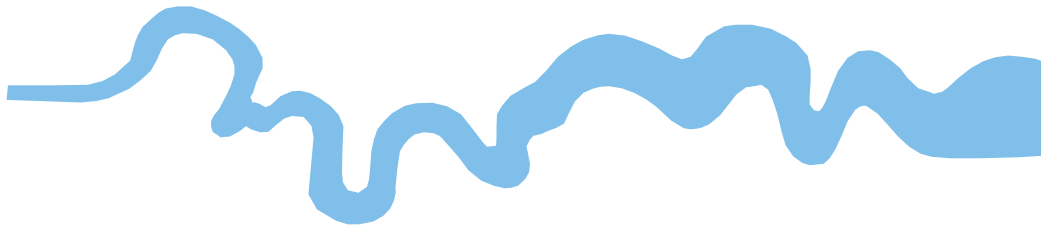


T V A S



SOUTH WEST

**22 Glebe Road, Durrington,
Wiltshire**

Archaeological Watching Brief

by Nicholas Dawson

Site Code: GRD18/117

(SU 1580 4474)

**22 Glebe Road,
Durrington, Wiltshire**

An Archaeological Watching Brief

For Ms C Mills

by Nicholas Dawson

Thames Valley Archaeological Services Ltd

Site Code GRD 18/117

July 2018

Summary

Site name: 22 Glebe Road, Durrington, Wiltshire

Grid reference: SU 1580 4474

Site activity: Watching Brief

Date and duration of project: 20th July 2018

Project manager: Agata Socha-Paszkwicz

Site supervisor: Nicholas Dawson

Site code: GDR 18/117

Area of site: 4.5m x 7.5m

Summary of results: The watching brief monitored the excavation of footings of a new extension. No deposits nor finds of archaeological interest were recorded.

Location and reference of archive: The archive is presently held at Thames Valley Archaeological Services South West, Taunton and will be deposited at Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum or the Archaeology Data Service in due course

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www.tvas.co.uk/reports/reports.asp.*

Report edited/checked by: Steve Ford✓ 27.07.18 Steve Preston✓ 27.07.18

22 Glebe Road, Durrington, Wiltshire An Archaeological Watching Brief

by Nicholas Dawson

Report 18/117

Introduction

This report documents the results of an archaeological watching brief carried out at 22 Glebe Road, Durrington, Wiltshire, SP4 8AY (NGR SU1580 4474) (Fig. 1). The work was commissioned by Ms Chloe Mills, 22 Glebe Road, Durrington, Wiltshire, SP4 8AY.

Planning consent (17/04660/FUL) has been granted by Wiltshire Council to build a two story side extension to the house at 22 Glebe Road, Durrington, Wiltshire subject to a condition which requires the implementation of an archaeological watching brief during all intrusive groundworks.

This is in accordance with the Department for Communities and Local Government's *National Planning Policy Framework* (NPPF 2012) and the Wiltshire Council's policies on archaeology. The field investigation was carried out to a specification approved by Martin Brown Assistant County Archaeologist for Wiltshire County Council. The fieldwork was undertaken by Nicholas Dawson, on the 20th July 2018 and the site code is GRD 18/117.

The archive is presently held at Thames Valley Archaeological Services South West, Taunton and will be deposited at Wiltshire County Museums in due course.

Location, topography and geology

The site is located within the northern half of Durrington village within a residential development (Fig 2). Durrington sits within a bend in the river Avon within Salisbury Plain. The sites lies at around 83m above Ordinance Datum with underlying bedrock of Gravel (BGS 1999). However, a silty clay with chalk pellets was revealed in the trenches.

Archaeological background

The site lies within the historic centre of settlement of Durrington, and lies c. 200m south east of the parish church. The settlement has late Saxon origins and is documented in Domesday Book (Williams and Martin 2002). The location is probably most widely known for its proximity to the World Heritage site which includes

Stonehenge. The large later Neolithic henge of Durrington Walls and the post-built monument of Woodhenge (Wainwright and Longworth 1971) lie c. 1km to the south west.

Objectives and methodology

The purpose of the watching brief is to excavate and record any identified archaeological deposits which may be affected by the groundworks. This will involve examination of all areas of intrusive groundworks, in particular overburden removal and ground reduction. Any archaeological deposits identified were to be hand cleaned, excavated and fully recorded.

