Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey

An Archaeological Evaluation

for Shepperton Aggregates

by Danielle Milbank, Jo Pine

and Andrew Weale

Thames Valley Archaeological Services Ltd

Site Code MFS08/119

December 2008

Summary

Site name: Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey

Grid reference: TQ 0520 6975

Site activity: Evaluation

Date and duration of project: 6th November to 8th December 2008

Project manager: Steve Ford and Jo Pine

Site supervisors: Jo Pine and Andrew Weale

Site code: MFS 08/119

Area of site: 15.5 ha evaluated within 35 ha application area.

Summary of results: A high density of certain and probable archaeological deposits has been revealed, but with a paucity of recovered dating, cultural or environmental evidence. Deposits reflecting Early Neolithic and probable Middle/Late Bronze Age occupation are present with prehistoric activity of other periods represented by a few pieces of possible Mesolithic flintwork, late Neolithic and Late Iron Age pottery. Roman and Medieval finds and deposits are very few, suggesting that the area was probably only used as farmland in those periods. Cropmarks of possible archaeological interest on the site could not be confirmed as being of archaeological origin by this evaluation.

Monuments identified: Ditches, gullies, pits and postholes

Location and reference of archive: The archive is presently held at Thames Valley Archaeological Services, Reading and will be deposited at Staines Museum in due course.

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by Danielle Milbank, Jo Pine and Andrew Weale

Report 08/119

Introduction

This report documents the results of an archaeological field evaluation carried out at Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey (TQ 0520 6975) (Fig.1). The work was commissioned by Mr Andrew Josephs of Andrew Josephs Ltd, 16 South Terrace, Sowerby, Thirsk, Yorkshire, YO7 1RH on behalf of Shepperton Aggregates. Planning permission to extract sand and gravel on the site is to be sought. There are four main proposed extraction areas giving a total area of approximately 15.4 ha: Phase 1 covers an overall area of 3.95 ha; Phase 2, 4.0 ha; Phase 3 (incl. phase 3b), 4.53 ha; and Phase 4, 2.95 ha. In order to inform the planning process in respect of the proposed application, and as a consequence of the possibility of archaeological deposits on the site which may be damaged or destroyed by development, a field evaluation has been carried out. The evaluation was to form part of a staged programme of archaeological investigation required by the Surrey County Council Archaeological Officer, adviser to Surrey County Council Minerals and Waste Planning team in order to determine the appropriate mitigation that may be required.

This is in accordance with the Department of the Environment's Planning Policy Guidance, *Archaeology and Planning* (PPG16 1990), and the County Council's policies on archaeology. The field investigation was carried out to a specification designed by Wardell Armstrong (WA 2008) and approved by Mr Gary Jackson, Surrey County Council Archaeological Officer. The fieldwork was supervised by Jo Pine and Andrew Weale who were assisted in the field by Kyle Beaverstock, Vanja Blomqvist, Daniel Bray, Marta Buczek, Susan Colley, Aidan Colyer, Tim Dawson, James Early, Ceri Falys, Matt Gittens and Gemma Watson. The fieldwork took place between 6th November 2008 and 8th December 2008 and the site code is MFS08/119. The archive is presently held at Thames Valley Archaeological Services, Reading and will be deposited at Staines Museum in due course.

Location, topography and geology

The site is located on the eastern side of Staines, to the north of the village of Laleham and just to the east of the Queen Mary Reservoir (Figure.1). The site is bounded by residential properties facing on to Worple Road, Pavillion Gardens and Brightside Avenue to the north and north-west, by a school and recreation ground to the

north-east, by larger properties facing onto Ashford Road to the east, by fields to the south and by more residential properties, a garden centre and a sports complex to the west. The topography of the site is relatively flat and current land use is grazed pasture. The northern part of the site is situated on the Kempton Park Gravel formation, a second Thames terrace river gravel. The southern part of the site is situated on Langley Silt, a deposit of 'brickearth' overlying the Kempton Park Gravel formation (BGS 1981).

Archaeological background

The archaeological potential of the site has been highlighted in a deskbased assessment submitted as part of an environmental statement for the site (WA 2006) and a written scheme of investigation (WA 2008). In summary, the site lies in the archaeologically rich Thames Valley with a wide range of sites and finds recorded from the air but especially from mineral extraction such as here (Longley 1976). There are two entries in the county Historic Environment Record (HER) located within the application area. Both refer to cropmarks, recorded by survey carried out in 1976, which were thought most likely to be ring ditches (levelled round barrows) of Bronze Age date. As a part of this evaluation, further aerial photographs taken in 1968, 1971 and 1988 were examined. However, it is considered that the interpretation of cropmark features visible as of archaeological origin, or that they represented ring ditches as indicated in the HER, was far from clear. These cropmark features have been plotted in detail as shown on Figure 2.

Fieldwork at an adjacent gravel working site (Home Farm) discovered widespread remains of middle to late Bronze Age settlement, including several roundhouses, with further evidence for late Neolithic, Iron Age, early Roman and medieval activity. A watching brief just to the north-west revealed Roman pottery, prehistoric struck flints, burnt flint, a quernstone fragment and medieval or post-medieval tile. A late Iron-Age farmstead with other activity dating to the later Mesolithic, Neolithic, Bronze Age, Saxon and medieval periods was also recorded, some 300m west of the site. Finally, a possible prehistoric ditch is recorded 500m to the north-west.

Objectives and methodology

The purpose of the evaluation was to determine the presence/absence, extent, condition, character, quality and date of any archaeological deposits within the area of development, so as to inform upon the potential impact of the proposed extraction. The specific research aims of this project (WA 2008) are:

To establish the extent of the known features, particular relating to known ring ditches of probable Bronze Age date, within the application area; To determine the date, nature and significance of these features and any associated remains;

To establish if any remains of a settlement or further activity associated with the ring ditches survives;

To establish whether any archaeological remains of other periods survive.

It was proposed to excavate a total of 143 trenches, each 30m long and 1.8m wide (5% of the proposed extraction area). A contingency for fourteen additional 30m-long trenches was included within the proposal, should this be required to clarify the results of the initial trenching.

In the event 149 trenches were excavated. Additional trenches were excavated to clarify features noted during the initial trenching and also to examine the locations of the cropmarks where the (systematic but untargeted) initial trench locations had not already examined these locations.

Topsoil and other overburden were removed under archaeological supervision by a 360^o machine fitted with a ditching bucket. Where archaeological features were certainly or probably present, the stripped areas were cleaned using appropriate hand tools. Sufficient of the archaeological features and deposits exposed were to be excavated or sampled by hand to satisfy the aims of the project, without compromising the integrity of complex deposits better examined under excavation conditions.

Results

Eighty-nine of the 149 trenches (60%) contained features of archaeological interest, or potentially of archaeological interest, and are discussed in detail below. A complete list of trenches giving lengths, breadths, depths and a description of sections and geology is given in Appendix 1.

Trench 3 (Figs 4 and 15)

This trench was aligned east-west, 30m long and 0.70m deep. The stratigraphy consisted of topsoil 0.40m thick, which overlay brown silty clay subsoil with frequent gravel inclusions, which was 0.40m thick. This in turn overlay the brickearth with gravel natural geology. A gully terminal (12) was excavated, this was 0.36m deep. It was infilled with 62, a grey orange clay silt, which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. This gully had been recut (534) which truncated the western side of gully (12).

Trench 5 (Figs 4 and 15)

Trench 5 was aligned east-west and was 28.8m long and 0.60m deep overall. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.30m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This in turn overlay the natural geology (brickearth with gravel).

At the west end of the trench, ditch 17 was observed, aligned SW–NE, 0.90m wide and 0.16m deep. It was infilled with brown grey clay silt (67) and did not contain any finds or dating evidence. A possible pit (18) was also excavated. This was 0.66m wide in section and 1.08m long. It was 0.13m deep and was infilled with orange brown clay silt (68). No finds or dating evidence was recovered from this feature. Midway along the trench, possible pit or gully terminal (19) was excavated, which was 0.76m wide. It was 0.14m deep and was infilled with 69, a brown grey clay silt deposit with no finds or dating evidence.

Trench 6 (Figs 4 and 16)

This trench was aligned SE–NW and was 30m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.30m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This in turn overlay brickearth with gravel geology. A possible ditch terminal (20) was excavated at the south end of the trench. This measured 1.02m wide and 0.20m deep, and had been substantially disturbed by roots. It was infilled with 70 (a primary fill of orange brown clay silt) and an upper fill of mid to light brown grey clay silt (71); neither fill contained any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 7 (Figs 4 and 16)

This trench was aligned east-west and was 28m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.20m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This in turn overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

At 8m from the west end, a slot (21) measuring 1.15m was excavated through a gully which was aligned SE–NW. This was 0.52m wide and 0.11m deep. It was infilled with deposit 76, a grey brown silt which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. Towards the eastern end, possible pit (22) was excavated, which was 1.57m wide (east-west) and 1.05m (north-south), and 0.39m deep. It was infilled with 77, which was a mottled grey and orange-brown clay silt, but did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 8 (Figs 4, 15 and 17)

Trench 8 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.55m deep overall. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.15m thick over subsoil (as above) 0.25m thick. This in turn overlay the brickearth and gravel natural geology. At 6m from the west end of the trench, pit 1 was 0.65m wide in section, 0.88m long (north-south) and 0.18m deep, and was infilled with deposit 50 (light brown grey silty clay). Pit 3 measured 0.94m wide (east-west), was 0.18m deep and contained 52, a yellow brown silty clay, from which four sherds of early prehistoric pottery were recovered. A slot (103) was excavated through a ditch, which was aligned SE–NW. This was 1.33m wide and 0.14m deep. It was infilled with 156 (orange brown silty clay). The terminal of a gully (104) was excavated,

which measured 0.53m wide and 1m long (as seen in plan). This was also 0.14m deep and infilled with grey brown silty clay deposit 157. No finds or other dating evidence was recovered from these features.

Trench 9 (Figs 4 and 15)

This trench was aligned east-west, and was 29.7m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.15m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.25m thick. This in turn overlay the gravel and brickearth natural geology.

At the western end of the trench, two possible pits (5 and 6) were excavated. Cut 5 measured 0.90m wide in section and 1.34m long, and 0.15m deep. It was infilled with 54, which was a light grey silty clay. Possible pit 6 was 0.80m wide in section and 1.25m long, was 0.10m deep and infilled with 55, a grey brown silty clay. A slot (7) was excavated through a ditch which was aligned SW–NE and was 1.45m wide in section, and the excavated slot was 1.72m long. This was infilled with 56, a bluish-brown silty clay deposit. Features 5, 6 and 7 did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 10 (Figs 4 and 17)

Trench 10 was aligned north-south and was 29.6m long and 0.60m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.15m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.25m thick. This overlay the brickearth with gravel geology.

A slot (45) was excavated through an irregular-sided gully, which was 0.75m wide in section and 4m long as seen in plan. Gully slot 45 was infilled with deposit 98, a grey silty sand which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. A possible gully terminal (44) was recorded which was 0.50m wide and 0.10m deep.

Trench 12 (Figs 4 and 15)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.35m deep. The stratigraphy consisted of topsoil 0.15m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.10m thick. This in turn overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A gully was recorded (46) which was aligned east-west. This was 0.70m wide and 0.13m deep, and was infilled with dark brown sandy silt (99). A pit (47) was excavated, measuring 1m wide in section, 0.65m in plan (east-west) and 0.10m deep. It was filled with 150 (brown-orange silty clay). Neither feature contained any finds.

Trench 13 (Figs 4 and 16)

Trench 13 was aligned east-west,30m long and 0.45m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.10m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible shallow gully terminal or small pit was recorded (26), aligned SW–NE and was 0.55m wide. This feature was 0.08m deep and contained a brown grey sandy clay deposit (79). An irregular-sided, meandering gully was observed, overall aligned NW–SE and excavated in slots 27, 30 and 31 (the terminal). Slot 27 showed that the gully measured 0.50m wide and 0.18m deep and was infilled with deposit 80, a brown grey gravely clay. A slot was excavated through this gully and possible small pit to the south of the gully (28, 29, 30), which showed that there was also a possible segment of gully (29) joining the pit and gully terminal, however the relationship was unclear and neither feature contained any finds or dating evidence. A possible shallow pit or gully terminal (25), measuring 0.15m deep, 0.65m wide and 0.91m long as seen in plan, and was infilled with grey silty sand and gravel (78), which contained no finds or dating evidence.

Trench 14 (Figs 5 and 15)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.52m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.26m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.16m thick. This in turn overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A posthole (14) was excavated, which was 0.30m in diameter, 0.12m deep and infilled with 64 (grey brown silty clay), with no finds or dating evidence recovered. A slot (13) was excavated through a ditch aligned SW–NE. It was 1.11m wide and 0.30m deep, and was infilled with 63, a dark grey brown silty clay deposit containing one sherd of late Roman pottery weighing 5g.

Trench 15 (Figs 5 and 16)

Trench 15 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.20m thick over subsoil (as above) 0.40m thick, which in turn overlay the brickearth and gravel geology.

A gully (24) 0.60m wide and aligned north-south was observed. A slot was excavated through this (24) which showed that it was 0.10m deep and was infilled with grey brown silty clay 75. A terminal (23) of a gully feature was excavated. This was 0.62m deep and 1.08m wide, and was infilled with 72, 73 and 74, which comprised light brown grey, dark brown grey and orange brown silty clay layers respectively. Neither 23 nor 24 contained any finds.

Trench 16 (Figs 5 and 15)

This trench was aligned north-south, was 30m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.15m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) 0.35m thick. This overlay the brickearth and gravel natural geology.

Three gullies were all aligned approximately east-west. The most southerly of these (11) was 0.58m wide and 0.15m deep, and was infilled with grey brown silty clay (60). A slot through a second gully (10) was 0.47m wide, 0.08m deep and infilled with 59 (brown grey silty clay). A ditch (9), 0.80m wide was recorded. A slot was dug, 0.28m deep and showing that the sides were regular and sloping with a flat base. This contained a single grey brown silty clay fill (58).

Possible pit 8 was roughly circular, 0.80m in diameter and 0.29m deep. It was infilled with 57, which was orange brown silty clay. None of the features in this trench contained any finds.

Trench 17 (Figs 5 and 15)

This trench was aligned north-south, was 30m long and 0.65m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.45m thick over subsoil (as above) 0.20m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

Two roughly oval pits were recorded. Pit 15 was 1.54m long in section, 1.3m wide, 0.22m deep, and was infilled with light grey silty clay (65). Pit 16 was 0.90m wide in section, 1.40m long and 0.20m deep. It was infilled with 66, a light grey silty clay deposit. Neither pit contained any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 18 (Figs 5 and 16)

This trench was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.45m deep overall. Topsoil 0.25m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This in turn overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology. A possible pit (33) was recorded, which was 0.63m wide in section and 1.12m long. It was 0.12m deep and infilled with 86 (red brown silty clay). No finds or dating evidence were recovered from deposits 85 or 86. A slot measuring 0.85m (east-west) and 1.10m (north-south) was excavated through a possible large feature. Dark brown grey silty clay was observed in plan as a broad band from 3m to 10m along the trench. The spread (85) was 0.14m at its thickest and the base was very uneven, and on further investigation the feature was probably natural in origin.

Trench 20 (Figs 6 and 17)

Trench 20 was aligned east-west, measured 30m long and 0.70m deep overall. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.30m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) 0.40m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A ditch (41) aligned SE–NW was 1.22m wide, 0.24m deep and was infilled with 94, a grey sandy silt, which contained early prehistoric pottery along with two late Iron Age sherds. Feature 42 was a slot excavated through a spread at the east end of the trench. The slot measured 0.80m square, with an uneven base, and was

0.17m deep. It appeared to be of natural origin although this could not be stated with certainty. No finds or dating evidence were recovered from 42.

Trench 21 (Figs 6 and 16)

Trench 21 was aligned north–south, and was 30m long and 0.63m deep. Topsoil 0.33m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A shallow pit (36) was excavated, which was 0.80m north-south, 0.77m in section (east-west) and 0.11m deep, and was infilled with 89 (light brown grey silty clay). A gully (35) was aligned east-west, was 0.77m wide and 0.11m deep, and was infilled with 88, a brown grey silty clay deposit. Neither 35 nor 36 contained any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 22 (Figs 6 and 16)

Trench 22 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.65m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.35m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible posthole (34) was excavated, which measured 0.32m wide in section and 0.38m long (northsouth). It was 0.33m deep and had a single fill (86), which was red brown silty clay and did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 23 (Figs 6 and 17; Pls 1 and 2)

This trench was aligned north—south, and was 30m long and 0.65m deep. Topsoil 0.35m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology. A slot (100) was excavated through a ditch aligned east—west, which was 1.87m wide and 0.40m deep. It was infilled with layers 155 and 659 but these did not contain any finds or other dating evidence. A possible pit or gully terminal (49) was excavated, which was 0.81m wide in section and 0.76m long (north-south), 0.15m deep and infilled with 154, which comprised dark grey brow silty clay with no finds or dating evidence. A second possible gully terminal (48) was 0.54m wide in section and 1.1m long (east-west), was 0.05m deep and was infilled with 153, which was a grey brown silty clay which did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

A slot (101) was excavated through a spread deposit of dark brown grey silty clay (152) and showed that the feature was 0.60m at its deepest, with a flattish base. Although the sides were not defined, it appears that the feature may be a broad ditch. The deposit 152 contained three sherds of prehistoric pottery: an origin during either the Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age is equally possible for this material. A sieved sample from this deposit contained burnt seeds and charcoal flecks. Another slot was excavated through another possible pit/ditch terminal (102). This was shown to be sloping gently down to the west and was 0.60m deep filled with a dark brown grey silty clay (151). This deposit contained two flint blades of Mesolithic or earlier Neolithic date.

Trench 24 (Figs 6 and 16)

Trench 24 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.60m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible pit (37) was excavated, this measured 0.55m wide in section and 0.74m long (east-west), was 0.17m thick and it was infilled with 90, a red brown sandy clay deposit. Three spreads of material (38–40) in this trench were probably just subsoil infilling natural undulations.

