



Land at Crondall Lane Farnham SurreyArchaeological Evaluation



CgMs Ltd.

CA Project: 770719 CA Report: 18290

June 2018



LAND AT CRONDALL LANE FARNHAM SURREY

Archaeological Evaluation

CA Project: 770719 CA Report: 18290













	,	Do	cument Control	Grid		
Revision	Date	Author	Checked by	Status	Reasons for revision	Approved by
А	29-05-18	M. Nichol	Ray Kennedy	Internal Review	General Edit	Richard Greatorex

This report is confidential to the client. Cotswold Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

CONTENTS

SUMM	ARY2
1.	INTRODUCTION3
2.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND4
3.	AIMS AND OBJECTIVES6
4.	METHODOLOGY6
5.	RESULTS (FIGS 2-9)7
6.	THE FINDS12
7.	THE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE14
8.	DISCUSSION14
9.	CA PROJECT TEAM17
10.	REFERENCES
APPE	NDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS19
APPE	NDIX B: THE FINDS33
APPE	NDIX C: ANIMAL BONE34
APPEN	NDIX D: OASIS REPORT FORM34
LIST C	F ILLUSTRATIONS
Figure	1 Site location plan (1:25,000)
Figure	2 Trench location plan showing archaeological features (1:1250)
Figure	Trench 21; plan & photographs (Cremation pit 2103)
Figure	4 Trench 23; plan, section & photograph (Ditch 2304)
Figure	5 Trench 49; plan and photograph (Postholes 4904, 4906, 4908, 4910, 4912,
	4914 , 4916 and 4918)
Figure	
	1213 and 1215)
Figure	
Figure	<u> </u>
Figure	9 Photograph of anti-tank ditch, Farnham, Surrey (circa 24, July 1940)

SUMMARY

Project Name: Land at Crondall Lane

Location: Farnham, Surrey

NGR: SU 483195 146866

Type: Trial Trench Evaluation

Date: 23 April – 04 May 2018

Planning Reference: WA/2014/1565

Location of Archive: To be confirmed

Accession Number: Unknown
Site Code: CRON18

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in April and May 2018 at Crondall Lane, Farnham. Fifty four trenches were excavated. Archaeological features (of predominantly modern date) were identified during the trial trench evaluation in nineteen trenches; **Trenches 11**, **12**, **13**, **14**, **21**, **23**, **24**, **25**, **28**, **30**, **31**, **32**, **34**, **36**, **39**, **47**, **48**, **49** and **51**. An unexcavated isolated small pit containing an assemblage of charcoal and burnt bone remains and potsherds was identified within **Trench 21**. The pit is likely to resemble a cremation dating to the prehistoric period. A single shallow isolated pit containing the articulated skeletal remains of a small pony (*Equus callabus*) was found in **Trench 39** dating to the post-medieval / modern period. A possible former ditch system found in **Trenches 23**, **24**, **25** is likely to be associated with the existing historic field boundaries found at the Site.

Forty-four postholes were identified during the trial trench evaluation; all are likely to date to the modern period. Square cut and circular postholes were found at the Site. Based on their frequent intermittent positioning but also their projected alignments, morphology and fill characteristics and dating evidence, the postholes are likely to form part of an extensive network of Second World War tactical obstacles such as barbed wire entanglements erected during important anti-invasion defence works. If the features are associated with a network of Second World War tactical obstacles, similar to those found at Church Crookham during recent investigations, and this seems likely, then they are located on Line A of the GHQ (General Headquarters) line of defences constructed from 1940 as a response to the threat of a German invasion in World War II and will contribute further to our understanding of homeland defence during the Battle of Britain in 1940.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In April and May 2018 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological trial trench evaluation at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey (centred at NGR: 483195 146866), hereafter referred to as the Site (see Figure 1), for CgMs Ltd, on behalf of Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd (the Client).
- 1.2 Planning permission for the erection of up to 120 Dwellings together with associated access parking, public open space and landscaping was granted by Waverly Borough Council (WBC) (ref: WA/2014/1565), conditional on a programme of archaeological work etc.

Condition 9

No development shall take place until the applicant has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological work in accordance with a Written Statement of Investigation which has been submitted by the applicant and approved by the Planning Authority.

Reason

To ensure an acceptable impact on archaeological features in accordance with Policy HE14 of the Waverly Local Plan 2002

1.3 The archaeological evaluation was carried out in accordance with a *Written Scheme of Investigation: Archaeological Field Evaluation* (WSI) (CA, 2018) and approved by Nick Truckle, Archaeological Officer for Surrey County Archaeology Service (SCAS) the archaeological advisor to Waverly Borough Council (WBC) prior to the commencement of fieldwork on the 23rd of April 2018. The fieldwork also followed the *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation* (ClfA 2014), the *Management of Archaeological Projects 2* (English Heritage 1991), the *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment* (MORPHE): *Project Manager's Guide* (EH 2006). The evaluation was managed for Cotswold Archaeology (CA) by Project Manager Ray Kennedy. The work was monitored by Nick Truckle (SCAS). All machined trenches were backfilled and reinstatement was completed to the satisfaction of the client.

The site

- 1.3 The proposed development area at the Site is approximately 5.8ha, and comprises agricultural land bordered to the west and south by housing, to the north by agricultural land and to the east by the University for the Creative Arts. The Site lies at approximately 83m above Ordnance Datum (aOD), on rising ground from the south-east to the north-west.
- 1.4 The southern part of the Site is located on Upper Greensand Formation Siltstone and Sandstone. The northern part of the Site is located on Holywell Nodular Chalk Formation and New Pit Chalk Formation (undifferentiated chalk). A number of former chalk quarries are located to the north and north-east of the Site. No superficial deposits are recorded (BGS 2018).

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 The archaeological background given below is a succinct summary of the Cultural Heritage Desk Based Assessment by CgMs (2014)

Prehistoric

- 2.2 A multi-period Prehistoric site was found at 1-13 Beavers Road, Farnham, Surrey. Finds included Mesolithic and Neolithic flint work, as well as Bronze Age pottery. Prehistoric flint flakes are recorded from the site of the Hart Public House, Farnham, while a single broken flint blade is recorded from an archaeological intervention at Mead Lane, Farnham.
- 2.3 A barbed and tanged arrowhead is recorded 300m to the north of the Site. Undated but possible prehistoric cropmarks are also recorded in the fields between this find and Farnham Castle to the east.

Iron Age

2.3 The only evidence for Iron Age activity within the vicinity is a poorly provenanced Iron Age coin found 450m to the north-east of the Site.

Roman

2.4 Residual Roman roof tile and a coin were recovered during archaeological investigations at the University for the Creative Arts. Roman pottery was also found on the site of the Hart Public House. A Roman road running from London to Chichester passes on an east-west alignment to the north of the Site.

Medieval and Post-medieval

2.5 No medieval activity has been identified within the vicinity of the Site. The Site appearing to comprise outlying agricultural land and woodland into the post-medieval period as shown on the Greenwood map of 1823, as well as earlier maps. Subsequent maps up to 2013 show the Site as continuing to be agricultural in nature with only minor boundary changes.

Modern

- 2.6 The Site is located to the north-west of an area within Farnham which was on Line A of the GHQ (General Headquarters) line of defences constructed from 1940 as a response to the threat of a German invasion in World War II. GHQ Line A was divided into sectors falling within South Aldershot Sub-Area, numbers 3 and 4 of which led to Warren Corner in Crondall, to the south-east of the Application Area. The Site is located within the east section of the GHQ Line running from Reading through Hampshire and West Surrey to Kent (Leigh) following in part a line south of the North Downs (ADS online). During the Second World War Farnham Castle was where the War Office had established its Camouflage Development and Training Centre. The principal defensive obstacles utilised for the GHQ line of defence comprised anti-tank ditches or tank traps, pillboxes, spigot mortar and Vickers gun anti-tank concrete cubes, road blocks and barbed-wire emplacements. entanglements (see Figure 8). The anti-tank ditches for example were in part at least hand-dug by troops from Aldershot Garrison, and in front of that forward part of the Line a demolition belt was planned (see Figure 9). The approximate course of this section of the Line A within which the Site is located would suggest there is the potential for World War II remains (Foot, 2006).
- 2.15 The area has been assessed to have been potentially located within one of the most heavily defended locations in the country during the Second World War.
- 2.16 There are a high density of military defensive features dating to World War II to the north and north-east of the Site. Twenty-two such defences have been recorded within the AHBR and the Defence of Britain Archive (ADS online); to include three

anti-tank ditches located up to one kilometre to the north of the Site, fifteen pillboxes (several type 24 pillboxes) recorded to the north-east, east and south-east and also a spigot mortar emplacement approximately 600m to the north-east of the Site. The monuments follow the course of Line A of the GHQ (General Headquarters) line of defences constructed from 1940 as a response to the threat of a German invasion in World War II.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

3.1 The objectives of the evaluation were to provide information about the archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality. In accordance with the *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation* (CIfA 2014), the evaluation was designed to be minimally intrusive and minimally destructive to archaeological remains. The information gathered will enable Surrey County Council to identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset, consider the impact of the proposed development upon it, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework (DCLG 2012).

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1 Fifty-four trial trenches were machine excavated at the Site in April / May 2018. All machine excavated trenches measured approximately 30m x 1.8m with the exception of four trenches (see **Figure 2**). **Trechhes 34**, **48** and **50** were extended by 2m, 3m and 2.6m respectively to reveal archaeological features. **Trench 49** was shortened by 6.6m to avoid extant hedges.
- 4.2 Eight trenches were repositioned prior to machine excavation by several metres with some of the trenches orientation changed due to a public footpath located to the south within the Site; **Trenches 16**, **21**, **23**, **24**, **38**, **40**, **41** and **54** (see **Figure 2**). This was done for Health and Safety reasons with the approval of Nick Truckle.
- 4.3 Excavated trial trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using Leica GPS. The final completed trench survey was recorded using Leica GPS in accordance with CA Technical Manual 4 *Survey Manual*.

