2+ | Orientation | NE-SW | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| Level at N End of Trench (mOD) | | | Top | 11.85 | Level at S End of Trench (mOD) | | | Top | 11.63 |
| | | | Base | 10.79 | | | | Base | 10.48 |
| Context | Type | Description | Dimensions (m) | | | | | | |
| | | | Length | Width | Depth | | | | |
| - | Layer | Dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) sandy silt | 25+ | 2+ | 0.2 | | | | |
| 302 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy gravel | 2.5 | - | 1 | | | | |
| 303 | Cut | Contained (302), (304), (305), (312), (313) and (314) | 1.50+ | - | 1.20+ | | | | |
| 304 | Fill | Dark brown (7.5 YR 3/2) sandy silt | 1.20+ | - | 0.45 | | | | |
| 305 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) silty chalk | 1.30+ | - | 0.35 | | | | |
| 306 | Cut | Contained (308) and (307) | 2+ | - | 1.20+ | | | | |
| 307 | Fill | Dark brown (7.5 YR 3/2) sandy silt | 1.50+ | - | 0.40+ | | | | |
| 308 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) silty chalk | 1.65+ | - | 0.40+ | | | | |
| 309 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) silty chalk | 1 | - | 0.90+ | | | | |
| 310 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) silty chalk | 1.50+ | - | 0.50+ | | | | |
| 311 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) silty chalk | 1.20+ | - | 0.40+ | | | | |
| 312 | Fill | Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) compact silt | 2 | 1.80+ | 0.10 | | | | |
| 313 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) loose sandy silt | 0.20 | - | 0.30 | | | | |
| 314 | Fill | Brownish yellow (7.5YR 4/6) compact sandy silt | 0.40 | - | 0.30 | | | | |
| 315 | Fill | Brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) chalky gravel | 2 | 0.20+ | 0.10 | | | | |

3 Discussion

Archaeological Background

3.1 Hartford is an historic village situated on the north bank of the River Great Ouse in an area of known prehistoric activity. The earliest evidence of human activity in the area comes from a number of finds of Palaeolithic flint tools from the area (CHER 0439, 01688, 02683, 05559 & 05774). Continuity of exploitation of this region and its habitat is strongly suggested by finds of Mesolithic flint tools (CHER 027535 & 02690) and Neolithic artefacts (CHER 01439A & 01960). Of particular interest are the polished stone axes (CHER 00268a & 01844) and a fragment of an unfinished greenstone axe (CHER 01843) as these are believed to be high status or trade items. Two Bronze Age palstaves have also been recovered from Hartford (CHER 01962).

3.2 Finds of Roman coins and a mile stone (CHER 02700) and a quern fragment (CHER 02686), show evidence of Romano-British activity in the vicinity. To the southeast of the village is an area of Romano-British cropmarks (CHER 02806), which further highlights the level of Roman activity. In addition Hartford is known to be within the economic sphere of the Roman town at *Durovigutum*, located in present day Godmanchester (CHER 00857).

3.3 Finds of burials with associated grave goods of possible Saxon date (CHER 00268 & 01946) suggest that by the early medieval period, Hartford was an established settlement. This is confirmed by its mention in the Domesday Book (Williams and Martin 1992) where it is listed as part of the King's estates. The discovery of the 15th – 16th century coin hoard (CHER 02682) would suggest a degree of prosperity for at least a proportion of the population.

3.4 To the southwest of the area of investigation is the site of a civil war scence (CHER 02547), possibly part of the defences of Huntingdon.

3.5 Map evidence from 1890 shows that the site was used as allotments until at least the early 1950s (www.old-maps.co.uk). Sand and gravel pits were established in the immediately adjacent fields between 1902 and 1927, indicating that the present site had been a former quarry which was worked out by at least the late 1880s. Following its period of use the quarry was apparently backfilled with a series of mixed deposits, before the land was turned into allotment gardens.

3.6 During this period the town of Huntingdon expanded towards Hartford, with rows of houses being built along the north side of Hartford Road some time before the 1950s. Further expansion of housing estates continued until Hartford had been subsumed into the boundaries of Huntingdon.

Research Design

3.7 The aim of the present evaluation has been to consider the location, depth, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any remains that might be threatened by the development, and to provide a local and regional, archaeological and historical context for them, in accordance with the current published regional research agenda (Glazebrook 1997, Brown and Glazebrook 2000), should they be discovered.

3.8 It was considered that the investigation had the potential to contribute to an understanding of the land use and development of the village of Hartford from the prehistoric

period onwards. In particular there was the potential to place the results in the wider context of the prehistoric landscape and of regional land use from the Romano-British period onwards.