Trench 27 (Figs 6 and 17)

Trench 27 was aligned north–south, and was 30m long and 0.50m deep. Topsoil 0.40m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A slot was excavated through a thin gully 43, which was 0.85m wide in section (north-south) and 0.16m deep. This was infilled with 96, an orange grey silty clay with no finds or dating evidence present.

Trench 32 (Figs 7 and 22)

Trench 32 was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.25m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.25m thick. This in turn overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology. Four possible features were recorded.

A possible pit (304) measuring 0.62m in diameter and 0.25m deep was excavated. Its sides were steep and the base concave, and it was infilled with 365, a dark grey brown silty clay. Feature 305 was a small possible pit which was 0.45m wide in section and 0.10m deep. It was infilled with 366, a grey brown silty clay. To the immediate east of 305, a possible posthole (306) measured 0.38m in diameter and 0.08m deep, and was infilled with mid to light brown grey silty clay (367). At the western end of the trench, a possible small pit or terminal of a linear feature (307) was excavated, and was 0.46m wide in section and 0.21m deep. None of these features contained finds.

Trench 33 (Figs 7, 21 and 22)

This was aligned east-west and topsoil, 0.25m deep overlay 0.15m of subsoil over a sandy silt geology with frequent gravel inclusions. A probable posthole (301) was recorded, being ovoid in plan and 0.30m deep, its dark

clayey silt fill (360) contained no dateable finds. Probable intercutting pits (302 and 303) were also excavated but also contained no dating evidence.

Trench 34 (Figs 7 and 21)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 0.6m deep. 0.4m of topsoil overlay 0.20m of subsoil above a sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions (natural). A small posthole (241) 0.30m diameter and 0.12m deep and contained a dark clayey silty (363). A gully terminal (242) was also excavated. This was aligned east-west and contained undiagnostic tile fragments.

Trench 35 (Figs 7 and 22)

This was aligned east-west and was 0.40m deep. Topsoil 0.25m deep and 0.15m deep subsoil onto a sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. A thin gully was recorded aligned NE–SW (slots 322, 323 and 325). This was 0.75m wide and 0.16m deep. It was cut by a linear feature 323 and itself truncated a possible terminal 320/1. No finds were recorded from any of these features.

Trench 36 (Figs 7 and 20)

Trench 36 was aligned north–south, and was 30m long and 0.40m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil which was 0.10m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A slot was excavated through a gully (212) which was aligned east-west and measured 0.30m wide and 0.08m deep, with a gently concave base. It was infilled with a mottled brown and orange silty sand deposit, with no finds or dating evidence present.

Trench 37 (Figs 7 and 19)

Trench 37 was aligned north-south, and was 30m long and 0.50m deep. Topsoil 0.35m thick overlay subsoil which was 0.30m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

An irregularly-shaped feature (203) was excavated, which measured 1.22m wide in section and 3.3m long (north-south) overall. This feature was 0.16m deep and was infilled with 264, a brown orange silty sand deposit which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. The terminal of a linear feature (201) was excavated, which was aligned east-west and was 0.52m wide. It was only 0.09m deep and infilled with 262, a brown orange silty sand deposit with no finds or dating evidence present. An irregularly-shaped feature (202) was also excavated and was 1.65m wide 0.09m deep and was infilled with dark brown silty sand (263)

Trench 38 (Figs 7 and 18; Pls 3 and 4)

This trench was aligned east-west and was 30m long and 1m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.40m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.40m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A shallow pit (122) was excavated, which was 1.20m wide, 0.60m long and 0.30m deep, with sloping sides and an uneven base. It was infilled with 655, a grey silty clay layer which overlay 180, a mid to dark grey silty clay deposit containing frequent charcoal and burnt flint inclusions. A sample (2) was taken of layer 180 and processed for finds and dating evidence. This contained burnt flint and charcoal fragments. A sherd of middle Bronze Age pottery was recovered from the spoil of the trench, not clearly associated with the pit.

Trench 39 (Figs 7 and 18)

Trench 39 was aligned north-south, and was 30m long and 0.70m deep. Topsoil 0.50m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology. A possible small pit (115) 0.72m wide in section and 0.57m long (north-south) was excavated. This was 0.12m deep and was infilled with light yellow grey (173) but did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 41 (Figs 7 and 18)

Trench 41 was aligned north-south, and was 30m long and 0.65m deep. Topsoil 0.33m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology. Several features were present.

A possible pit 105 was excavated, which was 0.45m wide in section and 1.2m long (east-west), 0.14m deep and infilled with light grey orange silty sand (158). Another possible small pit (112) was excavated. This was 0.08m deep, 0.40m wide in section and 0.50m long (north-south), and was infilled with 165, grey silty clay. A very shallow pit (111) was recorded, measuring 0.33m in section and 0.50m long (southeast-northwest), 0.03m deep and infilled with 164 (a light grey silty clay). Pit 110 was 0.37m in section and 0.71m long (southwest-northeast) was 0.11m deep and was infilled with 163 (grey orange silty clay). Immediately to the north of 110 was a smaller pit or posthole 109, 0.04m deep, 0.20m in section and 0.34m long, and infilled with 162, which comprised a grey silty clay. Possible pit 108 was 0.71m wide in section. This was 0.80m long, 0.11m deep and infilled with grey silty clay 161. To the north of this, pit 107 was 0.57m in section, 0.68m long (south west - north east) and 0.07m deep, and was infilled with 160 (grey silty clay).

A gully (106) 0.52m wide in section and 0.18m deep. It was aligned east-west and infilled with 159, a grey orange silty clay. Features 105 to 112 contained no finds or dating evidence.

Trench 42 (Figs 7 and 18; Pl. 5)

Trench 42 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.63m deep. Topsoil 0.33m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.30m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A slot (120) was excavated through a large linear feature which was 11m long and 0.97m wide, 0.48m deep and aligned SW–NE. It had a single dark grey brown silty clay fill (178) which contained a sherd of prehistoric (Neolithic or Bronze Age) pottery and charcoal fragments.

A possible posthole (121) was excavated, and measured 0.29m in section and 0.45m long (north-south). It was 0.07m deep and was infilled with 179, which comprised orange grey silty clay. A further possible small pit or posthole (118) was excavated which was 0.41m wide in section, 0.52m wide (east-west) and 0.15m deep, and was infilled with orange grey silty clay (176). Neither feature 121 or 118 contained any finds or dating evidence. A probable treebole was also investigated (119): no finds were retrieved from this feature.

Trench 43 (Figs 8 and 19)

This was aligned north–south and was 30m long and 0.65m deep. The topsoil was 0.45m deep above 0.20m of subsoil onto silt with frequent gravel inclusions. A possible gully terminal 139 was 0.96m wide and 0.18m deep and its two silty fills (197 and 198) contained no finds. A dubious pit (140) is more likely to be a treebole.

Trench 44 (Figs 8 and 19)

Trench 44 was aligned approximately north-south, and was 30m long and 1.05m deep. Topsoil 0.40m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.40m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

Four likely pits, a ditch and a posthole were excavated. Pit 149 was 1.03m wide in section and 1.24m long and 0.18m deep. It was infilled with a brown grey silty clay deposit (260). A ditch (148) was observed, aligned east-west which was 0.87m wide and 0.13m deep, 1.20m long, with a gently concave base, and was infilled with deposit 259 (a dark grey silty clay). Immediately to the north of this, a shallow (0.07m deep) possible pit 147 was excavated. It measured 1.36m wide in section and 2m long (north-south) and was irregularly shaped with a flattish base. Pit 147 was infilled with 258, which comprised a dark brown silty clay.

Pit 146 was 1.07m wide in section, 1.13m long and 0.27m deep, with a concave base. It was infilled with deposit 257 (brown silty clay). A possible pit 145 was an elongated oval shape in plan, and was 0.15m deep, 0.71m wide in section and 2.3m long (SW–NE). It was infilled with 256, a brown grey silty clay deposit containing three sherds of prehistoric pottery (Neolithic or Bronze Age). Immediately to the north of 145 was a possible posthole (144). It was 0.38m in diameter, 0.15m deep and infilled with dark brown silty clay 255, from which two sherds of prehistoric pottery were recovered.

Trench 45 (Figs 8 and 20; Pl. 6)

Trench 45 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.70m deep. Topsoil 0.35m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.35m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A large pit or ditch terminal (222) measuring 3.07m wide in section was excavated to a depth of 0.37m (and further augered for 0.50m, though not bottomed). As revealed, it contained four or five fills. Fill 287, which was a mid brown grey clayey silt overlay deposit 286, which was grey silty clay with mid to light-orange brown mottling. This contained 43 sherds weighing 410g of earlier Neolithic pottery. Deposit 286 overlay a mottled mid to light grey and mid/dark orange deposit (285) which contained three sherds of earlier Neolithic pottery. Deposits 285 overlay 283 and 284, which were both slightly mottled light orange brown clay sand deposits comprising slumping at the east and west of the feature (possibly the same fill). Deposit 283 contained three sherds of pottery weighing 14g.

Feature 239 was 0.52m wide in section and 3.4m long (SW–NE), and was infilled with a dark grey silt 350. It is likely this feature is a burrow but possibly may be a gully. A linear feature was recorded (216) which was aligned north-south, 1.58m wide and 0.32m deep. This was infilled with dark brown grey silty clay (277) which contained a fragment of animal bone and six fragments of post-medieval tile weighing a total of 39g.

Trench 46 (Figs 8 and 19)

Trench 46 was aligned north–south and was 30m long and 0.52m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.40m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.12m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible pit (200) was excavated, which was 1.5m (SW–NE) 0.62m wide in section and 0.08m deep. It was infilled with 261, a dark brown silty clay deposit which contained no finds or other dating evidence.

Trench 51 (Figs 8 and 20)

Trench 51 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.60m deep. Topsoil 0.45m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.15m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible pit (214) was excavated and was 1.28m wide in section, 1.5m east-west and 0.25m deep, with an irregular but broadly concave base. It was infilled with 275, which was a light yellow brown sandy silt, and which was truncated by pit 215. Pit 215 was 0.42m in diameter, with a concave base, and was 0.24m deep and infilled with a mottled yellow/orange brown sandy silt deposit (276).

A further possible pit (213) was excavated, it was 1.20m wide in section and 1m east-west, was 0.12m deep with a flattish base, and was infilled with 274, brown orange silty sand. Features 213–215 did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 52 (Figs 8 and 22)

Trench 52 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.60m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible pit 319 was excavated, which was 0.40m in diameter and 0.13m deep. It was infilled with 385, a grey brown silty clay with charcoal inclusions.

Trench 53 (Figs 8 and 22)

Trench 53 was aligned north-south, and was 30m long and 0.50m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.20m thick. This overlay the natural brickearth and gravel geology. A possible pit (318) was excavated, this was 1.40m in diameter and 0.25m deep. No finds were recovered from its fill, a grey brown silty clay deposit (384).

Trench 54 (Figs 8 and 20)

Trench 54 was aligned east-west, and was 30m long and 0.40m deep. Topsoil 0.30m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.10m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology.

Four possible pits were excavated in this trench (218–221). Pit 221 measured 0.50m in diameter and 0.10m deep, with shallow sloping sides and a concave base. It was infilled with a light orange brown silty clay deposit (282). Possible shallow pit 220 was 0.45m in diameter and 0.08m deep, and infilled with light orange brown silty clay 281. Feature 219 was a possible pit, 0.65m in diameter, 0.16m deep and infilled with 280 (light orange brown silty clay). Pit 218 was 0.40m in diameter and 0.10m deep, with gently sloping sides and concave base. It contained a light orange brown silty clay deposit 279. Features 218-221 did not contain any pottery or dating evidence.

Trench 55 (Figs 8 and 21)

This was aligned north-south and was 29.6m long and 0.50m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.20m of subsoil onto a sandy silty clay with frequent gravel inclusions and reddish brown brickearth patches. Three small and shallow pit like features (246–248) were recorded which did not contain any finds. A probable gully terminal (249) was 0.45 wide and 0.12m deep. At the northern end of trench a shallow ditch (300)

was aligned east-west was 1.00m wide and 0.20m deep and contained two sherds of prehistoric (Neolithic or Bronze Age) pottery.

Trench 56 (Figs 9 and 22)

This was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil onto 0.15m of subsoil onto orange sandy gravel with brickearth patches. Four possible postholes (311–314) were recorded which ranged in diameter between 0.20 and 0.35m and depth between 0.04-0.07m. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 57 (Figs 9 and 23)

This was aligned east-west and was 30.6m long and 0.60m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.35m of topsoil onto 0.25m of subsoil onto orange sandy gravel with brickearth patches.

A ditch (326) with a U-shaped profile 0.90m wide was excavated, aligned NW–SE. It contained a silty clay fill (392) which was 0.25m deep. Four other ditches (327-330) were recorded in the trench, all approximately parallel, close to north–south in alignment. These were between 0.60-1.05m wide and 0.19-0.27m deep but did not contain any dateable finds.

Trench 58 (Figs 9 and 23)

This was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil onto 0.25m of subsoil onto orange sandy gravel with brickearth patches. A large ditch (332) was recorded aligned NW–SE. This was 1.70m wide and 0.84m deep and contained two fills (398 and 399), both of which were a clayey silt. A flint spall (waste flake) was recovered from 398. No finds were recorded from the primary fill (399) even though elements were wet sieved. A small gully (331) was also recorded aligned north-south, this being 0.53m in width, 0.23m deep with a concave base. No finds were recovered from this feature.

Trench 60 (Figs 9 and 22)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 29.5m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil over 0.20m of subsoil over sandy silty clay with brickearth patches. A probable pit (310) was recorded. This was irregular in shape,0.50m by 0.40m and 0.10m deep. No finds were recorded from its clayey silt fill (376).

Trench 61 (Figs 9 and 23)

This trench was aligned east-west and was 30.4m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.25m of topsoil over subsoil 0.25m deep over orange brickearth and flecks of clay with gravel inclusions. Four possible pits (333, 334, 336 and 337) were recorded. These were shallow oval features between 0.11–0.25m deep. From pit 333 (fill 450), 1 sherd of prehistoric (Neolithic or Bronze Age) pottery was recovered. A small slightly curving gully (slot 335) was observed. This was 0.45m wide and only 0.10m deep aligned north-south. Again no finds were recovered from its fill (453).

Trench 63 (Figs 9 and 22)

This trench was east-west and was and was 30m long and 0.45m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.25m deep overlying 0.15m of subsoil over reddish brown sandy gravel. Dubious pits 308 and Pit 309 were recorded. These did not contain any finds.

Trench 64 (Figs 9 and 22)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 30m long and 0.60m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.40m deep overlay a 0.20m thick deposit of subsoil onto a light to mid reddish brown sandy gravel. Two ditches (315 and 316) were recorded both aligned east-west. Ditch 315 was 1.10m wide and 0.12m deep, ditch 316 was 0.80m wide and 0.12m deep. A possible pit (317) was also recorded. This was 0.90m by 0.60m but only 0.08m deep. No finds were recorded from its silt fill (383).

Trench 65 (Figs 9 and 24)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 32m long and was 0.85m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.40m deep overlying 0.35m of subsoil over brickearth. A small gully (415) was recorded aligned SW–NE was 0.25m wide and 0.06m deep. To the north of this was a shallow ditch (416), which was 0.70m wide and 0.25m deep aligned west–east. Another probable ditch (417) was recorded which was 0.55m wide and 0.10m deep and aligned SW–NE. Shallow pit (414) 0.60 min diameter and 0.15m deep was recorded at the southern end of the trench.

Trench 66 (Figs 10 and 24)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 32m long and was 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.32 deep over 0.18m of subsoil onto a mid orange brown brickearth with frequent gravel inclusions. Two small

shallow postholes (348 and 401) were recorded together with two possible pits (349 and 400) were also recorded being shallow, 0.15–0.16m deep. No finds were recovered from any of the features in this trench.

Trench 68 (Figs 10 and 23)

This trench was aligned north-south and was 32m long and was 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.25 deep over 0.25m of subsoil over orange brown brickearth with frequent gravel inclusions. Two gullies (342 and 345) were recorded together with a pit-like feature 341 and dubious feature a pit/gully terminal (340). No finds were recovered from any of the features in this trench.

Trench 71 (Figs 10 and 27)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and was 0.4m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.10m of subsoil onto a light to mid yellowish brown sandy gravel with flecks of brickearth. A possible ditch terminal (502) and possible pit (503) were recorded. Ditch terminal 502 was 1.00m wide and 0.14m deep whilst pit 503 was 0.80m by 0.90m by 0.15m deep. No finds were retrieved from either feature.

Trench 72 (Figs 10 and 24)

This trench was aligned east–west and was 31m long and was 0.45m deep. It was obliquely extended for 8.5m to the north to clarify the relationship between two ditches (347 and 428). The stratigraphy of the trench was 0.30m of topsoil onto 0.15m of subsoil onto a yellowish sandy gravel and brickearth.

Ditch 347 in the original trench appeared to be aligned NW–SE, however, the extension showed this ditch curved to the west. It is noted that two cropmarks interpreted as ring ditches are considered to lie close to this trench (Fig. 2), although the curvature of the cropmark plotted crossing the line of this trench is in the opposite direction to that observed in ditch 347. It would require an unlikely error in either the plotting of the cropmark or the location of the trench for 347 to be the more westerly ring ditch. Moreover, this did not appear at all in Trench 69 which should also have intercepted it. The slot through this ditch showed it to be 1.30m wide, 0.30m deep with a U-shaped profile. Ditch 428 aligned NW–SE appears to terminate between the edge of the trench and the extension and thus did not truncate ditch 347. There is the possibility that there is another ditch terminal butting out from the trench extension creating an entrance way, however, this feature was very ephemeral.

A slot (346) was excavated through a gully, which was 0.80m wide and 0.15m deep. Pits 427, 429 and probable postholes 430, 431 were also recorded in this trench.

No finds were recovered from the features in this trench, including from the wet sieved fills from ditches 347 and 428.

Trench 73 (Figs 10 and 24)

This trench aligned approximately SW–NE was 32m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil overlying 0.15m of subsoil over orange-brown brickearth flecked with occasional charcoal. A very doubtful pit (345) was recorded, this was 0.75m in width, 2.1m long and 0.31m deep with a silty clay fill (464). It produced no finds.

