Humber Field Archaeology

Archaeological Consultants and Contractors



Archaeological
Metal Detecting Survey
and
Watching Brief
at
Hill Top Farm
Hodgson Lane
Birkenshaw

Site Code: WB2016.003 National Grid Reference: SE 2119 2861 to SE 2110 2872

for

Northern Powergrid and John Hall

Watching Brief Report Number: 1468 May 2016

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Summary

A programme of archaeological metal detection, observation, investigation and recording was undertaken by Humber Field Archaeology (HFA) during groundwork associated with the excavation of trenches for electricity cables at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw, West Yorkshire.

An area of burnt material and clay at least 5.50m in diameter was observed immediately beneath the topsoil during the excavation of the main trench, but this was most likely modern in origin. Several corroded ferrous objects were found during metal detecting, but all seemed most likely to have been associated with recent farming activity.

1. Introduction

This report presents the results of a programme of archaeological metal detection and observation, investigation and recording undertaken by Humber Field Archaeology (HFA), on behalf of Northern Powergrid (Yorkshire) Ltd and Mr J. Hall during groundwork associated with the excavation of trenches for electricity cables at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw, West Yorkshire (Figure 1, Plate 1).

Site Code: WB2016.003

National Grid Reference: SE 2119 2861 to SE 2110 2872

2. Archaeological Background

The background reproduced here is taken from the specification prepared on behalf of Kirklees Council at the request of Northern Power Grid.

The application site is located on the south-western edge of the Adwalton Moor Registered Battlefield (National Heritage List for England No. 1000000 and West Yorkshire Historic Environment Record PRN 4059). The projected course of a northeast to south-west Roman road lies parallel with Hodgson Lane to the east and partly under the farm (WY HER PRN 3476) and crosses the line of the York to Manchester Roman Road c. 300m to the south.

The site of the Battle of Adwalton Moor, which was fought on 30th June 1643, is a designated heritage asset and one of only 43 important English Battlefields on the Register. Adwalton Moor, which culminated in the victory of a larger Royalist army over a Parliamentarian force from Bradford, was fought in a landscape of small fields and closes interspersed with coal mines and is second only in importance to the Battle of Marston Moor in the northern campaign fought during the First Civil War.

Whilst the application site is likely to be peripheral to the main action any evidence of the Battle of Adwalton Moor would be of national importance.

3. Methodology

The work associated with this project was carried out by staff from Humber Field Archaeology (HFA), in accordance with the specification for a preliminary metal detector survey and archaeological watching brief produced by the West Yorkshire Archaeological Advisory Service (WYAAS) in February 2016 on behalf of Kirklees Council at the request of Northern Powergrid.

The scheme of works comprised the supervision of the excavation of the cable trenches. Two visits were made to the site on the 7th and the 8th March 2016.

Any exposed areas of subsoil and lower stratigraphic units were examined for archaeological deposits. The excavated dimensions of the foundation trenches were

recorded, as were the depth sequences of any exposed stratigraphy. Where archaeological deposits/features were identified, context numbers were assigned and detailed descriptions were made, plans were drawn and a photographic record was maintained.

The trenches were located using a Leica GS08 plus GPS GLONSS SmartAr Unit with the resultant data being converted to the Ordnance Survey National Grid and displayed on a mapbase in AutoCAD.

A 5m corridor including the cable trenches was metal detected for both ferrous and non-ferrous metal finds using a Garrett Ace 250 detector.

Archaeological artefacts found during the fieldwork were bagged according to their context, and returned to Humber Field Archaeology for further specialist analysis.

4. Results

Area of excavation to the east of the southern access road

This marked the very eastern end of the cable trench excavation (Figure 2). The area excavated measured up to 2m from east to west by up to 1.70m from north to south (Plate 2). The easternmost point of the excavated area was at SE 2120 2861, 190.260m AOD. It was up to 0.80m deep and throughout its base there was a layer at least 0.50m thick of dark orange brown natural clay containing very few inclusions (1002) above which there was a 0.30m thick layer of very dark grey brown topsoil (1001). No archaeological features were observed in the excavated area.

