

# THE PREHISTORY OF TYNE AND WEAR



*Roger Miket*

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# The Prehistory of Tyne & Wear



**Northumberland Archaeological Group**  
**Cheviot Field Centre and Museum**

# **The Prehistory of Tyne and Wear**

## **An Inventory of Prehistoric Discoveries in the Metropolitan County of Tyne and Wear**

**by**

**Roger Miket**

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This book is published by the Northumberland Archaeological Group in association with the Cheviot Museum and Field Centre Ltd, Padgepost Place, Wooler, Northumberland, and printed by NW Printers, Low Fell, Gateshead, Tyne and Wear.

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# Abbreviations

<b>AA.</b>	Archaeologia Aeliana.
<b>ANTIQ. J.</b>	Antiquaries Journal.
<b>ANTS. SUNDERLAND.</b>	Antiquities of Sunderland.
<b>ARCH. J.</b>	Archaeological Journal.
<b>BM.</b>	British Museum.
<b>BM.WG.</b>	British Museum, William Greenwell Collection.
<b>CBA.3.</b>	Council for British Archaeology - Group III
<b>CUAP.</b>	Cambridge University Aerial Photographic Committee, University of Cambridge.
<b>D.O.E. ARCH. EXCAVATIONS.</b>	Department of the Environment Archaeological Excavations. HMSO.
<b>DUAR.</b>	Durham University Archaeology Records Room.
<b>MA.</b>	Museum of Antiquities, Newcastle upon Tyne.
<b>MAPR.</b>	Museum of Antiquities, Newcastle University Photographic Records.
<b>MS.</b>	Manuscript.
<b>NCH.</b>	A History of Northumberland issued under the direction of Northumberland County History Committee. Vol. XIII - 1930 Vol. VIII - 1907
<b>OS.</b>	Ordnance Survey Archaeological Record Cards.
<b>PPS.</b>	Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society.
<b>PPSEA.</b>	Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society of East Anglia.
<b>PSA. Lond.</b>	Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of London.
<b>PSAN.</b>	Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle upon Tyne.
<b>SAN.</b>	Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle.
<b>SSA &amp; HS.</b>	Papers of the South Shields Archaeological and Historical Society.
<b>TAASD&amp;N.</b>	Transactions of the Architectural and Archaeological Society of Durham and Northumberland.
<b>T&amp;WCC. A.P.</b>	Tyne & Wear County Council Planning Department, Aerial Photographic Records.
<b>TNHSND&amp;N.</b>	Transactions of Natural History Society of Northumberland, Durham and Newcastle.
<b>TWCMS</b>	Tyne and Wear County Museums Service, IRGMA registration number.
<b>VCH.</b>	Victoria County History of Durham. Vol. I - 1905
<b>YAJ.</b>	Yorkshire Archaeological Journal.

# Introduction

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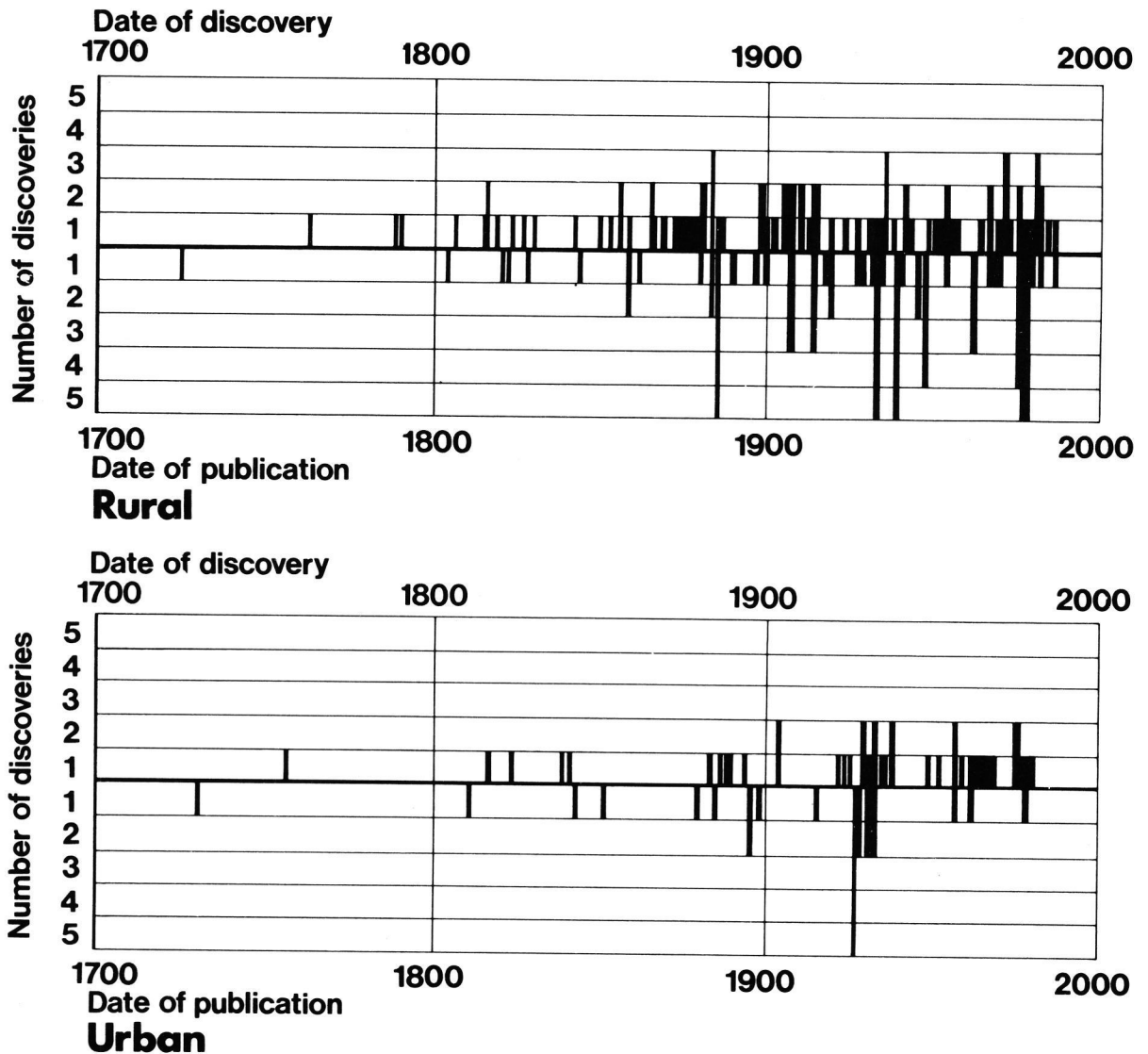
The County of Tyne and Wear was created in 1974. It thus lacks a County History tradition of its own although its parent counties, Durham and Northumberland, provide a fruitfully varied legacy which enables the more recent creation to trace an extensive and substantial development over the preceding 8000 years. The foundation of our knowledge has its origins in the writings of historians tabling the background to the then counties of Durham and Northumberland, in the jottings of antiquarians, interested amateurs, and in the museum collections formerly under the wing of independent local authorities. In taking the first, tentative steps towards our own county history, it was from the outset based solidly upon what these earlier chroniclers had recorded in previous decades, sifting and separating out what fell within the new county boundary and extracting from the diverse private collections what material was relevant. Taking a new county boundary as our framework of reference would obviously impose its limitations on any study, and it is unnecessary to demonstrate the total irrelevance of such artificial boundaries on the activity of prehistoric communities, where the watershed, river, and contemporary community boundaries impressed their own divisions on the landscape. It is inevitable that in viewing the cultural material, the present boundary limits will in some areas, divide rather than unite types of objects and settlements, that rightly should be seen as a whole if their interpretation as a developing factor is to be adduced. However, we believe not only will this effect be confined to the fringes of the land boundary, (for the coastal boundary has set its own limitations in geological history,) but also varied topographic and natural factors, such as the county enclosing the basins of two main rivers, to some extent compensates and ensures a cohesive rather than divisive element in the successive cultural groups the material represents.

In two major respects however, both the basic data in this volume, and the interpretations based upon it are severely circumscribed. In the first place, although the County of Tyne & Wear is comprised of 54,450 hectares of immensely varied landscape, including broad coastal plain, fertile river valley and uplands rising to 259 metres, over 53% of the land area is now in urban use. Urban development has certainly led to the discovery of many objects that may otherwise not have been found, but it may equally be thought a largely fruitless exercise to attempt reconstituting possible sites from the scatters of flint and pottery recovered from back gardens and building works. There has always been a notorious bias in the collection of archaeological material, reflected for example in the nineteenth century pre-occupation with the pottery from burial mounds which was generally sought in the uplands of the county. In sharp contrast is the unawareness or non-recognition of the remains of fragile timber settlements that must once have existed in the lowlands where the densest concentration of prehistoric activity are now believed to have occurred. A comparison between the distribution of artifacts from rural and urban contexts only serves to emphasise just how much of our evidence lies deep beneath these built-up areas.

Secondly, the artifacts themselves have dominated the attention of previous commentators to the detriment of the overall archaeological potential of such sites, and the surviving material therefore incompletely reflects all facets of the site. At best it still remains biased towards the technological aspects of society, and sheds very little light on the cultural, economic and religious ones. The construction of a framework within which all the relevant data can be seen and interpreted successfully remains unexplored.

In compiling the Inventory it became increasingly clear that the record would depend heavily upon the quality of the original observations. As a result many entries are disappointingly inadequate. It was seen that propriety, no less than a lack of interest could result in an inadequate record; C.T. Trechmann for example fully explains his reluctance to disturb a burial as he, 'did not know what the present public attitude to such human remains' would be. In fact it is not clear whether the frequent Victorian reference to, 'bones crumbling to dust on exposure to air,' might not have been as much a social device to circumvent current attitudes concerning the disturbance of burials, or a standard phrase in which air is substituted for spade.

We still lack a single radiocarbon date for any site within the County, and it will be many years before such a framework of absolute dates can be established. Here we can at present achieve no more than an illustrated collation of the material as the basic requirement towards establishing a comparative typological chronology.



These graphs represent an attempt to chart the incidence of archaeological discovery in the county since the mid-eighteenth century. A distinction has been drawn between the date at which it was first publicised (below the line) and the date discovered (above the line). So clearly do the graphs reflect the activities of individuals such as Trechmann and Copeland, that their names could equally be set beneath the graphs for those years they worked, as virtually the sole authorities for the surviving record. Even the most recent and outstanding contribution, that of recording native settlements, has been largely undertaken in a spirit of what may be termed *laissez faire* by Professor Norman McCord, perhaps the only researcher to react to the need within the County for aerial survey in advance of urban growth. It is certainly not advocated however that the needs of individual research should be in anyway suppressed, rather that County Archaeology would indeed benefit immeasurably, were the skills and expertise in the separate fields of study integrated, and directed towards resolving particular key issues; some of which are touched upon here. The high degree of urbanisation renders the problems particularly acute. A growing population and the shift in settlement from the inner urban zone to the suburban areas has resulted in the creation of new housing estates and occupations less tied to the older established industries with their traditional routes. Large scale housing developments such as Killingworth and Washington, which between them absorbed over 550 h. of arable land, were themselves responsible for the destruction of no less than 4 known native settlements. Current economic trends seem at present to be placing a temporary brake on future proposals for substantial developments, nevertheless, this remains a threat no less outstanding than for example, that posed by afforestation in Northumberland. There are still many difficulties that confront Northern Archaeologists, but it is hoped that this Inventory will revitalise and provide a new impetus to the study of the prehistory in the County of Tyne and Wear.

# The Inventory

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## Entry Method.

Entries are related to the National Grid (1:25000) and all sites and finds have a key identifying number. Objects found at a site over several years are recorded as separate entity within the all-embracing site number (e.g. 1.1., 1.2.). Dimensions have been converted to metric except where the original description is given *verbatim*.

Line illustrations succeed each separate O.S. sheet entry, with photographs appearing at the end of the publication. The numbers on the illustrations relate to Inventory entries from the relevant O.S. sheet. The numbers on the maps likewise relate to Inventory entries, the relevant entry being found by taking the first number of the eastern and the first number of the northern. Then whether the site is in the N.E., N.W., S.E., or S.W. part of the area should be determined, therefore NZ 169702 would be identified as NZ 17 SE. The number of the site will then complete the sequence, e.g. NZ 17 SE 1.

# NZ 15 NW GATESHEAD MBC

**1 Lintzford Wood, Rowlands Gill. Cropmark Enclosure. NZ 148574**

Subrectangular enclosure, with single large hut recessed into its rear wall. Entrance to the SW, and darker cropmark in the centre.

**Source:** Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, p. 49, no. 14, fig. 192; DUAR neg. nos. 11/4 - 11/6.

**\*2 Blackhall Mill. Perforated Stone Axe-Hammer. NZ 122569**

Length 224mm, width at perforation 69mm, at blade 84mm; thickness 93mm; perforation 34mm. Made of grey-wacke slate. The upper and lower faces are slightly dished and the surface polished. A raised rib on the upper face runs from the perforation to the blade. Found in the 1930's during house-building.

(MA. 1973.3)

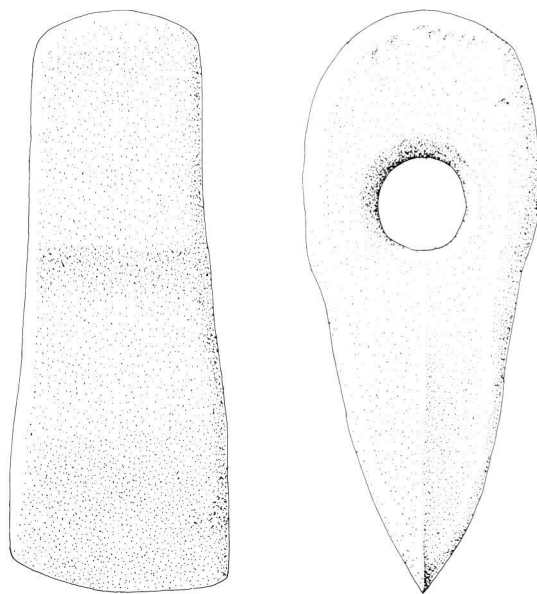
**Source:** AA4, 1972, L, pp. 292-3 & fig. 1, 4.

**3 Derwent View, Chopwell. ? Round barrow. NZ 12695891**

Possible round-barrow, 22.45m in diameter, and 2.21m in height. An internal ditch 0.20m deep is surrounded by a low bank 1.10m in width and 0.20m in height. Several sandstone boulders protrude from the north side, and the whole is tree-covered.

**Source:** Young, R. 1975.





2

**Fig.1 NZ15NW 2. Blackhall Mill (1/3)**

# **NZ 15 NE GATESHEAD MBC**

**1 Gibside, Rowlands Gill. 'U' mound**

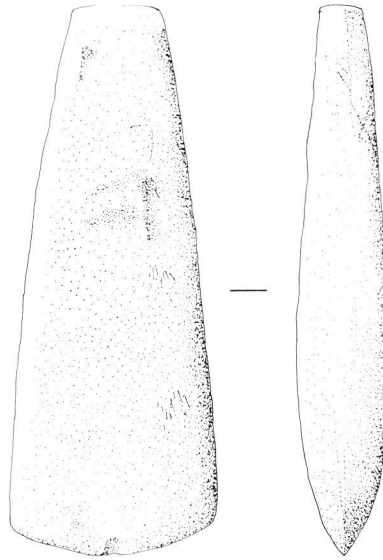
**NZ 17515877**

Circular, possibly ditched mound, in the grounds of Gibside. Possibly prehistoric, but could be ornamental.

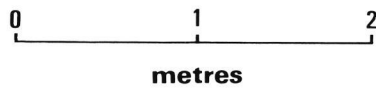
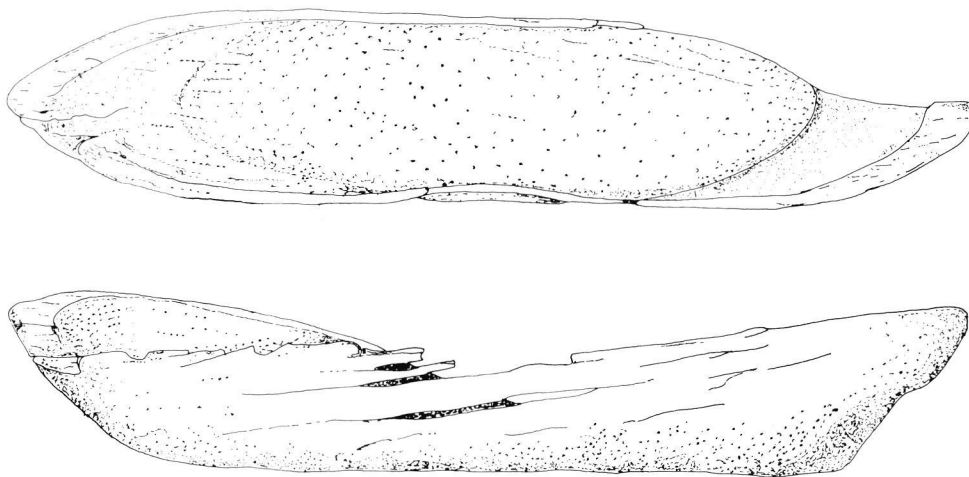
**Source:** OS. NZ 15 NE 7

# NZ 16 NW GATESHEAD MBC • NEWCASTLE CC

- \*1 Throckley Fell. Polished Stone Axehead. NZ 147665 or NZ 150676**
- ? Felsite axehead, length 214mm, max. width 80mm. Chipped on one side of its blade. Max. Thickness 36mm.  
(MA. 1814.11)
- Source:** AA1, 1833, I, p. 4 (Donations); Evans, J. 1872, p. 117; NCH. XIII, 1930, p. 14.
- \*2 R. Tyne, Ryton. Logboat. NZ 12886548**
- Flat bottomed boat, cut from a single oak log. Max. surviving length 2.75m, height 410mm, beam 630mm. The stern is rounded in plan, the bow a rounded point. Discovered by beachcombers on the S. side of the R. Tyne after erosion following flooding on 9th October, 1926.  
(MA. 1958.54.8H)
- Source:** Journal and North Star 11th October, 1926; Illustrated London News 23rd October, 1926; PPS.15, 1949, p. 191; AA4, 1964, XLII, pp. 285-8, fig 1; AA4, 1966, XLIV, p. 245; Graham, J.M. 1966; McGrail, S. 1978, no. 118, fig. 40.
- 3 R. Tyne, Ryton. Wheel. NZ 13756550**
- P1.1.1 Wooden wheel with iron tyre and hub-bands. Diameter 985mm, length of spokes 317mm, length of hub 394mm, diameter of hub at centre 216mm, diameter of hub at ends 146mm.
- The wheel was found in October, 1927, 150m to the west of NZ 16 NW 2, and beneath 4.80m of alluvial sand and clay. Careful excavation recovered its form although it could not be preserved.  
(MA. 1958.54.10B)
- Source:** Antiquity 1927, I, p. 485; PPS. 15, 1949, p. 191; AA4, 1964, XLII, pp. 285-288; AA4, 1966, XLIV, p. 245; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, pp. 19-20; MAPR. neg no. A/046783.



1



2

**Fig.2 NZ16NW**

1. Throckley Fell (1/3)

2. R. Tyne, Ryton (after Dodds)

# NZ 16 NE NEWCASTLE CC

**\*1 Denton Hall. Cist burial with Food-vessel. NZ 19716522**

Stone cist under a single slab, divided into three boxes, each self-contained and separated from one another by 300mm of small stones. Each compartment measured 600mm in length, from 300mm to 450mm in width, and 300mm in depth. The series was aligned SW-NE. The SW compartment was empty except for sand, and the NE compartment was filled with fragmentary bones. Resting upon fine yellow sand in the central compartment was a bipartite vessel with shoulder cavetto zone and five perforated stops; height 115mm, rim diameter 153mm, base diameter 77mm. The exterior is covered with combed pseudo-maggots arranged herringbone fashion, and the internal bevel with five concentric lines of twisted cord impression. Discovered in 1813, 200m SW of 16 NE 7.  
(MA. 1815.2)

**Source:** AA1, 1822, I p. 6 & pp. 101-2; NCH. XIII, 1930, p. 12;  
PSAN 4, 1936, VII, pp. 226-7; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 61, no. 33.

**\*2 Dewley Law. Cairn, Flints & Axehead. NZ 16036802**

P1.1.2 Round mound, height 620mm, diameter 670mm, composed of gravel and pebbles overlying boulder clay, and therefore possibly glacial in origin. Ring-ditch around it.

2.1 ante 1908. Over four dozen flints were picked up on the surface, comprising mesolithic cores, blades and flakes, plus unworked pieces. Only ten flints now survive. They comprise six waste flakes, three cores, one flake with minor retouch.  
(MA. 1935.22.1-6 & Sunderland Museum 230-1964/198; TWCMS F257)

\*2.2 Fine-grained limestone polished axe-head, of which only part of the blade end survives. Max. surviving length 850mm, max. width 88mm, max. thickness 35mm. Found in cairn (MA. discovery records) (In possession of E. Sockett).

2.3 Fieldwalking by Dr. J. Weyman produced a further 118 pieces from the area of the barrow, and in particular the eastern side. These comprised four cores, one core trimming, one microburin, eight scrapers, two borers, and two fragments of microlith. The remainder were waste (In possession of Dr. Weyman).

**Source:** Hodgson J. 1840, pt. II, vol. III, p. 281; MacLauchlan, H. H. 1852. p.17;  
TNHSND & N2, 1908-11, III, pp. 83-4; NCH XIII, 1930, p. 13;  
AA4, 1971, XLIX p. 246, fig. 9; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 221; CUAP, neg. no. ACJ 62.

**3 Chapel Park, Westerhope. Barbed & Tanged Arrowhead. NZ 18456759**

Part of one barb missing. Length 27mm, thickness 4mm.  
(MA. 1974.7)

**\*4 Nr. Denton Hall. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. NZ 19566567**

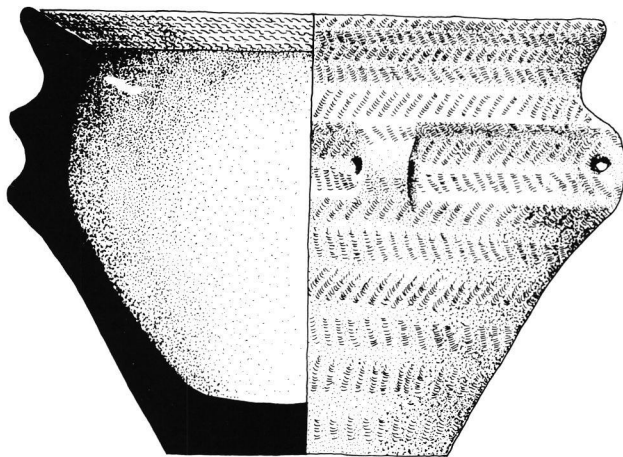
Found in 1822, but now lost.

**Source:** Richardson, M. A. III, 1843, p. 260 & fig. 2; NCH. XIII, p. 16.

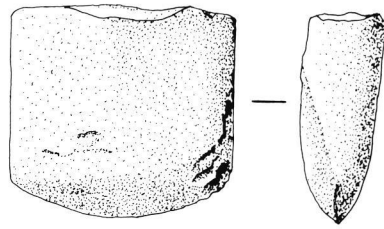
- \*5 West Denton. Tanged Arrowhead. NZ 190661**
- ? Chert arrowhead length 44mm, width 20mm, thickness 2mm, found in the garden of 1 Harelow Grove, West Denton.  
(MA. 1961.4)
- Source:** AA4, 1963, XLI, p. 220.
- \*6 Westerhope. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 195667**
- Length 80mm, width 45mm, thickness 20mm. In silicified sandstone impregnated with ferruginous deposits. Fractured at the butt.  
(MA. 1926.16)
- Source:** PSAN4, 1925-6, II, p. 206, illus. p. 187; PSAN4, 1927, III, p. 100; NCH. XIII, 1930, p. 14; AA4, 1970, XLVIII, p. 82.
- 7 West Denton Burn. Cist Burial. NZ 19846537**
- P1.1.3 Stone cist aligned E-W, discovered by workmen in 1936, at a depth of 660mm; 200m NE of 16NE 1. The side slabs measured 1.8m in length × 530mm in height × 120mm thick; the eastern end slab 560mm wide × 380mm deep, the coverstone was broken by the workmen. A fragment of human jaw and some teeth were recovered, sufficient to indicate a youth.  
(MA. 1936.14, 1936,22)
- Source:** PSAN4, 1936, VII, pp. 226-7 & illus; PSAN4, 1937-8, VIII, p. 150.
- 8 Callerton Lane End. Cropmark Enclosures and Ring-ditch. c. NZ 16106875**
- Circular enclosure and ring-ditch, with ? linear feature to E showing as a series of widely spaced pits aligned NNE-SSW. Circular and rectangular cropmarks visible in the NW Corner of the same field.
- Source:** CUAP. neg. no. AAK 47.
- 9 Walbottle. Cropmark. NZ 179658.**
- Circular feature and ? rectilinear enclosure although very faint.
- Source:** CUAP. neg. no. AAB 57.
- 10 Woolsington. Rectilinear Enclosure. NZ 16466901**
- P1.1.5 Rectilinear enclosure; ? smaller rectangular feature within.
- Source:** CUAP. neg. no. AAK 48.
- \*11 Ryton Willows. Bronze Spearhead. NZ 15666506**
- Length 253mm, max. width 51mm, length of blade 190mm. Basal-looped spearhead with leaf-shaped blade. Midrib has lozenge-shaped cross-section. Found in a gravel bed opposite Ryton Willows in 1899 with traces of wooden shaft remaining in socket.  
(Exhibited to S.A.N. 1899. Now lost.)

**Source:** PSAN 2, 1899-1900, IX, p. 48 & illus.

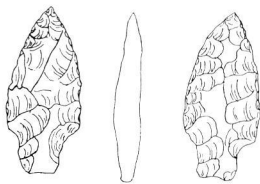
- \*12 Westerhope. Flint Knife. NZ 19116713**
- Length 520mm, max. width 334mm, thickness 4mm. Secondary flaking along the edges.  
Tip missing.  
(MA. 1956.137.A)
- 13 Walbottle. Flint Point. NZ 166664**
- Worked flint point with secondary retouch along both sides. ? awl.  
**Source:** Arch. Newsbulletin. CBA. 3, no. 7, Jan. 1970, p. 12.
- 14 Dewley Farm, Throckley. Hollow-based Flint Arrowhead. NZ 16056827**
- Length 37mm, max. width 17mm, thickness 3mm. Fine ripple flaking. Found in 1974.  
(MA. 1978.30)
- 15 Nr. Ryton Ferry. Flint Scraper. c. NZ 150651**
- One rolled scraper found 1931. No further details.  
**Source:** The Vasculum XVIII, no. 1, 1932, p. 37.



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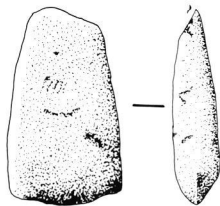
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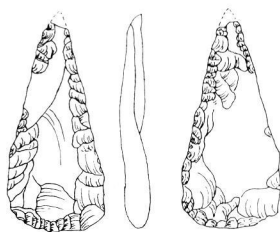
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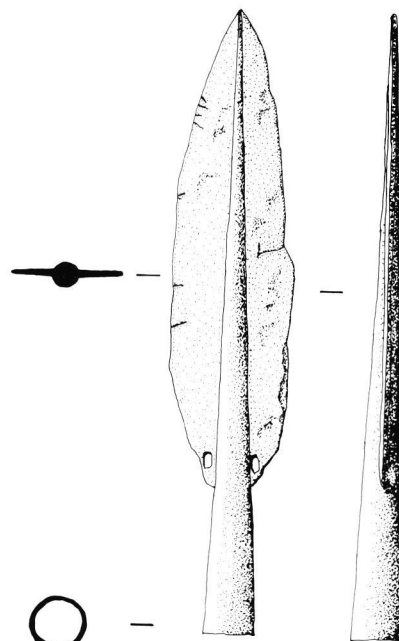
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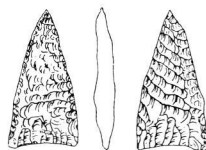
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14

**Fig.3 NZ16NE**

1. Denton Hall (1/2)., 2.2 Dewley Law (1/3)., 4. Denton Hall (after Richardson)., 5. West Denton (1/2)., 6. Westerhope (1/3)., 11. Ryton Willows (1/3)., 12. Westerhope (1/2)., 14. Dewley Farm, Throckley (1/2).



# NZ 16 SW GATESHEAD MBC • NEWCASTLE CC

**1 Bradley Hall. Cist in a Barrow. NZ 12226333**

Cist formed of upright stone slabs, beneath a barrow. It contained the remains of a contracted skeleton. Opened circa 1792, the skull was removed but subsequently lost.

**Source:** Britton, J. & Brayley, E.W. 1803, p. 182; Hutchinson, W. 1823, vol. II. p. 552; Parson, W. & White, W. 1882, II, p. 182; Mackenzie, E. & Ross, M. 1834, vol. I, p. 186; Longstaffe, W.H.D. 1858, p. 74; TAASD&N. 1869-79, I, p. lxx; Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 442; TAASD&N. 1880-9, III, pp. 183-4; Bourn, W. 1896, p. 29; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 208; Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 16.

**2 Bucks Nook. Sub-rectangular enclosure. NZ 114614**

P1.2.1 Entrance on the W. side, and a small circular enclosure at the NE corner.

**Source:** MA. neg. nos. G/051133/32 & A/050605/25.

**\*3 Simmery Hill, Clara Vale. Cist burial with Beaker. NZ 13026462**

Cist formed of upright stone slabs aligned E-W. Length 1.07m, depth 730mm, width 530mm at the W. end, 710mm at E. The skeleton of a ? adult male lay on its left side with its head towards the E. The thigh bones measured 457mm in length. Found in 1911 during ploughing.

The beaker was found beneath the left arm, height 195mm, rim diameter 135mm. Decoration consists of encircling notched lines in groups of three, divided from one another by notches, herringbone, upright lines of notching, and a trellis pattern. Two plain bands divide the decoration into three zones.

(Noted by Tait as being in BM. but no record there of its accession).

**Source:** PSAN3, 1911-12, V, pp. 18-19; AA3, 1914, XI, pp.132-4, fig. 6; Tait, J. 1965, no. 50; Clarke, D. 1970, p. 480, no. 220 (Group N3); Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 2.

**4 Ryton. Cup and Ring marked Stone. NZ 14756350**

Length 740mm, width 560mm, thickness 380mm, consists of a single cup and ring with four ducts radiating from one quadrant, ten plain circular cups, one cup with a conical duct, and two cups united. Found in 1934.

(MA. 1934.33)

**Source:** PSAN4, 1933-4, VI, p. 351 & 353-4, illus; Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 5

**5 Ryton. Cup marked Stone. NZ 14806417**

P1.2.2 Fragment measuring 380mm at its greatest width. It carries three plain cup markings. Found in 1939.

(Formerly in W.A. Cocks Colln.)

**Source:** PSAN4, 1942-6, X, pp. 61 & 87-8; Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 6.

**6 Bradley Burn. ? Round-Barrow. NZ 12536317**

Flat-topped mound, diameter 8.17m, height at centre 1.2m. Four trees growing on it in 1952.

**Source:** OS. NZ 16 SW 6; Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 17.

**7 Barmoor—Ryton Woodside area. Flints & other lithic material. NZ 1463**

- 7.1 Cocks' site 7. Flint implements, hammer, cup stones etc. centred. NZ 14506350.**
- Hammer stone or macehead with unfinished perforation on both sides. 100mm × 70mm. Found May, 1945. NZ 14546349
  - Cup marked stone with one cup, 150mm × 110mm. Found in 1944.
  - Jet or cannel coal disc shaped by scraping 38mm × 32mm. c. NZ 144636
  - Approx. 90 flints, including 2 barbed & tanged arrowheads 3 × 25mm, 18 × 13mm (both barbs broken); 4 Leafshaped arrowheads 25mm × 14mm, 24mm × 11mm, 27mm × 16mm, 19mm × 13mm, flint knife 41 × 21mm; microlith; various flakes, scrapers and chips.
- 7.2 Cocks' site 4B. Flints. centred NZ 14306370.**
- 9 Flints: beak-shaped implement, scrapers, ? hammer, chopper, flakes and unworked pieces.
- 7.3 Cocks' site 4A. Flints. centred NZ 14456380.**
- Flint chip.  
Two arrowheads 26 × 25 × 3mm.  
(MA. 1958.8)  
25 × 20 × 3mm.  
(MA. 1958.9)
- 7.4 Cocks' site 4C. Flints. centred NZ 14606385.**
- Lozenge shaped arrowhead with secondary working 28 × 22mm found 1952; ? knife found 1952; two scrapers.
- 7.5 Cocks' site 10. Flint. centred NZ 14706390**
- One scraper of gun-flint.
- 7.6 Cocks' site 11. Flints. centred NZ 14606360.**
- Grey flint knife, one edge minutely worked, 28 × 14mm.  
? Knife 76 × 38mm; calcined axe-head 57 × 38mm, finely worked leafshaped arrowhead, found 1956.  
(MA. 1970.1A(E)).
- 7.7 Cocks' site 12. Flint. centred NZ 14756375.**
- One worked flint.
- 7.8 Cocks' site 13. Flints. Field centred 14506330.**
- No details.
- 7.9 Behind Ryton Cricket Pavilion. Flint. c. NZ 14806402.**
- Flint Scraper.
- 7.10 'Park Field'. Flint. ? c. NZ 1463.**
- Scraper. (Some artefacts incl. among MA. 1970.1.A)  
Source: Cocks, W. Notebook; Wymer, J. J. 1977 p. 221.
- \*8 Simmery Hill,—Clara Vale. Flint Axe-head. NZ 12986461**
- Flint Axe-head, length 92mm, max. width 38mm, thickness 22mm. Found 50m W. of

NZ 16SW3 in 1917. (Now lost; W. A. Cocks, cast).

Source: PSAN4, 1933, VI, p. 354; Cocks, W. A. Notebook, Site 2, illus.

**9 Ryton-Clara Vale area. Lithic material.**

**9.1 Cocks' site 14. Flints. centred NZ 14006460**

Grey flint knife, 51 × 25mm, knife edge, 35 × 44mm, 3 ? borers; one barbed and tanged arrowhead 22 × 13mm. (One barb broken).

**9.2 Cocks' site 14A. Lithic material. centred NZ 14206470**

a) Cup-marked stone 70 × 76mm.

b) 3 Sandstone worked discs found in close proximity, 89mm diam. × 32mm thick; 146mm × 29mm; 203 × 32mm.

c) Sandstone whetstone or burnisher 127mm long; sandstone rubbing stone (108 × 72mm).

d) Whinstone hammer-stone (127 × 86mm), ? hammer-stone (108 × 95 × 44mm).

e) Jet disc, perforation commenced (32 × 99mm); half of jet disc (102 × 51 × 25mm).

f) Fragment of grey flint axehead retaining 120mm of cutting edge (19mm × 17mm). (MA. 1970.1A(c))

g) 5 Leaf-shaped arrowheads (27 × 14mm, 27 × 5mm, 19 × 16mm, 16 × 11mm (frag.), 28 × 19mm); barbed arrowhead (32 × 19mm); barbed and tanged arrowhead (tang and barb lacking tips) (19 × 19mm); 2 ? arrowheads; 2 ? knives (32 × 14mm, 28 × 6mm); hammer or pounder (82 × 50mm); 4 ? Fabricators; 1 ? borer; also circa 100 blades, flakes, chips and scrapers.

**9.3 Cocks' site 14B. Lithic material. centred NZ 14256435.**

a) Jet or cannel coal disc 38 × 14mm.

b) Nodule of magnetic iron ore, whetstone or burnisher 85mm long;

\*c) Triangular fragment of polished stone axehead with two broken and one ground edges (set in plaster cast) 45 × 28 × 25mm. (MA.1970.1A(c)).

\*d) Barbed and tanged arrowhead (tang fractured) 25 × 25mm; two leaf-shaped arrowheads 19 × 14mm; 35 × 12mm (frag.); 1 sickle and 2 blades 1 ? hammerstone; also circa 60 flakes, chips, & scrapers.

**9.4 Cocks' site 14 C. Flint Knife. centred NZ 14406440**

Flint knife with blunted back and finely worked edge (57 × 29mm).

**9.5 Cocks' site 15. Flints. centred NZ 14606460**

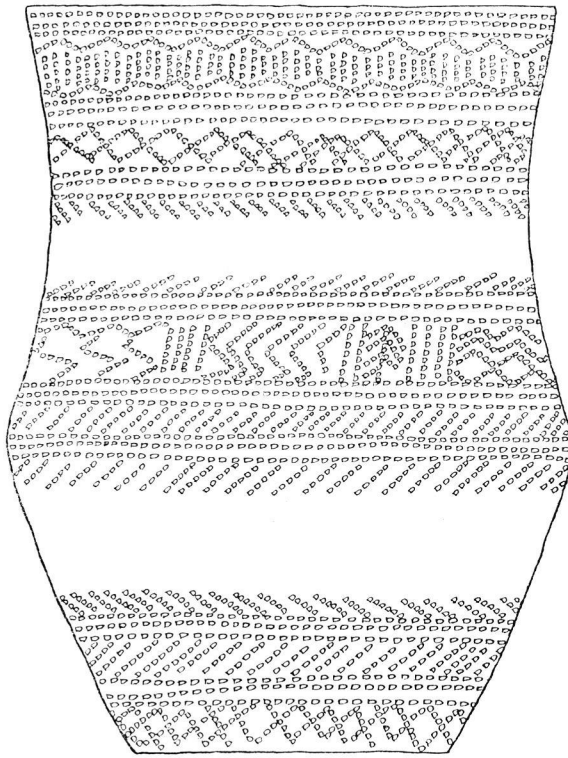
6 flints.

