

# <u>Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd</u>

# ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION: ICKNIELD SCHOOL ARCHERS WAY LETCHWORTH HERTFORDSHIRE

on behalf of Mace Ltd



Calli Rouse BA PIFA

November 2007

**ASC: 954/LAW/2** 

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#### **Site Data**

ASC project code:	LAW		ASC Project No:	954	
County:		Hertfordshire			
Village/Town:		Letchwo	Letchworth		
Civil Parish:		Letchwo	Letchworth		
NGR (to 8 figs):		TL 2089 3275			
Present use:		School			
Planning proposal:		Construction of a children's centre			
Planning application	Planning application ref/date:		1/1140007		
Local Planning Authority:		North Hertfordshire District Council			
Date of fieldwork:		October 2007			
Client:		Mace Ltd.			
		Stag House			
		Old London Road			
		Hertford			
		SG13 7YY			
Contact name:		Mr Dylan John			

#### **Internal Quality Check**

Primary Author:	Calli Rouse	Date:	27 <sup>th</sup> November 2007
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Edited/Checked By:		Date:	

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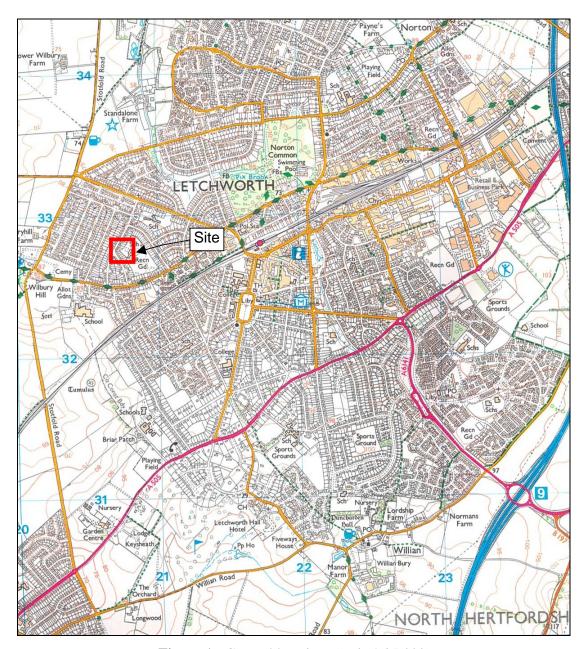
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**Figure 1:** General location (*Scale 1:25,000*)

### **Summary**

In October 2007, Archaeological Services and Consultancy Ltd (ASC) carried out an archaeological evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire, in advance of the construction of a children's centre. A single trench was excavated within the footprint of the proposed building, revealing only modern material. Archaeological remains were not observed in the trench and it is unlikely that the proposed development will have a significant impact on archaeological remains.

#### 1 Introduction

1.1 In October 2007 Archaeological Services and Consultancy Ltd (ASC) carried out an evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire (NGR TL 2089 3275: Figure 1). The project was commissioned by Mace Ltd., and was carried out according to a brief (Instone 2007) prepared on behalf of the local planning authority (LPA), North Hertfordshire District Council, by their archaeological advisor (AA), the Historic Environment Unit of Hertfordshire County Council, and a project design prepared by ASC (Barclay 2007). The relevant planning application reference is 1/1140007.

#### 1.2 Planning Background

This evaluation was required under the terms of *Planning Policy Guidance Note 16* (PPG16), in response to proposals for the construction of a new children's centre.

#### 1.3 Location and Description

The site is situated in Letchworth, in the administrative district of North Hertfordshire (Fig. 1). The site is located on the west side of Letchworth, to the west of Norton Common on Archers Way (NGR TL 2089 3275), and is within the grounds of Icknield School..

#### 1.4 Geology & Topography

The site lies within an area which, due to urbanisation, has remained geologically unsurveyed. The natural soils survive comprise the *Hanslope Association*, which consists of "*Slowly permeable calcareous soils over chalky till*" (Soil Survey 1983; 411d). It lies at a height of c.87m OD, on flat ground.