- 4.4 Due regard for known services was undertaken prior to, during excavation and upon completion of the work at the Site. All work was undertaken in accordance with the Health & Safety at Work Act 1974 and Safe Systems of Work for Excavations, Working Outdoors, Avoiding Overhead Services & Underground Services, Asbestos and Substances/Contaminated ground and correct PPE worn at all times.
- 4.5 All trial trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket. All machine excavation was undertaken under constant archaeological supervision to the top of the first significant archaeological horizon or the natural geological horizon, whichever was encountered first. Where archaeological deposits were encountered they were excavated by hand in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual.
- 4.6 Deposits were assessed for palaeo-environmental potential in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites; no samples were recovered during the work. No deposits were identified that required sampling. All artefacts were processed in accordance with Technical Manual 3 Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation.
- 4.7 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Andover and Kemble. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the artefacts will be deposited with a relevant museum along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within **Appendix D**, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. RESULTS (FIGURES 2-9)

- 5.1 This section provides an overview of the evaluation results; detailed summaries of the recorded contexts and the finds are contained within **Appendices A**, **B & C** respectively.
- 5.2 Fifty-four trial trenches were machine excavated at the Site in April / May 2018. Archaeological features (of predominantly modern date) were identified during the

- trial trench evaluation within nineteen trenches; **Trenches 11**, **12**, **13**, **14**, **21**, **23**, **24**, **25**, **28**, **30**, **31**, **32**, **34**, **36**, **39**, **47**, **48**, **49** and **51** (see **Figure 2**).
- No archaeological features or deposits were found during the trial trench evaluation within thirty five trenches; Trenches 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 26, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 50, 52, 53 and 54 (see Figure 2).
- Artefact evidence was recovered from archaeological features in **Trenches 14**, **21**, **39**, **48**, **49**, **50** and **51**. Residual finds were recovered from the topsoil or subsoil in **Trenches 1**, **3**, **8**, **9**, **10**, **11**, **12**, **27**, **39**, **49**, and **52** (see **Figure 2**).
- 5.5 Land drains were identified within four trenches; **Trenches 11**, **47**, **48** and **54** (see **Figure 2**).
- 5.6 Modern rectilinear pits were identified within two trenches; **Trenches 10** and **13**. The small pits are likely to be contemporary with the WW2 postholes identified elsewhere at the Site (see **Figure 2**).
- 5.7 Several tree-throws were identified within **Trench 50** (see **Figure 2**).

Trench 11 (Figure 2)

5.8 **Trench 11** was located to the north-east and contained a single archaeological feature; posthole **1103** was circular in plan and contained an unexcavated fill **1104**. A single flint flake was recovered from subsoil **1101**. **Trench 11** also contained a land drain.

Trench 12 (Figures 2 & 6)

Trench 12 was located to the north-east and contained seven archaeological features; posthole 1211 was sub-circular in plan, comprised concave sides and a flat base and contained light grey/brown silt/clay fill 1212. Postholes 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1213 and 1215 were also sub-circular in plan and contained unexcavated fills. A single potsherd of post-medieval pottery was recovered from topsoil 1200. The postholes found in Trench 12 appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east and positioned on the same orientation to postholes found in Trench 14.

Trench 14 (Fig 2)

Trench 14 was located to the east and contained six archaeological features; posthole 1407 was sub-circular in plan, comprised concave sides and a rounded base and contained mid grey/brown silt/clay fill 1408. Postholes 1403, 1405, 1409, 1411 and 1413 were also sub-circular in plan and contained unexcavated fills. Residual finds of ceramic building material (CBM) fragments and an iron nail were recovered from fill 1408. The postholes found in Trench 14 appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east and positioned on the same orientation to postholes found in Trench 12.

Trench 21 (Figures 2 & 3)

Trench 21 was located to the south and contained a single archaeological feature; cremation 2103 was broadly sub-circular in plan and contained dark grey/black charcoal with burnt bone flecks and silt/sand/clay fill 2104. Potsherds of prehistoric date were identified from unexcavated fill 2104. The feature is likely to be the remains of an isolated cremation pit which produced the only prehistoric pottery from the site, consisting of eight sherds (105g) of a coarse flint-tempered fabric. The vessel is small with a simple, inturned rim. The cremation pit was not excavated, and pottery recovered was from the surface post-machining.

Trench 23 (Figures 2 & 4)

5.12 **Trench 23** was located to the south and contained a single archaeological feature; ditch **2304** was linear in plan, comprised gradual to steep sides and a flat base, measured 0.4m in width and a depth of 0.14m. The ditch contained a single fill **2305** comprising mid-grey/brown firm silt/clay fill **3904**. The ditch appeared to be orientated north-west/south-east on a similar alignment to linear features identified as modern in date but unexcavated within **Trenches 24**, **25** and **29**.

Trench 30 (Figure 2)

5.13 **Trench 30** was located to the north-west and contained a single archaeological feature; posthole **3003** was sub-circular in plan and contained an unexcavated fill **3004** with timber post remains measuring 0.07m in diameter. The timber post was left *in-situ* and is likely to represent the base for a timber support similar to **3105**. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established.

Trench 31 (Figures 2)

5.14 **Trench 31** was located to the north-west and contained a single archaeological feature; posthole **3104** was sub-circular in plan and contained an unexcavated fill

3004 with timber post remains measuring 0.06m in diameter. The timber post was left *in-situ* and is likely to represent the base for a timber support similar to **3003**. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established.

Trench 32 (Figure 2)

5.15 **Trench 32** was located to the north-west and contained three archaeological features; postholes **3203**, **3205** and **3207**. The postholes were sub-square and rectilinear in plan and contained unexcavated fills. Posthole **3203** contained an unexcavated fill **3204** with timber post remains measuring 0.12m in diameter and remnants of barbed wire fixed to the timber post. The timber post was left *in-situ* and is likely to represent the base for a timber support. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established. The postholes found in **Trench 32** appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east and positioned on the same orientation to postholes found in **Trenches 34** and **36**.

Trench 34 (Figure 2)

5.16 Trench 34 was located to the west and contained four archaeological features; postholes 3403, 3405, 3407 and 3409. The postholes were circular to sub-circular in plan and contained unexcavated fills. Posthole 3407 contained an unexcavated fill 3204 with timber post remains measuring 0.1m in diameter and remnants of barbed wire fixed to the timber post. The timber post was left *in-situ* and is likely to represent a base for a timber support. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established. The postholes found in Trench 34 appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east and positioned on the same orientation to postholes found in Trenches 32 and 36.

Trench 36 (Figure 2)

5.17 **Trench 36** was located to the south and contained two archaeological features; posthole **3603** and **3605**. The postholes were sub-circular in plan and contained unexcavated fills. Both postholes contained timber post remains measuring up to 0.12m in diameter and remnants of barbed wire fixed to each timber post. The timber posts were left *in-situ* and are likely to represent the base for timber supports. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established. The postholes found in **Trench 36** appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east and positioned on the same orientation to postholes found in **Trenches 32** and **34**.

Trench 39 (Figure 2)

5.18 **Trench 39** was located to the south-west and contained a single archaeological feature; pit **3903** was sub-rectangular in plan, comprised straight sides and slightly concave base, measured 1.52m in length and 0.72m in width and a depth of 0.1m. The pit contained a single fill **3904** comprising mid yellowish brown to mid grey sandy clayey silt with the articulated skeletal remains of a small pony (*Equus callabus*) which was confirmed to be of post-medieval date based on the finds found within fill **3904**. Residual finds comprising burnt flint, ceramic building material (CBM), clay pipe, glass, iron fragments and post-medieval pottery was recovered from subsoil **3901**. **Trench 39** also contained a land drain.

Trench 47 (Figure 2)

5.19 **Trench 47** was located to the north-west and contained a single archaeological feature; posthole **4703** was sub-square in plan and contained an unexcavated fill **4704** with timber post remains measuring 0.12m in diameter. The timber post was left *in-situ* and is likely to represent the base for a worked timber support. No other finds were identified and the type of timber used was not established. The posthole identified in **Trench 47** is similar to an isolated example found in **Trench 51**.

Trench 48 (Figure 2)

5.20 Trench 48 was located to the north-west and contained seven archaeological features; posthole 4803 was sub-square in plan, comprised steep sides, an irregular base and contained dark brownish grey to brown/yellow friable sand/silt fill 4804. Posthole 4807 was sub-square in plan, comprised steep sides a flat base and contained mid-brown compact silt/clay fill 4808. Postholes 4805, 4809, 4811, 4813 and 4815 were also sub-square in plan and contained unexcavated fills. Residual finds comprising ceramic building material (CBM) fragments and post-medieval pottery was recovered from fill 4808. The postholes found in Trench 48 appeared to be aligned north-east/south-west. Trench 48 also contained four land drains.

Trench 49 (Figures 2 & 5)

5.21 **Trench 49** was located to the north-west and contained eight archaeological features; posthole **4908** was sub-square in plan, comprised irregular concave sides and flat base and contained mid-grey/brown clay/silt **4909**. Residual finds comprising ceramic building material (CBM) fragments and glass was recovered

from fill **4909**. Posthole **4912** was sub-square in plan, comprised gradual sides and flat base and contained mid-grey/brown firm silt/clay fill **4913**. Residual finds comprising ceramic building material (CBM) fragments was recovered from fill **4913**. Posthole **4916** was sub-square in plan, comprised gradual sides and flat base and contained mid-grey/brown friable sand/silt fill **4917**. Postholes **4904**, **4906**, **4910**, **4914** and **4918** were also sub-square in plan and contained unexcavated fills. A single flint flake and post-medieval potsherd was recovered from topsoil **4900**. The postholes found in **Trench 49** appeared to be aligned north-west/south-east.

