

An Archaeological Watching Brief at 'Bowries', 27 North End, Ditchling, East Sussex

Planning Reference LW/09/1296&1297

NGR: TQ 32604, 15533

ASE Project No. 4417 Site Code: NOB 10

ASE Report No. 2010078 OASIS id: archaeol6-78086



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With contributions by
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June 2010

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Abstract

Archaeology South-East was commissioned by Alan Phillips Architects on behalf of their client to undertake an archaeological watching brief at The Bowries, 27 North End, Ditchling (NGR: TQ 32604, 15533) during an extension to a Grade II Listed 16th century residential property. The watching brief took place on 2nd June 2010.

No archaeological features were encountered during the ground works monitored in the watching brief. Several artefacts of late 18th to early 20th century date were recovered from the garden soil at the site. Natural sandy clay geology was recorded at approximately 70.2m AOD.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Site Background

- 1.1.1 Archaeology South-East (ASE), the contracting division of the Centre for Applied Archaeology, University College London (CAA UCL), was commissioned by Alan Phillips Architects on behalf of their client to undertake an archaeological watching brief during works at The Bowries, 27 North End, Ditchling (NGR: TQ 32604 15533, Figure 1), hereafter referred to as 'the site'.
- 1.1.2 The works monitored were groundworks for an extension to the existing residential building and associated services (Figure 2).

1.2 Geology and Topography

- 1.2.1 According to Ordnance Survey Geological Survey (Sheet 318/333, Brighton and Worthing), scale 1:50,000, the underlying geology at the site is Lower Greensand.
- 1.2.2 'Bowries' is located on the main north-south road which leads through the village of Ditchling, 0.3 km north of the parish church and just outside the centre of the village. It is sited on ground sloping to the east, and is raised slightly above the level of the street. The main range of the house is aligned north-south, parallel to the road.

1.3 Planning Background

- 1.3.1 A planning application was submitted for an extension to the Grade II listed building (planning reference: LW/09/1296).
- 1.3.2 In the light of the archaeological potential of the site Greg Chuter, East Sussex County Council (ESCC) has requested an archaeological watching brief be maintained during ground works.
- 1.3.2 A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for an archaeological watching brief was prepared (ASE 2010) in consultation with the Assistant County Archaeologist (ESCC) who approved the document prior to archaeological works commencing on site. The WSI complied with the Standards and Guidance of the Institute for Archaeologists (IfA 2001) and the ESCC Standards for Archaeological Fieldwork, Recording, and Post-Excavation Work in East Sussex (ESCC 2008). All work was carried out in accordance with the WSI (unless otherwise specified below).

1.4 Aims and Objectives

- 1.4.1 The general aim of the archaeological watching brief as outlined in the WSI (ASE 2009) was to monitor intrusive ground works to ensure that any exposed artefacts or ecofacts of archaeological interest were recorded and interpreted to appropriate standards.
- 1.4.2 The specific aims of the investigation were:
 - To identify any evidence of structures contemporary with the 18th century building.

 To identify any evidence of earlier buildings. Are there any burgage plot ditches or any features relating to back plot activity?

1.5 Scope of Report

1.5.1 This report details the findings of the watching brief which was undertaken by Kathryn Grant (Archaeological Field Officer) from 2nd June 2010. The project was managed by Andy Leonard (Fieldwork) and Dan Swift (Post-excavation).

2.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

- 2.1 'Bowries' is an early 18th century Grade II Listed (TQ 3215 20/300) house.
- 2.2 In January 2010, the house was the subject of an archaeological interpretative survey by ASE (Report No.2010004). This assessment was commissioned to assess the building's history, design and the degree of alteration that has occurred to the structure over time. The current house is of early 18th century date with later modifications.
- **2.3** The following is summarised from the *Ditchling Historic Character Assessment Report*.