Moling

The previously described area of excavation was connected to the main cable trench (below) by means of moling the electricity cable underneath the southern access road to the farm, which was on a slight embankment. The moling is indicated on the plan by a dashed line (Figure 2)

The main cable trench

This ran along the southern edge of the area containing the buildings of Hill Top Farm before turning to the north (Figure 2, Plates 3, 5 and 7). It was around 188m long and generally of a width of 0.70m, save at its easternmost end where it measured 2.50m x 2.50m. The trench ran from SE 2119 2861 (187.970m AOD) to SE 2110 2872 (191.870m AOD). The depth of the trench varied from 0.50m to 0.70m. Throughout the base of the trench there a layer of (1002) at least 0.40m thick though here it was a dark yellow brown colour (Plate 4).

In the central portion of the trench an area of ash and burnt clay (1003) at least 0.20m thick was observed in its base covering an area measuring around 5.50m by at least 0.70m (Figure 2, Plate 6). The (1003) extended from SE 2112 2864 (189.150m AOD) to SE 2113 2864 (188.390m AOD). Above it the (1001) was 0.30m thick.

Cable stay trench

This measured 2.70m by 1.30m and was 3m deep (Figure 2, Plate 8) being centred on SE 2110 2871 (191.980m AOD). The (1003) appeared to be at least 2.70m thick and contained at a depth of around 1m to 1.20m a lens of broken limestone.

Spur trench

This ran north from the main trench (SE 2115 2827, 188.100m AOD) for around 17m and terminated close to the farm buildings (SE 2115 2864, 192.020m AOD). The topsoil (1001) here was far thicker than observed elsewhere on site, being at least 0.50m thick (Plate 9). No archaeological features were observed in the trench.

5. The Finds

Pamela Cartwright

Aims and objectives

The following report will assess the potential of the recorded finds assemblage from the fieldwork for further analysis. This report aims to meet the requirements of MAP2, Phase 3, 'Assessment of potential for analysis' (English Heritage 1991). For the sake of expediency, and due to the small assemblage of material recovered, the artefacts will be quantified and discussed by Recorded Find Number. All artefacts were recovered during metal detecting and were retrieved from the topsoil (1001).

Artefacts by Recorded Find Number

RF 1

Slightly encrusted iron staple with circular shank. Total length 90mm and 5 mm thick, this would have been machine made after the 1850's and likely rather modern in date.

RF 2

A large heavily encrusted iron nail or brad with a square shank. Its length is 66m, shank 10mm square and head 12x 17mm. The item is blacksmith made and has no dateable characteristics.

RF 3

This is an encrusted fragment of iron, possibly a joint or mount. The shaft is crafted on an angle with a 90 turn to one end where it has broken. The length is 52mm, 10 x 20mm thick, is blacksmith made and with no dateable characteristics

RF 4

This item is an encrusted length of iron rod with a square profile. Length 64mm and 10 x 8mm thick. This is blacksmith made with no dateable characteristics.

Assessment of potential and recommendations

This small artefact assemblage from the watching brief is as a result of metal detecting in advance of the excavation of a trench for the laying of electricity cables. The items were found in the topsoil at the base of a large berm which surrounds the farmhouse and is constructed from many years of dumped farm waste.

The items collected can be described as farm waste, fragments of farm machinery and fence repair. The area in which they were found in has been contaminated by the dumping of this farm waste which would suggest they are not in their original context and not archaeologically significant. No further work is therefore required on the assemblage.

6. Discussion

The following is solely the opinion of Humber Field Archaeology, and may not reflect that of Humber Sites and Monuments Record Office, archaeological advisor to the Local Planning Authority (LPA).

The layer of burnt material (1003) was very likely modern in origin. Metal detecting for any pre-modern finds was hampered by the proximity of the excavations to the modern complex of farm buildings and the spread of ferrous waste usually associated with such sites.

7. Acknowledgements

Thanks are accorded to Northern Powergrid and the owner of Hill Top Farm, John Hall for their kind assistance and co-operation during the course of this project.

The work was carried out in accordance with a specification for a preliminary metal detector survey and archaeological watching brief produced by WYAAS. Site work was carried by Neil Adamson and David Rawson. Finds were processed by Pamela Cartwright, whilst the report was edited by David Atkinson and administrative support was provided by Georgina Richardson.

8. References

Guidelines for Finds Work The Institute of Field Archaeologists Finds Group First Draft, 1991.

Institute of Field Archaeologists, 2008 Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief (October 1994, revised September 2001 and October 2008)

Management of Archaeological Projects (MAP2), English Heritage, 1991.