Conclusions

3.9 Despite the defined archaeological potential of the site, which lies close to the River Great Ouse in an area known to have attracted early settlement, the three evaluation trenches revealed only evidence of post-medieval quarrying across the site. The limits of the quarry were not encountered during the present project.

3.10 The trenches were targeted evenly across the site in areas that would be subject to disturbance from the development groundworks. An area of 150m² was investigated, representing approximately 5% of the area directly affected by the new build.

3.11 On the basis of the results of the evaluation, the risk that the proposed development might disturb archaeological remains of any significance may be considered to be Low.

Confidence Rating

3.12 The archaeological evaluation by trial trenching revealed quarry pits and deposits across the entire site to a depth in excess of 1.5m. The natural gravel substratum was finally reached during the excavation of a sondage in Trench 3 at a depth of 2.5m. Despite the discovery of fairly large scale quarry pit activity no significant archaeological features, deposits or stratified artefacts were uncovered during the investigation. The actual date of the quarrying is unknown, but presumably predates the 1890s.

3.13 There are no circumstances which would lead to a confidence rating for the work which was less than High.

4 Bibliography

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www.old-maps.co.uk

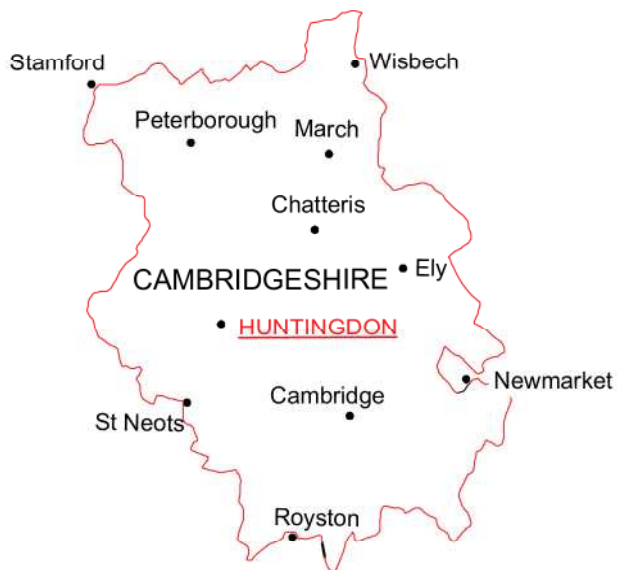
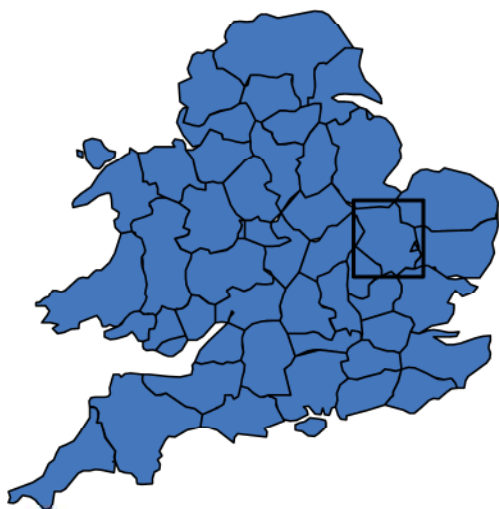
5 Illustrations

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| Figure 1 | Site location |
| Figure 2 | Site layout |
| Figure 3 | Trench 1 plan and section |
| Figure 4 | Trench 2 plan and section |
| Figure 5 | Trench 3 plan and section |
| | |
| Plate 1 | Trench 1 |
| Plate 2 | Trench 2 |
| Plate 3 | Trench 3 |
| Plate 4 | Trench 1 section |
| Plate 5 | Trench 2 section |
| Plate 6 | Trench 3 section |

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2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon

