COBLEY TRANSPORT SOAR MILL DEPOT BROUGHTON ROAD STONEY STANTON LEICESTERSHIRE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FIELD EVALUATION







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Project: CS1997 Accession Number: X.A55.2015 OASIS ref.: albionar1-211592

Document: 2015/166 Version 1.1 23rd January 2015

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Prepared for: Landmark Planning Ltd

On behalf of Mr P Cobley Cobley Transport Ltd

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Preface

Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to provide as complete a summary as possible within the terms of the method statement. All statements and opinions in this document are offered in good faith. Albion Archaeology cannot accept responsibility for errors of fact or opinion resulting from data supplied by a third party, or for any loss or other consequence arising from decisions or actions made upon the basis of facts or opinions expressed in this document.

Acknowledgements

The project was monitored on behalf of the Local Planning Authority by Teresa Hawtin (Senior Planning Archaeologist) and Richard Clark (Principal Archaeologist). The fieldwork was undertaken by Kathy Pilkinton (Archaeological Supervisor) and Heather White (Archaeological Technician). This report has been prepared by Kathy Pilkinton. The figures have been produced by Joan Lightning (CAD Technician). All Albion projects are under the overall management of Drew Shotliff (Operations Manager).

Albion Archaeology St Mary's Church St Mary's Street Bedford, MK42 0AS The content of the conten

Version History

Version	Issue date	Reason for re-issue
1.0	04/11/2015	n/a
1.1	23/02/2016	Amendments requested by Teresa Hawtin, LCCA

Key terms

The following terms or abbreviations are used throughout this report:

CIfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
HER	Leicestershire and Rutland Historic Environment Record
LCCA	Leicestershire County Council Archaeologist
PDA	Proposed development area
WSI	Written Scheme of Investigation

Non-Technical Summary

Planning permission (13/0335/1/PX) was granted by Blaby District Council for the redevelopment and enlargement of the Cobleys Transport Depot at Broughton Road, Stoney Stanton, Leicestershire to include new vehicular access, parking and associated landscaping.

As the site is located in an area with the potential to contain archaeological heritage assets a condition (no. 22) was attached to the planning permission requiring that no demolition or development take place until a programme of archaeological work comprising trial trenching followed by appropriate mitigation had been carried out.

The site lies at the junction of Broughton Road and Coventry Road (B4114) to the southeast of Stoney Stanton in Leicestershire. It comprises an area of c. 4ha, centred on grid reference SP 5074/9385. The south-eastern 0.5ha of the site was occupied by the existing transport depot buildings; the larger 3.5ha area to the north-west comprised a field that was under pasture at the time of the fieldwork.

The archaeological background to the site was presented in a heritage asset assessment. A detailed magnetometer survey of the north-west field identified no features of probable archaeological origin.

The trial trenching took place between 13th and 19th October 2015. It comprised the excavation of twenty-three 1.8m-wide trenches. Trenches 1–21 in the north- west field were 30m long. Trench 23 was 20m long and Trench 22 was shortened to 11m to fit within the un-concreted area of the car park

The area of the current transport depot (Trenches 22 and 23) revealed modern material to a depth of c. 0.8m, overlying undated alluvial deposits probably associated with the seasonal flooding of the fields along the valley bottom. The depth of the modern overburden and the nature of the deposits below suggest no archaeological remains would be disturbed by the proposed development of the current depot site.

The only sub-surface remains identified within the north-west field (Trenches 1-21) were the remains of strip field cultivation in the form of NW-SE aligned furrows and a small area of modern truncation. Strip field cultivation is not uncommon in Leicestershire and indicates that this area was part of the open field system in the medieval period. The location and recognition of the open field system in Leicestershire contributes to our understanding of the landscape in the medieval period. Ridge and furrow earthworks are an important element in understanding the character of that landscape (Knight, Vyner and Allen, 2012). However, the remains within the site are themselves of limited archaeological significance.

The results of the trial trenching suggest that no remains of archaeological significance would be impacted by the proposed development.



1.1 Project Background

Planning permission (13/0335/1/PX) was granted by Blaby District Council for the redevelopment and enlargement of the Cobley Transport Soar Mill Depot at Broughton Road, Stoney Stanton to include new vehicular access, parking and associated landscaping.