West Yorkshire Archaeology Advisory Service (WYAAS) 2016. Specification for a Preliminary Archaeological Metal Detector Survey and Archaeological Watching Brief during Electricity Supply Works at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw

10. Appendices

Appendix 1 Photographic Concordance Table

Photograph	Site Code	Grid reference	Date & Name	Film No	Frame	Digital ref	Direction of view	Description
1	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	1	1	NW	Easternmost part of main cable trench
2	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	3	2	SW	Contexts 1001 & 1002 in main cable trench
3	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016				SW	Contexts 1001 & 1002 in main cable trench
4	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			4	N	Excavation to E of S access road to farm
5	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	7	5	NE	Excavation to E of S access road to farm
6	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	8	6	NW	General view of the site
7	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			7	NW	View towards central part of the main cable trench
8	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			8	NW	Easternmost part of main cable trench
9	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	10	9	NW	Easternmost part of main cable trench
10	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			10	N/A	Leica GPS system surveying trenches
11	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	11	11	SE	Central part of main cable trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			12	SE	Central part of main cable trench
13	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	13	13	NW	Area of trench containing context 1003
14	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	14	14	NE	Context 1003 in main cable trench
15	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			15	NE	Context 1003 in main cable trench
16	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	15	16	W	Westernmost part of main cable trench being excavated
17	WB2016.003	SE 2111	D. Rawson	1	16	17	W	Westernmost

Photograph	Site Code	Grid reference	Date & Name	Film No	Frame	Digital ref	Direction of view	Description
	Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	2870	22/05/2016					part of main cable trench being excavated
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	17	18	E	Pole stay trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	18	19	SW	Pole stay trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	19	20	W	Pole stay trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	20	21	W	Westernmost portion of main cable trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	21	22	SW	Westernmost portion of main cable trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	23	23	SW	Contexts 1001 & 1002 in main cable trench
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	25	24	NE	View of the farm buildings from distance
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	26	25	SE	Cable trench spur
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016	1	27	26	NW	Cable trench spur
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			27	E	Distant view of cable trench spur excavation
	WB2016.003 Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw	SE 2111 2870	D. Rawson 22/05/2016			28	S	Cable trench spur

Appendix 2 Context list

- (1001) Very dark grey brown topsoil at least 0.50m thick at maximum
- (1002) Dark yellow brown to dark orange brown clay containing few inclusions at least 2.70m thick
- (1003) Layer of ash and burnt clay at least 0.20m thick, covering area measuring 5.50m x at least 0.70m

Appendix 3 Archive

Project Details:

Archaeological metal detection and observation, investigation and recording undertaken during groundwork associated with the excavation of trenches for electricity cables at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw, West Yorkshire

Site Code: WB2016.003

National Grid Reference: SE 2119 2861 to SE 2110 2872

Accession Number or Museum Reference: N/A

Author: D. P. Rawson **Date of fieldwork:** 7th and the 8th March 2016

Report Number. 1486

Quantity

The finds were not retained. 1x A4 ring binder contains the paper archive

Summary of work

A programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording was undertaken by Humber Field Archaeology (HFA) during groundwork associated with the excavation of trenches for electricity cables at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw, West Yorkshire.

An area of burnt material and clay at least 5.50m in diameter was observed immediately beneath the topsoil during the excavation of the main trench, but this was most likely modern in origin. Several corroded ferrous objects were found during metal detecting, but all seemed most likely to have been associated with recent farming activity.

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- 1.3 Plans

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2.1 Staff site visit log

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- 3.2 Recorded Finds Sheets

4 The Photographic Record:

- 4.1 Photographic Concordance Table
- 4.2 Digital Contact Sheets
- 4.3 Digital Prints
- 4.4 Monochrome Prints
- 4.5 Negatives

5 Final Report:

Archaeological Metal Detecting and Watching Brief at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw. Humber Field Archaeology Watching Brief Report 1468, May 2016

Appendix 4 Oasis Form

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

List of Projects | Manage Projects | Search Projects | New project | Change your details | HER coverage | Change country | Log out

Printable version

OASIS ID: humberfi2-251770

Project details

Project name Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw

Short description of the project

A programme of archaeological metal detection, observation, investigation and recording was undertaken during groundwork associated with the excavation of trenches for electricity cables at Hill Top Farm, Hodgson Lane, Birkenshaw, West Yorkshire. An area of burnt material and clay at least 5.50m in diameter was observed immediately beneath the topsoil during the excavation of the main trench, but this was most likely modern in origin. Several corroded ferrous objects were found during metal detecting, but all seemed most likely to have been

associated with recent farming activity.