Trench 51 (Figure 2)

5.22 Trench 51 was located to the west and contained a single archaeological feature; posthole 5103 was sub-square in plan and contained an unexcavated fill 5104. A single residual find comprising a sherd of post-medieval pottery was recovered from fill 5104. The posthole identified in Trench 51 is similar to an isolated example found in Trench 47.

6. THE FINDS

6.1 Artefactual material recovered from the evaluation is listed in **Appendix B** and discussed further below. Quantities of the artefact types and codes used in the recording of pottery fabrics are defined and given in **Appendix B**. Where possible, codes matching those of the Museum of London post-medieval pottery type series (MoLA 2015) have been used and given in bold. A full catalogue is available in the archive.

Pottery

- A total of 28 sherds (309g) of pottery were recovered from ten deposits. Possible cremation pit **2103** (fill **2104**) produced the only prehistoric pottery from the Site, consisting of eight sherds (105g) of a coarse flint-tempered fabric. The vessel is small with a simple, inturned rim. As the cremation pit was not excavated, and the pottery recovered from the surface post-machining, it is not possible to suggest if it was used as an urn, accessory vessel, or was unrelated to the deposit.
- 6.3 Three sherds of medieval-dated pottery were recovered from two deposits. A sherd of quartz-rich, hard fired and reduced fabric was recovered from topsoil deposit

- **1200**. Pit **3903** (fill **3904**) produced two sherds dateable from the middle of the 14th to late 15th centuries; Cheam whiteware (2g) and Tudor Green whiteware (6g).
- The remainder of the group (17 sherds, 187g) is dateable to the post-medieval period. Glazed earthenware, broadly dateable from the middle of the 16th to 18th centuries, was recovered from five deposits and is the most plentiful fabric group (12 sherds, 122g). Frechen stoneware (24g) was recovered from subsoil **5201**, dateable from the middle of the 16th to late 17th centuries. A Border Ware jug handle was recovered from subsoil deposit **301**, of mid-17th to mid-18th century date. The remainder of the group comprises refined white wares of late 18th to 19th century dating, recovered from three deposits.

Other finds

- 6.5 A total of 44 fragments (1087g) of ceramic building material was recovered from twelve deposits. The majority comprise flat tile fragments of probable medieval or post-medieval date. Small, undateable fragments of brick were recovered from subsoil **801**.
- 6.6 Four stem fragments of clay tobacco pipe, broadly dateable from the late 16th to late 19th centuries, were recovered from four deposits.
- 6.7 Five items of prehistoric worked flint were recovered from topsoil and subsoil deposits. All are flakes and as such cannot be closely dated.
- 6.8 Five fragments of glass, all of post-medieval or modern date, were recovered from four deposits. Four fragments occur in mid-green, whilst a complete clear glass pharmaceutical bottle, dateable from the 18th to 19th centuries was recovered from subsoil **901**.
- 6.9 Four items of iron were recovered from three deposits. Two nails of 'standard' form with square shank and rounded head cannot be closely dated. A concreted lump from subsoil **3901** cannot be further identified.
- 6.10 Several wooden posts were recovered from three posthole deposits. All are modern, have been worked and will not be retained.

7. THE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

Animal Bone

- 7.1 Animal bone amounting to 192 fragments (3448g) was recovered from subsoil layer 3901 and deposit 3904 the fill of pit 3903. Material dating to the modern era was also recovered from these deposits. Two fragments of sheep/goat molar (*Ovis aries/Capra hircus*) were identified from layer 3901 while the remaining 190 fragments were identified as the almost complete, articulated and well preserved skeleton of a small pony (*Equus callabus*). The remains were recovered from both deposits, as confirmed by fragments that re-fit between the contexts, suggesting the disturbance of pit 3903.
- 7.2 The reason for the deposition of this animal is unclear. There was no sign of trauma or disease but given the post-medieval to modern context it is likely that this represents the burial of an animal after euthanasia or death by natural causes.

8. DISCUSSION

Archaeological features (of predominantly modern date) were identified during the trial trench evaluation in nineteen trenches; **Trenches 11**, **12**, **13**, **14**, **21**, **23**, **24**, **25**, **28**, **30**, **31**, **32**, **34**, **36**, **39**, **47**, **48**, **49** and **51** (see **Figure 2**).

Prehistoric

8.2 **Trench 21** contained the only prehistoric remains to be found at the Site comprising a single isolated unexcavated cremation **2103**. Potsherds of prehistoric date comprising coarse flint-tempered, reduced fabric from a small vessel with simple inturned rim were identified from the unexcavated fill **2104**. Five items of residual prehistoric worked flint flakes were recovered from topsoil and subsoil deposits across the Site. It is possible further (but most probably dispersed/isolated) prehistoric burial activity maybe present on the site.

Post-medieval/modern

A single shallow unexcavated isolated pit **3903** containing the articulated skeletal remains of a small pony (*Equus callabus*) was found in **Trench 39** which was confirmed to be of post-medieval / modern date based on the potsherds found within fill **3904**, many of the finds found from the pit were of a residual nature. A total of 44 fragments of ceramic building material (CBM) was recovered from twelve residual

deposits across the Site. The majority comprise flat tile fragments of probable medieval or post-medieval date suggesting the remains of a post-medieval / modern building was located within the vicinity.

A series of north-west/south-east orientated narrow ditches of likely post-medieval / modern date was found within **Trenches 23**, **24**, **25** and **28**. The existing field boundary which doglegs to the north and south of the projected alignment may indicate the location of a truncated former field boundary. 17 potsherds recovered from residual deposits across the Site are dateable to the post-medieval period.

Modern (World War II)

- 8.5 Modern possible World War II anti-invasion defence associated features were identified within thirteen trenches; Trenches 11, 12, 13, 14, 30, 31, 32, 34, 36, 47, 48, 49 and 51 within which a total of forty-four postholes were identified during the trial trench evaluation at the Site. Shape in plan variations was observed, with square cut and circular postholes identified. All the postholes comprised shallow cut profiles within the natural geological horizon. Some examples contained timber post remains measuring up to 0.12m in diameter with remnants of barbed wire fixed to several of the timber posts remains. The timber posts are likely to represent the base for timber supports. Post-medieval and modern residual finds were recovered from several examples. Based on the postholes intermittent positioning and projected alignments, morphology and fill characteristics, these may form part of an extensive network of Second World War temporary timber structures known as tactical obstacles to include temporary barbed wire entanglements erected during important anti-invasion defence works (Foot, 2006). At Church Crookham in Hampshire, located six kilometres to the north-west of the Site, a similar morphology but extensive network of posthole alignments was found during trial trench evaluation and excavation (CA, 2016a & 2017). The postholes found at the Site and the discovery of those identified at Church Crookham are located on Line A of the GHQ (General Headquarters) line of defences constructed from 1940 as a response to the threat of a German invasion in World War II.
- The postholes found in **Trench 12** and **Trench 14** located to the north-east within the Site appeared to be aligned broadly north-west/south-east. Postholes found in **Trenches 30**, **31**, **32**, **34** and **36** and **Trenches 49** and **51** also show a similar alignment to the west within the Site. Within **Trench 48** a series of postholes discovered project a possible north-east/south-west alignment. Their alignments

follow the existing peripheral field boundaries. A similar orientation was observed during excavation work at Church Crookham (CA, 2016a & 2017). Several other modern pits were also identified within two further trenches at the Site; **Trenches 10** and **13**.

Conclusion

- 8.7 The Site is positioned within the east section of GHQ Line A running from Reading through Hampshire and West Surrey to Kent (Leigh) following in part a line south of the North Downs (ADS online). The principal defensive obstacles associated with the GHQ line of defence comprised anti-tank ditches or tank traps, pillboxes, spigot mortar and Vickers gun emplacements, anti-tank concrete cubes, road blocks and barbed-wire entanglements (see **Figure 8**). During the Second World War the War Office had established its Camouflage Development and Training Centre at Farnham Castle located to the north-east of the Site and a high density of wartime military defences is mapped within the vicinity. Twenty-two such defences include three anti-tank ditches located up to one kilometre to the north of the Site (see **Figure 9**), fifteen pillboxes (several type 24 pillboxes similar to two examples at Church Crookham (CA, 2016b)) recorded immediately to the north-east, east and south-east and also a spigot mortar emplacement approximately 600m to the north-east of the Site.
- 8.8 If we can assume the postholes are associated with an extensive network of Second World War tactical obstacles within a prepared battlefield it is unlikely that these were constructed to prevent enemy aircraft landing such as glider traps. This type of defence was utilised in open areas with a straight line length comprising of 500 vards (c. 457m) or more. The field at the Site is much smaller in size measuring approximately 300m in length and 200m in width, much smaller than the specified aircraft landing requirement (Foot, 2006, 10). For this reason the postholes found are much more likely to represent a structure forming temporary defensive works such as barbed wire entanglements. The defences were positioned within a terrain of natural defence; in conjunction with the wooded environment, field boundaries, water courses and the possible temporary defensive network (suggested by the postholes) discovered during the trial trench evaluation. These may well have been linked together into defensive perimeters used to disrupt/slow down any enemy troop advances on the ground. The defences, either man made or natural, were situated within one of the most heavily defended areas in the country during the Second World War (ADS online). The postholes found during the trial trench

evaluation and those found at Church Crookham will contribute further to our understanding of homeland defence during the Battle of Britain in 1940.

9. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by CA Project Leader Francesco Catanzaro, assisted by CA site personnel John Dobbie, Pawel Jablonski, Alice Jones, Steffan Klemenic, Agata Kowalska, Tim Street, Joe Whelan, Brian Whitehead and Sam Wilson. The report was written by CA Project Officer Matt Nichol. The finds report was written by CA Finds Officer Katie Marsden. The biological evidence was written by Andy Clarke. The illustrations were prepared by CA illustrator Esther Escudero. The archive has been compiled by CA Project Leader Francesco Catanzaro, and prepared for deposition by CA archaeologist Zoe Emery. The project was managed for CA by CA manager Ray Kennedy.