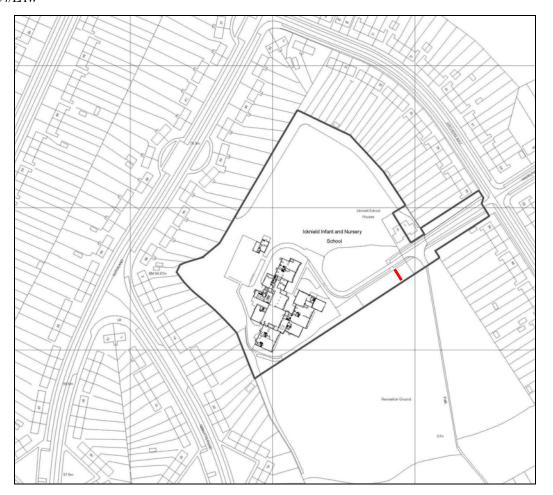


Figure 2: Site plan (Scale 1:2500)

#### 2 Aims and Methods

#### 2.1 *Aims*

As described in the *brief* (Section 3), the aims of the evaluation were:

• To determine the location, extent, date, nature, condition, significance and quality of any surviving archaeological remains observed on site.

#### 2.2 Standards

The work conformed to the project design, to the relevant sections of the Institute of Archaeologists' *Code of Conduct* (IFA 2000) and *Standard & Guidance Notes* (IFA 2001), to the Association of Local Government Archaeological Officers East of England Region *Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England* (ALGAO 2003), and to the relevant sections of ASC's own *Operations Manual*.

#### 2.3 Methods

The work was carried out according to the *brief* (Section 4), which required:

• A single trial trench (c.10m) across the footprint of the proposed building.

## 3 Archaeological and Historical Background

#### 3.1 Prehistoric (before 600BC)

Letchworth is an area of considerable archaeological and historical significance. The site has the potential to reveal evidence from many periods but the main focus of interest is likely to lie in the late prehistoric and Roman periods. The Chilterns have not been extensively archaeologically surveyed, but a number of Bronze Age round barrows and ring ditches have been identified along the escarpment (Holgate 1995, fig 10), and it is believed that more sites remain to be found in this zone.

#### **3.2** Iron Age (600BC-AD43)

An important Iron Age *oppidum* (defended settlement) was situated to the north-east of the site at Baldock. During the Iron Age the area formed part of the territory of the Catuvellauni (Branigan 1987). A major prehistoric track, now known as the *Icknield Way* crossed the region *c*.1km to the south of the site.

A number of Iron Age settlements have been identified in the Letchworth area, notably an important site at Blackhorse Road. The site lies c. 500m north-east of a major Iron Age hillfort known as Wilbury Hill. The latter was subject to archaeological excavations (Applebaum 1949) and is a Scheduled Ancient Monument.

#### **3.3 Roman** (AD43-c.450)

During the Roman period settlement was dominated by a small town at Baldock (Stead & Rigby 1986). Settlement from the Roman period has been identified in and around Letchworth, and the Hertfordshire Sites and Monuments Record shows a variety of sites and artefacts of this period in the region. A number of Roman villas have been identified in the area, *e.g.* Wymondley (Hunn 2001).

#### **3.4** Saxon (*c.450-1066*)

Little is known of the area during the Saxon period, but the majority of evidence for the Saxon period in Hertfordshire comes from cemetery sites. From c.500-700 AD these sites are located on the north-west slope of the Chilterns, along the Icknield Way, and in the river valleys of tributaries of the River Ouse (Wingfield 1995, figs 14 and 15).

#### **3.5 Medieval** (1066-1500)

The early development of the present town of Letchworth is not well understood but the settlement probably developed during the Saxon or early medieval periods. The nucleus of the medieval village is  $c.2\mathrm{km}$  to the east of the proposed development area on the east side of Letchworth Lane. The settlement was dominated by the church of St Mary which dates from the early medieval period (Pevsner & Cherry 1977).

#### 3.6 Post-Medieval - Modern (1500-present)

The site is situated to the north of the medieval village and probably comprised open land until the development of Letchworth Garden City by Ebenezer Howard in the early  $20^{\rm th}$  century.

#### 4 Results and Conclusions

#### 4.1 *Introduction*

This section provides a summary of the results of the fieldwork. Full details of the trench, in tabular form, are provided in Appendix 1. A single trench was excavated across the site (Figure 2). It targeted the footprint of the proposed building and was 8m long and c.0.97m deep (Plate 1).

- 4.2 The Trial Trench (Figures 3 and 4; Plate 1)
  - 4.2.1 The natural strata (104) was observed at a depth of c.0.86m and comprised yellow sandy gravel (Plate 2). This was overlain by a layer of red sand (103), which contained occasional pieces of modern brick. This layer was 0.36m thick and was overlain by spread of loose black asphalt (102), which was 90mm thick. Layers (102) and (103) are modern deposits and are not archaeologically significant.
  - 4.2.2 The asphalt layer (102) was overlain by a 150mm thick layer of subsoil (101) which comprised brown sandy silt. The upper part of the trench profile comprised the topsoil and turf of the school playing field (100), which consisted of mid brown loam c.260mm deep.
  - 4.2.3 No significant archaeological finds or features were observed in the trench.