As the site is located in an area with the potential to contain archaeological heritage assets a condition (no. 22) was attached to the planning permission requiring that no demolition or development take place until a programme of archaeological work comprising trial trenching followed by appropriate mitigation had been carried out. This was in accordance with recommendations provided by the Leicestershire County Council Archaeologist (LCCA), who advises Blaby District Council, and paragraph 128 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The results of the trial trenching detailed below will inform further decisions with regard to the archaeology of the site and the formulation of a mitigation strategy to safeguard any archaeological remains, if appropriate.

1.2 Site Location and Description

The site lies at the junction of Broughton Road and Coventry Road (B4114) to the south-east of Stoney Stanton in Leicestershire. It comprises an area of c. 4ha, centred on grid reference SP 5074/9385 (Figure 1). The south-east 0.5ha of the site was occupied by the existing transport depot buildings, whilst the larger 3.5ha area to the north-west comprised a field that was under pasture at the time of the fieldwork.

The land rises gently to the north-west at a height of c. 70m OD. The underlying geology comprises Thrussington Member Diamicton and River Terrace Deposits 2 Sand and Gravel over bedrock of the Mercia Mudstone Group¹.

1.3 Archaeological Background

1.3.1 Heritage asset assessment

A heritage asset assessment for the development site was prepared on behalf of the client in 2012 (Albion Archaeology 2012). The assessment identified low potential for the presence of archaeological heritage assets from the prehistoric, Saxon, medieval, post-medieval and modern periods. The potential for the presence of Roman heritage assets was considered to be moderate due to the close proximity of the Fosse Way. This assessment was based on the evidence detailed below.

Thirteen records in the HER within 500m of the proposed development area (PDA) provide evidence of human activity dating to the prehistoric, Roman, medieval, post-medieval and modern periods.

¹ Contains British Geological Survey material © NERC [2015]

Cobley Transport Soar Mill Depot, Broughton Road, Stoney Stanton, Leicestershire: Archaeological Field Evaluation

The terraces overlooking the River Soar to the east of the PDA are likely to have presented a favourable settlement location during the prehistoric period. The site of a burnt mound of possible Bronze Age date (MLE9634) was identified during an archaeological evaluation adjacent to the River Soar, c. 200m to the north-east of the PDA. An area of burnt tree boles (MLE10597), recorded nearby, are possible evidence of ancient land clearance. Other prehistoric heritage assets comprise a scatter of worked flints of early Neolithic to late Bronze Age date (MLE7393) located c. 500m to the west of the PDA and a middle Bronze Age axe (MLE10303) found c. 380m to the south-west.

The PDA lies immediately to the west of the course of a major Roman road, known as the Fosse Way (MLE1380). On its route between Lincoln, Cirencester and Exeter it passed the Roman town of Ratae Corieltauvorum (modern Leicester), c. 12.5km to the north-east of the PDA and the Roman fort or settlement, Venonis, located at the crossroads with Roman Watling Street (the modern A5), c. 6km to the south-west.

The passing traffic using the Fosse Way is likely to have made it a focus for settlement; probable settlement remains in the form of a circular structure associated with a larger structure (MLE9656) were identified during an archaeological evaluation located c. 350m to the east of the PDA. Though undated, a ditch recorded nearby is thought to possibly be of Roman date (MLE10598) due to its similarities with a ditch at MLE9656. The only other Roman heritage asset recorded within the study area is an early Roman coin (MLE7819) found c. 80m to the south-east of the PDA in the location of the projected course of the Fosse Way.

Stoney Stanton and the nearby village of Sapcote are referred to in the Domesday survey of Leicestershire in 1086. The nearby village of Croft is first recorded in 836 and its granite quarry may have been in use at this time. These early historic records attest to the occupation and agricultural use of the land in this area during the Saxon and medieval periods.

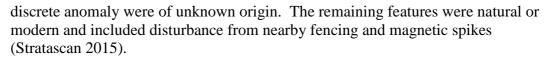
Recorded heritage assets comprise Sutton Hill Bridge (MLE65), located c. 320m to the north-east of the PDA and find spots of a bell (MLE9803), located c. 70m to the north-east, and of pottery of early Saxon to late medieval date (MLE10130), located c. 500m to the north-east. The latter was found close to various ditches and other possible features of unknown date (MLE10130).