10. REFERENCES

- ADS (Archaeological Data Service) (no date) *Defence of Britain Archive.*, Available at: http://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/archives/view/dob/index.cfm Accessed 25 May 2018
- BGS (British Geological Survey) 2018 Geology of Britain Viewer http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html Accessed 21 May 2018
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2016a Land at Watery Lane, Church Crookham, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation: Report No. 16436
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2016b Pillbox WA65 & WA85, Land at Watery Lane, Church Crookham, Hampshire: Historic Building Recording: Report No. 16429
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2017 Land at Watery Lane, Church Crookham, Hampshire: Archaeological Excavation: Report No. 17307
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2018 Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Investigation
- CgMs 2014 Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey, Cultural Heritage Desk Based Assessment

DCLG (Department of Communities and Local Government) 2012 National Planning Policy
Framework

Foot, W. 2006 Beaches, fields, streets, and hills: the anti-invasion landscapes of England, 1940. York: CBA Research Report 144

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
1	100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown silty clay with common angular/sub-rounded flint <100mm	30	1.8	0.4	Modern
1	101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with fine sand; common sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <150mm, rare chalk flecks, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.65	-
1	102	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange clayey sand with angular flint <150mm and common manganese	30	1.8	>1.05	-
2	200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown silty clay with common angular/sub-rounded flints <100mm, rare cbm fragments	30	1.95	0.3	Modern
2	201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with fine sand; common sub-angular/sub-rounded flints <150mm, rare chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	30	1.95	0.45	-
2	202	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange clayey sand with angular flints <150mm and common manganese	30	1.95	>0.75	-
3	300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint and sub-angular limestone <40mm	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
3	301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.27	-
3	302	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <60mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.52	-
4	400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm and sub- angular limestone	30	1.8	0.33	Modern
4	401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.19	-
4	402	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <60mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.52	-
5	500	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm and sub-angular limestone	30	1.8	0.28	Modern
5	501	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.33	-
5	502	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <60mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.61	-
6	600	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm and sub-angular limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.31	Modern

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
6	601	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.17	-
6	602	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with sub-angular flint gravel <70mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.48	-
7	700	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm and sub-angular limestone	30	1.8	0.21	Modern
7	701	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.31	-
7	702	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with sub-rounded flint gravel <70mm and rare limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.52	-
8	800	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown silty clay with common angular/sub-rounded flints <100mm, rare cbm fragments	30	1.9	0.28	Modern
8	801	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with fine sand; rare cbm fragments, chalk and charcoal flecks; common sub- angular/sub-rounded flints <150mm	30	1.9	0.3	-
8	802	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange clayey sand with angular flints <150mm and common manganese	30	1.9	>0.58	-
9	900	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown silty clay with common angular/sub-rounded flints <100mm, rare cbm fragments	30	1.9	0.28	Modern
9	901	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with fine sand; rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flints <150mm, rare chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	30	1.9	0.45	
9	902	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange clayey sand with angular flints <150mm and common manganese	30	1.9	>0.73	-
10	1000	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown silty clay with common angular/sub-rounded flints <100mm, rare cbm fragments	30	1.95	0.39	Modern
10	1001	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with fine sand; common sub-angular/sub-rounded flints <150mm; rare chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	30	1.95	0.62	-
10	1002	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange clayey sand with angular flints <150mm and common manganese	30	1.95	>1.1	-
11	1100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm, limestone <20mm and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.38	Modern
11	1101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid brownish grey compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <50mm and limestone <20mm	30	1.8	0.21	-
11	1102	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red silty clay with rare sub- rounded flint gravel <60mm and rare limestone <30mm	30	1.8	>0.59	-
11	1103	Cut	-	Posthole	Circular posthole	0.27	0.27	n/a	c. 1940

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
11	1104	Fill	1103	Fill of posthole	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay	0.27	0.27	n/a	c. 1940
12	1200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm, limestone <20mm and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.19	Modern
12	1201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid brownish grey compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <50mm and limestone <20mm	30	1.8	0.39	-
12	1202	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish red compact silty clay with common sub-rounded flint gravel and rare sub-rounded limestone	30	1.8	>0.58	-
12	1203	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.35	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
12	1204	Fill	1203	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.35	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
12	1205	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.35	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
12	1206	Fill	1205	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.35	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
12	1207	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.33	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
12	1208	Fill	1207	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.33	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
12	1209	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.33	0.27	n/a	c. 1940
12	1210	Fill	1209	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.33	0.27	n/a	c. 1940
12	1211	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole with concave sides and flat base	0.34	0.26	0.1	c. 1940
12	1212	Fill	1211	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.34	0.26	0.1	c. 1940
12	1213	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.36	0.34	n/a	c. 1940
12	1214	Fill	1213	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.36	0.34	n/a	c. 1940
12	1215	Cut	-	Posthole	Circular posthole	0.32	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
12	1216	Fill	1215	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <40mm	0.32	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
13	1300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint, charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.24	Modern
13	1301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with rare flint and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.15	-
13	1302	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	>0.39	-
14	1400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.23	Modern
14	1401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.17	-
14	1402	Layer	-	Natural	Mid orangey brown friable silty clay with rare flints and charcoal flecks	30	2	>0.4	-

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
14	1403	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.48	0.34	n/a	c. 1940
14	1404	Fill	1403	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.48	0.34	n/a	c. 1940
14	1405	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.43	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
14	1406	Fill	1405	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.43	0.32	n/a	c. 1940
14	1407	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole with concave sides and rounded base	0.47	0.45	0.2	c. 1940
14	1408	Fill	1407	Fill of posthole	Brown silty clay with rare flint <100mm and cbm fragments	0.47	0.45	0.2	c. 1940
14	1409	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.5	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
14	1410	Fill	1409	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.5	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
14	1411	Cut	-	Posthole	Circular posthole	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
14	1412	Fill	1411	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
14	1413	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.29	0.26	n/a	c. 1940
14	1414	Fill	1413	Fill of posthole	Light greyish brown silty clay	0.29	0.26	n/a	c. 1940
15	1500	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.22	Modern
15	1501	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.17	-
15	1502	Layer	-	Natural	Mid orangey brown friable silty clay with rare flints and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.39	-
15	1503	Layer	-	Natural	Light greyish white firm chalky clay with rare flint	30	2	>0.39	-
16	1600	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare angular/sub-angular flint <100mm and rounded limestone <50mm, chalk flecks, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.3	Modern
16	1601	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable sandy clay with common rounded/sub-rounded limestone and angular/sub-angular flint <100mm and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.25	-
16	1602	Layer	-	Natural	Mid orange brown sandy clay with common angular/sub-rounded flint <150mm	30	1.8	>0.55	-
17	1700	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common sub-angular/angular flint <150mm and rare sub-rounded limestones <70mm	30	2	0.36	Modern
17	1701	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/subrounded flint <100mm and rare chalk and charcoal flecks, cbm fragments	30	2	0.31	-

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
17	1702	Layer	-	Natural	Light brownish orange friable silty clay with angular flint and manganese	30	2	>0.67	-
18	1800	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-rounded flint and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.24	Modern
18	1801	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <30mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	0.34	-
18	1802	Layer	-	Natural	Light brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-rounded flint and sub-rounded limestone flecks	30	1.8	0.58	-
19	1900	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-rounded flint and limestone <30mm	30	1.8	0.27	Modern
19	1901	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <30mm and limestone flecks	30	1.8	0.32	-
19	1902	Layer	-	Natural	Light brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-rounded flint and sub-rounded limestone flecks	30	1.8	>0.59	-
20	2000	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-rounded flint <30mm and limestone	30	2	0.35	Modern
20	2001	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <30mm and limestone flecks	30	2	0.3	-
20	2002	Layer	-	Natural	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-rounded flint and limestone <30mm	30	2	>0.65	-
21	2100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare angular/sub-angular flint <100mm and rounded limestone <50mm, chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	30	2	0.35	Modern
21	2101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable sandy clay with common rounded/sub-rounded limestone and angular/sub-angular flint <100mm and cbm fragments	30	2	0.32	-
21	2102	Layer	-	Natural	Mid orangey brown sandy clay with common angular/sub-rounded flint <150mm	30	2	>0.67	-
21	2103	Cut	-	Cremation pit	Sub-circular cremation pit	0.23	0.2	n/a	Prehist oric
21	2104	Fill	2103	Fill of cremation pit	Dark greyish black friable charcoal sandy clay fill with burnt bone flecks and potsherd fragments. Unexcavated	0.23	0.2	n/a	Prehist oric
22	2200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <80mm, limestone <120mm and cbm fragments	30	2	0.27	Modern
22	2201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.3	-

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
22	2202	Layer	-	Natural	Mid orangey brown sandy clay with very common angular/sub-angular flint <150mm and rare manganese	30	2	>0.57	-
23	2300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with angular flint <40mm and rare cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
23	2301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid brown friable silty clay with rare flints <30mm	30	1.8	0.3	-
23	2302	Layer	-	Natural	Mid greyish brown friable silty clay with common flint <160mm	30	1.8	0.55	-
23	2303	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown compact clayey silt with common flint <90mm	30	1.8	>0.55	-
23	2304	Cut	-	Ditch	NW-SE alignment with steep slightly concave sides and rounded base	>1.8	0.4	0.14	Post- med
23	2305	Fill	2304	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with common flint gravel	>1.8	0.4	0.14	Post- med
24	2400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare angular flint <20mm and rare cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
24	2401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid brown friable silty clay with rare angular flint <30mm	30	1.8	0.15	-
24	2402	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange compact clayey silt with common angular/sub-rounded flint <90mm	30	1.8	>0.4	-
24	2403	Cut	-	Ditch	Field drain. NW-SE alignment	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
24	2404	Fill	2403	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with common flint and gravel	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
25	2500	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments, clinker and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.23	Modern
25	2501	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.25	-
25	2502	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with rare flint	30	1.8	>0.48	-
25	2503	Cut	-	Ditch	Field drain. NW-SE alignment	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
25	2504	Fill	2503	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with common flint and gravel	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
26	2600	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments, clinker and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.2	Modern
26	2601	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.28	-
26	2602	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with rare flint	30	1.8	0.48	-
26	2603	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown sandy clay with gravel	30	1.8	>0.48	-
27	2700	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-rounded flint <30mm and limestone	30	2	0.29	Modern
	1	1		I	t	·	·	1	