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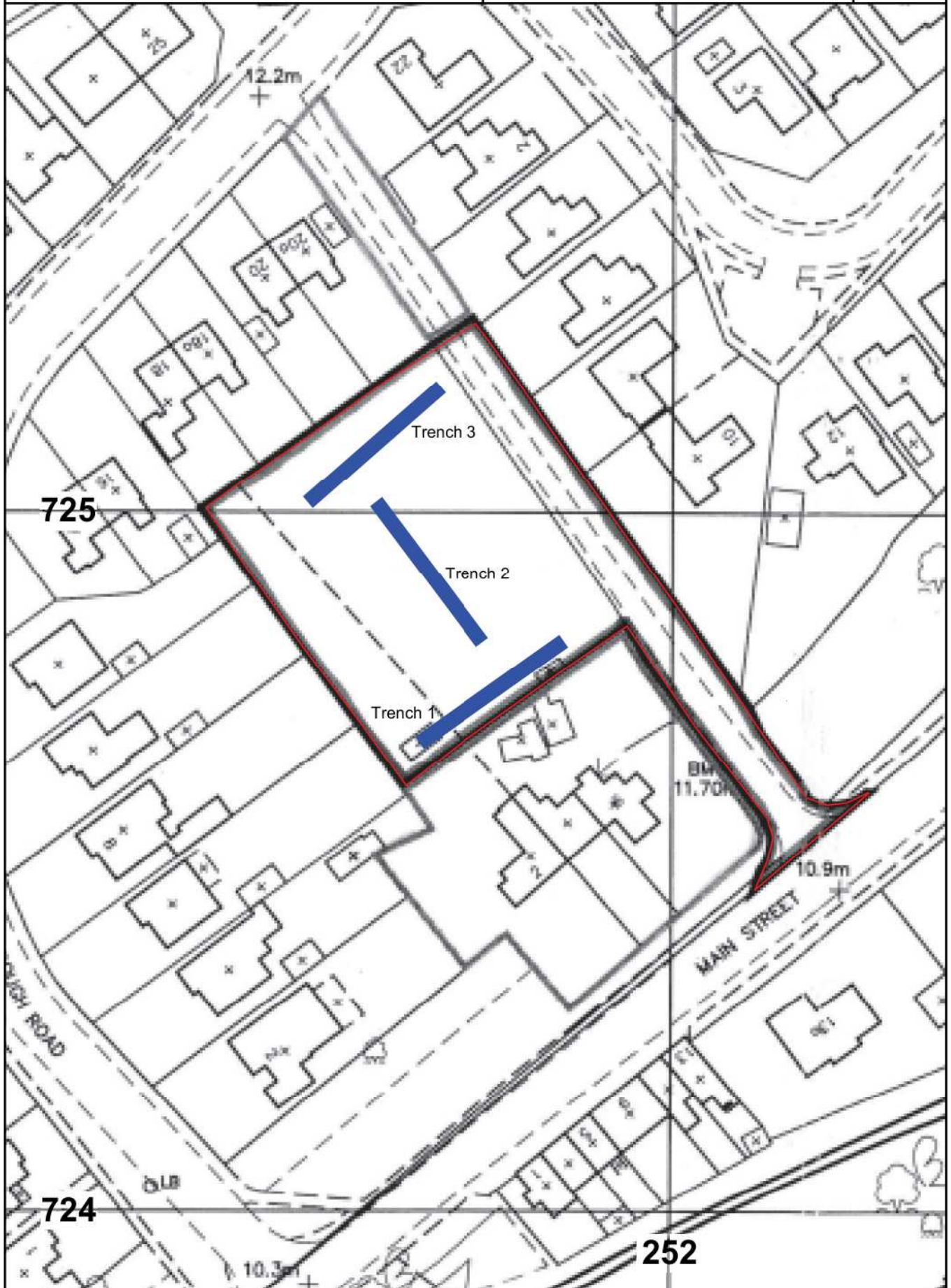


Site Location

Scale 1:5000

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Figure 1

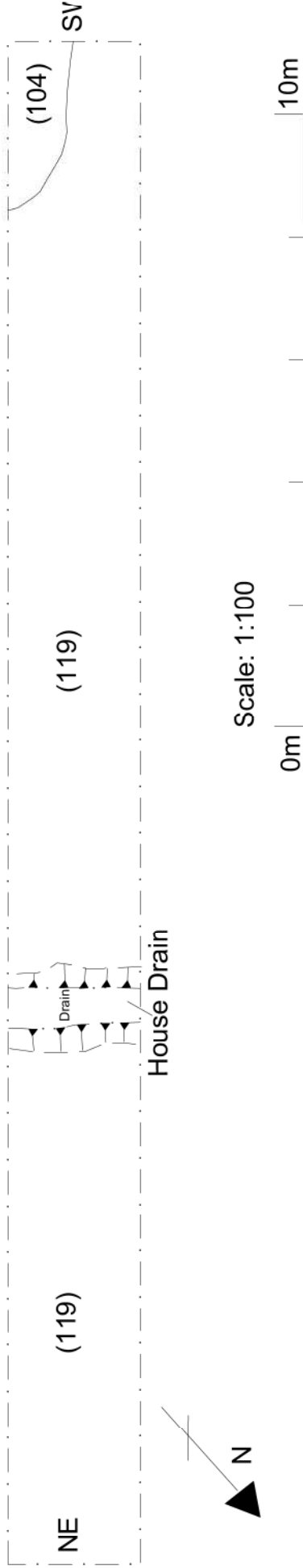
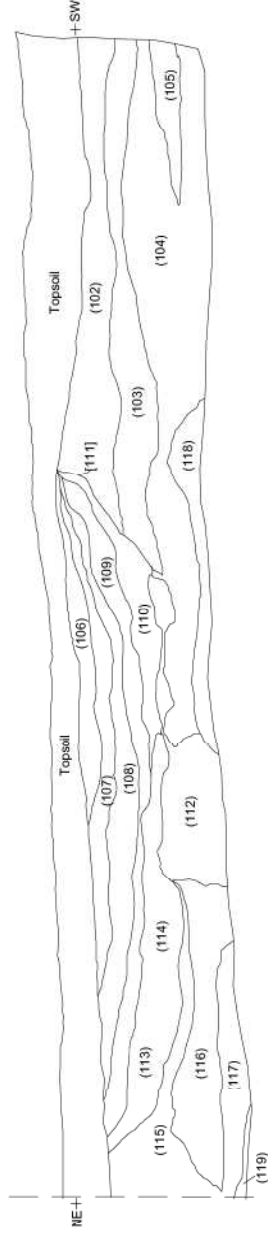