Post-medieval and modern heritage assets comprise the Soar Mill (MLE1308), a former water mill dating back to at least the 17th century, located c. 80m to the south-east of the PDA and the Grade II listed 18th-century Stanton Lodge farmhouse and adjoining outbuilding (MLE11952), located c. 200m to the west.

1.3.2 **Geophysical survey**

A detailed magnetometer survey was carried out to assist with the archaeological evaluation of the site and help position trial trenches (Appendix 3).

No features of probable archaeological origin were identified, despite the potential for Romano-British, Anglo-Saxon and medieval remains. A linear anomaly and a



1.4 Project Objectives

The principal purpose of the evaluation was to gather information on possible sub-surface archaeological heritage assets at the site. The archaeological trial trenching endeavoured to determine:

- the date, nature, and extent of any archaeological remains present at the site;
- the integrity and state of preservation of any archaeological features or deposits present at the site;
- the relationship of any remains found to the surrounding contemporary landscapes;
- the potential of any palaeo-environmental remains to determine local environmental conditions.

2. METHODOLOGY

The methodological approach to the project is summarised below. A full methodology is provided in the WSI (Albion Archaeology 2015).

2.1 Methodological Standards

The standards and requirements set out in the following documents were adhered to throughout the project:

Albion Archaeology	Procedures Manual: Volume 1 Fieldwork (2nd edn, 2001)
	Charter and by-Law; Code of conduct (2014)
• CIfA	Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation (2014)
	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation,
	<i>conservation and research of archaeological materials</i> (2014)
	Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)PPN3: Archaeological Excavation (2015)
• Historic England	<i>Environmental Archaeology: A guide to the theory and practice of methods, from sampling and recovery to post-excavation. 2nd ed.</i> (2011)
• Leicester County Council (LCC)	The Transfer of Archaeological Archives to Leicestershire County Council Museum Collections (2014)

The project archive will be deposited at Leicestershire Museums (Accession number: X.A55.2015). Details of the project and its findings will be submitted to the OASIS database (reference no.: albionar1-211592) in accordance with the guidelines issued by English Heritage and the Archaeology Data Service.

2.2 Trial Trenching

The trial trenching took place between 13th and 19th October 2015. It comprised the excavation of twenty-three 1.8m-wide trenches. Trenches 1–21 in the north-west field were 30m long. Trench 23 was 20m long and Trench 22 was shortened to 11m to fit within the un-concreted area of the car park.

The trenches were positioned to achieve an even coverage of the north-west field in areas where no geophysical anomalies were identified. Trenches 3, 14, 17 and 18 were targeted on the limited results of the geophysical survey (Section 1.3.2).

The trenches were opened by a mechanical excavator fitted with a flat-edged bucket, operated by an experienced driver under close archaeological supervision. All excavation and recording was carried out by experienced Albion staff with external specialists consulted as necessary. Any potential archaeological features were investigated by hand and recorded using Albion Archaeology's pro forma sheets. The trenches were subsequently drawn and photographed as appropriate.

3. **RESULTS**

3.1 Features and Deposits

All deposits revealed within the trial trenches are summarised below and shown on Figure 2. Context numbers in square brackets refer to the cuts [***] and round brackets to fills or layers (***). Detailed information is provided within Appendix 1.

3.1.1 Overburden and geological deposits

Topsoil in Trenches 1-21 comprised dark red-brown sandy silt with occasional stones. It was 0.2-0.3 m thick.

Subsoil in Trenches 1–21 comprised compact mid red-brown clayey sand. It was 0.1-0.25 m thick.

The underlying geological deposits comprised mid orange-grey sandy clay with moderate small-medium stones. A lighter mid yellow-grey clay was revealed at c. 1.5m below ground level (BGL) within exploratory machine sondages in Trenches 22 and 23. An apparent geological variation (304) may account for the anomaly present on the geophysical survey in Trench 3 (Figure 2).