Trench 74 (Figs 10 and 24)(Plate 7)

This trench aligned approximately NW–SE and was 32m long and was 0.45m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.30m deep overlying 0.15m of subsoil over a silty gravel with lenses of brickearth.

Numerous features were recorded in this trench. A gully terminal (403) was recorded, this was 0.61m in width, 0.16m deep with a silty clay fill (470). Probable gully terminal (404) was recorded just to the north. It was 0.27m wide and 0.13m deep and had a similar fill (471) to 404. Further again to the north was a third probable gully terminal (410). This was 0.53m wide and 0.13m deep. Another gully terminal 408 was also observed, this was 0.50m wide and 0.2m deep and also contained a finds-sterile fill (476). Four possible pits (405, 406, 407 and 409) were also recorded.

Trench 75 (Figs 11 and 26)

This trench aligned approximately NW–SE was 32m long and was 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy showed topsoil 0.35m deep overlying 0.25m of subsoil over a silty gravel with flecks of brickearth. A ditch (446) was recorded which was 1.10m wide and 0.25m deep. A gully (447) was 0.35m wide and 0.12m deep. A small pit (448) was also excavated. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 76 (Figs 11 and 28)

This trench aligned approximately SW–NE and was 31.4m long and 0.61m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.28m deep overlying 0.30m of subsoil over brickearth. Gully (533) and a probable pit (532), both undated, were recorded, both being shallow, 0.20m in depth.

Trench 79 (Figs 11 and 22)(Plate 8)

Trench 79 was aligned SW–NE, and was 30m long and 0.82m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.32m thick overlay subsoil which was 0.47m thick. This overlay brickearth and gravel geology. Seven features or possible features were present.

A substantial ditch (211) was aligned approximately SE–NW. A slot was excavated through this, showing in section that the feature was 1.2m wide, 0.43m deep and had a v-shaped profile with a concave base. It contained a single fill (272), a dark grey brown silty sand deposit which contained a sherd of medieval pottery, peg tile, brick and a pencil/stylus. Feature 210 was a possible shallow pit, 0.45m in diameter and 0.10m deep with a concave base and a single light grey brown silty clay fill, 271. To the north east of 210, a possible feature (209) was excavated, which was 0.50m in diameter, 0.04m deep, with an undulating base and infilled with an orange grey silty clay deposit 270, but this appeared on further investigation to be of natural origin. Feature 208, was a possible small pit or posthole, 0.20m in diameter and 0.07m deep. This was infilled with 269, which comprised an orange brown silty clay with no finds or dating evidence present.

To the west of this, feature 207 was excavated, and measured 0.70m in diameter and 0.20m deep, with steep, even sides and a concave base. It was infilled with a light brown grey silty clay (268) which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. Feature 206 was a possible pit or terminal of a linear feature. This was 0.80m wide in section, 1m long (SE–NW) and 0.14m deep, and was infilled with 267 (light brown grey silty clay), with no finds or dating evidence present. To the north-east of 206 was a possible shallow pit 205, which was 0.70m in diameter and 0.12m deep, with an even, concave base. The fill (266) was light brown grey silty clay with no finds or dating evidence present. A possible small pit or posthole (204) was excavated, which measured 0.40m in diameter, 0.05m deep. It was infilled with 265, a light orange grey silty clay deposit which did not contain any finds or dating evidence.

Trench 80 (Figs 11 and 19)

This trench was aligned SE–NW, and measured 32m long and 0.40m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.40m thick over subsoil (as above) which was 0.28m thick. This overlay yellowish brickearth. A pit (138) was excavated, which was 1.10m in diameter, 0.16m deep and infilled with 196 (grey brown silty clay). To the north of this, two possible small pits or postholes were excavated, 136 and 137. Feature 136 was 0.35m in diameter and 0.08m deep, and was infilled with (194), an orange grey silty clay deposit. 137 was a small circular feature, 0.25m in diameter and 0.07m deep, and infilled with 195. A posthole (132) was excavated, which measured 0.30m in diameter and 0.07m deep, and was infilled with (190) orange grey silty clay with no finds or dating evidence present.

Trench 82 (Figs 11 and 18)

This trench was aligned south west - north east and was 31m long and 0.90m deep. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.30 thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.60m thick. This in turn overlay the brickearth and gravel geology.

A possible gully terminal aligned east-west was excavated (slots 114 and terminal slot 113). This showed that it was 0.64m wide, 0.31m deep, with irregular sides and base, undercutting slightly at the east side. It was infilled with four deposits (169-172), all comprising light orange brown and brown grey silty clay deposits containing varying proportions of gravel, and which did not contain any finds or dating evidence. The terminal end (113) was 0.44m wide in section, 0.16m deep, and was also undercutting on the east side, with a concave base. This was infilled with 166, 167 and 168 (all orange brown clay silt deposits) which contained more frequent gravel toward the base but no finds or dating evidence.

Trench 84 (Figs 11 and 26)

This trench was aligned NE–SW and was 31m long and 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m topsoil onto 0.20m of subsoil onto a yellowish brown sandy gravel with patches of brickearth. A gully (445) was recorded aligned due north–south, which was 0.80m wide and 0.23m deep. A small circular pit (444) was recorded, this being 0.75m in diameter and 0.11m deep. No finds were recorded from either feature.

Trench 86 (Figs 11 and 24)

This was aligned NE–SW and was 31m long and 0.75m deep. It was enlarged with the addition of a 6m x 4m extension to the north-west to clarify the relationship between two ditches 411 and 412. The west end of this trench was located over a cropmark (Fig. 2). The stratigraphy comprised 0.35m of topsoil on to 0.40m of subsoil onto yellowish brickearth. A ditch 411 was aligned north west - south east and was 0.95m wide, 0.40m deep with a U shaped profile. To the east was a linear feature 412 which during the initial examination of the trench was thought might have a stratigraphic relationship with ditch 411 just to the north. However the addition to the trench showed that 412 terminated before crossing 411. Ditch terminal was 1.70m wide and 0.30m deep and had a few fragments of bone within its fill (480). This was truncated by dubious pit 413. None of these features were at a location corresponding to the cropmark as plotted (which likewise did not appear in Trench 85 which also intercepted it).

Trench 87 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NE–SW and was 31m long and 0.7m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil overlying 0.30m of subsoil onto a yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A ditch (525) was recorded aligned east–west which was 1.00m wide, 0.25m deep and contained a clayey silt fill (599).

Trench 90 (Figs 12 and 23)

This was aligned east-west and was 32m long and 0.65m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.35m of subsoil onto yellowish brickearth. A posthole (338) and pit (344) were recorded. The posthole was 0.25m in diameter and 0.20m deep and was cut by the pit (344). This was 0.65m in diameter and 0.22m deep. Gully (slot 339) was 0.65m in diameter and 0.15m deep. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 92 (Figs 12 and 24)

This trench was aligned east-west and was 32m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.35m of subsoil onto a yellowish brickearth. A single posthole (402) 0.40m in diameter and 0.17m depth was recorded. Again no finds were recovered from this feature.

Trench 94 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned east - west and was 31m long and 0.45m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.15m of subsoil onto a yellowish brickearth. A ditch (520) was recorded aligned north-south which was 1.30m wide and 0.20m deep with concave sides and a rounded base. No finds were finds were recovered from its silty clay fill (594).

Trench 95 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 31m long and 0.7m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil onto 0.40m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A thin ditch/gully (slot 509) was 0.60m wide and 0.25m deep. No finds were recorded from its silty clay (583) fill.

Trench 97 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil onto 0.15m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A probable pit (512) was recorded butting from the section, this being 0.20m in depth. A ditch (slot 513) was recorded aligned NW–SE, 1.20m in width and 0.30m in depth with a silty clay fill(587). No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 99 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.4m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.20m of topsoil onto 0.20m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A gully (514) was recorded aligned NW–SE. This was 0.50m wide and shallow being 0.10m deep with concave sides and a rounded base. A series of terminals or pits were recorded butting from the sections of the trench (516 and 519) together with some probable pits 515, 518 and 517 which were irregular in plan but more secure in section. Again no finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 102 (Figs 12 and 27)

This trench was aligned SW–NE and was 32m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil onto 0.20m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A probable ditch terminal (504) was excavated in this trench. It was 1.30m wide and 0.20m deep with shallow concave sides and a slightly rounded base. No finds were recovered from its grey silty clay fill (577).

Trench 106 (Figs 12 and 27)

This trench was aligned east-west. and was 31m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.20m of topsoil onto 0.35m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Probable pits 505 and 508 were recorded, which were irregular in shape. Two probable postholes (506 and 507) were recorded which were shallow 0.09 to 0.14m deep. Again no finds were recorded from the fills of this feature.

Trench 107 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 31m long and 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil over 0.30m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A number of linear features were recorded. A small ditch (521) was 0.90m wide and 0.22m deep. This contained a brown grey silty clay (595) which contained fifteen sherds of mid to late Bronze Age pottery. Two small gullies (522 and 524) were also recorded which were between 0.50-0.65m wide and respectively 0.13m and 0.22m deep. These did not contain any finds. A small undated pit (523) 0.50m in diameter and 0.15m deep was also recorded.

Trench 109 (Figs 12 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.4m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.20m of topsoil over 0.20m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Two parallel linear features

(510 and 511) were observed within this trench. Gully 510 was 0.60m in width and 0.16m deep. One piece of tile was recovered from its fill. Ditch 511 was slightly wider at 0.80m wide and 0.22m deep and contained no dateable finds.

Trench 110 (Figs 13 and 28)

This trench was aligned east-west and was 32m long and 0.75 deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil onto 0.35m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. A thin gully (531) was recorded being 0.40m wide and 0.25m deep. No finds were recovered from its silty fill (656).

Trench 111 (Figs 13 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil over 0.30m of subsoil onto yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Gully slot 528 was 0.95m wide and 0.33m deep and aligned east-west. Gully slot (527) was in the same alignment and was 0.60m wide and 0.15m deep.

Trench 112 (Figs 13 and 28)

This trench was aligned north–south and was 32m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised. 0.40m of topsoil overlying 0.10m of subsoil overlying brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Two gully slots were recorded (529 and 530), these more than likely being continuations of the gullies recorded in Trench 111.

Trench 116 (Figs 13 and 28)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.6m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil overlying 0.30m of subsoil overlying brickearth with sandy gravel. A possible pit 526 was 1.44m by 0.80m by 0.12m and contained a clayey silt fill (650). There is a strong possibility this is in fact a treebole.

Trench 118 (Figs 13 and 26)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 31m long and 0.73m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.28m of topsoil overlying 0.42m of subsoil overlying compact gravel with patches of brickearth. A ditch (432) was observed aligned east - west which was 1.00m wide and 0.25m deep. On the same alignment 5m to the north was gully 433 which was 0.45m wide and 0.12m deep. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 119 (Figs 13 and 26)

This trench was aligned NE–SW and was 30m long and 0.68m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.31m of topsoil over 0.34m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of white/yellow brickearth. A possible gully terminal (440) was observed. This was 0.43m wide and 0.11m deep. Gully 441 was 0.72m wide and 0.29m deep, aligned NW–SE, whilst ditch 442 was more substantial, 1.16m wide, 0.33m deep and aligned east–west. Gully 443 was only 0.31m wide and 0.14m deep aligned east–west. A small posthole (439) was also recorded, ovoid in plan, 0.38m in diameter and 0.12m deep. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 126 (Figs 13 and 26)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil overlying 0.10m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A gully (434) was recorded which was 0.65m and 0.24m deep aligned east–west. A small pit (435) 0.20m in diameter, was 0.25m deep and contained two fragments of tile.

Trench 127 (Figs 13 and 25)

This trench was aligned NE–SW and was 28m long and 0.7m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil over 0.30m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A probable gully terminal (423) was recorded, which was 0.80m wide and 0.20m deep. No finds were recovered from this feature.

Trench 128 (Figs 13 and 25)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 28m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil over 0.10m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A possible ditch (424) aligned east–west was 0.96m wide and 0.34m. No finds were recorded from this feature.

Trench 130 (Figs 13 and 25)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.55m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.35m of topsoil over 0.20m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A probable gully terminal (421) was excavated. This was 0.45m wide, shallow 0.10 deep and no finds were recovered from its clayey silt fill (489).

Trench 131 (Figs 13 and 25)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and 0.35m of topsoil overlay 0.20m of subsoil onto a gravel geology with patches of brickearth. A probable gully terminal (426) was excavated. This was 0.45m wide, shallow (0.09m deep) and no finds were recovered from its clayey silt fill (497) even though it was sampled <8>.

Trench 132 (Figs 13 and 26)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 31m long and 0.4m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.25m of topsoil over 0.15m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A possible curving ditch (436) was observed, this being 0.80m wide and 0.13m deep. An elongated pit-like feature (437) was also recorded in this trench, being 0.90m by 0.40m and 0.08m deep. No finds were recovered from either feature.

Trench 133 (Figs 14 and 26)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 32m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.40m of topsoil over 0.10m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A possible posthole (438) was recorded in the trench, circular in plan, 0.38m in diameter and 0.12m deep. No finds were recovered from its fill (560).

Trench 135 (Figs 14 and 25)

This trench was aligned SW–NE and was 33m long and 0.5m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.25m of topsoil over 0.25m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. Two probable pits (422 and 425) were recorded. No finds were recovered from either feature.

Trench 136 (Figs 14 and 25)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 30m long and 0.8m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil over 0.20m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. A possible ditch (418) aligned east–west was recorded, this being 0.85m wide and 0.20m. Another ditch (419) on the same alignment was 0.85m wide and 0.20m deep. A shallow pit (420) 0.08m deep and 0.85m wide was observed. Again no finds were recovered from any of these features.

Trench 144 (Figs 14 and 27)

This trench was aligned NW–SE and was 33m long and 0.7m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.30m of topsoil over 0.35m of subsoil onto gravel with patches of brickearth. Three linear features were recorded across the trench (449, 500 and 501) aligned east-west. These ranged in width from 0.45m to 1.10m and from 0.10m– 0.29m in depth. No finds were recovered from these features. A cropmark ring ditch was suggested to cross this trench as plotted from a 1968 air photograph but it is not clear if any of the features identified are responsible for the cropmark.

Trench 145 (Figs 14 and 21)

This trench was aligned SW–NE and was 33m long and 0.7m deep. The stratigraphy comprised 0.25m of topsoil over 0.25m of subsoil onto brickearth. A ditch 243 was recorded NE–SW across the trench, being 0.90m wide and 0.24m deep. A probable posthole (244) and pit (245) were also recorded. No finds were recovered from these features.

Trench 146 (Figs 14 and 21)

This trench was aligned east–west and was 31m long and 0.50m deep overall. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.35m thick, which overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.15m thick. This in turn overlay the brickearth and gravel geology. A possible pit (226) was excavated, which was 0.70m wide in section, 0.50m wide (east-west) and 0.10m deep, and was infilled with 298 (a brown orange silt) .To the west of 226, a small possible pit (227) was 0.50m by 0.13m deep. A ditch was observed, aligned north–south. A slot (228) was excavated through this, and showed that it measured 0.80m wide in section and 0.12m deep, and had a single brown silty clay fill (369). A ditch terminal (230) and a possible pit (231) were also recorded in this trench. Again, there were no finds.

Trench 147 (Figs 14 and 20)

This trench was aligned east–west and was 30m long and 0.50m deep overall. The stratigraphy comprised topsoil 0.35m thick overlay subsoil (as above) which was 0.15m thick. This in turn overlay the brickearth and gravel geology. A ditch (225), 0.70m wide and 0.36m deep aligned NW–SE was recorded. At the west end of the trench, a possible gully terminal (232) was excavated. This was aligned SW–NE, measured 0.40m wide, 1m long and 0.10m deep, and was infilled with an orange grey silty clay. No finds were recovered. A possible posthole (234) was also excavated which was 0.25m in diameter and 0.15m deep.

A gully (233) was excavated which was 0.40m wide and 0.22m deep, aligned north-south. It contained two sherds of late Neolithic pottery.

Finds

Pottery by Frances Raymond

A small assemblage composed of 96 sherds (weighing 783g) was recovered from 13 of the trenches. The sherds are quantified by period and context in Appendix 3.

The earliest and largest assemblage is derived from a pit in Trench 45 (pit 222). This produced 53 earlier Neolithic sherds in fresh to lightly abraded condition (552g) from at least eight different vessels made from

various flint tempered wares. Approximately half of the pottery fragments are from a shouldered bowl with an externally thickened rim and at least one applied oval lug. This is mounted vertically and has a pre-firing horizontal piercing. The fabric is relatively fine and is predominantly sandy with moderate amounts of flint, while the exterior has traces of vertical ripple burnishing. One other vessel is represented by two small bevelled and externally thickened rim sherds, but there is no evidence for the form of the remaining five.

Gully 233 in Trench 147 produced two fragments of Neolithic pottery in flint tempered fabrics. One is a split fragment from the rim of a late Neolithic Mortlake bowl (weighing one gram). This is decorated with three parallel twisted cord maggots set at right angles to the rim top. The other sherd is a plain wall fragment in a fabric with an earlier Neolithic origin that was also used for late Neolithic Peterborough Ware.

In combination Trenches 8, 20, 23, 42, 44, 55 and 61 produced 20 undecorated wall sherds (92g) mostly in fresh to lightly abraded condition. These are made from various flint tempered wares which can occur in assemblages dating to various phases of prehistory. An origin during either the Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age is equally possible for this material.

A single wall fragment in a ware tempered with common quantities of fine flint from Trench 38 is most likely to be of middle Bronze Age date. A small assemblage from gully 521 in Trench 107 is composed of base and wall sherds with a probable middle to late Bronze Age origin. The fragments are in fresh condition and are likely to be derived from a single vessel.

The few later sherds from the site are all heavily abraded. They include two late Iron Age wall fragments from gully 41 in Trench 20; part of a late Roman Oxfordshire red colour-coated base from ditch 13 in Trench 14; and a medieval wall sherd with an internal glaze from gully 211 in Trench 79.

Struck Flint by Steve Ford

A small collection comprising 4 struck flints was recovered from the site (Appendix 4). All of these came from stratified contexts. These comprised two blades a flake, and a spall. One of the blades is lightly serrated and is patinated. The two blades came from the same context (102) and are certainly of Mesolithic or earlier Neolithic date. The flake and spall are less closely datable but are probably of Neolithic or Bronze Age date.

