

Land off Greet Road Winchcombe Gloucestershire

Archaeological Evaluation

for

CgMs Consulting

on behalf of

Redrow Homes South West Limited

CA Project: 3592 CA Report: 11262

October 2011

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issue	01

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SUMMARY

Project Name: Land off Greet Road

Location: Winchcombe

NGR: SP 0257 2954

Type: Evaluation

Date: 17 to 21 October 2011

Location of Archive: To be deposited with Cheltenham Art Gallery and Museum

Accession Number: CAGM 2011.62

Site Code: SGR 11

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in October 2011 on land off Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloucestershire. The fieldwork comprised the excavation of 13 trenches.

The evaluation identified a concentration of archaeological remains within the western part of the site (Area B), with a much lower density within the eastern part of the site (Area A). Archaeological features were predominately Roman in date and survived at an average depth of between 0.3m and 0.6m below the current ground surface.

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The identified features appear to represent settlement activity dating to the 2nd to 4th centuries AD. This correlates with the periods of activity within a Scheduled Monument immediately to the south where settlement activity spanning the early Roman period through to the late 3rd century AD was revealed. Little evidence of Roman activity was found to the east of Greet Road.

Evidence for medieval and post-medieval activity comprised the ploughed remnants of ridge and furrow cultivation.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In October 2011 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological evaluation for CgMs Consulting, on behalf of Redrow Homes South West Limited, on land off Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloucestershire (centred on NGR: SP 0257 2954; Fig. 1). The evaluation was undertaken following discussions between CgMs Consulting and Charles Parry, Senior Archaeological Officer, Gloucestershire County Council, prior to a planning application for the development of all weather sports facilities and potential allotments (Area A) and for a service trench for foul drainage and sewage for a proposed residential development (Area B).
- 1.2 The evaluation was carried out following a recommendation by Mr Parry for trial trenching and with a subsequent detailed Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) produced by CgMs (2011) that was approved by Mr Parry. The fieldwork also followed the Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation (IfA 2008), the Statement of Standards and Practices Appropriate for Archaeological Field Work in Gloucestershire (GCC 1996), the Management of Archaeological Projects (English Heritage 1991) and the Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MORPHE): Project Manager's Guide (EH 2006). It was monitored by Steven Weaver (CgMs), including a site visit on 19 October 2011.

The site

- 1.3 The site is located to the north of Winchcombe within a wide, flat valley bottom with higher ground to the east, south and west. Area A comprised a single, pasture field bounded to the north by the Cheltenham and Honeybourne section of the Gloucestershire Warwickshire Railway line and by a cottage and orchards attached to Greet Farm, to the south-east by sewage works, to the south by Winchcombe School and to the east by Greet Road (B4078). Area B occupied the south-eastern portion of an arable field and is bound to the east by Greet Road and to the south by a field boundary that forms the northern extent of Scheduled Monument No. 21700 (Fig. 2).
- 1.4 Area A slopes gently downwards from *c*.91m AOD in the west to *c*.78m AOD at its eastern limit. Area B lies at approximately 95m AOD at its western extent and slopes

gently downwards to c.91m AOD at Greet Road. The site as a whole is approximately 1 ha, with Area A measuring 8864m² and Area B totalling 270m².

1.5 The solid geology of the site is mapped as mudstone of the Charmouth Mudstone Formation, of the Sinemurian to Pliensbachian periods. Along the eastern edge of the site a band of gravel, sand, silt and clay of the quaternary period associated with the River Isbourne is recorded (BGS 2011). Fieldwork showed the underlying natural geology to consist of orange-brown clay.

Archaeological background

- 1.6 Examination of data in the Gloucestershire Historic Environment Record (HER), the National Monuments Record (NMR) and published sources indicates that there are no recorded heritage assets within Area A, although a number of heritage assets are recorded within a c.1km radius (CgMs 2011).
- 1.7 Previous archaeological investigations immediately to the south of Area B recorded evidence for extensive prehistoric and Roman settlement including several phases of enclosed settlement and associated field systems, culminating in probably high-status Roman buildings being constructed upon artificial terraces (BCC 2009 and JMHS 2009). That site is now designated as a Scheduled Monument (SM No. 21700).
- 1.8 A geophysical survey undertaken throughout Area A revealed limited evidence of archaeological activity, excepting east-west aligned cultivation marks interpreted as the remnants of ridge and furrow ploughing (BCC 2011).
- 1.9 An evaluation undertaken *c.* 200m to the south and to the east of Greet Road identified limited archaeological activity dating from the Roman to modern periods. Parallel trackway ditches of Roman date, as well as possible partial remnants of Roman agricultural or settlement enclosures, were identified (CA 2011).

Archaeological objectives

1.10 The objectives of the evaluation were to establish the character, quality, date and extent of any archaeological remains or deposits surviving within the site. This information will assist Tewkesbury Borough Council in making an informed

judgement on the significance of the archaeological resource, and the likely impact upon it of the proposed development.

Methodology

- 1.11 The fieldwork comprised the excavation of 13 trenches in the locations shown on the attached plan (Fig. 2). Trenches 1 to 10 throughout Area A each measured 30m in length and 1.8m in width, with Trenches 11 to 13 within Area B each measuring 20m in length and 1.8m in width. Trench 11 was moved 10m to the west to avoid a mature tree and to allow safe access and egress to the field. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using a Leica 1200 series SmartRover GPS and surveyed in accordance with CA Technical Manual 4 Survey Manual (2009).
- 1.12 All trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket. All machine excavation was undertaken under constant archaeological supervision to the top of the first significant archaeological horizon or the natural substrate, whichever was encountered first. Where archaeological deposits were encountered they were excavated by hand in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual (2007).
- 1.13 Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites (2003), however no deposits were identified that required sampling. All artefacts recovered were processed in accordance with Technical Manual 3 Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation (2003).
- 1.14 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Kemble. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the artefacts will be deposited with Cheltenham Art Gallery and Museum under accession number CAGM 2011.62, along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix C, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

2. RESULTS (FIGS 2-7)

- 2.1 This section provides an overview of the evaluation results; detailed summaries of the recorded contexts and finds are to be found in Appendices A and B respectively. Details of the relative heights of the trenches expressed as metres Above Ordnance Datum (m AOD) appear in Appendix A.
- 2.2 A broadly similar stratigraphic sequence was identified in all of the trenches. The natural substrate, comprising undisturbed orange brown clay, was revealed at depths of between 0.5m and 0.7m below present ground level (bpgl). This was in turn overlain by subsoil between 0.3m and 0.4m in thickness, which most probably derives, in part at least, from the ploughed out ridge and furrow. This was sealed by topsoil 0.3m thick. All identified archaeological features/deposits cut the natural substrate, except where re-cutting of earlier features occurred.