Source: Cocks, W. Notebook.

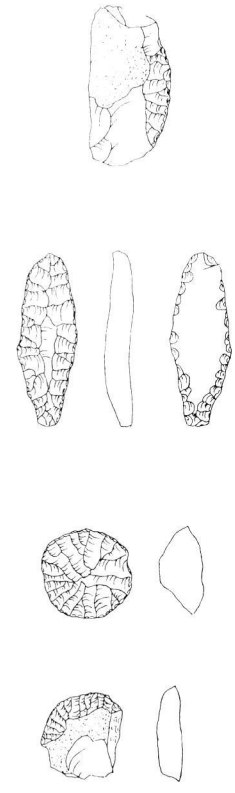
**10 Coalway Lane, Ryton. Cists. c. NZ 127627**

Brief mention by Cocks only; no further references.

Source: Cocks, W. Notebook, site 1.



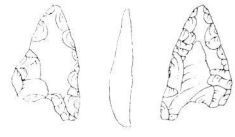
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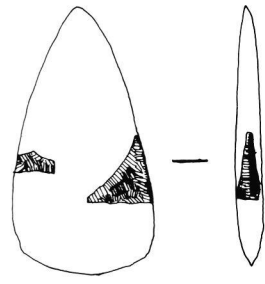
7d



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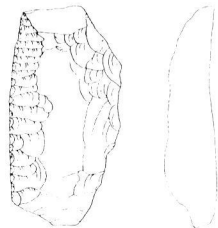
9.2g



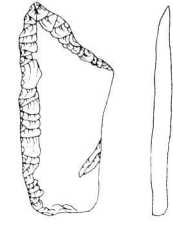
9.3c



9.3d



9.4



13.2

**Fig.4 NZ16SW**

3. Simmery Hill, Clara Vale (1/2)., 7d. Barmoor—Ryton Woodside (1/2)., 8. Simmery Hill, Clara Vale (1/3)., 9.2g. Ryton area (1/2)., 9.3c. Ryton area (1/3)., 9.3d. Ryton area (1/2)., 9.4 Ryton—Clara Vale area

# NZ 16 SE GATESHEAD MBC • NEWCASTLE CC

**1 Ryton Churchyard. ? Round Barrow. NZ 15106488**

Large flat-topped mound, diameter 30m, height 3.30m. A depression at the centre may indicate interference in antiquity, although in 1877, Greenwell believed that it remained intact. It has been interpreted as a possible barrow, or a motte.

**Source:** Hutchinson, W. 1823, II, p. 552; Parson, W. & White, W. II, 1828, p. 182; Mackenzie, E. & Ross, M. 1834, p. 186; Fordyce, W., 1857, II, p. 668; Longstaffe, H. D., 1858, p. 76; TAASD&N 1869-79, p. 1.xx; Britton, J. & Brayley, E. W., 1803, vol. IX. p.182; Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 442; Bourn, W. 1896, pp. 28-9; VCH. Durham, I. 1905, p. 208; Ants. Sunderland 1913, XV, p. 35; Young, R. 1975.

**2 Damhead Wood, Winlaton. Rectilinear Enclosure. NZ 192611**

P1.2.3 Double ditched rectangular enclosure with entrance on the E. side. The inner ditch shows well, but the outer appears only as a faintly discernible line.

**Source:** Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W., I, p. 131 & II, 15 fig. 92, p1. IV; MAPR. neg. nos. A/076690/11 & A/076378/4; CUAP. neg. no. BJZ 12, & JX 37-8.

**3 Stephens Hall. Circular cropmarks. NZ 15576329**

P1.2.4 Concentric circular cropmarks lying within a ? rectangular enclosure. Age uncertain.

**Source:** AA4, 1971, XLIX, p. 126; MAPR neg. nos. A/069599/9-/11 & A/069656/64-/66.

**4 Stella. Cropmark features. NZ 170638**

P1.2.5 Part of rectilinear enclosure with widely spaced double ditches; rectangular enclosure; corner of double-ditched feature. Age uncertain.

**Source:** MAPR, neg. nos. A/083290/18 & A/083290/19.

**5 Stargate, Blaydon. Flat Bronze Axehead. NZ 16716302**

Length 135mm, max. width 67mm, thickness 8mm. Thin-butted flat axe with median bevel. Surface bears 'raindrop' decoration. Slightly battered, with green patina. Found 1.30m below ground surface while quarrying in 1952. (MA. 1952.4)

**\*6 Sand Quarry, Axwell. Beaker. NZ 19106250**

Cord-zoned beaker, height 168mm, rim diameter 130mm. Decoration takes the form of horizontal cord-impressions on the upper half of the vessel, and five lines within the rim. Discovered and broken during quarrying on 29th March, 1934. (Tyne and Wear Museums TWCMS F2579)

**Source:** TAASD&N2 1968. pp. 101-2, fig. 1. no. 1.

**\*7 Sand Quarry, Axwell. Food Vessel. NZ 191618**

Bipartite bowl. Height 117mm, rim diameter 140mm. Decorated with a six-toothed comb or notched stick in encircling lines and chevrons, and fingernail impressions on the rim bevel. Found in 1934 containing cremated bone. (Tyne and Wear Museums TWCMS F2580)

**Source:** TAASD&N2, 1968, 2 p. 101, fig. 1, no. 2; Gibson, A., 1978, p. 58, no. 78.

- \*8 Sand Quarry, Ryton. Enlarged Food Vessel. NZ 16656293**
- Enlarged Food Vessel, height 332mm, rim diameter 293mm. The rim moulding is decorated with vertical whipped cord impressions, below which is a single band of herringbone with incisions both between and underlying, grooved applied chevrons. Seven horizontal grooves on the shoulder, below which are three rows of vertical incisions separated by stabbed crescents, and two rows of differently sized chevrons. Discovered in 1928.  
(MA. 1929.17)
- Source:** AA4, 1929, VI, pp. 197-8 & pl. XLVII; PSAN4, 1929-30, IV, pp. 46, 47, 140 & 141. Gibson, A. 1978, p. 85, no. 108; Cowie, T. 1978, pp. 84-5; Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 8.
- \*9 Bewes Hill, Stargate. Cist burial with Food Vessel and Flints. NZ 17076301**
- Cist with skeleton, and Food Vessel. The coverstone had a single groove on the underside. Vessel height 210mm, rim diameter 180mm. The neck and body are decorated with scored cross-hatching, and the rim with whipped cord. A small flint flake (length 32mm) lay outside the cist at its E. end. Found in 1939.  
(Skeleton in MA. 1972.34 H; Vessel and flint: Sunderland Museum L61(2), L6(8). TWCMS F 2581, F 2582, Cist later transferred to garden of Wm. Cocks.)
- Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 57, & 102, no. 9; Cocks, W. Letters in Gateshead Library.
- \*10 River Tyne at Newburn. Bronze Socketed Axehead. c. 168649**
- Length 93mm, max. width 60mm. Socketed axe with 3 ribs originating from a single moulding beneath the collar, and square mouth. ("Yorkshire" type). Some modern filing on one side; casting flash at collar. Dredged up in August, 1899.  
(MA. 1899.12.6)
- Source:** PSAN 2, 1899-1900, IX, p. 102, illus. p. 139; AA2, 1900, XXII, p. xiv; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 18.
- 11 River Tyne, Scotswood. Logboat. NZ 19626381**
- Found on March 18th 1881 on the southern bank of the Tyne, it was dried out in ashes for one year and sand for another. Subsequently displayed at Denton Hall, it has now disappeared.
- Source:** PSAN2, 1882-4, I, p. 40; PSAN2, 1885-6, II, p. 42; Hodgson, G.B. 1903, p. 8. AA4, 1964, XLII, p. 287; McGrail, S. 1978, no. 120.
- \*12 River Tyne, Blaydon. Bronze Spearhead. NZ 184636**
- Length 194mm, max. width 53mm, max. diameter of socket 23mm. Side-looped spearhead with leaf-shaped blade. Loops are lozenge shaped. Good condition, dark brown patina. Dredged up in 1864.  
(MA. 1884-7-67)
- Source:** PSAN 2, 1884, I, p. 335; Archaeologia 1909, LXI, p. 234, fig. 60; PSAN 2, 1887-8, III, p. 309.
- \*13.1 Summerhill, Blaydon. Cist burial and Beaker. NZ 17716351**
- Inhumation in a cist with a beaker. Height 260mm, rim diameter 140mm. Decoration is in zones of horizontal comb-impressed lines bordered above and below by oblique incisions or cross-hatching; a band of comb-impressed cross-hatching lies near the base. The cist was discovered by schoolboys in 1930, who removed this and traces of a second burial, taking them to the Hancock Museum.  
(Skeletal Material and Beaker. MA. 1973.4)
- Source:** AA4, 1938, XV p. 218; AA4, 1939, XVI, p. 260; Tait, J. 1965, no. 61, pp. 22 & 49, illus. 67.

**\*13.2 Summerhill, Blaydon. Cist burial and Flint knife. NZ 17506339**

Cist lying NNE-SSW, c. 450mm below the ground surface, in sand. The four uprights supported a fragmentary covering slab to a chamber 0.90m in length, 0.65m in width, and 0.53m in depth. Charcoal fragments lay on the sand floor, together with the remains of a contracted adult skeleton lying on its left side with the head at the NE end. Close by the skull lay a flint knife 50mm in length and 25mm in width. Discovered in 1937.

(Cist now stands outside Ryton Council Offices; flint knife, Sunderland Museum. L61(7). TWCMS F258: Skeletal Material. MA. 1973.4.)

**Source:** PSAN4, 1937-8, VIII, p. 72; AA4, 1938, XV, pp. 218-21.

**\*13.3 Summerhill, Blaydon. Cist burial and Food Vessel. NZ 17486340**

Cist formed of four upright slabs enclosing an area 1.0m in length, 0.60m in width, and 0.97m in depth. It lay on a NNE-SSW axis and was floored with small sandstone flags upon which lay the contracted remains of an adult skeleton on its left side with head at the NNE end. Near the skull lay fragments of a Food Vessel, height 150mm, rim diameter 166mm, decorated with a single row of whipped cord impression on the rim moulding and alternating groups of lines of whipped cord on the neck. The shoulder carries two such lines, while below, vertical lines extend to the base. A small glass bead (diam. 2mm) was found within the vessel. Discovered in 1938.

(Food vessel at Sunderland Museum, TWCMS F 2584. L(61)3; Cist in Tyne & Wear Museums. Skeletal Material and bead. MA. 1973.4.)

**Source:** AA4, 1939, XVI, pp. 260-3; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 58, no. 20.

**\*13.4 Summerhill, Blaydon. Cist burial and Beaker. NZ 17476341**

Cist orientated 7° N of E, measured 1.05m in length, 0.60m in width, and 0.45m in depth. The side slabs were augmented with packing stones at the corners, which were internally lined with clay. Round water-worn stones were packed around the cist but did not project to the ground surface in 1938. The chamber was packed with sand, charcoal, and fragments of burnt bone, and on a flooring of three sandstone flags lay a contracted adult inhumation. It lay on its left side facing south with its head to the east, the left arm before the face but its right reflexed, with the hand behind the body. In the NE corner of the cist, a Beaker stood on a small stone slab. Height 184mm, rim diameter 153mm. It is decorated with comb impressions in horizontal bands, broken with chevrons, cross-hatching, herringbone and zig-zag motifs. Found in 1938.

(Beaker Sunderland Museum L61(11); TWCMS F 2585. Cist and skeleton were given to Mayor J. P. Dalton, Ryton.)

**Source:** AA4, 1939, XVI, pp. 260-3, illus; Tait, J. 1965, no. 49; Clarke, D. 1970, no. 667, Gp. N2.

**\*14 ?Blaydon area. Polished Stone Axehead. NZ 1862**

Length 113mm, max. width 56mm, max. thickness 25mm. It appears to have suffered under great heat, being now incomplete and flaked.  
(Tyne and Wear Museums TWCMS F 2586)

**Source:** TAASD&N2, 1968, I, pp. 101-2, fig. 1.3.

**15 Stargate, Blaydon. Flint Knife. NZ 16626298**

Slug knife, length 68mm, width 27mm, thickness 16mm. Found in a sand quarry in 1955.

(MA. 1958.7A)

**Source:** AA4, 1966, XLIV, p. 245.

**16 Nr. Axwell Park. ? Round Barrow. NZ 19196188**

Round mound, diameter c.9m, height 0.8m. Now removed.

**Source:** O.S. NZ 16SE 17; Young, R. 1975.

**17 Axwell Park. Cist burial and Vessel. Centred NZ 1961**

In 1763 a cist burial and pottery vessel were discovered. No further details. ? from 16 SE16.

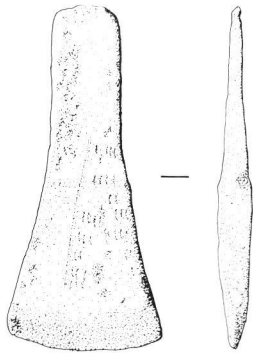
**Source:** Newcastle Courant 19th March, 1763. Sykes, J. 1833, I, p. 240; Bourn, W. 1896, p. 174.

**18 Shorty Croft, Stargate. Flint arrowhead. c. NZ 158634**

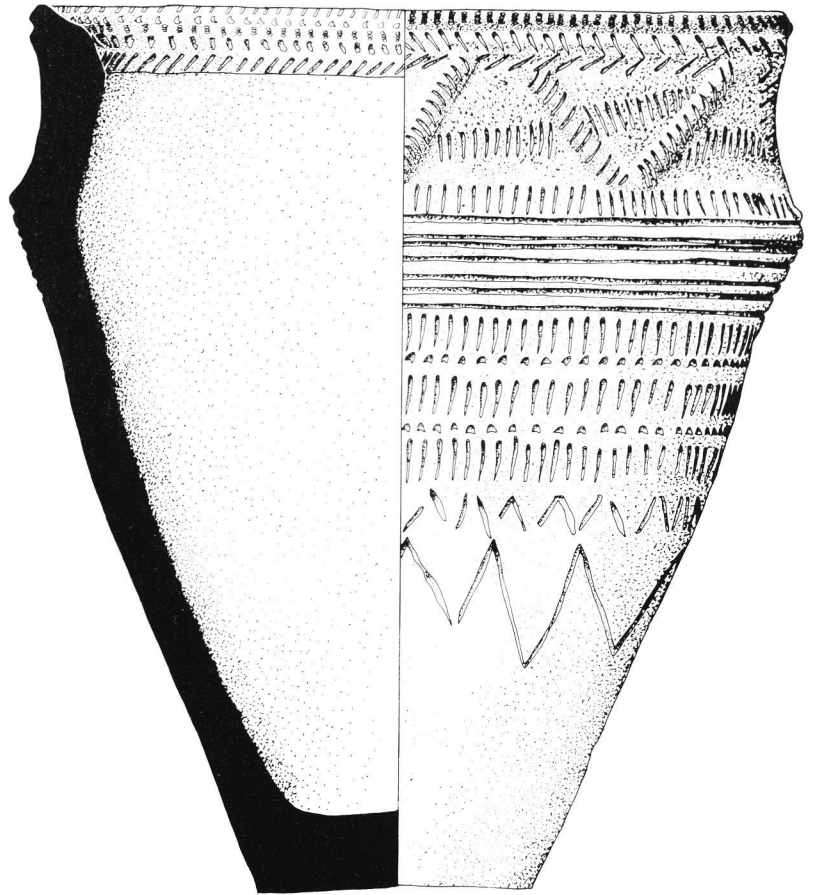
Point of arrowhead with secondary flaking on all edges. 22 × 18mm.

**Source:** Cocks, W. Notebook, Site 9, & illus.

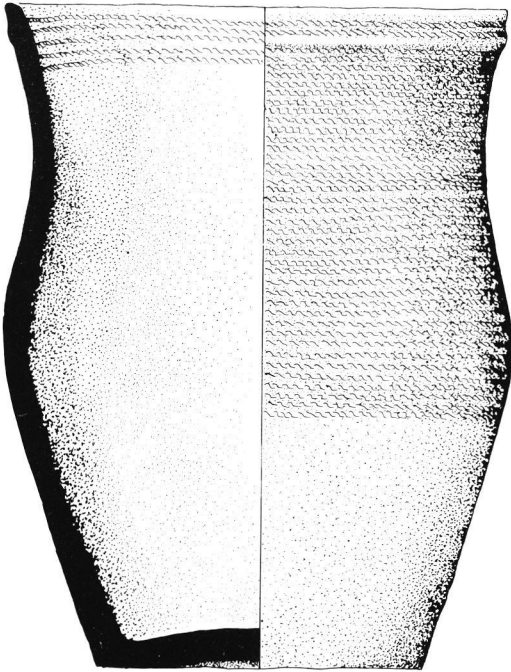




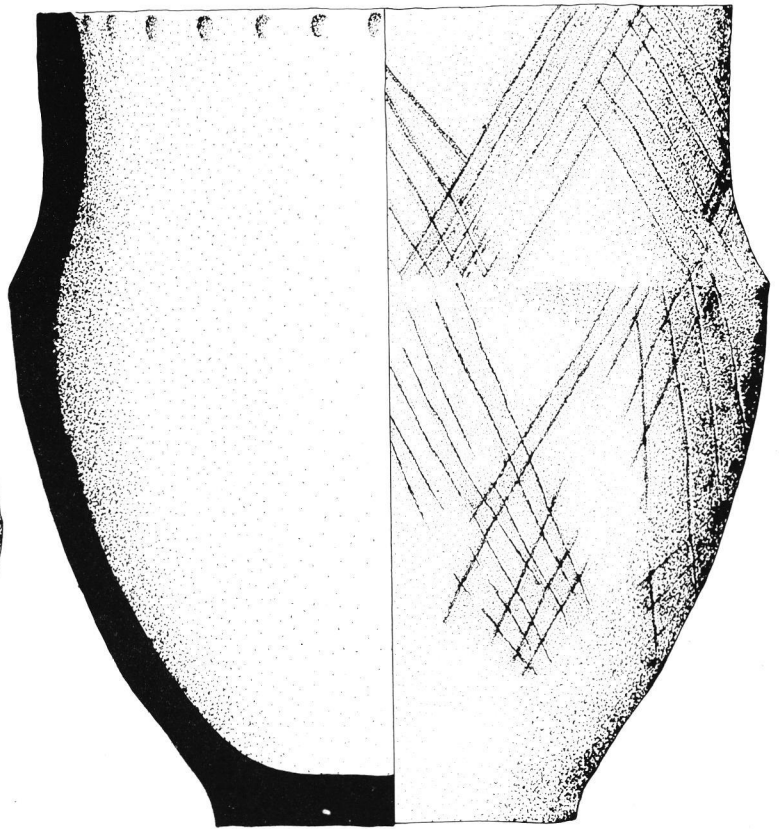
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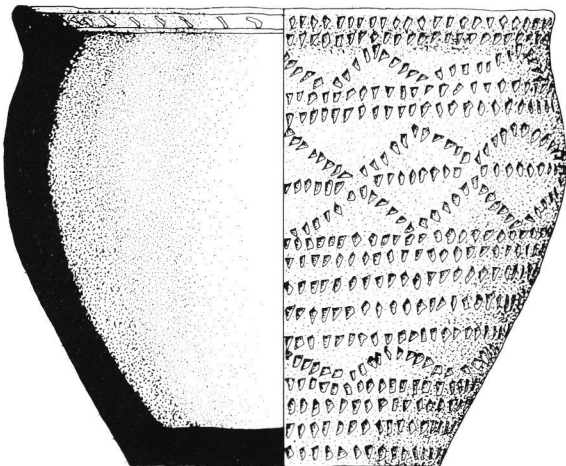
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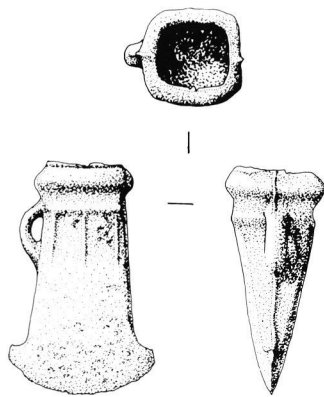
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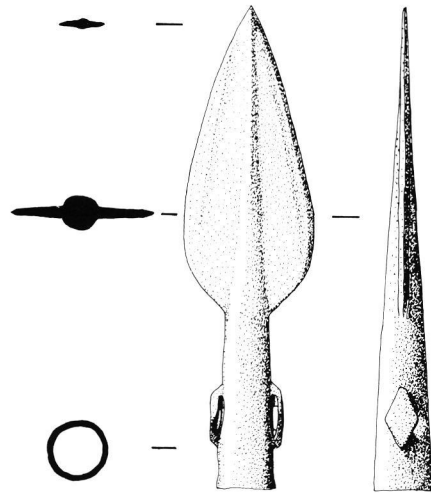
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**Fig.5 NZ16SE**

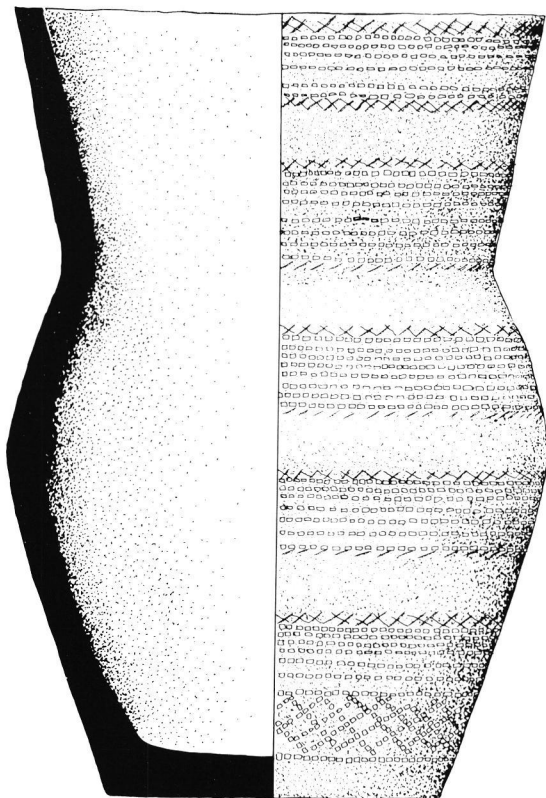
5. Stargate (1/3)., 6. Axwell (1/2)., 7. Axwell (1/2)., 8. Ryton (1/3)., 9. Bewes Hill (1/2)



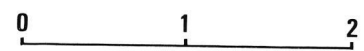
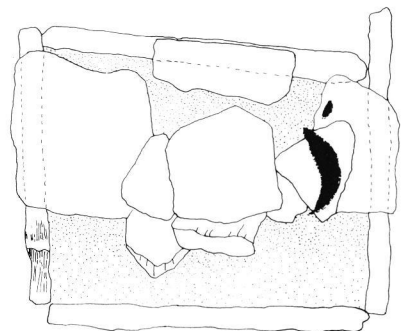
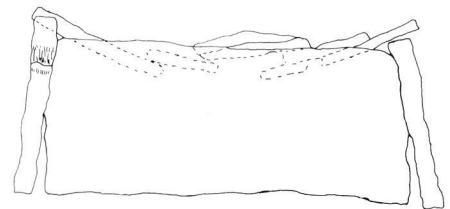
10



12



13.1

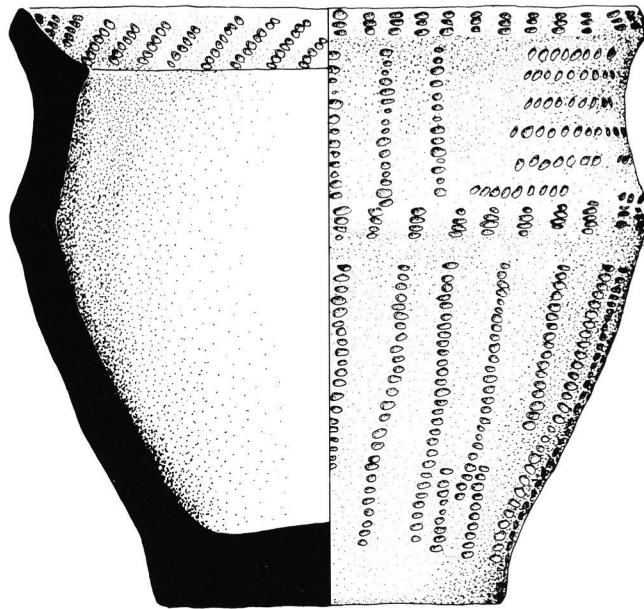


Metres

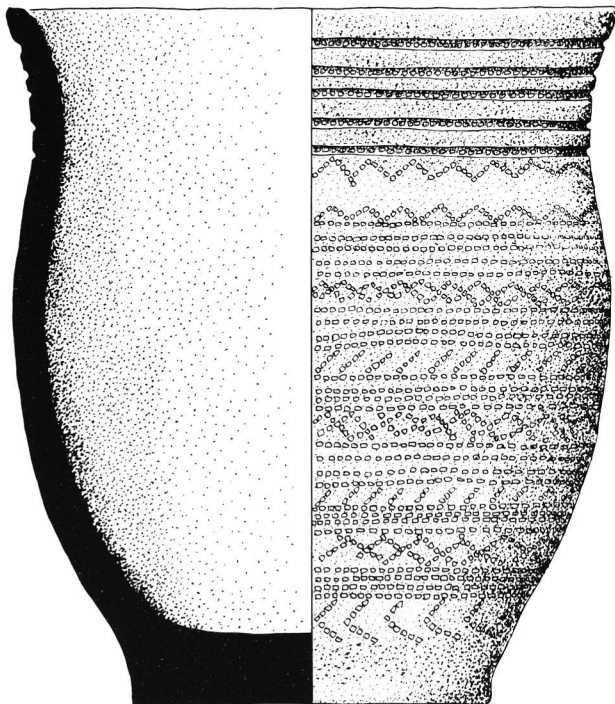
13.2

**Fig.6 NZ16SE**

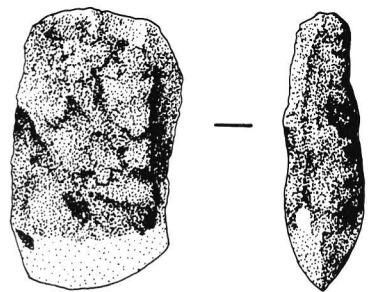
10. R. Tyne, Newburn (1/3)., 12. R. Tyne, Blaydon (1/3)., 13.1. Summerhill, Blaydon (1/2)., 13.2. Summerhill



13.3



13.4



14

**Fig.7 NZ16SE**

13.3. Summerhill, Blaydon (1/2).

13.4. Summerhill, Blaydon (1/2).

14.? Blaydon area (1/3)

# **NZ 17 SE NEWCASTLE CC**

**1 Braid Hill, Callerton. Chert Flake.**

**NZ 169702**

Length 125mm, Width 100mm, Thickness 37mm. Found in 1907.

**Source:** Proc. Univ. Durham Philosophical Soc. 1906-1910, III, p. 13, TNHSND&N2, 1908-11, III, p. 83.

# NZ 25 NW GATESHEAD MBC

**1 Ravensworth Castle. Rectilinear Enclosure. NZ 232590**

P1.2.6 Large rectilinear enclosure containing at least three circular structures, three in a line across the centre. Indications of additional huts to both the north and the south.

**Source:** MAPR. neg. nos. A/074315/13-15, 18, & A/075247/30.

**2 Tinkler Row, Gateshead Fell. Cairn. NZ 2158**

“Near to the line of an ancient road at Tinkler Row are the remains of a tumulus formed of very small stones”.

**Source:** Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 74.

**3 Hedley Hall West. Curvilinear Enclosure. NZ 217563**

Single ditched curvilinear enclosure.

**Source:** MAPR. neg. no. A/069589/27; AA4, 1971, XLIX, p. 126, no. 27; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, p. 51, no. 22, fig. 93.

# NZ 25 NE GATESHEAD MBC

- \*1 Birtley Clay Pits. Bronze Wing-flanged Axehead. c. NA 2655**

Length 133mm, width 52mm. Stop-ridge is poorly developed, flanges damaged. There is a triangular tapering groove on each edge between the blade and the wings. Discovered in 1931, 'in clay pits', but possibly lying just outside the county boundary. Analysis by Raistrick: 82.73% cu, 17.27% sn with traces of fe and ni. (in private possession).

**Source:** Proc. Univ. Durham Philosophical Soc. 1931-7, IX, pp. 47-54, PSAN 4, 1931, V, p. 212; PSAN 4, 1939-41, IX, p. 97 & pp. 107-8, illus.

- 2 Sheddons Hill. Flints. NZ 28245751**

Four hundred and twenty one Tardenoisian flint tools and chips found c 1923 on Sheddons Hill, near the Black Fell. Only circa one hundred now surviving including four microburins, two scrapers and nine whole or broken microliths. (Sunderland Museum 10-1932-2 (1-98) TWCMS F 2587)

**Source:** Ant. J. 1923, III, p. 262; AA4, 1925, I, p. 25; PPSEA, 125, V, pt. I, p. 62-3; Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26; PPSEA. 1933, VII, pt. II, p. 197; PSAN 4, 1933-4, VI, p. 110; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 78.

- \*3 Black Hill. Flints. NZ 28305975**

One trapezoidal flint and four waste pieces found by Coupland in 1920's; also microliths and a graver found by Raistrick.

**Source:** PPSEA. 1925, V p. 62-3, fig. 9; Ants, Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26; PPSEA. 1933, VII, pt. II, p. 196, fig. 5.7-10, p. 197; Wymer, J. J., 1977, p. 81.

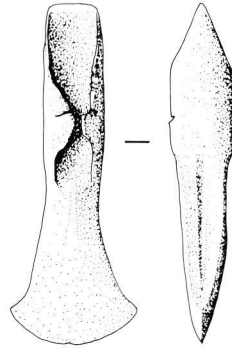
- 4 Birtley, Brickworks. Flints. NZ 265558**

Cores and flakes with secondary chipping, scrapers and a flint knife found 1932-3.

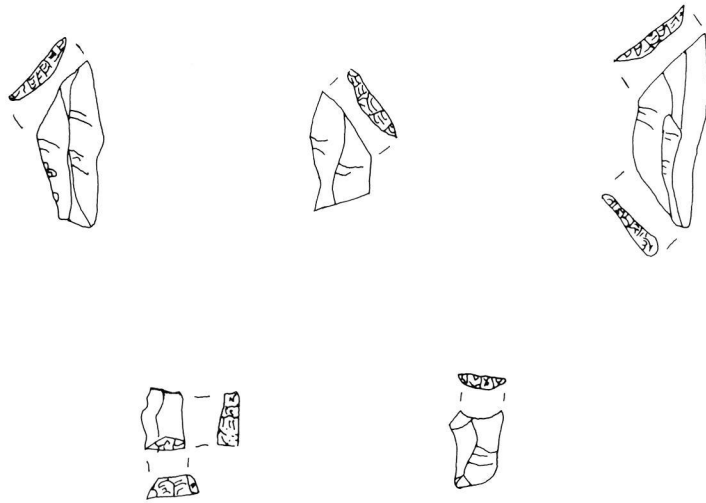
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26; PPSEA. 1933, VII pt. II, p. 196-7, fig. 5.1-6.

- 5 Birtley Clay Pits. Bronze Spearhead. c. NZ 2655**

P1.3.1 Length 172mm, max. width 38mm, width (socket) 22mm. Plain, pegged spearhead with leaf-shaped blade. Found by Dr. A. Raistrick, c. 1931-2 (Craven Museum, Skipton, Yorks. D1942.9)



1



2

**Fig.8 NZ25NE**

1. Birtley Clay Pits (1/3)., 3. Black Hill (1/1)

# **NZ 26 NW NEWCASTLE CC**

- \*1 Barras Bridge, Newcastle. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. NZ 24976506**

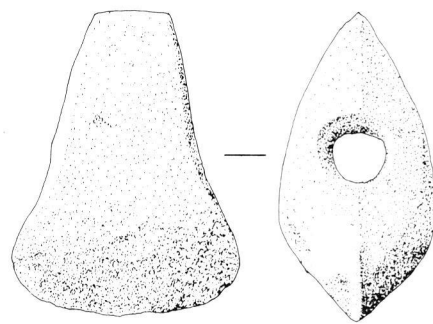
Length 119mm, cutting edges 89mm & 41mm, max. width 61mm. An hour-glass perforation (20mm dia.) has been drilled from both sides. In granodiorite. Found in Burnup's Timber Yard in 1893.  
(MA. 1904.6)

**Source:** AA3, 1904, I, pp. 17-18 & illus; PSAN3, 1905. I, p. 146, illus; AA3, 1906, II, p. xix; NCH XIII, 1930, p. 16, illus.

- 2 Gosforth. Flint Flake. NZ 248685**

Length 70mm, width 38mm, thickness 18mm. Found in 1958.  
(MA. 1958.5)





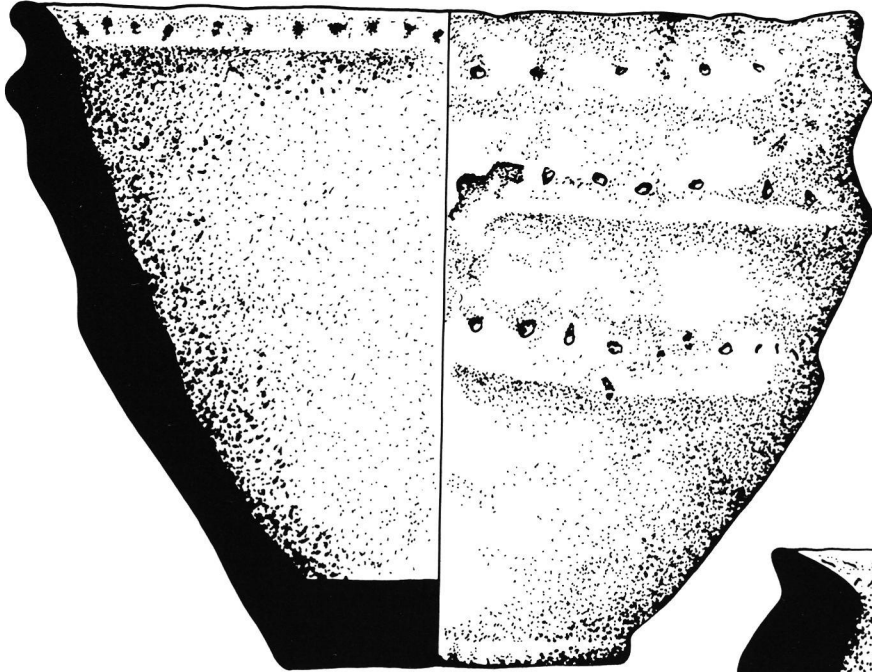
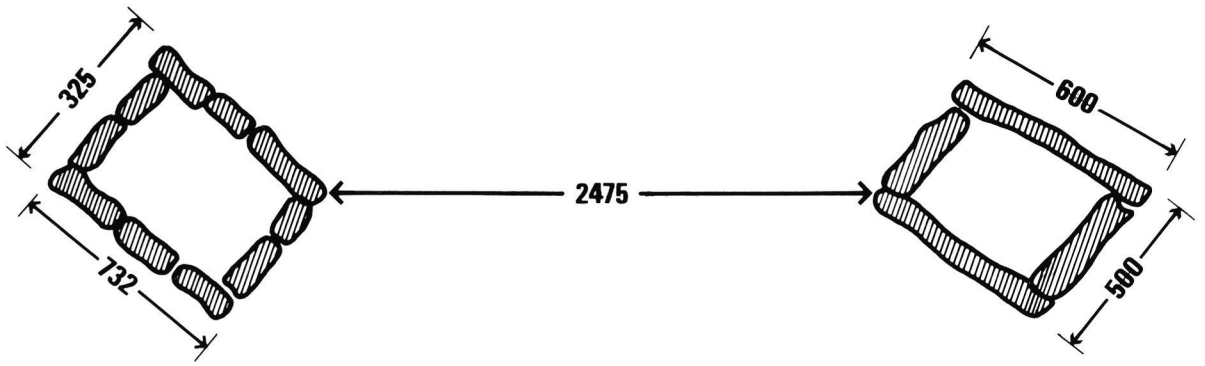
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**Fig.9 NZ26NW**

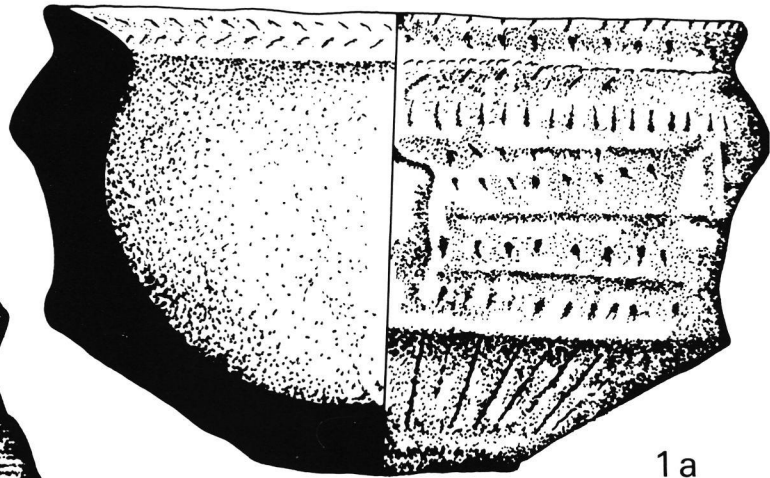
1. Barras Bridge, Newcastle (1/3)

# NZ 26 NE NEWCASTLE CC

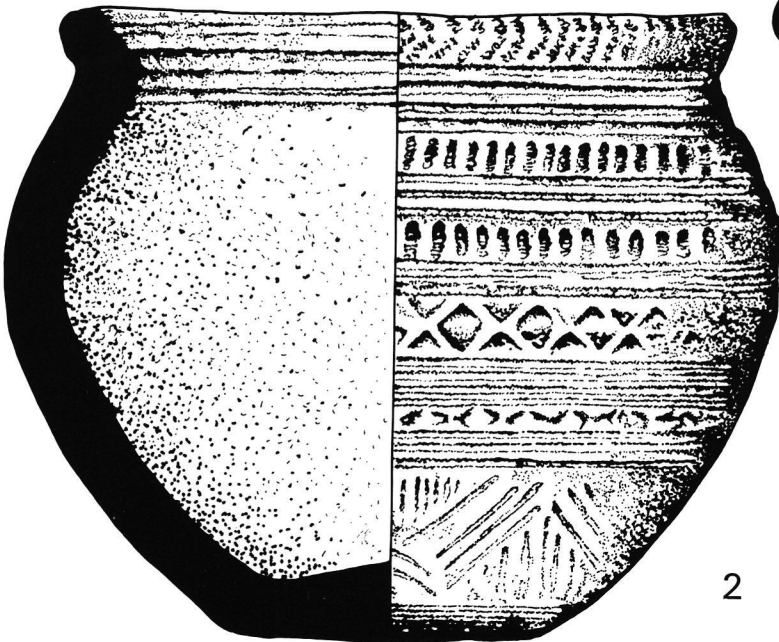
- \*1 Crag Hall, Jesmond. Cists and Food Vessels. NZ 25376751**
- Two cist discovered in 1844, 2.47m apart. Dimensions of each measured: length 0.60m, breadth 0.50m, and length 0.72m, breadth 0.53m. Each contained two vessels, two of which were given to the British Museum.
- a) A bipartite Food Vessel with central groove and five unpierced stops. It is covered with twisted cord impressions in sloping and circling lines.  
(BM. 1852.10.1/2)
- b) A tripartite Food Vessel with two cavetto zones, height 178mm, rim diameter 80mm. A line of spaced circular impressions lies within the upper two cavetto zones.  
(BM. 1852.10.1/3)
- The broken fragments of the other two vessels were handed to the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle upon Tyne, and marked '38'. These cannot now be traced.  
(MA. 1844.38)
- Source:** J. Bell folio album, Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle upon Tyne, illus; AA1, 1855, IV, Donations, pp. 2-3; AA3, 1904, I, pp. 15-16; Abercromby, J. 1912, I, no. 159, pl. xxxviii; NCH. XIII, 1930, pp. 11-12, fig. 3; AA4, 1928, V, pl. VI/2; AA4, 1966, XLIV, pp. 222-5, pl. XVI; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 70, no. 61.
- \*2 Villa Reale, Jesmond. Cist and Food Vessel. NZ 26006562**
- Cist burial containing a contracted adult inhumation with a Food Vessel by the head. The cist measured 1.20m. in length, 0.60m in width, and 0.51m in depth. The vessel is 104mm in height, rim diameter 140mm. An elaborate decoration with stamps and incisions begins with scored herringbone on the rim, four grooves on the neck, then groups of concentric grooves (some rouletted) broken by vertically impressed maggots, incised triangles and stamped lozenges. The internal rim bevel is decorated with encircling rouletted lines.  
(MA. 1828.5)
- Source:** AA1, 1822, I, p. 101; AA1, 1832, II, p. 315; Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, p. 373; Sykes, J. 1866, p. 129; AA3, 1904, I, pp. 14-15; TNHSND&N2, 1908-11, III, p. 83; Abercromby, J. 1912, I, p. 159, no. 227, pl. XLIII; NCH 1930, III, pp. 9-10; AA4, 1925, V, p. 19, pl. VI, fig. 2.
- 3 Jesmond. Flints. NZ 2566**
- Four flint fragments, one large primary flake, one small core/hammerstone, and two unworked flakes.  
(MA. 1956.310.A)
- 4 Stotts House, Walker. Cross-ploughing. NZ 294657**
- Beneath the Roman Road constructed circa 140 AD., and covered by a mound at Stotts House, were remnants of cross-ploughing. A second mound now destroyed is recorded as having lain nearby.
- Source:** Horsley, J. 1732, p. 136; MacLauchlan, H. H. 1858, p. 7; PSAN4, 1929-30, IV, pp. 125-6; NCH 1930 XIII, p. 13. PSAN4 1939-41, IX, p. 191; AA4, 1965 XLIII, pp. 77-86. Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, p. 156.
- 5 Benton, Newcastle. Struck flake. NZ 282687**
- Small struck flake with margin retouch.  
(MA. 1981.2)



1b



1a



2

**Fig.10 NZ26NE**

Plan of Crag Hall cists. 1.1a-b. Crag Hall, Jesmond (1/2)., 2. Villa Reale, Jesmond (1/2)

# NZ 26 SW GATESHEAD MBC • NEWCASTLE CC

**1 Washing Well, Whickham. Two Circular Cropmarks. Centred NZ 220602**

Two circular cropmarks lying outside SE corner of the Roman Fort.

