

Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd

WATCHING BRIEF: LAND SOUTH OF MANOR COTTAGE 6 HIGH STREET HAVERSHAM MILTON KEYNES

NGR: SP 8292 4280

on behalf of Mrs Jane Dawes



Martin Cuthbert BA

March 2009

ASC: 1157/HMC/1



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Site Data

ASC project code:	НМС		ASC Project No:	1157		
OASIS ref:	archaeol2-56180		Event/Accession no:	1226/AYBCM: 2009.45		
County:	County:		Buckinghamshire (historic county)			
Village/Town:		Haversham				
Civil Parish:		Haver	sham-cum-Little Linfor	rd CP		
NGR (to 8 figs):		SP 82	92 4280			
Extent of site:		112 sc	m p			
Present use:		Paddo	ock			
Planning proposal:		Stable Block				
Planning application	ref/date:	04/00522/FUL				
Local Planning Auth	ority:	Milton Keynes Council				
Date of fieldwork:		February 2009				
Client:		Mrs Jane Dawes				
		Manor Cottage				
		6 High Street				
		Haversham				
		Milton Keynes				
		MK19 7DX				
Contact name:		Jane Dawes				

Internal Quality Check

Primary Author:	Martin Cuthbert	Date:	2 nd March 2009
Revisions:		Date:	
Edited/Checked By:	Bob Zeepvat	Date:	2 nd March 2009

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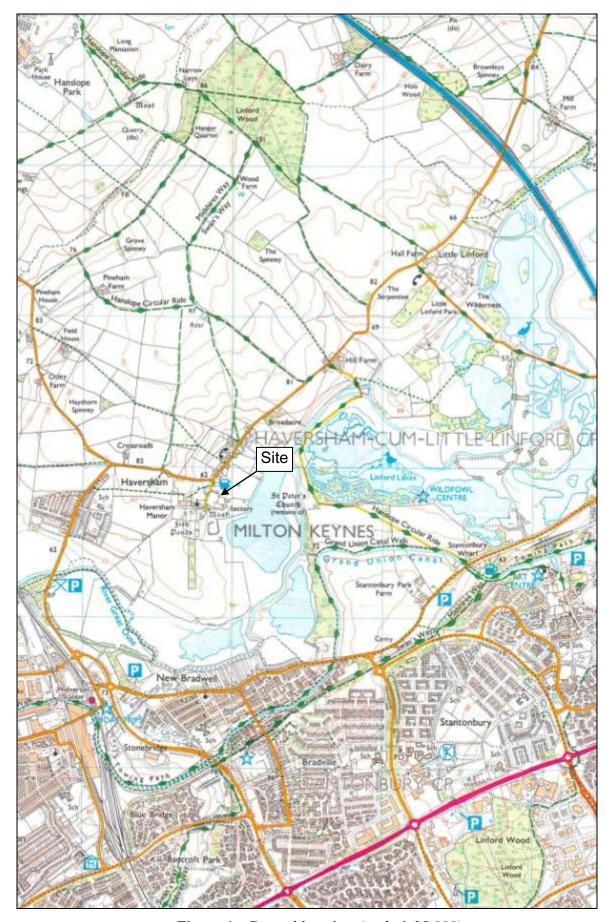


Figure 1: General location (scale 1:25,000)

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Summary

In February 2009 ASC Ltd carried out a Watching Brief on land south of Manor Cottage, 6 High Street, Haversham, Milton Keynes, during the clearance of an area before the construction of a stable block. The site lies within an area of archaeological and historical interest, and had the potential to reveal evidence of a range of periods, but no archaeological finds or features were observed within the stripped development area. One sherd of 19th century pottery, and one sherd of 13th to 14th century pottery were recovered from the topsoil. This is not surprising due to the close proximity to the church to the west of the site and also the presumed location of the medieval manor house to the south.

1. Introduction

1.1 In February 2009 Archaeological Services and Consultancy Ltd (ASC) carried out a watching brief at Manor Cottage, 6 High Street, Haversham, Milton Keynes. The project was commissioned by Mrs Jane Dawes, and was carried out according to a standard brief, following discussions with the local planning authority (LPA), Milton Keynes Council (MKC). The relevant planning application reference is 04/00522/FUL.

1.2 Planning Background

This watching brief was required under the terms of *Planning Policy Guidance Note* 16 (PPG16), as a condition of planning permission for the development of the site.

1.3 Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd

Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd (ASC) is an independent archaeological practice providing a full range of archaeological services including consultancy, field evaluation, mitigation and post-excavation studies, historic building recording and analysis. ASC is recognised as a Registered Archaeological Organisation by the Institute of Field Archaeologists, in recognition of its high standards and working practices.

1.4 Management

The project was managed by Karin Semmelmann BA MA MIFA, and was carried out under the overall direction of Bob Zeepvat BA MIFA.