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
27	2701	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown compact silty clay with rare sub-angular flint <30mm, limestone flecks, cbm fragments and gravel	30	2	0.32	-
27	2702	Layer	-	Natural	Light brownish red compact silty clay with rare sub-rounded flint and sub-rounded limestone flecks	30	2	>0.61	-
28	2800	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments, clinker and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
28	2801	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint, cbm and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.3	-
28	2802	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with rare flint	30	1.8	0.55	-
28	2803	Cut	-	Ditch	NW-SE alignment	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
28	2804	Fill	2803	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with common flint and gravel	>1.8	0.4	n/a	Post- med
29	2900	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare angular/sub-rounded flint <30mm and rare sub-rounded limestone <5mm	30	1.8	0.27	Modern
29	2901	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare angular/sub-rounded flint and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.26	-
29	2902	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown sandy clay to dark brown silty clay with common flint gravel <120mm	30	1.8	>0.53	-
30	3000	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint <70mm, limestone and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.29	Modern
30	3001	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint and limestone <60mm	30	2	0.35	-
30	3002	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare manganese	30	2	>0.64	-
30	3003	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.3	0.26	n/a	c. 1940
30	3004	Fill	3003	Fill of posthole	Modern wooden post remains with mid greyish brown silty clay	0.3	0.26	n/a	c. 1940
31	3100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint <70mm, limestone and charcoal; sharp boundary below	30	2	0.3	Modern
31	3101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint and limestone <60mm; clear boundary below	30	2	0.25	-
31	3102	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare manganese	30	2	>0.55	-
31	3103	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare angular sandstone <75mm, rare cbm and charcoal	30	2	0.55	-
31	3104	Cut	-	Posthole	Modern sub-circular posthole	0.3	0.28	n/a	c. 1940

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
31	3105	Fill	3104	Fill of posthole	Modern wooden post remains with mid greyish brown silty clay	0.3	0.28	n/a	c. 1940
32	3200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint <70mm, limestone and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.2	Modern
32	3201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with common flint and limestone <60mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.45	-
32	3202	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare manganese	30	2	>0.65	-
32	3203	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.75	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
32	3204	Fill	3203	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey clayey silt complete with wooden post remains	0.75	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
32	3205	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.8	0.72	n/a	c. 1940
32	3206	Fill	3205	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey clayey silt	0.8	0.72	n/a	c. 1940
32	3207	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.5	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
32	3208	Fill	3207	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey clayey silt with charcoal flecks	0.5	0.4	n/a	c. 1940
33	3300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint <70mm, limestone and charcoal flecks	30	2	0.28	Modern
33	3301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint and limestone <60mm	30	2	0.3	-
33	3302	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare manganese	30	2	>0.58	-
34	3400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <40mm, cbm fragments, clinker and modern glass sherds	32	1.8	0.32	Modern
34	3401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <100mm, cbm fragments, charcoal and chalk flecks	32	1.8	0.26	-
34	3402	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with flint gravel <100mm	32	1.8	>0.58	-
34	3403	Cut	-	Posthole	Circular posthole	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3404	Fill	3403	Fill of posthole	Dark grey silty clay with remains of wooden post and rare flint, clinker, charcoal and chalk flecks	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3405	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.35	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3406	Fill	3405	Fill of posthole	Dark grey silty clay with wooden post and rare flint, clinker, charcoal and chalk flecks	0.35	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3407	Cut	-	Posthole	Circular posthole	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3408	Fill	3407	Fill of posthole	Dark grey silty clay with wooden post and barbed wire; rare flint, clinker, charcoal and chalk flecks	0.3	0.3	n/a	c. 1940
34	3409	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.33	>0.28	n/a	c. 1940
	1	1	1	1	i .	1	1	i .	

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
34	3410	Fill	3409	Fill of posthole	Dark grey silty clay with wooden post and rare flint, clinker, charcoal and chalk flecks	0.33	>0.28	n/a	c. 1940
35	3500	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <40mm, cbm fragments, clinker and glass sherds	30	1.8	0.38	Modern
35	3501	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <100mm, cbm fragments, charcoal and chalk flecks	30	1.8	0.27	-
35	3502	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with flint and gravel <100mm	30	1.8	>0.64	-
36	3600	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <40mm, cbm fragments, clinker and glass sherds	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
36	3601	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <100mm, cbm fragments, charcoal and chalk flecks	30	1.8	0.17	-
36	3602	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with flint gravel <100mm	30	1.8	>0.42	-
36	3603	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.41	0.35	n/a	c. 1940
36	3604	Fill	3603	Fill of posthole	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flints and wooden post remains	0.41	0.35	n/a	c. 1940
36	3605	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-circular posthole	0.31	0.29	n/a	c. 1940
36	3606	Fill	3605	Fill of posthole	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare sub-angular flints and wooden post remains	0.31	0.29	n/a	c. 1940
37	3700	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <40mm, cbm fragments, clinker and glass sherds	30	1.8	0.26	Modern
37	3701	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <100mm, cbm fragments, charcoal and chalk flecks	30	1.8	0.42	-
37	3702	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact sandy clay with flint and gravel <100mm	30	1.8	>0.68	-
38	3800	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <80mm, limestone <120mm and cbm fragments	30	1.8	0.2	Modern
38	3801	Layer	-	Made ground	Mainly gravel and brick/concrete rubble	6	0.5	0.4	-
38	3802	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.3	-
38	3803	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown compact silty clay with flint and gravel <50mm	30	1.8	>0.9	-
39	3900	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint and limestone <75mm and rare cbm fragments	30	2	0.28	Modern
39	3901	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable silty clay with rare angular/sub-rounded flint and limestone <100mm, rare chalk flecks and cbm fragments	30	2	0.37	-

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
39	3902	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange silty clay with rare manganese and angular/sub-angular flint <150mm	30	2	>0.65	-
39	3903	Cut	-	Pit	Sub-rectangular pit with distinct break of slope, straight sides and slightly concave base	1.52	0.72	0.1	Post- med
39	3904	Fill	3903	Fill of pit	Mid yellowish brown to mid grey friable sandy clayey silt , angular flint <40mm pig burial	1.52	0.72	0.1	Post- med
40	4000	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint and limestone <75mm and rare cbm fragments	30	2	0.31	Modern
40	4001	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable silty clay with rare angular/sub-rounded flint and limestone <100mm, rare chalk flecks and cbm fragments	30	2	0.5	-
40	4002	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange silty clay with rare manganese, angular/sub-angular flint <150mm	30	2	>0.81	-
41	4100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
41	4101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <80mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.35	-
41	4102	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint	30	1.8	>0.6	-
42	4200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown friable silt with sub- angular flint and charcoal flecks	30	1.85	0.26	Modern
42	4201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable clayey silt with sub-angular flint and cbm	30	1.85	0.23	-
42	4202	Layer	-	Natural	Light orangey brown clay silt with rare sub-angular flint	30	1.85	>0.49	-
43	4300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown friable silt with sub- angular flint and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.25	Modern
43	4301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown friable clayey silt with sub-angular flint and cbm	30	1.8	0.25	-
43	4302	Layer	-	Natural	Light orangey brown clay silt with sub- angular flint and gravel	30	1.8	>0.5	-
44	4400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	0.27	Modern
44	4401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	0.26	-
44	4402	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown firm silty clay with common flint and gravel	30	1.9	>0.53	-
45	4500	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	0.28	Modern
45	4501	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	0.34	-
45	4502	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown firm silty clay with common flint and gravel	30	1.9	>0.62	-

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description		Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
46	4600	Layer	-	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silt with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	0.25	Modern
46	4601	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark yellowish brown clayey silt with rare flint and gravel		1.9	0.36	-
46	4602	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown firm silty clay with rare flint and gravel	30	1.9	>0.61	-
47	4700	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt, rare angular/sub-rounded flint and limestone <50mm	30	2	0.3	Modern
47	4701	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded flint <70mm	30	2	0.18	-
47	4702	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange sandy clay with rare angular and sub-angular flint <150mm	30	2	>0.48	-
47	4703	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.66	0.54	n/a	c. 1940
47	4704	Fill	-	Fill of posthole	Mid brownish grey clayey silt with charcoal and wooden post remains	0.66	0.54	n/a	c. 1940
48	4800	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark blackish brown sandy silt with rare sub-angular flint <50mm and cbm fragments	33	1.8	0.16	Modern
48	4801	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown clayey silt with common sub-angular flint <40mm	33	1.8	0.2	-
48	4802	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown clayey silt with rare gravel <70mm	33	1.8	>0.36	-
48	4803	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole with sharp angular corners, steep slightly concave sides and irregular base	0.56	0.54	0.15	-
48	4804	Fill	4803	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey to brownish yellow friable sandy silt with rare flint <50mm, rare chalk flecks, common clinker and cbm fragments	0.56	0.54	0.15	-
48	4805	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.51	0.47	n/a	c. 1940
48	4806	Fill	4805	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey sandy silt with common charcoal flecks and clinker	0.51	0.47	n/a	c. 1940
48	4807	Cut	-	Posthole	Modern sub-square posthole with rounded corners, steep sides and flat base	0.64	>0.42	0.36	c. 1940
48	4808	Fill	4807	Fill of posthole	Mid brown compact silty clay with common greensand, charcoal flecks, cbm fragments and clinker	0.64	>0.42	0.36	c. 1940
48	4809	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole with angular corners	0.5	0.47	n/a	c. 1940
48	4810	Fill	4809	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey and yellowish brown sandy silt with common sub-angular flint <20mm and chalk flecks	0.5	0.47	n/a	c. 1940
48	4811	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole with angular corners	0.4	0.37	n/a	c. 1940
48	4812	Fill	4811	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey and yellowish brown sandy silt with common sub-angular flint <20mm and chalk	0.4	0.37	n/a	c. 1940