Project dates Start: 07-03-2016 End: 08-03-2016

Previous/future

work

Not known / Not known

Any associated project reference

WB2016.003 - Sitecode

codes

Type of project Recording project

Site status English Heritage Historic Battlefields Register

Current Land use Cultivated Land 1 - Minimal cultivation

Monument type NONE None Significant Finds NONE None

Investigation type ""Systematic Metal Detector Survey"", ""Watching Brief""

Prompt Electricity Act 1989 Section 36

Project location

Country England

Site location WEST YORKSHIRE KIRKLEES KIRKLEES Hill Top Farm Birkenshaw

Postcode BD11 2JG Study area 0.2 Kilometres

Site coordinates SE 21097 28717 53.754169799998 -1.680002639469 53 45 15 N 001 40 48 W

Point

Site coordinates SE 21203 28610 53.753203680789 -1.678402215674 53 45 11 N 001 40 42 W

Point

Height OD / Depth

Min: 187.67m Max: 191.57m

Project creators

Name of

Humber Field Archaeology

Organisation

Project brief

Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body

originator Project design

West Yorkshire Archaeology Advisory Service

originator Project

David Atkinson

director/manager

Project supervisor D. Rawson

Type of

sponsor/funding body

Electricity Authority/Company

Project archives

Physical Archive No Exists?

Digital Archive

Humber Field Archaeology

recipient

Digital Archive ID WB2016.003

Digital Media

"Database", "Images raster / digital photography", "Images vector", "Survey", "Text"

available

Paper Archive recipient

West Yorkshire Historic Environment Record

Paper Archive ID WB2016.003

Paper Media available

"Correspondence", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Survey ", "Unspecified Archive"

Project

bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title Archaeological Metal Detecting Survey and Watching Brief at Hill Top Farm

Hodgson Lane Birkenshaw

Author(s)/Editor(s) 'Rawson, D.'

Other

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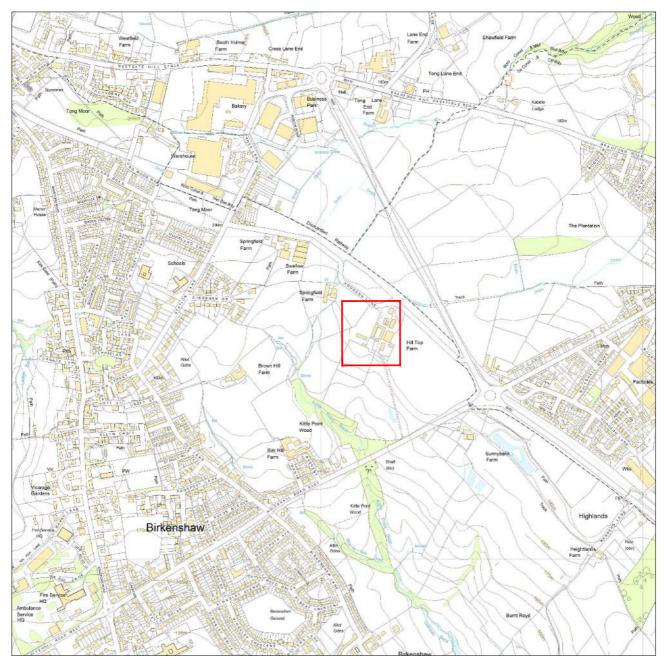
Description

A4

David Atkinson (dave.atkinson@hullcc.gov.uk) Entered by

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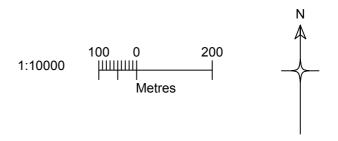


