ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS LTD

PROPOSED MANEGE, BIRCHALL FARM, BIRCHALL LANE, COLE GREEN, HERTFORD, HERTFORDSHIRE

AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL 'STRIP, MAP & RECORD' INVESTIGATION

Authors: Zbigniew Pozorski	
NGR: TL 27164 11704	Report No: 5299
District: East Herts	Site Code: AS1836
Approved: Claire Halpin	Project No: 6647
	Date: 26 January 2016

This report is confidential to the client. Archaeological Solutions Ltd accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

Archaeological Solutions is an independent archaeological contractor providing the services which satisfy all archaeological requirements of planning applications, including:

Desk-based assessments and environmental impact assessments
Historic building recording and appraisals
Trial trench evaluations
Geophysical surveys
Archaeological monitoring and recording
Archaeological excavations
Post excavation analysis
Promotion and outreach
Specialist analysis

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS LTD

Unit 6, Brunel Business Court, Eastern Way, Bury St Edmunds IP32 7AJ Tel 01284 765210

P I House, Rear of 23 Clifton Road, Shefford, Bedfordshire, SG17 5AF Tel: 01462 850483

e-mail: info@ascontracts.co.uk www.archaeologicalsolutions.co.uk





twitter.com/ArchaeologicalS



www.facebook.com/ArchaeologicalSolutions













CONTENTS

OASIS SUMMARY SHEET

SUMMARY

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE
- 3 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY AND SOILS
- 4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND
- 5 METHODOLOGY
- 6 DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS
- 7 CONFIDENCE RATING
- 8 DEPOSIT MODEL
- 9 DISCUSSION
- 10 DEPOSITION OF THE ARCHIVE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

BIBLIOGRAPHY

APPENDICES

- 1 HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT RECORD DATA (HER)
- 2 CONTENTS OF THE ARCHIVE
- 3 HER SUMMARY SHEET

OASIS SUMMARY SHEET

Project details	
Project name	Proposed Manege, Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire

In April 2016 Archaeological Solutions (AS) carried out an archaeological 'strip, map & record' investigation of land at Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 27164 11704). The project was commissioned by Mr Richard Wilson and was undertaken in compliance with a planning condition attached to planning permission for the construction of a ménage.

The site lies within an area of archaeological importance adjacent to the course of an extant medieval moat which may relate to a possible medieval double homestead moat. The central moated area lies in the area of the proposed manege and therefore the site may directly overlie the backfilled moat.

In the event no archaeological features or finds were revealed. The ground reduction was shallow and the natural was not exposed. Removal of the topsoil revealed modern made ground.

Project dates (fieldwork)	25/04/2016		
Previous work (Y/N/?)	N	Future work (Y/N/?)	N
P. number	6647	Site code	AS1836
Type of project	An Archaeological 'Strip, Map & Record' Investigation		
Site status			
Current land use	Farm		
Planned development	Menage		
Main features (+dates)	None		
Significant finds (+dates)	None		
Project location	_		-
County/ District/ Parish	Hertfordshire	e East Hertfordshire	Cole Green
HER/ SMR for area	Hertfordshire HER		
Post code (if known)	SG14 2NR		
Area of site	800m ²		
NGR	TL 27164 11704		
Height AOD (min/max)	81m AOD		
Project creators			
Brief issued by	HCC HEAT		
Project supervisor/s (PO)	Zbigniew Pozorski		
Funded by	Mr Richard Wilson		
Full title	Proposed Manege, Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford,		
	Hertfordshire. An Archaeological 'Strip, Map & Record'		
	Investigation	1	
Authors	Pozorski, Z.		
Report no.	5299		
Date (of report)	May 2016		

PROPOSED MANEGE, BIRCHALL FARM, BIRCHALL LANE, COLE GREEN, HERTFORD, HERTFORDSHIRE

AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL 'STRIP, MAP & RECORD' INVESTIGATION

SUMMARY

In April 2016 Archaeological Solutions (AS) carried out an archaeological 'strip, map & record' investigation of land at Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 27164 11704). The project was commissioned by Mr Richard Wilson and was undertaken in compliance with a planning condition attached to planning permission for the construction of a ménage.

The site lies within an area of archaeological importance adjacent to the course of an extant medieval moat which may relate to a possible medieval double homestead moat. The central moated area lies in the area of the proposed manege and therefore the site may directly overlie the backfilled moat.

In the event no archaeological features or finds were revealed. The ground reduction was shallow and the natural was not exposed. Removal of the topsoil revealed modern made ground.

