Humber Field Archaeology

Archaeological Consultants and Contractors





ARCHAEOLOGICAL OBSERVATION, INVESTIGATION AND RECORDING

33 Dale Road Elloughton East Riding of Yorkshire

July 2021

Humber Field Archaeology Report no. 2176

ARCHAEOLOGICAL

OBSERVATION, INVESTIGATION AND RECORDING

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DALE COTTAGE

33 DALE ROAD, ELLOUGHTON

EAST RIDING OF YORKSHIRE

July 2021

for
P & N Design Ltd
on behalf of
Mr G Crawley

Planning Reference: 20/04120/PLF
HHER casework number: PA/CONS/27872
National Grid Reference: SE 9495 2833
HFA Site Code: WB2021.004

Museum Reference: ERYMS (BAG): 2021.40

Stephen Kennedy

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July 2021

Humber Field Archaeology Report no. 2176

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	Elloughton, East Riding of Yorkshire				
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1 SUMMARY

A programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording was undertaken by Humber Field Archaeology in advance of the construction of a house extension and associated garage and services on land immediately to the rear of Dale Cottage, 33 Dale Road, Elloughton, East Riding of Yorkshire.

One feature, namely a modern ditch 1005, was recorded crossing the north eastern corner of the house extension footings. This feature is thought to be a drainage ditch associated with the construction of the roadway connecting Dale Road to Elloughton Dale subsequently filled in during the later construction of Dale Cottage.

INTRODUCTION

2.1 Circumstances of the fieldwork

The report presents the results of a programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording carried out over two and a half days between the 15th and the 29th of July 2021.

A planning application for this development (reference DC/20/04120/PLF) was submitted to the East Riding of Yorkshire Council (ERYC) on 8th December 2020. Permission was subsequently granted on 4th March 2021, subject to a condition (no. 2) which states:

'No development shall take place until the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological work in accordance with a written scheme of investigation which has been submitted by the applicant and approved by the Planning Authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details, and to comply with Policy ENV3 of the East Riding Local Plan 2016.

The programme shall be carried out as approved, to protect archaeological interests: to comply with Policy ENV3 of the East Riding Local Plan and guidance within the National Planning Policy Framework (section 16). A pre-commencement condition is required to ensure adequate recording and mitigation measures can be identified and incorporated into the scheme.'

The Humber Historic Environment Record Office (HHER), archaeological advisors to ERYC, had recommended that a programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording be undertaken to record any surviving archaeological remains which might be disturbed and/or destroyed during development.

Humber Field Archaeology (HFA) were appointed to undertake the archaeological work and produced a site-specific written scheme of investigation (WSI) which was submitted to and approved by HHER and the local planning authority in advance of any work commencing on site.

Site topography and geology 2.2

The development site occupies an area of approximately 1879m². It is bounded on all sides by residential land.

The site lies at around 35m OD. The superficial deposits consist of Head-clay, silt, sand and gravel over Ancholme Group Mudstone - (data from http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html – geology of Britain viewer).

Overlying soils are described as freely draining lime-rich loamy soils (http://www.landis.org.uk/soilscapes/).

Archaeological background 2.3

The site of the development lies in an important archaeological landscape. The following description of the archaeological background to the site is in part adapted from the HHER consultation response letter (dated 26th March 2020).

The site of the proposed development lies within a landscape containing prehistoric and Romano-British remains. A programme of archaeological work undertaken just to the southeast of the application site identified a number of phases of activity dating from the prehistoric period onwards. The earliest occupation was found to be a small worked flint assemblage. The first of two later phases of activity consisted of late Iron Age/early Romano-British pits, probable linear ditches and a truncated burial. The second phase of occupation dated to the 2nd to 4th century AD and comprised of pits, linear and rectilinear ditches, a possible ditched trackway, a corn-drier and a flexed inhumation. It was believed that these features formed part of a much larger occupation site. Further evidence of activity from the prehistoric and Romano-British period in the area consists of fragmentary ditches to the east and a Roman 1st to 2nd century trumpet brooch recovered to the north.

