known Berkshire archæologist once told me that he thought the finest specimens might possibly have been objects of worship! But then he was a collector.

Seeing that Palœolithic implements are so abundant at Maidenhead and Cookham, and again at Ruscombe, it is rather remarkable that so few have been found in the Thames valley between those places. All I know of is one which was taken to Mr. G. W. Smith, of Reading, a few years ago, by a workman, who said that he had found it in a gravel pit near Remenham Church. There is no reason to doubt the correctness of his statement, as the gravel there belongs to a terrace at about the same height above the river as the Palœolithic gravel at Maidenhead and Ruscombe. I may add that I have repeatedly searched the gravel at Remenham for implements, but hitherto without the least result. On the opposite or Oxon and Bucks side of the Thames, I have not heard of any having been found between Henley and Taplow, from both of which places I have specimens.

Since the first part of this paper was written, the largest Palœolithic implement yet discovered in the district has been found in the gravel at Maidenhead Cemetery. It is fully ten inches long, of a brown colour and in shape something like a laurel leaf. It is now in the possession of Mr. Biddell, of Boyn Hill, Maidenhead.

The Northern Genealogist, edited by A. Gibbons, F.S.A. The current number of this excellent periodical is full of interest. We notice that the Editor is about to print the Parish Register of Clay Coton, Northants. The Ayscough Monuments, Marriage Bonds of Durham, York, Carlisle and Lincoln, an Ancient Richmond Will, some Physicians' Wills, Gosberton Court Rolls, &c., constitute the contents of this number.

