LAND OFF SHEFFORD ROAD MEPPERSHALL BEDFORDSHIRE

STAGE 1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Albion archaeology





LAND OFF SHEFFORD ROAD MEPPERSHALL BEDFORDSHIRE

STAGE 1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Project: SR3474 HER search no.: 201920/134

Luton Culture accession no.: LUTNM: 2019/67

OASIS no.: albionar1-367956

Document: 2019/141 Version 1.1

6th January 2020

Written by	Edited by	Approved by
Marco Capardoni and Ian Turner	Wesley Keir	Drew Shotliff

Prepared for: RPS Group plc



Contents

1. IN	ITRODUCTION	7
1.1	Project Background	7
1.2	Site Location, Topography and Geology	7
2. PF	ROJECT OBJECTIVES	10
3. M	ETHOD STATEMENTS	11
3.1	Methodological Standards	11
3.2	Geophysical Survey and Trench Locations	11
3.3	Implementation	11
3.4	Archiving	12
4. RI	ESULTS	13
4.1	Introduction	13
4.2	Overburden and Geological Deposits	13
4.3	Tree-throws/Root-holes	13
4.4	Medieval/Early Post-medieval Cultivation Furrows	13
4.5	Post-medieval/Early Modern Boundary	14
4.6	Undated Features	14
5. C	ONCLUSIONS	16
5.1	Summary of Results	16
5.2	Significance of Results	16
6. RI	EFERENCES	17
7. AI	PPENDIX 1: FINDS SUMMARY	18
7.1	Introduction	18
7.2	Datable Artefacts	18
7.3	Animal Bone	18
8. AI	PPENDIX 2: TRENCH SUMMARY	19



List of Figures

Figure 1: Site location plan and trench layout

Figure 2: All-features plan

Figure 3: All-features plan overlaid onto Tithe map

Figure 4: All-features plan overlaid onto geophysical survey

Figure 5: Trenches 1–4, 8–10

Figure 6: Trenches 5–8, 11–12

Figure 7: Trenches 14–17, 18

Figure 8: Trenches 21, 23, 26–29

The figures are bound at the back of the report.



Preface

All statements and opinions in this document are offered in good faith. This document has been prepared for the titled project or named part thereof and was prepared solely for the benefit of the client. This document should not be relied upon or used for any other project without an independent check being carried out as to its suitability and the prior written authority of Albion Archaeology (a trading unit of Central Bedfordshire Council).

Albion Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability for the consequences of this document being used for any other purpose than the purposes for which it was commissioned. Any person/party relying on the document for such other purposes agrees and will, by such use or reliance, be taken to confirm their agreement to indemnify Albion Archaeology for all loss or damage resulting therefrom. Albion Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability for this document to any party other than the persons/party by whom it was commissioned. This document is limited by the current state of knowledge.

Acknowledgements

The project was commissioned by RPS Group plc.

This report was prepared by Marco Capardoni (Supervisor) and Ian Turner (Project Officer), with contributions from Jackie Wells (Finds Officer). The fieldwork was undertaken by Marco Capardoni, Federica Mauro (Assistant Supervisor) and Stefano Costanzo (Assistant Supervisor) Digitisation of site drawings and illustration were undertaken by Joan Lightning. The project was managed by Wesley Keir. All Albion Archaeology projects are under the overall management of Drew Shotliff.

Fieldwork was monitored on behalf of the Local Planning Authority by Hannah Firth (Central Bedfordshire Council Archaeologist).

Version History

Version Issue date		Reason for re-issue
1.1	06/01/2020	Amendments requested by RPS Group plc
1.0	19/12/2019	N/A

Key Terms

Throughout this document the following terms or abbreviations are used:

CBC	Central Bedfordshire Council
CBCA	Central Bedfordshire Council Archaeologist
CIfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
Client	RPS Group plc
HER	Historic Environment Record
LPA	Local planning authority
PDA	Permitted development area
WSI	Written Scheme of Investigation



Non-Technical Summary

Planning permission was granted at appeal (APP/PO240/W/17/3190584) for the demolition of 59 Shefford Road and associated buildings, and the erection of up to 145 dwellings with public open space, landscaping and sustainable drainage system (SuDS) and vehicle access from Shefford Road at 59 Shefford Road, Meppershall, Shefford, SG17 5LL, in accordance with the terms of the application (CB/17/03887/OUT).

Due to the archaeological potential of the permitted development area (PDA) an archaeological condition (no. 16) was attached to the appeal decision. The condition required a staged programme of archaeological work, comprising an initial trial-trench evaluation to determine if the site contained significant archaeological remains. The results of this Stage 1 investigation suggest that, subject to the approval of the LPA, no further archaeological works will be required on this site.

This report presents the results of the trial-trench evaluation.

The only features of archaeological interest were a substantial ditch (and re-cut) corresponding with a boundary illustrated on the 1845 Tithe map, which was revealed in Trenches 1, 2, 4 and 10. The remainder of the features, comprising three ditches, three pits and two post-holes were undated, though a small amount of animal bone was recovered from two of the ditches and one of the pits.

Their dispersed nature and the general lack of finds suggest that the identified features are associated with field systems and other agrarian activities located away from any settlement focus. The few dateable finds recovered date to the post-medieval period. Though these features and in particular the cultivation furrows and large boundary ditch do add to our knowledge of medieval and post-medieval land-use on the outskirts of Meppershall, they have no potential to address identified research themes and are therefore considered to be of low archaeological significance.

On publication of the final report, the archive of materials (subject to the landowner's permission) and accompanying records will be deposited with Luton Culture (accession no. LUTNM: 2019/67).

Details of the project and its findings will be submitted to the OASIS database in accordance with the guidelines issued by Historic England and the Archaeology Data Service. The OASIS reference for the project is albionar1-367956.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Planning permission was granted at appeal (APP/PO240/W/17/3190584) for the demolition of 59 Shefford Road and associated buildings, and the erection of up to 145 dwellings with public open space, landscaping and sustainable drainage system (SuDS) and vehicle access from Shefford Road at 59 Shefford Road, Meppershall, Shefford, SG17 5LL, in accordance with the terms of the application (CB/17/03887/OUT).

Due to the archaeological potential of the permitted development area (PDA) an archaeological condition (no. 16) was attached to the appeal decision. The condition required a staged programme of archaeological work, comprising an initial trial-trench evaluation to determine if the site contained significant archaeological remains. The results of this Stage 1 investigation suggest that, subject to the approval of the LPA, no further archaeological works will be required on this site

Albion Archaeology was commissioned by RPS, on behalf of Davidsons Developments Ltd, to produce a written scheme of investigation (Albion 2019) and to carry out the fieldwork in accordance with the requirements of the condition. This report presents the results of the trial-trench evaluation.

1.2 Site Location, Topography and Geology

Meppershall is a village and civil parish in Central Bedfordshire; it lies *c*.2km south of Shefford and *c*.9km NNW of Hitchin (Hertfordshire). The PDA lies to the north of the village on the north-west side of Shefford Road (Figure 1). It is bounded by Shefford Road and residential properties to the south-east and south, New Meppershall Care Home to the north, agricultural fields to the west and woodland (Nunswood) to the north-west. The PDA is *c*.8.23ha in extent and is centred at grid reference TL1428 3719; it is relatively level at *c*.70m OD.

The British Geological Survey (2016) records the underlying geology as comprising Gault Formation – Mudstone, a sedimentary rock formed c.101-113 million years ago in the Cretaceous Period. The superficial deposits comprise Diamicton, formed up to 2 million years ago in the Quaternary Period during Ice Age conditions.

1.3 Archaeological Background

The PDA was subject to geophysical survey (Magnitude Surveys 2016) and a desk-based assessment (CgMs 2017) was prepared to support the planning application. In preparation of the WSI (Albion 2019) existing records of the archaeology and history of the PDA and a 500m-radius study area were also collated. The data was sourced from the Central Bedfordshire Council and Luton Historic Environment Record (HER) (search ref. no.: 201920/134).

The geophysical survey identified weak responses, produced by natural variations and agricultural practices, along with ferrous anomalies reflecting modern activity. No anomalies categorised as having a probable archaeological



origin were identified. However, a line of weak, linear, ditch-like anomalies in the north-west of the PDA was considered to have archaeological potential (Magnitude Surveys 2016, 8). These anomalies were duly targeted by some of the evaluation trial trenches (see Section 3).

Prehistoric settlement is mostly focused around the main Bedfordshire river valleys. Whilst evidence of prehistoric occupation has been identified in the wider vicinity of the PDA, none has been found on or close to the site. Its location some distance from a river valley — the Flit/Ivel and the Hiz lie 2km to the north and 5km to the east respectively — suggests the potential for prehistoric evidence is low.