3 THE EXCAVATIONS

3.1 Methodology

The work associated with this project was carried out by staff from HFA, in accordance with the written scheme of investigation for archaeological observation, investigation and recording produced by HFA, (Atkinson, D. March 2021) and with reference to the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists 2014 (a) Standard and Guidance for archaeological field evaluation and (b) Standard and Guidance for archaeological excavation

The scheme of works comprised the construction of a new house extension and associated garage and services on land immediately to the rear of Dale Cottage, 33 Dale Road, Elloughton, East Riding of Yorkshire.

Standard Humber Field Archaeology recording procedures were used throughout; each identified feature was allocated a context number, with written descriptions recorded on pro forma sheets. Plans and sections were drawn to scale on pre-printed permatrace sheets. A digital photographic record was maintained.

3.2 **Results**

The footings for the house extension were machine excavated to a general depth of between 0.80 to 1m and had a general width of 0.50m to 0.60m. The excavations of the house extension footings revealed a profile which consisted of a 0.10m thick layer of hardcore and paving slabs, remnants of a pre-existing patio which sealed a 0.40m thick layer of dark brown topsoil which in turn overlaid the underlying natural layer which consisted of a pale brown sand and chalk gravel mix. The natural sand and gravel layer was consistent throughout the footings except for the north western corner were previous excavations carried out during the original construction of the house showed that chalk backfill had been deposited as part of the original drainage works.

A single feature of archaeological interest was observed and recorded within the excavated footings namely a linear ditch 1005.

Ditch 1005

Fig 3 & 4, Plate 2

This feature was observed crossing the north eastern corner of the footings for the new house extension. This ditch was only partially observed with the remainder obscured under the untouched area between the footings and the property limit to the east. The visible portion of this ditch representing its western half measured 1m in width and 1m in depth was U -shaped in profile and contained a single fill 1004 consisting of a mid-brown clayey sandy silt. No artefactual evidence was retrieved from the excavated fill of this feature.

Ditch 1005 ran parallel with the adjacent public highway on a NE-SW alignment. The public highway being a short single track road connecting Dale Road to Elloughton Dale. The form and fill of this ditch together with its parallel juxtaposition to the road strongly indicates that the ditch represents an original ditched drainage channel on the western side of the road which pre-existed the construction of the 33 Dale Road with the ditch likely backfilled at the time of the house construction.

Replacement garage footings

Once the existing garage had been demolished the footings for the new garage were excavated to a depth of 0.60m and were 0.40m wide. Similar to the extension footings a 0.10m thick layer of hardcore and paving slabs was observed overlying a 0.40m thick layer of dark brown topsoil which subsequently sealed a natural geological layer of mid-brown loose sand and chalk gravel which was present throughout the footings. No features of an archaeological nature were observed or recorded within these excavated footings and no artefacts or evidence of archaeological activity were observed within the resultant upcast spoil.

DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Discussion of the results 4.1

During the archaeological monitoring of the works only one feature of interest was observed and recorded namely a linear ditch 1005 running parallel to the adjacent road immediately to the east of the property. This feature has been deemed to be contemporary with the construction of the road and modern in nature.

A hand drawn plan of the footings for the house extension and replacement garage was created at a scale of 1:50 and digital photos were taken of the excavations throughout the works.

4.2 Recommendations

The following is solely the opinion of HFA and may not reflect that of HHER, archaeological advisor to the Local Planning Authority.

Though the excavations undertaken during these works did not reveal any features or deposits of an archaeological nature except for a post medieval/modern roadside ditch it is therefore deemed unnecessary for any further archaeological monitoring or recording at Dale Cottage at this time, however with the location of the property being within a landscape known to be rich in archaeology and heritage assets it is our recommendation that should further development take place that is likely to expose underlying strata that a suitable programme of archaeological work should be undertaken.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Thanks are accorded Cave Construction for their help and co-operation during the course of this project.

