ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS LTD

LAND EAST OF CAMBRIDGE ROAD, PUCKERIDGE, HERTFORDSHIRE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRIAL TRENCH EVALUATION

Authors: Thomas Muir (Fieldwor	k and report)
NGR: TL 38403 22880	Report No: 5165
District: East Hertfordshire	Site Code: AS1821
Approved: Claire Halpin MClfA	Project No: 6659
Signed:	Date: 13 July 2016

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OASIS SUMMARY SHEET

Project details	
Project name	Land East of Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire

In July 2016, Archaeological Solutions Ltd carried out an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land east of Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 3840 2285). The evaluation was commissioned in compliance with a planning condition on appeal approval requiring a programme of archaeological work (EHDC Planning Ref. 3/14/1627/OP; Appeal APP/J1915/W/15/3016566) based on the advice of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT).

Not all the trenches contained features. The features were located northern (Trenches 2-5) and south-eastern sectors of the site, and between one and three features were recorded within the trenches.

Trench 2 contained the two recorded pits (F1008 and F1010) but neither contained any finds. F1012, within Trench 2, was an irregular linear which also contained no finds. F1006 (Trench 4) was possibly a natural feature. All the remaining features were undated ditches. The latter are not present on the OS maps and it is probable that they predate 1878 when the OS first surveyed the site.

Ditch F1004 (Trench 4) contained a struck flint. The latter was not diagnostic and may have origins at any point in the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods. Ditch F1018 (Trench 10) contained two fragments of abraded Roman CBM. The latter was likely derived from a box flue tile though a fragment of tegula roof tile cannot be discounted.

Project dates (fieldwork)	4 – 11 July 2	2016				
Previous work (Y/N/?)	N	Future	e work	TBC		
P. number	6659	Site c		AS182	1	
Type of project	Trial Trench	Evaluati	on			
Site status	-					
Current land use	Agricultural					
Planned development	Residential					
Main features (+dates)	Undated pits	and dit	ches.			
Significant finds (+dates)	-					
Project location						
County/ District/ Parish	Hertfordshire	Э	East Hertfo	rdshire	Standon	
HER/ SMR for area	Hertfordshire	e Histori	c Environmer	nt Record		
Post code (if known)	-					
Area of site	1.8ha					
NGR	TL 38403 22	2880				
Height AOD (max/ min)	c.76-79m AOD					
Project creators						
Brief issued by	Hertfordshire	e County	/ Council Hist	oric Environm	ent Advisory Team	
Project supervisor/s	Z Pozorski,	T Muir				
Funded by	Mears New	Homes				
Full title	Land East c	of Camb	ridge Road, I	Puckeridge, H	ertfordshire. Archaed	ological
	Trial Trench	Evaluati	on	_		
Authors	Muir, T.					
Report no.	5165					
Date (of report)	July 2016					

LAND EAST OF CAMBRIDGE ROAD, PUCKERIDGE, HERTFORDSHIRE

AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRIAL TRENCH EVALUATION

SUMMARY

In July 2016, Archaeological Solutions Ltd carried out an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land east of Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 3840 2285). The evaluation was commissioned in compliance with a planning condition on appeal approval requiring a programme of archaeological work (EHDC Planning Ref. 3/14/1627/OP; Appeal APP/J1915/W/15/3016566), based on the advice of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT).

The site lies adjacent to Area of Archaeological Significance 94, designated on the EHDC Local Plan, which includes the medieval village of Puckeridge and nationally important preceding late Iron Age/Romano-British settlements at Braughing/Puckeridge.

The line of the Roman road of Ermine Street is immediately adjacent to the site, increasing the potential for roadside remains. Investigations by AS to the immediate north at the Buffalo's Head recorded evidence of Iron Age occupation (HER 12814).

Not all the trenches contained features. The features were located northern (Trenches 2-5) and south-eastern sectors of the site, and between one and three features were recorded within the trenches.

Trench 2 contained the two recorded pits (F1008 and F1010) but neither contained any finds. F1012, within Trench 2, was an irregular linear which also contained no finds. F1006 (Trench 4) was possibly a natural feature. All the remaining features were undated ditches. The latter are not present on the OS maps and it is probable that they predate 1878 when the OS first surveyed the site.

Ditch F1004 (Trench 4) contained a struck flint. The latter was not diagnostic and may have origins at any point in the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods. Ditch F1018 (Trench 10) contained two fragments of abraded Roman CBM. The latter was likely derived from a box flue tile though a fragment of tegula roof tile cannot be discounted.

1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In July 2016, Archaeological Solutions Ltd carried out an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land east of Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 38403 22880; Figs. 1 2). The evaluation was commissioned in compliance with a planning condition attached to a planning appeal approval for the construction of a residential development (EHDC Planning Ref. 3/14/1627/OP; Appeal APP/J1915/W/15/3016566), based on the advice of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT) (Fig.6).
- 1.3 The evaluation was undertaken in accordance to requirements of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Unit (HCC HEU) and a written scheme of investigation (specification) prepared by AS (dated 31/03/2016) and approved by HCC HEU. The project conformed to the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) Code of Conduct and Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation (2014), and the document Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England (Gurney 2003).
- 1.3 A magnetic gradiometer survey required as the initial stage proved not to be possible due to vegetation conditions on the site, and therefore the sampling strategy for the trial trenching was increased from 5% to 6%.