Site Location and Trench Layout

Scale 1:750

Figure 2

Scale: 1:50



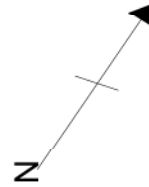
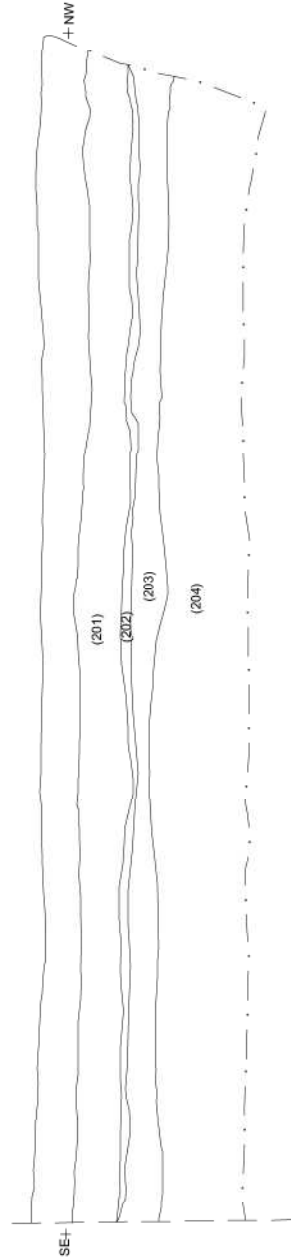
Scale: 1:100



Trench 1 sample plan and section

Scale: 1:100

0m |-----| 2m



Scale: 1:100

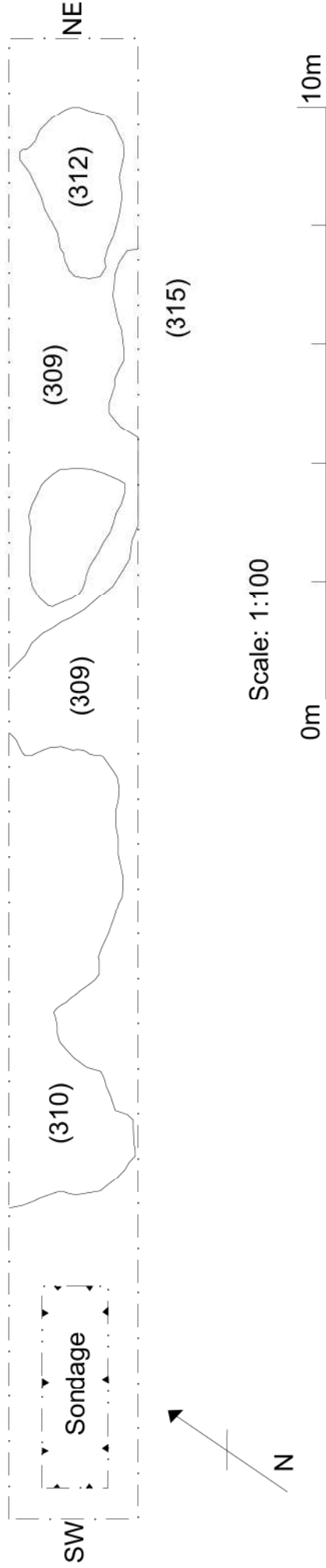
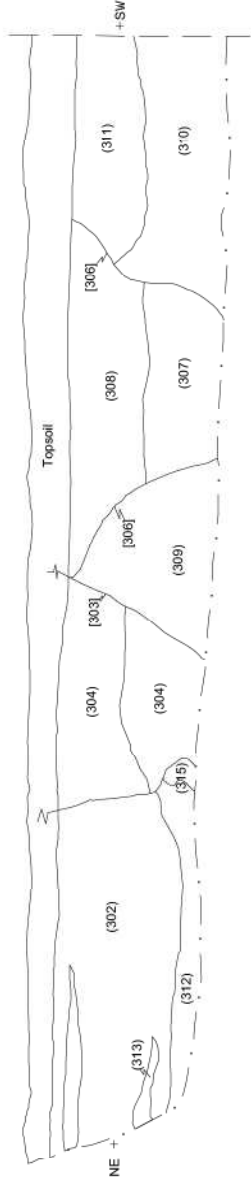
0m |-----| 10m