The site recording was undertaken by Stephen Kennedy

Report text, figure and plates by Stephen Kennedy and Bradley Eyre

Administrative support was provided by Georgina Richardson.

REFERENCES

Atkinson, D. 2021

Erection of house extension and linked garage at 33 Dale Road, Elloughton, East Riding Of Yorkshire: Written scheme of investigation for archaeological observation, investigation and recording (watching brief)

Brown, D. H. 2007

Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in the creation, compilation, transfer and curation, Published by IFA on behalf of the Archaeological Archives Forum

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists 2014a

Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief, December 2014 Chartered Institute for Archaeologists 2014b

Standard and Guidance for archaeological excavation, December 2014

Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government 2019
National Planning Policy Framework

Online

Cranfield Soil and Agrifood Institute http://www.landis.org.uk/soilscapes/

The British Geological Survey

http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html – geology of Britain viewer).

APPENDICES

Appendix 1

Context list

1000 Unstratified upcast spoil

1001 Modern paving slabs and hardcore

1002 Modern topsoil

1003 Natural sand and chalk gravel

1004 Mid brown sandy clay silt fill of ditch 1005

1005 NE-SW cut of ditch

Appendix 2

Archive

Project Details:

Archaeological Observation, Investigation and Recording (Watching Brief); 33 Dale Cottage, Elloughton, East **Yorkshire**

Site Code: WB2021.004

National Grid Reference: SE 9495 2833 **HER Casework Reference:** PA/CONS/27872 Planning Reference Number: 20/04120/PLF

Museum Reference or Accession Number: ERYMS (BAG): 2021.40

Author: Stephen Kennedy & Bradley Eyre Date of fieldwork: July 2021

Report Number: Humber Field Archaeology Report Number 2176

Quantity

The digital archive is stored on Hull City Council Servers 1x A4 folder contains the paper archive

Summary of work.

A programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording (watching brief) was undertaken by Humber Field Archaeology in advance of the construction of a house extension and associated garage and services on land immediately to the rear of Dale Cottage, 33 Dale Road, Elloughton, East Riding of Yorkshire.

One feature namely a modern ditch 1005 was recorded crossing the north eastern corner of the house extension footings. This feature is thought to be a drainage ditch associated with the construction of the roadway connecting Dale road to Elloughton Dale subsequently filled in during the later construction of Dale cottage.

Index to Archive

Documentary Archive Record						
1. Project summary						
Archive component	Hard Copy	Digital Copy	Notes			
1.1 Site Summary/ Abstract	×	⊠				
1.2 Archive Index	×	×				
1.3 Guide to Elements of the Archaeological Archive		×				
2. Project Planning						
2.1 Planning Documentation	×	⊠	Architect Drawings			
2.2 Written Scheme of Investigation/ Project Design/ Project Specification	×					
2.3 Risk Assessment	×	⊠				
2.4 Correspondence (date order)	×	⊠				
2.5 Miscellaneous documentation (flow charts, bills, receipts, administration, staffing etc.)	×	⊠				
3. Initial Survey and Documentary Resea	rch		1			

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4.5 Section Index and Section Drawings	⊠	×					
4.6 Survey and Sketch							
5 Photographic Record:							
5.1 Photographic Site Record Sheets	\boxtimes	×					
5.2 Photographic Concordance Table (database printout)	×	×					
5.3 Contact Sheets	×						
5.4 Negatives							
5.5 Colour Transparencies (slides)							
5.6 Prints							
5.7 Digital Images (computer printout)		⊔					
3.7 Digital illiages (computer printout)		_					
C Post sussentian Fieldmank Pote.							
6 Post-excavation Fieldwork Data:							
6.1 Matrices and Phasing Information							
6.2 AutoCAD Site Drawings	⊠						
6.3 Site Structural Report Draft							
7 Digital Archive			_				
7.1 Digital Archive Storage Statement							
7.2 Contents of digital archive							
7.3 CD / DVDs							
7.4 Other Discs							
7.5 Metadata for Digital Record (data							
about data, eg what the codes mean)							
8 Material Archive Record			•				
8.1 Post-excavation Finds Progress							
Checklist Sheet							
8.2 Recorded Finds Index and Sheets							
8.3 Context Finds Sheets							
8.4 Bulk Finds Sheets							
8.5 Recorded Finds Assessment Draft							