3.1.2 Modern disturbance

Modern make-up and levelling layers were present in Trenches 22 and 23 to a depth of c. 0.8m BGL and were consistent across both trenches (Figure 3). The hardcore surface of the car park overlay a thick layer of pinkish hardcore c. 0.3m thick. Beneath this, layer (2203/2303) comprised dark grey-black silty clay with frequent modern rubble inclusions, largely brick and broken concrete.

In the north-west field a large, partially visible feature [1803] corresponds to an area of disturbance on the geophysical survey. It measured up to 0.5m deep at the south-east end of the trench and contained re-deposited geological clay and brick fragments.

3.1.3 Alluvial layer

Trenches 22 and 23 revealed a layer of grey sandy silt with a seemingly organic content beneath the modern make-up layers. This overlay the geological clay deposits and was at least 0.7m thick. Processing of the soil sample taken from this layer (2303) revealed fine sediment indicating the possible former presence of slow-moving water. The organic content is from decaying plant matter and some preserved seeds sealed by the modern layers above. No charcoal or dating evidence was recovered from the sample, suggesting the deposit to be of natural origin with limited archaeological potential.

Despite the proximity of The Soar Mill and its associated water channels east of Coventry Road (B1441), first and second edition OS maps show no evidence of former channels or ponds within the PDA (Albion Archaeology 2015). The land within the PDA falls steadily to the south-east (see Section 1.2). The extensive modern make-up layers present in Trenches 22 and 23 suggest that this fall was more pronounced prior to the construction of the Cobley Transport Depot. The



area of low-lying land may have been water meadows prone to seasonal flooding resulting in the deposition of the alluvial layer.

3.1.4 Medieval cultivation

Evidence for medieval strip field cultivation in the form of furrows was present in the majority of the trenches in the north-west field. The furrows were aligned NW-SE; they were generally 0.5–1.5m wide and spaced 5–7m apart. The limited depth of up to 0.1m and partial visibility in some trenches suggests that the thick subsoil contained most of the furrow depth leaving little impact in the underlying geological deposits. The furrows were also visible on the surface of the field.



The area of the current transport depot (Trenches 22 and 23) revealed modern material to a depth of c. 0.8m, overlying undated alluvial deposits probably associated with the seasonal flooding of the fields along the valley bottom. The depth of the modern overburden and the nature of the deposits below suggest no archaeological remains would be disturbed by the proposed development to the current depot site.

The only sub-surface remains identified within the north-west field (Trenches 1–21) were the remains of strip field cultivation in the form of NW-SE aligned furrows and a small area of modern truncation.

Strip field cultivation is not uncommon in Leicestershire and indicates that this area was part of the open field system in the medieval period. The location and recognition of the open field system in Leicestershire contributes to our understanding of the landscape in the medieval period. Ridge and furrow earthworks are an important element in understanding the character of that landscape (Knight, Vyner and Allen, 2012, 104). However, the remains within the site are themselves of limited archaeological significance.

The modern rubble identified in Trench 18 may represent the filling of a hollow, either for landscaping and levelling of the field or the disposal of modern material.

The results of the trial trenching suggest that no remains of archaeological significance would be impacted by the proposed development.

5. **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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6. APPENDIX 1: TRENCH SUMMARIES

Trench:	1					
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width:	1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.35 m.	Max: 0.4 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting: 50584: Northing: 93894)			
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP		(Easting	g: 50584: Northing: 93864)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on p	a geophysics			

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds	Present:
100	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.2m		
101	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m		
102	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
103	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
104	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

Trench:	2					
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.45 m.	Max: 0.45 m.	
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	(Easting: 50609: Northing: 93924)		
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	(Easting: 50609: Northing: 93894)		
Reason:	Test blan	k area on g	geophysics			

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pr	esent:
200	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m	\checkmark	
201	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	\checkmark	
202	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
203	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
204	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

Trench:	3					
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.45 m.	Max: 0.5 m.	
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	(Easting: 50636: Northing: 93934)		
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	g: 50652: Northing: 93909)		
Reason:	Test ano	maly on ge	ophysics			

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pres	ent:
300	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m	\checkmark	
301	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	\checkmark	
302	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
303	Natural	Firm, mid brownish grey, sandy clay with orange sandy patches. Moderate small - medium stones.		



