

An Archaeological Watching Brief at Land Near to Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex.

NGR:TQ 091 062

Project No. 4511 Site Code: FDP10

ASE Report No. 2010115 OASIS id:archaeol6-80639



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Abstract

An archaeological watching brief, commissioned by 4 Delivery Ltd., was undertaken during the excavation of one draw pit and two ducts running from existing valve chambers at the Southern Water Pumping Station near Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex (NGR: TQ 091 062). An area measuring approximately 2m² was reduced by 1.1m for the draw pit, with two 300mm wide ducts (extending to the south and south west) excavated to a depth of 900mm. These works were undertaken on the 4th August 2010.

The site, currently a Southern Water Pumping Station, consisted of 100mm of either humic topsoil or made ground tarmac onto 300mm of silt clay subsoil, overlying a chalk natural. No archaeological finds or features were recovered.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Archaeology South East (ASE), a division of University College London Field Archaeology Unit, was commissioned by 4 Delivery Ltd to conduct a watching brief during the excavation of one draw pit and two ducts at Land near to Long Furlong Lane, West Sussex (Fig 1, NGR: TQ 091 062).
- 1.2 The site lies within the South Downs National Park, the Sussex Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty and in an archaeologically sensitive area for prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post medieval remains. John Mills, Archaeologist, West Sussex County Council (WSCC) recommended that an archaeological watching brief be undertaken.
- 1.3 A Written Scheme of Investigation was produced by ASE (2010). This document outlined the methodologies to be used during monitoring at the site, and in the subsequent reporting and archiving of the results.
- 1.4 The areas of the development which were monitored are shown on Figure 2 and consisted of:
 - 1 new draw pit
 - 2 new ducts for sample lines
- 1.5 This document presents the results of a watching brief carried out at Land near to Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex. The field work was undertaken by Liane Peyre (Archaeologist). The project was managed by Jon Sygrave (Project Manager).
- 1.6 According to the British Geological Survey (Sheet 318/333) the underlying geology at the site consists of Head Deposits overlying Upper and Middle Chalk.

2.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The following information was produced in the WSI (with reference to Rudling, 2002 and 2003) and is reproduced here with all due acknowledgment.
- 2.2 Various prehistoric flint mines are known in the area, for instance at Church Hill to the south-west, and at Cissbury Ring, an Iron Age Hillfort to the south east of Patching. Numerous tumuli and an Iron Age settlement have also been identified in the vicinity.
- 2.3 Aerial photographs of the area reveal crop marks of field systems, enclosures and probable structures of prehistoric or Roman date. A Roman temple was excavated within Cissbury ring in 1908.
- 2.4 Metal detected finds have been recovered in the vicinity of the site, notably a copper alloy radiate of Carouseus (286-293 AD).
- 2.5 Additionally, the deserted medieval village of Muntham lies c. 1km to the north of the site.

3.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL METHODOLOGY

- 3.1 The objective of the archaeological monitoring was to ascertain whether archaeological remains were present in the areas under excavation, and if so to what extent any exposed features, artefacts or ecofacts would be affected by the groundworks. If any archaeological features were encountered then they would be recorded and interpreted to the appropriate standards.
- 3.2 The proposed works consisted of metal detecting the area to be excavated and surrounding grassed land, then monitoring the stripping of topsoil and the reduction of the underlying deposits to the required depth.
- 3.3 The machine was fitted with a flat bladed ditching bucket to minimise damage to deposits. A metal detector was used intermittently as each spit was removed. Due to the width of the duct trenches and the unshored edges of the draw pit it was not possible to enter the excavated area. All features and deposits were recorded using the standard context record sheets used by Archaeology South East.
- 3.4 A digital photographic record of the work was kept and will form part of the site archive. The site archive is currently held by Archaeology South-East at the offices in Portslade, and will be offered to a suitable local museum in due course. The archive consists of the following material:

Number of Contexts	3
No. of files/paper record	1 File
Plan and sections sheets	0
Bulk Samples	0
Photographs	10 digital colour photographs
Bulk finds	0
Registered finds	0
Environmental flots/residue	0

Table 1: Quantification of site archive

4.0 RESULTS (Fig 2)

- 4.1 The draw pit and ducts were located to the south of the main pumping station, straddling both a grassed wooded area and a tarmac car park. Two contexts were recorded in this area; the stratigraphic sequence was noted as follows:
 - Grassed humic topsoil (001) was encountered first. This deposit was a mid grey brown, loose, silt clay with moderate organic debris.
 - Underlying this was the natural geology (002), a mid yellow brown silt clay (head deposits) with moderate sub angular and sub rounded flint nodules (10 – 40mm) and blocky chalk fragments.
 - The natural was Upper and Middle Chalk.

