

# Northamptonshire Archaeology

Archaeological Watching Brief at Layham Quarry Hadleigh, Suffolk August-September 2007



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October 2007

Report 07/158

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#### **OASIS REPORT FORM**

PROJECT DETAILS				
Project name	Layham Quarry			
Short description (250 words maximum)	An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Northamptonshire Archaeology during the topsoil and subsoil strip in advance of gravel extraction at Layham Quarry, Hadleigh, Suffolk. The watching brief demonstrated that within this part of the landscape were ditches forming part of the post-medieval field system which appeared to have been backfilled in the modern era, with the introduction of large scale farming methods.			
Project type (eg DBA, evaluation etc)	Watching brief			
Site status (none, NT, SAM etc)	none			
Previous work (SMR numbers etc)	Watching brief 1999-2006			
Current Land use	Agricultural/quarry			
Future work (yes, no, unknown)	yes			
Monument type/ period Significant finds (artefact type and period)	Post-medieval none			
PROJECT LOCATION				
County	Suffolk			
Site address (including postcode)	Layham Quarry, Had	Layham Quarry, Hadleigh, Suffolk		
Study area (sq.m or ha)	9.5 ha	9 5 ha		
OS Easting & Northing (use grid sq. letter code)	TM 0103 3944			
Height OD	56m AOD			
PROJECT CREATORS				
Organisation Drainat brief ani sington	Northamptonshire Archaeology Edward Martin, Suffolk County Council, Archaeological Services			
Project brief originator	Conservation Team	Sik County Council, Archaeological Services		
Project Design originator Director/Supervisor	CgMs Tim Unson-Smith			
Project Manager	Tim Upson-Smith Adam Yates			
Sponsor or funding body	Brett Group			
PROJECT DATE	•			
Start date	28/08/07			
End date	06/09/07	1		
ARCHIVES	Location (Accession no.)	Content (eg pottery, animal bone etc)		
Physical	Northamptonshire Archaeology			
Paper	Northamptonshire Archaeology			
Digital	Northamptonshire Archaeology			
BIBLIOGRAPHY	unpublished client report (NA report)			
Title	Archaeological Watching Brief at Layham Quarry, Hadleigh, Suffolk August-September 2007 Report 07/158			
Serial title & volume	07/158			
Author(s)	Tim Upson-Smith			
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#### **ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF**

#### AT LAYHAM QUARRY, HADLEIGH, SUFFOLK

#### AUGUST-SEPTEMBER 2007

#### **REPORT 07/158**

#### Planning Consent Number: B/98/0334

Site: Layham Quarry, Hadleigh, Suffolk

NGR: TM 0103 3944

#### Abstract

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Northamptonshire Archaeology during the topsoil and subsoil strip in advance of gravel extraction at Layham Quarry, Hadleigh, Suffolk. The watching brief demonstrated that within this part of the landscape were ditches forming part of the post-medieval field system which appeared to have been backfilled in the modern era, with the introduction of large scale farming methods.

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

Planning Consent (B/98/0334) has been granted by Suffolk County Council for an extension at Layham Quarry (NGR: TM 0103 3944, Fig 1). As a condition of the permission an archaeological watching brief was required following a brief issued by Edward Martin, Suffolk County Council, Archaeological Services Conservation Team, SCCASCT (Martin 2007). A specification was prepared by CgMs Consulting (CgMs 8717/07/01).

Northamptonshire Archaeology were commissioned by CgMs Consulting to undertake a watching brief for the quarry extension area.

#### **1.2** Topography and geology

The quarry extension area (*c*9.5 ha) is located in the southern part of Layham parish, extending into the northern part of Shelley parish. The central part of the site is located on a spur of glacial sand and gravel (<u>http://www.bgs.ac.uk/geoindex/index.htm</u>) at *c*56m AOD gently sloping eastwards to *c*54m AOD.