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
48	4813	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole with angular corners	0.4	0.35	n/a	c. 1940
48	4814	Fill	4813	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey and yellowish brown sandy silt with common sub- angular flint <20mm and chalk	0.4	0.35	n/a	c. 1940
48	4815	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole with angular corners	0.52	0.49	n/a	c. 1940
48	4816	Fill	4815	Fill of posthole	Dark brownish grey and yellowish brown sandy silt with common sub- angular flint <20mm and chalk	0.52	0.49	n/a	c. 1940
49	4900	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <30mm and rare sub-rounded limestone <20mm	23.4	1.85	0.36	Modern
49	4901	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light yellowish brown friable sandy silt with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <40mm, rare chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments and manganese <10mm	23.4	1.85	0.21	-
49	4902	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange firm sitty clay with common manganese flecks <4mm, rare charcoal <3mm, rare sub-angular flint <50mm and rare ironstone <20mm	23.4	1.85	>0.57	-
49	4903	Layer	-	Natural	Light whitish yellow friable clayey sand with abundant sub-angular sandstone <160mm, rare sub-angular yellow sandstone <15mm, rare sub-angular flint <40mm, charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	9	1.85	>0.57	-
49	4904	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.53	0.37	n/a	c. 1940
49	4905	Fill	4904	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <35mm, sandstone >80mm, common charcoal flecks and modern potsherds	0.53	0.37	n/a	c. 1940
49	4906	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.6	0.56	n/a	c. 1940
49	4907	Fill	4906	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare sub-angular flint and sandstone <60mm and cbm fragments	0.6	0.56	n/a	c. 1940
49	4908	Cut	-	Posthole	Modern sub-rounded posthole with irregular concave sides and flat base	0.62	0.58	0.11	c. 1940
49	4909	Fill	4908	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable clayey silt with manganese and cbm fragments	0.62	0.58	0.11	c. 1940
49	4910	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.52	0.51	n/a	c. 1940
49	4911	Fill	4910	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare sub-angular sandstone <60mm, rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <20mm, rare clinker <10mm and flecks of charcoal and chalk, cbm fragments	0.52	0.51	n/a	с. 1940
49	4912	Cut	-	Posthole	Modern sub-square posthole with rounded corners, gradual sides with rounded break top and bottom and flat base	0.64	0.6	0.14	c. 1940

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description		Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
49	4913	Fill	4912	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown firm silty clay with common greensand, charcoal and chalk flecks and clinker	0.64	0.6	0.14	c. 1940
49	4914	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.49	0.48	n/a	c. 1940
49	4915	Fill	4914	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare sub-angular flint <40mm, rare sandstone <40mm and rare charcoal flecks <10mm and cbm fragments		0.48	n/a	c. 1940
49	4916	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-rounded posthole with gradual sides and flat base	0.75	0.65	0.06	c. 1940
49	4917	Fill	4916	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with rare sub-angular flint and limestone <40mm, rare charcoal and chalk flecks <5mm	0.75	0.65	0.06	c. 1940
49	4918	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.5	0.45	n/a	c. 1940
49	4919	Fill	4918	Fill of posthole	Mid greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <30mm, sandstone <20mm, tabular limestone <20mm, charcoal <8mm and modern potsherds	0.5	0.45	n/a	c. 1940
50	5000	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <60mm, rare chalk <3mm, charcoal flecks and rare cbm <30mm	32.6	1.85	0.34	Modern
50	5001	Layer	-	Subsoil	Light greyish brown firm clayey silt with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <50mm, rare sub-rounded sandstone <30mm, rare chalk and charcoal flecks and cbm fragments	32.6	1.85	0.2	-
50	5002	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange firm silty clay with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <30mm and common manganese	32.6	1.85	>0.54	-
50	5003	Cut	-	Treethrow	Sub-oval	0.88	0.68	0.09	-
50	5004	Fill	5003	Fill of treethrow	Light greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/sub-rounded flint <35mm,rare sub-angular limestone <50mm, chalk <20mm, charcoal and cbm flecks		0.68	0.09	-
50	5005	Cut	-	Treethrow	Sub-oval	1.26	>0.66	n/a	-
50	5006	Fill	5005	Fill of treethrow	Light greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular flint <60mm, rare sub-angular chalk and limestone <25mm, rare charcoal and cbm fragments <20mm		n/a	-	
51	5100	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brownfriable sandy silty 30 1.8 clay with flint gravel <50mm, rare cbm, coal and oyster shell		0.2	Modern	
51	5101	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark yellowish brown compact silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments, ironstone and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.25	-
51	5102	Layer	-	Natural	Mid yellowish brown compact clayey silt with rare flint gravel <80mm	30	1.8	>0.45	-
51	5103	Cut	-	Posthole	Sub-square posthole	0.6	0.5	n/a	c. 1940

Trenc h No	Context	Туре	Fill of	Context Interpretation	Context Description Leng (m)		Width (m)	Depth/ thickness (m)	Spot- date
51	5104	Fill	5103	Fill of posthole	Dark greyish brown friable silty clay with rare flint, cbm fragments, modern potsherds, clinker and chalk flecks	0.6	0.5	n/a	c. 1940
52	5200	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.24	Modern
52	5201	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <80mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.21	-
52	5202	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint	30	1.8	>0.45	-
53	5300	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silty clay with rare flint <50mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.23	Modern
53	5301	Layer	-	Subsoil	Dark brown compact silty clay with rare flint <80mm, cbm fragments and charcoal flecks	30	1.8	0.27	-
53	5302	Layer	-	Natural	Dark yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint	30	1.8	>0.50	-
54	5400	Layer	-	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable clayey silt with rare sub-angular/rounded <75mm flint and cbm fragments	30	2	0.25	Modern
54	5401	Layer	-	Subsoil	Mid greyish brown friable silty clay with rare angular/sub-rounded flint and limestone <100mm, rare chalk flecks and cbm fragments	30	2	0.35	-
54	5402	Layer	-	Natural	Mid brownish orange silty clay with rare manganese and angular/sub-angular flint <150mm	30	2	>0.6	-

APPENDIX B: THE FINDS

Finds Concordance

Context	Class	Description	Fabric Code	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date
100	CBM	tile		2	15	
101	CBM	tile		3	148	
	Clay pipe	stem		1	3	
	Flint	flakes		3	12	
301	post-medieval pottery	Border ware jug handle	BORDG	1	29	MC17-MC18
801	CBM	tile and ?brick frag		2	94	
	Worked stone			1	1422	
901	Clay pipe	stem		1	6	
	Glass	clear glass seam mould pharma (?) bottle		1	104	
1001	СВМ	tile		2	144	
1101	Flint	flake		1	1	
1200	?medieval pottery	hard-fired, grey, very qz-rich fabric	QZ	1	9	Med
1408	CBM	tile		1	243	
	Iron	nail		2	32	
		Coarse flint-tempered, reduced fabric. Small vessel with simple				
2104	Prehistoric pottery	inturned rim	FI	8	105	Pre
2701	CBM	tile		1	49	
3901	Burnt flint			1	27	MC16-C18
	CBM	fragments hard fired		8	153	
	Clay pipe	stem		1	3	
	Glass	bubbly mid-green		1	12	
	Iron	concreted lump		1	31	
	post-medieval pottery	Glazed earthenware dishes, inc. 1 slipware	GEW	5	84	
3904	Burnt flint			2	14	LC18-C19
	CBM	tile		15	112	
	Clay pipe	stem		1	6	
	Coal	uda a hattle maale thisteria danna		2	7	
	Glass	wine-bottle neck, thick windown glass		2	24	
	Iron	nail head and ?blade-type thing		1	8	
	medieval pottery	Cheam whiteware	CHEA	1	2	
	medieval pottery	Tudor Green	TUDG	1	6	
	post-medieval pottery	Glazed earthenware Refined white ware; transfer	GEW	3	14	
	post-medieval pottery	printed white ware; transfer	RWW	1	1	
4808	СВМ	tile		2	25	LC18-C19
	post-medieval pottery	Glazed earthenware	GEW	1	2	
	post-medieval pottery	Pearlware w/blue decoration	PEAR TR	1	1	
4900	Flint	flake		1	19	MC16-C18
	post-medieval pottery	Glazed earthenware	GEW	1	3	
4909	СВМ	frags		2	15	
	Glass	mid-green		1	1	

Context	Class	Description	Fabric Code	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date
4913	CBM	tile and frags, some with lime/mortar residue		4	56	
5004	CBM	tile		2	33	
5004	post-medieval pottery	Glazed earthenware	GEW	2	19	MC16-C18
5104	post-medieval pottery	Refined white ware	RWW	1	10	LC18-C19
5201	post-medieval pottery	Frechen jar?	FREC	1	24	MC16-LC17