Results

The excavation of footings 1.3m deep and 0.76m wide dug along the edge new extension area was observed. This area included a former concreted parking area and a thin strip of the garden lawn. Beneath the concrete a 0.2m levelling layer of re-deposited topsoil and containing modern ceramic building materials, fragments of concrete and a single fragment of clay pipe stem. These objects were retained on site.

Beneath this levelling layer and the grass topsoil, a silty clay natural geology was observed with increasing chalk inclusions at depth. No solid chalk was noted. Where the footing trench butted against the existing house the original construction trench was visible some 0.4m from the wall and 0.9m deep.

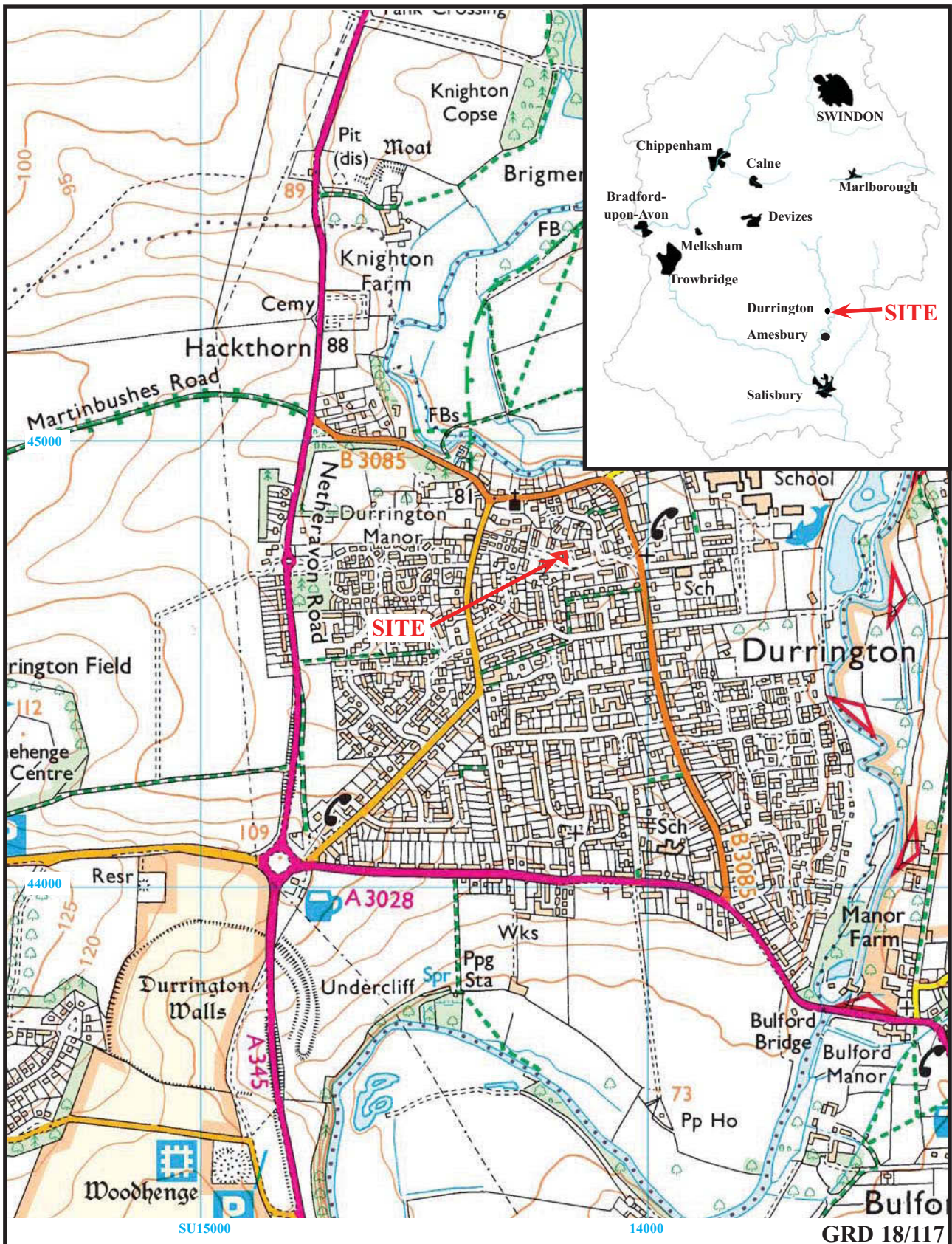
No deposits nor artefacts of archaeological interest were recorded.

Conclusion

No archaeological features were observed during the works, nor finds or deposits of archaeological interest.