Objectives

1.4 The evaluation aimed to determine the location, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any surviving archaeological remains liable to be threatened by the proposed development. In particular, it aimed to establish the presence or absence of any remains relating to the area of prehistoric and Roman occupation. It was also important to understand the level of truncation

Planning policy context

- 1.5 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF 2012) states that those parts of the historic environment that have significance because of their historic, archaeological, architectural or artistic interest are heritage assets. The NPPF aims to deliver sustainable development by ensuring that policies and decisions that concern the historic environment recognise that heritage assets are a non-renewable resource, take account of the wider social, cultural, economic and environmental benefits of heritage conservation, and recognise that intelligently managed change may sometimes be necessary if heritage assets are to be maintained for the long term. The NPPF requires applications to describe the significance of any heritage asset, including its setting that may be affected in proportion to the asset's importance and the potential impact of the proposal.
- 1.6 The NPPF aims to conserve England's heritage assets in a manner appropriate to their significance, with substantial harm to designated heritage

assets (i.e. listed buildings, scheduled monuments) only permitted in exceptional circumstances when the public benefit of a proposal outweighs the conservation of the asset. The effect of proposals on non-designated heritage assets must be balanced against the scale of loss and significance of the asset, but non-designated heritage assets of demonstrably equivalent significance may be considered subject to the same policies as those that are designated. The NPPF states that opportunities to capture evidence from the historic environment, to record and advance the understanding of heritage assets and to make this publicly available is a requirement of development management. This opportunity should be taken in a manner proportionate to the significance of a heritage asset and to impact of the proposal, particularly where a heritage asset is to be lost.

2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE

2.1 The site is located to the south west of the modern village of Puckeridge, on the eastern side of Cambridge Road. It comprises open land, and the field extends to some 1.8ha, On its eastern edge, the site borders a small tributary of the River Rib, which is located approximately 1km to the east.

3 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOPLOGY AND SOILS

- 3.1 The village is located on fairly low lying ground between the River Nid to the east and two tributary streams running towards it. The site lies at between 76 and 79m AOD. The solid geology is Seaford Chalk Formation with overlying chalky till. The covering soils are part of the Melford association characterised as deep well-drained loamy over clayey deposits (Soil Survey of England and Wales 1983).
- 3.2 The site was visited in May and found to be overgrown with knee length and above vegetation including grasses, saplings and trees, which prevented a geophysical survey from being carried out (Summers 2016).

4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

- 4.1 Early prehistoric finds are scarce in the Puckeridge area, although it is likely that the course of the river Rib was exploited from the Palaeolithic period onwards. Mesolithic flints and Neolithic arrowhweads have been found in proximity to the river (HER 606, HER 2112). Late Iron Age pottery was recovered from a ditch immediately north of the site, during the archaeological evaluation of the Buffalo's Head car park by Archaeological Solutions (HER 12814).
- 4.2 The site lies close to the line of Roman Ermine Street (Buntingford Road), a major road running from London to York which passed through the late Iron Age and Romano-British settlement of Braughing/Puckeridge (HER

- 2281, HER 9271, HER 1903). The town is a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM 75, AAS 94) centred on Wickham Hill to the north OF Puckeridge. Major Iron Age and Roman cemeteries are also known from the area (HER 4219, 17559), while Stane Street (the modern B1368) was another important Roman road in the area. Roman finds from Puckeridge include a rounded rectangular sheet of lead with cursive writing inscriptions, as well as a complete Samian dish. The evaluation at the former Buffalo's Head also revealed that the aforementioned Iron Age ditch ran parallel to Ermine Street.
- 4.3 Although Anglo-Saxon remains are generally scarce in Hertfordshire, it has been suggested that settlement at Puckeridge continued into the 5th century. Part of an Anglo-Saxon brooch was found on the 'Poor's Land' less to the north-east of the site (HER 9244).
- 4.4 Puckeridge is not mentioned in the Domesday survey of 1086, but it is likely that a settlement was in existence during the late 11th 12th centuries. The village developed rapidly in the 13th century and in 1314, an annual market and fair were granted. The Black Death in the mid 14th century had a significant impact but the village quickly recovered and continued to thrive due to its location on a coaching route between London and Cambridge. However, medieval finds from the area surrounding the site are essentially limited to metal detector finds from the Poor's Lands (HER 9246), and No. 52 High Street, which is a late medieval urban Wealden house (HER 12274).
- 4.5 Roman Ermine Street had developed as a significant coaching route by the post-medieval period, and by the 17th century, many inns lay along the course of the High Street as depicted by Dury & Andrews in 1766, including the former Buffalo's Head (HER 30523), and Nos. 54 60 High Street (HER 30521). Post-medieval features comprising two pits and a ditch were recorded during the evaluation of the caravan site (HER 9870).