Little prehistoric and Roman activity is known in the vicinity of Ditchling. A Lower Palaeolithic hand-axe was found in the churchyard (HER:TQ 31 NW53-ES1314) and Lodge Hill is a known Mesolithic site (HER: TQ 31 NW50-ES1312). A Roman road is located immediately north of the junction of Boddingtons Lane and High Street (HER: TQ 31 NW49 – ES1311). Other evidence of Roman period activity is provided by pottery sherds and coins (2nd to 3rd centuries) ploughed up in a local field, and a brooch resembling a pair of tweezers.

2.4 The foundation of the village of Ditchling is probably of Saxon date and may have been a royal manor. The Saxon core is believed to be around East End Lane. It appears in King Alfred's Will as *Diceling* ('people of Diccel') and its present nucleated plan, clustered around St Margaret's Church and the cross roads, suggests little major alteration in form since the middle ages. In the medieval and post-medieval periods the focus of development shifted to the High Street area away from East End Lane.

3.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL METHODOLOGY

3.1 The Ground Works

- 3.1.1. The ground works included the reduction of the ground level to the required formation level of the new build and the excavation of footing trenches for the proposed extension to the west of the existing dwelling (Figure 3).
- 3.1.2 The monitoring of associated service trenches was not required as they were to be excavated within the reduced area, which was monitored to undisturbed natural strata.
- 3.1.3 The objectives of the archaeological work were to monitor the excavation of new ground works in order to ensure that any features, artefacts or ecofacts of archaeological interest exposed and affected by the intrusive works were recorded and interpreted to appropriate standards. Particular attention was to be made to the extent, character, depth, condition, date and significance of the deposits.
- 3.1.4 Modern disturbances associated with service excavations were apparent in the area adjacent to the existing building (under the path).

3.2 Fieldwork Methodology

- 3.2.1 The complete adopted methodology may be found in the WSI (ASE 2010). This section is a brief précis of the detail within the WSI.
- 3.2.2 Machine excavation was undertaken by a small mechanical excavator fitted with a flat-bladed bucket to minimise damage to deposits. The topsoil/garden soil was removed in spits under the constant supervision of a monitoring archaeologist.
- 3.2.3 During the monitored excavations, all revealed deposits were examined for archaeological features and artefacts. The removed spoil was scanned for any stray, unstratified artefacts. The uncovered deposits were recorded according to accepted professional standards (IFA 2000 and 2001, EH 1991) using pro-forma context record sheets
- 3.2.4 A digital photographic record of the work was kept and forms part of the site archive.
- 3.2.5 The level of deposits has been approximated from the levels given on the ordnance survey template.

3.3 The Archive

3.3.1 The site archive is presently held at the Archaeology South-East offices in Portslade, East Sussex pending submission to a suitable local museum. The contents of the site archive are summarised below in Table 1.

Number of Contexts	2 contexts
Number of files/paper record	1 file
Plan and sections sheets	1 Plan
Photographs	10 digital images
Finds	1 small box

Table 1: Quantification of the site archive

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 The Groundwork

- 4.1.1 The reduced area measured approximately 9m north-south by 4.5m eastwest. The area was reduced by a maximum of 0.6m in the area of the lawn where there was an upward slope to the garden.
- 4.1.2 Following ground reduction, footing trenches were excavated with the reduced area. Other intrusive ground works included alterations to the existing services which were not monitored, because the area was previously disturbed.

4.2 Findings

4.2.1 Only two contexts were revealed during the intrusive ground works. These have been tabulated below (Table 2) and have been summarised in 4.2.2. Although some artefacts of archaeological significance were recovered from the garden soil for analysis and dating, no archaeological cut features were encountered during the works.

4.2.2

Context Number	Type	Description	Deposit Thickness (maximum)	Approximate Height m AOD
001	Deposit	Topsoil/Garden soil	0.6m	-
002	Deposit	Natural Geology	-	70.2

Table 2: List of recorded contexts

4.2.3 Summary of Contexts

Natural geology [002] comprising light brownish orange sandy clay with grey mottling was encountered at a minimum depth of 0.6m (c.70.2m AOD) and was overlain by dark grey silty garden soil [001]. The garden soil contained a variety of post-medieval finds (see section 5.0).

No further deposits were revealed during the works.