#### **1.3** Historical and archaeological background

A desk-based archaeological assessment of the site was undertaken by CgMs Consulting (formally JSAC) in November 1997 (JSAC/296/97/001). This report concluded that there were no known archaeological sites within 1km of the proposed quarry extension area. An earlier brief for archaeological evaluation from Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Conservation Team (SCCASCT) suggested that from place name evidence (Popes Green Farm and Popes Green Lane) there might have been a medieval settlement within the area (Martin 1998).

In March 1999 a fieldwalking survey was carried out by JSAC now CgMs Consulting on the area of the proposed quarry extension (JSAC259/99/002). Only ten finds were recovered during the survey, including a single flint scraper and post-medieval pottery, the rest of the finds being ceramic tile. A watching brief was carried out by JSAC and Northamptonshire Archaeology between 1999 and 2006.

A summary report of the fieldwork between 1999 and 2006 was prepared by Northamptonshire Archaeology (Upson-Smith 2007). This fieldwork demonstrated that the landscape had been utilised from the Neolithic to the present day. The Neolithic period was represented by a single serrated blade from a later ditch. The earliest feature was a single Beaker period pit. There was more intensive activity in the late Bronze Age, with a scatter of pits containing pottery and loomweights. The consistency of form and fabrics suggest that this activity was short lived. The prehistoric activity was located within the central part of the quarry on land that was slightly higher than its surroundings.

Located within the northern part of the site were a series of ditches forming parts of a field system attributed to the Romano-British period by the excavator, although there was no direct dating evidence.

#### 2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the archaeological watching brief as outlined in the brief from SCCASCT (Martin 2007) were:

...to enable the identification and evaluation of potentially, significant archaeological features or deposits

...to identify, excavate and record features and deposits of lesser archaeological significance.

The academic objectives were to be centred upon the high potential for the site to produce evidence for settlement and funerary activities from prehistoric through to medieval times.

#### **3** THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

A watching brief was maintained over a period of two weeks in August and September 2007 during the topsoil and subsoil strips in advance of the quarrying (Fig 2).

#### 3.1 Post-medieval field boundaries

Two post-medieval ditches, which appear on the 1839 Tithe map (JSAC 1997 map 2), were observed during the watching brief. The ditches were still present on the 1938 Ordnance Survey six-inch County series provisional edition (JSAC 1997 map 5). These ditches were backfilled relatively recently, perhaps consolidating the agricultural landscape into a smaller number of larger fields. The line of the backfilled boundary ditches was also indicated by four surviving oak trees and a maple (Plate 1). The southernmost oak tree showed evidence of having been pollarded (Plate 2).

#### 4 CONCLUSION

Two post-medieval ditches were observed during the watching brief, forming part of a wider post-medieval field system, elements of which had been observed in previous phases of watching brief at the quarry. Archaeological and cartographic evidence would suggest that much of the field system was backfilled in the modern era, with the introduction of large scale farming methods.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