**Source:** MAPR Neg. nox. A/069599/3,/7, A/069153/31, A/074315/28, A/069486/67; AA4, 1971, XLIX p. 120.

**\*2 Elswick Road, Newcastle. Cist burial and Food Vessel. NZ 225639**

No details of the cist and burial. The Food Vessel has vertical lines of notched-stick impressions on the inner rim bevel, and horizontal and diagonal lines on the outer. The body is covered with notched impressions in groups of chevrons, vertical lines, and horizontal lines interspersed with chevron motifs. Height 110mm, rim diameter 122mm. Found in 1873, in a quarry. (MA. 1913.3A)

**Source:** PSAN3, 1913-14, VI, p. 79; AA4, 1928, V. pl. X/2  
NCH XIII, 1930, p. 12; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 73, no. 70.

**3 White Friar Tower, Newcastle. Cist burial and Pottery Vessel. NZ 24876368**

In 1841 a cist burial and 'British' urn was discovered within the town walls, near the White Friar Tower. No further details given.

**Source:** AA1, 1844, III, pp. 148-9; NCH XIII, 1930, p. 12.

**4 Kings Meadows Island, Newcastle. Bronze Dagger. NZ 224630**

Length 334mm, Width 75mm. Long dagger with ogival blade, damaged at hilt end. The hilt, which has 3 lobes, is offset from the axis of the blade. The 3 rivets are in situ. Broad midrib with one narrow rib each side; bevelled edges to blade. Dredged from N. side of Kings Meadows in 1882. (BM. W.G.1681)

**Source:** PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 309; AA2, 1892, XV, plan facing p. 208;  
VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 207; PSAN3, 1905-6, II p. 194, illus., no. 6;  
NCH XIII, 1930, pp. 19 & 22, fig. 15; Gerloff, S., 1975. 134 no. 226, pl. 22 no. 226. (Type Sproughton.)

**5 Marshall Lands Farm. Cropmark Enclosures. centred NE 213602**

Pl.3.2 Faint cropmarkings of rectangular and small circular enclosures.

**Source:** MAPR. Neg. nos. A/069486/10/12/47; AA4, 1971, XLIX p. 122; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, II, p. 49, no. 22, fig. 92.

**\*6 River Tyne at Derwenthaugh. Log Boat. NZ 214632**

Oak log-boat, length 4.27m, breadth 910mm. Rounded bow in all three planes, and rounded transverse section. Slot at rear for transom. Starboard top edge is worked, with a vertical hole in it, probably where a transverse member was trenailed to both sides of the sheer for lateral strength and to act as a thwart. Found in July 1912 in silt and sand, when building staithes at West Dunston. Now lost. (MA. 1912.20)

**Source:** PSAN3, 1911-12, V, p. 219, Antiq. J. 1926, VI, p. 140, illus;  
AA4, 1964, LXII, p. 287-8; McGrail, S. 1978, pp. 186-8, illus.

**\*7 Whickham. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 211617**

Length 107mm, width 51mm, thickness 25mm. Both faces are badly chipped. Found in a garden at Beech Grove, Whickham, ante 1918.  
(MA. 1917.4)

**Source:** PSAN3, 1917-8, VIII, p. 16.

**\*8 Whaggs Estate, Whickham. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer and burial. NZ 207601**

Length 210mm, max. width 111mm, max. thickness 76mm. In granulite, with hour-glass perforation. Found in 1898 associated with a burial.  
(MA. 1899.2)

**Source:** AA2, 1900, XXII, p. xiii; PSAN2, 1899-1900, IX p.2.

**9 Benwell. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. NZ 216647**

Length 108mm, max. width 68mm, max thickness 35mm. Hour-glass perforation. One end is broken, the other chipped. Said to have been found at *Condercum*, ante 1853. Now lost.

**Source:** Gateshead Observer 8th October, 1853; John Bell MS. Black Gate, Newcastle VI; NCH. XIII, 1930, p. 16; PSAN4, 1951, XI. p. 193.

**\*10.1 Washing Well Farm, Whickham. Cist Burial, Cremation in Food Vessel Urn. NZ 2150601**

Food Vessel Urn containing a cremation, standing upright with its mouth sealed by a slab and within a stone cist. The base of the vessel is missing. Rim diameter 300mm. The internal bevel carries five lines of twisted cord; the outer is decorated with a herringbone arrangement of twisted-cord to just below the cavetto zone. The vessel has shoulder grooves and applied stops. Found in 1951.  
(Sunderland Museum 9-1789 TWCMS F 258)

**Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 86, no. 100; Cowie, T. 1978, pp. 85-6, fig. 4.

**10.2 Washing Well Farm, Whickham. Flint Knife. NZ216601**

Found in same field as 26 SW 10.1. No further details.

**Source:** Note in Tyne & Wear Museum Records.

**\*11 North Bank, Kings Meadows, Newcastle. Bronze Spearhead. NZ 230628**

Length 240mm. Pegged, socketed spearhead with lunate openings. Socket has lozenge-shaped section. Point bent. Found ante 1887.  
(BM. W.G. 16)

**Source:** PSAN 2, 1887-8, III, p. 309; AA2, 1892, XV, plan facing p. 208; PSAN 3, 1905-6, II, p. 194, illus., no. 2; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 207, illus; *Archaeologia* 1909, LXI, pt. II, p. 445 & 449, pl. LXXV; NCH XIII, 1930, p. 20, fig. 19.

**12 Westgate Road, Newcastle. Oak-Vessel. NZ 24906395**

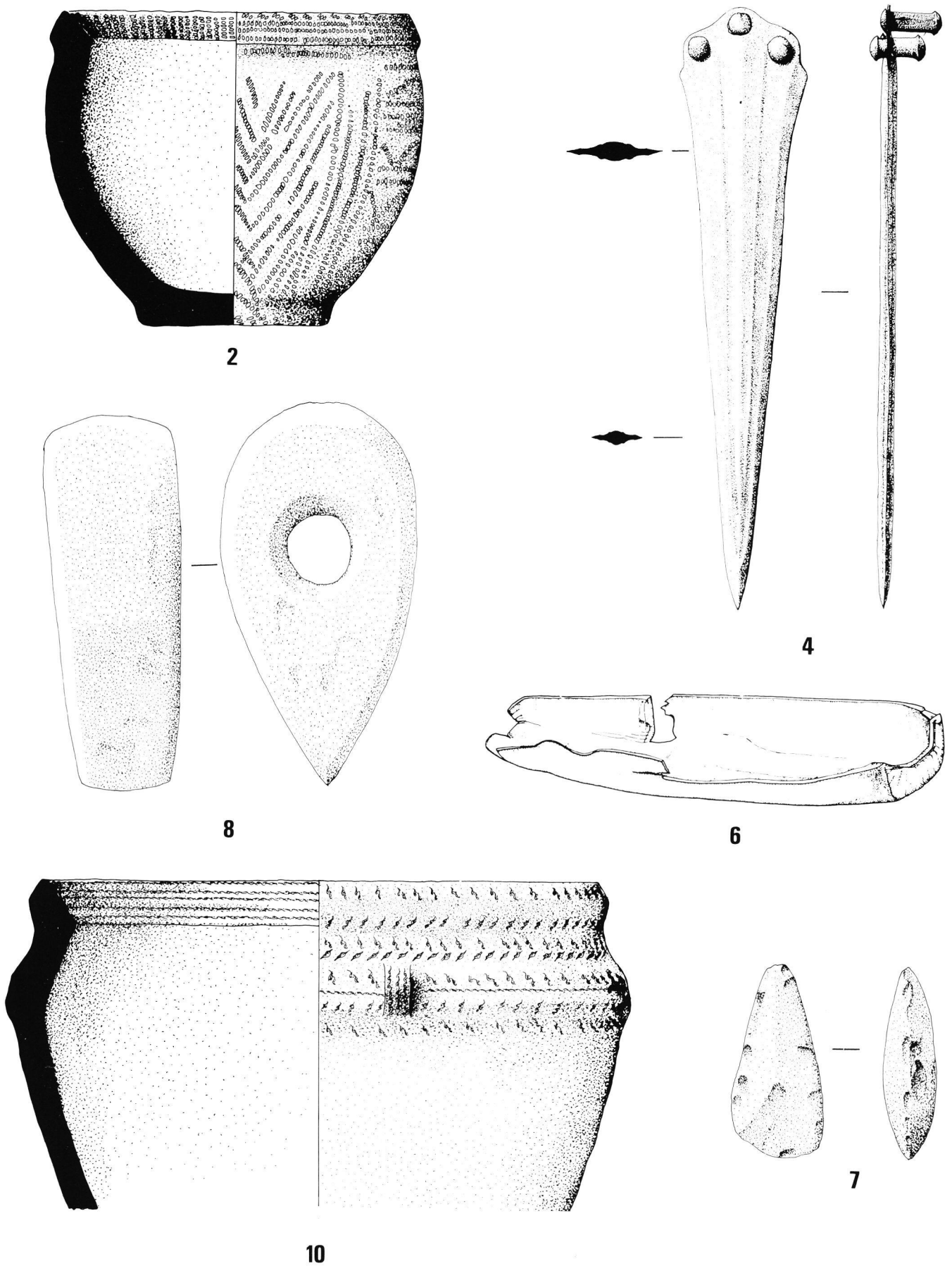
A large hollowed-out trunk of an oak, which may have been used as a coffin or a boat, was discovered during building extensions immediately behind the Post Office in Westgate Road, on June 22nd 1889. "A number of horns, the cranium of an animal, and other things were found in the vessel". The cavity was 2.10m in length, and 900mm deep.

**Source:** *The Antiquary*, 1889, XX, p. 76.

**\*13 Kings Meadows, Newcastle Horse-bit. c. NZ 227629**

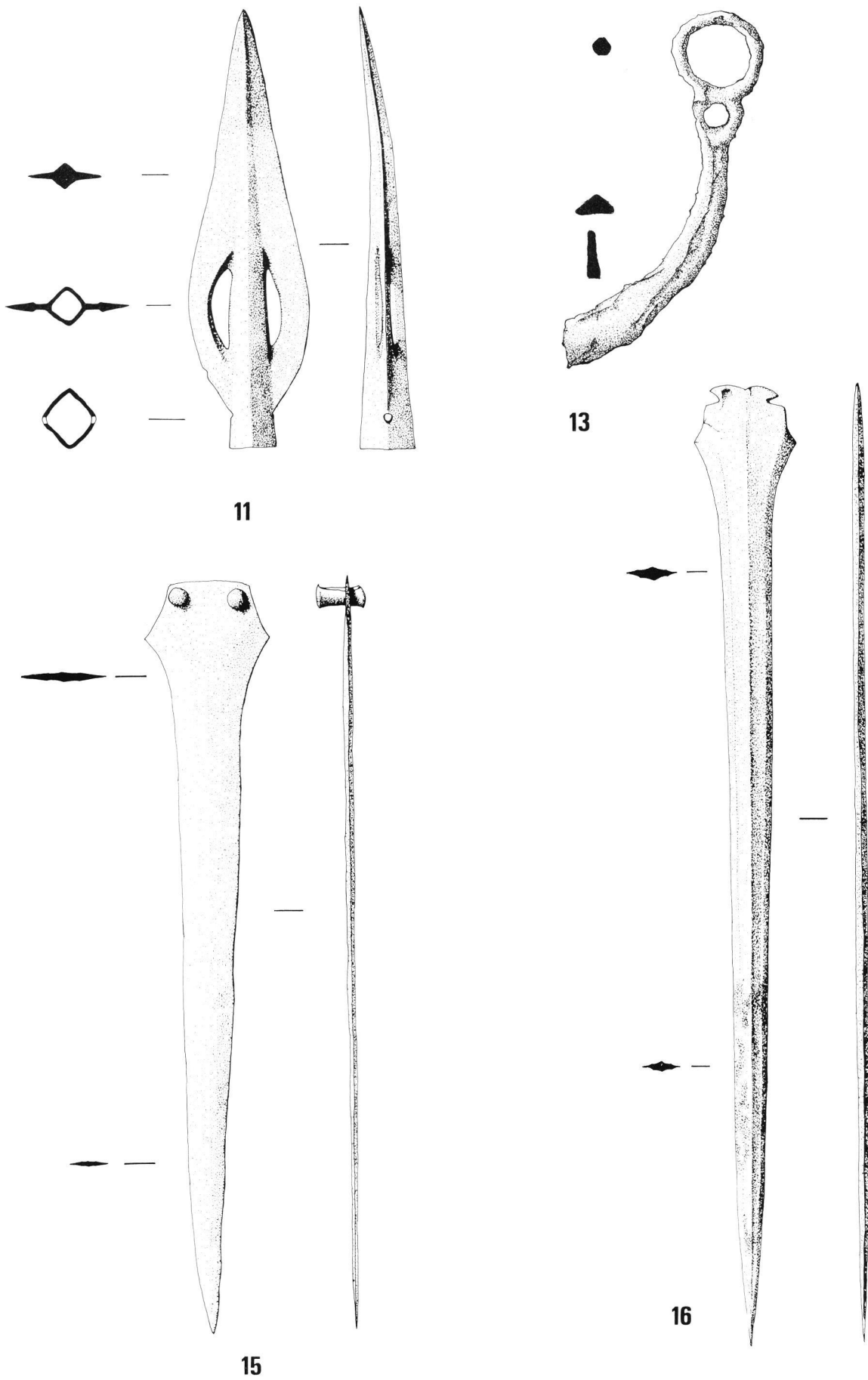
Iron Horse-bit, only a fragment of one side surviving. Max. length 133mm.  
(Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle TWCMS F 2628)

- 14 Swalwell. Four Querns. c. NZ 205620**  
 Four Querns discovered in the demolition of houses. No further details of type.  
**Source:** Bourn, W. 1896, p. 112.
- \*15 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Rapier. c. NZ 248633**  
 Length 394mm. Broad blade; both rivets surviving in trapezoidal, winged butt. Blade bevelled sharply either side of midrib. Dredged from the Tyne ante 1887.  
 (BM. W.G.1682)  
**Source:** PSAN 2, 1887-8, III, p. 309 (here recorded as 'dagger'); PSAN 3, 1905-6, II, p. 194, illus. no. 7; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 207, illus; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 16; PPS 1962, XXVIII, pp. 80-102; TAASD&N NS, 1968, I, p. 5, fig. 2.7 (Group III, with triple arris).
- \*16 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Rapier. c. NZ 243629**  
 Length 495mm. Rapier with notched butt, probably cut down from a butt with two rivet holes. Blade has well-marked central ridge and flat lozenge-shaped section; edges are bevelled. Found ante 1887.  
 (BM. W.G. 1683)  
**Source:** PSAN 2, 1887-8, III, p. 309 (here noted as 'dagger'); VCH Durham I, 1905, p. 207, illus; PSAN 3, 1905-6, II, p. 194, illus. no. 8; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 17; PPS 1962, XXVIII, p. 98; TAASD&N NS, 1968, I, p. 5, fig. 2.5 (Group II, ridged blade of flat-lozenge section).
- 17 Skinner Burn, River Tyne. Log-boat. c. NZ 238628**  
 Log-boat cut from a single oak, length 4.80m, width 1.20m. Dredged from the River Tyne in Jan. 1869. Subsequent history unknown.  
**Source:** Shields Gazette 1st Feb. 1869.
- 18 National School, Whickham. Quernstone. NZ 2061**  
 Quernstone discovered in the old foundation of the National School at Whickham. No further details known.  
**Source:** Bourn, W. 1896, p. 112.
- 19 Scotswood. Upper Quernstone. NZ 2064**  
 Upper quernstone discovered in front of Mr. Ramsey's house in Scotswood. No further details known. Now lost.  
**Source:** AA1, 1855, IV, (donations).



**Fig.11 NZ26SW**

2. Elswick Road, Newcastle (1/2)., 4. Kings Meadow Island, Newcastle (1/3).,  
 6. Derwenthaugh (after McGrail)., 7. Whickham (1/3)., 7. Whickham



**Fig.12 NZ26SE**

11. North Bank, Kings Meadows Newcastle (1/3).. 13. Kings Meadows, Newcastle (1/2)  
 15. R. Tyne, Newcastle (1/3)., 16. R. Tyne, Newcastle (1/3)



# NZ 26 SE GATESHEAD MBC • NEWCASTLE CC

- 1 Newcastle. Calcined Flints. NZ 27786406**  
Two calcined flints, 48 × 45 × 16mm & 27 × 24 × 9mm.  
(MA. 1972.39)
- 2 Newcastle. Flint Arrowhead. NZ 2564**  
This is possibly North American, 52 × 38 × 9mm.  
(MA. 1960.5)
- 3 Newcastle. Flint Saw. NZ 25036380**  
Found between Black Gate and Railway line. Length 46mm, width 12mm, thickness 6mm.  
(MA. 1933.35)
- \*4 Nest House Estate, Felling. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. NZ 271625**  
Axe-hammer of impure ferruginous sandstone. Length 233mm, max. width 98mm, max. thickness 80mm, perf. 33mm. Found in 1937 at a depth of 750mm in clay.  
(MA.1938.18).  
**Source:** PSAN4, 1937-8, VIII, pp. 148-9.
- 5 Gateshead Fell. Inhumation. NZ 287619**  
“A skeleton the bones of which lay compactly together and measured seven feet, eight inches high at seven feet depth from the surface in a bed of stiff clay.” ? Prehistoric.  
**Source:** Martins General Magazine 1757; Sykes, J. 1833, I, p. 219; Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, I, p. 73.
- \*6 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Sword. NZ 250636**  
Dredged out of the Tyne between King’s Meadow Island and the High Level Bridge around 1870. Length 542mm, max. width 32mm, thickness of blade 6mm. Part of the hilt plate is missing. Two rivet holes in line survive on the handle.  
**Source:** PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 309; PSAN3, 1905-6, II, illus. opp. p. 226, no. 1; PSAN3, 1921-2, X, p. 224; PSAN4, 1923-4, I, p. 122 & 184; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 23; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975 II, p. 35 no. 2. Fig. 76.
- \*7 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Sword. NZ 274634**  
Dredged from the River Tyne. Length 692mm, max. width 31mm, thickness of blade 7mm. The handle is perforated with eight rivet holes.  
(BM. W.G. 2271)  
**Source:** PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 309; PSAN3, 1905-6, II, illus. opp. p. 226. no. 3 (Corrected); Evans, J. 1881, p. 281 (text only); VCH Durham I, 1905, p. 207 & illus; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 20; PPS 1967, 33. p. 445, no. 199.
- \*8 River Tyne nr. Tyne Bridge, Newcastle. Bronze Spearhead. NZ 252637**  
Length 401mm, max. width 60mm. Plain, pegged spearhead with long, slender, leaf-shaped blade. Peg-holes have been broken off with end of socket. Point bent. Found in 1867.  
(BM. W.G. 1646)  
**Source:** PSAN 2, 1887-8, III, p. 309; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 207; NCH, 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 18

**\*9 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Sword. NZ 254638**

Length 700mm, max. width 60mm. Broken in two places; seven rivet holes in the handle. Dredged from the Tyne in 1885.  
(MA.1886.23)

**Source:** Evans, J. 1881, p. 281 (illus. only); PSAN2, 1885-6 II, p. 333, illus; PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 233, 253, 309, & illus. facing p. 409; PSAN3, 1905-6, II, illus. opp. p. 226, no. 2 (corrected); VCH Durham I, 1905, p. 207; Archaeologia 1909, LXI, p. 134, pl. XLI; Hodgson, G. B. 1903. p. 10, illus. only; Archaeologia 1922-3, LXXIII, pp. 258-9, pl. XLI & XLIII, fig. 25; NCH 1930, XIII, p. 22, fig. 21. (corrected) & 22; PPS 1967, 33, p. 444, no. 198; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, II, p. 35, no. 4 & fig. 76.

**10 River Tyne, Newcastle. Bronze Sword fragment. NZ 2563**

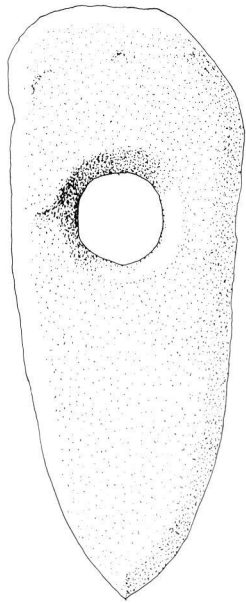
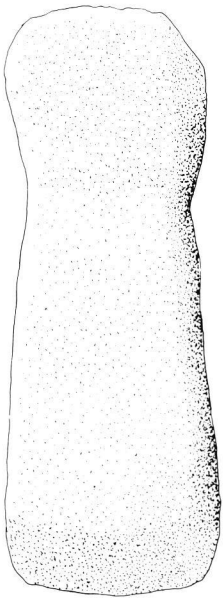
Exhibited in 1887 by Rev. Wm. Greenwell but subsequent history unknown.

**Source:** PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 309.

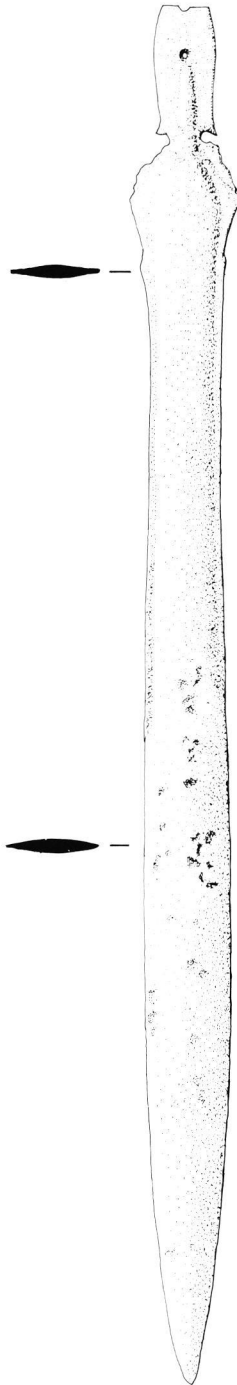
**11 Gateshead Fell. ? Rectangular enclosure. NZ 2660**

Confused account of an 'entrenched' enclosure on Gateshead Fell in which the upper and lower stones of a rotary quern had been found together with other quern fragments. The account runs as follows:— "The upper and lower stones of an ancient quern or Hand Mill, found on Gateshead Fell. This donation was accompanied by the Drawing of the Lines of a certain Enclosure or Camp, in which these and several fragments of Millstones were found. The place was situated on a parcel of ground allotted to Mr. Henderson, at the time of the enclosure of Gateshead Fell. The west side of the entrenched ground measured 220 yards, the north end 66 yards, and the breadth of the area from the north east to south east corner 33 yards. An oblong entrenched area, 30 yards long and 14 broad, was also formed on the east side of it; at its south end there was a circular enclosure, 14 feet in diameter, formed with stones, each 3 feet long, and set on edge; and at 21 yards from the west side an entrenched line led to a spring opposite the north west corner". (Now lost.)

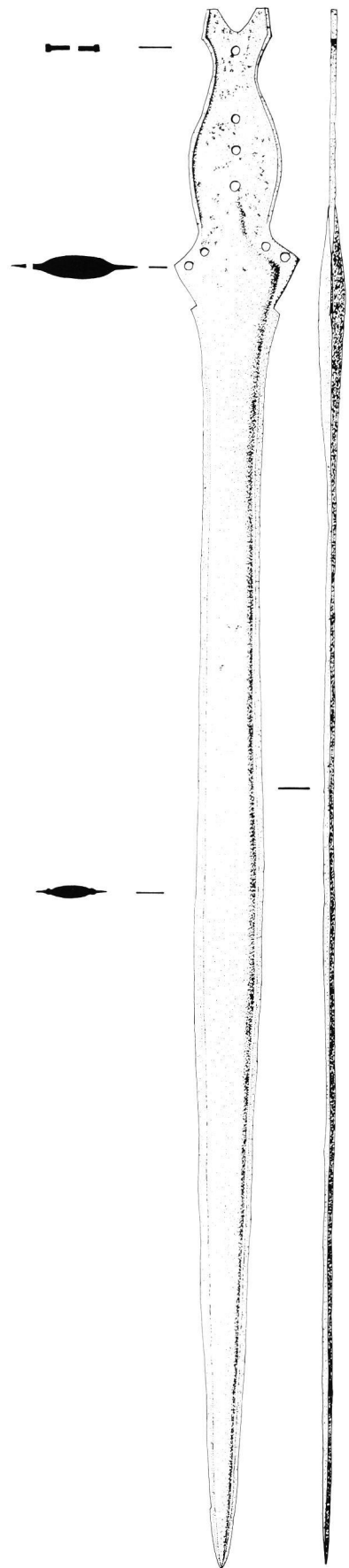
**Source:** AA1, 1822, I, appendix C, donations; Steer, K. 1938, p. 295 & fn.



4



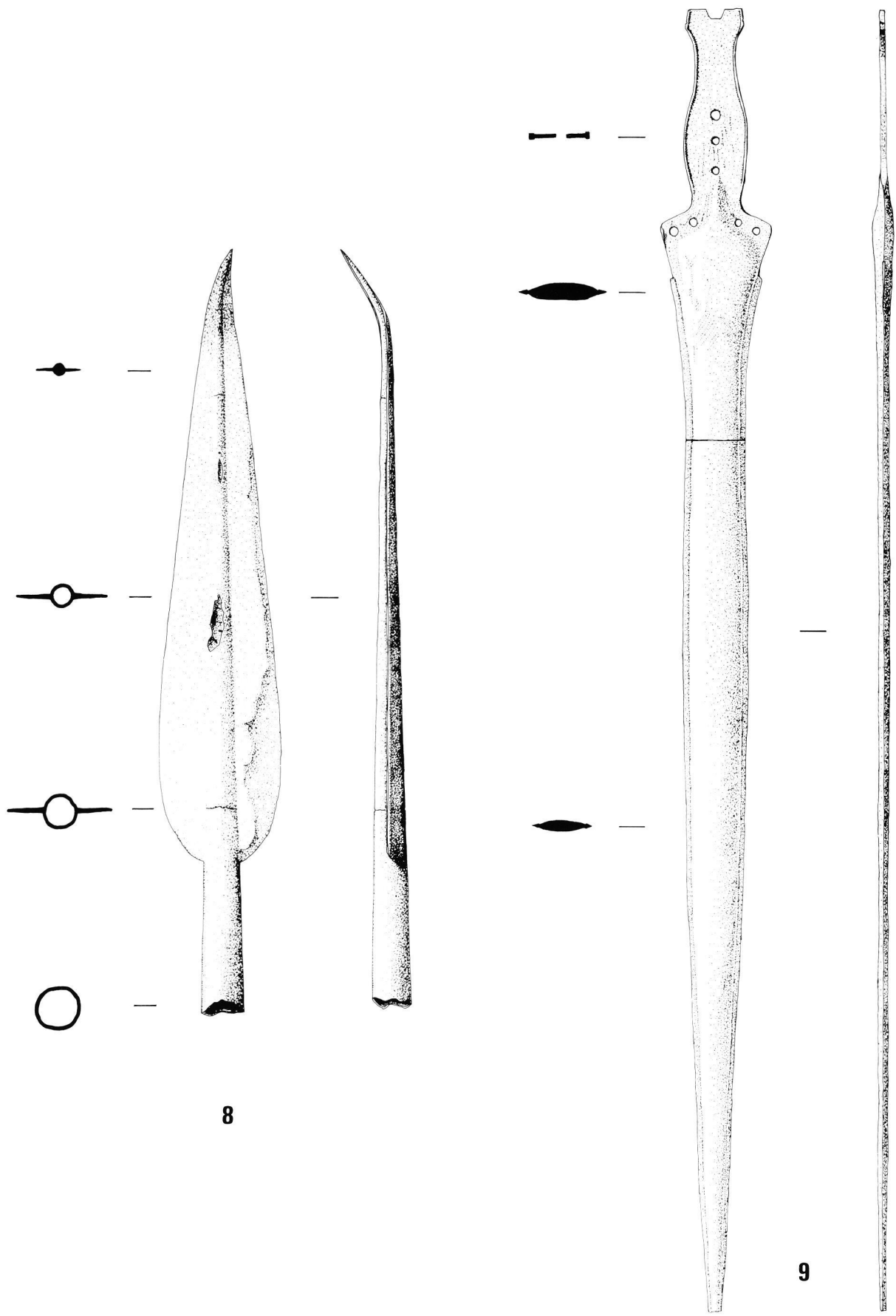
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7

**Fig. 13NZ26SE**

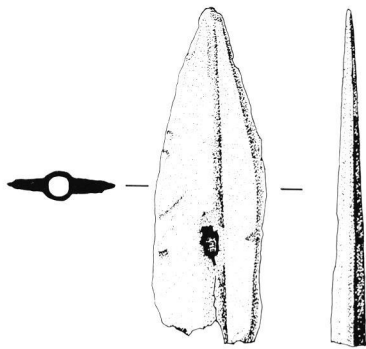
4. Nest House Estate, Felling (1/3)., 6. R. Tyne, Newcastle (1/3)., 6. R. Tyne, Newcastle (1/3)



**Fig. 14NZ26SE**  
 8. R. Tyne, near Tyne Bridge, Newcastle (1/3)., 9. R. Tyne, Newcastle (1/3)

# NZ 27 SW NEWCASTLE CC

- 1 Hazlerigg. Double-ditched Rectilinear Enclosure (I). NZ 23437170**
- Pl.3.3 Two concentric rectilinear ditches with rounded corners. Centrally placed entrance on E side, and with a minimum of two circular huts at the rear.  
**Source:** MAPR A/044715/37, A/044413/16; AA4, 1968, XLVI, p. 66.
- 2 Hazlerigg. Single-ditched Rectilinear Enclosure (II). NZ 233714**
- Pl.3.4 Entrance on E side.  
**Source:** MAPR A/045153/7; AA4, 1968, XLIV, p. 61.
- 3 Gardeners House, Dinnington. Rectilinear & Circular Cropmarks. NZ 20977420**
- Pl.3.5 Rectilinear single-ditched enclosure, with large central structure. Entrance on centre of S side. Outside and a few metres to the N of the N ditch is a circular cropmark of a similar diameter to the central hut.  
**Source:** MAPR A/063551/1, G/063567/34, /36; AA4, 1971, XLIX, p. 121.
- \*4 Wideopen. Bronze Spearhead. NZ 2474**
- Max. surviving length 127mm, max. width 46mm. Fragment of socketed spearhead (tip only remains). Found ante 1960.  
(MA. 1960.6)  
**Source:** AA4, 1963, XLI, p. 220.
- 5 Morley Hill. Two Earthworks with ditches. NZ 22477226**
- Originally on an aerial photograph, now lost. Three sides of one feature show as a rectilinear form, two sides of another meet at right-angles.  
**Source:** OS. NZ 27 SW 8.



4

**Fig.15 NZ27SW**  
4. Wideopen (1/3)

# NZ 27 SE NEWCASTLE CC

**1 Burradon. Rectilinear Settlement and Enclosed Homestead, NZ 269730**  
**Pl.4.1-3 Saddle-quern, Axe-head, Native and Roman Pottery.**

\*1.1 Excavated by G. Jobey in 1968, prior to its destruction. The outer enclosure was marked by a ditch (width 3m, depth 1.25m). Entrance on the E. side, reduced even further in width by timber slots framing the gateway. Associated huts appear to have been confined to the central area; the overlapping ground plan indicates a minimum of 8-11 huts and the permutations would allow 5 replacement phases. Evidence for the huts consisted of outer, shallow gullies with an average internal diameter of a little under 7m, surrounding an inner circle of post holes. The use of daub on some walls is attested. Indications of hearths, and in several instances, replacement and repair suggest that a long period of time is involved. Pottery included wall-sherds and some rims, with finger-impressed decoration; fragments of saddle quern also occurred.

Within the outer ditched enclosure was a second rectilinear ditch enclosing 0.15 hectares (width 4.5-5m, 2.25m in depth), with the entrance on the E side and having a similar fenced gateway to the outer ditch. The ditch had been recut at least twice and produced sherds of native finger impressed pottery, and a polished stone axe-head. A bank (circa 4m in width) ran internally, and a shallow fence line ran from the southern ditch terminal towards an inner circular ditch 2m in width, 1m in depth. Upon the area it enclosed had stood at least one circular timber hut, as evidenced from the two concentric rows of post holes (12m diameter & 10m diameter). More substantial post-holes, and several hearth positions lay in the central area, and the objects recovered from this part of the site included native pottery, a Roman carinated bowl, iron slag, and a rotary quern. Faunal remains indicate the presence of sheep, goat, pig and dog. The latest dateable Roman sherds terminate in the late 2nd century AD.  
(MA 1979.23)

**Source:** MAPR Neg. nos. A/023203/3-/7, A/062679/26, 029453/10; AA4, 1970, XLVIII, pp. 51-95; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W., 1975, I, pp. 52, 74, 131, 184; II, p. 30, fig. 53.

\*1.2 Polished Stone Axe-head in flint or chert. Patinated, and only the part carrying the blade surviving. Max. surviving length 65mm, width 51mm, thickness 26mm. The upper and lower edges are faceted. From the bottom silt of the enclosure ditch of the homestead.  
(MA. 1979.23).