5 METHOD OF WORK

- 5.1 A magnetic gradiometer survey proved not to be possible due to vegetation conditions on the site, and therefore the sampling strategy for the trial trenching was increased from 5% to 6%, on advice from HCC. Fifteen trenches were excavated (Fig.2).
- 5.2 The topsoil was mechanically excavated under close archaeological supervision. Exposed surfaces were cleaned by hand and examined for archaeological features. Deposits were recorded using *pro forma* recording sheets, drawn to scale, and photographed as appropriate. Excavated spoil was searched for finds and the trenches were scanned by a metal detector.

6 DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS

6.1 The individual trench descriptions are presented below:

Trench 1 (Fig. 2)

Northeast end, r	Sample section 1A Northeast end, northwest facing 0.00 = 73.80m AOD		
0.00 – 0.15m	L1000	Topsoil. Friable, mid grey brown sandy silt with frequent roots.	
0.15 – 0.67m	L1001	Subsoil. Compact, dark-mid grey brown sandy silt with frequent small stones and flints, occasional CBM fragments.	
0.67m+	L1002	Natural deposits. Friable, dark and light grey sand and gravel.	

Sample section	1B			
Southwest end,	Southwest end, southeast facing			
0.00 = 73.40m	AOD			
0.00 – 0.28m	L1000	Topsoil. As above		
0.28 – 0.72m	L1001	Subsoil. As above.		
0.72m+	L1003	Natural deposits. Compact, mid brownish grey and brown gravel and silt.		

Description: Trench 1 contained no archaeological finds or features.

Trench 2 (Figs. 2 & 3)

Sample section Northeast end, I 0.00 = 74.85m A	northwest	facing
0.00 – 0.37m	L1000	Topsoil. As Above, Trench 1A
0.37 – 0.54m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A
0.54m+	L1003	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1B

Sample section	2B	
Southwest end,	southeast	
0.00 = 75.25m A	IOD	
0.00 – 0.33m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A
0.33 – 0.61m	L1016	Subsoil. Firm, mid orange brown clay silt.
0.61m +	L1017	Natural deposits. Compact, pale yellow brown silt.

Description: Trench 2 contained a two undated Pits F1008 and F1010, and an undated irregular linear feature, F1012.

Pit F1008 was a sub circular $(2.80 \times 0.96 + \times 0.18m)$ with steep sides and a flattish base. Its fill (L1009) was a compact, pale-mid brown sandy silt. It contained no finds.

Pit F1010 was sub-circular (1.00+ x 0.50+ x 0.38m) with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1011) was a friable, orange brown silt with frequent rounded and sub-rounded gravel. It contained no finds.

F1012 was an irregular linear feature $(1.00+ x\ 0.66\ x\ 0.39m)$, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1013) was a friable, orange brown silt with frequent rounded and sub-rounded gravel. It contained no finds.

Trench 3 (Figs. 2 & 3)

Sample section 3	Sample section 3A			
Northwest end, southwest facing				
0.00 = 76.70m A	OD			
0.00 – 0.30m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.30 – 0.51m	L1016	Subsoil. As above, Trench 2B		
0.51m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Sample section	Sample section 3B			
Southeast end, northeast facing				
0.00 = 74.56m A	AOD			
0.00 – 0.21m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.21 – 0.55m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.55m+	L1003	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1B		

Description: Trench 3 contained undated Ditch F1014.

Ditch F1014 was linear (1.80+ \times 1.30 \times 0.11m), orientated northeast / southwest, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It fill (L1015) was a firm, mid grey orange clay silt. It contained no finds.

Trench 4 (Figs. 2 & 3)

Sample section Northeast end, I 0.00 = 74.06m A	northwest	facing
0.00 – 0.36m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A
0.36 - 0.53m+	L1005	Fill of F1004. Compact, pale yellow brown sandy silt with
		moderate small stones.

Sample section 4	Sample section 4B			
Souhtwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 74.86m A	OD			
0.00 – 0.30m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.30 – 0.51m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.51m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Description: Trench 4 contained Ditch F1004 and an undated curvilinear feature, F1006, of possible natural origin.

Ditch F1004 was linear (8.00+ x 1.80+ x 0.72+m), orientated N / S, with a

moderate sloping northwest side. The base was not reached. Its fill (L1005) was a compact, pale yellow brown sandy silt, with moderate small stones. It contained a struck flint (9g).

F1006 was a curvilinear feature (6.00+ x 0.60+ x 0.26m) of possible natural origin. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1007) was a compact, pale yellow brown sandy silt that contained no finds.

Trench 5 (Figs. 2 & 3)

Sample section	Sample section 5A			
Northwest end, southwest end				
0.00 = 76.80 m	4 <i>OD</i>			
0.00- 0.16m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.16 – 0.45m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.45m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Sample section	Sample section 5B			
Southeast end, northeast end				
0.00 = 74.03m AOD				
0.00 – 0.17m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.17 – 0.38m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.38m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Description: Trench 5 contained undated Ditch F1022.