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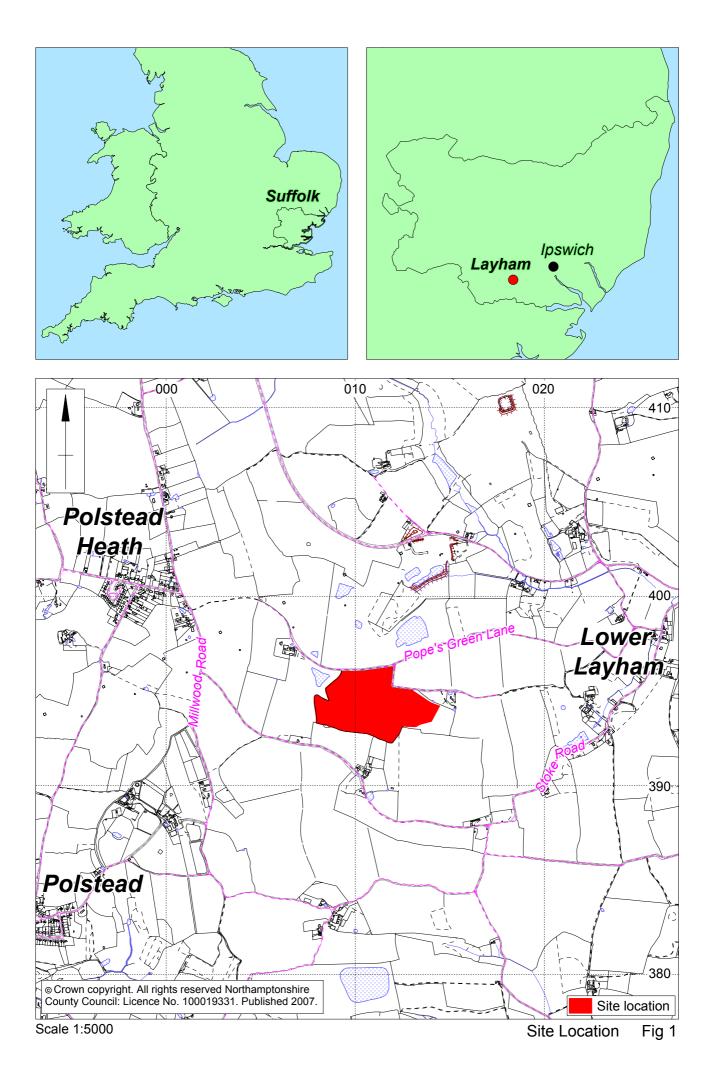
#### PLATES

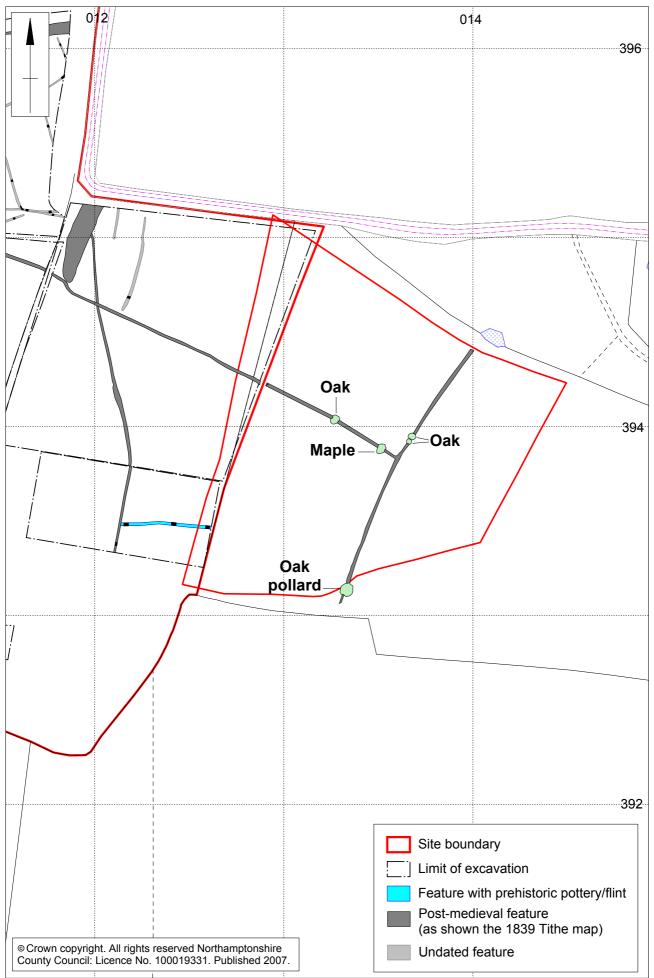


Plate 1: North-south aligned ditch with remnant Oak field boundary



Plate 2: Pollarded Oak tree





Scale 1:2000