5.0 FINDS QUANTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT

5.1 A small assemblage of finds was recovered from the topsoil. This has been summarised below in Table 3.

Context	Pot	wt (g)	CBM	wt (g)	Bone	wt (g)	Stone	wt (g)	Glass	wt (g)
1	10	566	2	456	4	272	1	32	5	482

Table 3: Quantification of the finds

5.2 The Pottery by Elke Raemen

5.2.1 Pottery all ranges in date between the late 18th and early 20th century. Four glazed red earthenware fragments including a bowl rim were found, as well as pearlware sherds including a blue transfer printed serving dish fragment and a chamber pot base. A yellow ware bowl base, a creamware fragment and an English white porcelain ornamental vase base were recovered as well.

5.3 The Ceramic Building Material by Sarah Porteus

5.3.1 Two fragments of brick were recovered from context [001]. One fragment weighing 240g is part of a machine made frogged brick in a coarse chunky silt fabric with calcareous inclusions of probable 20th century date. The second brick fragment has a vitrified surface with sharp arises and a pinkish red fabric with moderate calcareous inclusions and coarse chunky silt with moderate medium sized iron inclusions of probable 18th or 19th century date. The material has been discarded.

5.4 Animal Bone by Lucy Sibun

5.4.1 Four fragments of bone were recovered from topsoil [001]. These comprised two sheep humeral fragments showing signs of carnivorous gnawing, a fragment of sheep scapula and a cattle femoral shaft. This fragment of proximal femur shaft had been sawn through at both ends.

5.5 Other Finds by Elke Raemen

- 5.5.1 The topsoil contained a total of five glass fragments, all dating to the late 19th-to early 20th- century. Included are fragments from a green glass beer bottle, a complete amber 4 oz Bovril bottle, and an aqua piece from a rectangular-sectioned bottle with concave front, embossed "SHORT & (...)".
- 5.5.2 In addition, a single piece of shale was recovered from the topsoil.

6.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

- No archaeological cut features were encountered during the archaeological watching brief. Therefore, no evidence of structures or burgage plots was uncovered during the ground works.
- A small scatter of unstratified finds of late 18th to early 20th century date was recovered from the garden soil during the ground works.
- Despite the site's proximity to a very large Mesolithic site no residual prehistoric flintwork was encountered during the ground works. The lack of flintwork and the limited overburden revealed at the site may suggest significant 18th century truncation during the construction of 'Bowries'.
- As such the archaeological watching brief has shown that since no archaeological features or stratified deposits were encountered within the area of the new extension, as such the archaeological resource has not been impacted by the intrusive ground works.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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INTERNET SOURCES

Web Source 1: Listed Buildings Online – http://lbonline.english-heritage.org.uk - accessed on 07-06-2010

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The co-operation and assistance of Greg Chuter (ESCC) for his advice and guidance during the project is greatly acknowledged. The author would also like to thank the contractors and the client.

APPENDIX

Listed Building Details - Web Source 1

Building Details: Details:

Building Name: LBS Number: 292850

BOWRIES 27 Grade: II

Date Listed: 20/08/1965 Parish: DITCHLING

District: LEWES **Date Delisted:**

County: EAST SUSSEX **NGR:** TQ3260115529

Postcode: BN6 8TF

Listing Text:

DITCHLING NORTH END

1.

5206 (west side) No 27 (Bowries) (formerly listed under

North Street)

TQ 3215 20/300 20.8.65.

II

2.

Early C17 timber-framed building, now tile-hung on a red

brick base. Tiled

roof. Casement windows. Two storeys. Three windows.