Archaeological investigations to the east of High Street (EBD 6683) identified a Roman farmstead (HER 16317) in the wider vicinity of the PDA, possibly *c*.700m to the south-west. The available evidence suggests that the PDA lay in the hinterland of this farmstead. The potential for Roman settlement on the PDA is, therefore, assessed as low, although potential evidence for land division might be anticipated.

In Domesday Book, Meppershall is recorded partly in Bedfordshire and partly in Hertfordshire. The HER contains no records relating to this period and the location of the focus of late Saxon settlement that must have existed at this time is unknown. The medieval core of Meppershall (HER 17105) extends along High Street, c.700m south-west of the PDA and archaeological remains were found at 83-85 High Street (EBD 410). A significant cluster of heritage assets — the parish church (St Mary the Virgin), the Manor House, and The Hills motte and bailey castle — lies c.1.3km to the south-west at the edge of the present-day settlement. However, the PDA lies towards the northern edge of the parish.

To the west of Nunswood and extending into the north-west part of the PDA, the HER records an area of cropmarks that probably denote medieval close boundaries, partially defined by substantial ponds, and possibly associated with settlement (HER 5224). The geophysical survey recorded linear anomalies in this part of the PDA that may tie in with the cropmark evidence. Evidence of ridge and furrow was also identified by the geophysical survey, suggesting that at least part of the PDA comprised agricultural land during the medieval period.

The geophysical survey found no evidence for what the HER records as a trackway of possible post-medieval origin (HER 5465), running from Shefford Road to Nunswood (HER 5453) through the PDA.

The majority of post-medieval heritage assets in the vicinity of the PDA are located within the village core. The 1765 Jefferys map of Bedfordshire and the 1804 Ordnance Survey map show the PDA located north of the village on the main road to Shefford. The 1845 Meppershall Tithe Map shows the PDA as arable fields with a trackway (HER 5465) running through it from Nunswood to the main road. Later OS map evidence shows that the PDA remained largely unchanged until the late 20th century when a new dwelling was built.



Evaluation of a site to the west of High Street (EBD 1207), c.80m to the southwest of the PDA (and comparable in size to it), revealed no pre-modern archaeological features or finds, with the exception of a post-medieval field boundary that was backfilled in the late 20th century.



2. PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The relevant research frameworks for the area are: *Bedfordshire Archaeology*. *Research and Archaeology: Resource Assessment, Research Agenda and Strategy* (Oake *et al.* 2007) and *A Revised Framework for the East of England* (Medlycott 2011).

Potential heritage assets on the PDA were thought to most likely date to the medieval period, possibly comprising settlement remains related to the medieval closes. Consequently, the specific research objects of the evaluation were:

- To determine if evidence for the medieval period was present within the PDA.
- To assess if any heritage assets relating to earlier or later periods were present within the PDA.

The general purpose of the evaluation was to recover information on the:

- location, extent, nature, and date of any archaeological features or deposits that might be present within the PDA;
- integrity and state of preservation of any archaeological features or deposits that might be present within the PDA;
- nature of palaeo-environmental remains to determine local environmental conditions.



3. METHOD STATEMENTS

3.1 Methodological Standards

The methodological approach to the project was detailed in the WSI (Albion Archaeology 2019), which was approved by the CBCA prior to commencement of the work.

The standards and requirements set out in the following documents have been adhered to throughout the project:

•	Albion Archaeology	Procedures Manual: Volume 1 Fieldwork (2nd edn, 2003).
•	CIfA	Charter and by-law; Code of conduct (2014)
	·	Standard and guidance for archaeological
		evaluation (2014)
		Standard and guidance for the collection,
		documentation, conservation and research of
		archaeological materials (2014)
•	EAA	Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of
		England (2003)
•	Historic England	Management of Research Projects in the Historic
		Environment (MoRPHE) Project Managers' Guide
		(2015)
		Environmental Archaeology: A guide to the theory
		and practice of methods, from sampling and
		recovery to post-excavation, (2nd edn, 2011)
•	Luton Culture	Procedures for preparing archaeological archives
		for deposition with Luton Culture (2013)

3.2 Geophysical Survey and Trench Locations

The PDA was previously subject to geophysical survey (Magnitude Surveys 2016). The geophysical survey identified weak responses and no anomalies categorised as having a probable archaeological origin were identified. However, a line of weak, linear, ditch-like anomalies in the western part of the PDA, (Figure 4, Area 2) were considered to have archaeological potential (Magnitude Surveys 2016, 8). The geophysical survey results were duly used to inform the location of the evaluation trenches. Trenches 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 10, and 11 targeted the ditch-like anomalies and Trenches 5, 15, 16 and 17 targeted anomalies of possible agricultural character (furrows).

3.3 Implementation

The archaeological field evaluation was undertaken between 25th November and 5th December 2019. A total of thirty trenches were excavated (Figures 1 and 2). Twenty-nine trenches were 40m long and 2m wide; Trench 27 was shortened to 20m to avoid the location of nearby underground services.

The trenches were opened by a mechanical excavator fitted with a flat-edged bucket, operated by an experienced driver under constant archaeological



supervision. All excavation and recording were carried out by experienced Albion staff with external specialists consulted as necessary.

3.4 Archiving

The archive of finds and records generated during the project will be kept secure at all stages of the operation. All records and materials produced will be archived to the standards outlined in Historic England's Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (2015), EAA's Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England (Gurney 2003) and those set out by Luton Culture (2013).

On publication of the final report, the archive of materials (subject to the landowner's permission) and accompanying records will be deposited with Luton Culture (accession no. LUTNM: 2019/67).

Details of the project and its findings will be submitted to the OASIS database in accordance with the guidelines issued by Historic England and the Archaeology Data Service. The OASIS reference for the project is albionar1-367956.



4. RESULTS

4.1 Introduction

All deposits and features found within the trial trenches are summarised below and shown on Figures 5–8, which also include a representative selection of site photographs. Where site recording numbers have been used they are distinguished by different bracket styles to indicate feature number = [***] and fill number = [***]. Context numbers reflect the trench number, e.g. [305] is a feature within Trench 3 and, therefore, the trench number is only given where necessary.

Detailed finds information is contained in Appendix 1. Details of all observed deposits and archaeological features are provided in Appendix 2.

4.2 Overburden and Geological Deposits

The combined depth of overburden was between 0.30m and 0.63m; the greatest depths were within Trench 25. All of the trenches had a covering of turf/topsoil. The topsoil was 0.10–0.32m thick and comprised friable dark-brown-grey claysilt. The subsoil varied in depth across the site; it was 0.16–0.34m thick and varied from plastic, mid-brown-orange clay to friable, light-brown-orange, claysilt.

Modern levelling layers were present in Trench 29. These comprised mixed soils with frequent modern artefacts (not retained).

The undisturbed geological stratum was light grey-orange to grey-yellow silty clay with moderate chalk flecks, which was present across most parts of the PDA. However, to the south, within Trenches 6 and 7, the geological deposits comprised light yellow-orange sand. This geological variation is likely to account for the large sub-circular area of vegetal cover variation visible in satellite imagery and corresponds to the geomagnetic anomaly in the south-west area of the PDA (Figure 4).

4.3 Tree-throws/Root-holes

A number of tree-throws and root-holes were revealed within Trenches 3–7, 9, 12, 16, 20, 21 and 28; the majority of these were partially excavated to confirm their nature. They were generally irregular in plan and profile and up to c.0.9m across and c.0.5m deep.

4.4 Medieval/Early Post-medieval Cultivation Furrows

Medieval or early post-medieval cultivation furrows¹, broadly aligned NW–SE, were revealed within Trenches 4–6, 8, 11, 13–16 and 18 in the western and central parts of the PDA (Figure 2). Their alignment is consistent with the strip fields illustrated on the 1845 Tithe map (Figure 3).

Two furrows, on a differing NE–SW alignment were also revealed in the eastern part of the PDA, within Trench 28.

¹ Recorded as [405], [503], [609], [803], [1107], [1303], [1403], [1509], [1603], [1803] and [2803].



In profile, the furrows generally had concave sides with flat to concave bases, measuring 0.44-1.13m wide and 0.07-0.13m deep. They contained firm, midgrey-brown, silty clay deposits. A furrow in Trench 8 contained roof tile and a post-medieval pottery fragment (c.1500-1750).

4.5 Post-medieval/Early Modern Boundary

A substantial ditch², corresponding with a linear geophysical anomaly, was revealed within the northern part of the PDA within Trenches 1, 2, 4 and 10.