Ditch F1022 was linear (1.00+ \times 2.45 \times 0.30m), orientated NE / SW, with moderately sloping sides and an uneven base. Its lower fill (L1023) was a friable, mid brown silt with occasional sub-angular flints and rounded chalk. Its upper fill (L1026) was a friable, pale brown silt with frequent chalk flecks and occasional flint. Neither fill contained any finds.

Trench 6 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 6A			
Northeast end, northwest facing				
0.00 = 76.12m AOD				
0.00 – 0.25m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.25 – 0.58m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.58m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Sample section	Sample section 6B			
Southwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 77.89m AOD				
0.00 – 0.20m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.20 – 0.49m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.49m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Description: Trench 6 contained no archaeological features or finds.

Trench 7 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 7A			
Northeast end, northwest facing				
0.00 = 77.10m AOD				
0.00 - 0.21m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.21- 0.43m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.43m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Sample section	Sample section 7B			
Southwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 79.20 m AOD				
0.00 – 0.17m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.17 – 0.40m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.40m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Description: Trench 7 contained no archaeological features or finds.

Trench 8 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 8A			
Northwest end, southwest facing				
0.00 = 79.81 m AOD				
0.00 – 0.11m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.11 – 0.29m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.29m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Sample section 8	Sample section 8B			
Southeast end, northeast facing				
0.00 = 76.98m AOD				
0.00 – 0.25m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.25 – 0.51m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.51m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Description: Trench 8 contained no archaeological features or finds

Trench 9 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 9A			
Northeast end northwest facing				
0.00 = 75.71m AOD				
0.00 – 0.16m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.16 – 0.40m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.40m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Sample section 9	Sample section 9B			
Southwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 75.24m AOD				
0.00 – 0.31m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.31 – 0.64m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.64m+	L1003	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1B		

Description: Trench 9 contained no archaeological features or finds.

Trench 10 (Figs. 2 & 3)

Sample section	Sample section 10A			
Northwest end, southwest facing				
0.00 = 77.62m AOD				
0.00 - 0.22m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.22- 0.56m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.56m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Sample section	Sample section 10B			
Southeast end, northeast facing				
0.00 = 75.40 m AOD				
0.00 – 0.14m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.14 – 0.41m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.41m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Description: Trench 10 contained undated Ditches F1018 and F1020.

Ditch F1018 was linear (1.80 x 1.60 x 0.31m), orientated northeast / southwest, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1019) was a compact, mid brown sandy silt, with moderate small stones. It contained two fragments of highly abraded Roman CBM (55g).

Ditch F1020 was linear (1.80+ \times 0.53 \times 0.11m), orientated northeast / southwest, with gently sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1021) was a firm, pale-mid brown sandy silt, with frequent small stones. It contained no finds.

Trench 11 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 11A			
East northeast end, west northwest facing				
0.00 = 78.63m AOD				
0.00 – 0.20m	L1000	Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.20 – 0.41m	L1001	Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A		
0.41m+	L1002	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A		

Sample section 11B				
West southwest end, east southeast end				
0.00 = 80.35m AOD				
0.00 – 0.25m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.25m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B		

Description: Trench 11 contained no archaeological features or finds.

Trench 12 (Fig. 2)

Sample section Northwest end, s 0.00 = 80.64m A	southwest	end			
0.00 – 0.25m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A					
0.25m+	L1017	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B			

Sample section	Sample section 12B				
Southeast end,	Southeast end, northeast facing				
0.00 = 78.01 m AOD					
0.00 – 0.23m	3m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.23 – 0.56m	0.56m L1001 Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.56m+	L1003	Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1B			

Description: Trench 12 contained no archaeological features or finds

Trench 13 (Figs. 2 & 5)

Sample section	Sample section 13A				
Northeast end, northwest facing					
0.00 = 76.73m AOD					
0.00 – 0.23m	L1000	L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A			
0.23 – 0.53m	23 – 0.53m L1001 Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.53m+	3m+ L1002 Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A				

Sample section	Sample section 13B				
Southwest end,	Southwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 77.30 m AOD					
0.00 – 0.19m	m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.19 – 0.43m	0.19 – 0.43m L1001 Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.43m+	0.43m+ L1002 Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A				

Description: Trench 13 contained undated Ditch F1024.

Ditch F1024 was linear (8.80+ x 1.70+ x 0.25m), orientate northeast / southwest, with gently sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (L1025) was a firm, mid brownish grey silty clay, with moderate small sub-rounded flints. It contained no finds.