**Source:** AA4, 1970, XLVIII, p. 82, fig. 12.3.

**2 Burradon. Single-ditched Rectilinear Enclosure (II). NZ 26957243**  
**Pl.5.1** Slightly rounded corners with entrance on E. side. Now destroyed.

**Source:** MAPR Neg. Nos. A/062679/18, A/044413/21, /25, &/26, A/045153/10, /11, & /13, G/034485/92; AA4, 1968, XLVI, p. 61.

**3 Burradon. Single-ditched Rectilinear Enclosure (III). NZ 270723**  
**Pl.5.2** Now destroyed.

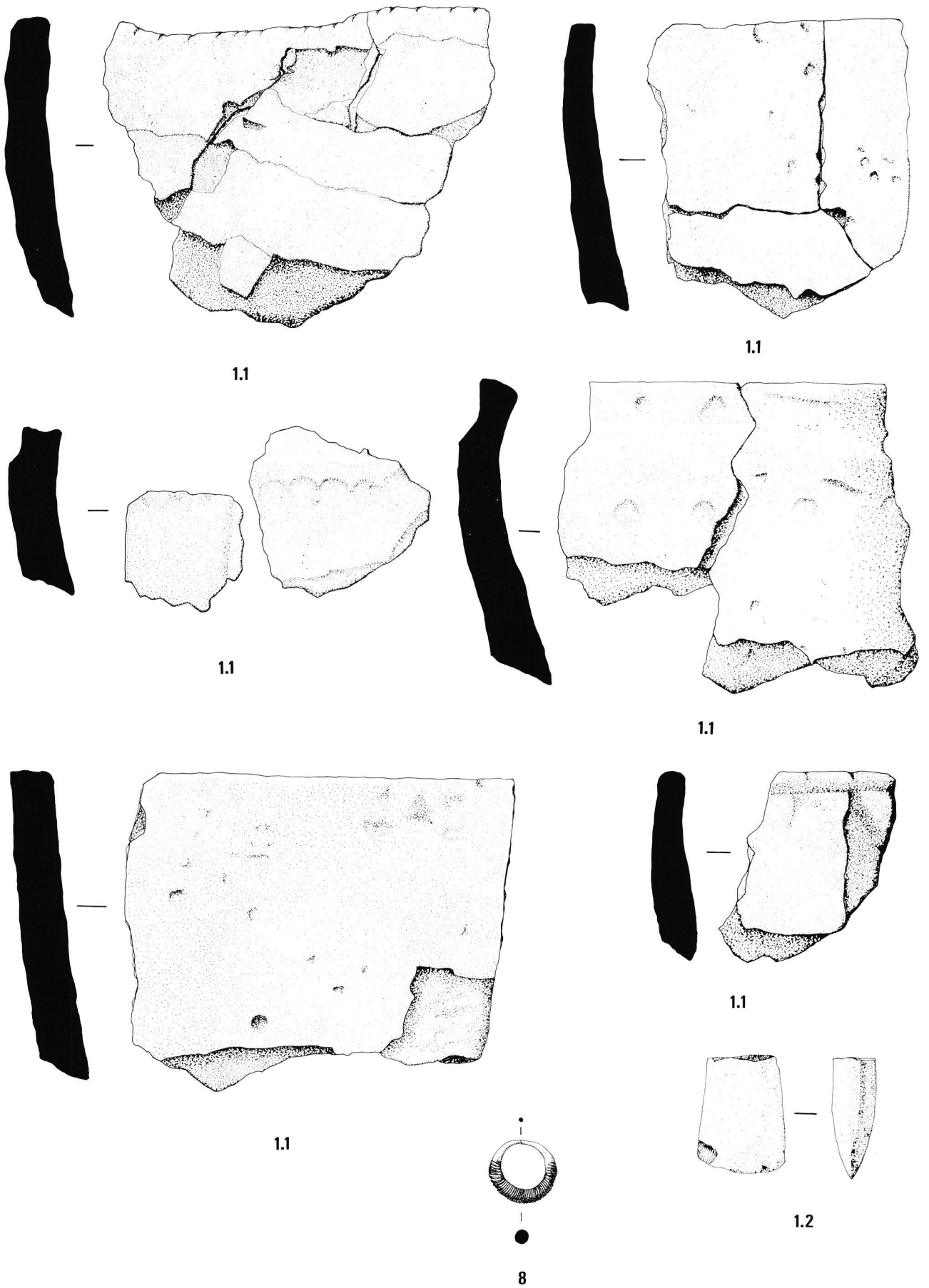
**Source:** MAPR Neg. Nos. A/034485/91; AA4, 1968. XLVI, p. 61.

**4 Seghill South West. Double ditched Rectilinear Enclosure. NZ 280734**  
**Pl.5.3** Cropmark of a rectangular enclosure of two concentric ditches with rounded corners. Centrally placed entrance on E side.

**Source:** MAPR G/029455/13—16; AA4, 1968, XLVI, p. 64.

- 5      **Nr. Burradon.      Single-ditched Rectilinear Enclosure  
with ? hut circle.      NZ 28387309**
- Source:** T&WCC A.P. 8—408/9/10; O.S. NZ 27 SE 15.
- 6      **Dudley.      ? Rectilinear Cropmark.      NZ 26007305**
- Three sides visible on A.P., E. side not showing.
- Source:** T&WCC A.P. 13—466/7; O.S. NZ 27 SE 16.
- 7      **Annitsford.      Linear Cropmark.      NZ 26357429 to NZ 26657400**
- Source:** T&WCC A.P. 8—394/5; O.S. NZ 27 SE 14.
- \*8      **Dinnington.      Gold Earring.      NZ 2073**
- Max. diam. 25mm, weight 236 gr. Crescentic earring, circular in section, spirally twisted with tapered terminals.  
Found in 1861 and given to B.M. by J. Pierrepont Morgan as part of the Greenwell Collection.  
(BM. WG 22)
- Source:** B M Records.





**Fig.16 NZ27SE**

1.1. Burradon (1/2)., 1.2. Burradon (1/3)., 8. Dinnington (1/2)

## **NZ 34NW SUNDERLAND MBC**

- 1**     **'Kirkland', Houghton-le-Spring. Earthworks. NZ 348499**  
Mutilated by the early 19th century, but recognised then as 'traces of works and entrenchments' enclosing an 'oblong square'. Length 21m, height 40cm. ? under Kirk Lee playing field.  
**Source:** Surtees, R. 1816, I, pt. II, p. 148; Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858. p. 61.

# NZ34NE SUNDERLAND MBC

\*1 Copt Hill, Houghton-le-Spring. Round barrow with cremations & inhumation burials of 3rd & 2nd millennia BC. Flints & Food Vessels. NZ 35344922

- a) Initial Deposition: Round barrow on limestone escarpment, constructed of limestone, sandstone, and turf. This overlay a limestone rubble pavement 10.40m in length, 1.80m in width, and orientated NNE-SSW, 1.5m south of what was later seen as the centre of the mound. This platform was bordered with boulders at each side, and beneath, the disjointed partially cremated remains of 'several' skeletons covered with charcoal lay on the original ground surface. The deposit had been fired by means of an eastern and a western flue vent. The E (length 990mm, width 430mm, depth 460mm) was charcoal-filled below burnt earth. The whole (length 910mm, width 510mm, diameter 560mm) had its charcoal sealed beneath burnt limestone. The flueholes were lined, and the whole deposit carefully supported. No associated finds.

#### Later Burials:

- b) 7m from the centre of the barrow and 600mm above the ground surface lay a scatter of burnt bone and a calcined flint over an area circa 750mm.
- c) 5m SSW from the centre lay a small stone cist orientated NNW-SSE, containing the contracted skeleton of a child lying on its right side with head to the NW. The cist measured 650mm in length, 325mm in width, 275mm in depth. Eight upright stones lay to the west, around these lay burnt bones and a calcined flint knife.
- d) 1.4m SE of the centre and 45cm below the surface of the mound lay the disturbed remains of a male inhumation with a flint scraper.
- e) 5.2m ESE of the centre, and 750mm below the surface of the mound, lay a male inhumation on its left side with head to the WSW.
- f) 4.9m ENE of centre, 1m above the old surface but 300mm below the surface of the mound, lay an inhumation accompanied by a Food Vessel (now lost) lying to the south of the skull. 300mm to the NE and 300mm higher in the barrow mound lay a partially cremated body. 300mm above the inhumation lay a second partial cremation.
- g) 4.9m ENE of the centre was a Food Vessel urn, containing a cremation and surrounded by stones, possibly inverted. (750mm above the original ground surface and 700mm below the surface of the barrow mound.) The urn is bipartite with a shoulder groove. Height 33.8mm, rim diameter 26.5mm. The internal rim bevel has a line and a half of herringbone, there are oblique lines on the outer rim bevel and shoulder groove, and a line and a half of herringbone on the neck.
- h) 3m SSW of centre lay an extended inhumation orientated E-W, with head to the W. It lay within a long-cist grave (1.8m × 680mm), at a depth of 1m below the barrow surface, and 1m above the old ground surface. This burial is doubtful as a prehistoric interment.

The diameter of the mound was 20m, height 2.4m. Excavated 1877.  
(BM. 1890.11.11.H7)

**Source:** Greenwell, MS 3, British Museum; South Shields Gazette 5th Oct. 1877. TAASD&N 1889, III, p. 185; Abercrombie, J. 1912, II, p. 53 & 122 no. 484, pl. XCVI; VCH Durham, I, 1905, pp. 199, 200, & 207; Ants. Sunderland 1913, XV, p. 35; AA3, 1914, XI, pp. 123-30, pl's; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 15; AA4, 1935, XII, p. 153. Scottish Archaeological Forum 2, 1970, p. 15; Cowie, T. 1978 pp. 82-3, fig. 4; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 68 & 83, no. 92, illus; Kinnes, I. 1979, p. 9.

**2      “Fairies Cradle”, Hetton.      Barrow and Pottery Vessels.      NZ 35374771**

A cairn of stones known as Fairies Cradle or Maiden Hill, is recorded as having produced some ‘urns’ prior to its removal, ante 1877. The site now lies beneath 12 Fairy Street, Hetton-le-Hole.

**Source:** Surtees, R. 1816, I, pt. 2. p. 214 & 306; Mackenzie, E. & Ross, M. 1834, I, p. 369; Fordyce, W. 1857, II, p. 580; Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 74. Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 442; TAASD&N 1889, III, p. 185; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 208 & 363; Pevsner, N. 1953, p. 167.

**3      Great Eppleton.      Flint Scraper.      NZ 367483**

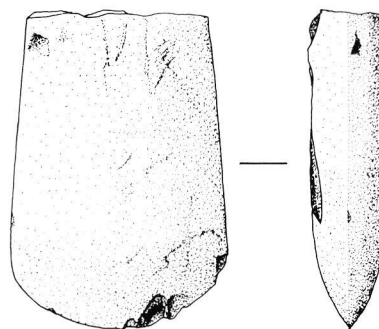
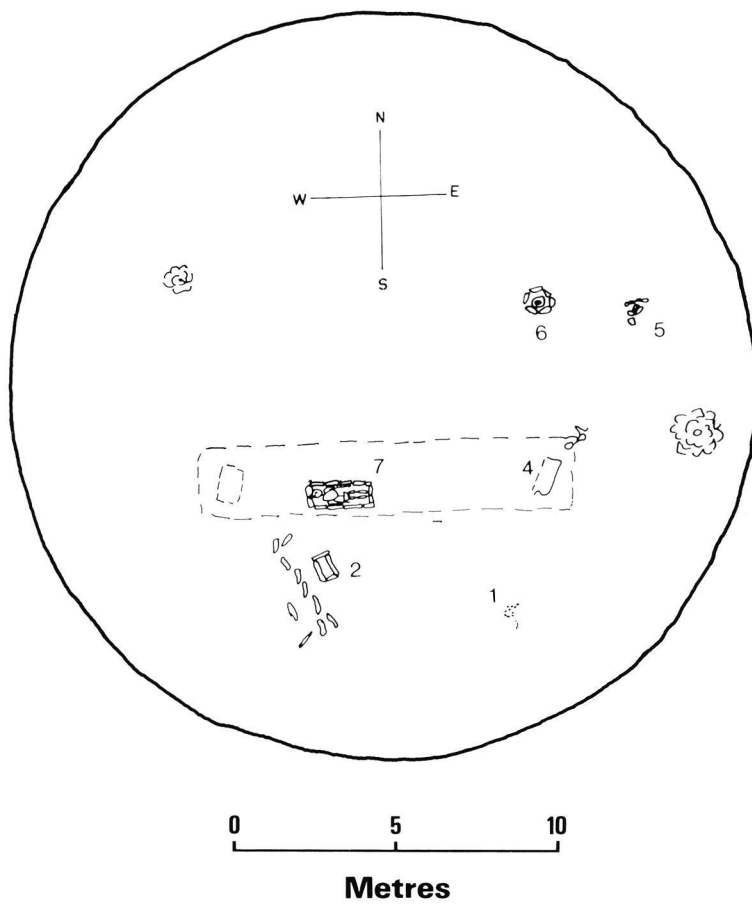
Found ante 1927, now lost.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland, 1929-32, XIX, p. 26.

**4      Carr House Farm.      Stone Axe-head.      c NZ 376476**

Part of axe-head of Pike of Stickle volcanic tuff, Gp. VI. Max. surviving length 123mm, max. width 82mm, thickness 32mm. Found in 1962 (in Easington Comp. School).

**Source:** Letter to Sunderland museum from P. Burgess, 23 Irene Avenue, Sunderland (undated); CBA 3, XIII, June, 1963, p. 24.



4

**Fig.17 NZ34NE**  
Plan of Copt Hill barrow. 4. Carr House Farm (1/3).

# NZ 35 NW SUNDERLAND MBC

- \*1 Manor House Farm, Washington. Polished Stone Axe-head. centred NZ 311578**
- Smooth discoloured buff stone. Length 156mm, max. width 68mm, max. thickness 38mm. Scarred and fractured on sides and butt end. The upper and lower edges are faceted. Found in ploughing circa 1960's.
- Source:** MA. Records Discovery.
- \*2 Washington. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 304583**
- Rough buff stone axe-head, in Whin Sill of Teesdale (Gp. XVIII) Length 170mm, width 80mm, thickness 46mm. Found in 1963.  
(Sunderland 151-1966; TWCMS F 2589.)
- Source:** OS. NZ 35 NW 5; Sunderland Museum Records.
- 3 Usworth Hall. Subrectilinear Cropmark Enclosure. NZ 302592**
- Pl.5.4. Faint trace of internal huts. Now destroyed by golf course.
- Source:** MAPR A/083290/22, 083715/23-6
- 4 Nr. Sunderland Airport. Rectilinear Site within Oval Enclosure. NZ 333590**
- Source:** T&WCC A.P. No. 411.
- 5 Strother House. ? Rectilinear Enclosure. NZ 323592**
- Faint, but suggestive of rectilinear settlement.
- Source:** T&WCC. A.P. no. 752.8.751.
- \*6 Washington. Flint Dagger. NZ 302594**
- Grey flint dagger. Max. surviving length 163mm, width 32mm, thickness 7mm (blade), 15mm, (hilt). The tip is missing and the original cortex on the pommel is worn. Discovered while making a golf course in 1977.  
(Sunderland Museum 1-1789; TWCMS F 2590).
- Source:** Sunderland Echo. June 17th 1977.
- 7 River Wear, nr. Hylton. Log-boat. NZ 3456**
- Log-boat found in the River Wear near Hylton in 1880. Length 3.66 to 3.96m. Rectangular transverse section. The stern is rectangular in plan and elevation, the bow is rounded. Two, possibly three, horizontal holes just below the sheer, interpreted by McGrail as strengthening for the thwart, and/or, for connecting two boats. Has not survived.
- Source:** Antiq. J. 1926, VI, pp. 212-151; AA4, 1968, XLVI, pp. 297-301, illus; McGrail, S. 1978, p. 217, no. 67, fig. 94.
- \*8 Offerton Haugh, Hylton. Log-boat. c. NZ 34305663**
- Found in 1888, containing human bones, at a depth of 2.1m in the River Wear. Reference also to the discovery, at the same time, of 'stone chisels' (? axe-heads) and deer horns. Made of oak, length 3.5m. The boat has a flat bottom rising slightly at either end and tapering in plan and elevation. The broader end is rectangular in plan, the other rounded. A group of four holes near the sheer on the broader end are interpreted by McGrail as for thwartship strengthening. A rectangular hole on one side may

have been for joining the vessel to another.  
(Sunderland Museum 2.1910; TWCMS F 2591)

**Source:** Sunderland Public Library Circular no. 45, IV, 1910, pp. 364-5, Mitchell, W. C., 1919, p. 128; Antiq. J. 1926., VI, pp. 121-151; AA4, 1968, XLVI, p. 297; McGrail, S. 1978, p. 218-19, no. 68.

**9 North Hylton. Flint Scrapers, Flakes and ? Pot Boilers.**

Flint flakes, scrapers and pot-boilers were discovered in the Nab Field. Eight struck flakes, of which one may be a gun flint. Found ante 1929, and 1930.  
(Sunderland Museum 20-1789 (182)47-1955-3; TWCMS F 2592)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, xix, p. 26; The Vasculum 1929, p. 140; PSAN4, 1933-4, VI, p. 115.

**10 Hylton Grange. Flints. centred NZ 348575**

Flints found in the garden and fields adjoining. No further information.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, xix, p. 26.

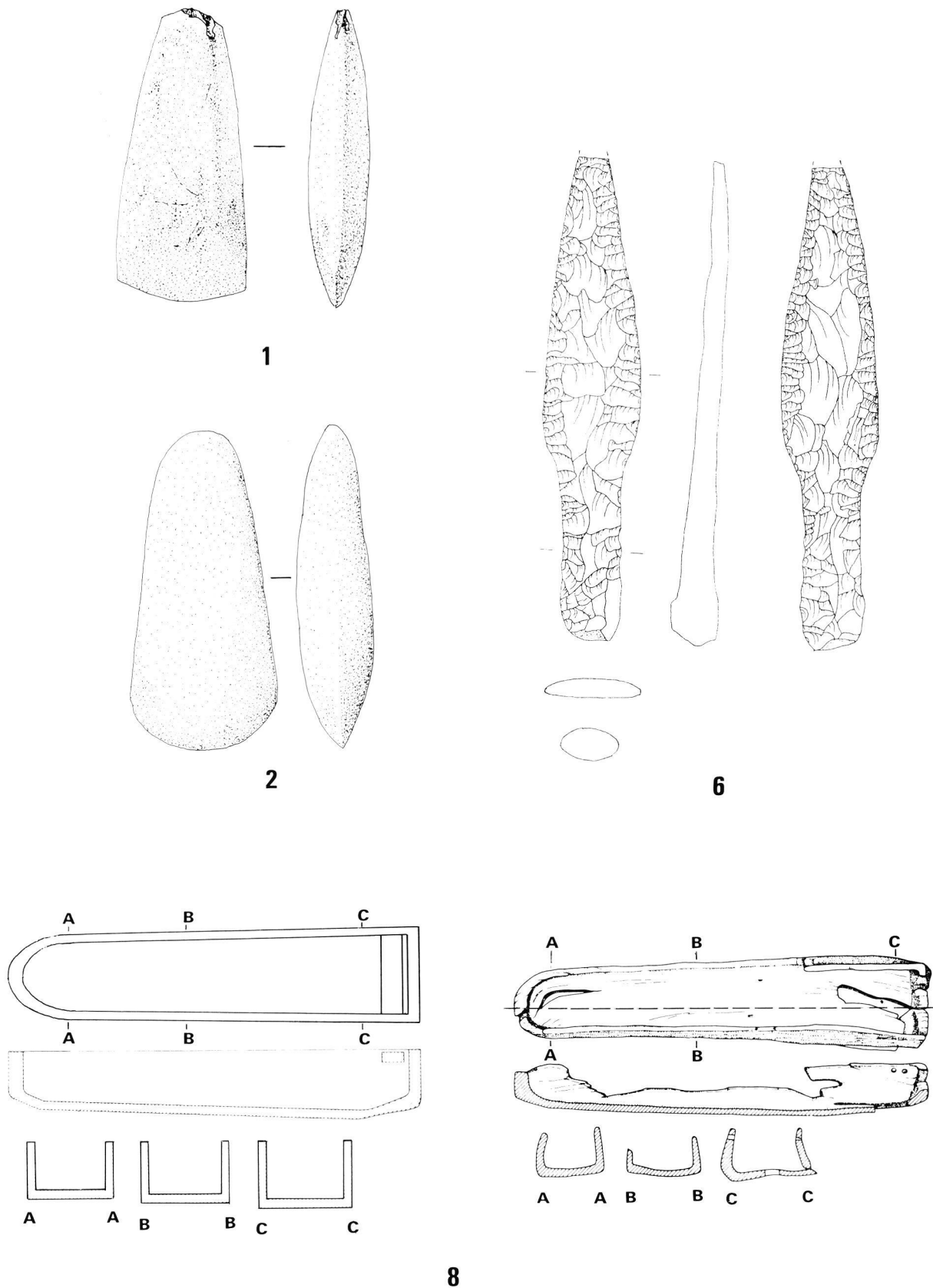
**11 Washington. Flint Microlith. NZ 3156**

Microlith found at Washington. No further information.  
(Dorman Museum, Middlesbrough)

**Source:** Wymer, J. J. 1977. p. 87.

**12 Seymour Farm, Hylton. Flints. ? c NZ 3456**

Two flint nodules from 'Seymour Farm'.  
(Sunderland Museum 20-1789 (384); TWCMS F 2593)



**Fig.18 NZ35NW**

1. Manor House Farm, Washington (1/3)

2. Washington (1/3)

6. Washington (1/3)

8. Offerton Haugh, Hylton (a. after McGrail, b. after Whitcombe & Suddes)



# NZ 35 NE SUNDERLAND MBC

## 1 Atkinson Road, Fulwell. ? Prehistoric Cist burial with pottery. NZ 39875953

An inhumation burial was unearthed when Atkinson Road, Fulwell, was being constructed in 1927, and described to G. B. Gibbs by R. D. Paxton. At a depth of 900mm a large stone slab was discovered 2.1m in length 750mm in width 150mm in thickness, having one edge slightly rounded. Beneath the slab was a sand-filled cavity, the top of which was "ornamented" with regular rows of limpet shells. An inhumation and two pottery vessels lay within: the smaller of the vessels covered with a "criss-cross" pattern (cross-hatched), the larger with embossed knob decoration. The slab bore inscribed letters about 50mm in height, but was destroyed before these had been recorded. It was built into the foundations of the road at Laburnum Road Railway Crossing. Paxton did not identify the Food Vessel urns with applied cordons as being exactly similar to the Fulwell vessel, although along the same lines. The recognition of the lettering may be suspect, but on the other hand the burial may be outside the prehistoric period.

**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 NE 17; *Antiq. J.* 1927, 7, p. 115-133.

## 2 Carley Hill Quarry, Fulwell. Inhumations & ? Rubbish Pit. centred NZ 383598

2.1 In 1820 several graves containing inhumations were discovered in Carley Hill Quarry, embedded in 'limestone, rubbish and surface soil', ? barrow remnant.

**Source:** AA1, 1822, I, p. 13 (Donations); Richardson, M. A., 1843, III, p. 215; Fordyce, W. 1857, vol. II, p. 539. Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 76; Summers, J. W. 1858, p. 17, *Ants. Sunderland.* 1929-32, XIX, p. 25 may relate to this find.

2.2 "Several excavations have been discovered in the solid limestone rock at Carley Hill (similar to stone coffins) containing human bodies" ante 1822. Inhumations additional to 2.1.

**Source:** AA1, 1822, I p. 13 (donations); Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, p. 215; Fordyce, W. 1857, p. 539; Summers, J. W. 1858, p. 17.

2.3 Square pit containing ? decaying animal matter and stags antlers cut into lengths of 100-150mm. Found in the early 19th century.

**Source:** Surtees, R. 1820, II, pp. 12-13; Mackenzie, E. & Ross, M. 1834, I, p. 326; Fordyce, W. 1857, II, p. 539; Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 75.

## 3 Fulwell Quarry. Inhumation with urns; skeletal remains; flint scraper; ? midden material; burials. centred NZ 387598

3.1 Inhumation with two vessels and limpet shells.

Pl.6.1. In 1901 an inhumation was discovered at a depth of 1.20m below the surface, 'in a sand-bed', covered by limpet shells and a large slab. Fragments of two urns were also found, one apparently a collared urn decorated with oblique lines of twisted cord on the collar; now lost.

**Source:** PSAN3, 1905, II, p. 78 & illus; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 95.

3.2 In 1823 a human skull and bones were found 'by the side of Fulwell Hill'.

**Source:** Sykes, J. 1833, II, p. 166; Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, p. 279.

3.3 Small scraper found in a pocket of clay in Fulwell Quarries. No further details.

**Source:** *Ants. Sunderland* 1929, XIX, p. 25.

3.4 In Sunderland Museum records, a letter and a note refer to finds made at Fulwell, apparently additional to those listed above.

- a) A letter from Woolacott to Mr. Deas (at Sunderland Museum), dated June, 1918, refers to the discovery of shells (limpets and winkles) and charcoal, “undoubtedly a kitchen midden”.

(Sunderland Museum 26-1789)

Woolacott also records that he discovered several flints in the quarry at Fulwell.

**Source:** TNHSN&D1, 1894-9. XIII p. 167.

- b) A note in Sunderland Museum concerning two inhumations is undated and unsigned, but may be in Trechmann’s handwriting. It describes a cist burial, seen by the writer only after removal from the ground, and consisting of bones and limestone slabs.

The second burial was partly uncovered but not removed by the writer. This was a crouched inhumation, the skeleton lying on its left side, facing east, and unaccompanied by any artefacts. Stones surrounded the body, “but these are in no sense tomb stones”. Deduced from the state of fusion of the cranial sutures, the age was said to be “comparatively young”. No trace of a barrow or mound was visible at the time of discovery, ? in the first two decades of the 20th century.

**\*4.1 Humbleton Hill. Barrow, Cremations, Food Vessel Urns.**

**NZ 38025524**

During the construction of a reservoir in April 1873, three Food Vessel Urns and an unurned cremation were removed from a barrow. According to one account the unurned cremation lay beneath a stone. One urn lay at a depth of 900mm, and contained a cremation, but was badly broken into fragments. It lay 2.70m to the east of a second vessel, half full of cremated remains, and inverted 1.20m below the surface. A third vessel lay also inverted over a cremation, although one side was crushed.

Two vessels survive:—

- a) Food vessel urn, height 357mm, rim diameter 331mm. The bevel carries horse-shoe shaped impressions and a single line of encircling twisted cord on the moulding. Clay pellets have been added to the rim, below which are whipped cord maggots in the cavetto. Applied chevrons and incisions are above the shoulder groove carrying horse-shoe shaped impressions.  
(Sunderland Museum display; TWCMS F 2594)
- b) The second Food Vessel Urn is less complete. Height 370mm, rim diameter 305mm. The rim bevel is decorated with a row and a half of incised herringbone. Outside, the upper half of the vessel is decorated with herringbone in a stab and drag technique.  
(Sunderland Museum 83.1789; TWCMS F 2595)

W. C. Mitchell noted that a prehistoric burial had been found on Humbleton Hill on 7th September, 1750, a record that has eluded us. To compensate (or compound) for this sin of omission, we include in full, a poem on the later urns from Humbleton Hill, composed by Mr. E. C. Robson in October 1895.

What bones be these consigned to rot,  
(Not in a box, the common lot),  
But pickled in this weird old pot?  
Chopped, too, so small, you scarce can tell  
Digital chips from clavicle?  
Some chief mayhap of olden days  
Fills up the measure of this vase—  
Was he a Briton bold, or Saxon,  
Who laid his foes in fight their backs on,  
Who, could his larynx speak a phrase,  
Would fill his hearers with amaze?  
What unwrit jargon did he utter,  
What vile unprinted gutterels sputter?

What might his well-worn molars chew,  
 Drank he metheglin or cwrw,  
 Or some forgotten brew? alas  
 He died before the age of Bass.  
 Mouldering among these kindred stones  
 How long has lain this peck of bones?  
 Was he a savant—in some coterie  
 Esteemed a swell—who fills this pottery?  
 Whom did he love? whom fight? whom bully?  
 Was he an orator like Tully?  
 Or like poor Odger move the masses,  
 and stimulate a war of classes?  
 Ah me, if so his jars of war  
 Have dwindled down to this small jar?  
 Did he go clad in suit of woad  
 Tattooed upon his shoulders broad,  
 Or paint his shivering epidermis?  
 Went he in armour or “inermis?”  
 If he’d a wife maybe she decked him  
 In skins of beasts—perchance henpecked him.  
 Be it so or not, I’m of opinion,  
 She wore no bustle—no, nor chignon—  
 Well may we say “Eheu fugaces!”  
 If these old shards are all the traces  
 Which now survive to tell the story  
 Of one who doubtless lived in glory,  
 Whate’er he might be or might not—  
 Soldier, saint, sinner, sage, or sot,  
 One thing is clear—he’s gone to pot!

**Source:** Extracts from the diary of R. Hodgson in Sunderland Museum 1873;  
 TNHSN&D 1873-6, IV, pp. 97-8; PSA Lond.2, 1873-6, VI, p. 178; Greenwell,  
 W. 1877, p. 440-1;  
 TAASD&N 1889, III, p. 184; Ants, Sunderland 1903, IV, p. 102; Hodgson, G.  
 B. 1903, p. 9; VCH 1905, I, Durham, p. 208; Ants. Sunderland 1911, XII, p.  
 33; Ants. Sunderland 1913, XV, p. 33 & 35; AA3, 1914, XI, p. 120, 136-7, fig.  
 1-2; Mitchell, W. S. 1919, p. 9; Antiq. J. 1927, pt VII, p. 128. pl. XXII; AA4,  
 1925, I, p. 30. AA4, 1929, V, p. 19; Gibson A. 1978, p. 84, no. 91 & 107.  
 Cowie, T. 1978, p. 84, fig. 4, pl. 3 & 4.

**4.2 Humbledon Hill. Flint arrow-heads. NZ 380552**

- a) Arrowhead lacking its tang found 1950.
- b) Three arrowheads found c. 1953.  
 (Sunderland Museum 25-1950 TWCMS F 2596)

**\*5.1 North Hylton. Perforated Stone Axe-head. NZ 3558**

Butt end of perforated stone axe, in fine grained greenstone. Broken across the perfora-  
 tion. Max. surviving length 86mm, max. width 75mm, max. thickness 41mm. May be  
 duplicate of 35 NE 5.2.  
 (Sunderland Museum 47.1955.2; TWCMS F 2597)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929, XIX, p. 26;

**5.2 Hylton Castle. Stone Adze. NZ 3558**

Gritstone adze found on the brow of the hill above Hylton Castle in entrenchments  
 made during WWI. No further details, but may be duplicate of 35 NE 5.1.

**Source:** The Vasculum 15, no. 4, 1929, p. 141; The Vasculum 18, no. 1, 1930-2, p. 20.

- \*6 Hylton Castle. Polished Stone Axe-head. centred NZ 35759**  
 Greenstone Axe-head. Max. surviving length 41mm, width 28mm. Badly chipped and broken.  
**Source:** The Vasculum 18, no. 1, 1930-2, pp. 20-2, illus.
- \*7 Austin & Pickersgill Shipyard, Sunderland. Polished Stone Axe-head. ? NZ 378581 or NZ 386580**  
 Length 100mm, max. width 59mm, thickness 33mm. Found in 1976.  
 (Sunderland Museum 30.1789; TWCMS F 2598)  
**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 NE 57.
- 8 River Wear, Sunderland. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. NZ 395574**  
 In greenstone with hour glass perforation (22mm diameter). Length 165mm, max. width 48mm, max. thickness 35mm. Sides rounded. Round in 1849 dredging 300-400m above Wearmouth Bridge.  
**Source:** AA1, 1855, IV, p. 13; Summers, J. 1858, p. 14; Evans, J. 1872 p. 173 (1892, p. 193); PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 173; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 200; PPSEA 1919, vol. III, p. 25; Mitchell, W. C., 1919, p. 6; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30.
- 9 Doxford's Shipyard, Pallion, Sunderland. Flint Axe-head. NZ 378578**  
 Pl.6.2 Rough flint axe-head. Found in 1884, given to Sunderland Museum in 1944 but can no longer be located. Photograph in Sunderland Museum.  
 (Sunderland Museum 24-1944; TWCMS F 2599)  
**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 NE 55.
- 10 Nr. Southwick Cemetery. Circular Cropmark. NZ 376598**  
**Source:** T&WCC A.P. no. 10953.
- \*11 Millfield, Sunderland. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. centred NZ 381572**  
 Greenstone axe-hammer with oval, biconical hole. Length 181mm, max. width 62mm, thickness 70mm. Passed from W. Greenwell to the British Museum via Sturge.  
 (BM, Sturge Colln. 1931.123)  
**Source:** Evans, J. 1872, p. 173 (1897, p. 194); VCH Durham, I. 1905, p. 200; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 6; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30
- \*12 R. Wear, Claxheugh. Bronze Rapier. NZ 359376**  
 Length 326mm. Small butt; 2 rivet holes (one torn).  
 (BM. W.G. 2077)  
**Source:** VCH 1905, I, Durham, p. 207, illus; PPS 1962. XXVIII, p. 96, No. 67; TAASD&N NS, 1968, I, p. 5, fig. 2, 8 (Group IV: blade with flattish mid-section, but with trapeze, not notched, butt).
- \*13 River Wear, Hylton. Bronze Sword. NZ 351570**  
 Length 428mm, max. width 45mm. Sword of Ewart Park type; hilt altered in modern times, and omitted from drawing. Dredged from the River Wear circa 1910.  
 (Sunderland 1952; TWCMS F 2600)  
**Source:** AA4, 1968, XLVI, pp. 300-1.  
 (See also 35 NE 15)
- \*14 River Wear, Hylton. Bronze Sword. c.NZ 355574**

Length 501mm, max. width 42mm. Sword of Ewart Park type; hilt altered in modern times.

(Sunderland 1928; TWCMS F 2629)

**Source:** AA4, 1968, XLVI, pp. 300-1.

**15 River Wear, nr. Hylton Dene. Bronze Sword. NZ 36205768**

It is alleged that a bronze sword was dredged from the River Wear between Hylton Dene and Parks Nook in 1885 (Mitchell gives 1855). It was of bronze and identified then as being of Roman date. In 1892 it was in the possession of H. H. Wake.

**Source:** Potts, T. 1892, p. 59; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 4.

**NB.** NZ 35 NE 13, said to have been found circa 1910, was presented by Mr. D. Wawn, but reported to have been dredged from the River Wear 'near Hylton at Ford' by a Mr. Mervyn Wake. It is possible that rather than representing a separate find there may have been some later confusion concerning the date of discovery. On the other hand the 1885 sword is said to have been in a perfect state of preservation, whereas the 1910 discovery lacked its hilt.

**16 Hylton Castle. Worked flints. NZ 3558**

16.1 A hollow scraper, ? core, and chopper found on Hylton Coast Hill. No further details.

**Source:** The Vasculum 15, no. 4, 1929, p. 141.

16.2 Two flakes found in 1931.

**Source:** The Vasculum XVIII, no. 1, 1932. p. 37.

16.3 Two flints said to have been collected in the 1930's by Dr. A. Raistrick. (Craven Museum, Skipton D1942.98)

**17 Barnes Park, Sunderland. Struck Flake. NZ 374553**

Length 44mm, width 34mm, thickness 10mm. Found in an allotment no. 67, in 1931. (Sunderland 16.1789; TWCMS F 2601)

**18 River Wear, Hylton. Socketed Bronze Axe-head. NZ 3557**

No further details; whereabouts unknown.

**Source:** VCH 1905, I, Durham, p. 207; AA4, 1968 XLVI, pp. 300-1.

**19 Doxford's Shipyard, Sunderland. Skeletal remains. NZ 379577**

In 1974 fragments of human skull were discovered during deep excavations at Doxford's Shipyard, Deptford. ? Prehistoric. (Sunderland 244.1974; TWCMS F 2602)

**20 Sunderland. Skeletal Remains. NZ 3555**

Skeletal remains found in 1965. No further information. ? Prehistoric.

**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 NE 46.

**21 Sunderland. Flint Arrow-head. centred NZ 380559**

Found in Mount Road, Sunderland. No further details.

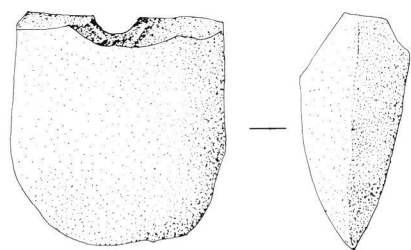
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24.

**22 West Hendon House. Flint Scrapers. NZ 39805598**

No further details.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24.

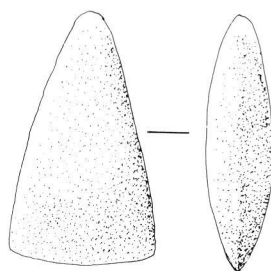
- 23 Esplanade West. Flint Scrapers. NZ 397561**  
 No further details.  
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 25.
- 24 Sunderland. Flint Scraper. NZ 3956**  
 Found in 1973.  
 (Sunderland Museum 135-73; TWCMS F 2603)
- 25 Building Hill. ? Barrow and Inhumation. NZ 398564**  
 W. C. Mitchell refers to a barrow on Boyldon (or Building) Hill. In 1842 a human skeleton was unearthed near "the Mount", Building Hill.  
**Source:** Richardson, M. A. 1846, V, p. 355 & 407;  
 Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 10; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30.
- 26 Langham Tower. Cist Burial. NZ 39845605**  
 No further details.  
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 25.
- 27 Sunderland. Flint Scraper. NZ 392559**  
 No further details other than found at Brookside Terrace (? Gardens).  
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 25.
- 28 Southwick Hills. Inhumation and Limpet Shells. centred NZ 379597**  
 Two, possibly three, skeletons found near Brunton's Quarry ante 1834. Around each was a circle of limpet shells.  
**Source:** Mackenzie, T. & Ross, M. 1834, I, p. 328; Fordyce, W. 1857, II, p. 540.
- \*29 Fulwell. Stone Axe-head. NZ 390597**  
 Axe-head in Langdale volcanic tuff. Length 82mm, width 57mm, thickness 24mm.  
 Found in 1972 by path from Mill Garage to the Quarry.  
 (Sunderland Museum 159.72; TWCMS F 2604)  
**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 NE 53.
- 30 River Wear, Hylton Dene. Human and animal remains. c. NZ 368581**  
 Skeletal material found during dredging in 1872.  
**Source:** TNHSN&D 1873-6, IV, pp. 42-3.