1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In April 2016 Archaeological Solutions (AS) carried out an archaeological 'strip, map & record' investigation at land at Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 27164 11704; Figs. 1 & 2). The project was commissioned by Mr Richard Wilson and was undertaken in compliance with a planning condition attached to planning permission for the construction of a manege (East Herts Planning Ref. 3/16/0097/FUL).
- 1.2 The project was undertaken in accordance the requirements of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team (HCC HEAT) and a written scheme of investigation (specification) prepared by AS (dated 21/03/2016) and approved by HCC HEAT. The project conformed to the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (ClfA) Code of Conduct and Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Excavation (2014), and the document Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England (Gurney 2003).
- 1.3 The 'strip, map & record' investigation aimed to identify any evidence of the medieval moated site, including occupation of the central platform and former infilled lines of the moat, which may be revealed during groundworks for the proposed development.

Planning policy context

- 1.4 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF 2012) states that those parts of the historic environment that have significance because of their historic, archaeological, architectural or artistic interest are heritage assets. The NPPF aims to deliver sustainable development by ensuring that policies and decisions that concern the historic environment recognise that heritage assets are a non-renewable resource, take account of the wider social, cultural, economic and environmental benefits of heritage conservation, and recognise that intelligently managed change may sometimes be necessary if heritage assets are to be maintained for the long term. The NPPF requires applications to describe the significance of any heritage asset, including its setting that may be affected in proportion to the asset's importance and the potential impact of the proposal.
- 1.5 The NPPF aims to conserve England's heritage assets in a manner appropriate to their significance, with substantial harm to designated heritage assets (i.e. listed buildings, scheduled monuments) only permitted in exceptional circumstances when the public benefit of a proposal outweighs the conservation of the asset. The effect of proposals on non-designated heritage assets must be balanced against the scale of loss and significance of the asset, but non-designated heritage assets of demonstrably equivalent significance may be considered subject to the same policies as those that are designated. The NPPF states that opportunities to capture evidence from the historic environment, to record and advance the understanding of heritage assets and to make this publicly available is a requirement of development management. This opportunity should be taken in a manner proportionate to the significance of a heritage asset and to impact of the proposal, particularly where a heritage asset is to be lost.

2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE

- 2.1 The site is located at Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Cole Green, Hertfordshire and *c*.2km south-east of Welwyn Garden City centre and *c*.3.5km west of Hertford.
- 2.2 The site comprises a grassed area to the immediate east of the existing farm buildings and adjacent to the water-filled course of a former moat. It is proposed to building a menage, extending to some 40m x 20m.

3 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY AND SOILS

3.1 The site is situated at *c*.80m AOD on land very gently ascending towards the north. The solid geology of the area is characterised by recent and Pleistocene glacial gravel overlying a solid geology of Cretaceous Upper Chalk of the Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation and Seaford Chalk Formation (British Geological Survey 1978). Soils on the site are generally the well

drained sandy loams of the Ludford association, described as locally flinty, though clay soils are present to the east Soil Survey of England and Wales 1983).

4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

- 4.1 Evidence for prehistoric activity on the plateau overlooking the River Mimram appears focussed on the Bronze Age, although Palaeolithic flint axes have also been recovered close to the river and its tributaries. Excavation on the route of the Cole Green By-Pass to the east, south of Panshanger Park, revealed evidence for a late Bronze Age or early Iron Age settlement (McDonald 2004), and elements of this landscape appear to extend towards the site. Late Bronze Age/early Iron Age postholes, pits and linear features containing flint-tempered pottery were recorded c.100m to the east of Birchall Farm (HER 18655); with a further widespread scatter of contemporary features and finds c.200m to the north-west (HER18652-3). Late Bronze Age pots and ditches containing pottery have also been recorded c.700m to the north-west (HER 12767-8), and that area around Green Lane and Birchall Wood has revealed extensive cropmarks, the bulk of which remain undated, although some have been postulated a plough-razed Bronze Age round barrows (i.e. HER 2811, 2794 & 2810)
- 4.2 Late Iron Age to Roman activity in the wider area is well-attested, but closer to the site is largely limited to enclosures and field systems, including ditches c.250m north-west of the site (HER 18654 & 2813). A Roman ditch has also been recorded in Birchall Wood to the north (HER 18656), while rectangular earthworks in Rolls Wood further to the west have been postulated as a Roman enclosure, but could also be potentially medieval (HER 7965).
- 4.3 The site lies within an area of archaeological importance adjacent to the course of an extant medieval moated site, which would have contained a homestead (HER 682). The structure of the medieval moat is not fully understood and it may have been a double moat with a second island on the south side; however this may have been the first phase of post-medieval embellishment. The moat currently survives as a narrow elongated pond, which would have formed the eastern arm and part of the northern arm. The moat is shown enclosing the island that would have been occupied by a homestead on estate maps of 1703-4 (Richmond & Thomas 2011: figs.3-4), and on subsequent Ordnance Survey maps of 1880 and 1898; however when the lane to the south of the site was straightened to by-pass the farm in 1972, much of the moat was filled in. The existing farmhouse adjacent to the southwest of the moat was built in the late 18th century; however the north range of the farmyard is older and includes a 17th century timber-framed barn (HER 17634). The site of the proposed ménage is to the east of the existing farm buildings, and appears to overlie the southern arm of the moat, and possibly the south-eastern corner. In addition to Birchall, a second moated homestead was located to the south-west on the edge of Moat Wood (HER2814), while medieval pits and ditches containing local pottery were recorded in Birchall

Wood to the north (HER 18651), demonstrating that this was an extensive rural agricultural landscape.