Trench 14 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 14A				
Northwest end,	Northwest end, southwest facing				
0.00 = 78.02m	0.00 = 78.02m AOD				
0.00 – 0.25m	0.00 - 0.25m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.25 – 0.59m	.25 – 0.59m L1001 Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.59m+	L1017	latural deposits. As above, Trench 2B			

Sample section	Sample section 14B				
Southeast end, northeast facing					
0.00 = 76.75m A	0.00 = 76.75m AOD				
0.00 – 0.22m	L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.22 – 0.45m	.22 – 0.45m L1001 Subsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.45m+	L1002	02 Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1A			

Description: Trench 14 contained no archaeological features or finds

Trench 15 (Fig. 2)

Sample section	Sample section 15A				
Northeast end, n	Northeast end, northwest facing				
0.00 = 79.81m A	0.00 = 79.81 m AOD				
0.00 - 0.27m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A					
0.27m+	L1003 Natural deposits. As above, Trench 1B				

Sample section	Sample section 15B				
Southwest end, s	Southwest end, southeast facing				
0.00 = 79.40 m AOD					
0.00 – 0.19m	m L1000 Topsoil. As above, Trench 1A				
0.19 – 0.32m L1016 Subsoil. As above, Trench 2B					
0.32m+ L1017 Natural deposits. As above, Trench 2B					

Description: Trench 15 contained no archaeological features or finds

7 CONFIDENCE RATING

7.1 Within the areas of the site examined, it is not felt that any factors inhibited the recognition of archaeological features or finds.

8 DEPOSIT MODEL

8.1 Uppermost Topsoil L1000 was a friable, mid grey brown sandy silt, with frequent roots (0.11-0.37 m thick). It overlay Subsoil L1001, a compact, dark-mid grey brown sandy silt, with frequent small stones and flints, occasional CBM fragments (0.17-0.52 m thick), which was present across

most of the site excepting Trenches 2B and 15B. Here the Subsoil L1016 comprised a firm, mid orange brown clay silt (0.13 - 0.23m thick).

8.2 The natural geology (L1002) comprises friable, dark and light grey sand and gravel with areas of (L1017) compact, pale yellow brown silt (0.25 - 0.72m) below the present day ground surface).

9 DISCUSSION

9.1 The recorded features are tabulated:

Trench	Context	Description	Date
2	F1008	Pit	-
	F1010	Pit	-
	F1012	Irregular linear	-
3	F1014	Ditch	-
4	F1004	Ditch	-
	F1006	Possibly natural	-
5	F1022	Ditch	-
10	F1018	Ditch	-
	F1020	Ditch -	
13	F1024	Ditch	-

- 9.2 The site lies adjacent to Area of Archaeological Significance 94, designated on the EHDC Local Plan, which includes the medieval village of Puckeridge and nationally important preceding late Iron Age/Romano-British settlements at Braughing/Puckeridge.
- 9.3 The line of the Roman road of Ermine Street is immediately adjacent to the site, increasing the potential for roadside remains. Investigations by AS to the immediate north at the Buffalo's Head recorded evidence of Iron Age occupation (HER 12814).
- 9.4 Not all the trenches contained features. The features were located northern (Trenches 2-5) and south-eastern (Trenches 9-13) sectors of the site, and between one and three features were recorded within the trenches.
- 9.5 Trench 2 contained the two recorded pits (F1008 and F1010) but neither contained any finds. F1012, within Trench 2, was an irregular linear which also contained no finds. F1006 (Trench 4) was possibly a natural feature. All the remaining features were undated ditches. Ditches F1018 and F1020 (Trench 10) and Ditch F1022 (Trench 5) had a common alignment (NE/SW), and likewise Ditch F1014 (Trench 3) and Ditch F1024 (Trench 13) (NNE/SSW).
- 9.6 The 1883, 1899, 1925 and 1950 six inch (scale 1:10560) Ordnance Survey maps show no ditches or other features present on the site, nor do the features appear to align with surrounding field boundaries. This suggests that

the ditches excavated during the archaeological evaluation pre-date 1878 when the site was first surveyed (OS maps XXII 1883 and 1999 & XXII.NW 1925 and 1950).

9.7 Ditch F1004 (Trench 4) contained a struck flint. The latter was not diagnostic and may have origins at any point in the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods. Ditch F1018 (Trench 10) contained two fragments of abraded Roman CBM. The latter was likely derived from a box flue tile though a fragment of tegula roof tile cannot be discounted.

10 DEPOSITION OF THE ARCHIVE

10.1 Archive records, with inventory, will be deposited at Hertford Museum in accordance with their requirements. The archive will be quantified, ordered, indexed, cross-referenced and checked for internal consistency. In addition to the overall site summary, it will be necessary to produce a summary of the artefactual and ecofactual data.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Archaeological Solutions Limited would like to thank the client, Mears New Homes, for funding the project and for their assistance.

AS is pleased to acknowledge the advice and input of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT).