References

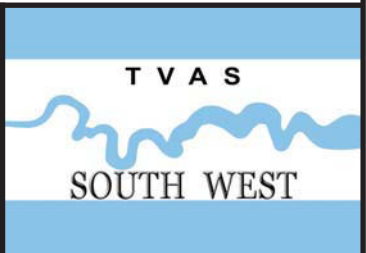
- BGS, 1999, *British Geological Survey*, 1:63360, Sheet 282, Solid and Drift Edition, Keyworth
NPPF 2012, *National Planning Policy Framework*, Dept Communities and Local Govt, London
Wainwright, G and Longworth, I, 1971, *Durrington Walls Excavations 1966–1968*, Rep Res Comm Soc Antiq
29, London
Williams, A and Martin, G H, 2002, *Domesday Book, a complete translation*, London

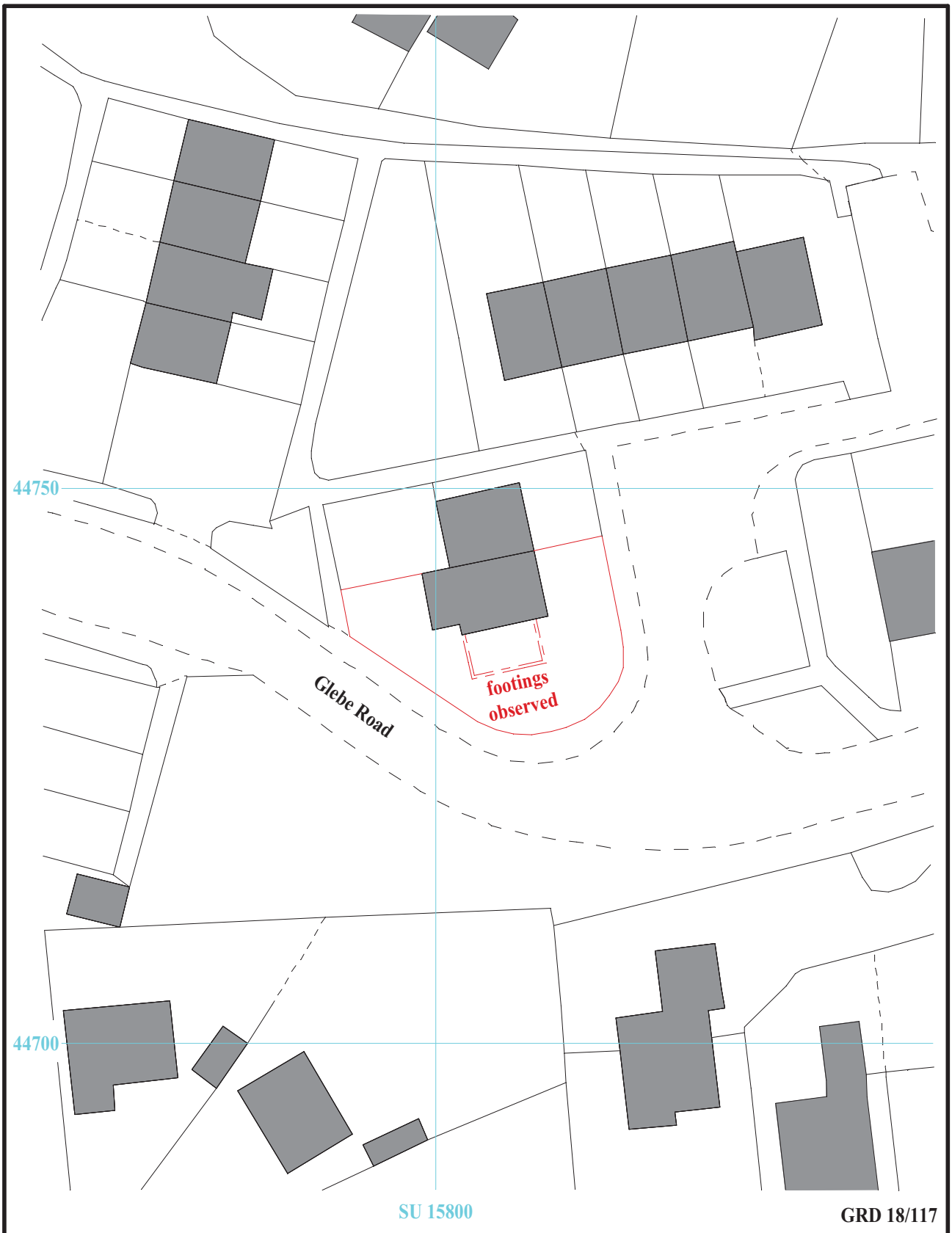


22 Glebe Road,
 Durrington, Wiltshire, 2018
 Archaeological Watching Brief

Figure 1. Location of site within Durrington and Wiltshire.