Animal Bone by Ceri Falys

A very small assemblage of animal bone was recovered from five separate contexts across the evaluated area. A total of 27 fragments were present for analysis, weighing 254g (Appendix 5). The preservation of the remains

was exceptionally poor and all pieces showed a high degree of fragmentation. These two factors greatly limited the amount of retrievable information. Osteological analysis aimed at assigning each piece of bone to skeletal element, side, and species where possible. Ultimately, the minimum number of individuals (MNI) both within and between the species was determined.

Only one fragment was able to be determined to a general animal-size category. A "large-mammal" (horse or cow) left radius-ulna was identified within context (277) which is likely to be modern, however the degree of fragmentation was too severe to allow for a specific species designation). There was no evidence for butchery practices (i.e. cut-marks). No further information could be derived from these skeletal remains.

Brick and tile by Francis Raymond and Jo Pine

A small collection of brick and tile was recovered (Appendix 6). The majority was un diagnostic tile. However a single heavily abraded Roman tile fragment (weighing 8g) in a fine sandy clay came from Cut 529. This is 11 mm. thick and may be part of a box flue tile or tegula.

Burnt flint

A very small collection of burnt flint was recovered as detailed in Appendix 7.

Environmental Remains by Jo Pine

Nine samples ranging from 5 to 40 litres, were taken for retrieval of finds and environmental data (Appendix 8). These were floated and sieved using a 0.25mm mesh. Some of the resultant flots contained charred remains either wood charcoal or a few charred seeds, however these were at very low densities. No waterlogged remains were encountered during the works.

Conclusion

The evaluation revealed features of certain or probable archaeological interest in 60% of the trenches excavated and the majority were well defined but poorly dated. The northern part of the evaluation area seems to have produced the most concentrated clustering of features, including some suggestive of occupation sites, but in general, features are present across the entire site. Based on the results of the evaluation exercise, the majority of the site has moderate to high archaeological potential typical of dryland locations across southern England with this assessment only tempered by the paucity of cultural and environmental evidence. Finds were extremely sparse across the site, however, occupation sites of prehistoric date are not expected to yield significant quantities of cultural material and it appears that a significant proportion of the deposits encountered are of prehistoric date. Environmental evidence was also sparse, and animal bone seems to have survived only in relatively recent features.

Several phases of prehistoric activity are recorded, most notably that of the earlier Neolithic. Features of definite and probable Neolithic date include large pit or ditch features of some depth and size (101/102 and 222).

For the Bronze Age, both Middle and Late Bronze Age pottery has been recovered but only one feature is unambiguously of Late Bronze Age date. There is therefore some question as to the nature and extent of Bronze Age activity on the site, but it is present.

For later periods, namely in the late Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods, finds and dated features are again few. Their presence, however, seems less likely to indicate contemporary occupation deposits on the site, with deposits reflecting an organized landscape used for farming. Work on a landscape scale such as provided by large quarry sites has shown that large tracts of field system can be identified even from such apparently unpromising quantities of finds (Pine and Preston 2005; Jennings *et al.* 2004; Miles *et al.* 2007). Ditched field systems of Roman or medieval date are of interest in examining the extent of exploitation across a wider landscape, but are unlikely to produce large quantities of finds.

Archaeological interest in the site was partly generated by previous reports of the presence of cropmarks of archaeological origin. This study examined the original aerial photograph sources but could not clearly identify anomalies of certain archaeological interest. The evaluation reported above similarly could not match these cropmark anomalies with deposits identified in any of the trenches. The origin of the possible cropmarks therefore remains unanswered.

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APPENDIX 1: Trench details

0m at South or West end

Trenci		Breadth (m)		Comment
1	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Compact sandy gravel (Natural geology).
2	30.0	1.8	0.68	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Compact sandy gravel (Natural Geology).
3	30.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.80m Subsoil; 0.80m+ Compact sandy gravel (Natural Geology) Gully terminal (12 and 534).
4	30.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silty clay with frequent gravel inclusions.
5	28.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gully 17, Pit 18, Gully terminal 19.
6	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pit/ terminal 20.
7	28.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gully 21, Pit 22.
8	30.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.15m Topsoil; 0.15-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 1 and 3, Treeboles 2 and 4, Ditch 103, Gully 104.
9	29.70	1.8	0.50	0-0.15m Topsoil; 0.15-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 5 and 6, Ditch 7.
10	29.60	1.8	0.60	0-0.15m Topsoil; 0.15-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pit 44, Ditch 45.
11	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions.
12	30.0	1.8	0.35	0-0.15m Topsoil; 0.15-0.25m Subsoil; 0.25m+ Sandy silty clay with frequent gravel inclusions. Ditch 46, Pit 47.
13	30.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.10m Topsoil; 0.10-0.30m Subsoil; 0.30m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 25, 26; Gullys 27- 30, Gully terminal 31.
14	30.0	1.8	0.52	0-0.26m Topsoil; 0.26-0.42m Subsoil; 0.42m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Ditch 13, Posthole 14.
15	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Ditch terminal 23, Gully 24.
16	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.15m Topsoil; 0.15-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pit 8, Ditch 9, Gully 10 and 11.
17	30.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.45m Topsoil; 0.45-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
18	30.0	1.8	0.45	inclusions. Pit 16, Pit 15. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Speed 22, Pit 22
19	30.0	1.8	0.55	inclusions. Spread 32, Pit 33. 0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m Sandy silt with frequent gravel
20	30.0	1.8	0.40	inclusions. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions Ditch 41 around 42
21	30.0	1.8	0.63	inclusions. Ditch 41, spread 42. 0-0.33m Topsoil; 0.33-0.63m Subsoil; 0.63m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
22	30.0	1.8	0.65	inclusions. Gully 35, Pit 36 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
23	30.0	1.8	0.65	inclusions. Posthole 34. 0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gully terminal 48, Pit 49, Ditch 100, Ditch /pits ?101 and 102. [Plates
24	30.0	1.8	0.60	1 and 2] 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
25	30.0	1.8	0.30	inclusions. Pit 37, 'spreads' 38–40. 0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.30m Subsoil; 0.30m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
26	30.0	1.8	0.50	inclusions. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
27	30.0	1.8	0.50	inclusions. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m Sandy silt with frequent gravel
28	30.0	1.8	0.45	inclusions. Ditch 43. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m Sandy silt with frequent gravel
29	30.0	1.8	0.40	inclusions. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
30	30.0	1.8	0.40	inclusions. Three natural features. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
31	30.0	1.8	0.70	inclusions. 0-0.50m Topsoil; 0.50-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
32	30.0	1.8	0.50	inclusions. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions Dubious Bits 304 207
33	30.0	1.8	0.45	inclusions. Dubious Pits 304-307. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 302 and 3032. Postbolo 301
34	30.0	1.8	0.60	inclusions. Pits 302 and 303?, Posthole 301. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel

Trench	Length (m)	Breadth (m)	Depth (m)	Comment
				inclusions. Posthole 241, Gully 242
35	30.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gullys 320 to 325.
36	30.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gully 212.
37	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
38	30.0	1.8	1.00	inclusions. Gully 201, possible Pit 202, treebole 203. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.80m Subsoil; 0.80m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
39	30.0	1.8	0.70	inclusions. Pit 122, 'spreads 126–130. [Plates 3 and 4] 0-0.50m Topsoil; 0.50-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel
40	30.0	1.8	0.65	inclusions. Pit 115. Two natural features. 0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Brickearth with gravel patches.
40 41	30.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Brickearth with gravel patches. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Brickearth and silty gravel. Pits 105 and 112, Ditch 106, Treeboles 107, 108, 109, 110, 111
42	30.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 118 and 121, treebole 119, Ditch 120. [Plate 6]
43	30.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.45m Topsoil; 0.45-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Gully 139, Pit? 140, treeboles 141, 142.
44	30.0	1.8	1.05	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.80m Subsoil; 0.80m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Posthole 144, Pits 145, 146 and 149, Ditch 148, treeboles 143, 147.
45	30.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Ditches 216, 235, Pit? 217, Pit 222, ?feature 235 [Plate 7]
46	30.0	1.8	0.52	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.52m Subsoil; 0.52m+ Sandy silt with frequent gravel inclusions. Pit 200.
47	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown with frequent gravel inclusions and brickearth. Ditch 131?, 'spreads 223, 224.
48	30.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Yellowish brown silty sandy clay with gravel inclusions.
49	30.0	1.8	0.46	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.46m Subsoil; 0.46m+ Yellowish silty clay with sand patches and frequent gravel inclusions.
50	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown, flecks of brickearth and gravels.
51	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.45m Topsoil; 0.45-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Mid brown sandy clay with gravel and brickearth patches. Pits 213 and 214, Posthole 215
52	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown with brickearth flecks and sandy clay with frequent gravel inclusions. Possible pit 319.
53	29.40	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silty clay with brickearth flecks. Pit 318
54	29.60	1.8	0.40	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy silty clay with brickearth patches and frequent gravel inclusions. Pits 218-221.
55	29.60	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy silty clay with frequent gravel inclusions and reddish brown brickearth patches. Pits 246, 247, 248; Ditch 300;
56	30.0	1.8	0.55	Gully Terminal 249. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Orange sandy gravel with brickearth patches. Possible postholes 311-314
57	30.60	1.8	0.60	patches. Possible postholes 311-314. 0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Sandy gravel with brickearth patches. Ditches 326 to 330.
58	30.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Orange sandy gravel with brickearth patches. Gully 331, Ditch 332.
59	30.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel.
60	29.50	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yenowish brown sandy gravel.
50	27.50	1.0	0.00	patches. Pit 310
61	30.40	1.8	0.50	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Orange brickearth and flecks of clay with gravel inclusions. Pits 333, 334, 336 and 337, Gully 335.
62	30.0	1.8	0.44	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.44m Subsoil; 0.44m+ Reddish brown brickearth with gravel inclusions.
63	30.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Reddish brown sandy gravel. Dubious pits 308 and 309.
64	30.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Reddish brown sandy gravel. Ditches 315 and 316, Possible pit 317.
65	32.0	1.8	0.85	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.85m Subsoil; 0.85m+ Orange brown brickearth and flecks of manganese. Gully 415, 417, Pit 414, Ditch 416.
66	32.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.32m Topsoil; 0.32-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Orange brown brickearth with frequent gravel inclusions. Postholes 348, 401, Pits 349 and 400.
67	31.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown brickearth.
68	32.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.50m Subsoil; 0.5m+ Yellowish brown brickearth. Dubious pit/gully terminal 340, Gullys 341-343
69	32.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with flecks of brickearth.
70	32.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Orange brown sandy gravel and flecks of brickearth.
71	32.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with

Trench	Length (m)	Breadth (m)	Depth (m)	Comment
72	31.0	1.8	0.45	flecks of brickearth. Dubious pits 502 and 503. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Yellowish sandy gravel and
	and 8.5m (extension)			brickearth. Ditches 347 and 428, Gully 346, Pits 427 and 429, Postholes 430, 431.
73	32.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Orange brown brickearth with charcoal inclusions. Dubious pit 345.
74	32.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Orange brown silty gravel with flecks of brickearth. Gullys 403, 404, 408 and 410, Pits 405, 406, 407 and 409. [Plate 7]
75	32.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Orange brown sandy gravel with brickearth. Ditch 446, Gully 447, Pit 448.
76	31.4	1.8	0.61	0-0.28m Topsoil; 0.28-0.58m Subsoil; 0.58m+ Yellowish brickearth. Gully 533, Pit 332.
77	30.0	1.8	0.56	0-0.28m Topsoil; 0.28-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Compact gravel and yellow brickearth.
78	32.6	1.8	0.55	0-0.28m Topsoil; 0.28-0.53m Subsoil; 0.53m+ Reddish yellow brickearth with pale yellow brickearth patches.
79	30.0	1.8	0.82	0-0.32m Topsoil; 0.32-0.79m Subsoil; 0.79m+ Reddish yellow brickearth with pale yellow brickearth patches. Pits 204, 205, 207, 208 and 210, Ditches 206 and 211, treebole 209. [Plate 8]
80	32.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.68m Subsoil; 0.68m+ Yellowish brickearth with patches of paler brickearth. Pits 134, 135, 136 and 138, Postholes 132,133 and 137.
81	31.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Yellowish brown brickearth. Three treeboles.
82	31.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown silty sandy clay. Gullys 113 and 114
83	31.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel.
84	31.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Mid to light yellowish brown sandy gravel with patches of brickearth. Pit 444, Gully 445.
85	31.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel.
86	31.0 6m x 4m extension	1.8	0.75	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.75m Subsoil; 0.75m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel. Gully 413, Ditches 411 and 412.
87	31.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Ditch 525.
88	31.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
89	31.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Mid orange brown brickearth with sandy gravel.
90	32.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Yellowish brickearth. Pits 338 and 344, Gully 339.
91	32.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Mid to light yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
92	32.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Mid to light yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Posthole 402
93	31.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.50m Topsoil; 0.50-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Mid to light yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
94	31.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Orange brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Ditch 520.
95	31.0	1.8	0.70	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Ditch 509.
96	32.0	1.8	0.45	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
97	32.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Pit 512, Ditch 513.
98	32.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
99	32.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Ditch 513, Gullys 514, 516, 517, Pits 515, 518 and 519?
100	28.60	1.8	0.80	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.80m Subsoil; 0.80m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
101	31.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches.
102	32.0	1.8	0.55	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Ditch terminal 504.
103	31.0	1.8	0.65	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown silty clay.
104	32.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches
105	31.00	1.8	0.85	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.85m Subsoil; 0.85m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches
106	31.00	1.8	0.55	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Dubious postholes 506, 507, Dubious pits 505 and 508.

Trench	Length (m)	Breadth (m)	Depth(m)	Comment
107	31.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Gullys 521-522, 524, Pit 523
108	32.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches
109	32.0	1.8	0.40	0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Gullys 510 and 511.
110	32.0	1.8	0.75	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.75m Subsoil; 0.75m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Gully 531.
111	32.0	1.8	0.60	0-0.10m Topsoil; 0.10-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with sandy gravel patches. Gully 528, Ditch 527.
112	32.0	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with
113	31.0	1.8	0.90	sandy gravel patches. Gully 529 and 530. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.90m Subsoil; 0.90m+ Orange brown brickearth with sandy
114	32.0	1.8	0.60	gravel patches. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
115	32.0	1.8	0.60	brickearth patches. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Orange brown brickearth with sandy
116	32.0	1.8	0.60	gravel patches. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Orange brown brickearth with sandy
117	31.0	1.8	0.40	gravel patches. Pit 526 0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
110	21.0	1.0	0.72	brickearth patches.
118	31.0	1.8	0.73	0-0.28m Topsoil; 0.28-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Compact gravel with patches of clean brickearth. Gully 433, Ditch 432.
119	30.0	1.8	0.68	0-0.31m Topsoil; 0.31-0.66m Subsoil; 0.66m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth. Gullys 440-443, Posthole 439.
120	30.00	1.8	0.67	0-0.34m Topsoil; 0.34-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
121	30.00	1.8	0.70	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.65m Subsoil; 0.65m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
122	30.00	1.8	0.70	0-0.31m Topsoil; 0.31-0.66m Subsoil; 0.66m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
123	31.00	1.8	0.45	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.45m Subsoil; 0.45m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
124	31.00	1.8	0.80	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
125	31.00	1.8	0.40	0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth.
126	32.00	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth. Gully 434, Pit 435.
127	28.00	1.8	0.70	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.34-0.70m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth. Gully Terminal 423.
128	28.00	1.8	0.50	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth. Ditch 424.
129	27.80	1.8	0.60	0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Compact sandy gravel with patches of yellow brickearth
130	32.00	1.8	0.55	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Compact gravel with patches of white yellow brickearth. Gully Terminal 421.
131	30.50	1.8	0.55	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.55m Subsoil; 0.55m+ Compact gravel with patches of
132	31.00	1.8	0.40	white yellow brickearth. Gully Terminal 426. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Compact gravel with patches of
133	32.00	1.8	0.50	white yellow brickearth. Ditch 436, Pit 437. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy gravel with patches of
134	32.00	1.8	0.60	brickearth. Posthole 438. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.60m Subsoil; 0.60m+ Orange brown brickearth with sandy
135	33.00	1.8	0.50	gravel patches. 0-0.25m Topsoil; 0.25-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy gravel with patches of
136	30.00	1.8	0.80	brickearth. Pits 422 and 425. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Mid to light orange brown brickearth
137	30.00	1.8	0.70	with sandy gravel patches. Ditches 418 and 419, Pit 420. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.70m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy gravel with patches of
138	30.00	1.8	0.50	brickearth. 0-0.40m Topsoil; 0.40-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Sandy gravel with patches of
139	31.00	1.8	0.40	brickearth. 0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.40m Subsoil; 0.40m+ Sandy gravel with patches of
140	31.00	1.8	0.50	brickearth. 0-0.20m Topsoil; 0.20-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
141	31.00	1.8	0.50	patches of brickearth. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
142	30.00	1.8	0.50	patches of brickearth. 0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
				patches of brickearth.

Trench	Length (m)	Breadth (m)	Depth (m)	Comment
143	29.00	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
				patches of brickearth.
144	33.00	1.8	0.70	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0750m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
				patches of brickearth. Ditches 449 and 500, Gully 501.
145	31.00	1.8	0.50	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.50m Subsoil; 0.70m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with
				patches of gravel. Ditch 243, Posthole 244, Pit 245.
146	31.00	1.8	0.50	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown brickearth with
				gravel patches. Pits 226, 227, 229, 231; Ditches 228 and 230.
147	33.00	1.8	0.35	0-0.35m Topsoil; 0.35-0.50m Subsoil; 0.50m+ Yellowish brown Sandy gravel with
				patches of brickearth. Ditch 225; Gully 232 and 233, Posthole 234.
148	30.70	1.8	0.69	0-0.30m Topsoil; 0.30-0.67m Subsoil; 0.67m+ Yellowish brown Sandy gravel with
				patches of brickearth. Probable treeboles.
149	29.0	1.8	0.75(E)	0-0.29m Topsoil; 0.29-0.74m Subsoil; 0.74m+ Yellowish brown sandy gravel with
			0.35(Ŵ)	patches of brickearth. Probable treeboles.