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APPENDIX 1 Concordance of Finds
AS1821, P6659, Land East of Cambridge Rd, Puckeridge, Herts

Ţ.					
Ò	(g)	9g			
	Qty	1			
Other Material		S.Flint			
Pot Pottery CBM A.Bone	(B)				
CBM	(g)		55g		
Pottery	(g)				
Pot	Qty				
Spot Date	(Pot Only)				
Feature Context Segment Trench Description		Fill of Ditch	Fill of Ditch		
Trench		7	10		
Segment					
Context		1005	1019		
Feature		1004	1018		

APPENDIX 2 SPECIALIST REPORTS

The Struck Flint Andrew Peachey MCIfA

Ditch F1004 contained an un-corticated debitage flake (9g) of dark grey flint, in an un-patinated condition. The flake has a broad platform, rippled ventral face, and dorsal scars that suggest it was produced as part of systematic reduction by the removal of similar flakes; however this flake is not particularly diagnostic and may have origins at any point in the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods.

The Ceramic Building Materials

Andrew Peachey MCIfA

Ditch F1018 contained two fragments (55g) of highly abraded Roman CBM. The CBM was manufactured in an orange fabric with inclusions of common quartz sparse, sparse red iron rich grains (both 0.25-0.5mm), and occasional flint (<3mm). The CBM is comprised of 10mm thick flat tile, most likely part of an un-keyed side of a box flue tile, although the body of a thin tegula roof tile cannot be discounted.

APPENDIX 3 CONTENTS OF THE ARCHIVE

Records	Number
Brief	N
Specification	Υ
Registers	4 (Context, Photo, Digital Photo,
	Drawing)
Context Sheets	20
Site drawings A1	0
Site drawings A3	1
Site drawings A4	0
Site photographs b/w	8
Site photographs colour slides	8
Digital Photographs	20

APPENDIX 4 HER SUMMARY SHEET

Site name and address:	Cambridge Road, Puckeridge
County: Herts	District: East Herts
Village/Town:	Parish: Standon
Planning application	East Herts DC Planning Refs. 3/14/1627/OP; Appeal
reference:	APP/J1915/W/15/3016566)
Client name/address/tel:	AFF/31913/W/13/3010300)
Nature of application:	Residential
Present land use:	Agricultural
Size of application area:	Size of area investigated
1.8ha	1080m2
	TL 38403 22880
NGR (8 figures): Site Code:	AS 1821
Site Code.	
	Archaeological Solutions Ltd
director/Organization Type of work:	Trial trench evaluation
Date of work:	4 – 11 July
Location of	Hertford
finds/Curating museum:	Hertiora
Related HER Nos:	Periods represented: prehistoric and Roman
Relevant previous	Periods represented. premistoric and Norman
summaries/reports: -	
Summary of fieldwork	In July 2016, Archaeological Solutions Ltd carried out an archaeological
results:	trial trench evaluation on land east of Cambridge Road, Puckeridge,
results.	Hertfordshire (NGR TL 3840 2285). The evaluation was commissioned to
	inform and support a planning application for a proposed residential
	development, based on the advice of Hertfordshire County Council
	Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT).
	Not all the trenches contained features. The features were located
	northern (Trenches 2 - 5) and south-eastern sectors of the site, and
	between one and three features were recorded within the trenches.
	Trench 2 contained the two recorded pits (F1008 and F1010) but neither contained any finds. F1012, within Trench 2, was an irregular linear which
	also contained no finds. F1012, within the fich 2, was all integrial linear which also contained no finds. F1006 (Trench 4) was possibly a natural feature.
	All the remaining features were undated ditches. The latter are not
	present on the OS maps and it is probable that they predate 1878 when
	the OS first surveyed the site.
	Ditch F1004 (Trench 4) contained a struck flint. The latter was not
	diagnostic and may have origins at any point in the Mesolithic to Bronze
	Age periods. Ditch F1018 (Trench 10) contained two fragments of
	abraded Roman CBM. The latter was likely derived from a box flue tile,
	though a fragment of tegula roof tile cannot be discounted.
Author of summary:	Date of Summary:
Thomas Muir	July 2016
THOMAS WILL	July 2010