1.5 The Site

1.5.1 Location & Description

The site is located in the village of Haversham, in the administrative district of Milton Keynes, and is centred on NGR SP 8292 4280 (Fig. 1). The site is irregular in shape, and comprises a paddock north of the Old Rectory (Fig 2). Access to the site will be from the High Street, to the west of the development area.

1.5.2 *Geology & Topography*

The soils of the area comprise the *Bishampton 2 Association*, which consists of "Deep fine loamy and fine loamy over clayey soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging associated with similar slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged soils." (Soil Survey 1983; 572d). The geological base is *Great Oolite clay and limestone* (BGS 203). The site lies at a height of c. 65, OD.

1.5.3 Proposed Development

The proposal is for the construction of a stable block.

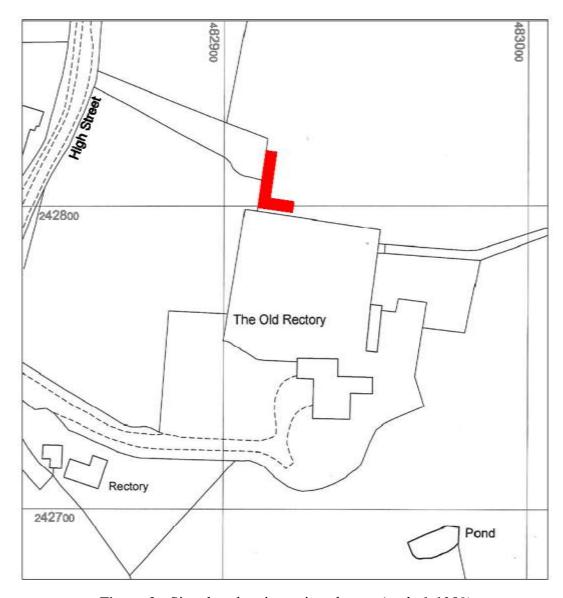


Figure 2: Site plan showing stripped area (scale 1:1250)

2. Aims & Methods

2.1 *Aims*

As discussed with the Planning Archaeologist (PA), the aims of the watching brief were:

- To ensure the archaeological monitoring of all aspects of the development programme likely to affect archaeological remains
- To secure the adequate recording of any archaeological remains revealed by the development programme
- To secure the analysis, conservation and long-term storage of any artefactual/ecofactual material recovered from the site.
- To provide an adequately detailed project report that will place the findings of the monitoring and recording of the development programme in their local and regional context.

2.2 Standards

The work conformed to the requirements of the PA, to the relevant sections of the Institute for Archaeologists' *Code of Conduct* (IFA 2000) and *Standard & Guidance Notes* (IFA 2001), and to the relevant sections of ASC's own *Operations Manual*.

2.3 Methods

The work was carried out after discussion with the PA, which required:

- Soil and overburden stripping under archaeological supervision
- The inspection of the sub-soil for archaeological features, deposits and artefacts
- The rapid investigation and recording of any archaeological features or deposits
- Sub-soil stripping under archaeological supervision
- Rapid examination of spoil-heaps for archaeological material
- A programme of post-fieldwork analysis, archiving and publication.

2.4 Constraints

No constraints were identified prior to the watching brief fieldwork and none were encountered during the monitoring visits.

3. Archaeological & Historical Background

3.1 The following section provides a summary of the readily available archaeological and historical background to the development site and its environs. The site lies within an area of archaeological and historical interest, and has the potential to reveal evidence of a range of periods.

This section has been compiled with information from the project design for an evaluation undertaken by ASC at 5 High Street, Haversham (Barclay 2008).

3.2 The site lies outside the designated area of Milton Keynes new town. Consequently the site did not receive attention from the former *Milton Keynes Archaeology Unit*, and as a result systematic fieldwork has not been undertaken in the area. However, previous work undertaken in the upper Ouse valley in the vicinity of the site shows that there is considerable archaeological and historical potential in the area. The main focus of interest lies in the late Iron Age and Roman periods.

3.3 **Prehistoric & Iron Age** (before AD43)

During the early prehistoric period the Ouse valley was an area of considerable significance and a large number of ring ditches (ploughed-out burial mounds) have been identified in the river valley (Woodward 1978). A later Iron Age earthwork has been identified in Haversham (Woodfield & Johnson 1989, 257). In the Iron Age, the valleys of the Ouse and its tributary the Ouzel were densely populated. Many of these settlements continued into the Roman period.