Trench:	4				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m.	Max: 0.45 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin		
			(Eastin		
Reason:	Test blan	ik area on	geophysics		

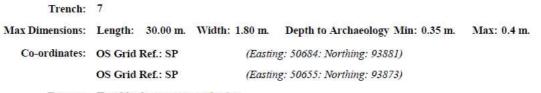
Context:	Type:	Type: Description:		Excavated: Finds Present:		
400	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m				
401	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m				
402	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.				
403	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave				
404	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.				

Trench:	5				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m.	Max: 0.55 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	g: 50663: Northing: 93955)	
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	g: 50684: Northing: 93933)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on ş	geophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present	ıt:
500	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness:0.3m		
501	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.25m		
502	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
503	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
504	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

Trench:	6				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.35 m.	Max: 0.4 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Easting	g: 50697: Northing: 93916)	
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Easting: 50670: Northing: 93902)		
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on g	geophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds F	Present:
600	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark	
601	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.1m	\checkmark	
602	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
603	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
604	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		



Reason: Test blank area on geophysics

Context:	Type:	Type: Description:		Excavated: Finds Present:		
700	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark			
701	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.1m				
702	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.				
703	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave				
704	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.				

Trench:	8				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m.	Max: 0.5 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	g: 50641: Northing: 93890)	
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	g: 50616: Northing: 93873)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on ş	geophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present	
800	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark	
801	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness:0.2m	\checkmark	
802	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
803	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
804	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

Trench:	9				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.3 m.	Max: 0.35 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	g: 50643: Northing: 93842)	
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Easting: 50613: Northing: 93845)		
Reason:	Test blan	k area on g	geophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Preser	nt:
900	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.2m		
901	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	\checkmark	
902	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
903	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
904	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

	Trench:	10		
Max Dimensions:		Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.3	5 m. Max: 0	.4 m.
Co-	-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50676: Northing: 93856)		
		OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50659: Northing: 93831)		
	Reason:	Test blank area on geophysics		
Context:	Type:	Description: Ex	cavated: Finds	Present
1000	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark	
1001	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	\checkmark	
1002	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
	ivatur ar			
1003	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
1004 Max Di	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4		.45 m.
1004 Max Di	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		.45 m.
	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93915)		.45 m.
1004 Max Di	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions: ordinates: Reason:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93915) Test blank area on geophysics		
1004 Max Di Co-	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions: ordinates: Reason:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93915) Test blank area on geophysics	5 m. Max: 0	
1004 Max Di Co- Context:	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions: -ordinates: Reason: Type:	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93915) Test blank area on geophysics Description: Ex Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones.	5 m. Max: 0	
1004 Max Di Co- Context: 1100	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions: -ordinates: Reason: Type: Topsoil	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93912) Test blank area on geophysics Description: Ex Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand.	5 m. Max: 0 cavated: Finds	
Max Di Co- Context:	Furrow Fill Trench: imensions: ordinates: Reason: Type: Topsoil Subsoil	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 11 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50751: Northing: 93912) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50721: Northing: 93912) Test blank area on geophysics Description: Ex Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	5 m. Max: 0	

 Max Dimensions:
 Length:
 30.00 m.
 Width:
 1.80 m.
 Depth to Archaeology Min:
 0.45 m.
 Max:
 0.45 m.

 Co-ordinates:
 OS Grid Ref.: SP
 (Easting: 50716: Northing: 93887)
 OS Grid Ref.: SP
 (Easting: 50741: Northing: 93872)

 Reason:
 Test blank area on geophysics

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pres	ent:
1200	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m	\checkmark	
1201	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m	V	
1202	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
1203	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
1204	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

_

1404

Fill

Trench:	13					
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.35 m.	Max: 0.35 m.	
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Easting	(Easting: 50743: Northing: 93843)		
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting	g: 50714: Northing: 93849)		
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on g	geophysics			

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pr	esent:
1300	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark	
1301	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.1m	\checkmark	
1302	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		

	Trench:	14						
Max D	imensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min:	0.48 m.	Max: 0.48 1	n.
Co	ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting	g: 50697: Northing: 93835)			
		OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting	g: 50692: Northing: 93806)			
	Reason:	Test ano	maly on geo	ophysics				
Context:	Type:	Γ	Description:			Excavate	d: Finds Pre	sent:
1400		Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.28m						
1400	Topsoil				ccasional small stones.		✓	
1401	Topsoil Subsoil	Tì	hickness: 0.281	m ed brown, clayey sand.	ccasional small stones.		✓ ✓	
		Tì Ca Tì	hickness: 0.281 ompact, mid re hickness: 0.2m	m ed brown, clayey sand. 1	ccasional small stones. derate small - medium stones.			