PHOTOGRAPHIC INDEX



F1007 in Trench 2 looking north-west



F1010 in Trench 2 looking south-east



F1012 in Trench 2 looking south-east



Post-excavation view of Trench 2 looking north-east



F1014 in Trench 3 looking north-east



Sample Section 3A in Trench 3 looking north-east



7 Post-excavation view of Trench 3 looking south-east



F1004 in Trench 4 looking north-west



F1006 in Trench 4 looking south-west



Sample section 8A in Trench 8 looking north-west



F1018 in Trench 10 looking south-west



F1020 in Trench 10 looking south-west



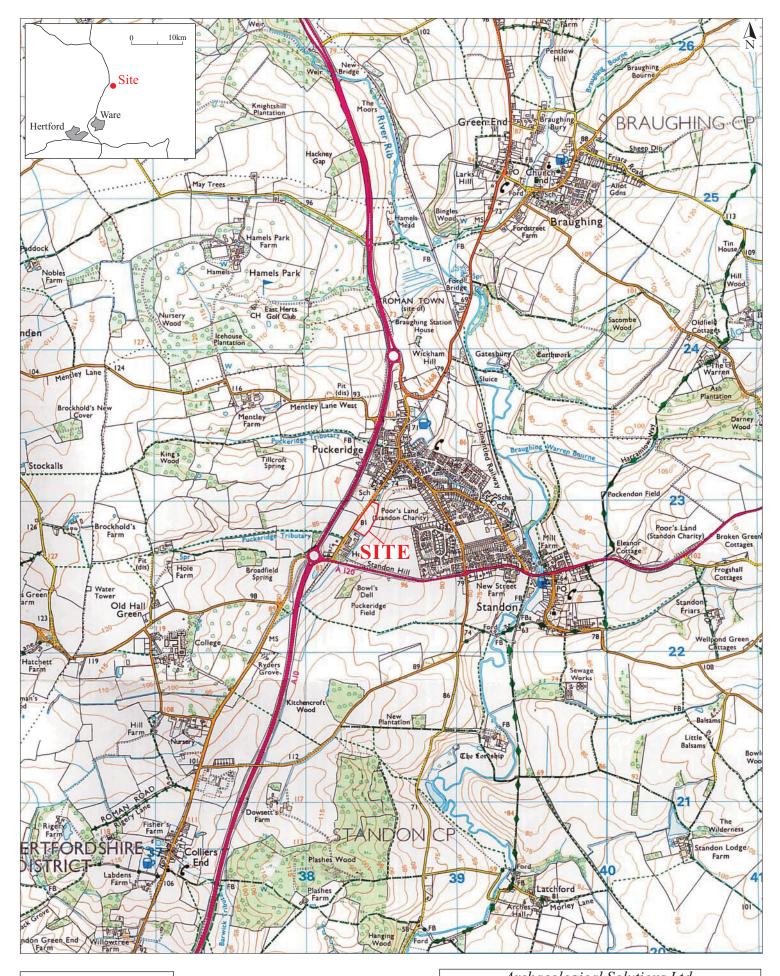
13
Post-excavation view of Trench 10 looking southeast



14 F1024 in trench 13 looking north-east



15
Post-excavation view of Trench 13 looking north-east



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Site location plan Fig. 1

Scale 1:25,000 at A4

Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659)



75m

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Fig. 2 Detailed site location

Scale 1:1250 at A4

Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659) Detailed site location plan

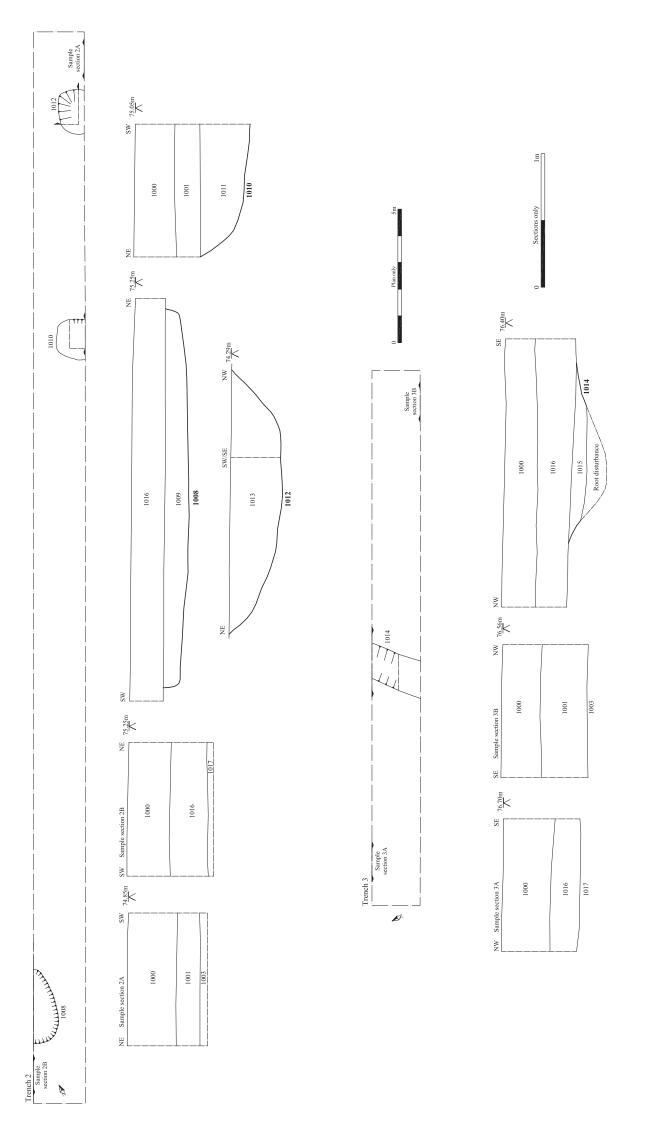


Fig. 3 Trench plans and sections Scale 1:100 and 1:20 at A3 Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659)