3.5 *Roman* (AD43-c.450)

The site lies *c*.4km north-east of the major Roman road now known as *Watling Street* (OS 1979). During the Roman period, the Ouse valley was densely settled, with Roman villas at intervals of two to three kilometres along the valley. On the north bank villas have been found at Deanshanger and Cosgrove, while to the south of the river similar establishments have been examined at Bancroft and Stantonbury (Williams & Zeepvat 1994: Zeepvat 1987), while a major site was excavated south of Hill Farm at Stanton Low (Woodfield & Johnson 1989). A Roman villa was also excavated at Hill Farm (Cockerill & Harris 1962), and further work was carried out at Hill Farm in 2004 by ASC Ltd.

3.6 **Saxon** (c.450-1066)

It is unknown when the village first developed, but it was in existence by the Saxon period, as the village is mentioned in the Domesday survey (1086), where it is referred to as *Havreha*. At this time the land was held by *William Peverel* and was valued at £6 (Morris 1978).

3.7 *Medieval* (1066-1500)

Medieval settlement developed in the area of the site, with the present village of Haversham developing around the parish church and manor house.

3.8 **Post-Medieval & Modern** (1500-present)

The Old Rectory 40 m south of the development area was built in the late 18th century along with the walled garden that the stable will back onto (Fig 2).

4. Results

- 4.1 An area comprising of approximately 112 square metres to the north of the Old Rectory (Plate 1) formed the area of the proposed development (Fig. 2).
- 4.2 The stratigraphy of the site comprised topsoil made up of a dark brown silty clay loam, to a depth of 250mm, Below this was 150mm of subsoil comprising of mid brown silty clay (Plate 2 and 3). The natural subsoil was not reached.
- 4.3 No archaeological finds or features were observed in the stripped area although two pieces of pot were discovered in the topsoil, one fragment being Medieval Coarse Ware made of Shelly fabric, and the other Post Medieval in date. This is not surprising due to the close proximity to the church to the west of the site and also the medieval manor houses presumed location to the south.

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Plate 1: General shot, looking southwest



Plate 2: Section of site, looking south. 1 m scale



Plate 3: General shot, looking north. 1 m scale

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5. Conclusions

- 5.1 No significant archaeological features were discovered within the development area. While the existence of individual isolated archaeological features away from the trenches cannot be specifically excluded, it is unlikely that large numbers of archaeological features were present on the site. It is unlikely that the development has had a significant impact on archaeological remains.
- 5.2 The conditions for the watching brief were reasonable and the work took place in dry weather conditions. Full co-operation was received from the contractors and a very high degree of confidence is attached to the results of the watching brief

6. Acknowledgements

The watching brief was commissioned by Mrs Jane Dawes. The writer is grateful to Mrs Dawes for her assistance. The project was monitored by Nick Crank on behalf of the local planning authority.

The project was managed for ASC by Karin Semmelmann BA MA MIFA. Fieldwork was carried out by Calli Rouse BA PIFA. The report was prepared by Martin Cuthbert BA and edited by Bob Zeepvat BA MIFA.

7. Archive

- 7.1 The project archive will comprise:
 - 1. Initial Report
 - 2. Site Monitoring Sheets
 - 3. Site record drawings
 - 4. List of photographs
 - 5. B/W prints & negatives
 - 6. CDROM with copies of all digital files.
- 7.2 The archive will be deposited with *Buckinghamshire County Museum* (AYBCM: 2009.45).

8. References

Standards & Specifications

- Barclay, C. 2008 Project Design for Archaeological Evaluation at 5 High Street, Haversham ASC Ltd
- EH 1991 *The Management of Archaeological Projects, 2nd edition.* English Heritage (London).
- IFA 2000a Institute of Field Archaeologists' Code of Conduct.
- IFA 2000b Institute of Field Archaeologists' Code of Approved Practice for the Regulation of Contractual Arrangements in Field Archaeology.
- IFA 2001 Institute of Field Archaeologists' Standard & Guidance documents (Desk-Based Assessments, Watching Briefs, Evaluations, Excavations, Investigation and Recording of Standing Buildings, Finds).