Trench:	15				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m.	Max: 0.4 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	g: 50759: Northing: 93897)	
	OS Grid Ref.: SP		(Eastin	g: 50781: Northing: 93876)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on ş	geophysics		

Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pro	esent:
1500	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness:0.3m	V	
1501	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness:0.1m		
1502	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
1503	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
1504	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		

	Turnelle	16		
	Trench:			
Max D	imensions:	Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.54	4 m. Max: ().5 m.
Co	-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50765: Northing: 93861)		
		OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50763: Northing: 93831)		
	Reason:	Test blank area on geophysics		
Context:	Type:	Description: Exc	cavated: Finds	Present:
1600	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	✓	
1601	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.2m	>	
1602	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
1603	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave		
	1 uniow		_	
1604	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.		
	Fill Trench:	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.).48 m.
Max D	Fill Trench: Vimensions:	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.	 □ 8 m. Max: ().48 m.
	Fill Trench: Vimensions:	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38).48 m.
Max D	Fill Trench: Vimensions:	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788)).48 m.
Max D	Fill Trench: Dimensions: -ordinates: Reason:	17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788) Test anomaly on geophysics	B m. Max: (
Max D Co	Fill Trench: Dimensions: -ordinates: Reason:	17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788) Test anomaly on geophysics		
Max D Co Context:	Fill Trench: bimensions: -ordinates: Reason: Type:	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788) Test anomaly on geophysics Description: Exc Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones.	cavated: Finds	
Max D Co Context: 1700	Fill Trench: bimensions: -ordinates: Reason: Type: Topsoil	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788) Test anomaly on geophysics Description: Example, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.28m Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand.	cavated: Finds	
Max D Co Context: 1700	Fill Trench: imensions: -ordinates: Reason: Type: Topsoil Subsoil	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones. 17 Length: 30.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50733: Northing: 93817) OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50725: Northing: 93788) Test anomaly on geophysics Exc Priable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.28m Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.2m	cavated: Finds	

|--|

 Max Dimensions:
 Length:
 30.00 m.
 Width:
 1.80 m.
 Depth to Archaeology Min:
 0.45 m.
 Max:
 0.7 m.

 Co-ordinates:
 OS Grid Ref.:
 SP
 (Easting: 50757: Northing: 93791)
 OS Grid Ref.:
 SP
 (Easting: 50778: Northing: 93769)

 Reason:
 Test anomaly on geophysics
 Test anomaly on geophysics
 Test anomaly on geophysics

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pres	
1800	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m	\checkmark	
1801	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.2m	✓	
1802	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		
1803	Modern intrusion	dimensions: min breadth 1.8m, min depth 0.5m, min length 4.m Only partially visible in trench.	\checkmark	
1804	Fill	Thickness: 0.5m	\checkmark	

Trench:	19				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m.	Max: 0.4 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	g: 50796: Northing: 93808)	
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	g: 50766: Northing: 93808)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on g	geophysics		

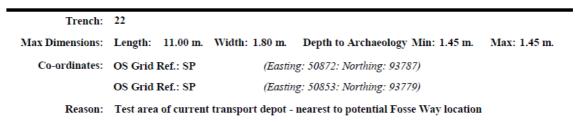
Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pre	esent:
1900	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.25m		
1901	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m		
1902	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		

Trench:	20				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 m.	Max: 0.45 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	ng: 50796: Northing: 93860)	
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Eastin	ng: 50789: Northing: 93830)	
Reason:	Test blan	ık area on g	geophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:		
2000	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.28m	\checkmark		
2001	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.15m			
2002	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.			
2003	Furrow	Linear, aligned NW - SE. Base: concave Sides: concave			
2004	Fill	Friable, mid orange brown, sandy clay. Occasional smal - medium stones.			