Area A

2.3 No archaeological features or deposits were identified within Trenches 2-5 and 7-10. Furrows associated with the ploughed out ridge and furrow cultivation were identified within trenches 1-7 and 9.

Trench 1 (Figs 2, 4 & 5)

- 2.4 Pit 104/106 was located at the centre of the trench and measured at least 1.4m in diameter and 0.25m in depth. Its single fill, 103/105, contained three sherds of Roman pottery broadly dated from the early 2nd to the 4th century. East/west orientated ditch 108 was also located at the centre of the trench. No dateable material was recovered from its single fill, 107. East/west orientated furrow 112, containing residual sherds of Roman pottery within single fill 111, was cut by modern land drain 110.
- 2.5 With the exception of the furrow, the features recorded within this trench were not identified by the geophysical survey.

Trench 6 (Figs 2, 4 & 5)

2.6 Postholes 603 and 607 were located at the centre of the trench. A single sherd of pottery, broadly dated to the Roman period, was recovered from fill 608 within

posthole 607. Although undated artefactually, posthole 603, is considered to be broadly contemporary with posthole 607, based upon their close proximity and the similarity of their form and fills. Pit 605, located towards the northern end of the trench, contained a single worked flint core, of broadly prehistoric date, within fill 606.

2.7 The linear, northeast/southwest geophysical anomaly targeted by the trench correlates closely with the location and alignment of a modern land drain recorded cutting across the alignment of the ridge and furrow. The discrete archaeological features observed during fieldwork were not identified by the geophysical survey.

Area B

Trench 11 (Figs 2, 3 & 6)

2.8 Deposit 1102, measuring 0.4m in thickness, was identified throughout the eastern part of the trench. One sherd of pottery broadly dated to the Roman period, as well as a fragment of box-flue tile, was recovered from the deposit. To the immediate west of this deposit, north-south aligned ditch 1104 was revealed cutting the natural substrate. Its single fill, 1103, did not contain dating evidence.

Trench 12 (Figs 2, 3 & 6)

A series of intercutting ditches was identified within Trench 12. The earliest were north/south orientated ditch 1208 and north-west/south-east orientated ditch 1204/1215, although no dateable material was recovered from their respective fills. Both were cut by east/west orientated ditch 1206/1213 from which 14 sherds of 2nd to 4th-century pottery, animal bone and a fragment of glass were recovered. This was itself cut by undated north-west/south-east orientated ditch 1210, which was truncated along its eastern extent by a modern land drain.

Trench 13 (Figs 2, 3 & 7)

2.10 North-west/south-east orientated trackway 1303/1305/1308 was identified throughout much of the trench. It measured approximately 12m in width with a generally flat base. Roman pottery dated to the early 2nd to 4th centuries, tile and animal bone were recovered from its fills, 1306, 1307 and 1309. A single, 16th to 17th century-pottery sherd was recovered from the upper surface of fill 1309, but is considered residual.

The Finds and Palaeoenvironmental Evidence

2.11 The finds assemblage recovered from the evaluation is summarised in Appendix B. The pottery assemblage consisted of 36 sherds weighing 279g. In addition fragments of tile, fired clay, clay tobacco pipe, vessel glass, an iron nail, worked flint and animal bone were also recovered. The assemblage was recovered from 13 stratified contexts and can be primarily dated to the Roman period. The level of preservation of the pottery was good with the Roman pottery exhibiting low to moderate levels of abrasion. Where mentioned, Severn Valley ware forms are referenced to Webster (1976) and Dorset Black-burnished wares to Seager-Smith and Davies (1993).

Pottery

- 2.12 The Roman pottery was dominated by oxidised Severn Valley wares, with a single sherd of the organically-tempered reduced variant recorded from deposit 1211. Few form sherds were present with only two tankards identified. These included a tankard of 2nd or 3rd century-date (type 41) from fill 1211 within ditch 1206/13 and a 4th-century tankard (type 44) from trackway fill 1309.
- 2.13 Dorset Black-burnished ware sherds were recorded from fill 103 within pit 104/06, fills 1211 and 1212 within ditch 1206/13 and fills 1304 and 1309 within trackway 1303/08. Although the majority of the sherds can only be broadly dated from the early 2nd to 4th century, a jar rimsherd (type 1) from fill 1211 is most probably of 2nd-century date. Sherds recorded from deposits 1212, 1304 and 1309 were from plain rim dishes (type 20) produced from the late 2nd to 4th century.
- 2.14 Small sherds of Malvernian ware from fill 608 within posthole 607 and from trackway fill 1309, as well as a further possible sherd from trackway fill 1307, could only be dated to a production span of mid 1st to 4th century.
- 2.15 A single sherd of pottery post-dating the Roman period was identified. This comprised a sherd of glazed earthenware of late 16th or 17th-century date recovered from the surface of trackway fill 1309. The small sherd size and the lack of other post-Roman material within the assemblage may indicate that this is an intrusive item within the deposit.

Other artefacts

- 2.16 A small shard of glass from fill 1212 within ditch 1206/13 can only tentatively be dated to the Roman period due to its small size. Ceramic tile was also identified including two fragments of box-flue tile from deposit 1102 and trackway fill 1309, with the fragment from deposit 1102 retaining crossed combing on the exterior surface. A thick Roman tile fragment from trackway fill 1304 had small circular indents to one surface that may have been impressed from a hobnailed boot. Small fragments of fired clay were recovered from fill 103 within pit 104/06 and fill 1212 within ditch 1206/13 with cross joining fragments from trackway fills 1306 and 1307. All derived from Roman dated deposits (Appendix B).
- 2.17 A prehistoric flint core was recovered from fill 606 within pit 605, and a single handmade nail from furrow fill 610. The latter could only be identified as Roman or later in date.