#### 4.3 Conclusions

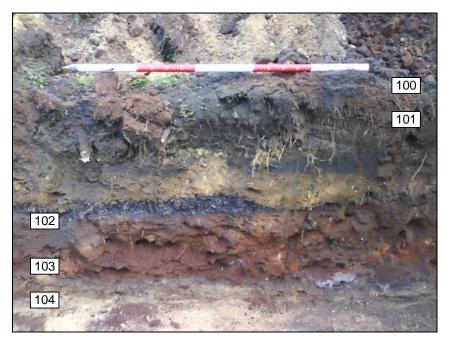
- 4.3.1 Natural gravel deposits (104) were present at a consistent depth of *c*.0.86m indicating that the geological deposits are intact and had not been significantly truncated during the construction of the school.
- 4.3.2 The natural soils above the gravel had been truncated, probably during the laying out of the school and its grounds. The gravel was overlain by deposits of modern red sand (103) and asphalt (102), probably representing an modern road or surface and make-up material.
- 4.3.3 Significant archaeological features were not observed in the trench. While the existence of individual, isolated archaeological features, away from the trench cannot be entirely excluded, it is unlikely that large numbers of archaeological features or artefacts are present on the site. It is unlikely that the proposed development will have a significant impact on archaeological remains.

#### 4.4 *Confidence Rating*

- 4.4.1 The evaluation was undertaken in generally dry, sunny conditions and full cooperation was received from all parties involved. The stratigraphy was well defined and distinct.
- 4.4.2 A high confidence rating is attached to the results of the evaluation.