APPENDIX C: ANIMAL BONE

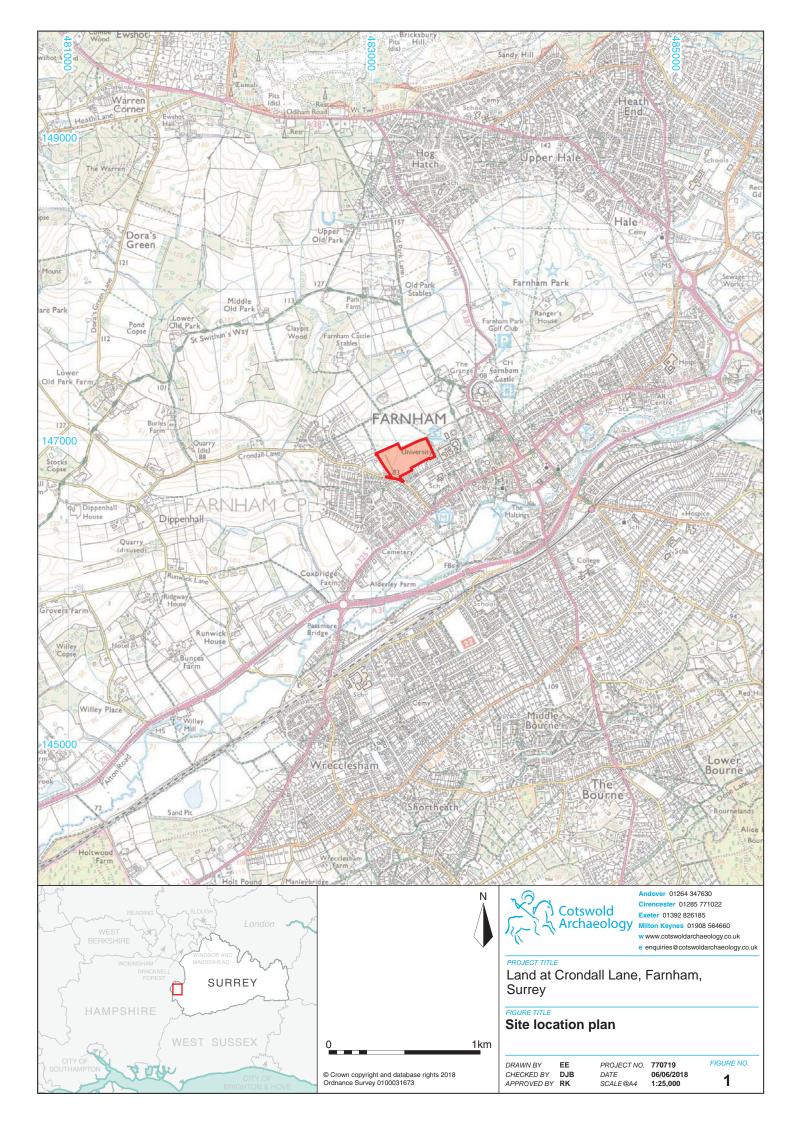
Table 1: Identified animal species by fragment count (NISP) and weight and context.

Cut	Fill	O/C	EQ	Total	Weight (g)
	3901	2	47	49	934
3903	3904		143	143	2514
Total		2	190	192	
Weight		3	3445	3448	

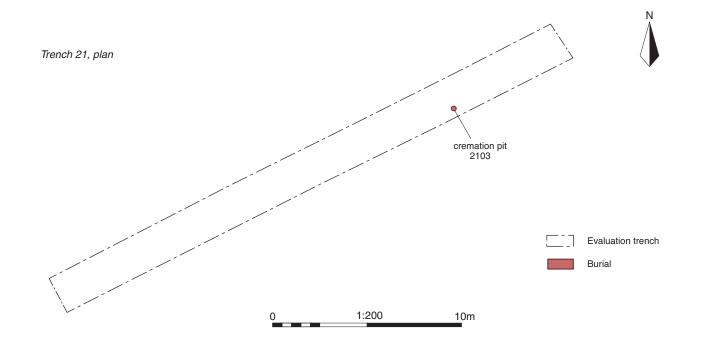
O/C = sheep/goat; EQ = horse

APPENDIX D: OASIS REPORT FORM

understanding of homeland defence during the Battle of Britain in 19 Project dates 23 April – 04 May 2018 Project type Trial Trench Evaluation Previous work Not Known Future work Unknown Site Location Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Brief originator Surrey County Council Project Manager Project Supervisor Ray Kennedy Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern prepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (e.g., animal bone etc) To be confirmed For example of animal bone etc etc Context sheets, rest	Project Name	Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey	Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey	
threat of a German invasion in World War II and are important understanding of homeland defence during the Battle of Britain in 19 Project dates 23 April – 04 May 2018 Project type Trial Trench Evaluation Previous work Not Known Future work Unknown PROJECT LOCATION Site Location Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Cotswold Archaeology Project Brief originator Surrey County Council Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (e.g. animal bone etc) To be confirmed For example or animal bone etc Context sheets, rect	Short description An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold April and May 2018 at Crondall Lane, Farnham. Fifty four excavated. Archaeological features (of predominantly mod identified during the trial trench evaluation twenty trenches 11, 12, 13, 14, 21, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 34, 36, 39, 47, An unexcavated isolated small pit containing an assembla and burnt bone remains and potsherds was identified within pit is likely to resemble a cremation dating to the prehistoric; shallow isolated pit containing the articulated skeletal remain pony (Equus callabus) was found in Trench 39 dating to the modern period. A possible former ditch system found in Trench 35 is likely to be associated with the existing historic field boat the Site. Forty-four postholes were identified during the trial trench evaluated in the Site. Forty-four postholes were identified during the trial trench evaluated to the modern period. Square cut and circular found at the Site. Based on their frequent intermittent position their projected alignments, morphology and fill characterist evidence, the postholes are likely to form part of an extens Second World War tactical obstacles such as barbed wire erected during important anti-invasion defence works. If the associated with a network of Second World War tactical obto to those found at Church Crookham during recent investigated.		nam. Fifty four trenches wern ominantly modern date) wern wenty trenches; Trenches 10: 34, 36, 39, 47, 48, 49 and 51 g an assemblage of charcoal dentified within Trench 21. The prehistoric period. A single diskeletal remains of a sma 9 dating to the post-medieval em found in Trenches 23, 24 historic field boundaries found and circular postholes were termittent positioning but alse fill characteristics and dating art of an extensive network of an extensive network of as barbed wire entanglement of the works. If the features are war tactical obstacles, similar recent investigations, and thin e A of the GHQ (General	
Project dates Project type Trial Trench Evaluation Previous work Not Known Future work Unknown PROJECT LOCATION Site Location Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern prepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example of animal bone etc Paper Context sheets, retc Paper		threat of a German invasion in World War	threat of a German invasion in World War II and are important to ou	
Project type Trial Trench Evaluation Previous work Not Known Future work Unknown Indicates and at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Manager Ray Kennedy Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example contained beets, refered Paper		understanding of homeland defence during the	e Battle of Britain in 1940.	
Previous work Future work PROJECT LOCATION Site Location Site Location Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS PROJECT ARCHIVES PROJECT ARCHIVES Note the sum of the project supervisor animal bone etc) Project Manager Project Manager Project Manager Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associate world war II homeland defence Project Manager Project Archives Project Supervisor Monument Type None Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associate world war II homeland defence Project Archives Intended final location of archive content (e.g., animal bone etc) To be confirmed For example content of the c	Project dates	23 April – 04 May 2018	23 April – 04 May 2018	
Future work PROJECT LOCATION Site Location Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor Ray Kennedy Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern porepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Physical Paper Unknown Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey SURRED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Project type	Trial Trench Evaluation		
PROJECT LOCATION Site Location Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example or animal bone etc Context sheets, retc	Previous work	Not Known		
Site Location Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates SU 483195 146866 PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Surrey County Council Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern porepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Physical Physical Paper Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey SURDING, Surrey Surrey Survey County Council Cotswold Archaeology Posturey County Council Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro None Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern porepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES For example or animal bone etc Context sheets, retc	Future work	Unknown		
Study area (M²/ha) Site co-ordinates PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Ray Kennedy Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, retc	PROJECT LOCATION			
Site co-ordinates PROJECT CREATORS Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS PROJECT ARCHIVES PROJECT ARCHIVES Project Manager Project Manager Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro None Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example contained before etc. Paper	Site Location	Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey		
Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS PROJECT ARCHIVES PROJECT ARCHIVES Project Manager Project Manager Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro None Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated World War II homeland defence Project Archives Project Supervisor Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example contained by the context sheets, in etc.	Study area (M²/ha)			
Name of organisation Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Project Design (WSI) originator Project Manager Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, retc		SU 483195 146866		
Project Brief originator Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern porepresenting the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, retce	PROJECT CREATORS			
Project Design (WSI) originator Cotswold Archaeology Project Manager Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, retc		6,7		
Project Manager Project Supervisor Francesco Catanzaro MONUMENT TYPE None SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical For example continual bone etc Paper Context sheets, refere				
Project Supervisor MONUMENT TYPE None Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associat World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper For example coanimal bone etc Context sheets, retc	Project Design (w5i) originator	Cotswold Archaeology		
MONUMENT TYPE SIGNIFICANT FINDS Prehistoric cremation, undated pig burial and a series of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, reference to the properties of modern por representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated world world wire entanglements associated world	Project Manager	Ray Kennedy		
PROJECT ARCHIVES Project ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Project Archives Project Archives Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed For example continual bone etc Context sheets, retc				
representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associate World War II homeland defence PROJECT ARCHIVES Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Paper representing the remains of barbed wire entanglements associated wire entanglements as of the entanglement and entangleme				
(museum/Accession no.) To be confirmed Physical Paper Context sheets, retc	SIGNIFICANT FINDS	representing the remains of barbed wire er		
Paper Context sheets, r	PROJECT ARCHIVES	Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.)	` 0	
Paper Context sheets, r	Physical		·	
	Paper		Context sheets, matrice	
Digital Pri	Digital		Database, digital photos et	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	BIBLIOGRAPHY		•	









Trench 21, looking south-west (1m scales)



Cremation pit 2103, looking north-west (0.2m scale)