3. DISCUSSION

- 3.1 The evaluation identified a concentration of archaeological remains within the western part of the site (Area B), with a much lower density within the eastern part of the site (Area A). Archaeological features were predominately Roman in date.
- 3.2 The results of the evaluation trenching broadly correlate with the preceding geophysical survey that identified anomalies interpreted as cultivation marks. These were identified during the current works as furrows representative of the ploughed out remains of ridge and furrow field systems.

Prehistoric

3.3 The only prehistoric evidence identified during the current works was a flint core recovered from pit 605. It remains undetermined whether this represents a seemingly isolated prehistoric feature or whether the flint is residual in a later context.

Roman

- 3.4 Roman features were concentrated within the western part of the site, predominantly to the west of Greet Road (B4078; Fig 1). The identified features appear to represent remains of settlement activity dating to the 2nd to 4th centuries AD. This correlates with the periods of activity within the Scheduled Monument immediately to the south where settlement activity spanning the early Roman period through to the late 3rd century AD (JMHS 2009). It is suggested that the earliest deposit encountered was deposit 1102, interpreted during these current works as reworked colluvium and which correlates with a buried soil deposit identified during the preceding evaluation to the south (ibid.). During the previous evaluation this deposit sealed Iron Age features, with Roman and later features cutting it (ibid.).
- 3.5 Within Trench 12, a series of intercutting ditches represented possible enclosure and or field boundary ditches. The pottery recovered from these features suggested they dated to the 2nd to 4th centuries AD.
- 3.6 Trackway 1303 appears to form the continuation of a poorly defined anomaly identified by geophysical survey to the south (BCC 2009), however the disturbance in the area by more recent field sub-division makes it difficult to be certain that the feature continues into the Scheduled area.
- 3.7 It seems probable that the pit and ditch identified within Trench 1, immediately east of Greet Road, represent the eastern limit of the Roman settlement activity associated with the Scheduled Monument to the west (JMHS 2009). Such evidence is comparable to the pattern established during a preceding evaluation conducted to the south of the school where evidence of Roman activity was similarly concentrated in the western part of the site (CA 2011). This suggests that the focus of activity during the Late Iron Age and the Roman periods was to the west of Greet Road. The possible exception to this was the identification of two postholes of possible Roman date within Trench 6.

Medieval, post-medieval and modern

3.8 Evidence for medieval activity was restricted to the ploughed out remnants of ridge and furrow. The sinuous nature of this ridge and furrow is suggestive of a medieval date (Beresford 1975).

4. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Stuart Joyce, assisted by Daniel Sausins. The report was written by Stuart Joyce. The illustrations were prepared by Lorna Gray, with specialist reports written by Angus Crawford. The archive has been compiled by Stuart Joyce, and prepared for deposition by James Johnson. The project was managed for CA by Cliff Bateman.

5. REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trench 1 (95.64-96.44m AOD)

No.	Type	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
100	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.3	
101	Layer	Subsoil. Orangey brown silty clay.			0.3	
102	Layer	Natural substrate. Orange clay with mudstone inclusions.			n/k	
103	Deposit	Fill of 104. Mid brownish grey silty clay.			0.2	RB
104	Cut	?Pit. Oval. Shallow sides and flat base.	n/k	>1.38	0.18	
105	Deposit	Fill of 106. Mid brownish grey silty clay.			0.25	
106	Cut	?Pit. Oval. Shallow sides and flat base.	n/k	>1.15	0.25	
107	Deposit	Fill of 108. Mid yellowish brown clayey silt.			0.14	
108	Cut	Gully. NW/SE aligned. Moderately sloping sides. Concave base.	>1.9	0.59	0.14	
109	Deposit	Fill of 110. Mid brownish yellow silty clay.			n/k	C17- C18
110	Cut	Land drain. NW/SE aligned.		0.37	n/k	
111	Deposit	Fill of 112. Mid brownish yellow silty clay.			0.43	C3-C4
112	Cut	Furrow. NW/SE aligned.		>7.8	0.43	

Trench 2 (94.15-94.86m AOD)

No.	Type	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Spot-
			(m)	(m)	(m)	date
200	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.3	
201	Layer	Natural substrate. Orange clay with mudstone			n/k	
		inclusions.				

Trench 3 (93.29-93.68m AOD)

No.	Type	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Spot-
			(m)	(m)	(m)	date
300	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.25	
301	Layer	Subsoil. Orangey brown silty clay.			0.28	
302	Layer	Natural substrate. Orange clay with mudstone inclusions.			n/k	

Trench 4 (90.37-91.28m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
400	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.28	
401	Layer	Subsoil. Mid-light yellowish brown clayey silt.			0.45	
402	Layer	Natural substrate. Orangey brown clay with mudstone inclusions.			n/k	

Trench 5 (88.1-88.37m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
			(111)	(111)	(111)	uale
500	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.28	
501	Layer	Subsoil. Mid yellowish grey-brown clayey silt.			0.45	
502	Layer	Natural substrate. Orangey brown clay.			n/k	

Trench 6 (86.22-86.86m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
600	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown silty clay.			0.3	
601	Layer	Subsoil. Mid-light yellowish brown silty clay.			0.24	
602	Layer	Natural substrate. Orangey brown clay overlying gravel.			n/k	
603	Cut	Posthole. Circular. Steeply sloping sides. Flat base.		0.18	0.14	
604	Deposit	Fill of 603. Dark greyish brown clayey silt.			0.14	
605	Cut	Pit. Oval. Moderately sloping sides. Flat base.	0.4	0.3	0.03	
606	Deposit	Fill of 605. Light greyish brown silty clay.			0.03	Pre
607	Cut	Posthole. Circular. Steeply sloping sides. Flat base.		0.12	0.12	
608	Deposit	Fill of 607. Dark greyish brown clayey silt.			0.12	IA/RB
609	Cut	Furrow.				
610	Deposit	Fill of 609.				

Trench 7 (85.6-85.94m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Spot-
			(m)	(m)	(m)	date
700	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.25	
701	Layer	Subsoil. Light yellowish brown sandy clayey silt.			0.1	
702	Layer	Natural substrate. Orangey brown clay with			n/k	
		mudstone inclusions.				