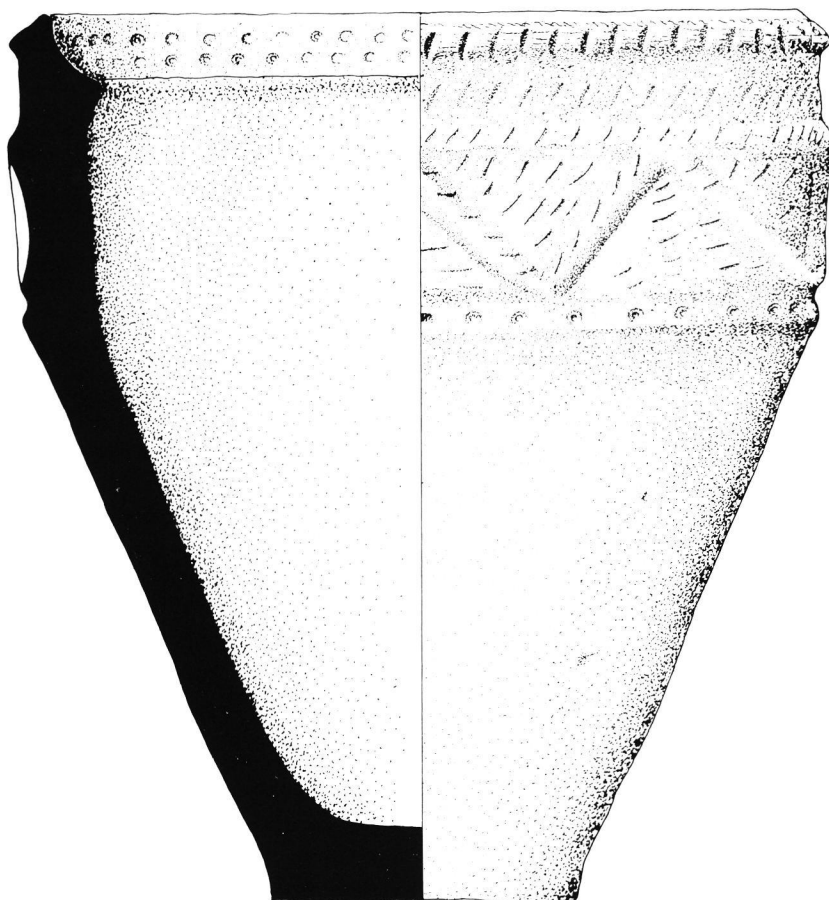
5.1



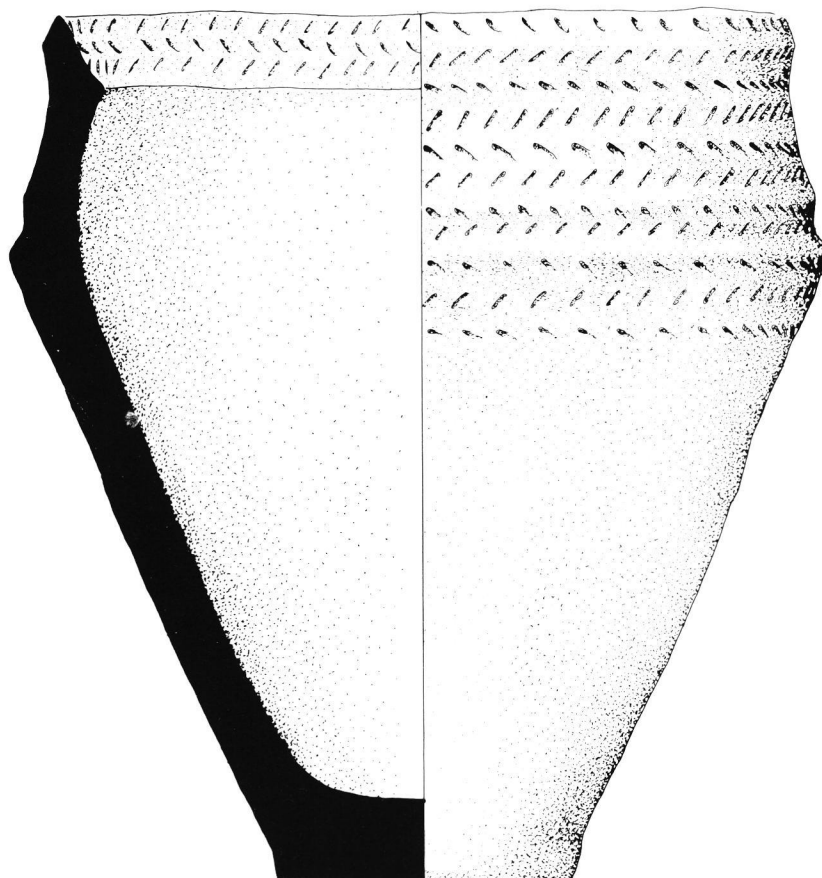
6



7



4.1a



4.1b

**Fig.19 NZ35NE**

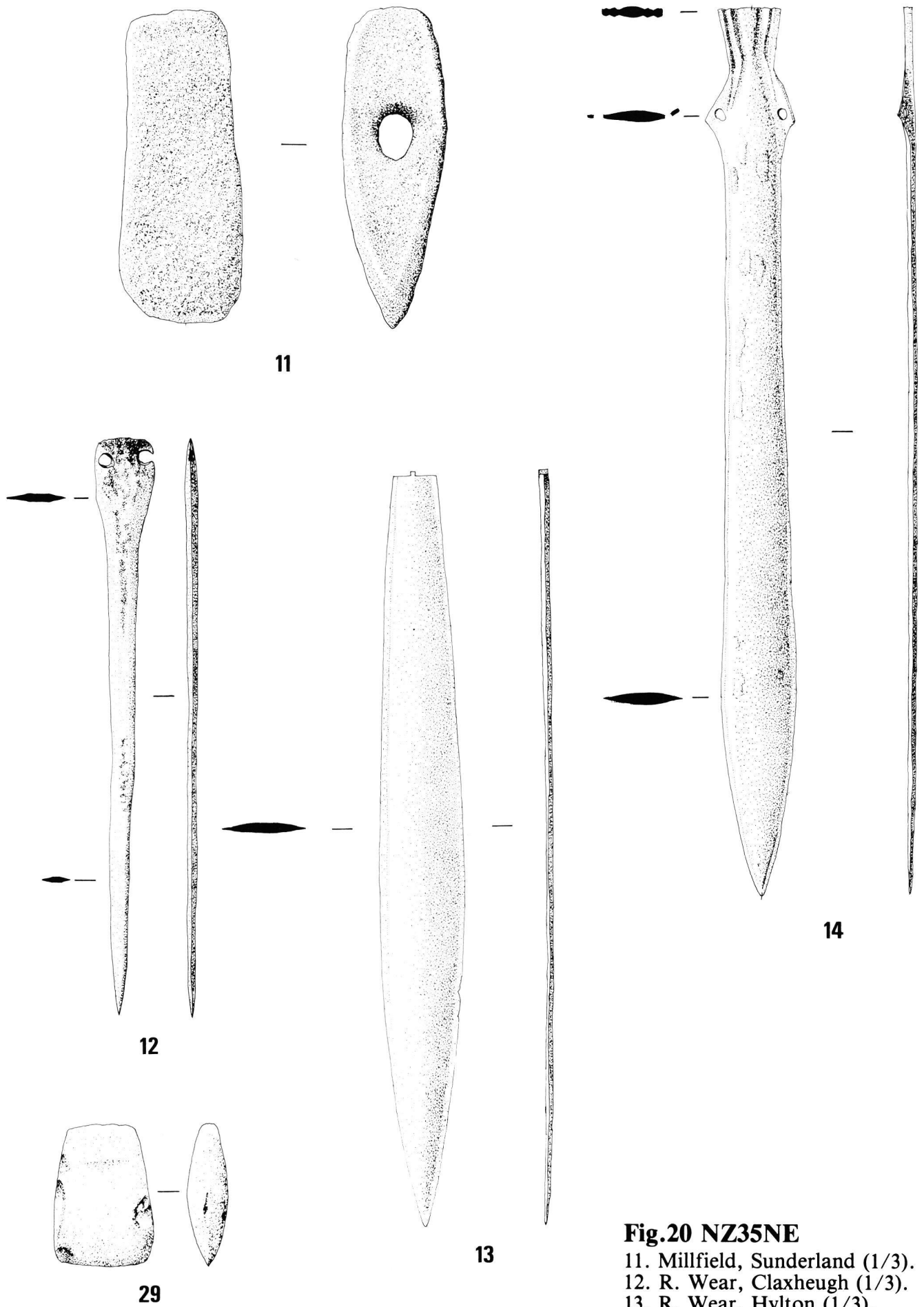
4.1a. Humbleton Hill (1/3).

4.1b. Humbleton Hill (1/3).

5.1. North Hylton (1/3).

6. Hylton Castle (1/3).

7. Austin and Pickersgill Shipyard, Sunderland (1/3).



**Fig.20 NZ35NE**

- 11. Millfield, Sunderland (1/3).
- 12. R. Wear, Claxheugh (1/3).
- 13. R. Wear, Hylton (1/3).
- 14. R. Wear, Hylton (1/3).
- 29. Fulwell (1/3).



# NZ 35 SW SUNDERLAND MBC

**1 Fatfield. Barrow, Cist Burials and Food Vessel. NZ 30755372**

Pl.6.3 In 1907 three cist burials were found close together. A slight rise in ground surface may indicate the remnants of a barrow. The cists were orientated NNE-SSW and contained contracted inhumations on the right sides with heads to the SSW, facing S (the third was facing upwards). One cist contained a Food Vessel: Height 184mm, diameter 121mm. Decoration of horizontal lines around the body, with 'thumb marks' between. Now lost. The third cist measured 1005mm in length, 720mm in width and 600mm in depth. No objects were found in this cist.

**Source:** PSAN3, 1907-8, III, p. 151-5, Ants. Sunderland 1913, XV, p. 35; AA3, 1914, XI, pp. 169-70 & 175.

**2 Flinton Hill, Penshaw. Flint Scraper and Flakes. NZ 343546**

Flint Scraper and three flakes (now missing) found on highest part of East Field. (Sunderland Museum 12-1789; TWCMS F 2605)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland. 1929-32, xix, p. 25.

**3 Half Way House (Houghton—Newbottle). Human & animal remains. c.NZ 340504**

“Several human skeletons, with bones & deerhorns were found in sand hole at the Half-Way House, between Houghton and Newbottle to the E of the Colliery.”

**Source:** Parson, W. & White, W. 1828, vol. I, p. 266.

**4 400m W of Hasting Hill. Antler pick. c.NZ 349545**

Antler pick (cervus elephas) found “¼ mile W of Hasting Hill”. (Sunderland Museum 9-1937; TWCMS F 2606)

# NZ 35 SE SUNDERLAND MBC

## 1 Hasting Hill.

NZ 352544

- \*1.1 Hasting Hill. Round Barrow, pottery of the 3rd millennium BC; Cremations and Inhumations of the 2nd millennium, Food Vessels, Beakers, Flints, antler pick, and Faunal remains.

Round Barrow circa 12m in diameter, 800mm in height at the centre, and 900mm at the circumference. It lies on magnesian limestone on the crest of the hill, and the flatness of the surface beneath the mound and lack of traces of the original ground surface indicate some preparatory levelling. The barrow was made up of earth, limestone, sandstone, whinstone, and some glacial erratics.

In 1827 a contracted skeleton, 'having the hair on the head' was discovered.

In 1911 the barrow was trenched and:

- \* a) About 4m south of the centre of the barrow lay a stone cist orientated with its long axis EW, and filled with soil. Length 625mm, breadth 325mm, depth 325mm. A basal limestone flag lay on gravel, yet still some cms. above the base of the mound. Calcined bones and fragments of at least two vessels were recovered. One (food) vessel, now lost, had, 'one raised line visible as decoration'. The second consists of fragments of an incense cup, decorated with three incised triangles meeting at one apex, and filled with impressed dots. A flint core, flint flake, and a flint with secondary chipping were also recovered from amongst the bones. Around the exterior of the cist lay shells of helix.  
(Sunderland Museum 50.21.1 & 5)
  - \* b) About 3.60m SE of centre and 270mm below the surface of the mound was a Food Vessel Urn filled with calcined bone. The urn had been crushed and the fragments scattered. Decoration of the rim bevel was of diagonal impressed cord, and with a grid of vertical and horizontal impressed cord on the neck.  
(Sunderland Museum)
  - c) About 3.6m SW of the centre lay an unenclosed cremation deposit a few cms. below the surface of the mound.
  - \* d) About 3.6m SW of the centre, and a little to the W of (c), a Food Vessel lay on its side 30cm below the surface of the mound. It contained only earth and stones. Height 102mm, rim diameter 127mm. It is a bipartite vessel with shoulder groove, and decorated on the rim bevel with two encircling lines of twisted cord at the top, one at the bottom, with oblique lines of twisted cord between. Neck and shoulders are decorated with herringbone in twisted cord.  
(Sunderland Museum 50 1921-16)
- Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 65, no. 69.
- \* e) About 3.60m SW of the centre was a small circular cist of five upright flags, measuring 350mm in diameter. Its base was coterminous with the base of the mound, although the side slabs had been slightly inset. Its top lay 750mm below the surface of the mound. Beneath the coverstone lay the cremated remains of an adult, a sheep's molar, and a fragment of Food Vessel.  
(Sunderland Museum 50-1921-6 & 1)
  - \* f) About 4.50m SSW of the centre, and near the edge of the mound an inverted Food Vessel Urn lay 300mm below the surface of the mound. The rim was a few mm above the base of the mound and rested upon gravel. It lay within a cist of inward-leaning slabs with a capstone, and contained fragmentary cremated bone. Height

306mm, rim diameter 265mm. Bipartite with cavetto zone, decorated on the rim bevel with stabs in herringbone. The rim moulding and edges of the cavetto are similarly decorated.

**Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 83, no. NO93, Cowie, T. 1978, pp. 83-4, fig. 4, Pl.2. (Sunderland Museum BA.1A)

- \* g) 3.30m W of the centre of the mound, was found a stag-antler pick amongst the limestone rubble and a few cms. above the base of the mound. (Sunderland Museum Display)
- h) 1.80m W of the centre of the mound and just below its surface lay a small square cist 350 × 300 × 300mm in depth. It contained a cremation.
- \* i) 1.80m SW of the centre of the mound lay a cist burial orientated EW.  
Pl.7.1 The cist was set into the ground surface to a depth of 600mm, and constructed of five upright slabs. Length 900mm, width 550mm, max. depth 525mm. The western end was formed by two slabs at an angle of circa 45°. Beneath the coverstone, the cist was filled with limestone rubble and earth, with a contracted skeleton of an adult male, head to the west and lying on its right side upon the limestone floor. In front of the skull stood a Beaker, height 144mm, rim diameter 140mm, decorated on the rather bulbous body with oblique incisions, and with a line of incised upright chevrons around the base. In front of the body was a flint knife (length 50mm), and a bone pin near the head and shoulders (length 63mm). Four or five periwinkle shells were in the cist, together with fish, bird and some mammalian bones. On the bottom of the grave lay part of an antler tine. (Sunderland Museum 50.1921.4)

**Source:** Clarke, D. 1970, II, p. 480, Gp. N/NR—FN.

- \* j) 3.80m NE of the centre lay a cist orientated NNW-SSE. It was formed of six upright slabs, one at each end, and measured 750mm in length, 450mm in width, and circa 300mm in depth. The coverstones were broken and one had crushed the skull and a Food Vessel. The contracted skeleton of an adult lay on its right side facing E, with hands before its face, on a bed of earth and gravel. Its stature was calculated to have been circa 1.50m. A small flint saw (35mm long) lay behind the head. In front of the face lay a Food Vessel on its side, with the mouth towards the north. Height 153mm, rim diameter 127mm, tripartite with cavetto zone both above and below the shoulder. The rim bevel is decorated with three encircling lines of twisted cord, and externally with impressed circles. Below are three horizontal cord impressed lines, and another, single line on the shoulder. The body of the pot is covered with short vertical cord-impressed lines. A flint flake lay near the feet. (Sunderland Museum 50-1921.2 & 5)

**Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 65, no. 65.

- k) 3.60m N of the centre a contracted female inhumation lay within a shallow grave scooped out of the limestone rock. The stature was between 1.40m and 1.50m, and the age about sixty. It measured 1.20m E-W, 900mm N-S. The skeleton lay on its right side with the head to the W, and was surrounded by small limestone boulders, upon which had rested small limestone flags that covered the body.
- \* l) 400mm from the feet of this skeleton lay part of the rim of a Food Vessel. The internal bevel is decorated with three encircling lines of twisted cord, the exterior with encircling twisted cord filled with incised herringbone. (Sunderland Museum 50.1921-7)

**Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 66, no. 82.

- \* m) 7.80m to the NE of the centre lay a stone cist orientated NW-SE. It was sunk a few cms. into the natural surface, and measured in length 650mm, width 350mm, depth 325mm. Beneath its capstone the cist was filled with limestone rubble and earth, and on the floor lay the contracted skeleton of a child on its right side facing E, with the head to the south. Some of the bones showed indications of rickets and the age was

estimated at eighteen months. Behind the head lay a Food Vessel. Height 100mm, rim diameter 108mm. The rim carries two encircling lines of twisted cord impressions, internally and externally, and one on the shoulder; cord-impressed chevrons on the neck, and incised herringbone on the body, above the incised chevrons around the base. A splinter of flint and the calcined molar of an ox lay within the cist.

(Sunderland Museum 50.1921.5 & 6)

**Source:** Gibson, A. 1978, p. 65, no. 2.

- \* n) A quantity of material was scattered within the mound:—  
Several individuals were represented from bone scatters, including the teeth of horse and ox. Other pottery discoveries include: a small semi-globular vessel (rim diameter 100mm) with vertical incised lines below the rim; part of the base of a Pygmy vessel with impressed dots in the form of a cross two incised lines encircle the body above the base and a single line of circular impressions run just above the base; rim fragment from a large vessel ornamented with thumb-nail impressions on rim & body; flint flakes were found throughout.  
(Sunderland Museum 50-1921-15)

**Source:** TAASDN 1880-9, III, p. 185; PSAN3, 1911-12, III, pp. 139-40; Ants. Sunderland 1912, XIV, pp. 1-11; Library Circular, Winter 1911-12, Sunderland Public Libraries, Museum & Art Gallery; AA3, 1914, III, pp. 135-156; Clarke, D. 1970, II, p. 480; AA5, 1973, I, pp. 219-222; Gibson, A. 1978, pp. 65, 66, 83; Cowie, T. 1978, pp. 83-4.  
? (Sunderland 3-1789)

1.2 Large block of 'well battered' flint, found 1931.

**Source:** The Vasculum XVIII, 1932, p. 37.

1.3 Three flints said to have been found in the 1930's by Dr. A. Raistrick.  
(Craven Museum. Skipton D1942.89)

## **2 Hasting Hill. Causewayed Camp, Cursus, and barrows. c. NZ 356540**

Pls. Enclosure with interrupted ditch, measuring approx. 100m × 60m. To the S lies a  
7.2-3 cursus running NNE-SSW, approx. 30m in width and a minimum of 200m in length. Several circular cropmarks lie to the SE of the S extremity of the cursus.

**Source:** MAPR Neg. nos. A/083715/30-/32; DUAR. Neg. nos. 116/4, 117/5, 74/195; 074-75; AA5, 1976, IV, pp. 183-4, pl. IX.

## **3 Warden Law. Round Barrow, Inhumations, leaf-shaped arrow-heads, Greenstone Axehead NZ 37350**

Diameter 9.90m, height 0.9m. Lay on the southern slope of Warden Law, just below 150m. In 1911 the mound was trenched, and found to be composed of earth, sandstone, whinstone boulders, and magnesian limestone. It appears to have had a kerb of boulders.

- a) 3.90m NNE of the centre lay a group of flints at a depth of 270mm, comprising of two well made small leaf-shaped arrow-heads, a knife or spearhead (length 78mm, width 23mm, thickness 6mm) a blade, a flake, and an end scraper.
- b) Slightly to the SE of the centre lay a disturbed deposit of human bones in a hollow cut into the natural surface. Two flint scrapers lay 'in proximity'. The bones represented two individuals aged 6 years, and between 18-25 years.
- c) Within the mound make-up was recovered a number of flint flakes and cores, together with the cutting edge from a polished greenstone axe-head, now missing, and a single fragment of undecorated pottery.  
(Sunderland Museum 230-1964-4).

**Source:** Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 442; TAASDN 1889, III, p. 185; Ants. Sunderland 1913, XV, p. 35; AA3, 1914, XI, pp. 162-7; Young, R. 1975; Kinnes, I, 1979

- 4 Warden Law. Two mounds and a Cist burial. ? centred NZ 373505**  
 Two small conical mounds of glacial gravel forming a moraine; one excavated by W. Greenwell and found to contain a cist burial. No further details but see 35 SE 5.  
**Source:** AA3, 1914, XI, pp. 162-3.
- \* 5 Warden Law. Food Vessel Urn with Cremation in cist. NZ 373505**  
 A Cordoned Urn containing the cremated remains of a child aged between 3-6 years old was found within a stone cist approx. 300mm square; capstone and one sidestone missing, in June, 1979. Excavation of the mound revealed no further burials. The Urn measured 202mm in height, rim diameter 200mm. The internal rim bevel was decorated with oblique incised lines, short vertical slashes on the outer rim edge, longer on the neck and body either side of a horizontal moulding. A second, smaller, mound lay to the east, and both may tentatively identified with 35 SE 4.  
 (Sunderland Museum 1.1980; TWCMS F 2607)  
**Source:** AA5, 1982, X, 53-9.
- 6 Warden Law. Flint Flakes & Microliths. ? Chipping Site. NZ 370505**
- 6.1 Flint Flakes and microliths found 'in a circle' on the E side of Warden Law near the crest. Now quarried away. "Dr. Woolacott many years ago collected microliths from Warden Law."  
 (Craven Museum, Skipton D 1942.66)  
**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26; PPSEA 1932-4, VII, p. 197.
- 6.2 Microliths collected from Warden Law previous to 1914 by Trenchmann & Coupland, on ploughing.  
**Source:** TNHSND&N IV 1914.
- 7 Tunstall Hills (Maiden Paps). Cist burial; Cremations in Urns & Inhumation; ? Barrow NZ 391544**
- 7.1 In 1814 a stone cist (circa 1.20m square, and 900mm below the surface) was opened. It contained three vessels holding cremations, now lost. The urns were covered with 'zig-zag' decoration.  
 NB. ? Same as 7.3 below.  
**Source:** Surtees, R. 1816, I, p. 249; Garbutt, G. 1819, p. 111; Mackenzie, E. & Ross, M. 1934, I, 338; Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, p. 143; Fordyce, W. 1857, II, p. 535; Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, pp. 74-5; Greenwell, W. 1877, pp. 440-1; TAASD&N 1889, III, pp. 184-5; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9; VCH 1905, I. Durham, p. 208; Abercromby, J. 1912, p. 440; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 10; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 100.
- 7.2 In 1887 while preparing the ground for a bonfire on the hill to commemorate the Jubilee, a rock cut grave containing an inhumation was discovered.  
 No further details.  
**Source:** Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 10.
- 7.3 Possible tumulus. NZ 3916544**  
 Dimensions 11.0m E-W, 11.5m N-S, 1.4m high. Composed of turf-covered stones & now the site of a Triangulation Station.  
 NB. ? Same as 7.1 above.  
**Source:** Young, R. 1975.
- \* 8 Doxford Park, Sunderland. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 381525**  
 Sandstone axe-head found in a 'load of earth', from road widening in 1972. Length 134mm, max. width 46mm, max. thickness 34mm. Broad blade, slightly chipped. (In

possession of Mr. Bazire, 5 Harperley Drive, Tunstall Road, Sunderland.)

**Source:** O.S. NZ 35 SE 19; letter, Dept. Geology Nottingham University 1972.

**9 Grindon Hill Quarry. Barbed and Tanged Arrow-heads; NZ 359546  
Inhumation in long-mound; & Flints.**

9.1 Two flint barb and tanged arrowheads found in the sand quarry, one in 1947. One survives, length 30mm, width 23mm, thickness 3mm. Asymmetrical.  
(Sunderland Museum 32.1947; TWCMS F26C)

\* 9.2 In 1905 a linear mound was removed during quarrying, length 37.80m, max. width 1.80m, height 270mm. At the W end were two circular depressions each measuring 20.40m E-W; N-S, the larger measured 14.70m, the smaller 9.30m. Nine extended inhumations oriented E-W, with heads to the W were recovered, laid out 'in a V-like shape'. No objects accompanied these burials and they may well lie outside the prehistoric period.  
(Sunderland Museum TWCMS F 2609)

**Source:** PSAN3, 1905-6, II, pp. 197-8; Ants. Sunderland 1907, VIII, p. 77; AA3, 1914, XI, p. 137; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30.

9.3 In 1905 flint blades, a core, a microburin and scrapers were found in the upper layers of sand and gravel. In 1928 a large flint flake was found on the same site.  
(Sunderland Museum 17.1789 & Craven Museum, Skipton D 1942.100)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIV, p. 25; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 86.

**10 Steeple Hill, Silksworth. Cist Burial in Mound with Pottery Vessels. NZ 383531**

In 1876 a cist burial 1.2m in length, 750mm in width, and 700mm in depth, orientated E-W was found. It contained a contracted male inhumation. A Food Vessel and a Food Vessel Urn lay within the cist. The urn lay close to the chest and contained the remains of a child under 12 years of age. No description of this vessel survives although its height was 133mm. The second urn is a bipartite Food Vessel with shoulder groove and five unpierced lugs. Height 121mm, rim diameter 134mm. The bevel and exterior are decorated with incised herringbone. Both vessels are now lost. 900mm to the west the extended inhumation of a female 'past middle life' was buried with the head to the west in a grave lined with stones.

**Source:** South Shields Gazette 9th March, 1876; Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 441; TAASD&N 1889, III, p. 184; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 208; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, p. 11; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 76.

**11 Ryhope Cave. Human Skeletons and Animal Remains. NZ 39985366**

In a cave in the Permian limestone the remains of seven skeletons and the bones of goat, ox, pig and sheep, together with traces of charcoal were discovered in 1865. Five of the skeletons seem to have been male, one child, and a female aged circa 30 years. The bodies lay on their sides. Excavation of two caves took place in 1975, directed by Dr. A. Harding but nothing archaeological resulted.  
(Skeletons, Sunderland Museum 1.1936; TWCMS F 2610)

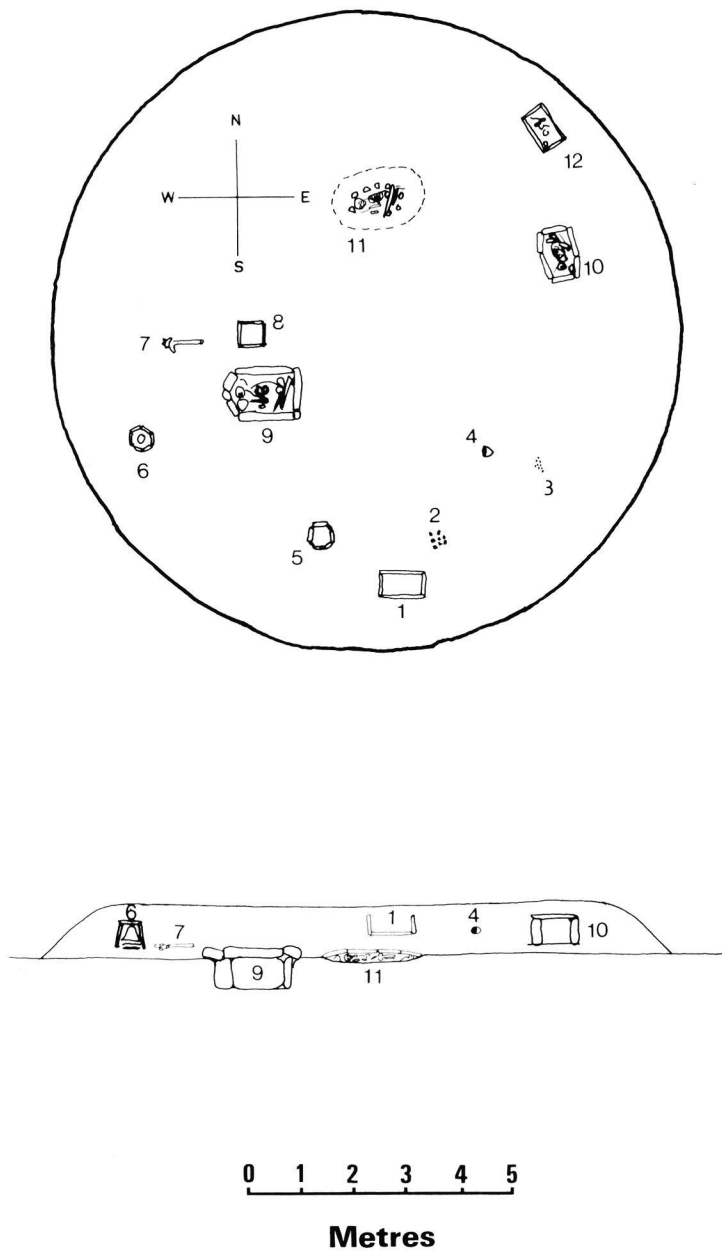
**Source:** TNHSND&N 1965-7, I, p. 148-151; South Shields Gazette 16th Sept. 1865; PSAN3, 1911-12, V, pp. 242-3; Ants. Sunderland 1912, XIV, pp. 12-15; AA4, 1925, I, p. 30; D.O.E. Arch. Excavations 1975, p. 48.

**12 Tunstall Hill, Sunderland. Axe-head. centred NZ 393544**

In 1802 a 'Roman celt' 120mm in length and 60mm in width across the blade was turned up in ploughing. Now lost.

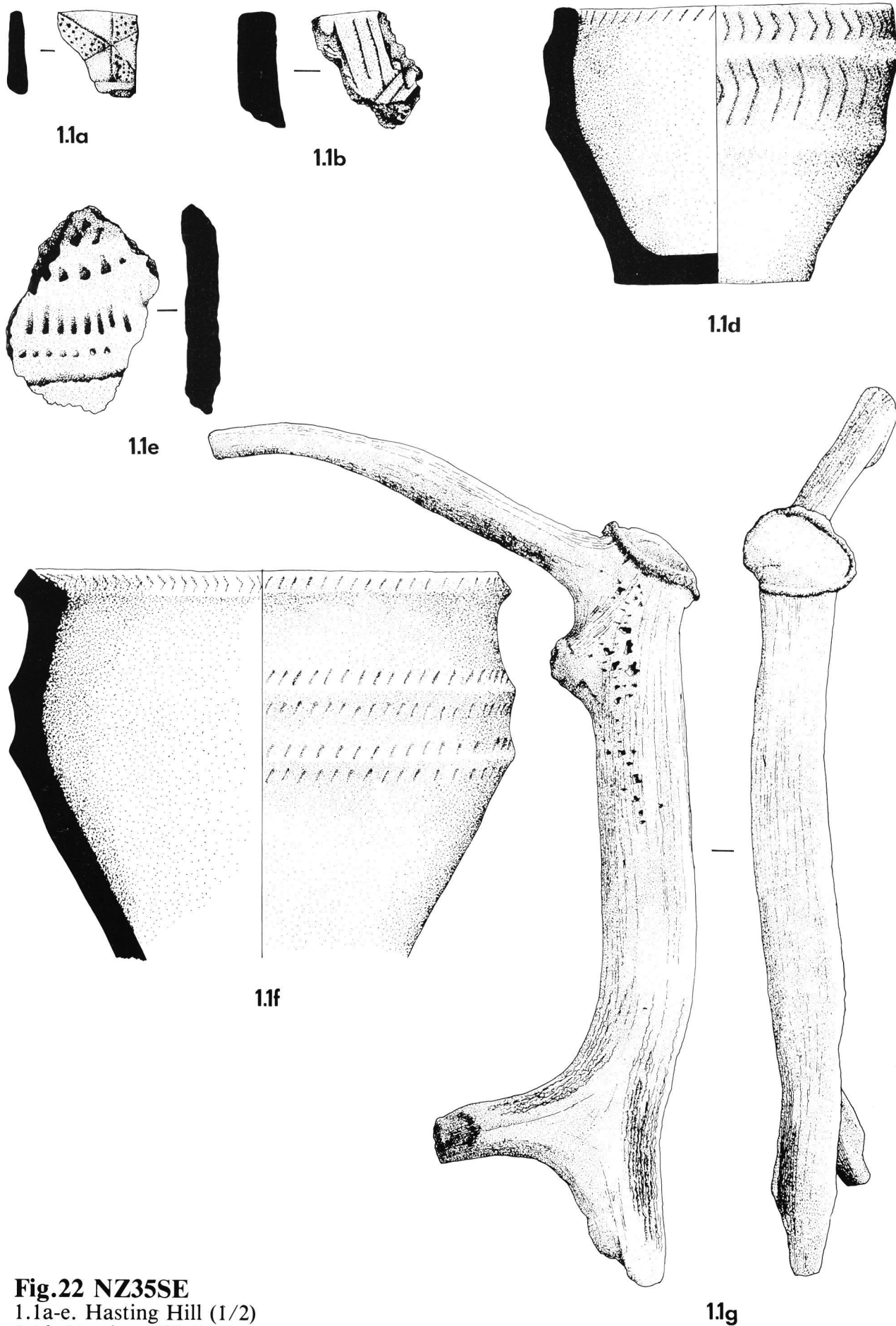
**Source:** Garbutt, G. 1819, p. 112; Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, pp. 51-2; Fordyce, W. 1857, p. 533; Summers, J. W. 1858, p. 15; Sykes, J. 1833, II, p. 26.

- 13 High Elstob Farm, Tunstall. Flints. NZ 388544**
- Record of “yellow-stained flint artefacts found at High Elstob Farm, in the SE field to the W of Tunstall Hope”.
- Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 25; Young, R. 1975.
- 14 Tunstall Hill. Flints. NZ 3954**
- Flint flakes, scraper, cores, and ? arrow-heads with limpet shells, found in ploughing to NW and N of “Grassy Hill”. No further details.
- Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 19.
- 15 North Hill, Middle Herrington. Leaf-shaped Flint Arrowhead, and flakes. NZ 357536**
- Leaf-shaped arrow-head and flint flakes found near the field surface.
- Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 25.
- 16 Farrington. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 36925359**
- Langdale Axe-head. Length 114mm. Found during council house construction in 1955. Now lost.
- Source:** O.S. NZ 35 SE 21; Arch. Register & Index, Sunderland Museum.
- 17 Silksworth. Inhumation in a stone coffin with weapons. centred NZ 376527**
- “Whilst some workmen were engaged a few days ago in making alterations on some land between the estates of Mr. Chapman of Silksworth Hall, and Mr. Beckwith of Silksworth House, they came upon a stone coffin, which on being opened was found to contain human remains, together with antique weapons”. ? Prehistoric.
- Source:** South Shields Gazette 5th June, 1879.
- 18 Tunstall. Flints. c. NZ 3953**
- Two flints said to have found in the 1930’s by Dr. A. Raistrick. (Craven Museum, Skipton, D 1942.88)
- 19 High Haining. Flints. c. NZ 357508**
- Flakes and scrapers from field ESE of the farm. (Craven Museum, Skipton. D 1942.15)
- Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26.