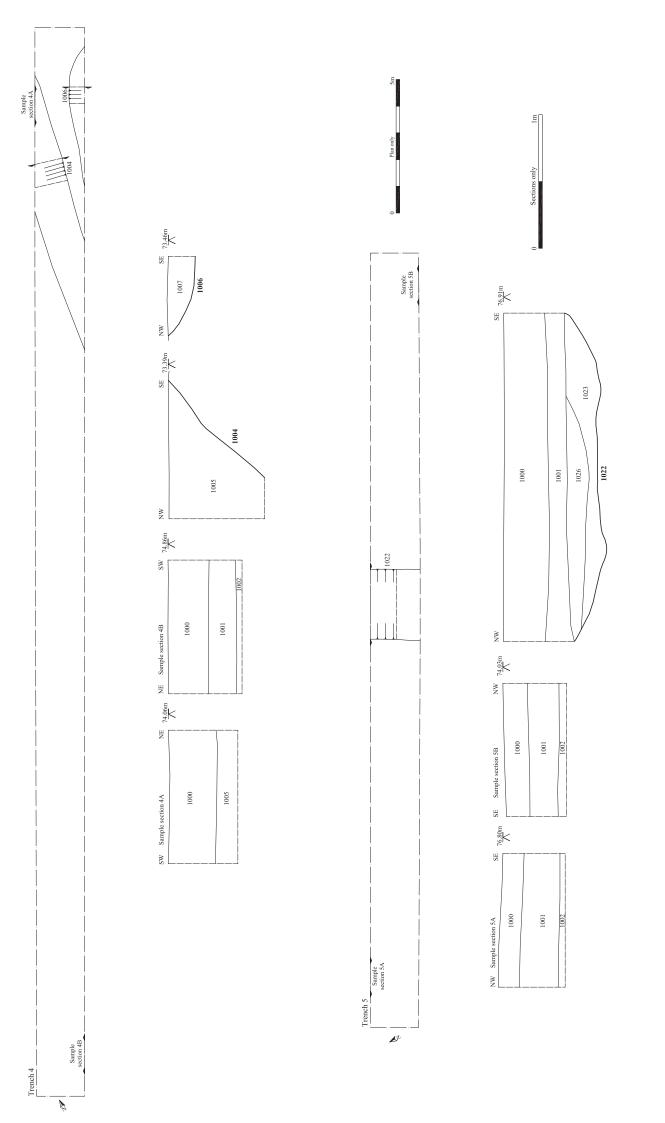
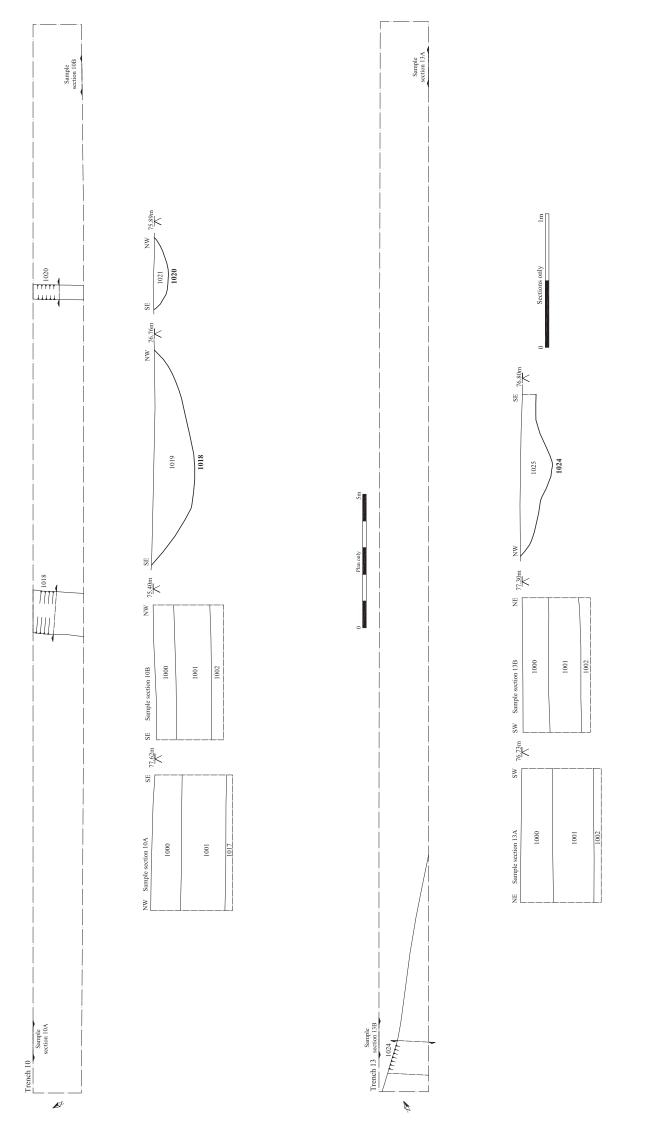


Fig. 4 Trench plans and sections Scale 1:100 and 1:20 at A3 Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659)



Archaeological Solutions Ltd
Fig. 5 Trench plans and sections
Scale 1:100 and 1:20 at A3
Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659)



75m

Archaeological Solutions Ltd

Fig. 6 Proposed development plan
Scale 1:1000 at A4
Cambridge Road, Puckeridge, Hertfordshire (P6659)