Trench 8 (84.38-84.55m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
800	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid orangey grey-brown clayey silt.			0.3	
801	Layer	Subsoil. Light-mid orange/yellowish brown clayey silt.			0.25	
802	Layer	Natural substrate. Orangey brown clay with mudstone inclusions.			n/k	

Trench 9 (85.46-85.86m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
900	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.28	
901	Layer	Alluvium. Yellowish brown clay.			>0.4	

Trench 10 (84.04-84.8m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Spot-
			(m)	(m)	(m)	date
1000	Layer	Turf and topsoil. Light-mid greyish brown silty clay.			0.35	
1001	Layer	Subsoil. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.			0.05	
1002	Layer	Natural substrate. Blue and brown clay.			n/k	

Trench 11 (82.8-83.29m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Spot-
			(m)	(m)	(m)	date
1100	Layer	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.26	
1101	Layer	yer Subsoil. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.			0.4	
1102	Layer	er Colluvium. Mid-dark brownish grey clayey silt.			0.4	RB
1103	Deposit	Fill of 1104. Mid-light greyish brown silty clay.			0.14	
1104	Cut	Ditch. N/S aligned. Moderately sloping sides. Concave base.	n/k	0.46	0.14	
1105	Layer	Natural substrate.			n/k	

Trench 12 (83.37-84.02m AOD)

No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
1200	Layer	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.		,	0.3	
1201	1201 Layer Subsoil. Light greyish brown/yellowish brown silty clay.				0.22	
1202	Layer	Natural substrate.			n/k	
1203	Deposit	Fill of 1204. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.			0.1	
1204			0.34	0.1		
1205	Deposit	Fill of 1206. Mid brownish grey silty clay.			0.11	
1206	Cut	Ditch. E/W aligned. Moderately sloping sides. Not fully excavated.	u/k	>0.17	0.11	
1207	Deposit	Fill of 1208. Mid yellowish grey silty clay. Unexcavated.			n/k	
1208	Cut	Ditch. N/S aligned. Unexcavated.	n/k	1.21	n/k	
1209	Deposit Fill of 1210. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.				0.12	
1210	Cut	Ditch. NW/SE aligned. Moderately sloping sides. n/k 0.68 Flat base.		0.68	0.12	
1211	Deposit	Secondary fill of 1213. Mid brownish grey silty clay.			0.14	C3-C4
1212	Deposit	Primary fill of 1213. Mid greyish orange clay with brown mottles.			0.12	EC2-C4
1213	Cut	Ditch. E/W aligned. Sides not visible within trench. Concave base.	n/k	>1.01	0.25	
1214	Deposit	Fill of 1215. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.			0.06	
1215	Cut	Gully. NW/SE aligned. Moderately-gently sloping sides. Concave base.	n/k	>0.19	0.06	

Trench 13 (79.17-81.08m AOD)

	No.	Туре	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Spot- date
Ī	1300	Layer	Topsoil. Mid-light greyish brown clayey silt.			0.3	
Ī	1301	Layer	Subsoil.			0.15	
Ī	1302	Layer	Natural substrate.			n/k	

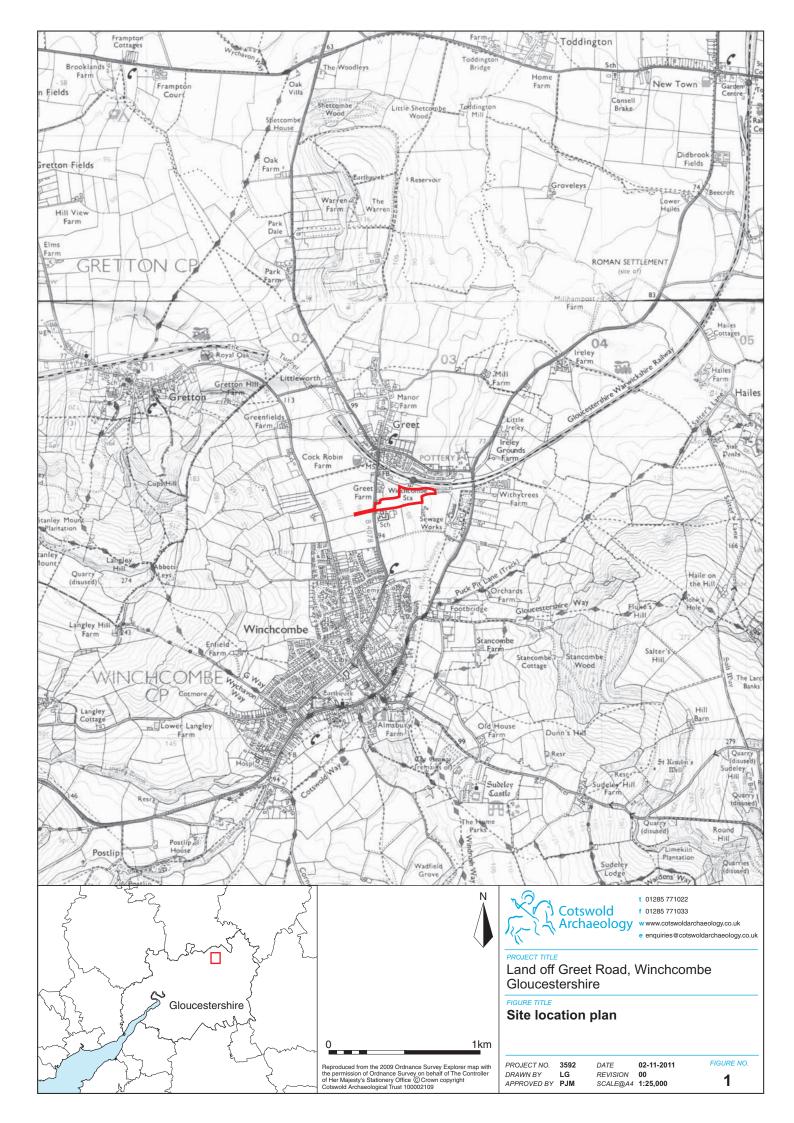
1303	Cut	?Cut of trackway. NW/SE aligned. Gently sloping sides. Flat base.		c. 12	0.14	
1304	1304 Deposit Mid greyish brown clayey silt.				0.14	EC2-C4
1305	1305 Cut Hollow way. NW/SE aligned. Sides not visible within trench. Flat base.		n/k	c. 12	0.29	
1306	1306 Deposit Primary fill of 1305. Light greyish brown clayey silt.				0.11	RB
1307	07 Deposit Secondary fill of 1305. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.				0.18	RB
1308	1308 Cut Trackway/hollow way. NW/SE aligned. Gently sloping sides. Flat base.		n/k	c. 12	0.17	
1309	Deposit	Fill of 1308. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0.17	C11- C14
1310	Deposit	Colluvium.			0.4	