For the most part the ditch was aligned NE–SW; it turned northwards within the vicinity of Trench 1 at the western corner of the PDA. It had concave sides with a flat base and ranged from 1.55-2.10m wide; it was c.0.82m deep. It contained deposits that varied from mid-grey-brown silty clay to mid- brown-grey, sandy silt.

A slightly shallower re-cut of the ditch [208] and [1008] was evident within Trenches 2 and 10. It had a similar profile to that of the earlier cut and ranged from 1.80m to 2.80m wide and was c. 0.67m deep. It contained deposits that varied from mid-grey-brown silty clay to mid-brown-grey clay-silt. Only the recut [208] contained any finds — a copper alloy thimble and a fragment of post-medieval brick.

The ditch and re-cut correlate precisely with a boundary illustrated on the 1845 Tithe map (Figure 3).

A second ditch [1003] was present within Trench 10, located a little to the southeast of the large boundary ditch. Their similar alignment and location suggest they are broadly contemporary. It had convex sides with a concave base and was 0.60m wide and 0.48m deep; it contained light grey-brown silty clay.

4.6 Undated Features

A number of features containing no datable finds were revealed within Trenches 2, 6, 7, 11, 15, 17, 26 and 29. These comprised three ditches, three pits and two post-holes.

A ditch [607/704/1103] broadly aligned NNE–SSW and corresponding with a geophysical anomaly was revealed within Trenches 6, 7 and 11 in the south part of the PDA (Figure 4). It had a V-shaped profile measuring 0.50m–0.90m wide and 0.30m–0.51m deep and contained a small amount of animal bone.

A small amount of animal bone was also recovered from a small NW–SE aligned ditch [1503] revealed within Trench 15.

At the north end of the PDA, ditch [2603] was aligned NE–SW and had convex sides with a flat base; it measured 0.82m wide and 0.42m deep.

² Recorded as [103], [205], [208], [403], [1005], [1008].



All of the ditches exhibited similarities in their profile and size, though their alignments did not suggest an obvious 'axis' orientation that would link them.

Three dispersed, small pits [1105], [1505] and [1703] were revealed within Trenches 11, 15 and 17 (Figures 6 and 7). They were sub-circular in plan and had profiles ranging from concave to near vertical sides and flat bases. They measured 0.59m–0.85 across and 0.20m–0.28m deep and contained deposits that varied from mid-yellow-grey to dark grey silty clay. Pit [1703] contained fragments of animal bone (3g).

Two post-holes [203] and [2903] were revealed at opposite ends of the PDA within Trenches 2 and 29 (Figures 5 and 8). They were circular in plan and measured 0.30m–0.38m in diameter and 0.15m–0.21m deep.



5. CONCLUSIONS

5.1 Summary of Results

A substantial ditch (and re-cut) corresponding with a boundary illustrated on the 1845 Tithe map was revealed in Trenches 1, 2, 4 and 10.

The remainder of the features, comprising three ditches, three pits and two postholes were undated, though a small amount of animal bone was recovered from two of the ditches and one of the pits.

5.2 Significance of Results

Their dispersed nature and the general lack of finds suggest that the identified features are associated with field systems and other agrarian activities located away from any settlement focus. The few dateable finds recovered date to the post-medieval period.

Though these features and in particular the cultivation furrows and large boundary ditch do add to our knowledge of medieval and post-medieval land-use within the vicinity, they have no potential to address identified research themes and are therefore considered to be of low archaeological significance.



6. REFERENCES

- Albion Archaeology, 2017, Procedures Manual Volume 1 Fieldwork (3rd ed)
- Albion Archaeology, 2019, Land off Shefford Road, Meppershall, Bedfordshire: Written Scheme of Investigation for Stage 1 Archaeological Field Evaluation. Document: 2019/117, vers.1.2
- CgMs, 2017, Archaeological Desk-based Assessment Land off Shefford Road, Meppershall, Bedfordshire, Report ref. MP/PMC/22835
- Brown, N. and Glazebrook, J. (eds.) 2000. Research and Archaeology: A framework for the Eastern Counties: Research Agenda and Strategy, East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 8.
- Magnitude Surveys, 2016, Geophysical Survey Report MSTL79 of Land off Shefford Road, Meppershall, Bedfordshire
- Medlycott, M. 2011. Research and Archaeology Revisited: a revised framework for the east of England, EAA Occasional Paper no. 24.
- Oake, M., Luke, M., Dawson, M., Edgeworth, M. and Murphy, P., 2007. Bedfordshire Archaeology. Research and Archaeology: Resource Assessment, Research Agenda and Strategy, Bedfordshire Archaeology Monograph 9.



7. APPENDIX 1: FINDS SUMMARY

7.1 Introduction

Six features yielded an assemblage comprising pottery, ceramic building material, animal bone and a copper alloy thimble (Table 1). No finds were recovered from Trenches 1, 3–6, 9, 11–14, 16 or 18–30.

Tr.	Feature	Fill	Date range	Finds Summary		
2	[208] Ditch	211	Post-medieval	Brick fragment (1.1kg); copper alloy thimble		
7	[704] Ditch	705	Undated	Undated Animal bone (123g)		
8	[803] Furrow	804	Post-medieval	Pottery (17g); ceramic roof tile (19g)		
10	[1008] Ditch	1009	Undated Animal bone (24g)			
15	[1503] Ditch	1504	Undated Animal bone (486g)			
17	[1703] Pit	1704	Undated	Animal bone (3g)		

Table 1: Finds Summary by trench and feature

7.2 Datable Artefacts

All datable finds are post-medieval (c. 1500-1750). Furrow [803] yielded an abraded 17th century glazed red earthenware pottery sherd (17g: fabric P01³) and two pieces of plain flat ceramic roof tile (19g), likely to be of similar date. An abraded stock-moulded brick fragment (width 110mm x depth 52mm) and a copper alloy thimble, possibly of 17th century date, derived from the upper fill (211) of ditch [208].

The thimble is a small conical domed example with a narrow plain basal zone incorporating a slightly everted/thickened footring. The wall is decorated with finely machine-stamped circular pits in horizontal rows, and the top bears a rectangular grid of slightly larger indentations. The small dimensions of the object (diameter 12.4mm; height 13.1mm) suggest it was intended for use by a child.

7.3 Animal Bone

Four undated features (*Table 1*) yielded 19 animal bone fragments (636g), the largest deposit (486g) from ditch [1503]. Individual pieces have a mean weight of 33g and survive in fair to good condition. Diagnostic bone elements are mainly large/medium mammal limb bone shafts, including pieces deriving from a horse. Two indeterminate fragments (3g) from pit [1703] are heavily calcined. Due to its undated nature, the animal bone has no potential for future analysis, and it is proposed that the assemblage will not be retained or form part of the site archive.

_

³ Fabric defined in accordance with the Bedfordshire Ceramic Type Series



8. APPENDIX 2: TRENCH SUMMARY



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.3 m. Max: 0.35 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14042/37202

OS Grid Ref.: TL14027/37164

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:
100	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional small-large stones $$ Max. depth $0.25m$	
101	Subsoil	Friable mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones $$ Max. depth 0.10m $$	II 🗸 🗆
102	Natural	Plastic light grey orange silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones	
103	Ditch	Linear NNW-SSE dimensions: max breadth 1.8m	
104		Plastic mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.33 m. Max: 0.52 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14062/37187

OS Grid Ref.: TL14062/37147

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
200	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones Max. depth 0.35m	II 🗸	
201	Subsoil	Friable mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional smal stones Max. depth 0.17m	l 🗸	
202	Natural	Plastic light grey orange silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones		
203	Posthole	Circular sides: concave base: concave dimensions: max depth 0.15m, max diameter 0.3m	✓	
204	Fill	Plastic light brown grey clay silt occasional flecks chalk, occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.15m	✓	
205	Ditch	Linear E-W sides: concave base: flat dimensions: max breadth 2.1m, max depth 0.82m, max length 1.m	✓	
206	Primary fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.23m	✓	
207	Upper fill	Friable mid grey brown sandy silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth $0.65 \mathrm{m}$	✓	
208	Ditch	Linear E-W sides: concave base: concave dimensions: max breadth 1.78m, max depth 0.67m, max length 1.m	✓	
209	Primary fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.38m	✓	
210	Secondary fill	Firm mid grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth $0.38\mathrm{m}$	S	
211	Upper fill	Friable mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.28m	✓	✓



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.3 m. Max: 0.43 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14089/37217

OS Grid Ref.: TL14089/37177

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
300	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sn stones Max. depth 0.30m	nall 🗸	
301	Subsoil	Friable mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sm stones Max. depth 0.13m	all 🗸	
302	Natural	Plastic light grey orange silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.48 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14110/37187