Trench:	21				
Max Dimensions:	Length:	30.00 m.	Width: 1.80 m.	Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.45 m.	Max: 0.5 m.
Co-ordinates:	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting	g: 50821: Northing: 93876)	
	OS Grid	Ref.: SP	(Easting	g: 50792: Northing: 93883)	
Reason:	Test ano	maly on geo	ophysics		

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds P	resent:
2100	Topsoil	Friable, dark red brown, sandy silt. Occasional small stones. Thickness: 0.3m		
2101	Subsoil	Compact, mid red brown, clayey sand. Thickness: 0.2m	✓	
2102	Natural	Firm, mid orange grey, sandy clay. Moderate small - medium stones.		



Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pi	resent:
2200	Surface	Compact mid pinkish grey hardcore Thickness: 0.08m	\checkmark	
2201	Levelling layer	Compact light pinkish brown hardcore Thickness: 0.35m	\checkmark	
2202	Make up layer	Loose dark grey black clay silt frequent small-large CBM Thickness: 0.45	n 🗸	
2203	Alluvium	Friable mid grey silty sand occasional flecks charcoal, occasional small sto	nes 🗸	
2204	Natural	Plastic mid yellow grey sandy clay		

	Trench:	23			
Max Dimensions:		Length: 20.00 m. Width: 1.80 m. Depth to Archaeology Min:		Max: 1.5 m.	
Co	-ordinates:	OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50903: Northing: 93835)			
		OS Grid Ref.: SP (Easting: 50884: Northing: 93842)			
	Reason:	Test area of current transport depot - nearest to potential Fosse W	ay location	Î.	
Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavat	ed: Finds Present:	
2300	Surface	Compact mid pinkish grey hardcore Thickness: 0.08m			
2301	Levelling lay	er Compact light pinkish brown hardcore Thickness: 0.32m			
2302	Make up lay	er Loose dark grey black silty clay frequent small-large CBM Large close packed broken concrete blocks. Thickness: 0.47m			
2303	Alluvium	Friable mid grey sandy silt occasional flecks charcoal, occasional small stones Thickness: 0.7m			
2304	Natural	Plastic mid yellow grey clay			

7. APPENDIX 2: GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT

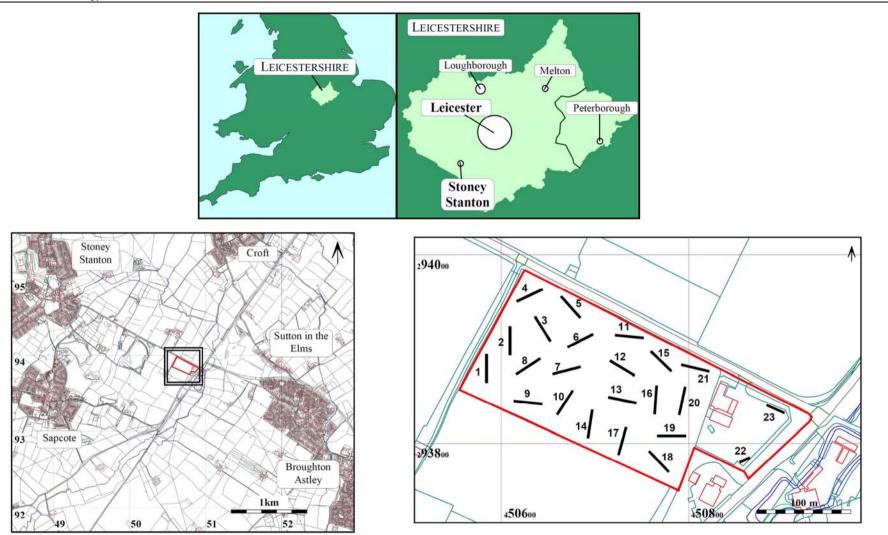


Figure 1: Site location and trial trench layout This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)