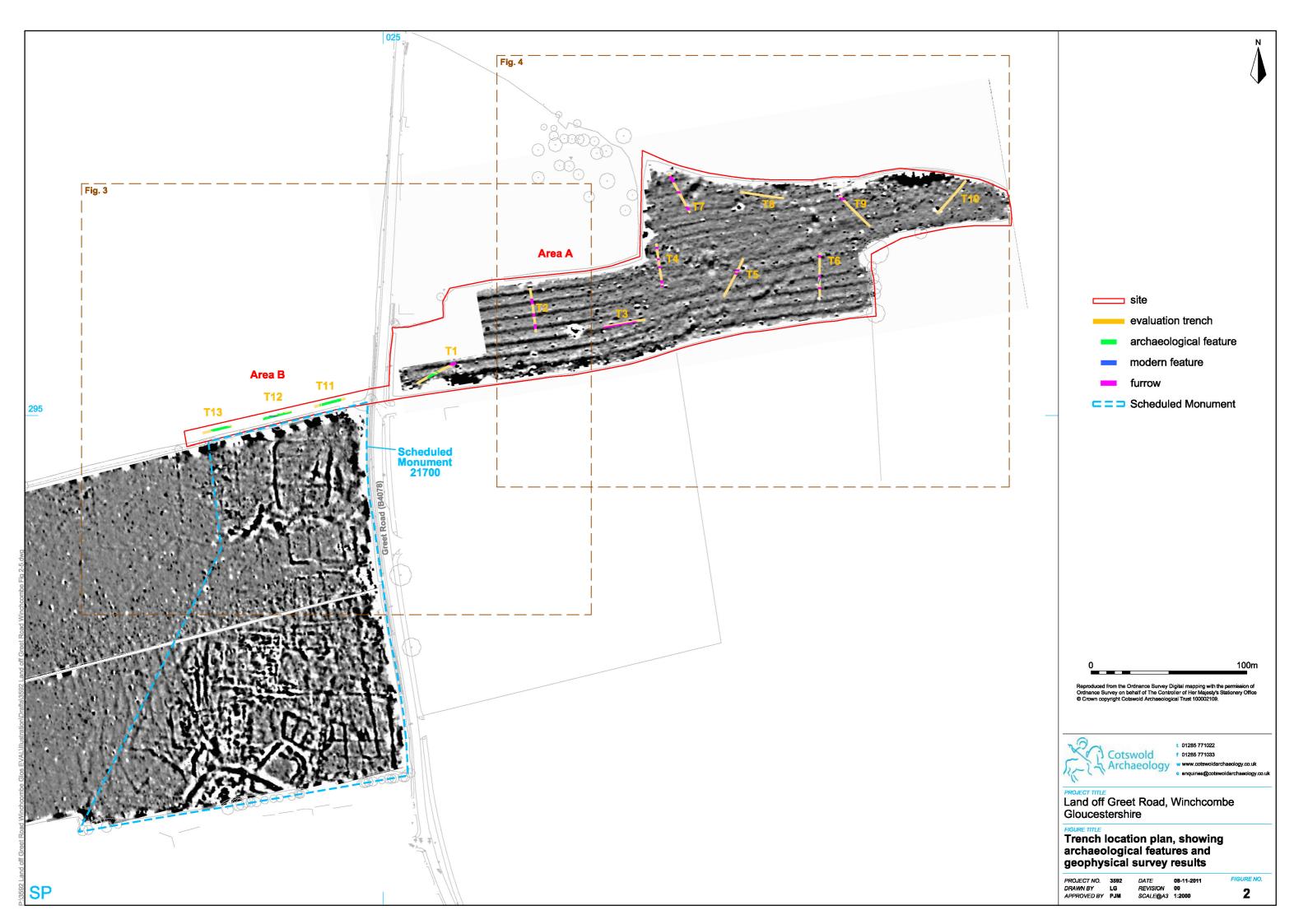
APPENDIX B: THE FINDS

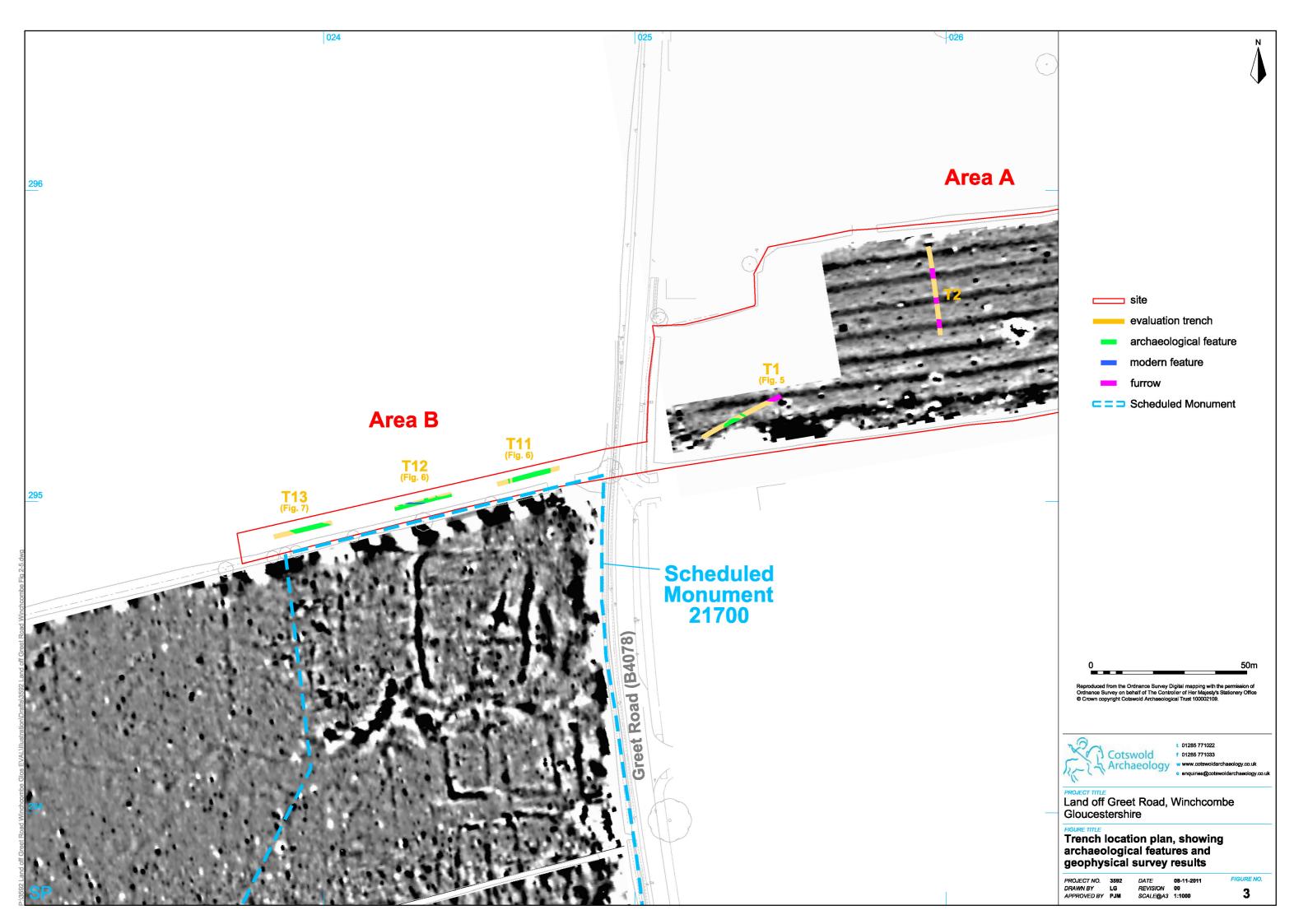
Context	Description	Ct.	Wt.	Date
103	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware, Dorset Black-burnished ware	3	10	EC2-C4
	Fired clay	1	1	
109	Tobacco pipe: stems Glass: vessel	4	7	C17-C18
111	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware, miscellaneous oxidised ware	3	7	MC1-C4
	Bone: animal	1	1	
606	Worked flint: core	1	12	
608	Roman pottery: Malvernian	1	1	MC1-C4
610	Fe: nail	1	8	
1102	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware Tile: box-flue	1	5 313	MC1-C4
1211	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware, organically tempered reduced Severn Valley ware, Dorset Black-burnished ware	7	102	EC2-C3
	Bone: animal	9	59	
1212	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware, Dorset Black-burnished ware	7	26	EC2-C4
	Fired clay Glass	1 1	2	
1304	Roman pottery: Severn Valley ware, Dorset Black- burnished ware	6	17	EC2-C4
	Fired clay	1	5	
	Tile: Roman	5	244	
	Animal bone	4	22	
1306	Fired clay	1	4	MC1-C4
	Bone: animal	4	61	
1307	Roman pottery: ?Malvernian	1	2	MC1-C4
	Fired clay	3	20	
1309	Roman pottery: oxidised Severn Valley ware, Dorset Black-burnished ware, Malvernian	7	109	MC1-C4
	Post-medieval pottery: Green glazed earthenware Tile: possibly box-flue	1	3	
		1	22	