APPENDIX 2: Feature details

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Type	Date	Dating evidence
8 8	1 2	50 51	Pit Treebole		
8 8	2 3	51	Pit	Prehistoric	Pottery
8	3 4	53	Treebole	Fichistoric	rollery
9	5	54	Pit		
9	6	55	Pit		
9	0 7	56	Ditch		
16	8	57	Pit		
16	9	58	Gully		
16	10	59	Gully		
16	11	60	Gully		
3	12	62	Gully terminal		
14	13	63	Ditch	Roman	Pottery
14	14	64	Posthole		2
17	15	65	Pit		
17	16	66	Pit		
5	17	67	Ditch		
5	18	68	Pit		
5	19	69	Ditch Terminal		
6	20	70, 71	Pit/ Ditch Terminal		
7	21	76	Gully		
7	22	77	Dubious Pit		
15	23		Ditch Terminal		
15	24	75	Gully		
13	25	78	Dubious Pit		
13	26	79	Dubious Pit		
13	27	80	Gully		
13	28	81	Gully		
13	29 20	82	Gully		
13 13	30	83 84	Gully Ditch Terminal		
13	31 32	84 85	Spread		
18	32	85 86	Dubious Pit		
22	33	80 87	Posthole		
21	35	88	Gully		
21	36	89	Pit		
24	37	90	Dubious Pit		
24	38	91	Spread		
24	39	92	Spread		
24	40	93	Spread		
20	41	94	Gully	Late Iron Age	Pottery
20	42	95	Spread		
27	43	96	Gully		
10	44	97	Gully terminal?		
10	45	98	Gully		
12	46	99	Gully		
12	47	150	Pit		
23	48	153	Ditch Terminal?		
23	49	154	Pit		
23	100	155	Gully	D 114	D //
23	101	152	Feature	Prehistoric Prehistoric	Pottery
23	102	151	Feature	Prenistoric	Pottery
8	103	156	Gully		
8 41	104 105	157 158	Ditch terminal Pit		
41 41	105	158 159	Gully		
41 41	108	159	Dubious Pit		
41 41	107	160	Dubious Pit		
41	108	161	Treebole		
41	110	163	Treebole		
41	111	164	Treebole		
41	112	165	Dubious Pit		
82	113	166–69	Ditch terminal		

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Туре	Date	Dating evidence
82 39	114 115	169–72 173	Gully Dubious Pit		
39 39	115	173	Natural		
39 39	117	174	Natural		
42	118	175	Pit		
42	119	170	Treebole		
42	120	178	Gully		
42	121	179	Pit		
38	122	180, 655	Pit		
81	123	181	Treebole		
81	124	182	Treebole		
81	125	183	Treebole		
38	126	184	Spread		
38	127	185	Spread		
38	128	186	Spread		
38	129	187	Spread		
38	130	188	Spread		
47	131	189	Gully?		
80	132	190	Posthole		
80	133	191	Posthole		
80	134	192	Pit		
80	135	193	Pit		
80 80	136	194	Pit De ethe le		
80 80	137 138	195	Posthole Pit		
80 43	138	196 197–8	Ditch Terminal		
43 43	139	197-8	Ditch Terminal		
43	140	251	Treebole		
43	141	252-3	Treebole		
44	142	252-5	Treebole		
44	145	255	Posthole	Prehistoric	Pottery
44	145	256	Pit	Prehistoric	Pottery
44	146	257	Pit		
44	147	258	Treebole		
44	148	259	Ditch		
44	149	260	Pit		
46	200	261	Dubious Pit		
37	201	262	Ditch Terminal?		
37	202	263	Spread?		
37	203	264	Treebole / Natural		
79	204	265	Pit		
79	205	266	Pit		
79	206	267	Ditch Terminal		
79 70	207	268	Pit		
79 70	208	269	Pit		
79 79	209 210	270 271	Treebole Pit		
79 79	210	271	Gully	Medieval	Pottery
36	211	272	Gully	Wieuleval	Tottery
51	212	273	Pit		
51	213	275	Pit		
51	215	276	Posthole		
45	216	277	Gully		
45	217	278	Quarry / Natural		
54	218	279	Pit		
54	219	280	Pit		
54	220	281	Pit		
54	221	282	Pit		
45	222	283-7	Pit	Earlier Neolithic	Pottery
47	223	288	Spread		
47	224	289	Spread		
147	225	290	Gully		
146	226	298	Dubious Pit		
146 146	227	299 369	Dubious Pit		
146 146	228	369 371	Gully Bit		
146	229	371	Pit		

Trench 146	<i>Cut</i> 230	<i>Deposit</i> 370, 372	<i>Type</i> Ditch Terminal	Date	Dating evidence
146	231	373	Pit		
147	232	291	Ditch Terminal		
147	233	292	Gully	Late Neolithic	Pottery
147	234	293	Posthole?		,
45	235	294	Natural		
29	236	295	Natural		
29	237	296	Spread		
29	238	297	Spread		
45	239	350	Ditch Terminal?		
34	241	363	Posthole		
34	242	364	Gully		
145	243	351-2	Gully		
145	244	353	Posthole?		
145	245	354	Dubious Pit		
55	246	355	Pit		
55	247	356	Pit		
55	248	357	Pit		
55	249	358	Gully Terminal		
55	300	359	Ditch	Prehistoric	Pottery
33	301	360	Posthole		
33	302	361	Dubious Pit		
33	303	362	Dubious Pit		
32	304	365	Dubious Pit		
32	305	366	Dubious Pit		
32	306	367	Dubious Pit		
32	307	368	Ditch Terminal?		
63	308	374	Dubious Pit		
63	309	375	Pit		
60	310	376	Dubious Pit		
56	311	377	Posthole		
56	312	378	Posthole		
56	313	379	Posthole		
56	314	380	Posthole		
64	315	381	Gully		
64	316	382	Gully?		
64	317	383	Dubious Pit		
53 52	318	384	Dubious Pit		
52 35	319	385 386	Dubious Pit Ditch Terminal		
35	320 321	380	Gully		
35	321	388	Gully		
35	323	389	Gully		
35	324	390	Gully		
35	325	391	Gully		
57	325	392	Gully		
57	327	393	Gully		
57	328	394	Gully		
57	329	395	Gully		
57	330	396	Gully		
58	331	397	Gully		
58	332	398–9	Gully		
61	333	450-1	Gully	Prehistoric	Pottery
61	334	452	Dubious Pit		
61	335	453	Gully		
61	336	454	Pit		
61	337	455	Dubious Pit		
90	338	456	Dubious Pit		
90	339	457	Gully		
68	340	458	Pit/gully terminal		
68	341	459–60	Gully		
68	342	461	Gully		
68	343	462	Gully		
90	344	463	Pit		
73	345	464	Dubious Pit		
72	346	495	Gully		

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Туре	Date	Dating evidence
72	347	496	Ditch		
66	348	465	Posthole		
66	349	466	Pit		
66 66	400 401	467 468	Pit Posthole		
92	401	469	Posthole		
74	402	470	Ditch Terminal		
74	404	471	Ditch Terminal		
74	405	472-3	Pit		
74	406	474	Pit		
74	407	475	Pit		
74	408	476	Ditch Terminal		
74	409	477	Pit		
74	410	478	Ditch Terminal		
86 86	411 412	479 480	Gully Gully		
80 86	412	480	Gully		
65	414	482	Pit		
65	415	483	Gully		
65	416	484	Gully		
65	417	485	Gully		
136	418	486	Gully		
136	419	487	Gully		
136	420	488	Gully		
130	421	489	Ditch Terminal		
135 127	422 423	490 491	Pit Ditch Terminal		
127	423 424	491	Ditch Terminal		
123	425	493	Pit		
131	426	494	Ditch Terminal		
72	427	497	Pit		
72	428	498	Ditch		
72	429	499	Dubious Pit		
72	430	550	Posthole		
72	431	551	Posthole		
118	432	552	Gully		
118 126	433 434	553 554–5	Gully Gully		
126	435	556–7	Pit		
132	436	558	Gully		
132	437	559	Pit		
133	438	566	Posthole		
119	439	560	Posthole		
119	440	561	Ditch Terminal		
119	441	562	Gully		
119	442 443	563-4	Gully		
119 84	443 444	565 567	Gully Pit		
84	445	568	Gully		
75	446	569	Gully		
75	447	570	Gully		
75	448	571	Pit		
144	449	572	Gully		
144	500	573	Gully		
144	501	574	Gully		
71	502	575	Ditch Terminal?		
71 102	503 504	576 577	Dubious Pit Ditch Terminal		
102	505	578	Pit?		
106	506	579	Posthole?		
106	507	580	Posthole?		
106	508	581	Pit/ Treebole?		
106	508	582	Pit/ Treebole?		
95	509	583	Gully		
109	510	584	Gully		
109	511	585	Gully		
				0	

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Туре	Date	Dating evidence
97	512	586	Pit		
97	513	587	Gully		
99	514	588	Gully		
99	515	589	Pit/ Posthole		
99	516	590	Ditch Terminal		
99	517	591	Ditch Terminal		
99	518	592	Pit		
99	519	593	Pit/ Ditch Terminal		
94	520	594	Gully		
107	521	595	Gully	Middle to Late Bronze Age	Pottery
107	522	596	Gully		
107	523	597	Pit		
107	524	598	Gully		
87	525	599	Ditch		
116	526	650	Pit		
111	527	651	Gully		
111	528	652	Ditch		
112	529	653	Gully		
112	530	654	Gully		
110	531	656	Gully		
76	532	657	Pit		
76	533	658	Gully		
3	534	61	Gully terminal		

APPENDIX 3 – Pottery quantification

Trench	Cut	Deposit	No.	Wt. (g)	Date
38	-	Surface	1	7	Middle Bronze Age
8	3	52	4	36	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
14	13	63	1	5	Late Roman
20	41	94	3	15	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
20	41	94	2	5	Late Iron Age
23	101	152	3	11	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
23	102	151	1	2	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
42	120	178	1	5	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
44	144	255	2	3	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
44	145	256	3	7	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
79	211	272	1	5	Medieval
45	222	283	3	88	Earlier Neolithic
45	222	284	3	14	Earlier Neolithic
45	222	285	3	44	Earlier Neolithic
45	222	286	44	412	Earlier Neolithic
147	233	292	2	11	Late Neolithic
55	300	359	2	11	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
61	333	450	1	2	Neolithic or middle to late Bronze Age
61	337	445	1	4	Medieval
107	521	595	15	66	Middle to late Bronze Age
TOTAL			94	747	

APPENDIX 4 – Catalogue of struck flint

Trench	Cut	fill	Туре
23	102	151	Blade (serrated, patinated)
			Blade
58	332	398	Spall
109	510	184	Broken flake

APPENDIX 5 – Inventory of animal bone

Trench	Cut	Deposit	No. Frags	Wt (g)	Identified
23	102	151	2	1	-
79	211	272	1	2	-
45	216	277	1	135	Large mammal radius-ulna
45	222	285	12	72	-
45	222	286	11	44	-
		Total	27	254	

APPENDIX 6 – Catalogue of Brick and Tile

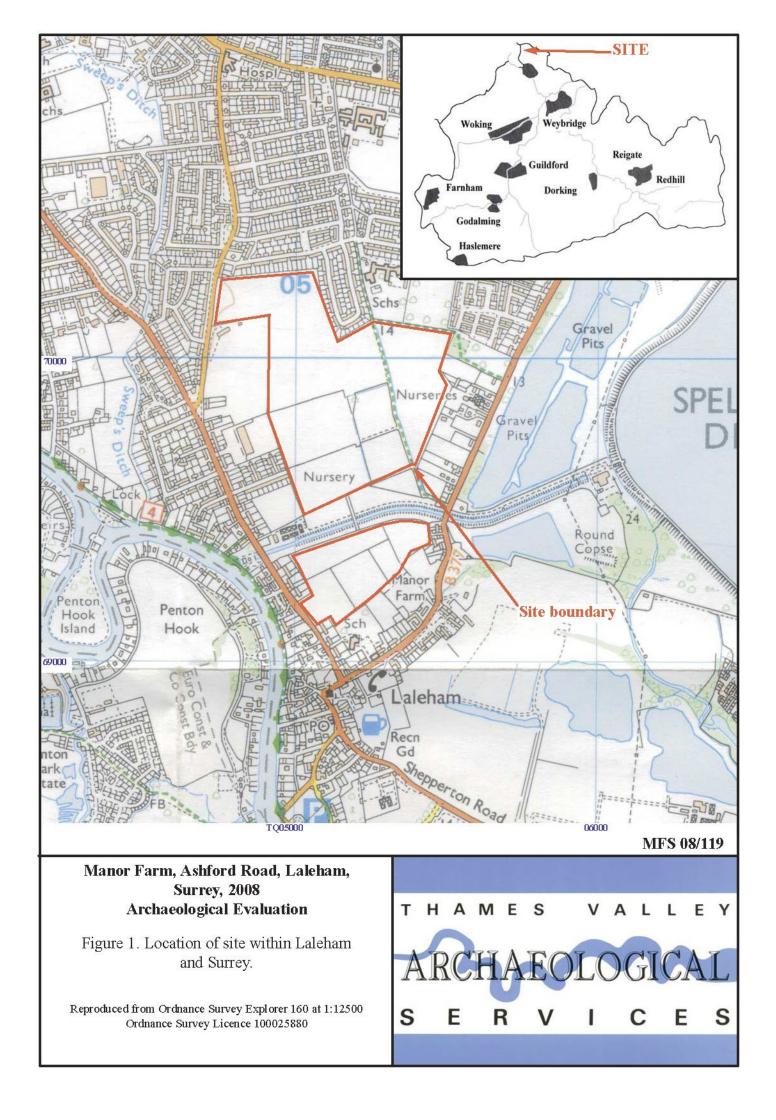
Trench	Cut	Deposit	Туре	Material	No	Wt (g)
79	211	272	Gully	Yellow brick and two peg tile fragments	3	377
45	216	277	Gully	Tile fragments (post-medieval?)	6	307
34	242	364	?Pit	Tile fragments	2	20
126	435	556	Pit	Tile fragments	2	39
75	447	570	Gully	Tile fragment	1	2
144	500	573	Gully	Tile fragment	1	3
109	510	584	Gully	Tile fragments	1	61
111	528	652	Gully	Degraded tile fragments	5	12
112	529	653	Gully	tegula?	1	8

APPENDIX 7 – Catalogue of Burnt flint

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Туре	Sample No	No	
23	101	152	Feature	1	1	4
42	120	178	Gully	9	72	671
38	122	180	Pit	2	68	406
45	222	286	Pit	3	1	2

APPENDIX 8 – Sieved samples

Trench	Cut	Deposit	Type	Sample	Volume(L)	<i>Comment</i>
23	101	152	Feature	1	40	Some charcoal
38	122	180	Pit	2	5	Moderate charcoal rare weed seed
45	222	286	Pit	3	5	Rare charcoal
58	332	399	Gully	4	20	No remains
86	411	479	Gully	5	20	Rare charcoal
72	428	498	Ditch	6	8	No remains
72	347	496	Ditch	7	10	Rare charcoal
131	426	494	Ditch	8	20	No remains
42	120	178	Gully	9	10	Rare charcoal, rare weed seed



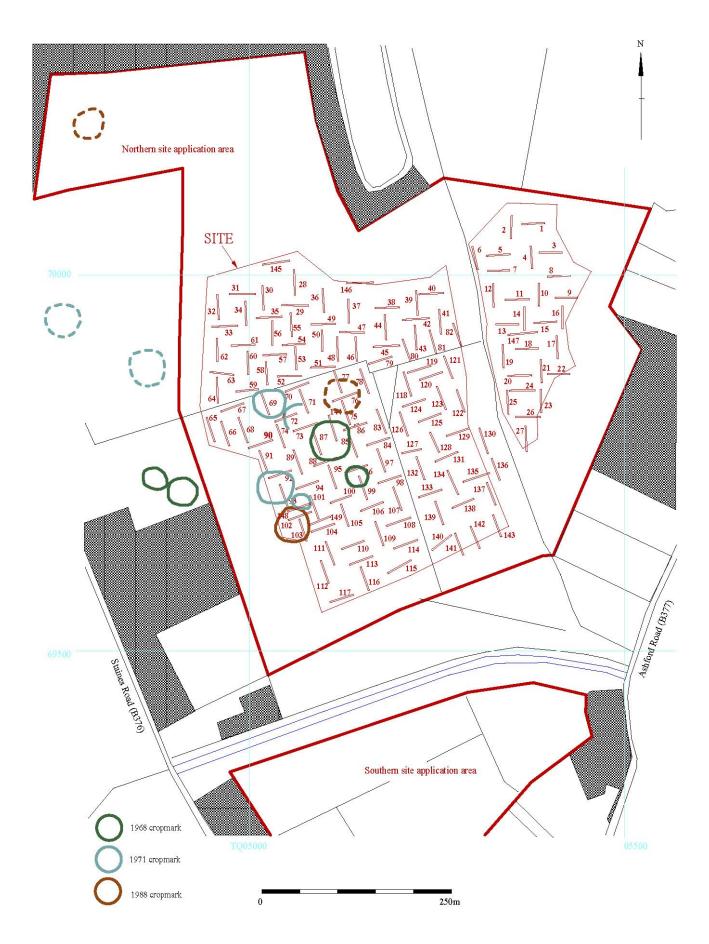


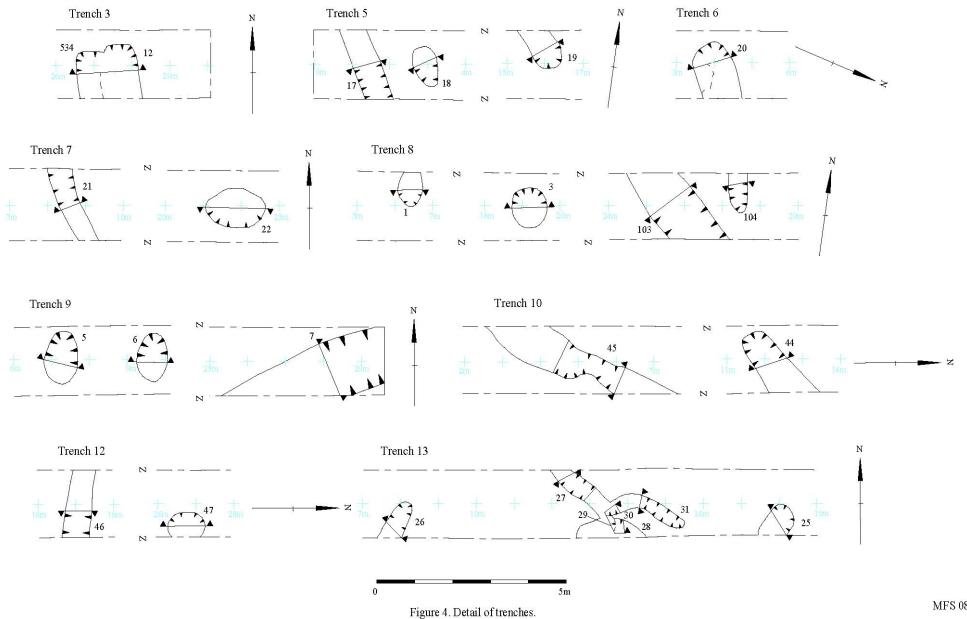
Figure 2. Site location, showing trenches and plot of aerial photographic evidence.



Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey, 2008

Figure 3. Locations of features (black) within trenches (red).

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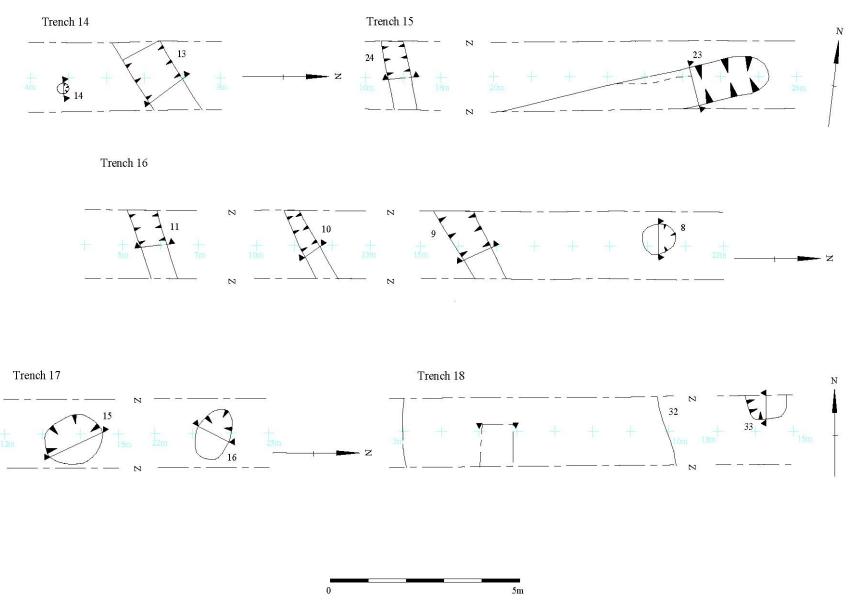
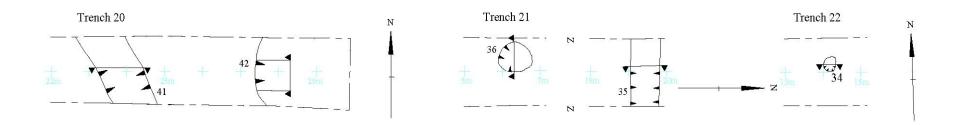
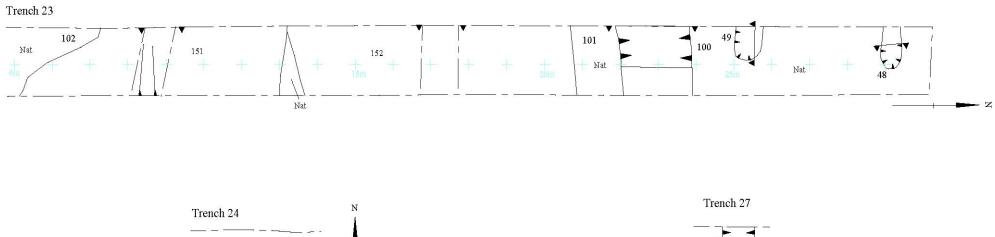
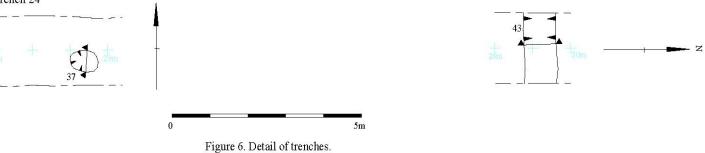


Figure 5. Detail of trenches.

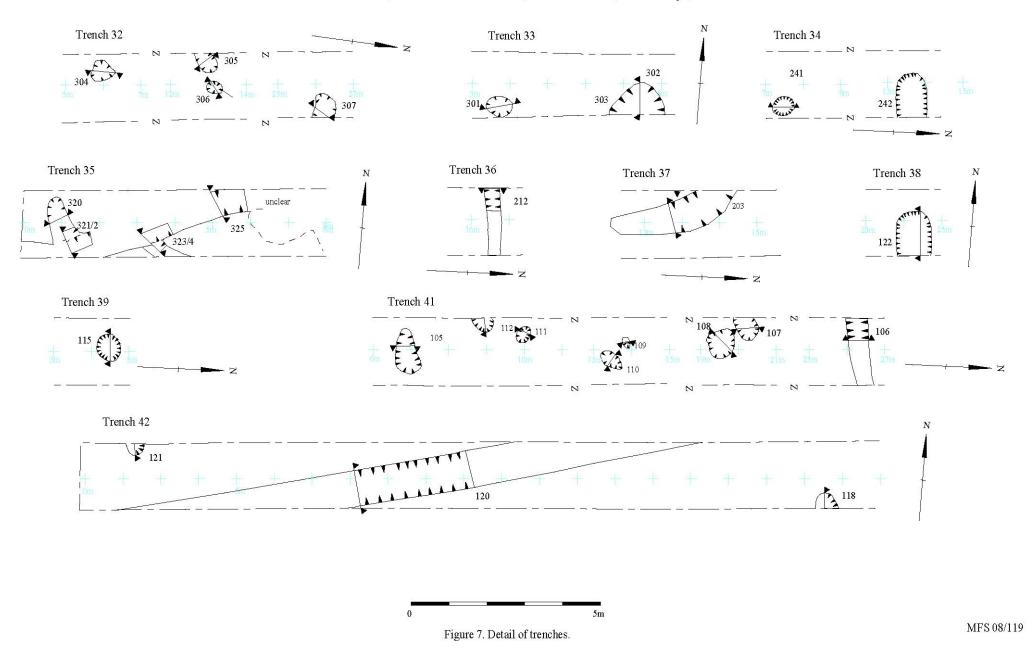
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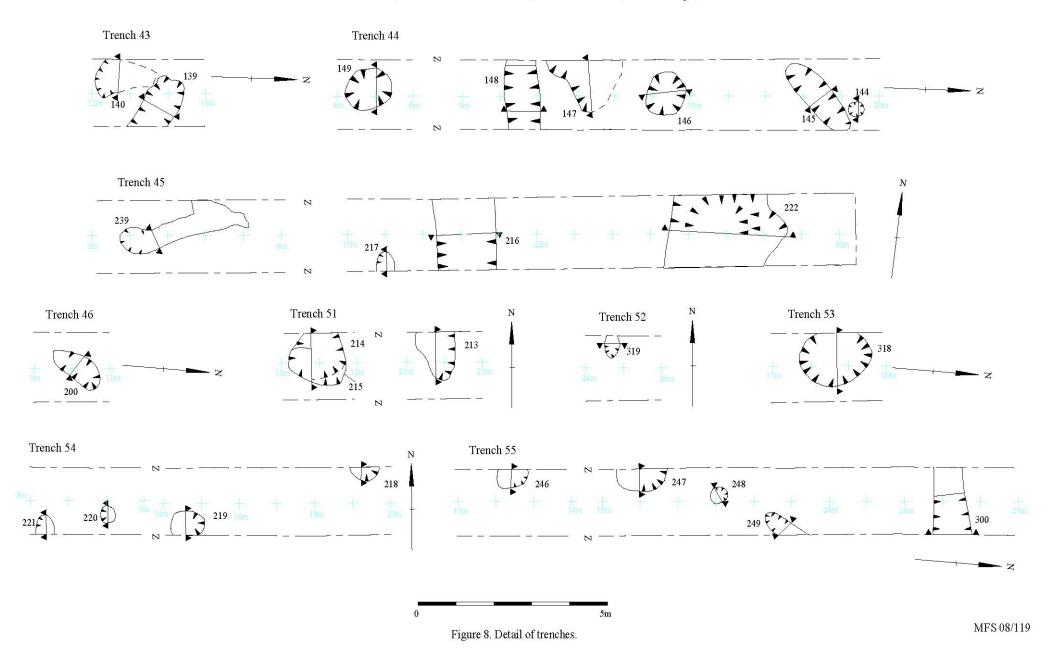






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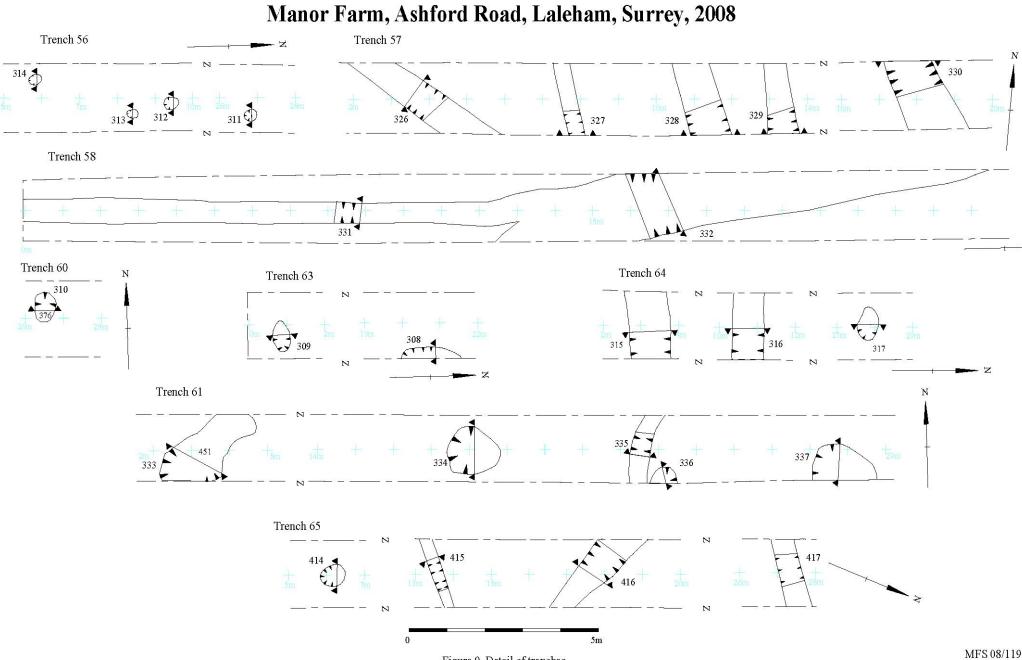


Figure 9. Detail of trenches.

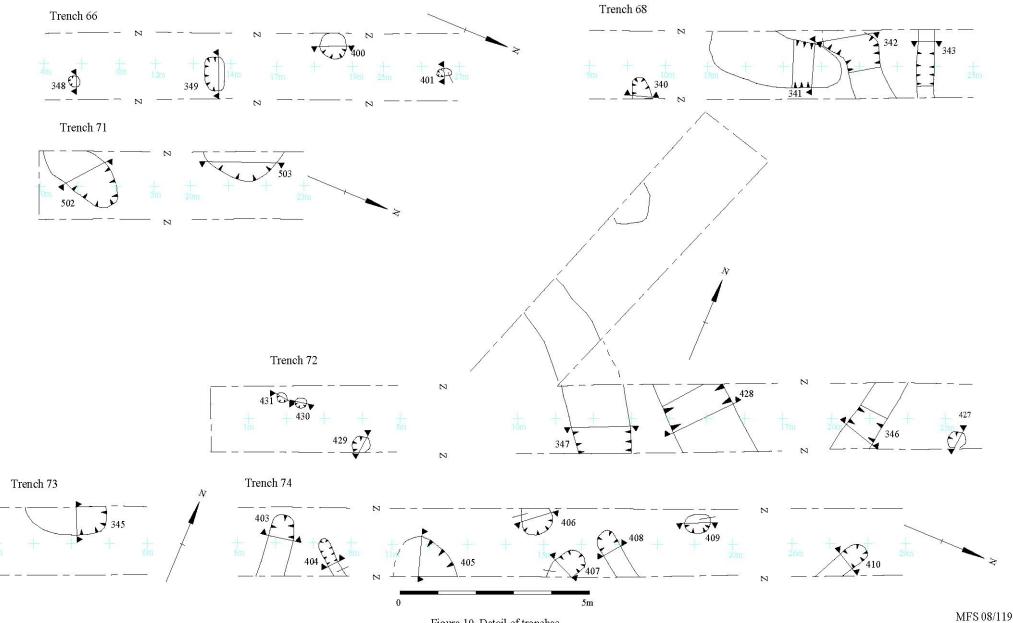
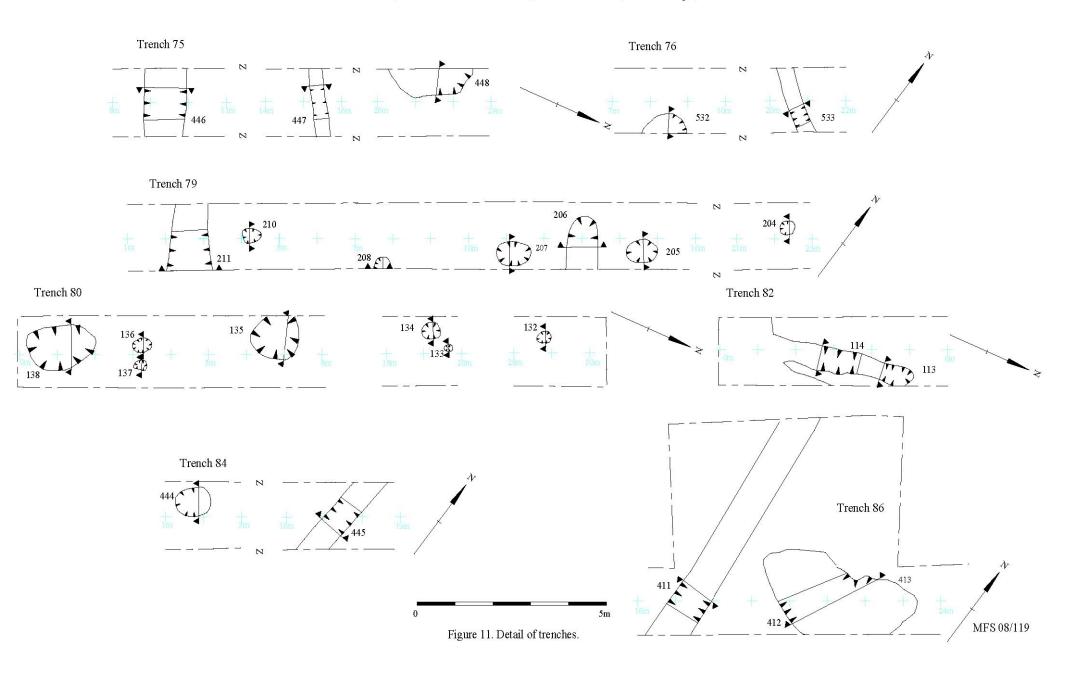
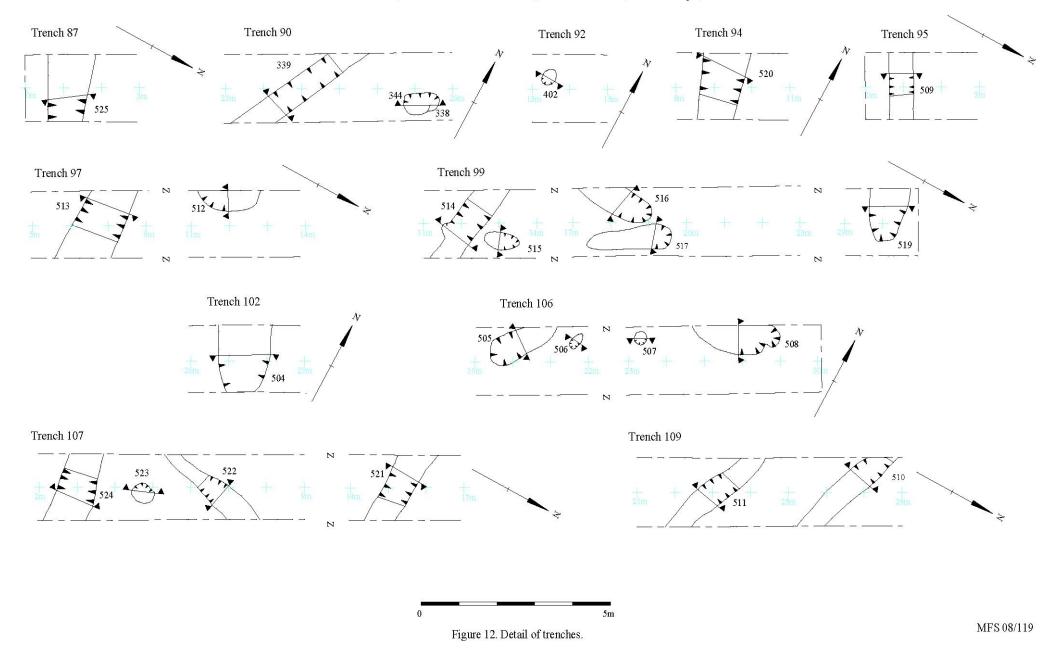
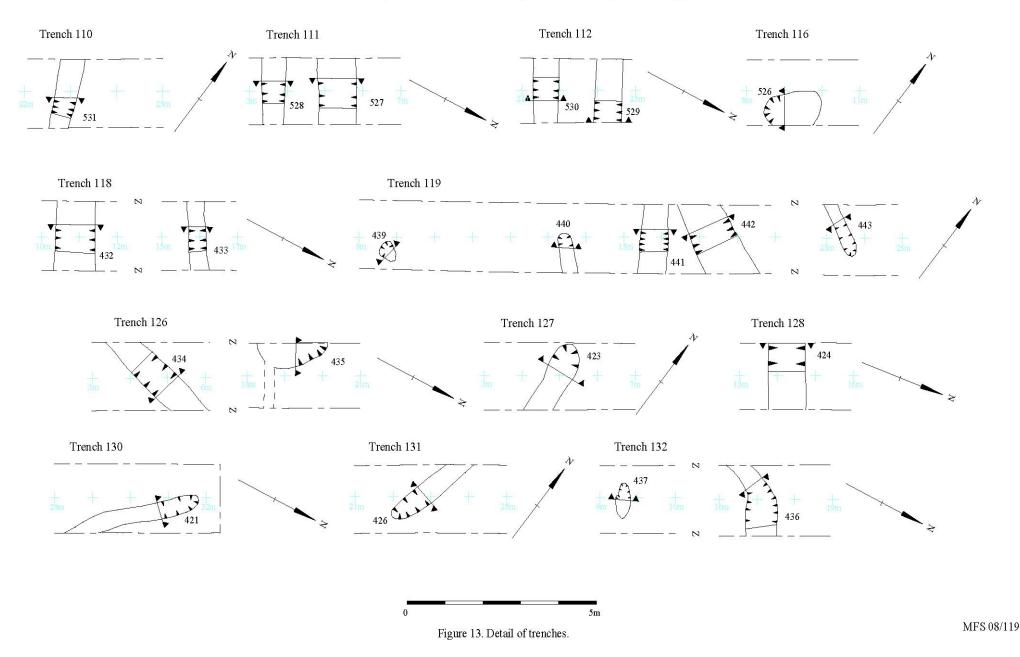