Listing NGR: TQ3260115529

SMR Summary Form

Site Code	NOB 10	NOB 10					
Identification Name and Address	"Bowries". 27 North End, Ditchling						
County, District and/or Borough	East Susse	East Sussex, BN6 8TF					
OS Grid Refs.	TQ32601	15529					
Geology	Lower Gree	ensand					
Arch. South-East Project Number	4417						
Type of Fieldwork	Eval.	Excav.	Watching Brief	Standing Structure	Survey	Other	
Type of Site	Green Field	Shallow Urban	Deep Urban	Other			
Dates of Fieldwork	Eval.	Excav.	WB. 2 nd June 2010	Other			
Sponsor/Client	Alan Phillips Architects						
Project Manager	Andy Leonard						
Project Supervisor	Kathy Grant						
Period Summary	Palaeo.	Meso.	Neo.	BA	IA	RB	
	None	None	None	None	None	None	
	AS	MED	PM	Other			
400.04	None	None		Late 18 th -early 19 th century Topsoil finds only			

100 Word Summary.

Archaeology South-East was commissioned by Alan Phillips Architects on behalf of their client to undertake an archaeological watching brief at The Bowries, 27 North End, Ditchling (NGR: TQ 32604, 15533) during an extension to a Grade II Listed 16th century residential property. The watching brief took place on 2nd June 2010.

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OASIS Form

OASIS ID: archaeol6-78086

Project details

Project name 'Bowries', 27 North End, Ditchling

Short description of the project

Archaeology South-East was commissioned by Alan Phillips Architects on behalf of their client to undertake an archaeological watching brief at The Bowries, 27 North End, Ditchling (NGR: TQ 32604, 15533) during an extension to a Grade II Listed 16th century residential property. The watching brief took place on 2nd June 2010. No archaeological features were

residential property. The watching brief took place on 2nd June 2010. No archaeological features were encountered during the ground works monitored in the watching brief. Several unstratified post-medieval artefacts were recovered from the garden soil at the site. Natural sandy clay geology was recorded at

approximately 70.2m AOD.

Project dates Start: 02-06-2010 End: 02-06-2010

Any associated project reference

codes

LW/09/1296 and 1297 - Planning Application No.

Any associated project reference

codes

NOB 10 - Sitecode

Type of project Recording project

Site status Listed Building

Current Land use Other 5 - Garden

Significant Finds POT Post Medieval

Significant Finds CBM Post Medieval

Investigation type 'Watching Brief'