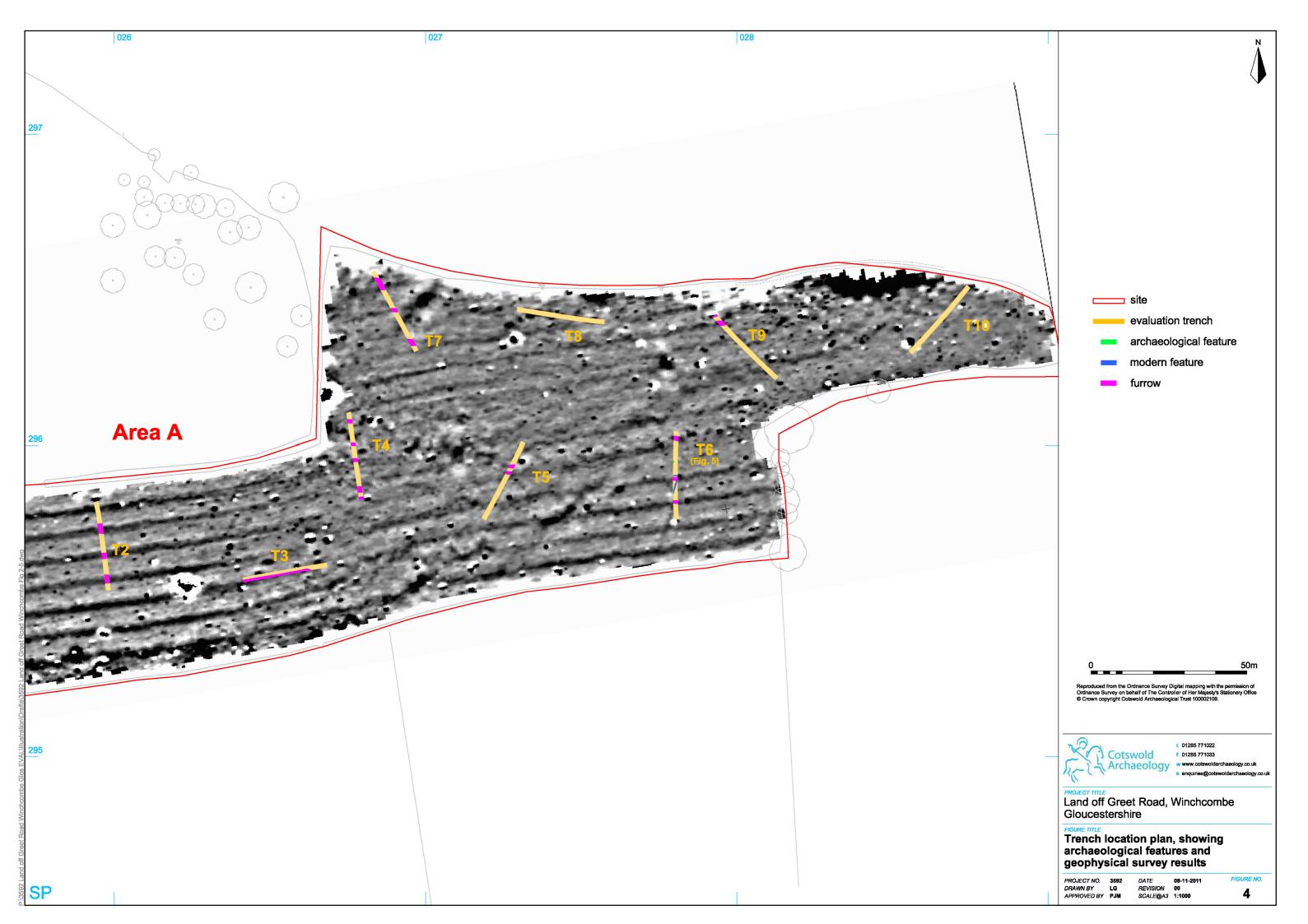
APPENDIX C: OASIS REPORT FORM

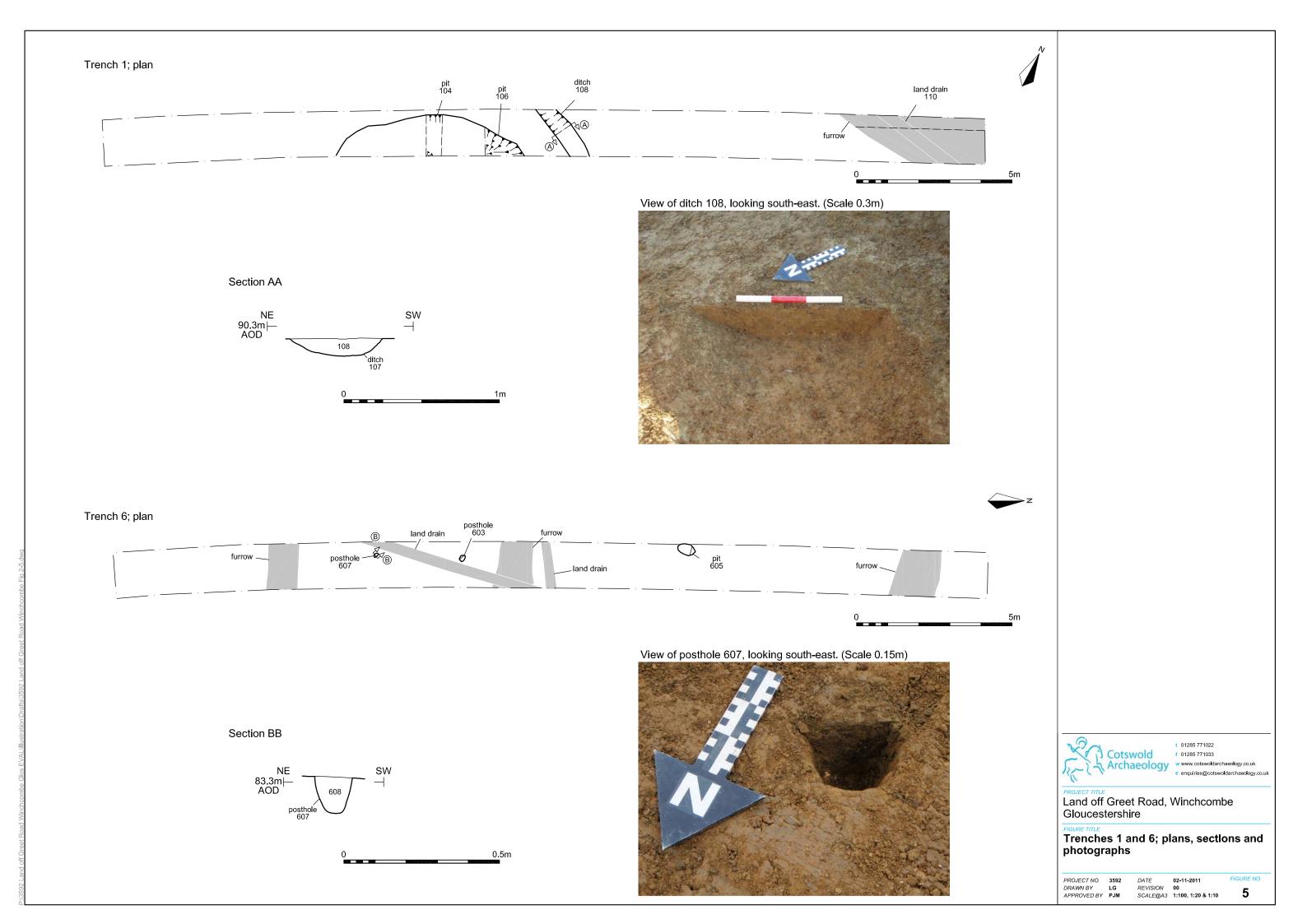
PROJECT DETAILS				
Project Name	Land at Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloud			
Short description	An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in October 2011 on land off Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloucestershire. The fieldwork comprised the excavation of 13 trenches. The evaluation identified a concentration of archaeological remains			
	within the western part of the site (Area B), with a much lower density within the eastern part of the site (Area A). Archaeological features were predominately Roman in date and survived at an average depth of between 0.3m and 0.6m below the current ground surface.			
	The identified features appear to represent settlement activity dating to the 2nd to 4th centuries AD. This correlates with the periods of activity within the Scheduled Monument immediately to the south where settlement activity spans the early Roman period through to the late 3rd century AD. Little evidence of Roman activity was found to the east of Greet Road.			
	The evidence for medieval and post-methe ploughed remnants of ridge and furro			
Project dates	17 – 21 October 2011			
Project type	Evaluation			
Previous work	BCC (Bartlett-Clark Consultancy) 2011 Land East of Greet Road, Winchcombe, Report on Archaeological Geophysical Survey			
Future work Unknown				
PROJECT LOCATION				
Site Location	Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloucestershire			
Study area	1 ha			
Site co-ordinates	SP 0257 2954			
PROJECT CREATORS				
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology			
Project Brief originator	None			
Project Design (WSI) originator	CgMs Consulting			
Project Manager	Cliff Bateman			
Project Supervisor	Stuart Joyce			
MONUMENT TYPE	None	O-mtt		
PROJECT ARCHIVES	Intended final location of archive (Content		
Physical	Cheltenham Art Gallery and Museum : Accession Number: CAGM 2011.62			
Paper	Cheltenham Art Gallery and Museum : Accession Number: CAGM 2011.62	Registers, trench recording sheets, context sheets, matrices, bulk find sheets, spotdating sheets, survey sheets. Plans and sections		
Digital	Cheltenham Art Gallery and Museum : Accession Number: CAGM 2011.62	Digital photos, digital survey data		
BIBLIOGRAPHY		•		
CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2011 Land off Greet Road, Winchcombe, Gloucestershire: Archaeological Evaluation. CA typescript report 11262				