8.6 Recorded Finds Database Copy					
8.7 Recorded Finds Illustrations					
8.8 Bulk Finds Assessment Draft					
8.9 Bulk finds Illustrations					
8.10 Pottery Database Copy					
8.11 Spot Dating Record					
8.12 Pottery Assessment Report Draft					
·					
8.13 Pottery Illustrations					
8.14 Ceramic Building Materials Assessment Draft					
8.15 Industrial Residues Assessment					
Draft			Ц		
8.16 Scientific Analysis and Dating					
Reports					
8.17 Finds Digital Photographs Index					
8.18 Finds Digital Images (computer					
printout)					
8.19 Box Index					
8.20 Material Archive Rationalisation					
Sheet					
8.21 Finds Archive Contents Sheet					
9 Conservation Record					
9.1 Conservation Assessment Report					
9.2 X-rays					
9.3 Conservation Record Sheets for					
Individual Objects			Ц		
9.4 Further conservation Report					
10 Biological Material Record					
10.1 Sample Index and Sample Sheets					
10.2 Biological Material Data					
10.3 Biological Material Assessment					
Report Draft					
10.4 Animal Bone Assessment (if a					
separate report)	_		_		
10.5 Shell Assessment (if a separate					
report)			_		
10.6 Human Bone Data					
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11-13 Dissemination					
11. Publicity: Press releases, paper					
cuttings, recordings of interviews both					
on the radio and T.V.					
12. Final Assessment Report: The	\boxtimes		\bowtie	Report No 2176	
complete Assessment Report. Including					
illustrations and plates, as sent to the					
client and Historic Environment Record					
13. Additional Reports: Interim					
Statements, watching brief report copy,					
papers and articles written for journals					
or other publications. Publication Archive					
_					
			Did this site proceed to publication after assessment?		

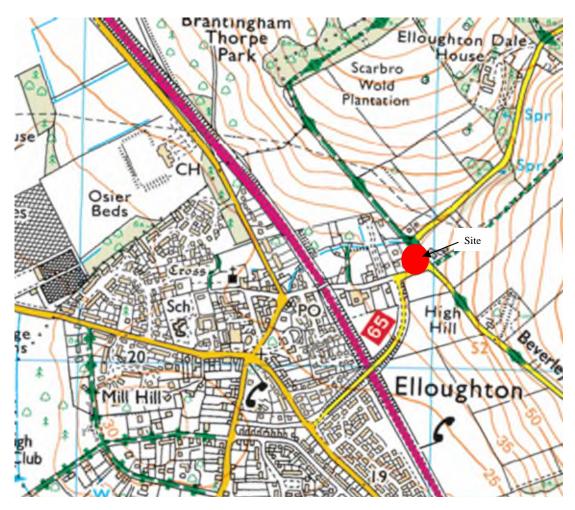


Figure 1 General location plan (red oval) (Licence no. 100034493)