4.2 List of recorded contexts

Context Number	Type	Description	Max. Depth (mm)
(001)	Layer	Topsoil	100
(002)	Layer	Subsoil	300
(003)	Layer	Natural	400 +
		Chalk	

Table 2: List of recorded contexts

4.3 Summary

The topsoil was heavily disturbed with rooting from adjacent trees. A metal detector sweep along the duct trenches and draw pit identified three metal objects but upon investigation these proved to be 20th century in origin (one kitchen knife, a tin can and some foil). The subsoil rendered no further finds or features.

5.0 THE FINDS

No archaeological finds were recovered.

6.0 THE ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES

No environmental samples were taken due to the lack of archaeological features or deposits.

7.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

7.1 The watching brief undertaken showed that there were no archaeological features present in the impacted area, nor any associated metalwork. The topsoil across the area proved to be disturbed due to the proximity of trees and animal burrows. The duct trenches and draw pit also rendered no evidence of metalwork or archaeological features.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

ASE 2010 'Land near to Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex, BN13: Archaeological Watching Brief Written Scheme of Investigation'.

Rudling D 2002 (ed) 'Downland settlement and use, the archaeology of the Brighton bypass.' London: Archetype in association with English Heritage

Rudling, D.(ed) 2003 'The Archaeology of Sussex to AD 2000' Kings Lynn, Norfolk : Heritage Marketing & Publications on behalf of The Centre of Continuing Education, University of Sussex

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Archaeology South East would like to thank John Mills (WSCC) for his assistance in this watching brief.

HER Sheet

Site Code	FDP10					
Identification Name and Address	Long Furling Road, Patching					
County, District &/or Borough	West Sussex					
OS Grid Refs.	TQ 091 06	TQ 091 062				
Geology	Head Deposits overlying Upper and Middle Chalk.					
Project number	4511					
Type of Fieldwork	Eval.	Excav.	Watching Brief ✓	Standing Structure	Survey	Other
Type of Site	Green Field ✓	Shallow Urban	Deep Urban	Other		
Dates of Fieldwork	Eval.	Excav.	WB. August 2010	Other		
Sponsor/Client	4 Delivery Ltd					
Project Manager	Jon Sygrave/Jim Stevenson					
Project Supervisor	Liane Peyre					
Period Summary	Palaeo.	Meso.	Neo.	BA	IA	RB
	AS	MED	PM	Other		

100 Word Summary.

An archaeological watching brief, commissioned by 4 Delivery Ltd., was undertaken during the excavation of one draw pit and two ducts running from existing valve chambers at the Southern Water Pumping Station near Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex An area measuring approximately $2m^2$ was reduced by 1.1m for the draw pit, with two 300mm wide ducts (extending to the south and south west) excavated to a depth of 900mm. These works were undertaken on the 4^{th} August 2010.

No archaeological finds or features were recovered

OASIS Form

Project name Land near to Long Furlong Road, Patching, West Sussex.

Short description of the project

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken during the excavation of one draw pit and two ducts near Long Furlong Lane, Patching, West Sussex (NGR: TQ 091 062). An area measuring approximately $2m^2$ was reduced to 1.1m for the draw pit, with two 300mm wide ducts (extending to the south and south west) excavated to a depth of 900mm. These works were undertaken on the 4th August 2010. The site, currently a Southern Water Pumping Station, consisted of 100mm of either humic topsoil or made ground tarmac onto 300mm of silt clay subsoil, overlying a chalk natural.

No archaeological finds or features were recovered

Project dates Start: 04-08-2010 End: 04-08-2010

Previous/future

work

No / No

Type of project Field evaluation

Site status Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)

Current Land use Grassland Heathland 3 - Disturbed

Monument type NONE None

Monument type NONE None

Significant Finds NONE None

Significant Finds NONE None

Methods & techniques

'Visual Inspection'

Development type Service infrastructure (e.g. sewage works, reservoir, pumping

station, etc.)