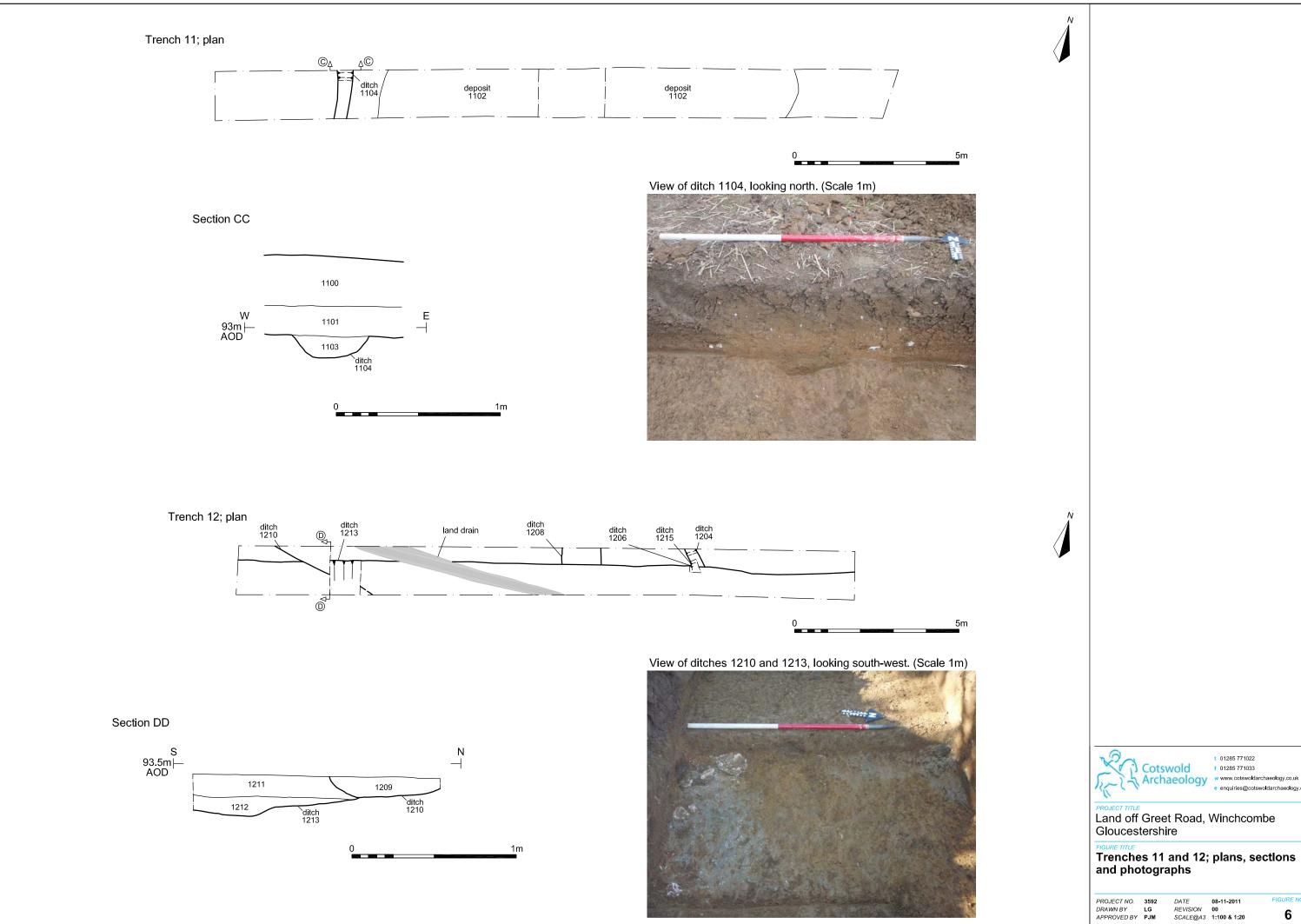




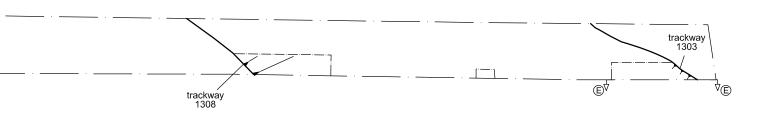




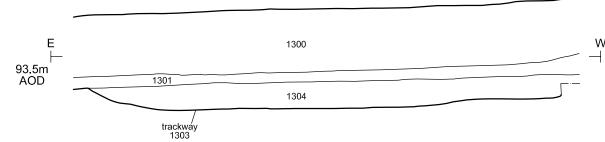




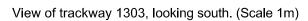
















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Land off Greet Road, Winchcombe Gloucestershire

IGURE TITLE

Trench 13; plan, section and photograph

 PROJECT NO.
 3592
 DATE
 02-11-2011

 DRAWN BY
 LG
 REVISION
 00

 APPROVED BY
 PJM
 SCALE@A3
 1:100 & 1:20

FIGURE NO.