**Fig.21 NZ35SE**  
Plan of Hasting Hill barrow



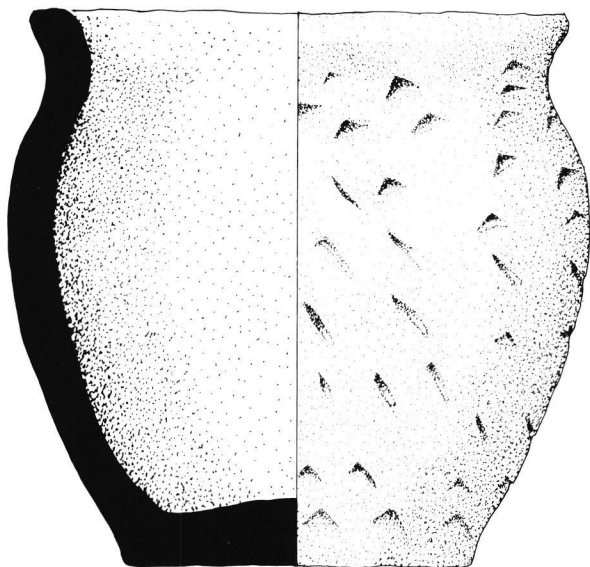


**Fig.22 NZ35SE**

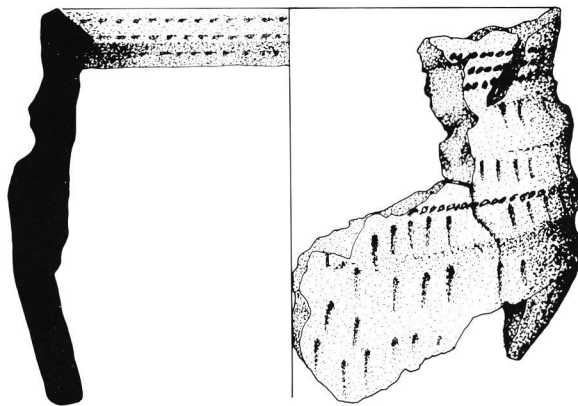
1.1a-e. Hasting Hill (1/2)

1.1f. Hasting Hill (1/3)

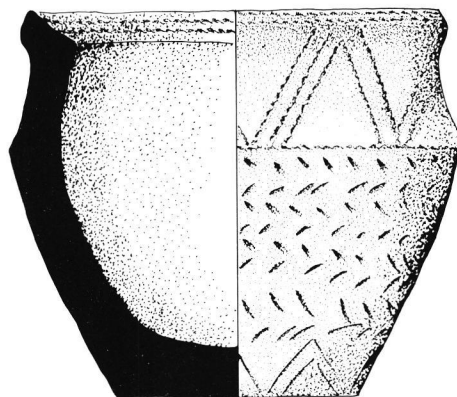
1.1g. Hasting Hill (1/2)



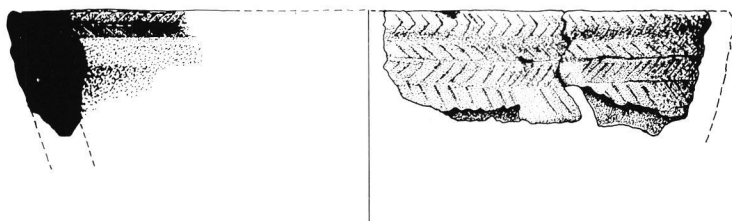
1.1i



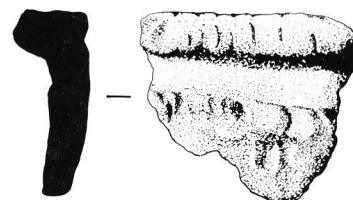
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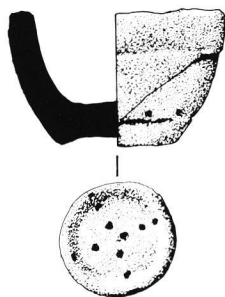
1.1m



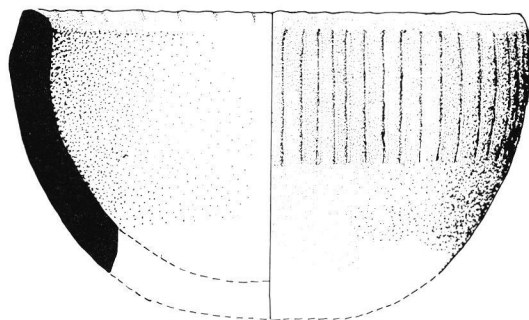
1.1l



1.1n

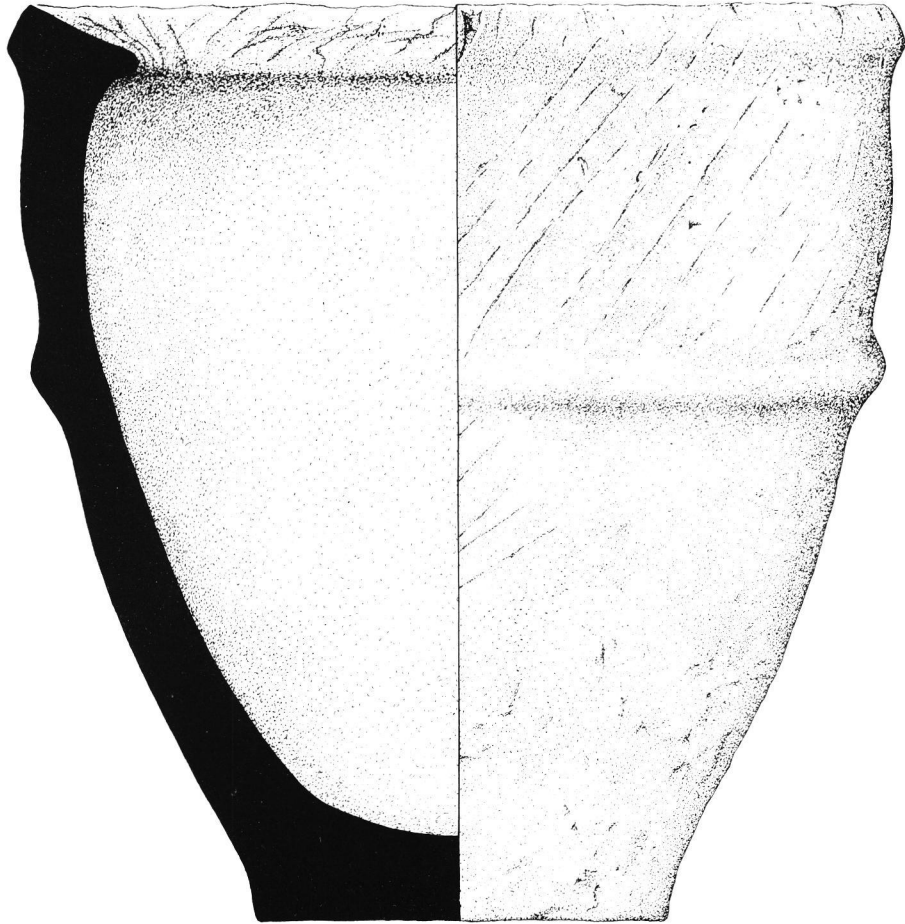


1.1n

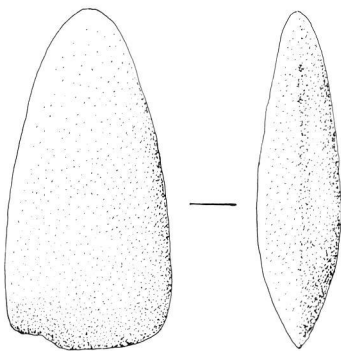


1.1n

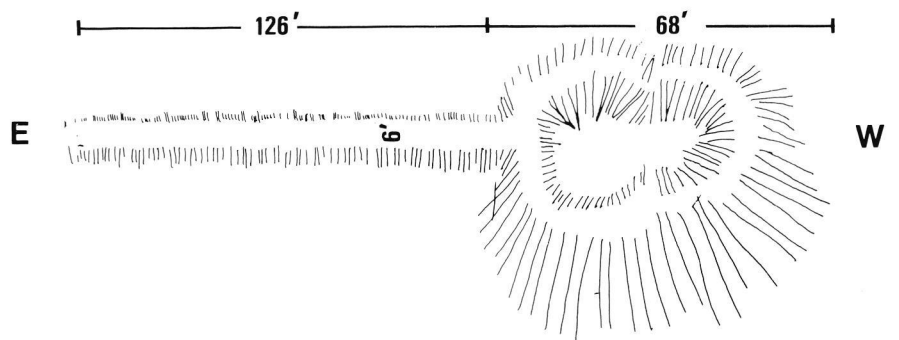
**Fig.23 NZ35SE**  
1.1i-n. Hasting Hill (1/2)



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9.2

**Fig.24 NZ35SE**

5. Warden Law (1/2)

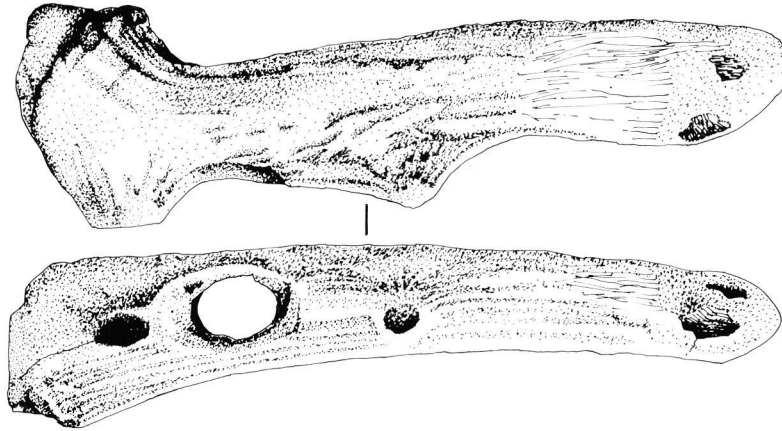
8. Doxford Park, Sunderland (1/3)

9.2 Plan of linear mound at Grindon Hill

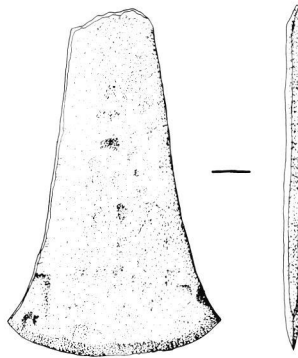
# NZ36NW

## NORTH TYNESIDE MBC • SOUTH TYNESIDE MBC

- 1 Chirton. Cist Burial.** **NZ 343683**  
In 1818 a cist burial containing only an inhumation was discovered at a depth of 1.20m below the surface in the SW corner of Blakechesters encampment. No further details.  
**Source:** Newcastle Courant Nov. 7th 1818; Mackenzie, E. 1825, p. 456; Richardson, M. A. 1843, III, p. 192; NCH VIII, 1907, p. 316.
- 2 Billy Mill, North Shields. ? Cist Burial.** **NZ 336692**  
In May 1790 a 'stone coffin' containing an inhumation was found in a quarry at a depth of 1.50m below the surface. It was 'walled around and covered with a large flat stone without any inscription upon it. Within it was a perfect human skeleton which mouldered to dust immediately on being exposed to the air'.  
**Source:** Mackenzie, E. 1825, p. 460; Richardson, M. A. 1842, II, p. 333; NCH VIII, 1907, p. 136.
- 3 Jarrow Slake. Flint Axe-head & Implement.** **NZ 3465**  
Flint axe-head, length 185mm, width 90mm partly polished. Also an 'implement' of white flint, of more acute form. Length 133mm, max. width 57mm. Found in the estuary of the River Don in 1860. (Now lost.)  
**Source:** AA2, 1861, V, p. 102; Evans, J. 1897, p. 101; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9; VCH Durham J. 1905, p. 199.
- 4 Jarrow Slake. Flint.** **NZ 3465**  
Worked flint flake 55mm in length discovered in the 1880's. No further details.  
**Source:** Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9.
- 5 Jarrow. Flint Axe-head.** **NZ 3365**  
Flint Axe-head, length 155mm, breadth 50mm. Discovered in the town of Jarrow in 1886. No further details.  
**Source:** Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9.
- \*6 Willington Quay. Deer-horn Axe-handle.** **NZ 323666**  
Length 300mm, oval hole 30mm, × 25mm. Found ante 1934 possibly amongst Thames ballast.  
(MA. 1934.7)  
**Source:** PSAN4, 1933-4, VI, p. 286; PSAN4, 1935, VII, p. 9; Wymer, J. J. 1977,
- \*7 Wallsend. Flat Bronze Axehead.** **NZ 321671**  
Length 135mm, width (cutting edge) 80mm. Thin-butted flat axe; butt damaged and edges battered, surface pitted. Undated discovery.  
(BM. W.G. 1791)  
**Source:** Evans, J., 1881, p. 43; NCH XIII, 1930, p. 17.
- 8 Wallsend Roman Fort. Plough-marks.** **c. NZ 300660**  
Plough-marks pre-dating the Roman fort discovered in 1978.  
**Source:** C. M. Daniels pers. inf.



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**Fig.25 NZ36NW**

6. Willington Quay (1/3).

7. Wallsend (1/3).

# NZ 36 NE NORTH TYNESIDE MBC.

## 1 Trow Rocks. Cist burial in Barrow with Flints. NZ 384667

Excavated in 1877 on the edge of the cliffs. Diameter of Barrow 9m, height 0.9m and made of earth with an admixture of stones. At the centre lay a cist with two coverstones, orientated NNW-SSE. Length 1200mm, width 600mm, depth 510mm, and sunk into the clay. It contained a contracted inhumation on its right side, head to the SE. A flint knife lay in front of the face (length 60mm, width 30mm), and some fragments of charcoal. The site was destroyed in quarrying.  
(BM WG 12.9.1469)

**Source:** South Shields Gazette. March 14th 1873; Greenwell, W. 1877, p. 442; TAASD&N 1880-9, III, p. 183; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9; VCH Durham, I, 1905, pp. 207-8.

## 2 The Lawe, South Shields. Belgic Coin; Polished Stone Axe-head, Flint Arrowhead & Flints. NZ 365679

2.1 Small coin of Tasciovanus struck at Verulamium.  
obv. bearded laureate, head facing right.  
rev. horse prancing to left, a pellet above and the letters V.E.(R) below. From the site of the Roman Fort.  
(MA. 1956.162.A)

**Source:** Evans, J. 1960, p. 549, XXI, 10, G10; PSAN2, 1885-6, II, p. 115, illus; AA2, 1883, IX, p. 116; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 10; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 209; Mack, R. P. 1953, no. 180; Allen, D. 1961, p. 220.

\*2.2 Polished Stone axe-head found during the excavation on the Lawe in 1875. Not now surviving but drawing shows a chipped cutting edge. Flint arrowhead and two scrapers also found.  
(South Shields Central Museum; TWCMS F 2611)

**Source:** AA2, 1885, X, pp. 270-1; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9.

\*2.3 Jet or shale conical V perforated button, diameter 38mm; subsequently perforated for use as a spindle whorl. In a secondary context. Discovered between 1875-1878.  
(MA. 1956.126 98A (1))

## 3 South Shields. Flint Spearhead. ? NZ 3566

Flint spearhead from a ballast heap at South Shields. Length 155mm, width 55mm, thickness 18mm.  
(MA.1923.12)

**Source:** PSAN4, 1923-4, I, pp. 122 & 186.

## 4 Frenchmans Point, South Shields. Flint flake & Chippings. NZ 38876445

Found on the top of a limestone stack by Dr. Trenchmann, ante 1909.  
(Sunderland Museum TWCMS F.26 12)

**Source:** TNHSND&N2, 1909-13, IV, pt. 1, p. 80; Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

## \*5 Trow Rocks, South Shields. Socketed Bronze Axe-head. NZ 384667

Length 81mm, width 43mm. Socketed axe of Yorkshire three-ribbed type. Prominent casting seams at the side. Found in 1864.  
(South Shields Central Museum TWCMS F2613)

**Source:** South Shields Gazette Sept. 23rd 1864; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 9; VCH Durham, I, 1905, p. 207; AA5, 1976, IV, pp. 1-9, fig. 1c.

**6 Tyne Dock, South Shields. Red Deer & Ox Remains. NZ 353653**

In 1855 during the construction of Tyne Dock, the remains of red deer and two skulls of *Bos primigenius* were found at a depth of 2m in the silt.

**Source:** Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 3.

**7 South Shields. Flint Axe-head. ? c. NZ 355665**

Found in a ballast hill at South Shields ante 1887. Length 156mm, width 51mm. Now lost.

**Source:** PSAN2, 1887-8, III, p. 3.

**8 Marsden to Trow Rocks. Flint flakes & Hammerstone. Coast from NZ 383666 to NZ 399650**

130 flint flakes found in the stretch of coastline in 1963, mostly broken fragments but includes eighteen struck flakes, and possibly one core/hammerstone. (Sunderland Museum 113.1964-2(1-130); TWCMS F2614)

**Source:** O.S. NZ46 SW 10.

**9 Target Rock, South Shields. Flint flake. NZ 383667**

Flint Flake with bulb found in 1904. (Sunderland Museum 230-1964-207 TWCMS F 2615)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

**\*10 River Tyne, South Shields. Bronze Sword. NZ 365 682**

Bronze sword reported as having been dredged from the River Tyne ante 1892. Length 605mm but lacking its hilt. Leaf-shaped blade with moulded rib. (MA 1929.67)

**Source:** PSAN2, 1891-2, V, pp. 160-1; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 10, text only; PSAN4, 1929-30, IV, p. 104 & 140; PPS 1967, XXXIII, p. 445. No. 200, illus; Challis, A. J. & Harding, D. W. 1975, p. 35, fig. 76, no. 3.

**11 South Shields. Antlers and bones of Irish Elk. NZ 363669**

Remains of Irish Elk (*Cervus megaceros*) found in compressed past beneath 600mm of soil and 3.60m of clay ante 1858, in the brickyard of Messrs. R. W. Swinburne & Co.

**Source:** Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 48; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 3.

**12 Marsden Bay. Human Remains. NZ 397655**

A skull and 105 other bones were found at the north of Marsden Bay 1.8m above the high water mark under 18cm of soil and sand. ? Prehistoric.

**Source:** PSAN3, 1911-12, V, p. 18.

**13 Velvet Island, Marsden Bay. Flint Flakes. NZ 398656**

13.1 Flint flakes found in reddish boulder clay at north end of Marsden Bay.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland. 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

13.2 Two flints said to have been collected in the 1930's by Dr. A. Raistrick. (Craven Museum, Skipton D1942.9)

**14 Trow Rocks, South Shields. Flint flakes. NZ 384667**

Found in light boulder clay beneath red clay.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

**\*15 Tynemouth. Native Settlement. NZ 373695**

P1.8.1 Excavation in 1963 by G. Jobey revealed a circular timber-built hut 11.40m in internal diameter, with its entrance at the SSE. The wall trench was cut 450mm in width and depth into the rock, and at the top of its fill was a sherd of 2nd century bowl. Two metres to the SE was the ring-groove of a second hut with an internal diameter of 4m.

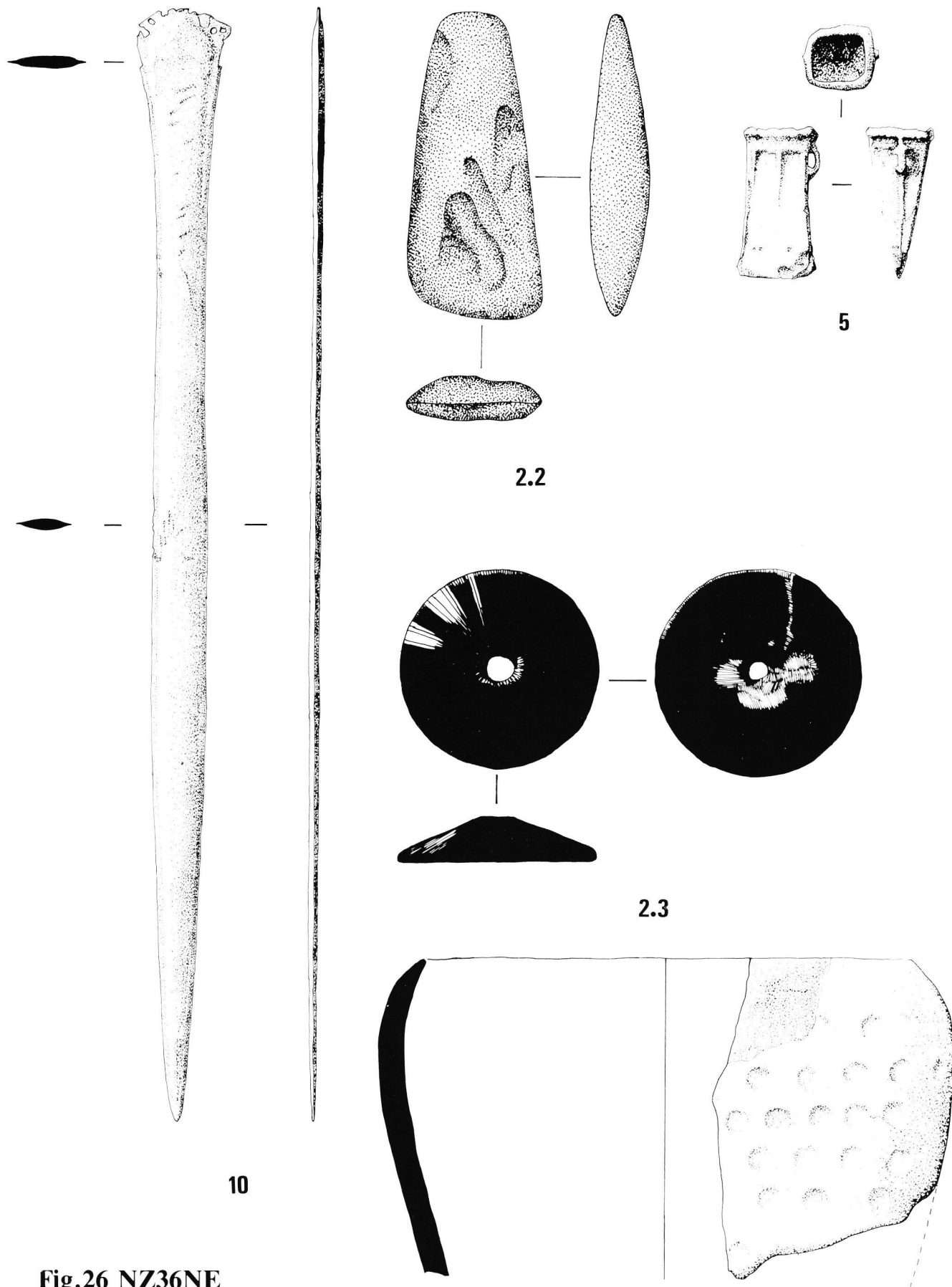
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additional, post-built circular hut may have lain beneath the north transept of the later church, containing a hearth with a fragment of burnt samain within it. The pottery which in any way could be related to these early features terminates in the late 2nd century AD.

(MA. 1979.22)

**Source:** AA4, 1967, XLV, pp. 33-41.





**Fig.26 NZ36NE**

- 2.2 South Shields (After Blair).
- 2.3 South Shields (1/1).
- 5. Trow Rocks, South Shields (1/3).
- 10. R. Tyne, South Shields (1/3).
- 15. Tynemouth (1/2) (After Jobey).

# **NZ 36 SW SOUTH TYNESIDE MBC**

**1 Laverick Hall Farm. ? Rectilinear Enclosure.**

**NZ 313605**

Faint shadow cropmark.

**Source:** T&WCC A.P. No. 742912103

## NZ 36 SE SUNDERLAND MBC

**\*1 Down Hill, West Boldon. ? Cist burial with pottery and iron spearhead. NZ 352601**

Two ? Food Vessels and an inhumation found in 1898 within what sounds very like a cist. A metal spearhead which can be identified as the iron spearhead in Sunderland Museum (5.1911 TWCMS F2616) was also stated to have been found with the body; the pottery attributed to the grave represents two vessels decorated with incised chevrons and oblique pseudo-maggot designs respectively, and also a sherd of mediaeval green-glazed ware; the combination is unlikely. The Museum register at Sunderland does identify two skeletons,—an adult's and a child's—amongst the remains. (Sunderland Museum 1.1911.1-4)

**Source:** PSAN2, 1897-8, VIII, p. 206; Ants. Sunderland 1911, XII, pp. 3-5; Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 26; PSAN4, 1933-4, VI, p. 109; Gibson, A. 1978, p. 92.

**2 Boldon. ? Circular Enclosure. NZ 377614**

**Source:** T&WCC. A.P. no. 890.

**3 West Hall. ? Circular Cropmark. NZ 395615**

**Source:** T&WCC. A.P. no. 11817 & 816.

**4 Marsden Hall. Circular and Rectangular Cropmarks. NZ 398647**

**Source:** T&WCC. A.P. no. 7429.

**\*5 East Boldon. Flint Arrow-head. NZ 3661**

Flint arrow-head of unusual form, and length: breadth ratio of 1:4. Short, stumpy tang, but no barbs. Length 67mm, max. width 20mm, thickness 10mm. Found in 1888. (Sunderland Museum 25.1789.0.1; TWCMS F 2617)

**6 Cleadon Sand Pits. Flint Flakes. NZ 380623**

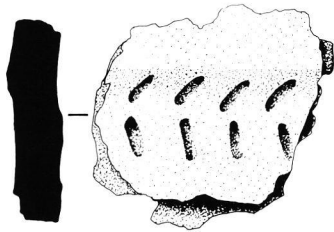
Flints from raised beach deposit; no further information.

**Source:** TNHSN&D 1894-9, XIII, p. 165; Ants. Sunderland 1929-32; XIX, p. 25.

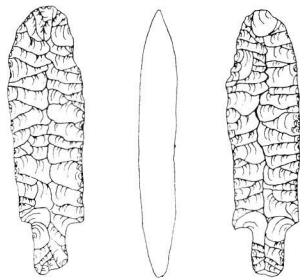
**7 Marsden Estate. Inhumation. NZ 3964**

“A bronze age burial has been unearthed by Mr. Cuthbert of the Marsden Estate, South Shields, Durham, while digging in his garden. Several bones, teeth and fragments of skull were also found. Dr. I. A. Richmond has inspected the find.” The firm attribution of the burial to the ‘bronze age’ and a belief that Richmond would make such an identification without firm dating evidence are both incredible.

**Source:** Arch. Newsletter 1949, II, no. 4, p. 68.



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**Fig.27 NZ36SE**

1. Down Hill, West Boldon (1/2).  
5. East Boldon (1/2).

# **NZ 37 NW NORTH TYNESIDE MBC**

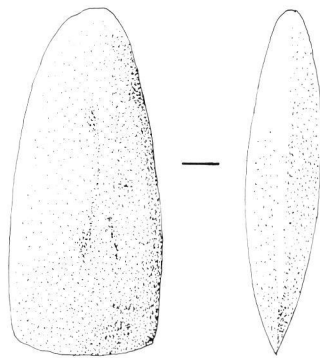
**1 Mainland opp. St. Mary's Island. Flint Flakes. Coast centred NZ 348753**

“Opposite St. Mary's Island traces (of chipped flints) were noticed.”

**Source:** TNHSND&N2, 1909-13, IV, pt. I, p. 81.

# **NZ37SW NORTH TYNESIDE MBC**

- \*1 Earsdon. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 322725**
- Axe-head in quartz dolorite, pitted on both faces and with a faceted edge. Length 134mm, width 62mm, thickness 34mm. Found ante 1932. (MA 1932.89)
- Source:** PSAN4, 1931-2, V, p. 334.
- 2 Marden. Polished Stone Axe-head. NZ 349709**
- Langdale stone, reworked. Length 120mm, max. width 57mm. Found in 1961, in the back garden of 19 Barrington Ave. (In private possession.)
- Source:** AA4, 1972, L, p. 292.
- 3 Hartley West Farm. ? Circular Enclosure Cropmark. NZ 335750**
- Source:** MAPR Neg. no. A/083841/2.



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**Fig.28 NZ37SW**  
1. Earsdon (1/3).

# NZ 37 SE NORTH TYNESIDE MBC

## 1 Marden. Rectilinear Enclosed Settlement.

NZ 353708

Pl. 8.2-3 Excavation by G. Jobey in 1958, 1961, and 1962 was confined to two areas, (the entrance and a part of the interior), and two exploratory trenches. None was large, and the enclosure was already at that time virtually obliterated by modern development. Total destruction has now been successfully accomplished.

The enclosure was estimated as being circa 57m in length, and 36m in width internally, orientated NE-SW with the entrance at the mid-point of the NE side, flanked by a ditch 3.60m in width. The entrance width between the ditch terminals (6.60m) was further narrowed down to 2.10m by two palisade trenches either side of the gateway which had held close-set upright stone-packed posts. The ditch upcast appears to have formed a mound on the interior. Within the enclosure, and certainly in the side to the N. of the entrance, lay a hollow, cobbled area. A rim sherd of Antonine date and the upper stone of a rotary quern were recovered in secondary contexts.

The second area excavated, towards the centre of the enclosure, revealed a circular trench circa 5.40 - 5.70m in diameter, 300mm in width, and 180mm in depth. The bottom was flat, and contained some packing stones. Traces of a partition within the hut was indicated by a shallow trench. Now lost.  
(MA.1979.22)

**Source:** CUAP neg. no. TR 93-4; JRS 1958, XLVIII, p. 87;  
AA4, 1963, XLI, pp. 19-35.



# NZ45NW SUNDERLAND MBC

**\*1 Roker Beach. Perforated Stone Axe-hammer. centred NZ 408591**

Very worn axe-head, in grey-buff fine-grained micaceous sandstone, with hour-glass perforation. Diameter 28mm, max. length 155mm, width 95mm, thickness 55mm. Found in 1974.

(Sunderland Museum 221.74 TWCMS F 2618)

**Source:** Sunderland Echo October, 11th 1974.

**\*2 Wearmouth. Socketed Bronze Axe-head. centred NZ 402578**

Three-ribbed bronze socketed axe-head, seen by Wm. Stukeley in 1725, in the collection of Dr. Christopher Hunter. Now lost, but possibly part of a hoard: "found with some others and an odd piece of cast brass."

**Source:** Wm. Stukeley, M.S. Eng. Misc. e. 384, (iter Boreale) p. 110 in Bodleian Library, Oxford, illustrated; Northern Archaeol. vol. 1, pt. 2 1980, pp 8-10.

**3 River Wear, Wearmouth. Stone axe-hammer. centred NZ 400575.**

Made of Scotch Granite. No further details.

**Source:** Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 50.

**4 Monkwearmouth. Mesolithic flints. NZ 402577**

a) A considerable collection of flints discovered in an original horizon during deep excavations in 1961.

b) Cores (26), blades & flakes (379) & scrapers (3) found to the south of St. Peter's church in 1964, during council landscaping.  
(Sunderland Museum 248.72; TWCMS F 2619)

**Source:** Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 86.

**5 Monkwearmouth. Mesolithic Tranchet Axe. NZ 401578**

Maglemosian tranchet axe, found over 100m to the N. of St. Peter's Church. It lay 60-90mm deep, in sand beneath cobbles, possibly in ballast. (In possession of W. Dodds).

**Source:** Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 86; TAASD&N 1970, p. 27.

# NZ 45 SW SUNDERLAND MBC

**1 Sea Banks, Ryhope. Flint Flake. centred NZ 419524**

Grey flint flake, length 36mm, width 26mm, thickness 4mm. Found in 1904.  
(Sunderland Museum 230.1964.203; TWCMS F 2620)

**2 Coast between Sunderland & Ryhope. Flints. NZ 41505400 to 41705300**

382 flints found in 1.20—1.50m of sand, on the highest part of the coast between Sunderland and Ryhope. The site has now disappeared through coastal erosion. The flints include knives, scrapers, blades, a microburin and a quartzite hammerstone. The proportion recorded by Coupland are as follows: 150 Waste pieces, 49 Cores, 1 Core scraper, 37 Blades (whole), 46-83 Blades (broken), 7 Scrapers (worked), 27 'Scrapers', 12 Thick pieces (? planes), 9 Points, 1 Triangle, 1 Microburin, 1 Microlith Blade, 41 Indefinite and 7 associated pebbles.  
(Sunderland Museum; TWCMS F 2621)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24; PPSEA 1932, VI, pp. 2-6, & 381; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 86.

**3 Saltfern Dene. Flint Object. NZ 413538**

Found on the N side of Saltfern Dene in boulder clay, ante 1929. No further details.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24.

**4 South Dene, Ryhope. Flints. NZ 414518**

Flints found in fields on either side of South Dene. No further details.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24.

**5 North Dene, Ryhope. Flints. NZ 415530**

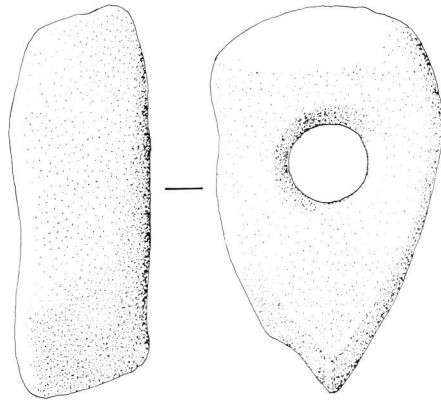
Flints found in fields on either side of North Dene. No further details.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 24.

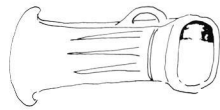
**6 Ryhope Dene. Flints. NZ 4158**

Three flint flakes said to have been collected during the 1930's by Dr. A. Raistrick.  
(Craven Museum, Skipton D 1942.79)

**Source:** Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 87.



1



2

**Fig.29 NZ45NW**

1. Roker Beach (1/3).
2. Wearmouth (after Stukeley).

# NZ 46 SW SUNDERLAND MBC

## 1 **Wheatall Farm, Whitburn. Cist burial & Flints.** **NZ 40736265**

Discovered during road widening operations in 1929, and disturbed before proper investigation. The cist contained a contracted inhumation aged c. 35 years at a depth of 600-900mm in glacial gravel. Six worked flints were found, including a barbed-and-tanged arrowhead, knives and flakes. However at least one of the pieces was found outside the cist (a white flint).

(South Shields Central Museum TWCMS F 2622 & F 2623)

**Source:** South Shields Gazette Jan. 24th 1929; Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 22 & 23.

## \*2 **Whitburn. Deer-horn Harpoon.** **Coast NZ 408610-413620**

Mesolithic bone harpoon picked up from the shore in 1852. Length 87mm, max. width 15mm, max. thickness 4mm. The harpoon is manufactured from deer antler, with three barbs along one edge, two along the other and an elongated oval perforation at the butt. (MA. 1968.14A)

**Source:** Longstaffe, W. H. D. 1858, p. 50; Munro, R. 1899, p. 57, illus; Arch. J. 1908, LXV, p. 231, fig. 236; Munro, R. 1912, p. 270. fig. 236; Garrod, D. A. 1926, p. 184; Clark, J. G. D. 1932, p. 14; Childe, V. G. 1935, p. 16; PPS 1936, II, p. 166; Lacaille, A. D. 1954, p. 241; AA4, 1966, XLIV, p. 251; AA4, 1970, XLVIII, pp. 336-346, pl. XXXIII; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 78.

## 3 **'Marsden Island'. Flints.** **NZ 402648**

3.1 Seven flints including a core and a scraper. Found at Marsden Island in 1965. (Durham Fulling Mill. MQ)

3.2 Fifty-four flint fragments found in 1966. Most unworked. (Sunderland Museum 150a.1966. 1-54; TWCMS F 2624)

3.3 A round scraper and triangular point, and several hundred pieces (incl. burnt) from a limited area, apparently a stack at high tide—? Marsden Island. (Craven Museum, Skipton D1942.74)

**Source:** PPSEA 1925, V pt. I, pp. 62-4, illus. no. 7; PPSEA, 1932, p. 5.

## 4 **Whitburn Lizards, Cleadon Hills. Faunal remains in cave.** **NZ 406640**

In 1878 human and animal remains were found in two caves: two human lower jaws and limb bones near the entrance, and five human skulls in the cave adjoining. Animal bones of horse, sheep, dog, red deer, roe deer, badger, fox, marten, weasel, hedgehog, mole, water vole and pig/boar were represented among the total quantity of bones recovered, as were the remains of the birds, kestrel or merlin, gannet, great auk, razor-bill etc. The caves lay 42m above sea level and 4.5m from the top of the cliff with a 1.8m high entrance to one. Now quarried away, but ? Prehistoric.

**Source:** TNHSD&N 1878, VII, pt. 2, pp. 361-4; Hodgson, G. B. 1903, p. 2; Mitchell, W. C. 1919, pp. 4-5; SSA&HS 1960, I, no. 8, p. 23.

## 5 **Cliffs at Whitburn. Flints.** **NZ 410614 to 412638**

Two hundred and two flints including microliths, blades, scraper, borer, and waste cores discovered on a cliff-top site ante 1935.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 78.

## 6 **Souter Lighthouse. Flints.** **NZ 4097641**

76 flints, of which 61 were waste or indeterminate, discovered ante 1935.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154.

**7 Coast near Whitburn. Flints. NZ 410614 to 412638**

Fifty flints, including three reworked into arrowheads, one-partially reworked but uncompleted, the remainder waste. Found ante 1935.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154.

**8 Rifle Butts, Whitburn. Flints. NZ 414626**

Five flints comprising four cores and one point. Found ante 1935.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154.

**9 Between Souter Point and Whitburn Colliery. Flints. NZ 411629**

Sixty flints including 54 indeterminate, two points.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154.

**10 Coast at Whitburn Colliery. Flints. coast NZ 4163**

Thirty-five flints discovered along the coast in front of Whitburn Colliery ante 1935. Seven trimmed, one to make a small barb, twenty-four indeterminate.

**Source:** PPS 1935, I, p. 154.

**11 Souter Point, Marsden. Flint Flakes. NZ 415627**

Fifty five flints including points and cores, found ante 1965, of which three show signs of use, and two are cores.

(Sunderland Museum 125.1965.1-41 & 33.1965; TWCMS F 2625)

**12 School Garden, Marsden. Barbed and tanged flint arrowhead. c. NZ 40756410**

Length 34mm, width 12mm, thickness 4mm. Found in 1923.

(Sunderland Museum 19.1923 TWCMS F 2625)

**13 Marsden. Flint. NZ 4064**

Small flint flake with bulb found in 1904.

(Sunderland Museum 230.1964.206; TWCMS F 2626)

**14 Marsden. Flint. NZ 4064**

Small flake with bulb of percussion, found in 1904.

(Sunderland Museum 230.1964.204; TWCMS F 2627)

**15 Marsden Quarries. Flints. centred NZ 404641**

15.1 Scatter of flakes seen on the surface but not collected, between 1964-5.

**Source:** OS. NZ 46 SW 10.

15.2 Flakes in red soil.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

**16 Marsden. Flints and Limpet shells. NZ 401645**

Flints found below Hob & Joan Orchard ante 1929.

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23.

**17 Marsden New Road. Flints. NZ 404645**

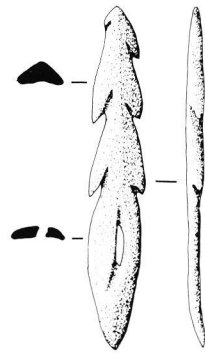
Scrapers, cores, and flakes. Found ante 1929.  
(? Craven Museum, Skipton.)