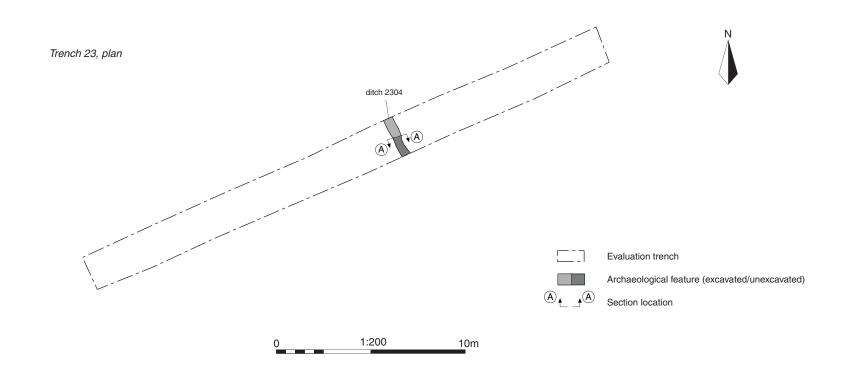


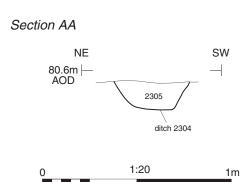
Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

FIGURE TITLE

Trench 21: plan and photographs

PROJECT NO. 770719
DATE 06/06/2018
SCALE @A3 1:200 DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK







Trench 23, looking south-west (1m scales)

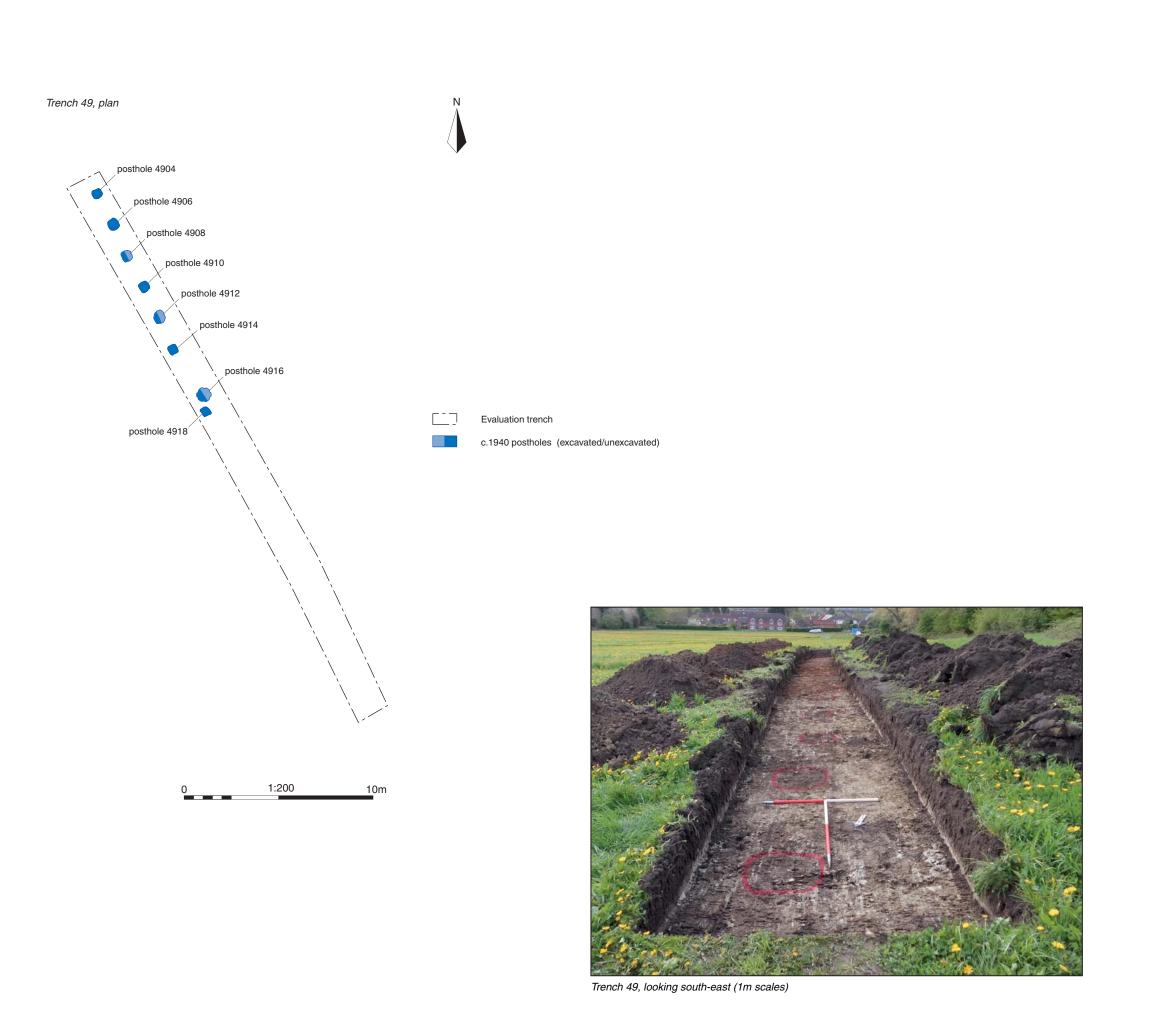


Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185

Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

Trench 23: plan, section and photograph

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK PROJECT NO. 770719
DATE 06/06/2018
SCALE@A3 1:200 / 1:20





Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185

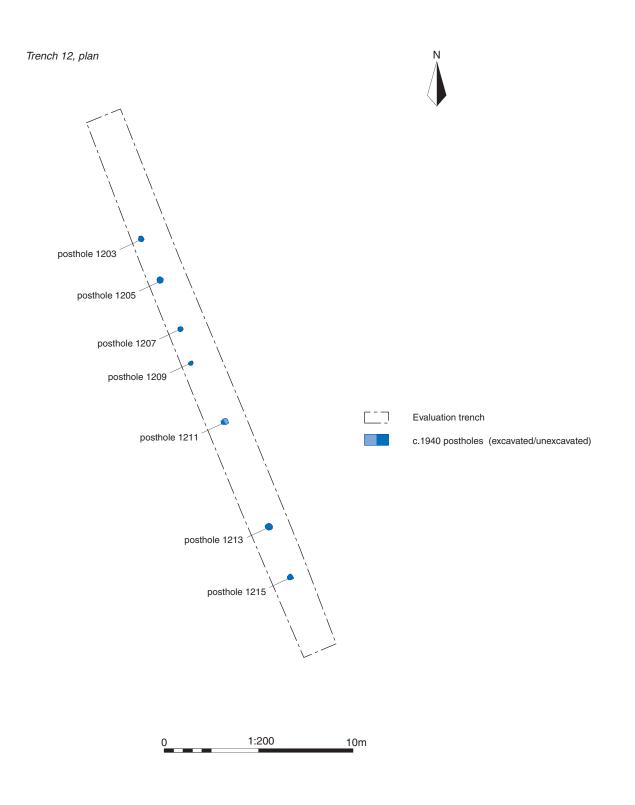
Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

Trench 49: plan and photograph

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK

PROJECT NO. 770719
DATE 06/06/2018
SCALE@A3 1:200

5





Trench 12, looking north-west (1m scales)



Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022

PROJECT TITLE
Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham,
Surrey

FIGURE TITLE

Trench 12: plan and photograph

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK

PROJECT NO. 770719
DATE 06/06/2018
SCALE @A3 1:200

6



Pit 3903, looking south-west (1m scale)



Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Milton Keynes 01908 564660

www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk
e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk

Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

FIGURE TITLE

Trench 39: photograph

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK

PROJECT NO. 770719

DATE 06/06/2018

SCALE@A4 NA

FIGURE NO. 7



Typical barbed wire entanglements

source: https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/02/Typical_barbed_wire _entanglements%2C_HDC_-_NARA_-_299686.jpg downloaded 18-05-2017



Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Milton Keynes 01908 564660

w www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk
e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk

e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.u

Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

FIGURE TITLE

Photograph of barbed wire defences

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK

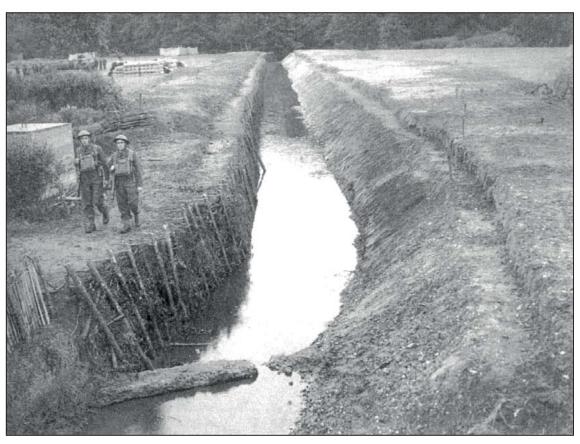
PROJECT NO. 770719

DATE 06/06/2018

SCALE@A4 NA

FIGURE NO.

8



Length of anti-tank ditch on the GHQ Line near Farnham in Surrey, 24 of July 1940

source: FOOT, W. 2006: "Beaches, fields, streets and hills: the anti-invasion landscapes of England, 1940", York: CBA report 144.



Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Milton Keynes 01908 564660

w www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk
e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk

PROJECT TITLE

Land at Crondall Lane, Farnham, Surrey

FIGURE TITLE

Photograph of anti-tank ditch, Farnham, Surrey (*circa* 24 July 1940)

DRAWN BY EE
CHECKED BY DJB
APPROVED BY RK

PROJECT NO. 770719

DATE 06/06/2018

SCALE@A4 NA

FIGURE NO.



Andover Office

Stanley House Walworth Road Andover Hampshire SP10 5LH

t: 01264 347630

Cirencester Office

Building 11 Kemble Enterprise Park Cirencester Gloucestershire GL7 6BQ

t: 01285 771022

Exeter Office

Unit 53
Basepoint Business Centre
Yeoford Way
Marsh Barton Trading Estate
Exeter
EX2 8LB

t: 01392 826185

Milton Keynes Office

Unit 8 - The IO Centre Fingle Drive Stonebridge Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK13 0AT

t: 01908 564660