4.4 The medieval agricultural landscape continued into the 18th century, with field boundaries depicted on estate maps, which are now visible as cropmarks, notably to the east and west of Birchall Wood (HER 2170, 2848 & 2904), and also c.300m to the east of the site (HER 7695 & 7696). One such ditch was recorded *c*.350m to the north during an archaeological evaluation (HER 18657). In the 18th century the local landscape was transformed by the construction of Panshanger House *c*.800m to the north-east, with extensive kitchen gardens, parkland and dower house (HER 11901, 7334, 11897 & 11900), though Birchall appears to have remained beyond the south-western extent of the estate.

5 METHODOLOGY

- 5.1 The intrusive groundworks on the site comprised ground reduction within the proposed new manege area measuring 40 x 20m (Fig. 2). The work was carried out using a mechanical 180° excavator fitted with a toothless ditching bucket. The ground reduction comprised removal of the topsoil which was replaced with drainage material (stone) topped with a membrane and surface material. No drainage pipework was inserted.
- 5.2 Topsoil and undifferentiated overburden were mechanically excavated under close archaeological supervision. Exposed surfaces were cleaned by hand and examined for archaeological features. Deposits were recorded using *pro forma* recording sheets, drawn to scale, and photographed as appropriate. Excavated spoil was searched for finds and the trenches were scanned by a metal detector.

6 DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS

Deposits revealed within the investigated area are presented in sample section below.

Sample section 1 (DP 6): north end, south facing 0.00 = 81.02 AOD		
0.00 - 0.33m	L1000	Topsoil. Dark grey, soft, sandy silt.
0.33m +	L1001	Mid yellow with grey, friable, clayey silt and gravel.

Description: No archaeological features or finds were present within the area of new manege. A modern drain, orientated east/west extending from the farm buildings to the moat traversed the stripped area.

7 CONFIDENCE RATING

7.1 It is not felt that any factors inhibited the recognition of archaeological features or finds except the shallow depth of the excavations which limited the extent of the investigation.

8 DEPOSIT MODEL

8.1 The site was commonly overlain by Topsoil L1000, a dark grey, soft, sandy silt (0.10 - 0.35 m) thick). The ground reduction was relatively shallow (0.20 - 0.35 m) and within the majority of the area it exposed modern made ground. In the northern part of the stripped area the topsoil was overlain by made ground. The central part of the stripped area contained modern debris.

9 DISCUSSION

- 9.1 The site had a potential for archaeological remains, in particular for medieval and post-medieval archaeology. It is located within a medieval moated site and possibly part of the investigated area overlay the infilled section of the moat.
- 9.2 In the event no archaeological features or finds were revealed. The ground reduction was shallow and the natural was not exposed. Removal of the topsoil revealed modern made ground.

10 DEPOSITION OF THE ARCHIVE

10.1 Archive records, with an inventory, will be deposited with any donated finds from the site at Hertford Museum. The archive will be quantified, ordered, indexed, cross-referenced and checked for internal consistency.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Archaeological Solutions would like to thank Mr Richard Wilson for funding the project and for his assistance.

AS would also like to acknowledge the input and advice of Ms Alison Tinniswood of Hertfordshire County Council Historic Environment Advisory Team, and the Hertfordshire HER staff.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Air Photo Services Limited (APSL), 1996, Cole Green By-Pass, Hertfordshire, Aerial Photographic Assessment; archaeology.

British Geological Survey (BGS), 1978, Legend for the 1:625,000 Geological map of the United Kingdom (solid geology); London. Mansfield

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (ClfA), 2014, Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Excavation. IfA, Reading

Gurney, D., 2003, Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England, East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14/ALGAO

McDonald, T., 2004, 'Archaeological Excavations in advance of the A414 Cole Green By-Pass, near Hertford,' *Hertfordshire Archaeology* 13 (1997-2003), 3-46

Richmond, A. & Thomas, A., 2011. Archaeological desk-based assessment: land at Birchall Farm, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire. Lafarge Aggregates

Soil Survey of England and Wales (SSEW), 1983, Legend for the 1:250,000 Soil Map of England and Wales. SSEW, Harpenden