**Source:** Ants. Sunderland 1929-32, XIX, p. 23; Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 78.

**18 Marsden. Flints. NZ 4064**

Two flints said to have been found in the 1930's by Dr. A. Raistrick.  
(Craven Museum, Skipton. D 1942.83)

**Source:** Wymer, J. J. 1977, p. 78.



2

**Fig.30 NZ46SW**  
2. Whitburn (1/2)

# Unprovenanced, but probably Tyne and Wear

**1. Perforated stone axe-hammer. R. Tyne.**

ex. Canon Greenwell. No further details.  
(Dorman Museum, Middlesbrough)

**Source:** Sunderland Museum Records.

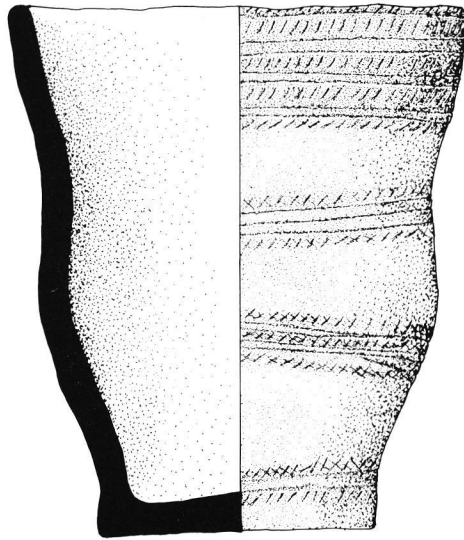
**\*2. Beaker.**

Laing Art Gallery.

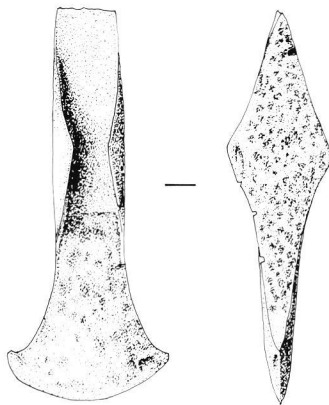
**\*3. Bronze wing-flanged axehead.**

South Shields Central Museum.





3



4

**Fig. 31 Unprovenanced**

2. Beaker (Laing Art Gallery)

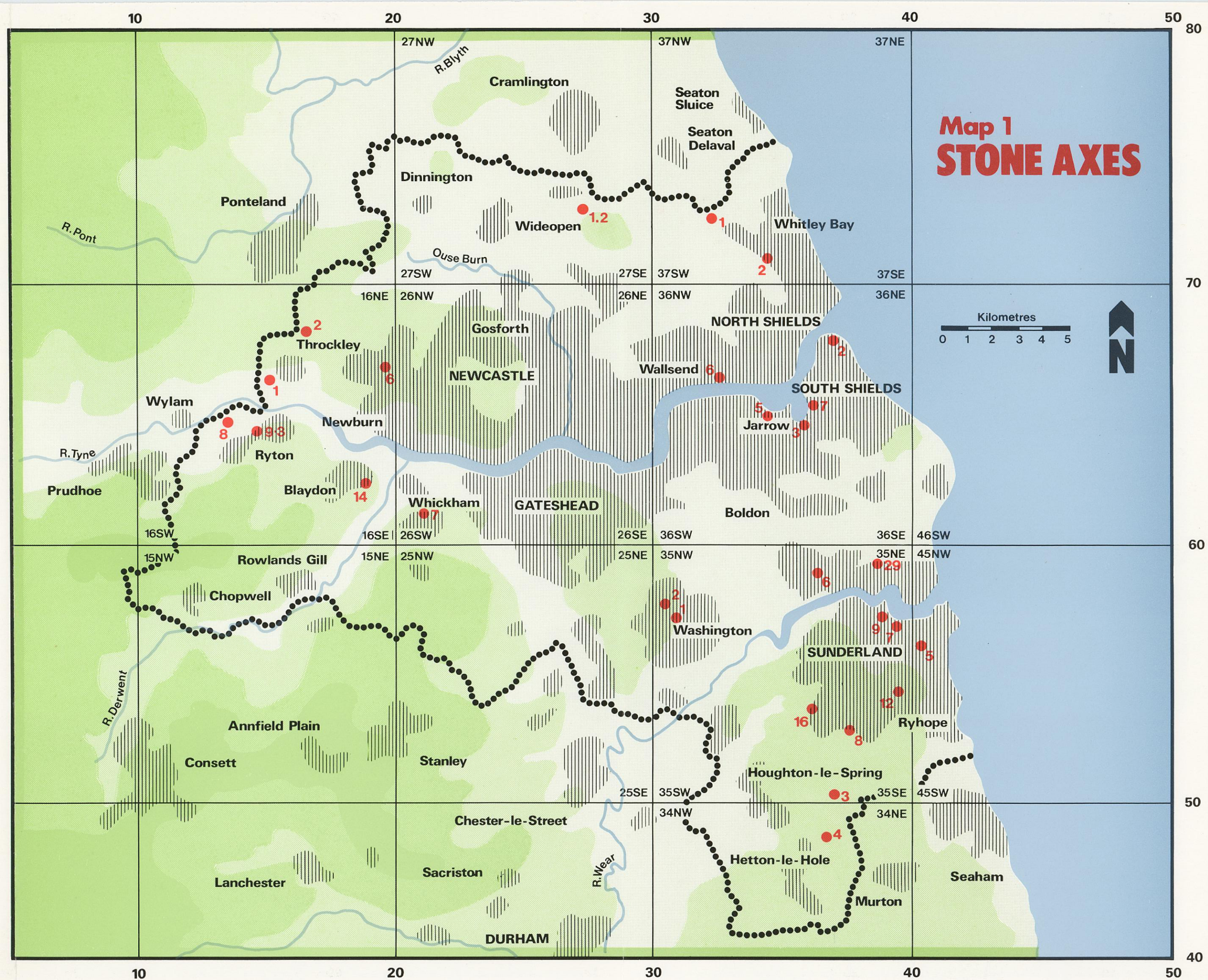
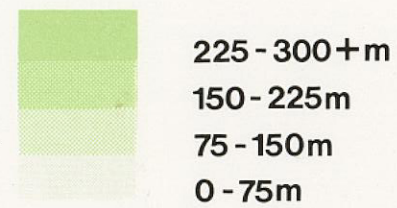
3. Bronze Wing-flanged axehead (South Shields Central)

# Maps

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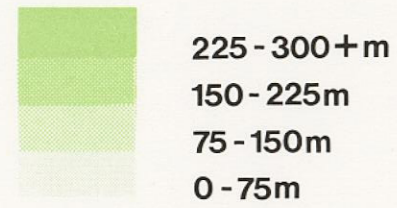
# MAP 1 STONE AXES

NZ 16 NW	1	Throckley Fell
NZ 16 NE	2	Dewley Law
	6	Westerhope
NZ 16 SW	8	Simmetry Hill—Clara Vale
	9.3	Cocks site 14B Barmoor
NZ 16 SE	14	Blaydon Area
NZ 26 SW	7	Whickham
NZ 27 SE	1.2	Burradon
NZ 34 NE	4	Carr House Farm, Hetton
NZ 35 NW	1	Manor House Farm, Washington
	2	Washington
NZ 35 NE	6	Hylton Castle
NZ 35 NE	7	Austin & Pickersgill shipyard
NZ 35 NE	9	Doxfords Shipyard Pallion
	29	Fulwell
NZ 35 SE	3	Warden Law
	8	Doxford Park, Sunderland
	12	Tunstall Hill, Sunderland
NZ 36 NW	16	Farringdon
	3	Jarrow Slake
	5	Jarrow
NZ 36 NE	6	Willington Quay
NZ 36 NE	2.2	The Law, South Shields
	7	South Shields
NZ 37 SW	1	Earsdon
	2	Marden

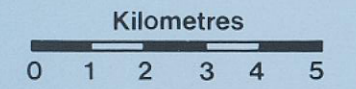


# Map 2 PERFORATED AXES

NZ 15 NW	2	Blackhall Mill
NZ 16 NE	4	Nr. Denton Hall
NZ 16 SW	7.1	Barmoor - Ryton
		Woodside area
NZ 26 NW	1	Barras Bridge, Newcastle
NZ 26 SW	8	Waggs Estate, Whickham
	9	Benwell
NZ 26 SE	4	Nest House Estate, Felling
NZ 35 NE	5.1	North Hylton
	11	Millfield, Sunderland
NZ 45 NW	1	Roker Beach
	3	River Wear, Wearmouth

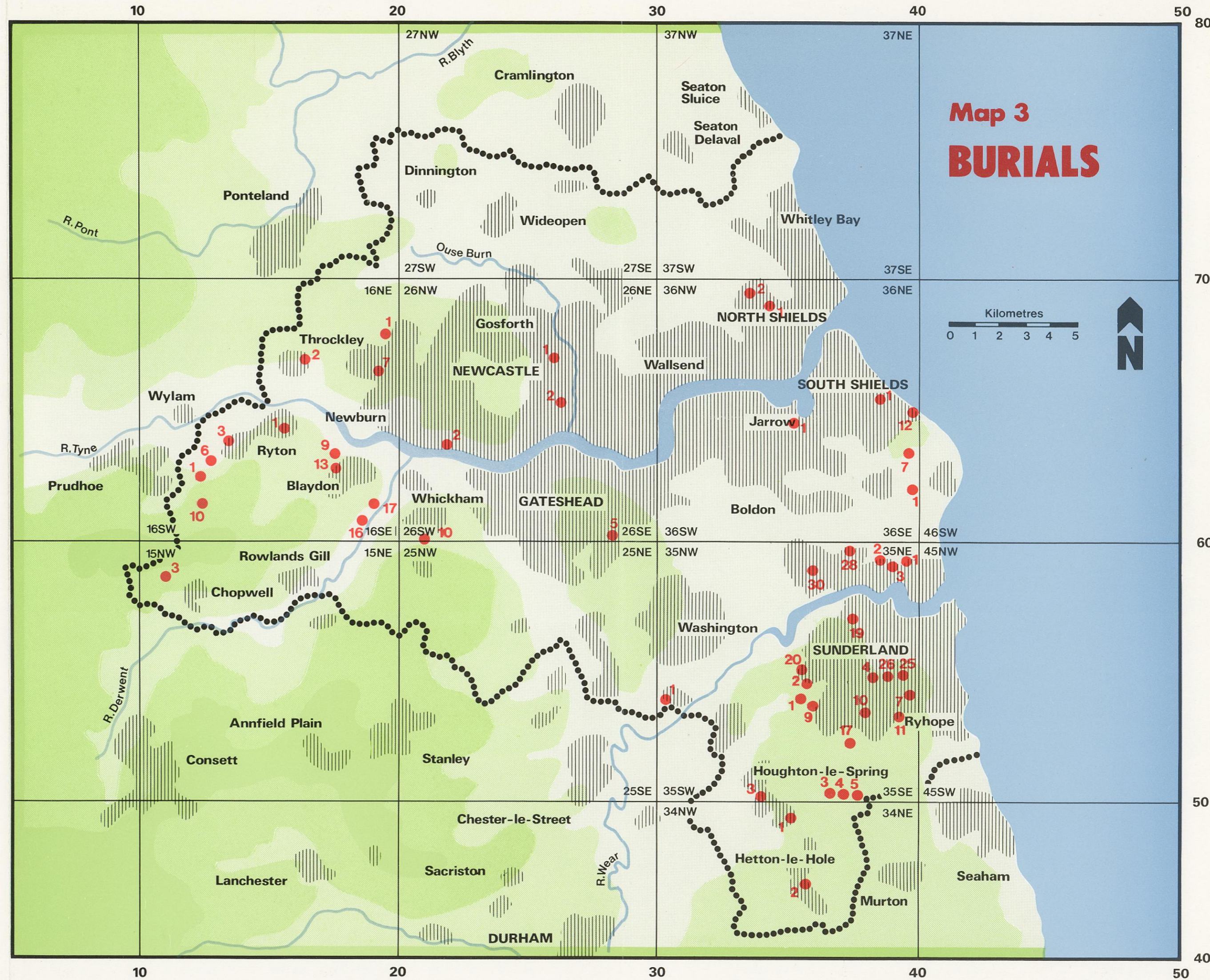
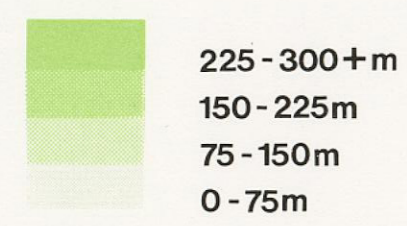


# Map 2 PERFORATED AXES



# Map 3 BURIALS

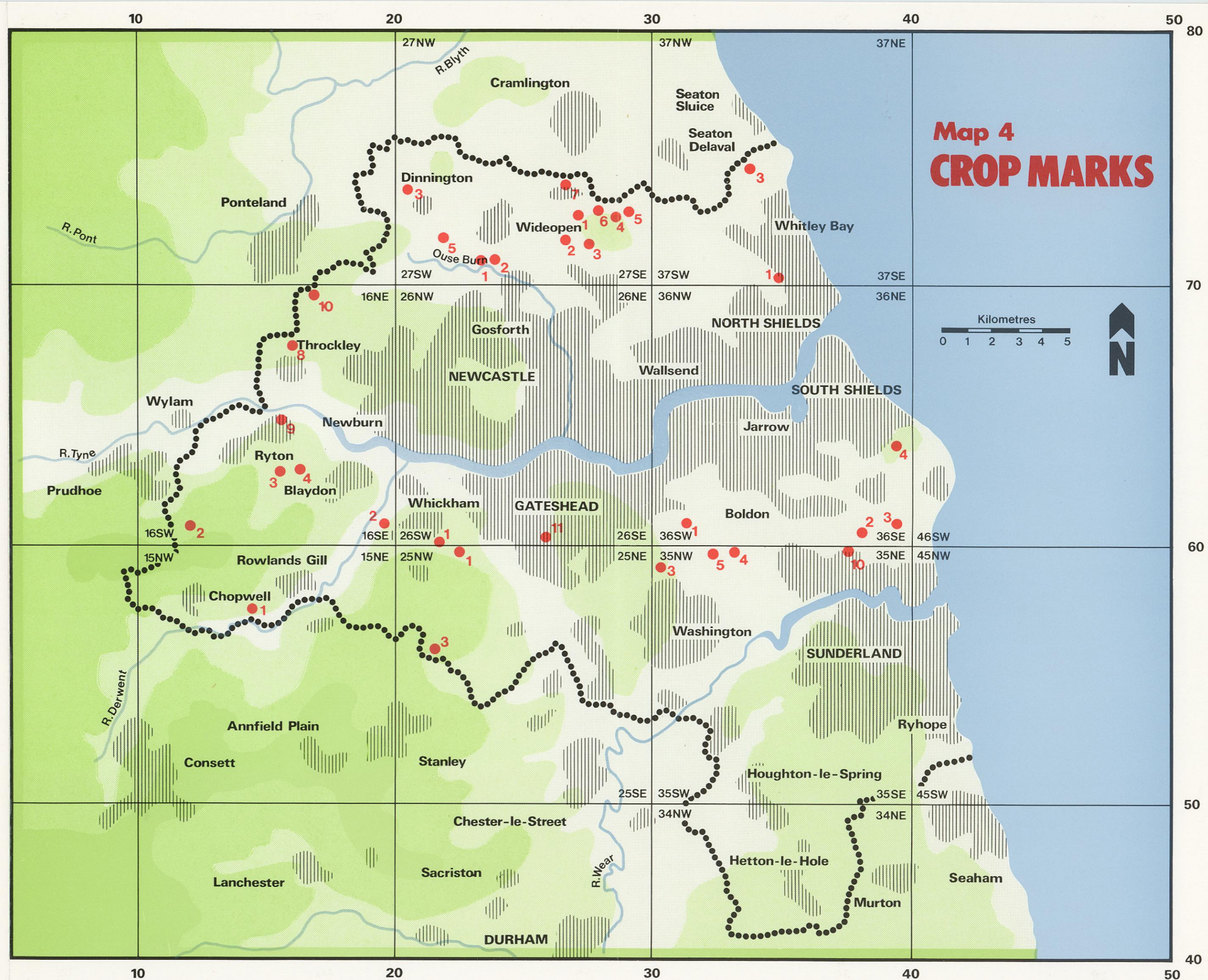
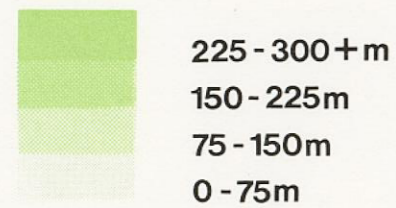
NZ 15 NW	3	Derwent View, Chopwell
NZ 16 NE	1	Denton Hall
	2	Dewley Law
	7	West Denton Burn
NZ 16 SW	1	Bradley Hall
	3	Simmery Hill, Clara Vale, Ryton
	6	Bradley Burn
	10	Coalway Lane, Ryton
NZ 16 SE	9	Bewes Hill, Stargate
	13	Summerhill, Blaydon
	16	Nr. Axwell Park
	17	Axwell Park
NZ 26 NE	1	Crag Hall, Jesmond
	2	Villa Reale, Jesmond
NZ 26 SW	2	Elswick Road, Newcastle
	10	Washing Well Farm, Whickham
NN 26 SE	5	Gateshead Fell
NZ 34 NE	1	Copt Hill
NZ 35 NE	1	Atkinson Road, Fulwell
	2	Carley H. Quarry, Fulwell
	3	Fulwell Quarry
	4	Humbledon Hill
	19	Doxfords Shipyard
	20	Sunderland
	25	Building Hill
	26	Langham Tower
	28	Southwick Hills
	30	River Wear, Hylton Dene
NZ 35 SW	1	Fatfield
	3	Half Way House
NZ 35 SE	1	Hasting Hill
	3	Warden Law
	4	Warden Law
	5	Warden Law
	7	Tunstall Hills
	9	Grindon Hill Quarry
	10	Steeple Hill
	11	Ryhope Cave
	17	Silksworth
NZ 36 NW	1	Chirton NZ 343683
	2	Billy Mill, North Shields
NZ 36 NE	1	Trow Rocks
	12	Marsden
NZ 36 SE	1	Down Hill, West Boldon
	7	Marsden Estate



# Map 3 BURIALS

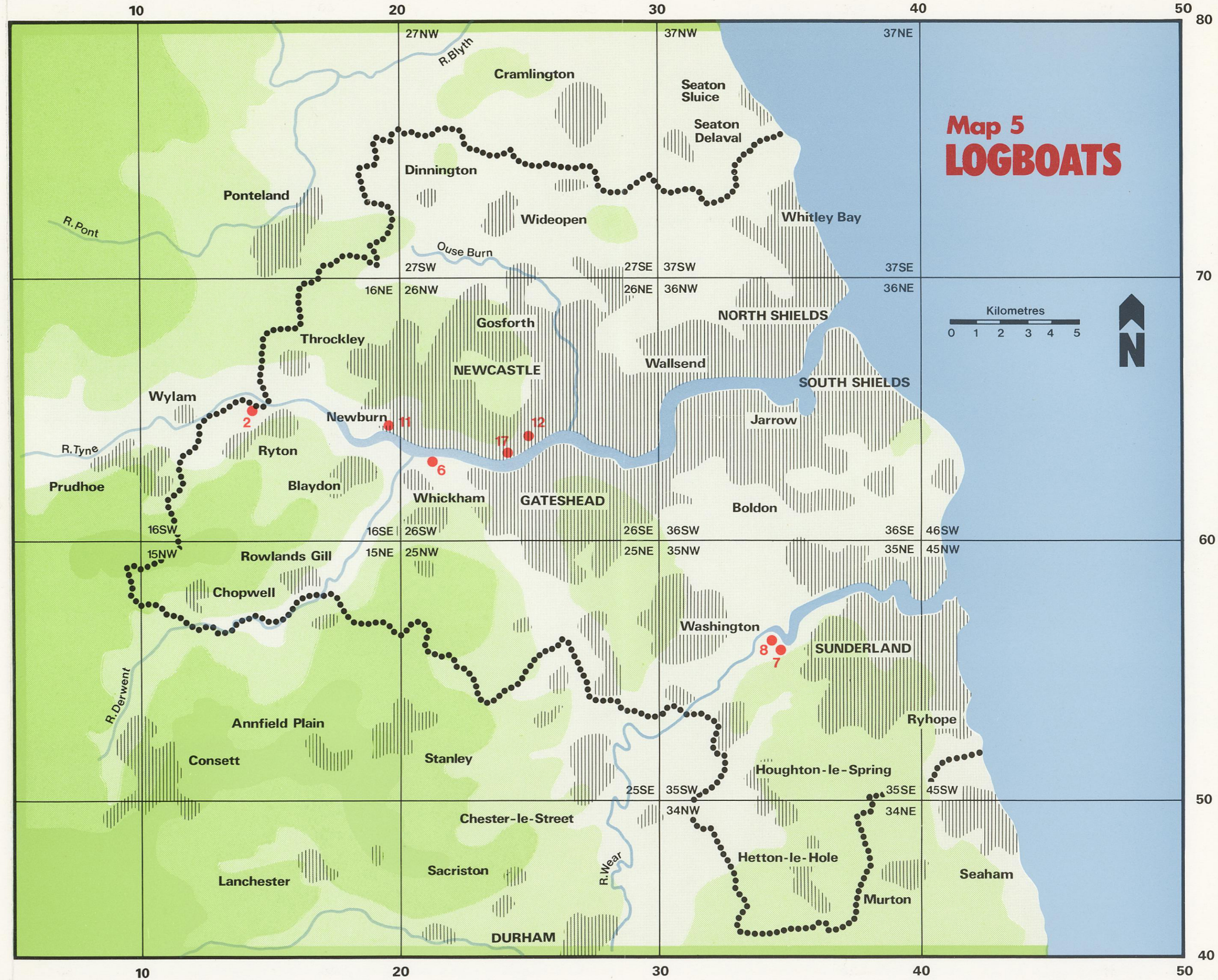
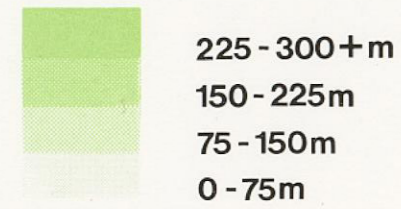
# Map 4 CROP MARKS

NZ 15 NW	1	Lintzford Wood
NZ 16 NE	8	Callerton Lane End
	9	Walbottle
	10	Wolsingham
NZ 16 SW	2	Bucks Nook
NZ 16 SE	2	Damhead Wood, Winlaton
	3	Stephens Hall
	4	Stella
NZ 25 NW	1	Ravensworth Castle
	3	Hedley Hall West
NZ 26 SW	1	Washing Well, Whickham
NZ 26 SE	11	Gateshead Fell
NZ 27 SW	1	Hazelrigg
	2	Hazelrigg
	3	Gardeners House, Dinnington
	5	Marley Hill
NZ 27 SE	1	Burradon
	2	Burradon
	3	Burradon
	4	Seghill South West
	5	Nr. Burradon
	6	Dudley
	7	Annitsford
NZ 35 NW	3	Usworth Hall
	4	Nr. Sunderland Airport
	5	Strother House
NZ 35 NE	10	Nr. Southwick Cemetery
NZ 36 SW	1	Laverick Hall
NZ 36 SE	2	Boldon
	3	West Hall
	4	Marsden Hall
NZ 37 SW	3	Hartley West Farm
NZ 37 SE	1	Marden



# Map 5 LOGBOATS

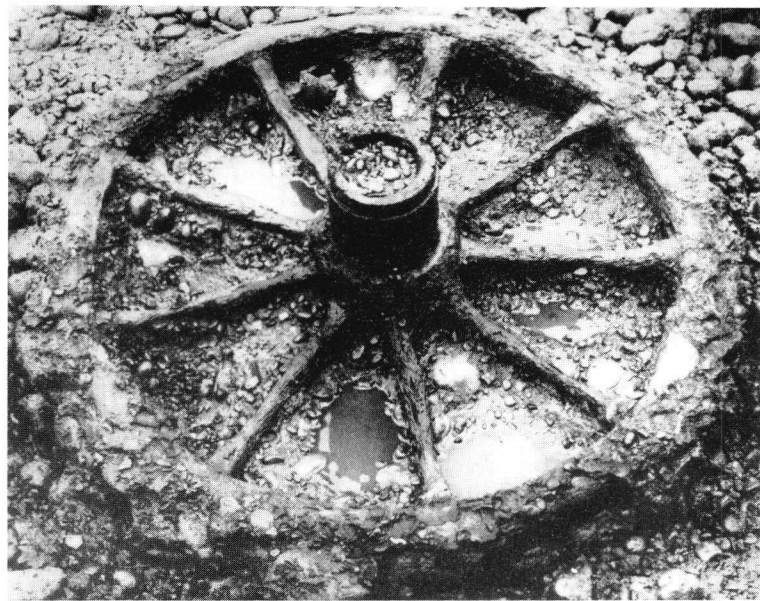
- |          |    |                          |
|----------|----|--------------------------|
| NZ 16 NW | 2  | R. Tyne, Ryton           |
| NZ 16 SE | 11 | Tyne at Scotswood        |
| NZ 26 SW | 6  | R. Tyne, Derwent Haugh   |
|          | 12 | Westgate Road, Newcastle |
|          | 17 | Skinner Burn, R. Tyne    |
| NZ 35 NW | 7  | R. Wear, Nr. Hylton      |
|          | 8  | Offerton Haugh, Hylton.  |



# Photographic Plates

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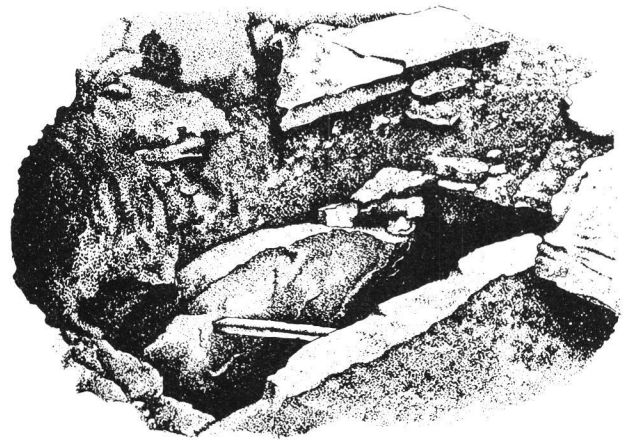




Pl. 1. Wheel, River Tyne, Ryton.



Pl. 2. Barrow, Ring ditch, Dewley Law.



Pl. 4. Cropmark Enclosures

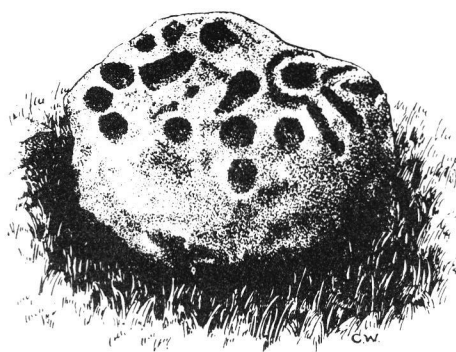


Pl. 5. Rectilinear Enclosure, Woolsington.

# Plate 1



2.1 Subrectangular enclosure, Bucks Nook.



2.2 Cup marked stone, Ryton.



2.3 Rectilinear Enclosure, Winlaton.



2.4 Circular cropmarks, Stephens Hill.

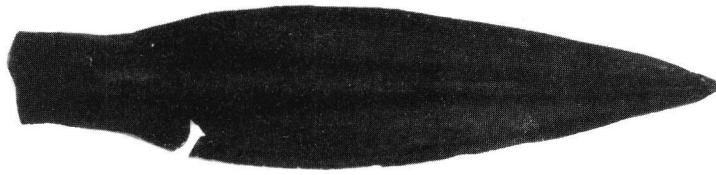


2.5 Cropmark features, Stella.



2.6 Rectilinear Enclosure, Ravensworth.

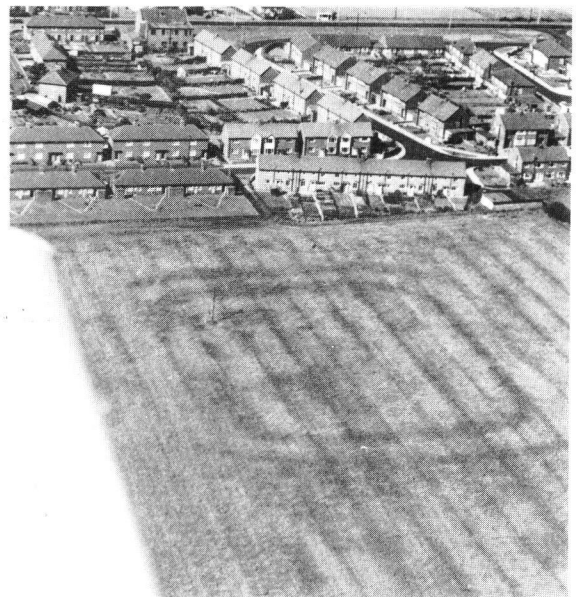
## Plate 2



3.1 Bronze Spearhead, Birtley Clay Pits.



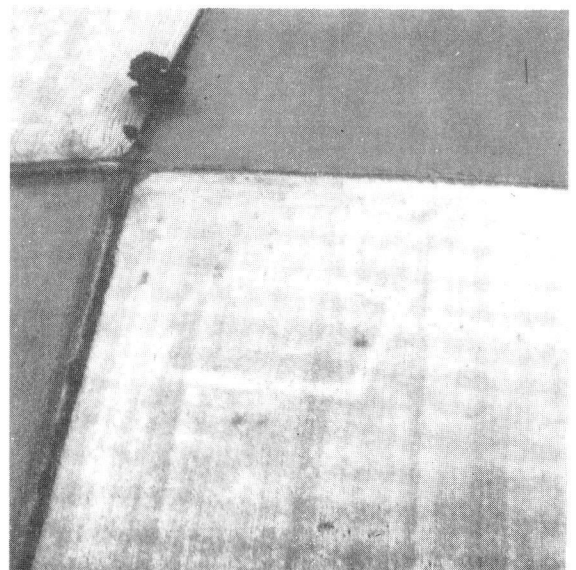
3.2 Enclosures, Marshall Lands farm.



3.3 Rectilinear enclosure (I), Hazlerigg.

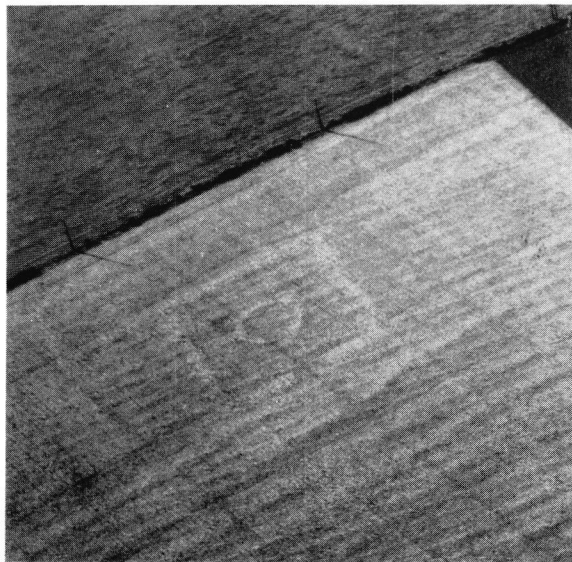


3.4 Rectilinear enclosure (II), Hazlerigg.

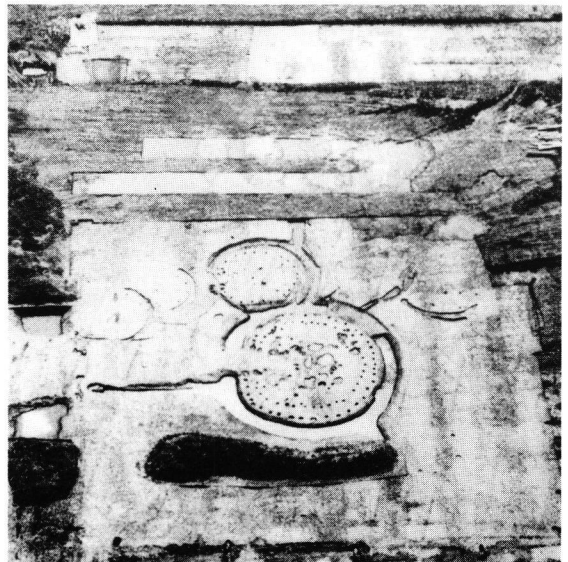


3.5 Cropmarks, Gardeners House.

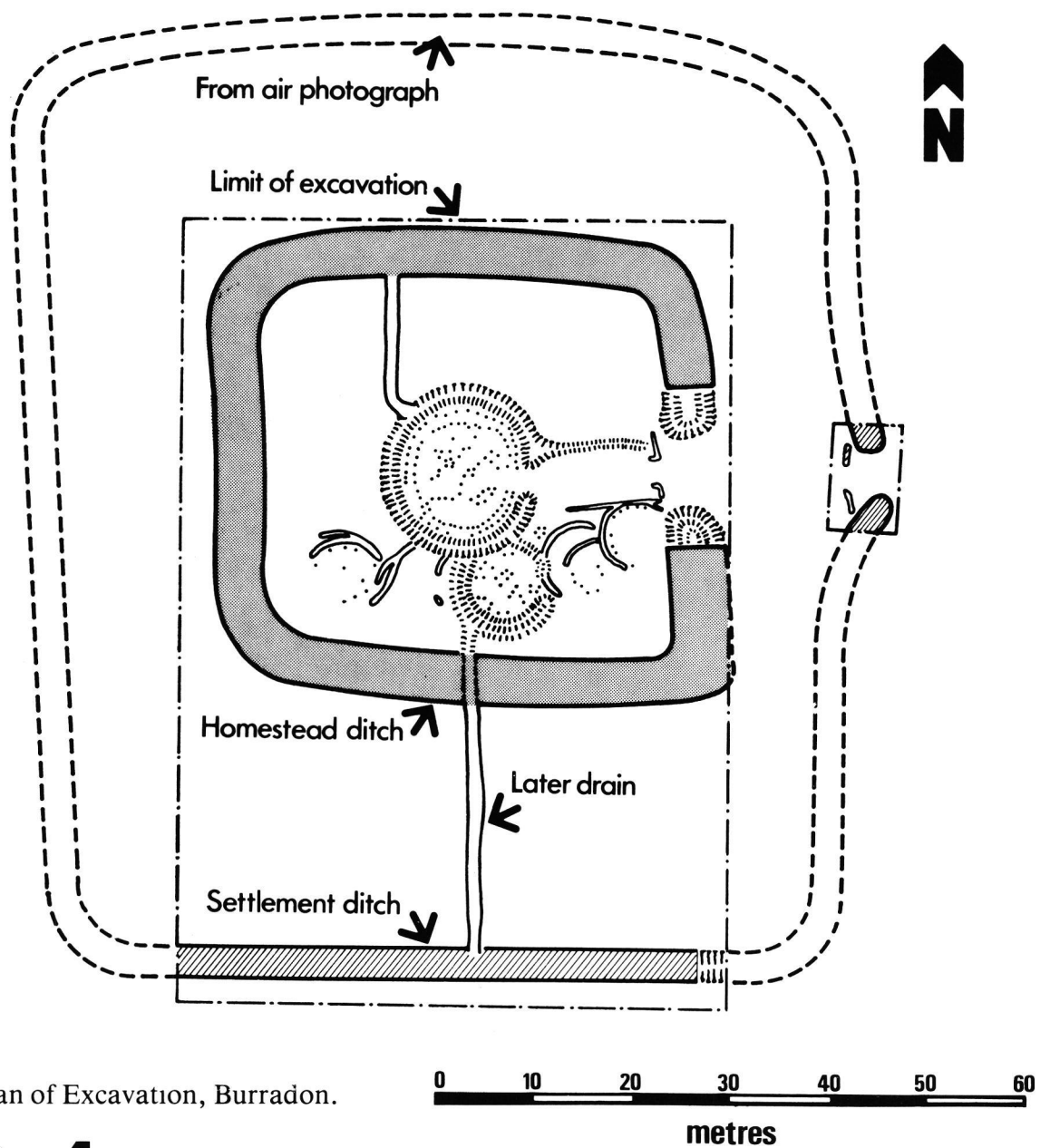
## Plate 3



4.1 Enclosed homestead, Burradon.



4.2 Excavated area, Burradon.

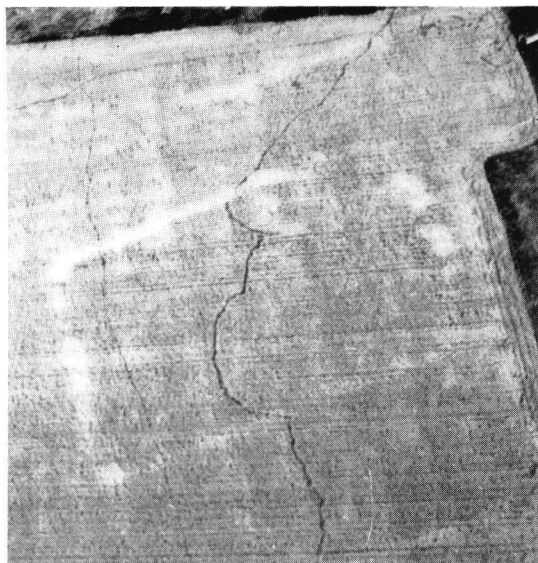


4.3 Plan of Excavation, Burradon.

## Plate 4



5.1 Rectilinear Enclosure (II), Burradon.



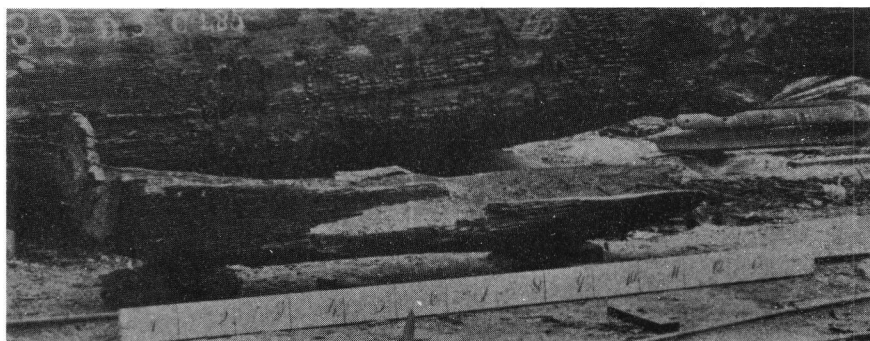
5.2 Rectilinear Enclosure (III), Burradon.