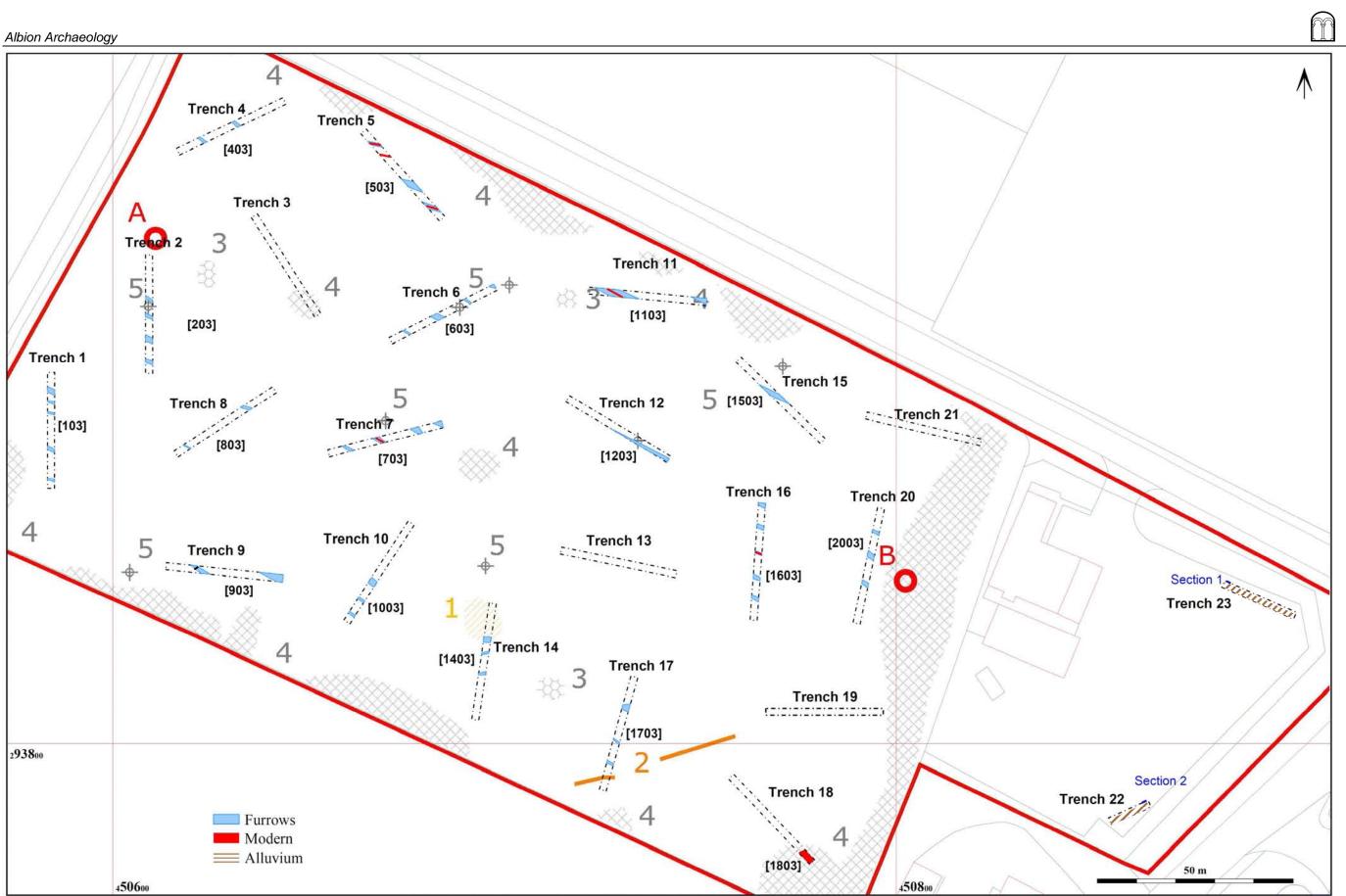
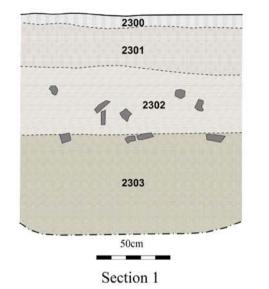


Figure 2: Results of trial trenching

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Section 1: machine-dug sondage in Trench 23, facing south-west (1m scale)



Photograph showing excavated furrow, Trench 9 from south (40cm scale)



Trench 16 from the south with visible furrows. (1m scale)

Figure 3: Selected sections and photographs.



Albion archaeology



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