Project location

Country England

Site location EAST SUSSEX LEWES DITCHLING 'Bowries', 27

North End, Ditchling

Postcode BN6 8TF

Site coordinates TQ 32601 15529 50.9233950117 -0.113131668216 50

55 24 N 000 06 47 W Point

Height OD / Depth Min: 7.20m Max: 7.20m

Project creators

Name of Organisation

Archaeology South East

Project brief originator

East Sussex County Council

Project

Andy Leonard

director/manager

Project supervisor Kathryn Grant

Type of

Architects

sponsor/funding

body

Alcillecis

Name of

sponsor/funding

body

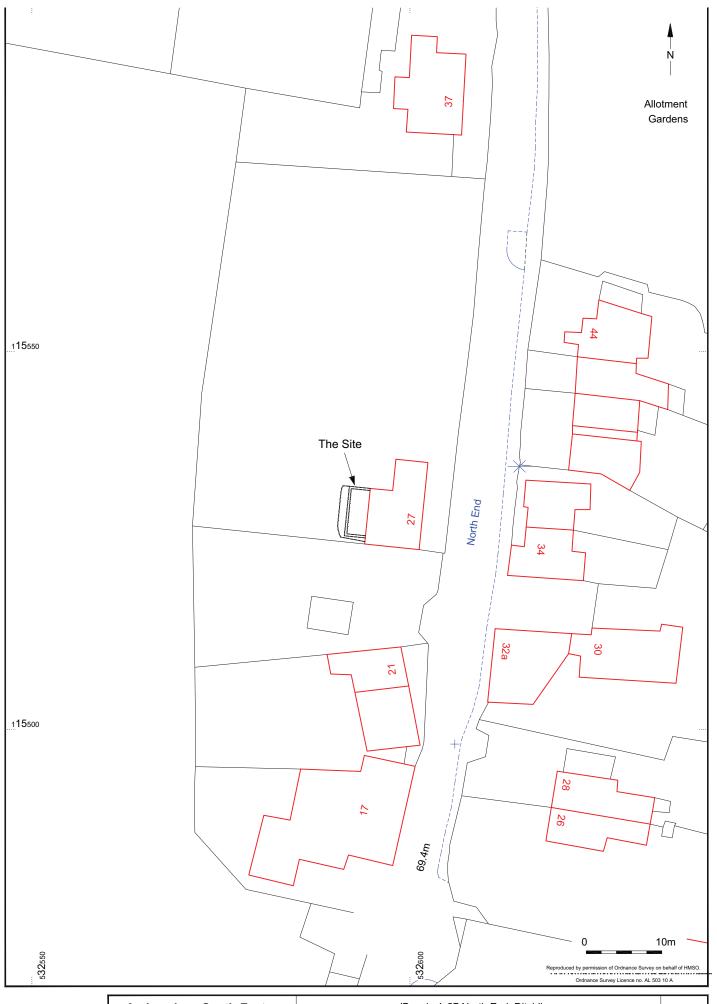
Alan Phillips Architects

Entered by Kathryn Grant (Kathryn.Grant@ucl.ac.uk)

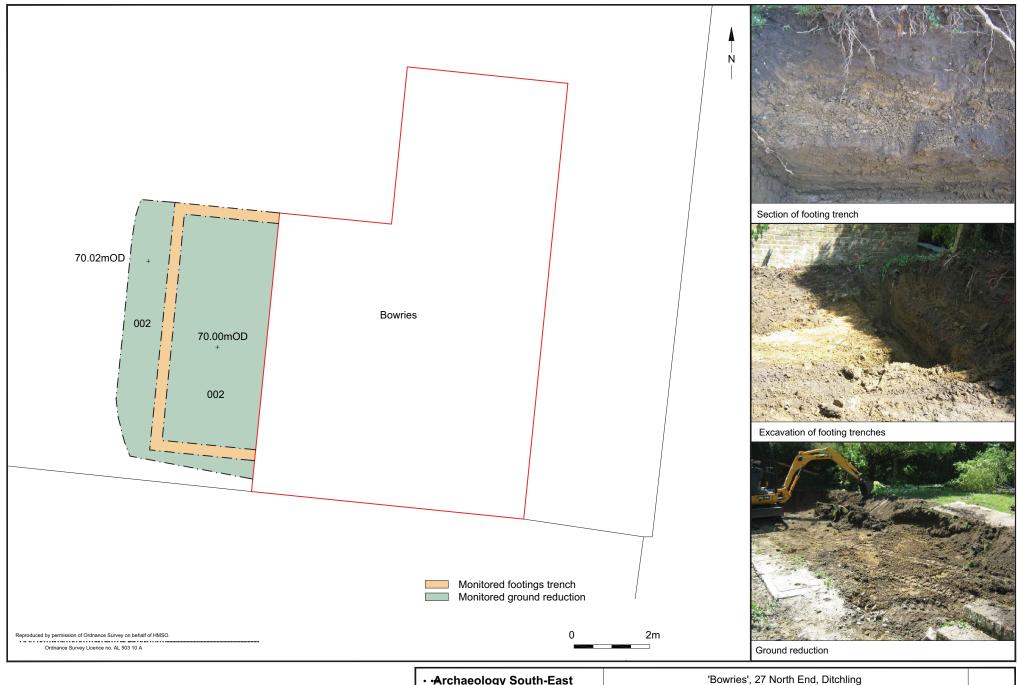
Entered on 7 June 2010



© Archaeology S	outh-East	'Bowries', 27 North End, Ditchling	Fig. 1
Project Ref: 4417	July 2010	Cita location	
Report Ref: 2010078	Drawn by: JLR	Site location	



· -Archaeology South-East		'Bowries', 27 North End, Ditchling	
Project Ref: 4417	June 2010	Site plan	
Report Ref: 2010078	Drawn by: JLR	Site plan	



••Archaeolog	y South-East	'Bowries', 27 North End, Ditchling	Fig. 3
Project Ref: 4417	June 2010	Site plan detail and photos	
Report Ref: 20100	78 Drawn by: JLR	Site plan detail and photos	

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