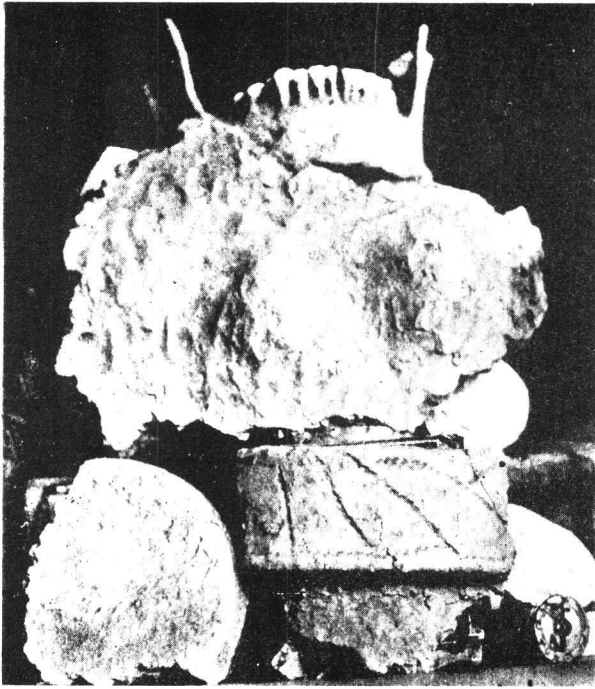
5.3 Rectilinear Enclosure, Seghill.



5.4 Cropmark Enclosure, Usworth Hall.



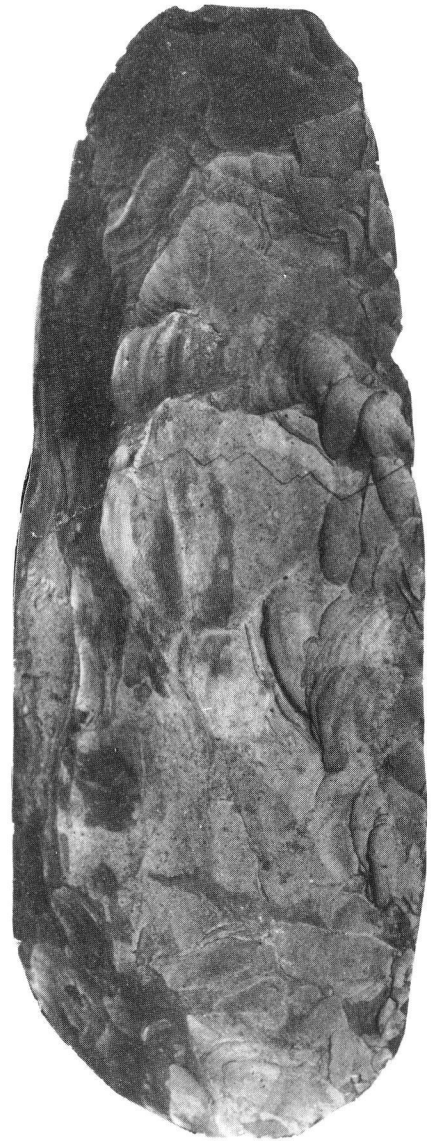
5.5 Log-boat, River Wear, Nr. Hylton.



6.1 Urn, Fulwell.



6.3 Skeleton, Fatfield.



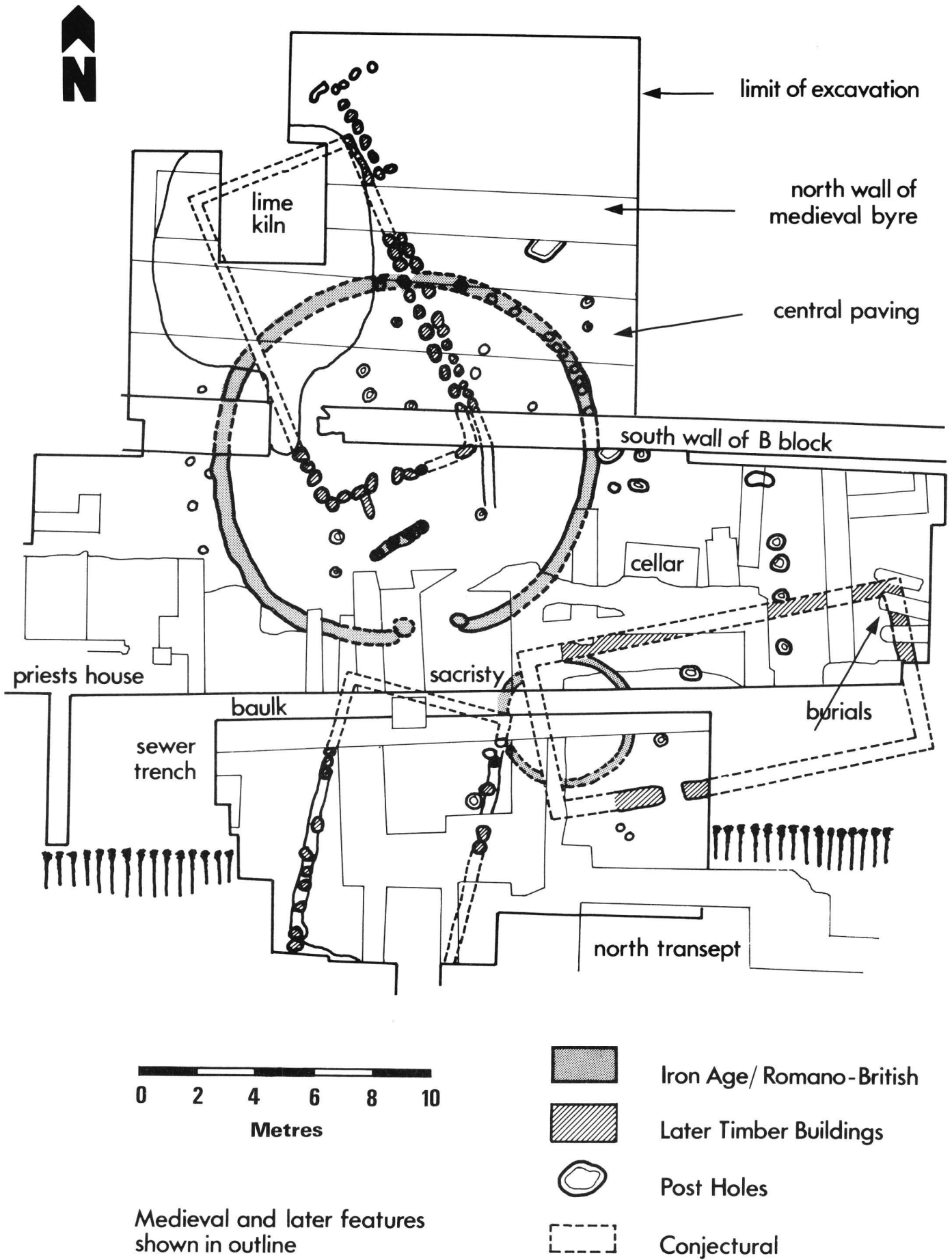
6.2 Axe-head, Doxford's shipyard.



7.1 Causeway camp, cursus and barrows, Hasting Hill.



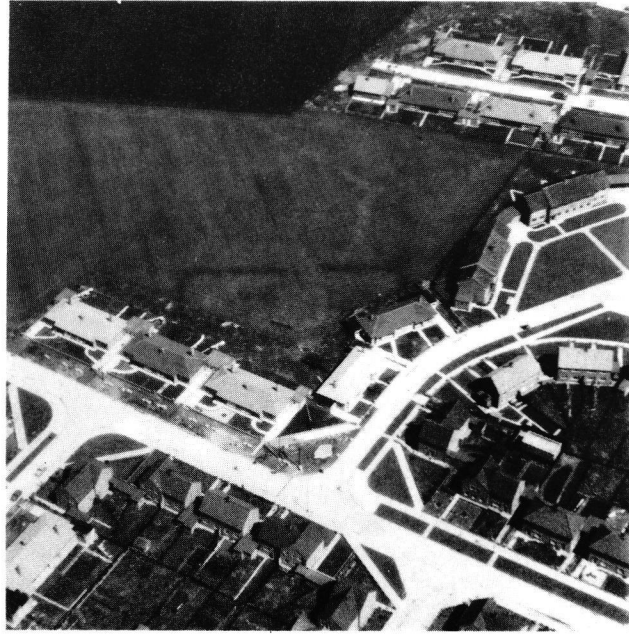
7.2 Causeway camp, cursus and barrows, Hasting Hill.



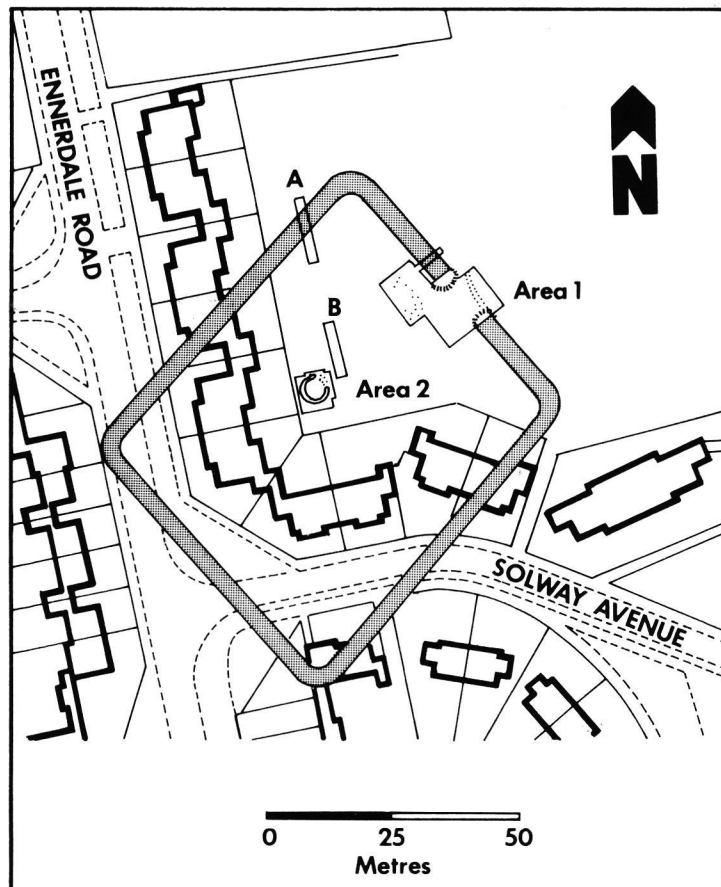
8.1 Native Settlement, Tynemouth.

# Plate 8





9.2 Rectilinear Enclosed Settlement, Marden.



9.3 Plan of Rectilinear Enclosed settlement, Marden.

# **Concordance Index by Common Name Classification**

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# Concordance index by common-name classification

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ITEM	15 NW	15 NE	16 NW	16 NE	16 SW	16 SE	25 NW	25 NE	26 NW	26 NE	26 SW	26 SE	27 SW	27 SE	34 NW	34 NE	35 NW	35 NE	35 SW	35 SE	36 NW	36 NE	36 SW	36 SE	37 NW	37 SW	37 SE	45 NW	45 SW	46 SW	Unproven- anced		
Antler Picks																			4	1.1													
Arrowheads				3,5	9.2,9.3	18						2							4.2,21		3,9.1,15		2.2		5					1,12			
Axe hammers	2			4	7.1,9.2				1			8,9	1,4				5,8,11	8,11					8					1			1		
Axehead: br'nze stone			1	2.2,6		5,10 14		1				7				4	1,2	18 5.1,6,7,9,29		12 3,8,16	7 3,5	5 2.2,7					1,2		2 3,5			3	
Axe shaft																							6										
Barrows/cairns	3			2	1,6	1,16	2									1,2			4.1,25	1	1.1,2,3,4, 7.3,9.2,10		1										
Beads						13.3																											
Bone harpoon																																2	
Cists				1,7	1,3,10	9,13.1,13.2, 13.3,13.4,17					1,2	2,3,10.1							1,26	1	4,5,7.1,10, 17	1,2	1		1						1		
Coin																																	2.1
Cropmark encl.	1			8	2	2,3,4	1,3					1,5	11	1,2,3,5	1-7	1		3,4,5	10		2				15	1	2,3,4		3	1			
Cup & ring m'rks					4,5,7.1,9.2																												
Daggers												4 Bronze																					
Earring														8																			
Flints				2.1,2.3	1.5,7,8,9	9,13.2,15		2,3,4	2	3,5	10.2	1,3				1,3	9,10,11,12	3.3,9.3,16, 17,22-24,27	2	1,3,6,13,14, 15,18,19	3,4	1.2,2,3,4,7, 8,9,13,14		6	1		4	1-6		1,3,5-11,13- 18			
Horse bit												13																					
Jet objects					7.1,9.2,9.3																												
Logboats			2				11					6,12,17						7,8															
Ploughmarks										4														8									
Pottery				1	3	6,7,8,9,13.1 13.3,13.4,17					1,2	2,3,4,10.1				1		1,2		1,3.1,4.1	1	1.1,5,7,10		15		1			1			2	
Quernstones												14,18,19	11																			1	
Rapier												15,16																					
Skel- : human etal				1,7	4,3	7,9,13.1-13- 4,17				2	10.1	5				1a-h	8	1,2-1-2-3,3, 19,20,25, 28,30	1,3	1.1,3,4,5,7-1, 7-2,10,11,17	1,2	1,12	1,7							1,4			
: animal																		2-3,3,30	3	1.1,11	6		6,11										
Spearheads				11 (Bronze)		12 (Bronze)		5 (Bronze)			11 (Bronze)	8 (Bronze)	4 (Bronze)																				
Swords												6,7,9,10																					

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# **Prehistoric Objects from the County of Tyne and Wear in Museums**

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# Prehistoric objects from the County of Tyne and Wear in museums

## British Museum

### Stone Axes

- |                           |   |             |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|
| 1. Millfield, Sunderland. | Perforated Stone Axe hammer.<br>B.M. Sturge colln. 1931.123 | NZ 35 NE 11 |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|

### Bronze Axes

- |              |  |            |
|--------------|--|------------|
| 1. Wallsend. | Flat Bronze axehead.<br>B.M. W.G. 1791 | NZ 36 NW 7 |
|--------------|--|------------|

### Daggers

- |  |                                 |            |
|--|---------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Kings Meadows Island,<br>Newcastle. | Bronze Dagger<br>B.M. W.G. 1681 | NZ 26 SW 1 |
|--|---------------------------------|------------|

### Rapiers

- |                           |                                   |             |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. River Tyne, Claxheugh. | Bronze Rapier<br>B.M. W.G. 2077   | NZ 35 NE 12 |
| 2. River Tyne, Newcastle. | Bronze Rapier.<br>B.M. W. G. 1682 | NZ 26 SW 15 |
| 3. River Tyne, Newcastle. | Bronze Rapier.<br>B.M. W.G. 1683  | NZ 26 SW 16 |

### Spearheads

- |   |                                     |             |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. North Bank, Kings Meadows,<br>Newcastle.   | Bronze Spearhead.<br>B.M. W.G. 1667 | NZ 26 SW 11 |
| 2. River Tyne, Nr. Tyne Bridge,<br>Newcastle. | Bronze Spearhead.<br>B.M. W.G. 1646 | NZ 26 SE 8  |

### Swords

- |                           |                                 |            |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| 1. River Tyne, Newcastle. | Bronze Sword.<br>B.M. W.G. 2271 | NZ 26 SE 7 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|

### Flint

- |                                      |                                      |                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Copt Hill,<br>Houghton-le-Spring. | Calcined flint<br>B.M. 1890.11.11.H7 | NZ 34 NE 1 (b) |
| 2. Copt Hill,<br>Houghton-le-Spring. | Calcined flint<br>B.M. 1890.11.11.H7 | NZ 34 NE 1 (c) |
| 3. Copt Hill,<br>Houghton-le-Spring. | Flint Scraper.<br>B.M. 1890.11.11.H7 | NZ 34 NE 1 (d) |
| 4. Trow Rocks.                       | Flint Knife.<br>B.M. W.G. 12.91469   | NZ 36 NE 1     |

## Gold

- |                |                                |            |
|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Dinnington. | Gold Ear-ring.<br>B.M. W.G. 22 | NZ 27 SE 8 |
|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|

## Pottery

- |                                   |   |                |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| 1. Copt Hill, Houghton-le-Spring. | Food Vessel Urn.<br>B.M. 1890.11.11.H7      | NZ 34 NE 1 (g) |
| 2. Crag Hall, Jesmond.            | Bipartite food vessel<br>B.M. 1852.10.1/2   | NZ 26 NE 1 (a) |
| 3. Crag Hall, Jesmond.            | Tripartite food vessel.<br>B.M. 1852.10.1/3 | NZ 26 NE 1 (b) |

## Skeletal Material

- |                                   |  |                        |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| 1. Copt Hill, Houghton-le-Spring. | Skeletal Remains.<br>B.M. 1890.11.11.H7  | NZ 34 NE 1<br>(a-f, h) |
| 2. Trow Rocks.                    | Skeletal Remains.<br>B.M. W.G. 12.9.1469 | NZ 36 NE 1             |

# Museum of Antiquities, University of Newcastle upon Tyne

## Stone Axes

- |  |  |                  |
|--|--|------------------|
| 1. Blackhall Mill.                           | Perforated Stone Axe-hammer.<br>MA 1973.3                  | NZ 15 NW 2       |
| 2. Burradon.                                 | Polished Stone Axe-head.<br>MZ 1979.23                     | NZ 27 SE 1.2     |
| 3. Earsdon.                                  | Polished Stone Axe-head.<br>MA 1932.89                     | NZ 37 SW 1       |
| 4. Nest House Estate, Felling.               | Perforated Stone Axe-hammer.<br>MA 1938.18                 | NZ 26 SE 4       |
| 5. Barras Bridge, Newcastle.                 | Perforated Stone Axe-hammer.<br>MA 1904.6                  | NZ 26 NW 1       |
| 6. Ryton-Clara Vale area.<br>Cocks site 14B. | Fragment of a Polished Stone<br>Axehead.<br>MA 1970.1A (c) | NZ 16 SW 9.3 (c) |
| 7. Throckley Fell.                           | Polished Stone Axe-head.<br>MA 1814.11                     | NZ 16 NW 1       |
| 8. Westerhope.                               | Polished Stone Axe-head.<br>MA 1926.16                     | NZ 16 NE 6       |
| 9. Whickham.                                 | Polished Stone Axe-head.<br>MA 1917.4                      | NZ 26 SW 7       |
| 10. Whaggs Estate, Whickham.                 | Perforated Stone Axe-hammer.<br>MA 1899.2                  | NZ 26 SW 8       |

## Worked Bone

- |                     |                                   |            |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Whitburn.        | Deerhorn harpoon.<br>MA 1968.14.A | NZ 46 SW 2 |
| 2. Wellington Quay. | Deerhorn Axe-handle.<br>MA 1934.7 | NZ 36 NW 6 |

### **Bronze Axes**

- |                         |  |             |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|
| 1. Stargate, Blaydon.   | Flat Bronze Axe-head.<br>MA 1952.4         | NZ 16 SE 5  |
| 2. River Tyne, Newburn. | Bronze socketed Axe-head.<br>MA 1899.12.60 | NZ 16 SE 10 |

### **Spearheads**

- |                         |                                   |             |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. River Tyne, Blaydon. | Bronze Spearhead.<br>MA 1884-7-67 | NZ 16 SE 12 |
| 2. Wideopen.            | Bronze Spearhead.<br>MA 1960.6    | NZ 27 SW 4  |

### **Swords**

- |                               |                             |             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 1. River Tyne, Newcastle.     | Bronze Sword.<br>MA 1923.9  | NZ 26 SE 6  |
| 2. River Tyne, Newcastle.     | Bronze Sword.<br>MA 1886.23 | NZ 26 SE 9  |
| 3. River Tyne, South Shields. | Bronze Sword.<br>MA 1929.67 | NZ 36 NE 10 |

### **Coins**

- |                             |   |              |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|
| 1. The Lawe, South Shields. | Small coin of Tasciovanus.<br>MA 1956.162.A | NZ 36 NE 2.1 |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|

### **Cup and Ring Stones**

- |           |  |            |
|-----------|--|------------|
| 1. Ryton. | Cup and Ring marked stone.<br>MA 1934.33 | NZ 16 SW 4 |
|-----------|--|------------|

### **Flint**

- |  |   |              |
|--|---|--------------|
| 1. Barmoor, Ryton Woodside area.<br>Cocks site 4A. | Flint Chip.<br>MA 1958.8                            | NZ 16 SW 7.3 |
| 2. Barmoor, Ryton Woodside area.<br>Cocks site 4A. | Two arrow-heads.<br>MA 1958.9                       | NZ 16 SW 7.3 |
| 3. Barmoor, Ryton Woodside area.<br>Cocks site 11. | Two flint knives, one arrow head.<br>MA 1970.1A (E) | NZ 16 SW 7.6 |
| 4. Benton, Newcastle.                              | Flake.<br>MA 1981.2                                 | NZ           |
| 5. Stargate, Blaydon.                              | Flint Knife.<br>MA 1958.7A                          | NZ 16 SE 15  |
| 6. West Denton.                                    | Tanged Arrowhead.<br>MA 1961.4                      | NZ 16 NE 5   |

7. Dewley Law.	Over four dozen flints. MA 1935.22. 1-6	NZ 16 NE 2.1
8. Gosforth.	Flint Flake. MA 1958.5	NZ 26 NW 2
9. Jesmond.	Four flint fragments. MA 1956.310A	NZ 26 NE 3
10. Newcastle.	Two calcined flints. MA 1972.39	NZ 26 SE 1
11. Newcastle.	Flint Arrowhead. MA 1960.5	NZ 26 SE 2
12. Newcastle.	Flint Saw. MA 1933.35	NZ 26 SE 3
13. Ryton Clara Vale area. Cocks site 14A	Fragment of a flint axe-head. MA 1970.1A (c)	NZ 16 SW 9.2 (f)
14. South Shields.	Flint Spearhead. MA 1923.12	NZ 36 NE 3
15. Dewley Farm, Throckley.	Hollow-based flint Arrowhead. MA 1978.30	NZ 16 NE 14
16. Westerhope.	Flint Knife. MA 1956.137.A	NZ 16 NE 12
17. Chapel Park, Westerhope.	Barbed and tanged Arrowhead. MA 1974.7	NZ 16 NE 3

### **Jet or Shale**

1. The Lawe, South Shields.	V-Perforated Button. MA 1956.126.98A (1)	NZ 36 NE 2.3
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### **Logboats**

1. River Tyne, Derwenthaugh.	Oak Logboat. MA 1912.20	NZ 26 SW 6
2. River Tyne, Ryton.	Oak Logboat. MA 1958.54.8H	NZ 16 NW 2

### **Pottery**

1. Summerhill, Blaydon.	Beaker. MA 1973.4	NZ 16 SE 13.1
2. Burradon.	Native Pottery sherds & Roman Carinated bowl. MA 1979.23	NZ 27 SE 1.1
3. Denton Hall.	Bipartite vessel. MA 1815.2	NZ 16 NE 1
4. Crag Hall, Jesmond.	Broken fragments of two vessels. MA 1844.38	NZ 26 NE 1
5. Villa Reale, Jesmond.	Food vessel. MA 1828.5	NZ 26 NE 2

6. Marden.	Rim sherd. MA 1979.22	NZ 37 SE 1
7. Elswick Road, Newcastle.	Food vessel. MA 1913.3A	NZ 26 SW 2
8. Sand Quarry, Ryton.	Enlarged food vessel. MA 1929.17	NZ 16 SE 8
9. Tynemouth.	Pottery fragments. MA 1979.22	NZ 36 NE 15

#### **Skeletal Material**

1. Bewes Hill.	Skeleton. MA 1972.34.H	NZ 16 SE 9
2. Denton Hall.	Fragmentary Bones. MA 1815.2	NZ 16 NE 1
3. West Denton Burn.	Fragment of Jaw & some teeth. MA 1936.14, 1936.22	NZ 16 NE 7
4. Villa Park, Jesmond.	Contracted adult inhumation. MA 1828.5	NZ 26 NE 2

#### **Wheels**

1. River Tyne, Ryton.	Wooden wheel. MA 1958.54.10H	NZ 16 NW 3
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## **Tyne and Wear Museums Service**

#### **Stone Axes**

1. ? Blaydon Area.	Polished stone axe-head. TWCMS F 2586	NZ 16 SE 14
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#### **Bronze**

1. Unprovenanced, Tyne & Wear.	Wing flanged axe-head.
--------------------------------	------------------------

#### **Pottery**

1. Sand Quarry, Axwell.	Beaker. TWCMS F 2579	NZ 16 SE 6
2. Sand Quarry, Axwell.	Food vessel. TWCMS F 2580	NZ 16 SE 7

## **Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle upon Tyne**

1. Kings Meadows, Newcastle.	Horse-bit. TWCMS F 2628	NZ 26 SW 13
2. Unprovenanced, Tyne & Wear.	Beaker.	

# South Shields Central Museum

## Bronze

- |                               |  |            |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|
| 1. Trow Rocks, South Shields. | Socketed Bronze Axehead.<br>TWCMS F 2613 | NZ 36 NE 5 |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|

## Flint

- |                             |   |              |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|
| 1. The Lawe, South Shields. | Arrowhead & 2 scrapers.<br>TWCMS F 2611   | NZ 36 NE 2.2 |
| 2. Wheatall Farm, Whitburn. | 6 flints including a barbed and<br>tanged arrowhead, knives and flakes.<br>TWCMS F 2622 | NZ 46 SW 1   |

# Sunderland Museum

## Antler

- |                                 |                                       |                  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Hasting Hill.                | Stag-antler pick.                     | NZ 35 SE 1.1 (g) |
| 2. Hasting Hill.                | Antler tine                           | NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i) |
| 3. Hasting Hill (400m west of). | Antler pick.<br>9.—1937, TWCMS F 2606 | NZ 35 SW 4       |

## Stone Axes

- |  |  |              |
|--|--|--------------|
| 1. Fulwell.  | Stone Axehead.<br>159.72; TWCMS F 2604               | NZ 35 NE 29  |
| 2. North Hylton.                                   | Perforated Stone Axehead.<br>47.1955.2; TWCMS F 2597 | NZ 35 NE 5.1 |
| 3. Roker Beach.                                    | Perforated Stone Axe-hammer.<br>221.74; TWCMS F 2618 | NZ 45 NW 1   |
| 4. Austin and Pickersgill<br>Shipyard, Sunderland. | Polished stone Axehead.<br>30.1789; TWCMS F 2598     | NZ 35 NE 7   |
| 5. Warden Law.                                     | Greenstone Axehead (now lost).<br>230-1964-4         | NZ 35 SE 3   |
| 6. Washington.                                     | Polished Stone Axehead.<br>151-1966; TWCMS F 2589    | NZ 35 NW 2   |

## Bone

- |                  |           |                  |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1. Hasting Hill. | Bone Pin. | NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i) |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|

## Bronze Swords

- |                        |                                     |             |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. River Wear, Hylton. | Bronze Sword.<br>1952; TWCMS F 2600 | NZ 35 NE 13 |
| 2. River Wear, Hylton. | Bronze Sword.<br>1928; TWCMS F 2629 | NZ 35 NE 14 |

## Flint

1. Summerhill, Blaydon.	Flint knife. L61 (7); TWCMS F 2583	NZ 16 SE 13.2
2. East Boldon.	Flint Arrowhead. 25.1789.0.1; TWCMS F 2617	NZ 36 SE 5
3. Dewley Law.	Mesolithic cores, blades and flakes. 230-1964/198; TWCMS F 2578	NZ 16 NE 2.1
4. Grindon Hill Quarry.	Two flint barb and tanged arrowheads. 32.1947; TWCMS F 2608	NZ 35 SE 9.1
5. Grindon Hill Quarry.	Flint blades, a core, a microburin and scrapers and large flint flake. 17.1789	NZ 35 SE 9.3
6. Hasting Hill.	3 flints. 50A.21.5	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (a)
7. Hasting Hill.	Flint Knife. 50.1921.5	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i)
8. Hasting Hill.	Flint saw & flake. 50-1921.5	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (j)
9. Hasting Hill.	Flint splinter. 50.1921.5	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (m)
10. Hasting Hill.	Flint flakes. 50-1921-5	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (n)
11. Humbleton Hill.	Four arrowheads. 25-1950; TWCMS F 2596	NZ 35 NE 4.2 (a & b)
12. North Hylton.	Scrapers, flakes & ? Pot Boilers. 20-1789 (182) 47-1955-3; TWCMS F 2592	NZ 35 NW 9
13. Seymour Farm, Hylton.	Two flint nodules. 20-1789 (384); TWCMS F 2593	NZ 35 NW/12
14. Marsden.	Small flint flake. 230.1964.206; TWCMS F 2626	NZ 46 SW 13
15. Marsden.	Small flake. 230.1964.204; TWCMS F 2627	NZ 46 SW 14
16. Marsden Island.	54 flint fragments. 150.1966. 1-54; TWCMS F 2624	NZ 46 SW 3.2
17. Marsden to Trow Rocks.	130 flakes, a hammerstone and core. 113.1964-2 (1-130); TWCMS F 2614	NZ 36 NE 8
18. School Garden, Marsden.	Barbed and tanged arrowhead. 19.1923; TWCMS F 2625	NZ 46 SW 12
19. Souter Point, Marsden.	55 flints including points and cores. 125.1965.1-41 & 33.1965; TWCMS F 2624	NZ 46 SW 11.1
20. Monkwearmouth.	Cores, blades, flakes & scrapers. 248.72; TWCMS F 2619	NZ 45 NW 4

21. Flinton Hill, Penshaw.	Flint scraper, & three flakes (now missing). 12-1789; TWCMS F 2608	NZ 35 SW 2
22. Sea Banks, Ryhope.	Flint flake. 230.1964.203; TWCMS F 2620	NZ 45 SW 1
23. Sheddons Hill.	421 Flint tools and chips. 10-1932-2 (1-98); TWCMS F 2587	NZ 25 NE 2
24. Frenchman's Point, South Shields.	Flint flake & chippings. TWCMS: F 2612	NZ 36 NE 4
25. Target Rock, South Shields.	Flint flake. 230-1964-207; TWCMS F 2615	NZ 36 NE 9
26. Bewes Hill, Stargate.	Small flint flake. L.6 (8); TWCMS F 2582	NZ 16 SE 9
27. Sunderland.	Flint scraper. 135-73; TWCMS F 2603	NZ 35 NE 24
28. Barnes Park, Sunderland.	Struck Flake. 16.1789; TWCMS F 2601	NZ 35 NE 17
29. Doxford Shipyard, Sunderland.	Flint Axehead. 24-1944; TWCMS F 2599	NZ 35 NE 9
30. Coast, Sunderland to Ryhope.	Three hundred and eighty two flints and associated pebbles. (Including cores, blades & scrapers.) TWCMS F 2621	NZ 45 SW 2
31. Warden Law.	Two leaf shaped arrowheads, knife or spearhead, blade and two flakes. 230-1964-4	NZ 35 SE 5 (a)
32. Warden Law.	Two scrapers. 230-1964-4	NZ 35 SE 5 (b)
33. Warden Law.	Flint flakes and cores. 230-1964-4	NZ 35 SE 5 (c)
34. Washington.	Flint Dagger. 1-1789; TWCMS F 2590	NZ 35 NW 6

#### **Iron**

1. Down Hill, West Boldon.	Iron Spearhead. 5.1911; TWCMS F 2616	NZ 36 SE 1
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#### **Logboat**

1. Offerton Haugh, Hylton.	Logboat. 2.1910; TWCMS F 2591	NZ 35 NW 8
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#### **Pottery**

1. Summerhill, Blaydon.	Food vessel. L. (61) 3; TWCMS F 2584	NZ 16 SE 13.3
2. Summerhill, Blaydon.	Beaker. L. (61) 11; TWCMS F 2585	NZ 16 SE 13.4



3. Down Hill, West Boldon.	Two food vessels & medieval sherds. 1.1911 1-4	NZ 36 SE 1
4. Hasting Hill.	Fragments of a food vessel and incense cup. 50.21.1	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (a)
5. Hasting Hill.	Food vessel urn.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (b)
6. Hasting Hill.	Food vessel. 50.1921-16	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (d)
7. Hasting Hill.	Food vessel fragment. 50-1921-12	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (e)
8. Hasting Hill.	Food vessel urn. BA. 1A	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (f)
9. Hasting Hill.	Beaker.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i)
10. Hasting Hill.	Tripartite food vessel. 50-1921.2	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (j)
11. Hasting Hill.	Part of the rim, food vessel. 50.1921-7	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (l)
12. Hasting Hill.	Food vessel.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (m)
13. Hasting Hill.	Semi-globular vessel, part of a Pigmy vessel & pottery fragments. 50.1921 8/9/10/11/15	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (n)
14. Humbledon Hill.	Two food vessel urns. 83.1789; TWCMS F 2594 & F 2595	NZ 35 NE 4.1 (a & b)
15. Bewes Hill, Stargate Farm.	Vessel. L.6 (2); TWCMS F2581	NZ 16 SE 9
16. Washing Well Farm, Whickham.	Food vessel urn. 9-1789; TWCMS F 2588	NZ 26 SW 10.1
17. Warden Law.	Food vessel urn. 1.1980	NZ 35 SE 5

#### **Skeletal Remains (human)**

1. Down Hill, West Boldon.	Inhumations. 1.1911. 1-4	NZ 36 SE 1
2. Grindon Hill Quarry.	Nine inhumations. TWCMS F 2609	NZ 35 SE 9.2
3. Hasting Hill.	Calcined bones.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (a)
4. Hasting Hill.	Calcined bone	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (b)
5. Hasting Hill.	Unenclosed cremation.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (c)
6. Hasting Hill.	Cremated adult.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (e)
7. Hasting Hill.	Fragmentary cremated bone.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (f)

8. Hasting Hill.	Cremation.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (h)
9. Hasting Hill.	Skeleton of adult male.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i)
10. Hasting Hill.	Skeleton of an adult.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (j)
11. Hasting Hill.	Female inhumation.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (k)
12. Hasting Hill.	Skeleton of a child.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (m)
13. Hasting Hill.	Bone scatters.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (n)
14. Humbleton Hill.	Two cremations. TWCMS; F 2594/2595	NZ 35 NE 4.1
15. Ryhope Cave.	Seven skeletons. 1.1936; TWCMS F 2610	NZ 35 SE 11
16. Doxford Shipyard, Sunderland.	Fragments of a human skull. 244.1974; TWCMS; F 2602	NZ 35 NE 19
17. Warden Law.	Remains of two skeletons. 230-1964-4	NZ 35 SE 3
18. Warden Law.	Cremated remains of a child. 1.1980	NZ 35 SE 5
19. Washingwell Farm, Whickham.	Cremation. 9-1789; TWCMS; F 2588	NZ 26 SW 10.1

#### **Skeletal Remains (animal)**

1. Hasting Hill.	Sheeps Molar. 50.1921.6	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (e)
2. Hasting Hill.	Fish, bird and mamalian bones. 50.1921.4	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i)
3. Hasting Hill.	Calcined molar of an ox. 50.1921.6	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (m)
4. Hasting Hill.	Teeth of horse and ox. 50.1921.6	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (n)
5. Ryhope Cave.	Bones of goat, ox, pig and sheep. 1.1936, TWCMS; F 2610	NZ 35 SE 11

#### **Shells**

1. Fulwell Quarry.	Letter referring to discovery of a shell midden. 26-1789	NZ 35 NE 3.4
2. Hasting Hill.	Four or five periwinkle shells.	NZ 35 SE 1.1 (i)

## **Craven Museum, Skipton**

#### **Bronze Spearhead**

1. Birtley Clay Pits.	Spearhead. D 1942.9	NZ 25 NE 5
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## **Flints.**

1. Grindon Hill.	Flint blades & Scrapers. D 1942.100	NZ 35 SE 9.3
2. Hasting Hill.	Three flints. D 1942.89	NZ 35 SE 1.3
3. High Haining.	Flakes and Scrapers. D 1942.15	NZ 35 SE 19
4. Hylton Castle.	Two flints. D 1942.98	NZ 35 NE 16.3
5. Marsden.	Two flints. D 1942.83	NZ 46 SW 18
6. Marsden Island.	Scraper & Flakes. D 1942.74	NZ 46 SW 3.3
7. Marsden New Road.	Scrapers cores & flakes.	NZ 46 SW 17
8. Ryhope Dene.	3 flakes. D 1942.79	NZ 45 NW 6
9. Tunstall.	Two flints. D 1942.88	NZ 35 SE 18
10. Velvet Island, Marsden Bay.	Flint flakes. D 1942.99	NZ 36 NE 13.2
11. Warden Law.	Flakes and microliths. D 1942.66	NZ 35 SE 6

## **Dorman Museum, Middlesborough**

1. Washington.	Flint Microlith.	NZ 35 NW 11
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## **Durham Fulling Mill, Durham**

1. Marsden Island.	7 flints, including a core & scraper. MQ	NZ 46 SW 3.1
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## **Hancock Museum, Newcastle upon Tyne**

1. Summerhill, Blaydon.	Cist burial and skeletal remains. 27-1930	NZ 16 SE 13.1
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Back cover : Trechmann and team standing over the primary cist at  
Hastings Hill, Sunderland, November 1911.