Trench 2 sample plan and section

Scale: 1:50 / 1:100

Figure 4

Scale: 1:50



Scale: 1:100



Trench 3 sample section and plan



Plate 1: Trench 1 looking southwest



Plate 2: Trench 2 looking northwest

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2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambs

HN862



Plate 3: Trench 3 looking southwest



Plate 4: Trench 1 section



Plate 5: Trench 2 section



Plate 6: Trench 3 section

Appendix

Oasis Summary Sheet

OASIS ID: heritage1-76430

Project details

| | |
|--|--|
| Project name | Huntingdon, Hartford, land r/o 2-6 Main Street |
| Short description of the project | In order to characterise the archaeological potential of the site of a proposed new development on land to the rear of 2-6 Main Street, Hartford, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire; the Heritage Network was commissioned by Bewick Homes Limited to undertake an archaeological field evaluation. This work was a requirement of the planning consent granted by the local planning authority. The site lies on the western edge of the village of Hartford, which has 22 HER entries located within a 500m radius of the site centre. These range in date from the Palaeolithic to the modern period. Despite the defined potential of the site, archaeological investigation revealed evidence of gravel quarrying across the entire site which would have obliterated any earlier features or deposits that may have been present. |
| Project dates | Start: 16-06-2010 End: 17-06-2010 |
| Previous/future work | No / Not known |
| Any associated project reference codes | ECB3371 - HER event no. |
| Any associated project reference codes | HN862 - Contracting Unit No. |
| Type of project | Field evaluation |
| Current Land use | Other 13 - Waste ground |
| Monument type | QUARRY Post Medieval |
| Significant Finds | NONE None |
| Methods & techniques | 'Targeted Trenches' |
| Development type | Urban residential (e.g. flats, houses, etc.) |
| Prompt | Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPG16 |
| Position in the planning process | After full determination (eg. As a condition) |
| Project location | |
| Country | England |
| Site location | CAMBRIDGESHIRE HUNTINGDONSHIRE HUNTINGDON Hartford, land r/o 2-6 Main Street |
| Study area | 3070.00 Square metres |
| Site coordinates | TL 2516 7249 52.3357963722 -0.162820091464 52 20 08 N 000 09 46 W Point |
| Height OD / Depth | Min: 10.22m Max: 12.49m |
| Project creators | |
| Name of Organisation | Heritage Network |
| Project brief originator | Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body |
| Project design originator | Heritage Network |
| Project director/manager | David Hillelson |
| Project supervisor | Greg Jones |
| Type of sponsor/funding body | Developer |
| Name of sponsor/funding body | Bewick Homes Ltd |

Project archives

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Physical Archive Exists? | No |
| Digital Archive recipient | Cambridgeshire Archaeological Store |
| Digital Archive ID | ECB3371 |
| Digital Contents | 'other' |
| Digital Media available | 'Images raster / digital photography','Text' |
| Paper Archive recipient | Cambridgeshire County Archaeological Store |
| Paper Contents | 'other' |
| Paper Media available | 'Context sheet','Diary','Photograph','Plan','Report','Section' |

Project bibliography 1

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Publication type | Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript) |
| Title | Land at 2-6 Main St, Hartford, Huntingdon. Archaeological Evaluation Report |
| Author(s)/Editor(s) | Jones, G. |
| Other bibliographic details | Report nNo.607 |
| Date | 2010 |
| Issuer or publisher | Heritage Network |
| Place of issue or publication | Letchworth, Herts |
| Description | A4 booklet, comb bound, green cover, 10 pages text, 5 figures, 6 photographic plates |