OS Grid Ref.: TL14089/37153

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Fi	inds Present:
400	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.30m	V	
401	Subsoil	Friable mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones $$ Max. depth 0.25m $$	✓	
402	Natural	Plastic light grey orange silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones		
403	Ditch	Linear E-W dimensions: max breadth 2.3m, max depth 0.m		
404	Fill	Plastic mid orange grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones		
405	Furrow	Linear NW-SE $$ sides: steep base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.7m, max depth 0.1m $$	✓	
406	Furrow	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.1	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.3 m. Max: 0.37 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14105/37138

OS Grid Ref.: TL14090/37101

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a linear anomaly identified by

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:
500	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones Max. depth0.25m	
501	Subsoil	Plastic mid orange brown clay silt moderate flecks chalk Max. depth 0.12m	
502	Natural	Firm light grey yellow silty clay moderate small chalk, occasional small stones	
503	Furrow	Linear NW-SE sides: steep base: flat dimensions: max breadth 1.13m, max depth 0.08m	
504	Furrow	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.08m	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.53 m. Max: 0.61 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14135/37065

OS Grid Ref.: TL14169/37043

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds	Present:
600	Topsoil	Firm dark grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.43m	~	
601	Subsoil	Loose mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.30m	V	
602	Natural	Loose light orange yellow silty sand occasional medium stones, occasional small stones		
603	Treethrow	Circular sides: convex base: flat dimensions: max depth 0.48m, max diameter 0.9m	~	
604	Treethrow	Loose light grey orange sandy silt occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.48m	✓	
605	Treethrow	Linear N-S $$ sides: concave base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.3m, max depth 0.05m $$	V	
606	Fill	Loose dark grey orange sandy silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.05m	✓	
607	Ditch	Linear NNE-SSW dimensions: max breadth 0.98m		
608	Fill	Firm light grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stone	nes \square	
609	Furrow	Linear NE-SW dimensions: max breadth 0.89m		
610	Furrow	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stone	es \square	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.46 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14158/37113

OS Grid Ref.: TL14185/37085

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
700	Topsoil	Firm dark grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.30n	n 🗸	
701	Subsoil	Loose mid grey brown silty clay $$ occasional medium stones, occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $0.20m$	✓	
702	Natural	Compact light yellow grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk Located in NW part of the trench.	✓	
703	Natural	Loose light orange yellow silty sand occasional small stones Located in SE segment of the trench.		
704	Ditch	Linear NNE-SSW sides: 45 degrees base: v-shaped dimensions: max breadth 0.5m, max depth 0.3m	1 V	
705	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate small stones Max. depth 0.30m	✓	✓



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m. Max: 0.43 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14161/37152

OS Grid Ref.: TL14121/37152

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds I	Present:
800	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional smal stones Max. depth 0.30m	II 🗸	
801	Subsoil	Plastic mid orange brown clay silt moderate flecks chalk Max. depth 0.13m	V	
802	Natural	Firm light grey yellow silty clay moderate flecks chalk, occasional small stones		
803	Furrow	Linear NW-SE sides: steep base: flat dimensions: max breadth 0.88m, max depth 0.09m	✓	
804	Furrow	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.09m	\checkmark	✓



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.22 m. Max: 0.42 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14136/37230

OS Grid Ref.: TL14137/37190

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:
900	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional smastones Max. depth 0.33m	all 🗸 🗌
901	Subsoil	Plastic mid orange brown clay silt moderate flecks chalk Max. depth 0.09n	n 🗸
902	Natural	Firm light grey yellow silty clay moderate flecks chalk, occasional small stones	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.42 m. Max: 0.43 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14170/37225

OS Grid Ref.: TL14188/37190

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: I	Finds Present:
1000	Topsoil	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.31m	✓	
1001	Subsoil	Firm mid orange brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.12m	✓	
1002	Natural	Firm light yellow brown silty clay occasional medium stones		
1003	Ditch	Linear NE-SW sides: convex base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.6m max depth 0.48m	, ✓	
1004	Ditch	Firm light grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.48m	✓	
1005	Ditch	Linear NE-SW sides: concave dimensions: min breadth 1.55m, min depth 0.5m Max. depth reached 0.50m	✓	
1006	Fill	Firm mid brown grey silty clay $\ occasional\ medium\ stones\ Max.\ depth\ reached\ 0.28m$	\checkmark	
1007	Upper fill	Firm mid brown grey silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.30m	✓	
1008	Ditch	Linear NE-SW $$ sides: asymmetrical dimensions: max breadth 2.8m $$ Max. depth reached 0.50m $$	✓	
1009	Ditch	Friable dark grey brown silty clay frequent medium stones, frequent small stones Max. depth $0.25 \mathrm{m}$	s 🗸	✓
1010	Upper fill	Firm light brown grey silty clay $$ moderate flecks chalk, occasional medium stone Max. depth $0.36m$	es 🗸	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m. Max: 0.41 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14181/37155

OS Grid Ref.: TL14220/37148

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a ditch-like anomaly identified

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
1100	Topsoil	Firm mid brown grey silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth $0.28 m$	✓	
1101	Subsoil	Firm mid orange brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.15m	✓	
1102	Natural	Firm light yellow brown silty clay occasional medium stones		
1103	Ditch	Linear NNE-SSW sides: steep base: v-shaped dimensions: max breadth 0.9m, max depth 0.51m	✓	
1104	Fill	Firm light grey brown silty clay occasional large stones Max. depth 0.51m	✓	
1105	Pit	Circular sides: 45 degrees base: flat dimensions: max depth $0.27 \mathrm{m}$, max diameter $0.59 \mathrm{m}$	✓	
1106	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay frequent flecks charcoal Max. depth 0.27m	✓	
1107	Furrow	Linear NW-SE dimensions: max breadth 0.68m		
1108	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional small stones		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.45 m. Max: 0.48 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14200/37134

OS Grid Ref.: TL14229/37107

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds	Present:
1200	Topsoil	Friable dark brown grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones $$ Max. depth 0.30m $$	ıll 🗸	
1201	Subsoil	Plastic mid brown orange clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.20m	✓	
1202	Natural	Firm light grey orange silty clay occasional small stones		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.43 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14227/37082

OS Grid Ref.: TL14226/37042

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds F	Present:
1300	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional smal stones Max. depth 0.30m	II 🗸	
1301	Subsoil	Plastic mid orange brown clay silt moderate flecks chalk Max. depth 0.20m	✓	
1302	Natural	Firm light grey yellow silty clay moderate flecks chalk, occasional small stones		
1303	Furrow	Linear NW-SE sides: steep base: flat dimensions: max breadth 0.44m, max depth 0.1m	✓	
1304	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.10m	\checkmark	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m. Max: 0.48 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14286/37080

OS Grid Ref.: TL14247/37074

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present	t:
1400	Topsoil	Friable dark grey brown clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones Max. depth 0.33m	all 🗸	Ī
1401	Subsoil	Plastic mid orange brown clay silt moderate flecks chalk Max. depth 0.15m	n 🗸	
1402	Natural	Firm light grey yellow silty clay moderate flecks chalk, occasional small stones		Ī
1403	Furrow	Linear NE-SW sides: steep base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.51m, max depth 0.13m	V	
1404	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.13m	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.35 m. Max: 0.38 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14325/37140

OS Grid Ref.: TL14300/37108

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a linear anomaly identified by

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds I	Present:
1500	Topsoil	Firm dark grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.23m	V	
1501	Subsoil	Firm mid orange grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk, frequent medium stones Max. depth 0.18m	✓	
1502	Natural	Compact light yellow grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk		
1503	Ditch	Linear NW-SE sides: 45 degrees base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.85m, max depth 0.35m	✓	
1504	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.35m	✓	✓
1505	Pit	Sub-circular NW-SE sides: concave base: flat dimensions: max depth 0.28n max diameter 0.85m	ı, 🗸	
1506	Primary fill	Firm mid yellow grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk Max. depth 0.28m	\checkmark	
1507	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay moderate medium stones Max. depth 0.16m	\checkmark	
1508	Upper fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay frequent small stones Max. depth 0.12m	\checkmark	
1509	Furrow	Linear NW-SE sides: steep base: concave dimensions: max breadth 1.m, madepth 0.09m	x 🗸	
1510	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.09m	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.5 m. Max: 0.62 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14300/37162

OS Grid Ref.: TL14275/37130

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a linear anomaly identified by