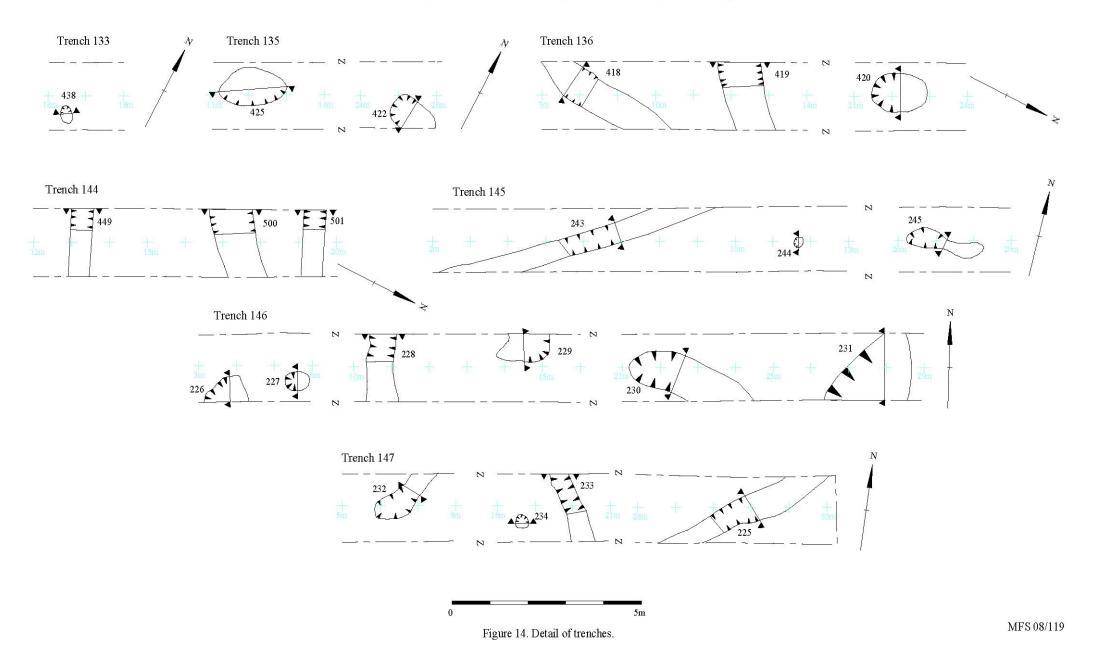
Figure 10. Detail of trenches.

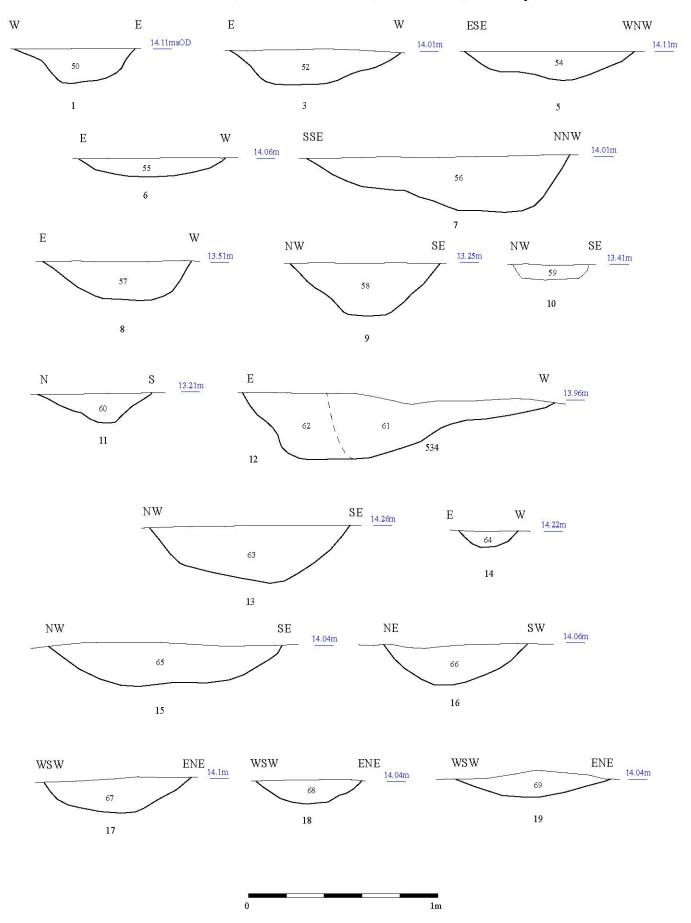




Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey, 2008







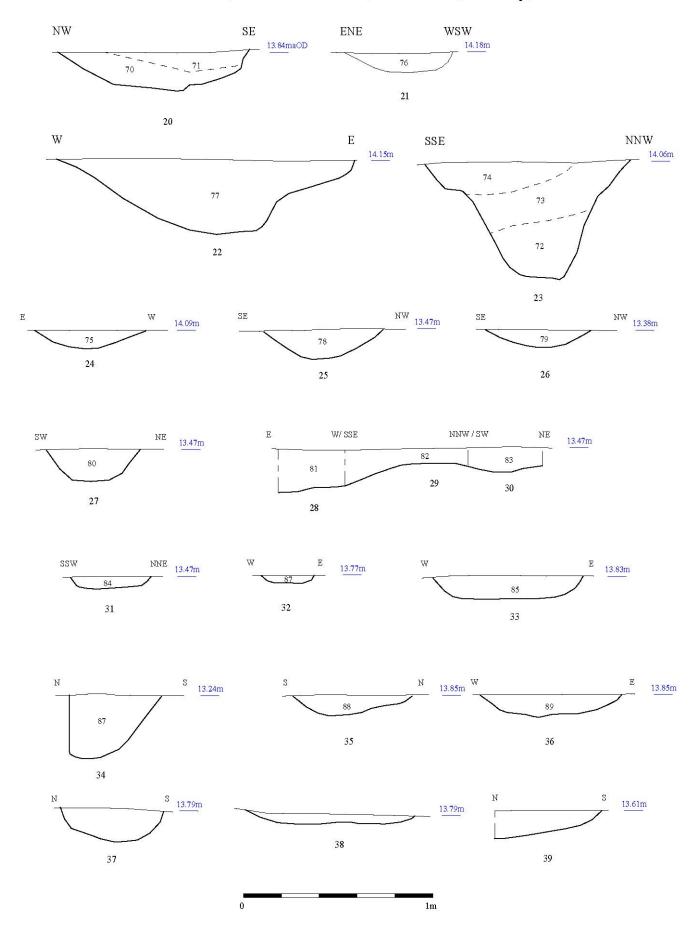
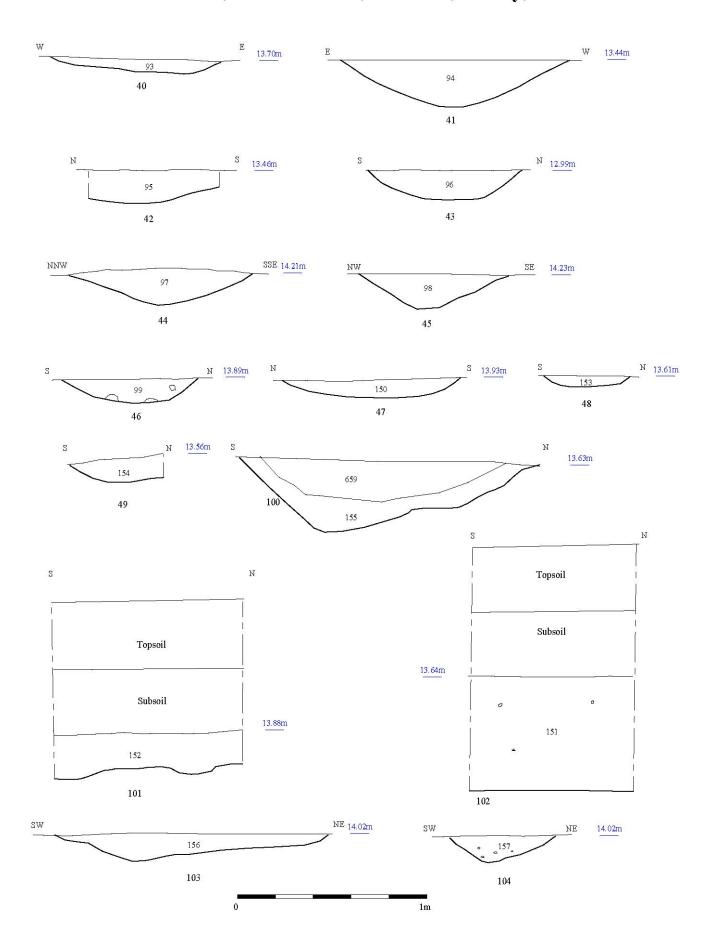
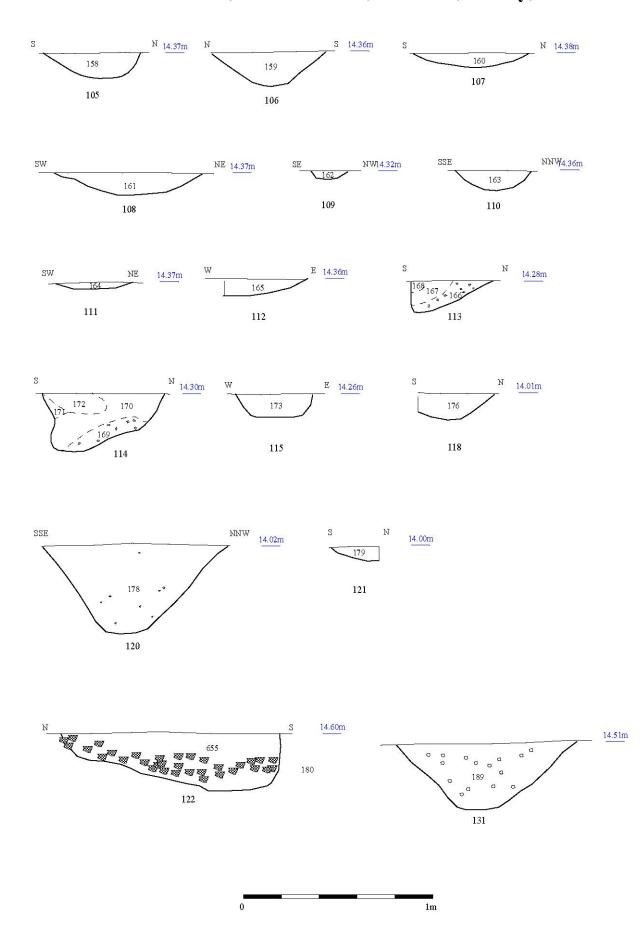


Figure 16. Sections.





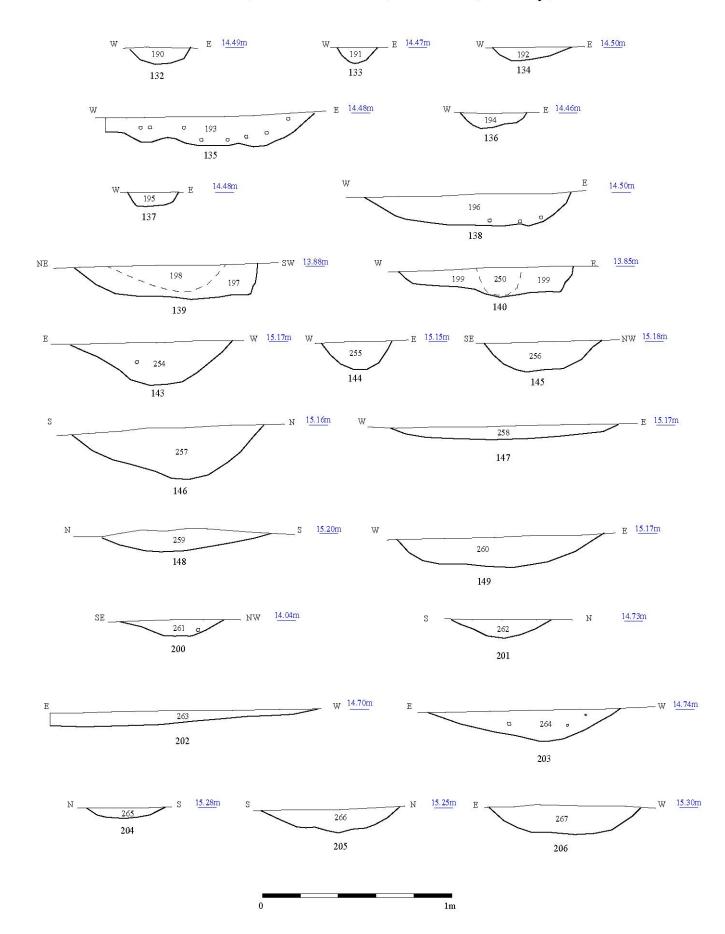
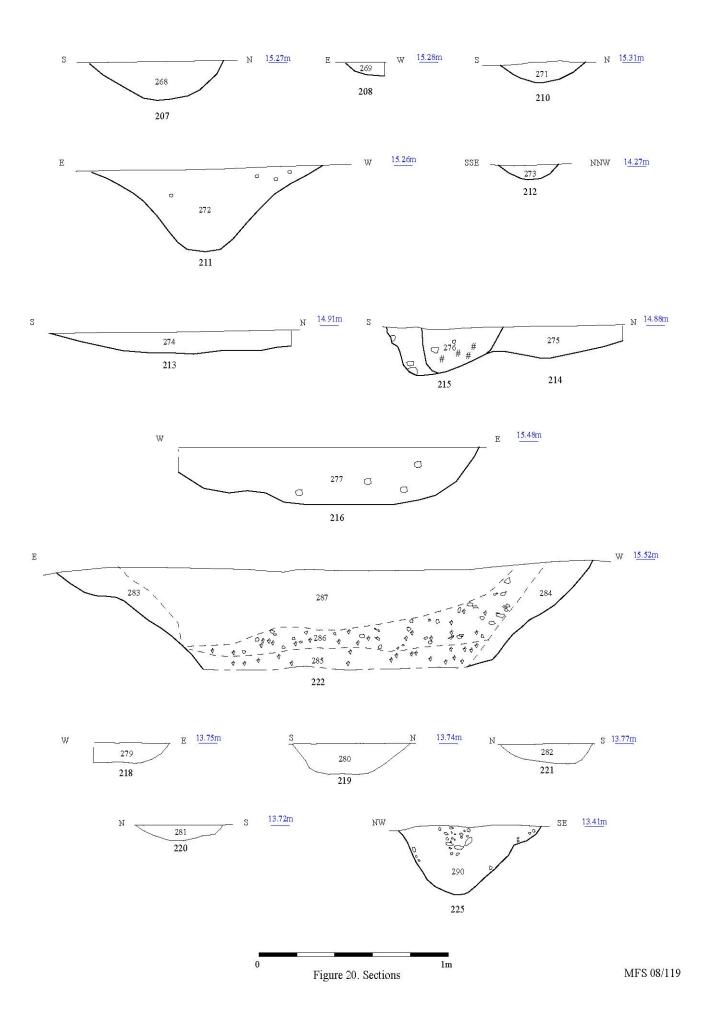