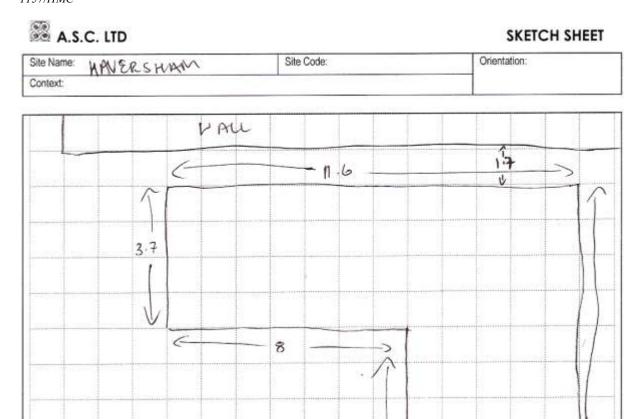
Secondary Sources

- Cockerill E G & Harris R S 1962 'Excavation at Hill Farm, Haversham, May-June 1962' Wolverton and District Archaeological Society Newsletter, 7, 7.
- BGS British Geological Survey 1:50,000 Series, Solid & Drift Geology.
- Morris C 1978 The Domesday Book. Buckinghamshire. History from the Sources. Phillimore.
- Soil Survey 1983 1:250,000 Soil Map of England and Wales, and accompanying legend (Harpenden).
- Woodfield C & Johnson C 1989 'A Roman Site at Stanton Low, on the Great Ouse, Buckinghamshire' *Archaeological Journal* **146**, 135-378. Royal Archaeological Institute.
- Woodward P J 1978 Flint Distribution, Ring Ditches and Bronze Age Settlement Patterns in the Great Ouse Valley' *Archaeological Journal* **135**, 32-56. Royal Archaeological Institute.
- Zeepvat R J 1987a 'Romano-British Settlement in the Upper Ouse and Ouzel Valleys' *in* Mynard 1987, 6-18.
- Zeepvat, R.J. & Williams, R.J 1994 Bancroft: a late Bronze Age/Iron Age Settlement, Roman Villa & Temple-Mausoleum. Buckinghamshire Archaeology Society Monograph Series 7 (Aylesbury).

Appendix 1: Monitoring Sheets

Project Name		SHAN		Project	Code:		Date of visit:	24/02/09
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RECORDING NOTES

Recorded	Date:	Digitised	Date:	Sheet number:	of	
by:	18.005040	by:		31000000 100000000000000000000000000000		

7

Appendix 2: List of Photographs

SITE NA	SITE NAME: Land south of Manor Cottage, High Street, Haversham SITE NO/CODE: 1157/HMC						
Shot	B&W	Digital	Subj	ject			
1		✓	Close up of Section of site no scale, looking south				
2		✓	Section of site no scale, looking south				
3		✓	General shot, looking southwest				
4		✓	General shot, looking southwest				
5		✓	General shot, looking southwest				
6		✓	General shot, looking southwest				
7		✓	Section of site, looking south. 1 m scale				
8		✓	General shot, looking southwest. 1 m scale				
9		✓	General shot, looking south. 1 m scale)			
10		✓	Section of site, looking west. 1 m scale	9			
11		✓	General shot, looking west. 1 m scale				
12		✓	General shot, looking north. 1 m scale				
13		✓	General shot, looking north. 1 m scale				

Appendix 3: ASC OASIS Form

1.1	PROJECT	Γ DETAILS				
Project Name:	Land south of Manor Cottage, 6 High Street, Haversham, Buckinghamshire					
Short Description:	In February 2009 ASC Ltd carried out a Watching Brief on land south of Manor Cottage, 6 High Street, Haversham, Milton Keynes, during the clearance of an area before the construction of a stable block. The site lies within an area of archaeological and historical interest, and had the potential to reveal evidence of a range of periods, but no archaeological finds or features were observed within the stripped development area. One sherd of 19 th century pottery, and one sherd of 13 th to 14 th century pottery were recovered from the topsoil. This is not surprising due to the close proximity to the church to the west of the site and also the medieval manor houses presumed location to the south.					
Project Type: (indicate all that apply)	Watching Brief					
Site status: (eg. none, SAM, Listed)	None	Previous work: (eg. SMR refs)	None			
Current land use:	Paddock	Future work: (yes / no / unknown)	No			
Monument type:	None	Monument period:	N/a			
Significant finds: (artefact type & period)						
	PROJECT	LOCATION				
County:	Buckinghamshire	OS reference: (8 figs min)	SP 8292 4280			
District:	Milton Keynes	Parish:	Haversham-cum-Little Linford CP			
Site address: (with postcode if known)	Land south of Manor Cottage, 6	6 High Street, Haversham, Buc	kinghamshire, MK19 7DX			
Study area: (sq. m. or ha)	112 sq m	Height OD: (metres)	c.65			
	PROJECT	CREATORS				
Organisation:	Archaeological Services & Consult	ancy Ltd				
Project brief originator:	N/a	Project design originator:	N/a			
Project Manager:	K Semmelmann	Director/Supervisor:	M Cuthbert			
Sponsor / funding body:	Mrs J Dawes	1	1			
	PROJEC	CT DATE				
Start date:	24/02/09	End date:	24/02/09			
	PROJECT	ARCHIVES				
	Location (Accession no.)	Content (eg. pottery, animal bone, files/sheets)				
Physical:	N/a	None				
Paper:	Buckinghamshire Museum (AYBCM: 2009.45)					
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Title:	Watching Brief South of Manor	• •	ham, Milton Keynes			
Serial title & volume:	ASC Ltd Report ref. 1157/HMC					
Author(s):	Martin Cuthbert BA					
Page nos	17	Date:	02/03/09			