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pres	sent:
1600	Topsoil	Firm dark grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional smal stones Max. depth 0.30m	l 🗸	
1601	Subsoil	Firm mid orange grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk, frequent medium stones $Max.depth0.32m$	✓	
1602	Natural	Compact light yellow grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk		
1603	Furrow	Linear NW-SE $$ sides: steep base: concave dimensions: max breadth 0.65m, max depth 0.07m $$	\checkmark	
1604	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.07m	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.44 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14282/37191

OS Grid Ref.: TL14256/37160

Reason: To assess archaeological potential. This trench was targeted on a linear anomaly identified by

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:	
1700	Topsoil	Firm dark grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional smal stones Max. depth 0.30m		
1701	Subsoil	Firm mid orange grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk, frequent medium stones $$ Max. depth $0.20m$	V	
1702	Natural	Compact light yellow grey silty clay frequent flecks chalk		
1703	Pit	Oval NW-SE sides: near vertical base: flat dimensions: max depth 0.2m, max length 0.45m	V	
1704	Fill	Firm dark grey brown silty clay frequent small stones, occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.20m	· •	✓



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.35 m. Max: 0.38 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14247/37162

OS Grid Ref.: TL14247/37122

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pr	esent:
1800	Topsoil	Friable dark brown grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sma stones Max. depth 0.28m	II 🗸	
1801	Subsoil	Plastic mid brown orange clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.10m	✓	
1802	Natural	Firm light grey orange silty clay occasional small stones		
1803	Furrow	Linear NW-SE dimensions: max breadth 0.66m, max depth 0.09m	✓	
1804	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.09m	\checkmark	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.33 m. Max: 0.4 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14231/37215

OS Grid Ref.: TL14231/37175

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
1900	Topsoil	Friable dark brown grey clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional sm stones Max. depth 0.28m	all	
1901	Subsoil	Plastic mid brown orange clay silt occasional medium stones, occasional small stones Max. depth 0.12m	✓	
1902	Natural	Firm light grey orange silty clay occasional small stones		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.47 m. Max: 0.53 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14282/37242

OS Grid Ref.: TL14242/37242

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Fir	nds Present:
2000	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.25m	V	
2001	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.28m	✓	
2002	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	1	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.43 m. Max: 0.45 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14317/37222

OS Grid Ref.: TL14277/37222

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:	
2100	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.25m		_
2101	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $0.20m$	V	
2102	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smastones	u	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.45 m. Max: 0.48 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14334/37227

OS Grid Ref.: TL14358/37195

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds P	resent:
2200	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.28m	✓	
2201	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $$ 0.23m	\checkmark	
2202	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate small stone	nes \square	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.38 m. Max: 0.4 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14324/37291

OS Grid Ref.: TL14323/37251

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Presen	nt:
2300	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.28m	V	
2301	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $$ 0.13m $$	V	
2302	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	1 🗆	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.43 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14342/37306

OS Grid Ref.: TL14302/37305

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Pr	esent:
2400	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.32m	V	
2401	Subsoil	Friable mid brown orange clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.13	3m ✓	
2402	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.53 m. Max: 0.63 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14351/37332

OS Grid Ref.: TL14351/37318

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated:	Finds Present:
2500	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.35m	✓	
2501	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.28m	✓	
2502	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones		



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m. Max: 0.45 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14384/37289

OS Grid Ref.: TL14344/37289

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Presen	ıt:
2600	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.35m	V	
2601	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt $$ occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $$ 0.10m	V [丁
2602	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	ı 🗆 [_
2603	Ditch	Linear NE-SW $$ sides: convex base: flat dimensions: max breadth 0.82m, madepth 0.42m $$	ax 🗸	丁
2604	Secondary fill	Friable light orange grey silty clay occasional flecks charcoal Max. depth 0.14m	n 🔽	
2605	Upper fill	Friable mid grey orange clay silt occasional large stones, occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.05m		
2606	Primary fill	Plastic light grey orange silty clay occasional small stones Max. depth 0.35m	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 20.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.4 m. Max: 0.43 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14382/37274

OS Grid Ref.: TL14372/37257

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:
2700	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.32m	
2701	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $0.15m$	V
2702	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	u



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.43 m. Max: 0.45 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14407/37289

OS Grid Ref.: TL14410/37249

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds P	resent:
2800	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.30m	V	
2801	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.15m	\checkmark	
2802	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate small stones		
2803	Furrow	Linear E-W dimensions: max breadth 0.84m		
2804	Fill	Firm mid grey brown silty clay occasional medium stones, occasional small ston	es \square	



Max Dimensions: Length: 38.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.55 m. Max: 0.55 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14449/37233

OS Grid Ref.: TL14416/37221

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds P	resent:
2900	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.30m	✓	
2901	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.30m	\checkmark	
2902	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	I 🗆	
2903	Posthole	Circular sides: 45 degrees base: concave dimensions: max depth 0.21m, ma diameter $0.38\mathrm{m}$	X V	
2904	Fill	Plastic light brown grey silty clay moderate flecks charcoal, occasional medium stones Max. depth 0.21m	✓	



Max Dimensions: Length: 40.00 m. Width: 2.00 m. Depth to Archaeology Min: 0.47 m. Max: 0.5 m.

Co-ordinates: OS Grid Ref.: TL14406/37175

OS Grid Ref.: TL14384/37145

Context:	Type:	Description:	Excavated: Finds Present:
3000	Topsoil	Friable mid brown grey clay silt occasional small stones Max. depth 0.33m	
3001	Subsoil	Friable light brown orange clay silt $$ occasional small stones $$ Max. depth $$ 0.25m	V
3002	Natural	Plastic light orange grey silty clay moderate medium stones, moderate smal stones	



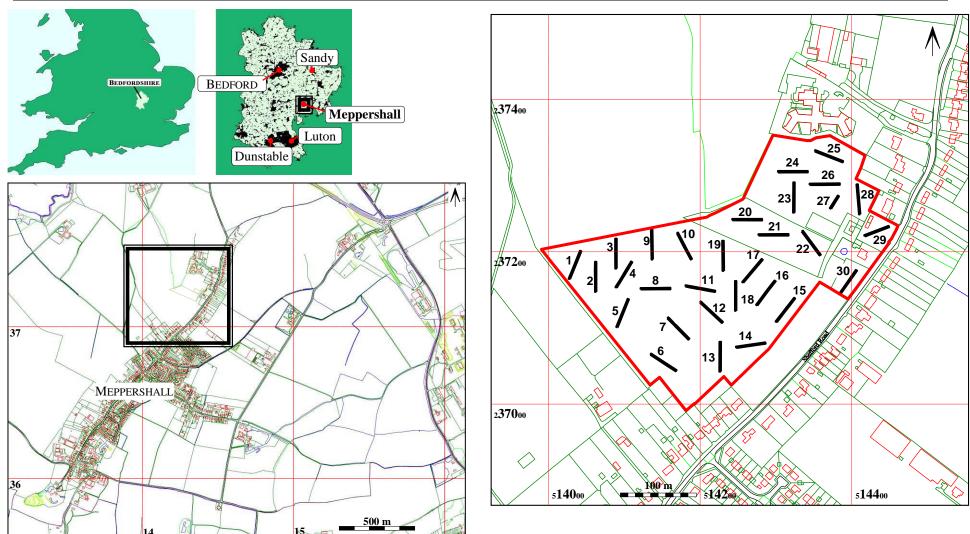


Figure 1: Site location plan and trench layout

This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright.

Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



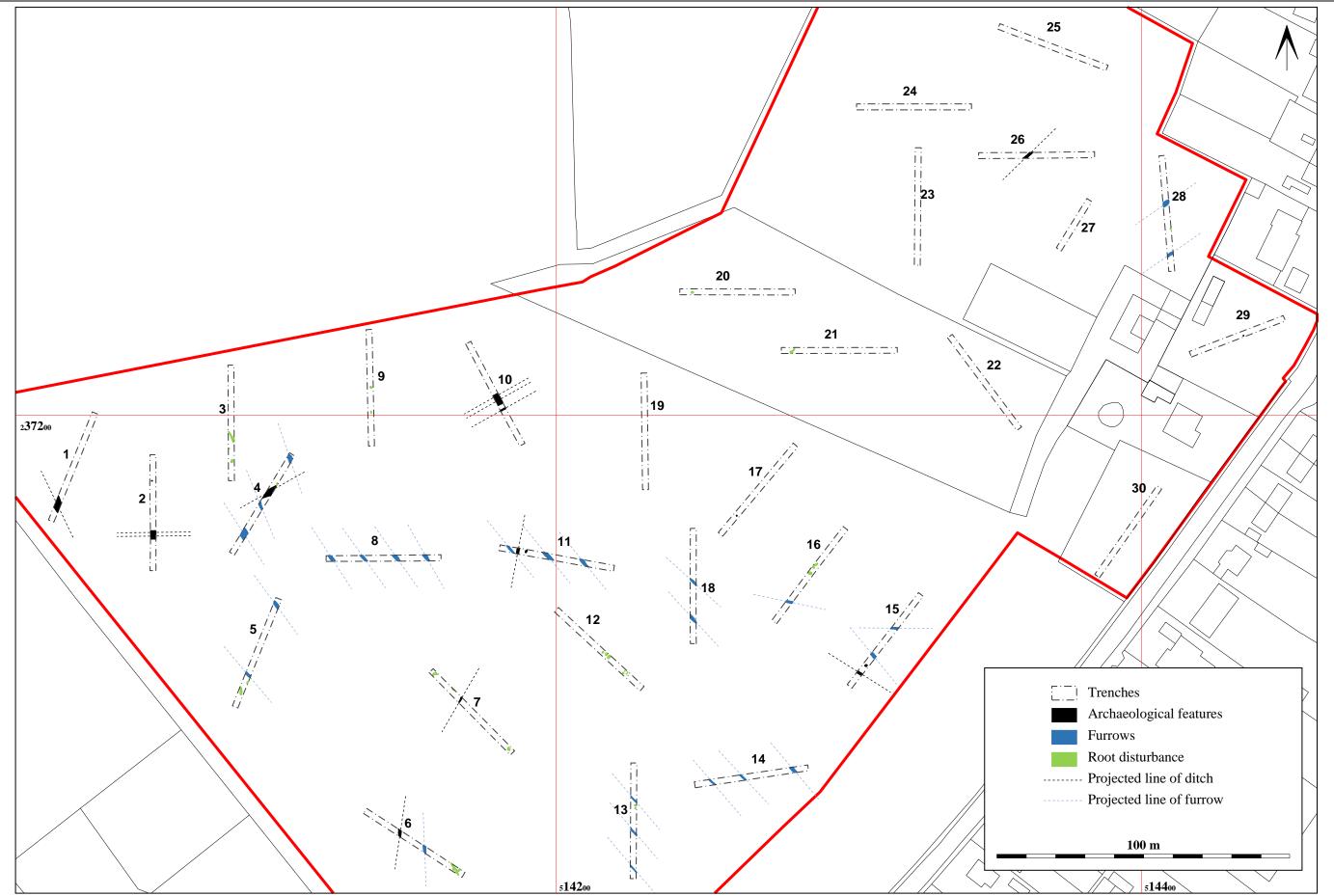


Figure 2: All-features plan

This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



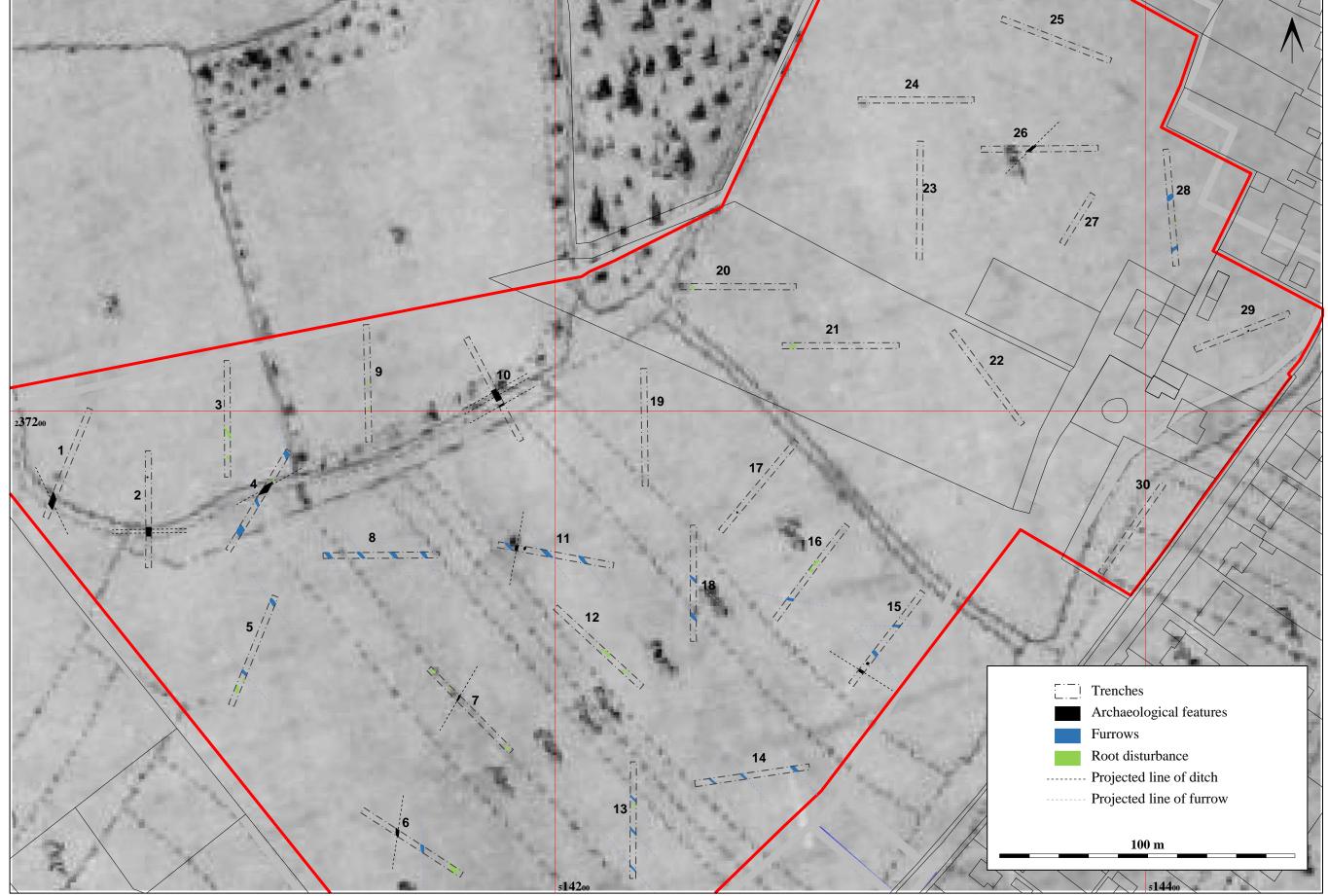


Figure 3: All-features plan overlaid onto Tithe map

This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



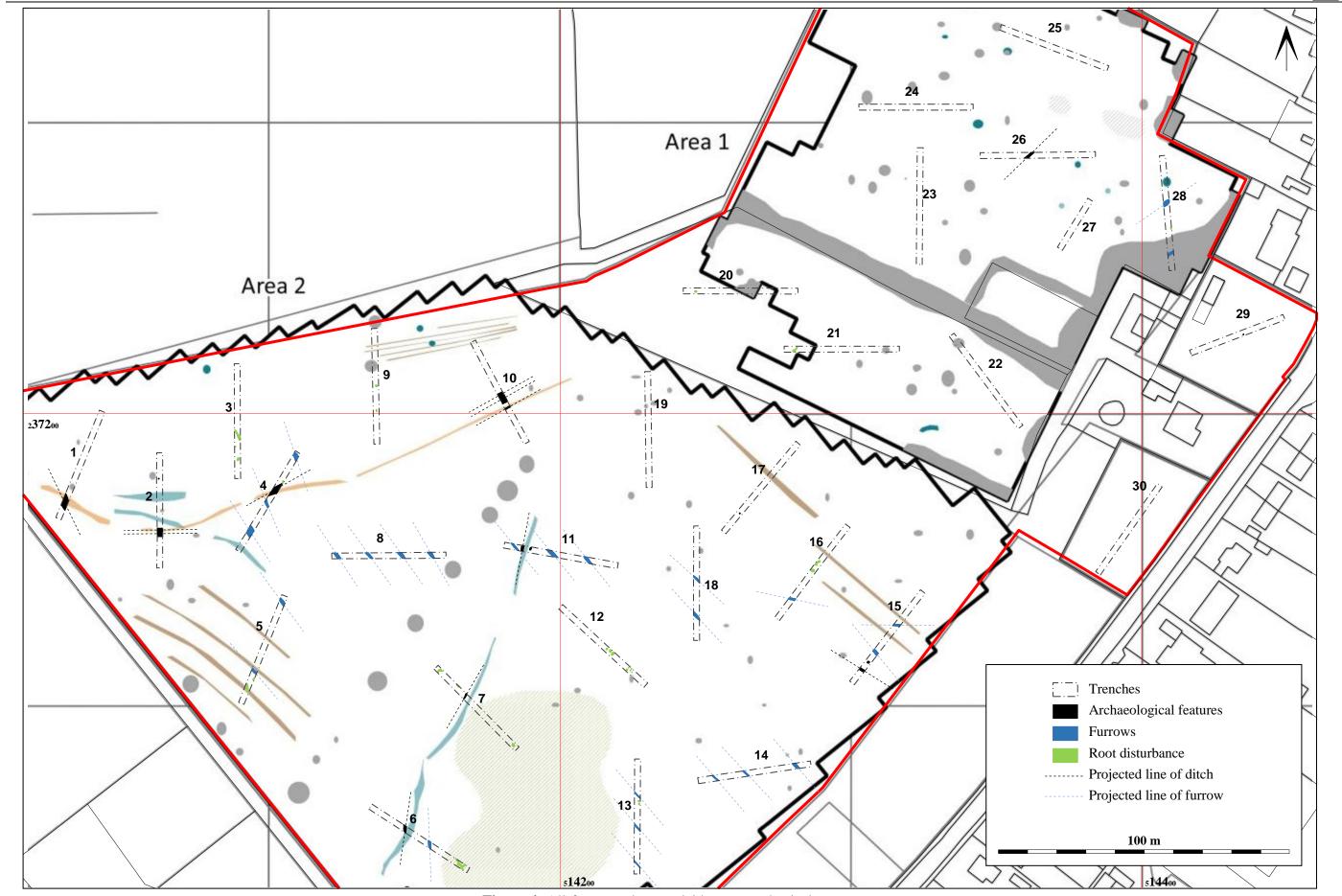


Figure 4: All-features plan overlaid onto geophysical survey

Based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