Figure 1 Site location plan

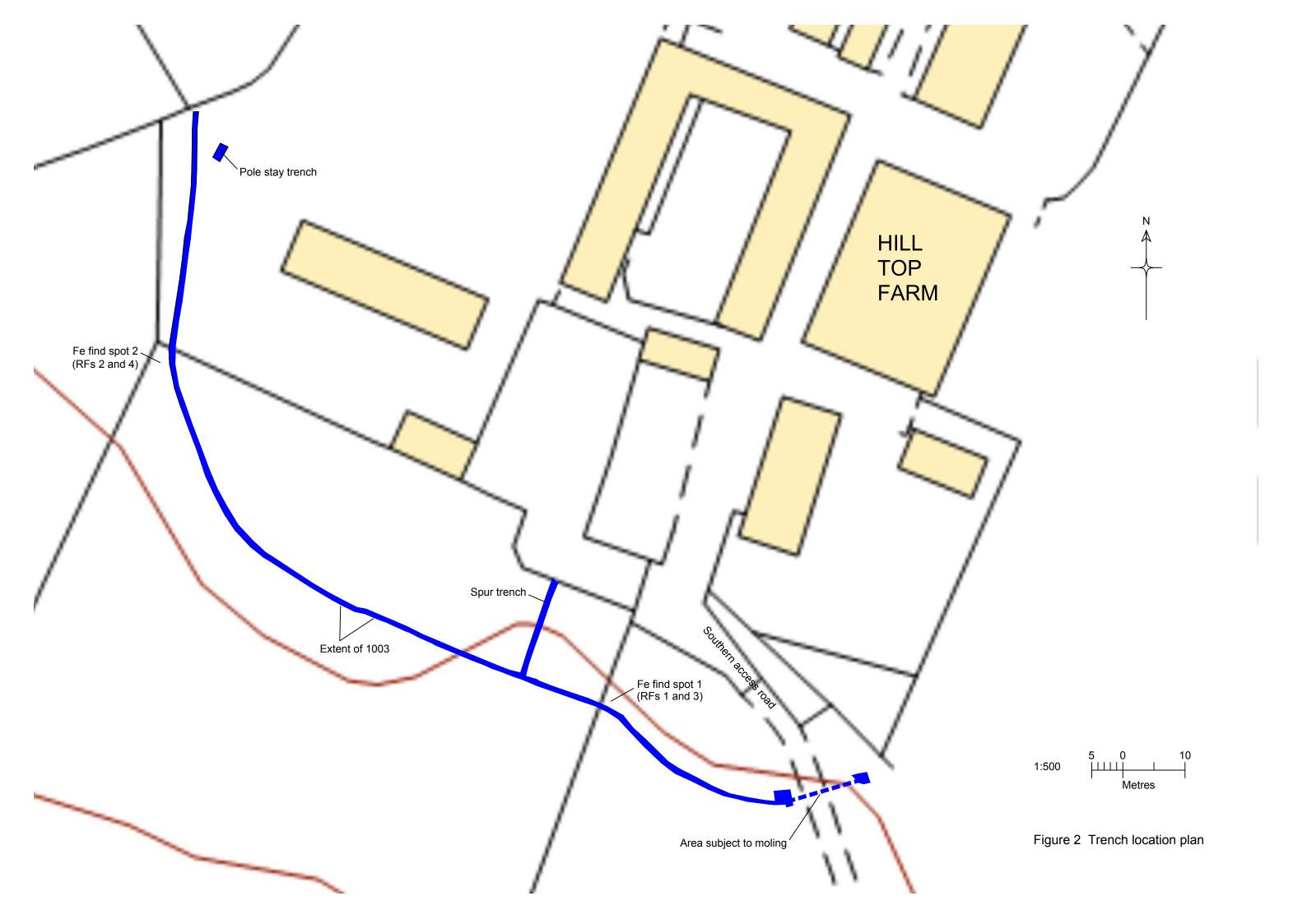




Plate 1 General view of the site from the south-east



Plate 2 Portion of excavation to the east of the southern access road to Hill Top Farm, as viewed from the south-west and showing contexts 1001 and 1002 (0.5m scale)



Plate 3 Easternmost portion of the main cable trench viewed from the south-east





Plate 5 The central portion of the cable trench viewed from the north-west



Plate 6 Layer of charcoal and burnt clay 1003 beneath the 1001 in the central portion of the cable trench (0.5m scale)



Plate 7 The western portion of the cable trench viewed from the east





Plate 9 The cable trench spur viewed from the north

Humber Field Archaeology

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Project Management • Desk-based Assessment • Field Survey • Fieldwork • Finds Research • Post-excavation Analysis • Inter-tidal Work

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