Prompt Routine investigation

Position in the planning process

Not known / Not recorded

Project location

Country England

Site location WEST SUSSEX WORTHING WORTHING Land near to Long

Furlong Road, Patching, West Sussex

Postcode BN13 3

Study area 10.00 Square metres

Site coordinates TQ 091 062 50.8444581892 -0.450183785739 50 50 40 N 000 27

00 W Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation

Archaeology South-East

Project brief originator

4 Development Ltd

Project design originator

west sussex county council

Project

director/manager

Jon Sygrave

Project supervisor Liane Peyre

Type of sponsor/funding

4D Ltd

body

Project archives

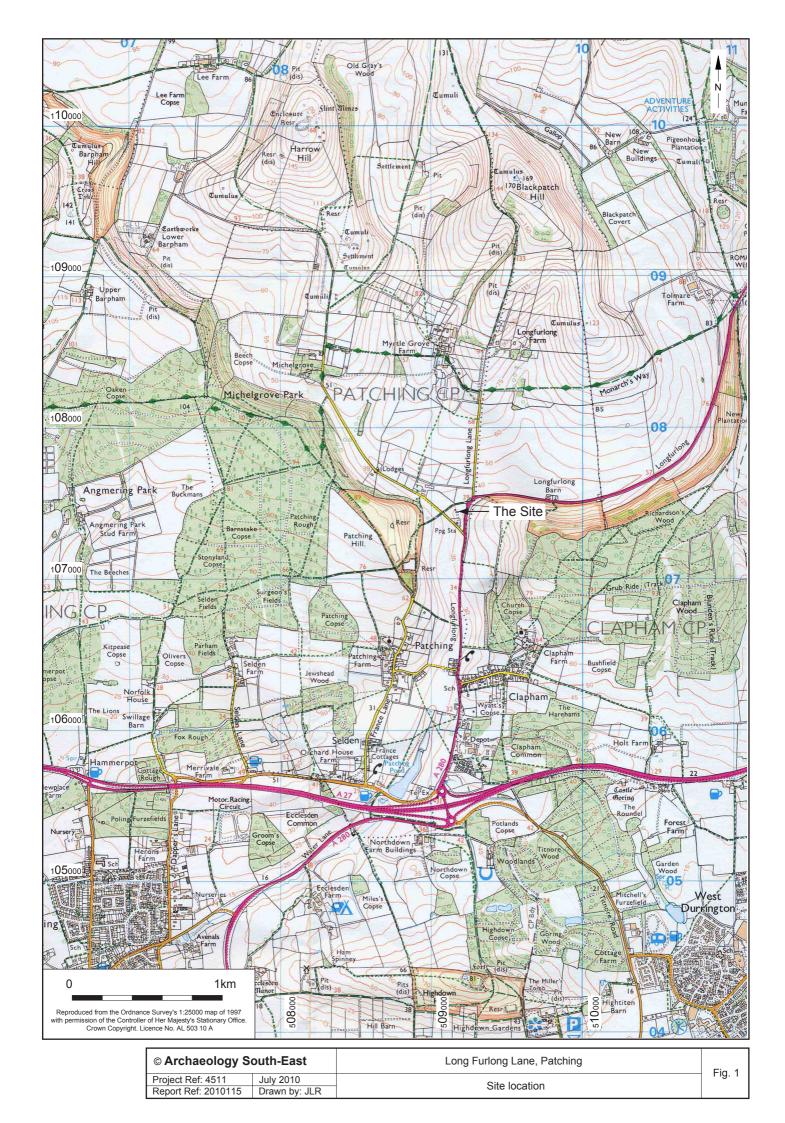
Physical Archive

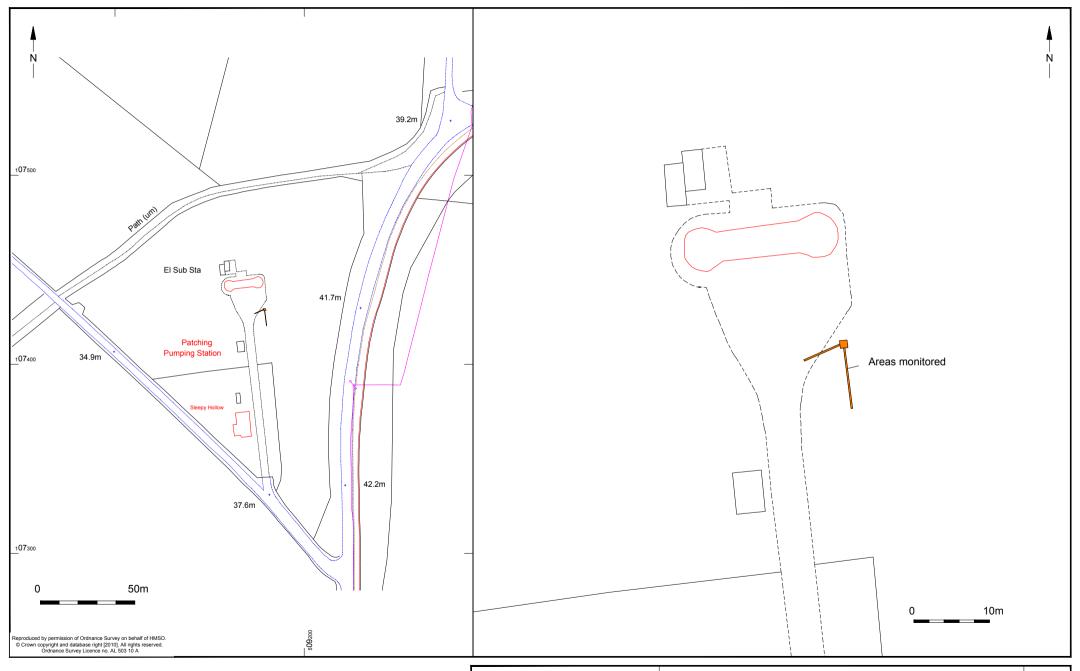
Exists?

No

Entered by Liane Peyre (I.peyre@ucl.ac.uk)

Entered on 5 August 2010





© Archaeology South-East		Long Furlong Lane, Patching	Fig. 2
Project Ref: 4511	Sept 2010	Araga manitarad	
Report Ref: 2010115	Drawn by: JLR	Areas monitored	

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