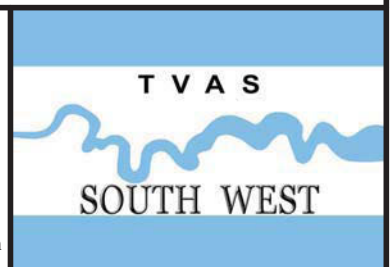
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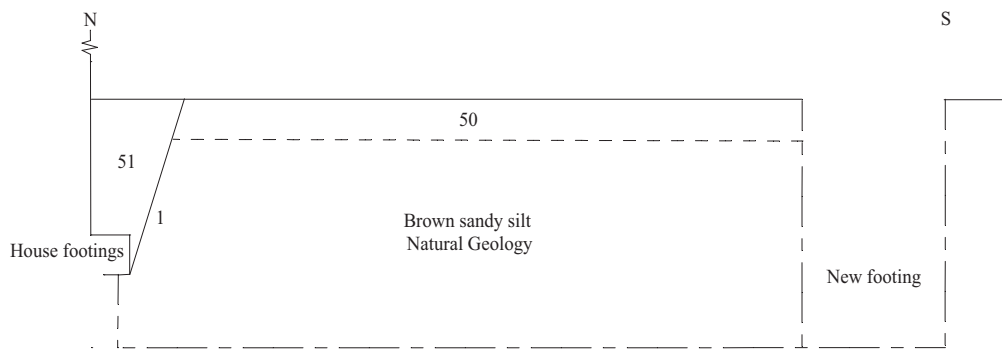




22 Glebe Road, Durrington,
Wiltshire, 2018
Archaeological Watching Brief

Figure 2. Site plan.





GRD 18/117

**22 Glebe Road, Durrington,
Wiltshire, 2018
Archaeological Watching Brief**

Figure 3. Representative section

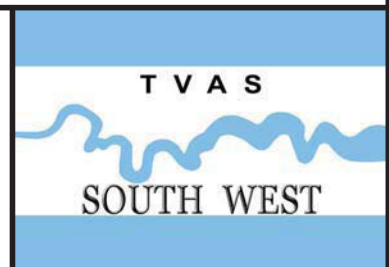




Plate 1. Excavated footings, looking north west.



Plate 2. Section of the footings, looking west,
Scales: 1m and 0.5m.



Plate 3. Existing footings, looking north,
Scale: 1m.

GDR 18/117

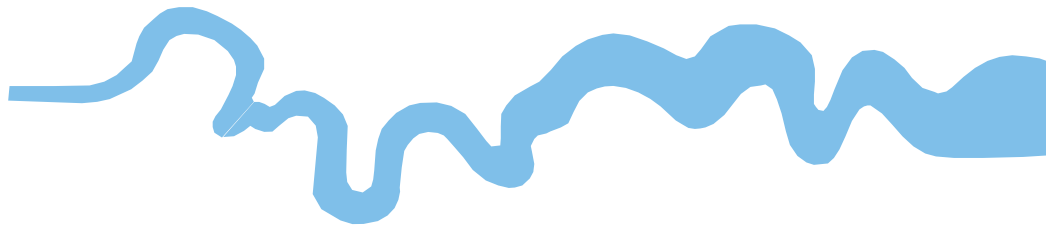
22 Glebe Road, Durrington
, Wiltshire, 2018
Archaeological Watching Brief
Plates 1 to 3.



TIME CHART

	Calendar Years
Modern _____	AD 1901
Victorian _____	AD 1837
Post Medieval _____	AD 1500
Medieval _____	AD 1066
Saxon _____	AD 410
Roman _____	AD 43 AD 0 BC
Iron Age _____	750 BC
Bronze Age: Late _____	1300 BC
Bronze Age: Middle _____	1700 BC
Bronze Age: Early _____	2100 BC
Neolithic: Late	3300 BC
Neolithic: Early	4300 BC
Mesolithic: Late	6000 BC
Mesolithic: Early	10000 BC
Palaeolithic: Upper	30000 BC
Palaeolithic: Middle	70000 BC
Palaeolithic: Lower	2,000,000 BC





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