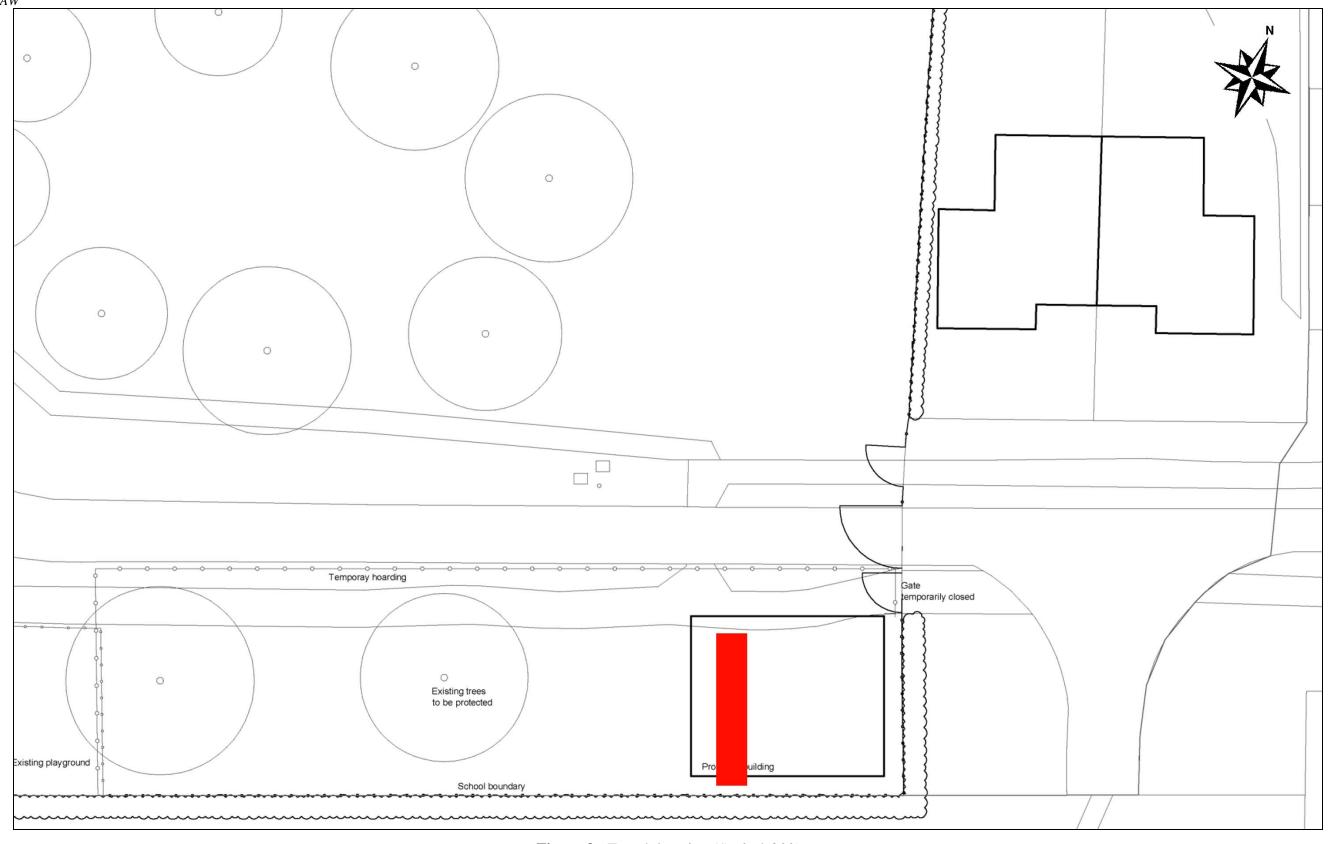


**Plate 1:** General view of trench, looking south east (Scale = 2m)



**Plate 2:** Detail of south west facing section (Scale = 1m)

Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire 954/LAW



**Figure 3:** Trench location (*Scale 1:200*)

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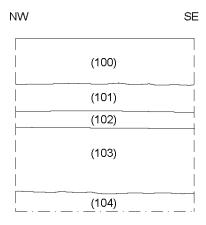


Figure 4: South west facing sample section (Scale 1:20)

## 5. Acknowledgements

The writer is grateful to Mr Dylan John of *Mace Ltd* for commissioning the project on behalf of *Hertfordshire County Coucil*. Andy Instone of the *Historic Environment Unit* of *Hertfordshire County Council* acted as curatorial monitor.

The fieldwork was led for ASC Ltd by Calli Rouse BA PIFA assisted by Ralph Brown BSc. The report was prepared by Calli Rouse and edited by David Fell BA MA MIFA

#### 6. Archive

- 6.1 The project archive will comprise:
  - 1. Brief
  - 2. Project Design
  - 3. Initial Report
  - 4. Clients site plans
  - 5. Site records
  - 6. Site record drawings
  - 7. List of photographs
  - 8. B/W prints & negatives
  - 9. CDROM with copies of all digital files.
- 6.2 The archive will be deposited with *North Hertfordshire Museum Service*.

#### 7. References

#### Standards & Specifications

- ALGAO 2003 Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 14.
- Barclay, C 2007 Project Design for an Archaeological Evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire ASC/954/LAW/1
- EH 1991 *The Management of Archaeological Projects*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. English Heritage (London).
- IFA 2000a Institute of Field Archaeologists' Code of Conduct.
- IFA 2001 Institute of Field Archaeologists' Standard & Guidance documents (Desk-Based Assessments, Watching Briefs, Evaluations, Excavations, Investigation and Recording of Standing Buildings, Finds).
- Instone A 2007 Design Brief for Archaeological Evaluation Historic Environment Unit. Hertfordshire County Council

#### **Secondary Sources**

- Applebaum E S 1949 'Excavations at Wilbury Hill, an Iron Age Hill-Fort near Letchworth, Hertfordshire 1933' *The Archaeological Journal* **106**, 12-44
- Branigan K 1987 The Catuvellauni Alan Sutton Gloucester
- Burleigh G 1985 'A Late Iron Age Oppidum at Baldock, Hertfordshire' in Holgate R (ed.) *Chiltern Archaeology: Recent Work; A Handbook for the Next Decade* Dunstable
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- Hunn J R 2001 Archaeological Monitoring & Recording Along The Wymondley to Corey's Mill Cable Route, Hertfordshire ASC WCM 01/02
- Pevsner N & Cherry B 1977 The Buildings f England: Hertfordshire Yale University Press London
- Soil Survey 1983 1:250,000 Soil Map of England and Wales, and accompanying legend Harpenden.
- Stead I M & Rigby V 1986 Baldock: the excavation of a Roman and pre-Roman settlement: 1968-72 Britannia Monograph 7
- Wingfield C 1995 'The Anglo-Saxon settlement of Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire: the archaeological view' in Holgate R (ed.) *Chiltern Archaeology: Recent Work; A Handbook for the Next Decade* Dunstable