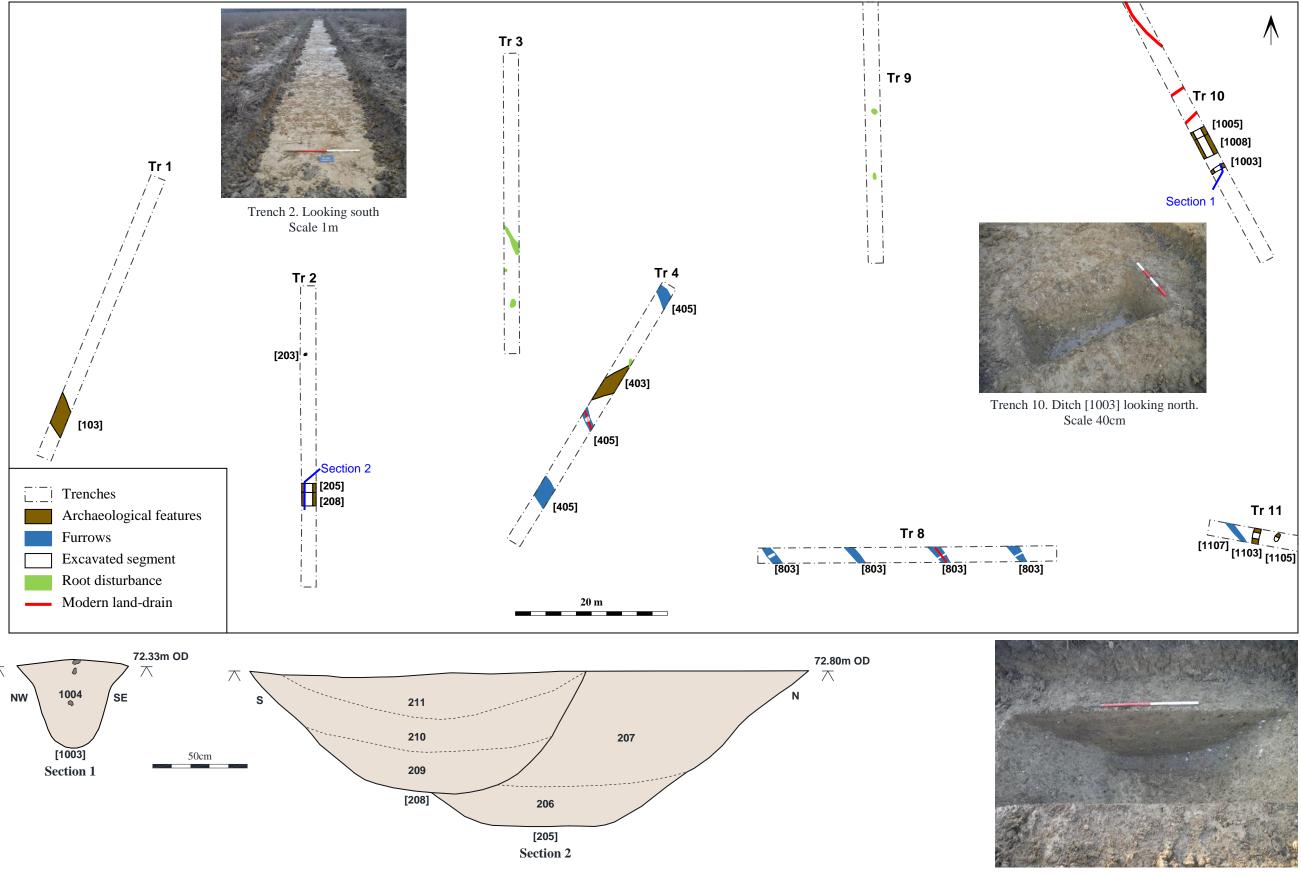
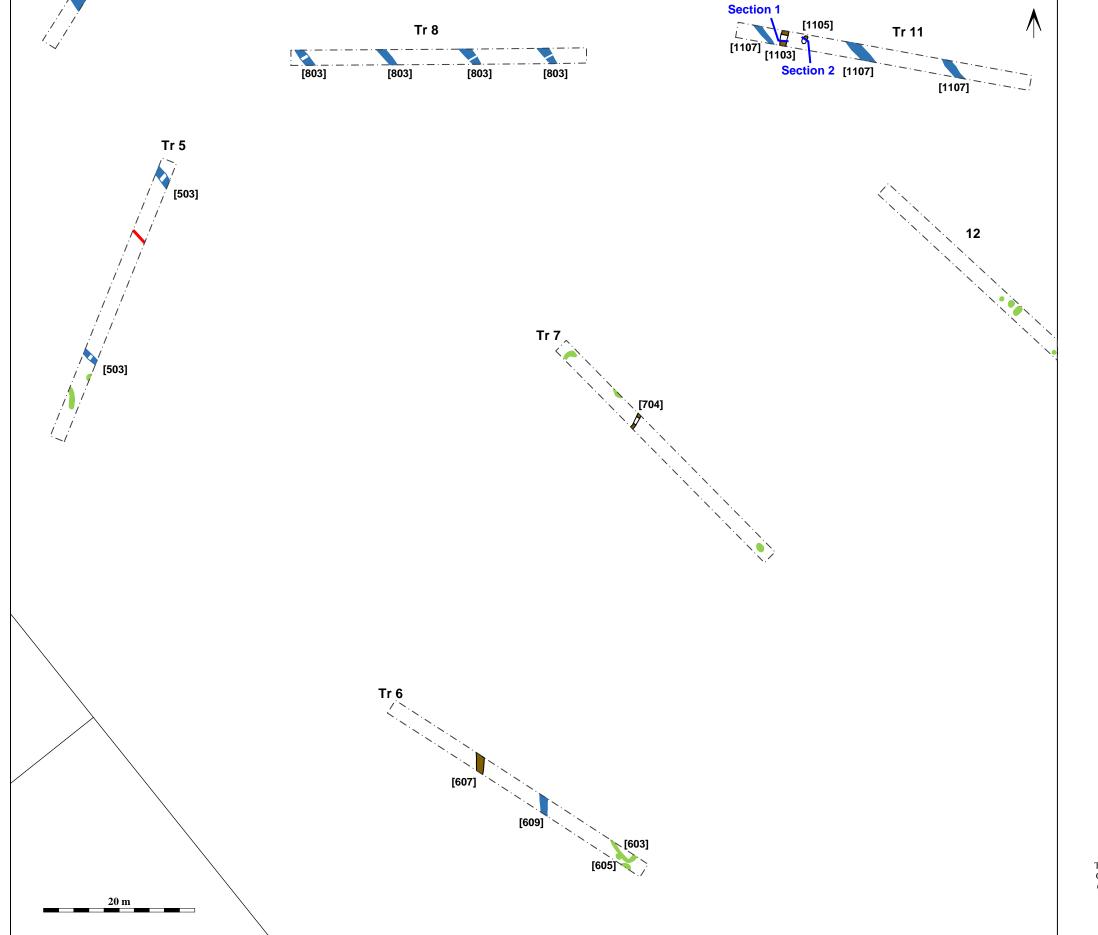
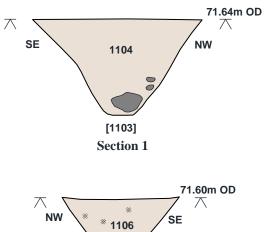


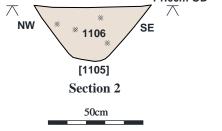
Figure 5: Trenches 1–4, 8–10

Trench 2. Ditches [205] & [208] looking west Scale 1m











Trench 7. Ditch [704] looking north-east Scale 40cm

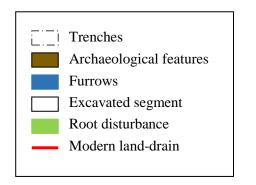


Figure 6: Trenches 5–8, 11–12

This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



70.42m OD

SW J.A.