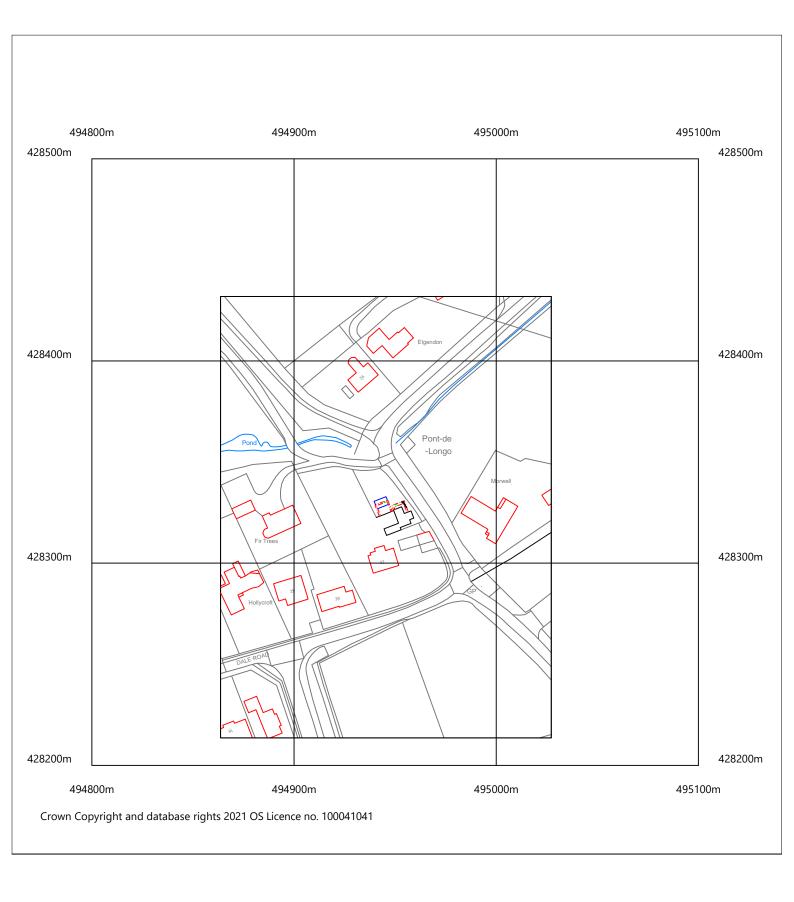




Figure 3 Foundation trench plan

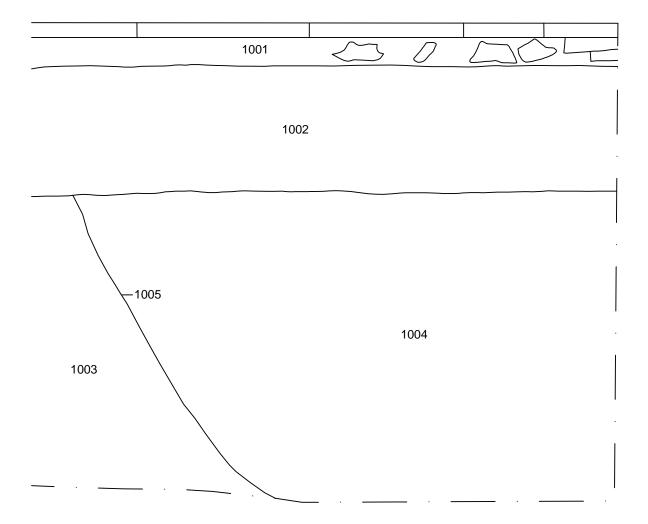






Plate 1 The development site, looking south



Plate 2 Ditch 1005, north west corner of house extension footings, looking north east (1m scale)



Plate 3 General depth of hardcore and overlying soils, looking west (1m scale)



Plate 4 House extension footings, looking south



Plate 5 House extension footings, looking east



Plate 6 footprint of new garage with recently demolished garage rubble in foreground, looking east



Plate 7 New garage footings, looking east



Plate 8 New garage footings with overlying soils (1m scale)



Plate 9 Overall shot of excavated new garage footings, looking east (1m scale)



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Project Management • Desk-based Assessment • Field Survey • Fieldwork • Finds Research • Post-excavation Analysis • Inter-tidal Work

Humber Field Archaeology is an independently-funded part of the Humber Archaeology Partnership, a partnership serving The East Riding of Yorkshire Council and Kingston upon Hull City Council