# **Appendix 1: Trench Summary Tables**

				Trench	1				
	Ma				Max Dir	Dimensions (m)			
			Length	8	Width	1.6	Depth	0.97	
	計畫		Levels						
		* W. S.	Trench base north			m OD			
			Trench top north			m OD	m OD		
4			Trench b	ase south		m OD			
			Trench top south			m OD			
				NGR Co-ordinates					
				TL 20888 3	2756	SE TL 20892 32751			
			Orientation			NW-SE			
Reason for Trench				Testing p footprint	roposed develo	pment			
Context	Туре	Description and Interpretation				Max Width		Depth	
						(mm)	(mm)	BGL	
100	Layer	Mid brown loam – Topsoil			_	260	(mm)		
101	Layer	Brown sandy silt - Subsoil			-	150	260		
102	Layer	Loose black asphalt – Modern surface			-	90	410		
103	Layer	Red sand with occasional brick – Modern made up			-	360	500		
104	Layer	ground Yellow sandy gravel – Natural strata			-	110+	860		

# **Appendix 2: List of Photographs**

SITE NAME: Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Herts SITE NO/CODE: 954/LAW			SITE NO/CODE: 954/LAW		
Shot	B&W	Digital	Subject		
1		✓	Detail of south west facing section, 2m scale		
2	✓	✓	General view of trench, looking south east, 2m scale		
3	✓	✓	Detail of south west facing section, 1m scale		
4		✓	General view of trench, looking east, 1m scale		
5		✓	General view of site, looking south west		

**Appendix 3: ASC OASIS Form** 

	PROJECT	DETAILS		
Project Name:	Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire			
Short Description:	In October 2007, Archaeological Services and Consultancy Ltd (ASC) carried out an archaeological evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire, in advance of the construction of a children's centre. A single trench was excavated within the footprint of the proposed building, revealing only modern material. Archaeological remains were not observed in the trench and it is unlikely that the proposed development will have a significant impact on archaeological remains.			
Project Type: (indicate all that apply)	Trial Trenching			
Site status: (eg. none, SAM, Listed)	None	Previous work: (eg. SMR refs)	-	
Current land use:	School grounds	Future work: (yes / no / unknown)	No	
Monument type:	-	Monument period:	-	
Significant finds: (artefact type & period)	-		,	
	PROJECT	LOCATION		
County:	Hertfordshire	OS reference: (8 figs min)	TL 2089 3275	
Site address: (with postcode if known)	Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire			
Study area: (sq. m. or ha)	c.10 x c.10	Height OD: (metres)	c.87	
	PROJECT	CREATORS		
Organisation:	Archaeological Services &	Consultancy Ltd		
Project brief originator:	A. Instone	Project design originator:	C. Barclay	
Project Manager:	D. Fell	Director/Supervisor:	D. Fell	
Sponsor / funding body:	Mace Ltd			
		CT DATE		
Start date:	15/10/2007	End date:	15/10/2007	
	PROJECT	ARCHIVES		
	Location (Accession no.)	Content (eg. pottery, animal	bone, files/sheets)	
Physical:	North Herts Museum Service	-		
Paper:		Archive box		
Digital:		CD		
BIBLIOGRAP	HY (Journal/monograph, publish	ned or forthcoming, or unpublish	hed client report)	
Title:	An Archaeological Evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire			
Serial title & volume:	ASC/954/LAW/2			
Author(s):	Calli Rouse BA PIFA			
Page nos	17	Date:		

# **Appendix 4: SMR Summary Sheet**

Site name and address:  Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire				
icklied School, Addicts Way, Ectatworth, Hordordshire				
County: HERTFORDSHIRE	District: North Hertfordshire			
Village/Town: Letchworth	Parish: Letchworth			
Planning application reference: 1/1140007				
Client name, address, & tel. no: Mace Ltd				
Nature of application: Construction of child	ren's centre			
Present land use: School grounds				
Size of application area: 10mx10m	Size of area investigated: 8mx1.6m			
NGR (to 8 figures): TL 2089 3275	Site code: 954/LAW			
Site director/Organization: David Fell / ASC	Ltd			
Type of work: Evaluation				
Date of work: Start: 15/10/07	Finish: 15/10/07			
Curating museum: North Herts Museum Service				
Related SMR nos: -	eriods represented: -			
Relevant previous summaries/reports -				
Summary of fieldwork results:				
In October 2007, Archaeological Services and Consultancy Ltd (ASC) carried out an archaeological evaluation at Icknield School, Archers Way, Letchworth, Hertfordshire, in advance of the construction of a children's centre. A single trench was excavated within the footprint of the proposed building, revealing only modern material. Archaeological remains were not observed in the trench and it is unlikely that the proposed development will have a significant impact on archaeological remains.  Author: C. Rouse  Date: 23/11/07				
Author: C. Rouse	Date: 23/11/07			