Figure 19. Sections



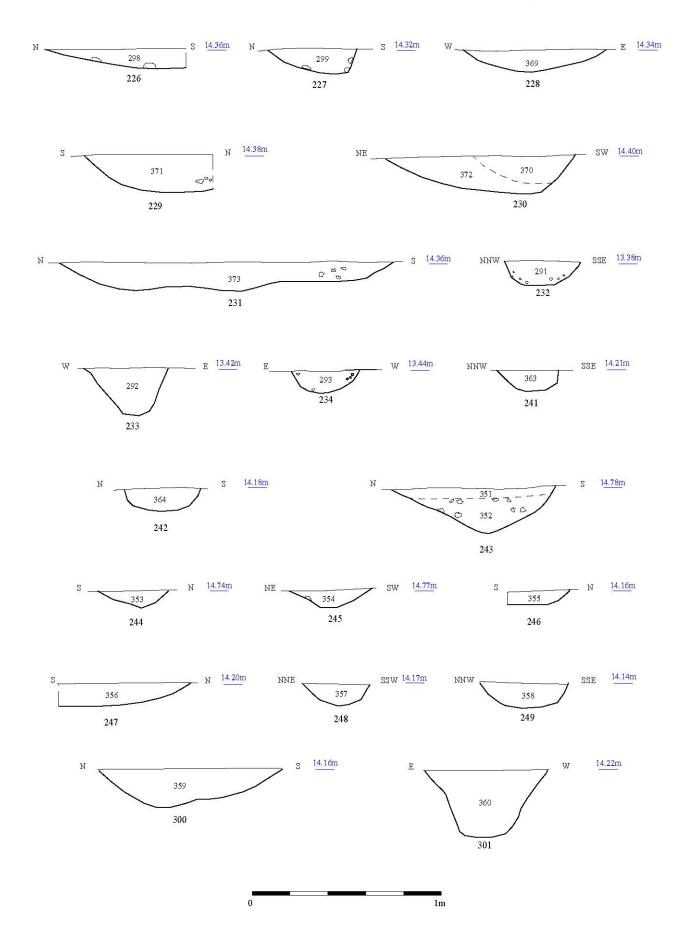
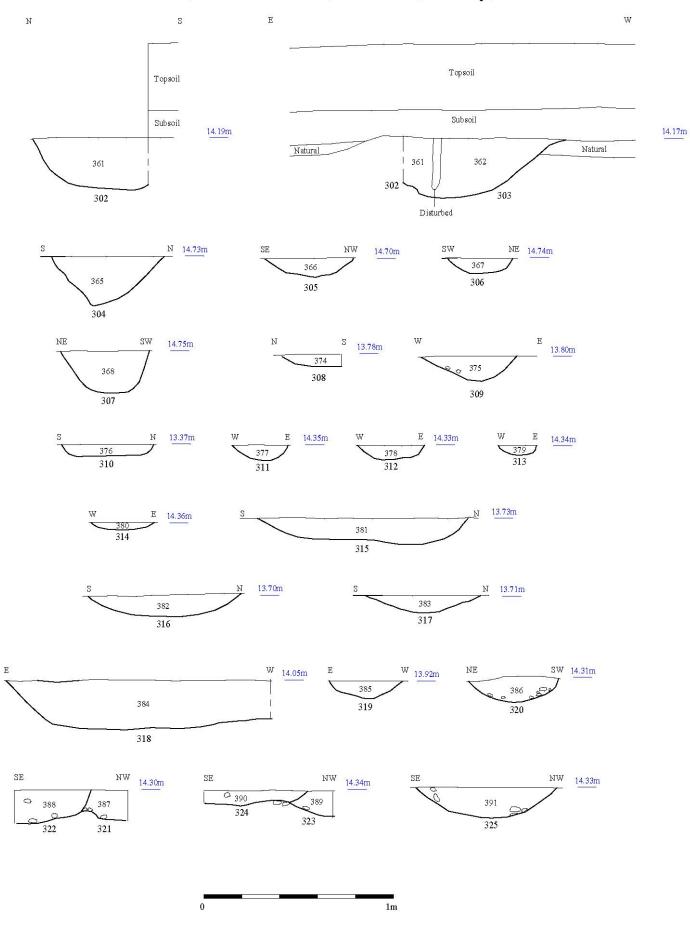


Figure 21. Sections

Manor Farm, Ashford Road, Laleham, Surrey, 2008



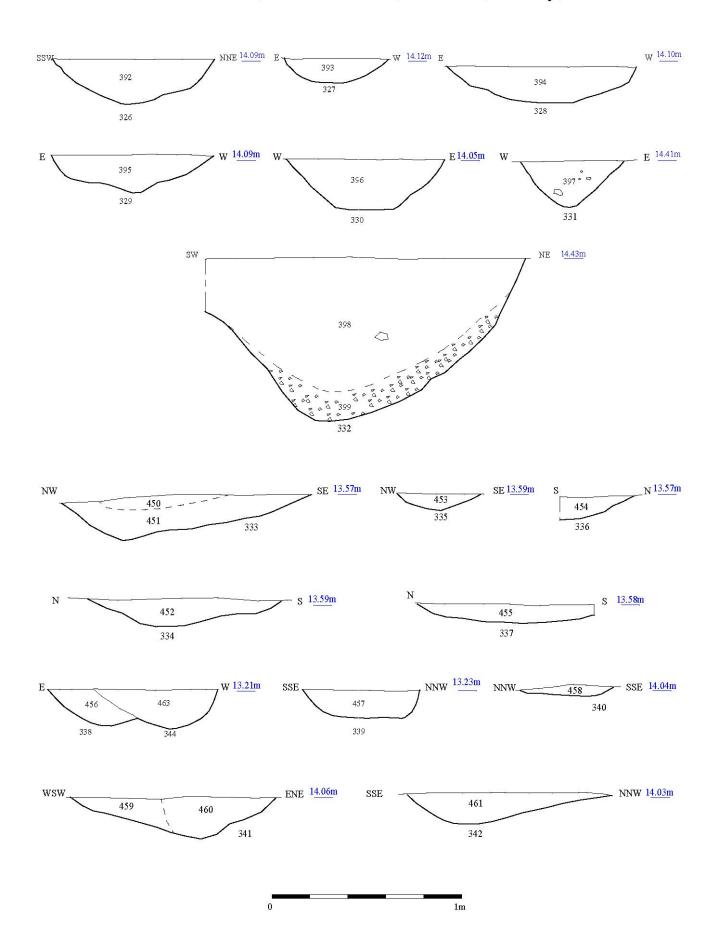
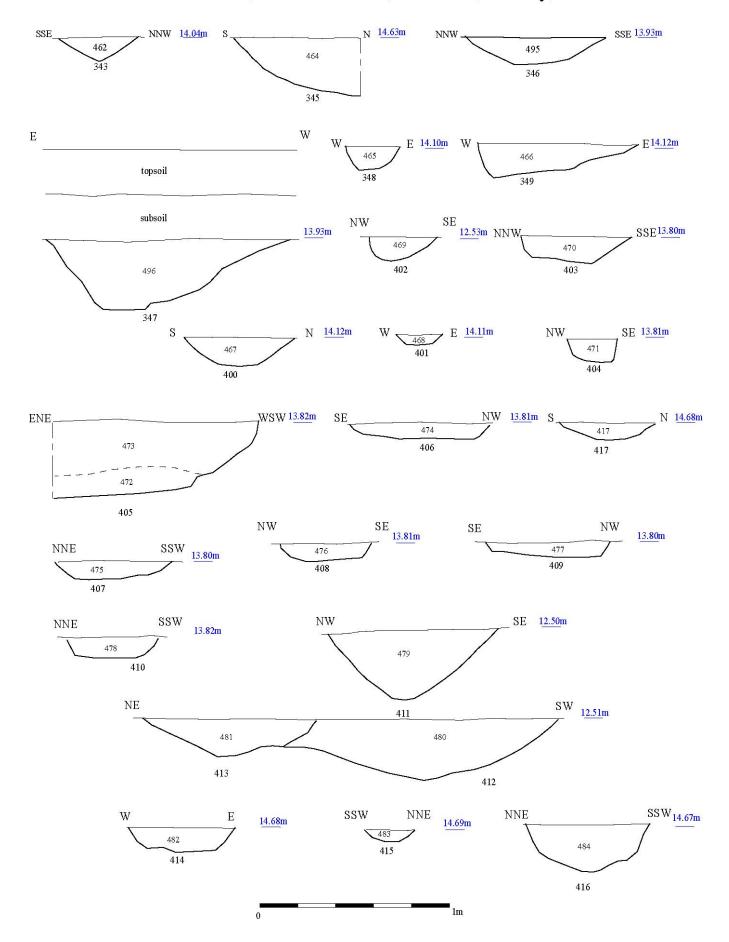
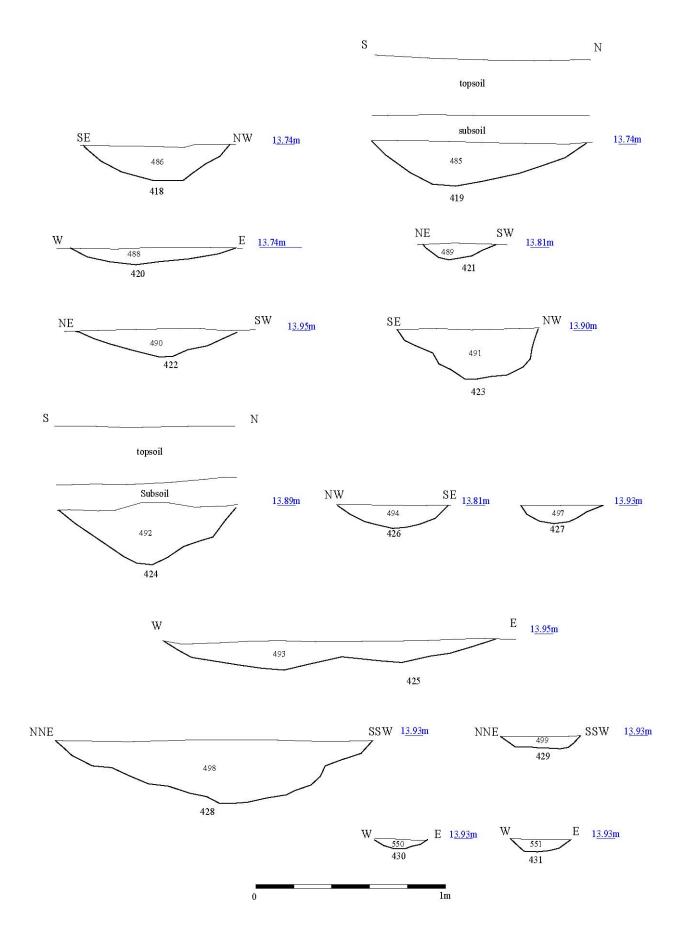


Figure 23. Sections





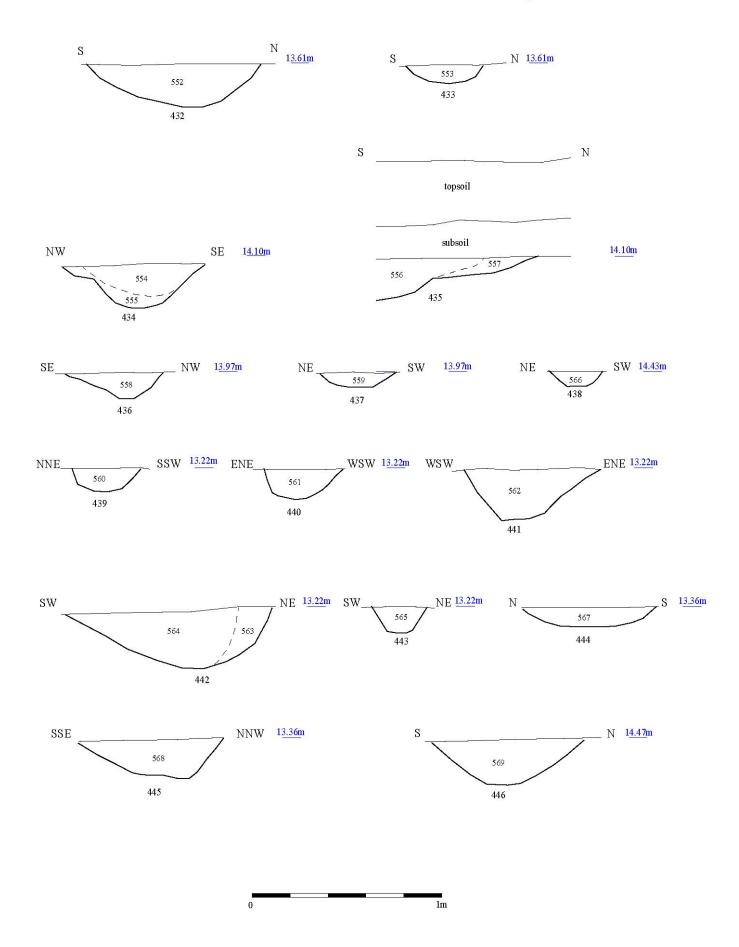
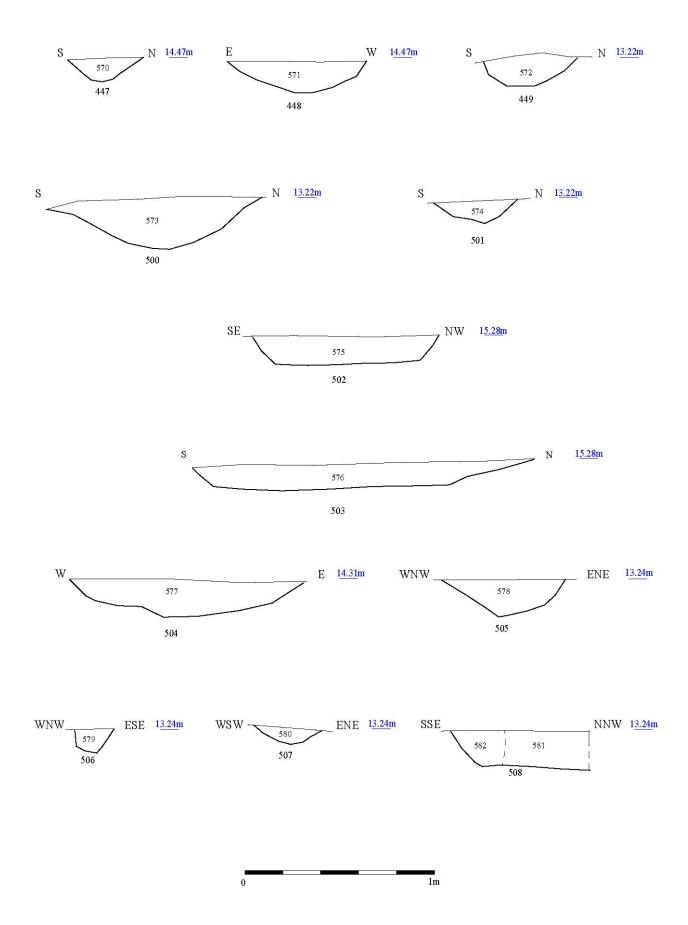


Figure 26. Sections



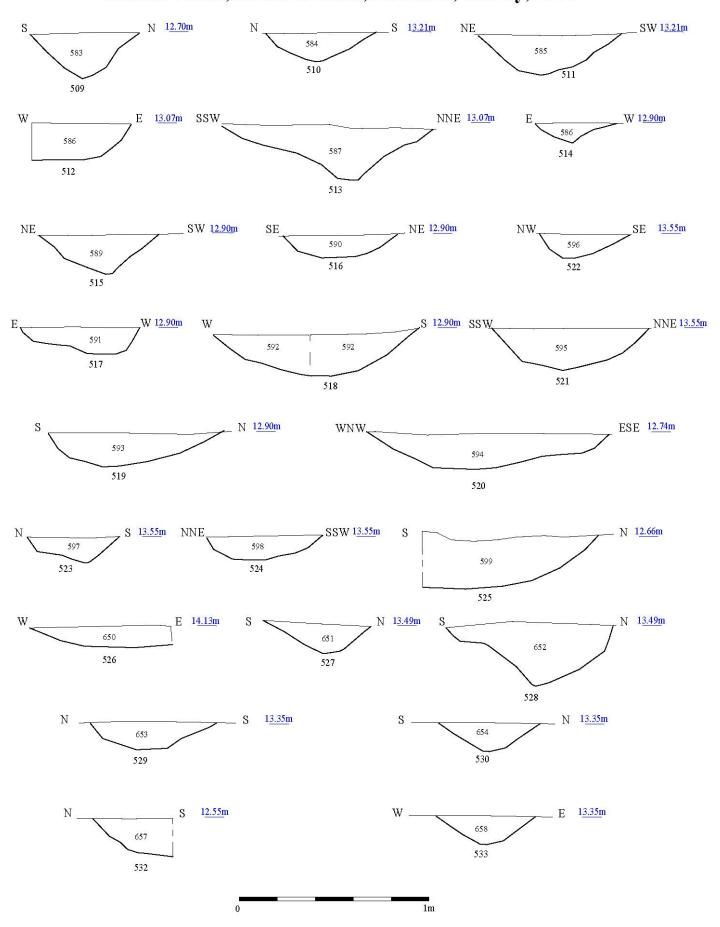


Figure 28. Sections



Plate 1. Trench 23, ditch 100, looking west, scales: 1m and 0.5m.



Plate 2. Trench 23, large feature 101, looking west, scale: 0.5m.





Plate 3. Trench 38, looking east, scales: 2m and 1m.

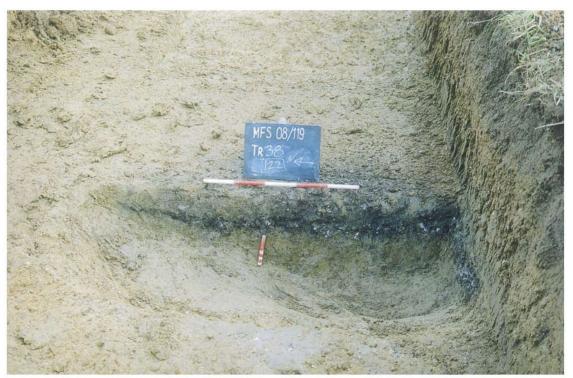


Plate 4. Trench 38, pit 122, looking east, scales 0.5m and 0.1m





Plate 5. Trench 42, linear 120, looking west, scale: 0.5m



Plate 6. Trench 45, feature 222, looking north, scales: 2m and 0.5m





Plate 7. Trench 74, pit 405, looking south, scales: 0.5m and 0.1m

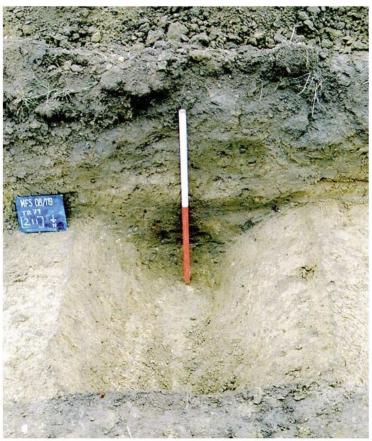


Plate 8. Trench 79, linear 211, looking south, scale: 1m