APPENDIX 1 CONTENTS OF THE ARCHIVE

Records	Number
Brief	N
Specification	Υ
Registers	1 (Context, Digital Photo)
Context Sheets	3
Site drawings A1	0
Site drawings A3	0
Site drawings A4	1
Site photographs b/w	0
Site photographs colour slides	0
Digital Photographs	20

APPENDIX 2 HER SUMMARY SHEET

Site name and address:	Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire	
County: Herts	District: East Herts	
Village/Town:	Parish: Cole Green	
Planning application	East Herts Planning Ref. 3/16/0097/FUL	
reference:		
Client name/address/tel:	Mr Richard Wilson	
Nature of application:	Construction of new menage	
Present land use:	Farm	
Size of application area:	Size of area investigated	
c.800m2	800m2	
NGR (8 figures):	TL 27164 11704	
Site Code:	AS1836	
Site director/Organization:	Archaeological Solutions Ltd	
Type of work:	'Strip, map & record' investigation	
Date of work:	03/05/2016	
Location of finds/Curating	ocation of finds/Curating Hertford	
museum:		
Related SMR Nos:	Periods represented: None	
Relevant previous	-	
summaries/reports: -		
Summary of fieldwork results:	In April 2016 Archaeological Solutions (AS) carried out an archaeological 'strip, map & record' investigation of land at Birchall Farm, Birchall Lane, Hertford, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 27164 11704). The project was commissioned by Mr Richard Wilson and was undertaken in compliance with a planning condition attached to planning permission for the construction of a ménage. In the event no archaeological features or finds were revealed. The ground reduction was shallow and the natural was not exposed. Removal of the topsoil revealed modern made ground.	
Author of summary: Z Pozorski	Date of Summary: January 2017	

PHOTOGRAPHIC INDEX



DP 1. The site. View towards the farm. Looking south-west.



DP 2. Excavation area. Looking south-east.



DP 3. North part of excavation area. Looking west-south-west.



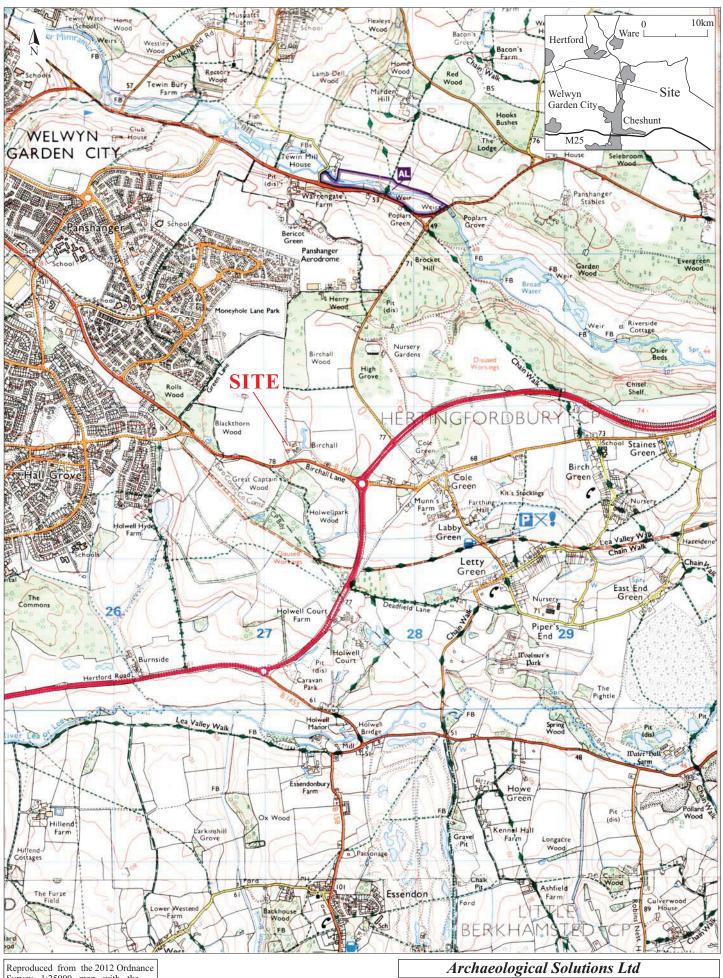
DP 4. Central/north part of excavation area. Looking north-west.



DP 5. Excavation area. Looking north-northwest.



DP 6. Sample section 1. Looking north-north-west.



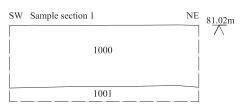
Reproduced from the 2012 Ordnance Survey 1:25000 map with the permission of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. Ó Crown copyright Archaeological Solutions Ltd Licence number 100036680

Fig. 1 Site location plan

Scale 1:25,000

Birchall Farm, Cole Green, Hertford (P6647)





Archaeological Solutions Ltd

Fig. 2 De Scale 1:1250 at A4 Detailed site location plan

Birchall Farm, Cole Green, Hertford (P6647)