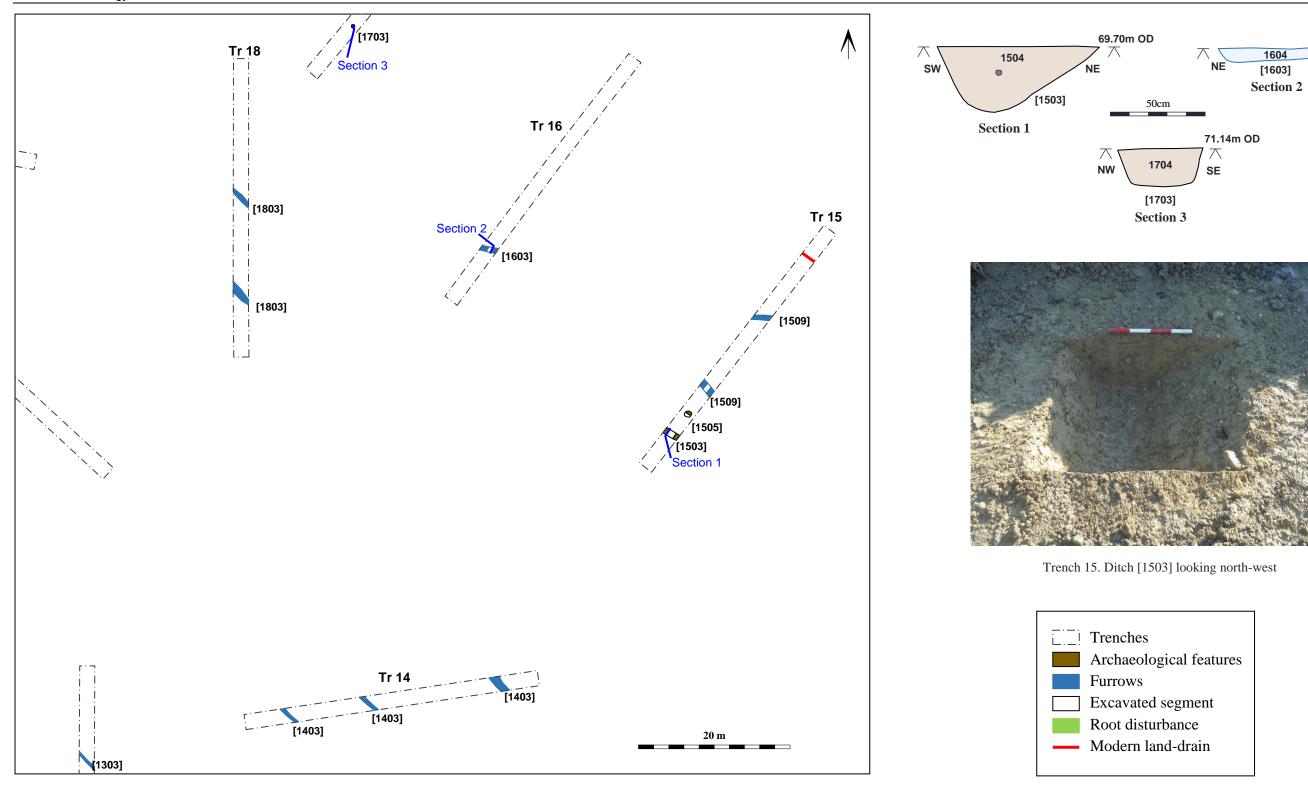


Figure 7: Trenches 14–17, 18



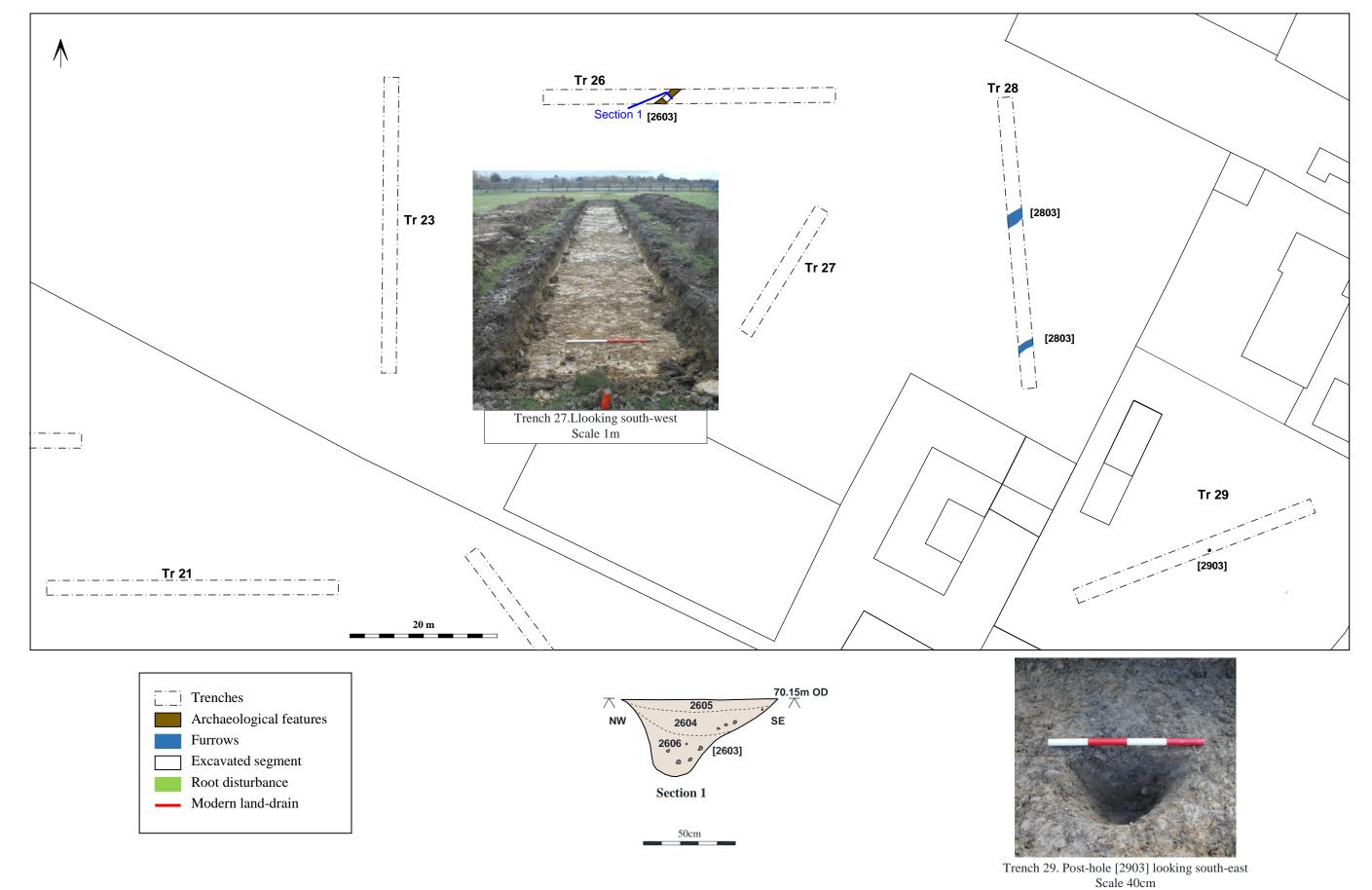


Figure 8: Trenches 21, 23, 26–29

This map is based upon Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Central Bedfordshire Council. Licence No. 100049029 (2011)



Albion archaeology



Albion Archaeology St Mary's Church St Mary's Street Bedford MK42 0AS

Telephone 01234 294000 **Email** office@albion-arch.com www.albion-arch.com

