

Milestone School Longford Lane Gloucester

Archaeological Watching Brief

for

Roberts Limbrick Ltd

on behalf of

The Milestone School

CA Project: 4297 CA Report: 13389

August 2013

Milestone School Longford Lane Gloucester

Archaeological Watching Brief

CA Project: 4297 CA Report: 13389

prepared by	Chris Ellis, Senior Project Officer			
date	30 July 2013			
checked by	Laurent Coleman, Project Manager			
date	6 August 2013			
approved by	Simon Cox, Head of Fieldwork			
signed	Sher (a			
date	6 August 2013			
issue	01			

This report is confidential to the client. Cotswold Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

© Cotswold Archaeology

Cirencester	Milton Keynes	Andover		
Building 11	Unit 4	Office 49		
Kemble Enterprise Park	Cromwell Business Centre	Basepoint Business Centre		
Kemble, Cirencester	Howard Way, Newport Pagnell	Caxton Close, Andover		
Gloucestershire, GL7 6BQ	MK16 9QS	Hampshire, SP10 3FG		
t. 01285 771022	t. 01908 218320	t. 01264 326549		
f. 01285 771033				
e. enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk				

CONTENTS

SUMM	ARY	2
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
	The site	3
	Archaeological background	3
	Archaeological objectives	4
	Methodology	4
2.	RESULTS (FIG 2)	4
3.	DISCUSSION	5
4.	CA PROJECT TEAM	5
5.	REFERENCES	5
APPEN	IDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS	7
APPEN	IDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM	8

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

- Fig. 1 Site location plan (1:25,000)
- Fig. 2 Area of observed groundworks, showing observed features (1:1250 & 1:100)

SUMMARY

Project Name: Milestone School

Location: Longford Lane, Gloucester

NGR: SO 8463 2021

Type: Watching Brief

Date: 6 -7 June 2013

Planning Reference: 13/00087/FUL

Location of Archive: To be deposited with Gloucester City Museum and Archive

Accession Number: GLRCM: 2013.12

Site Code: CEM13

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology during groundworks associated with a classroom extension at Milestone School, Longford Lane, Gloucester.

A palaeochannel was identified but no features or deposits of archaeological interest were observed during groundworks and, despite visual scanning of spoil, no artefactual material pre-dating the modern period was recovered.

1. INTRODUCTION

- In June 2013 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological watching brief for Roberts Limbrick Limited on behalf of The Milestone School on the site (centred on NGR: SO 8463 2021; Fig. 1). The watching brief was undertaken to fulfil a condition (no. 3) attached to a planning consent for a single storey extension to an existing classroom (Gloucester City Council Planning ref: 13/00087/FUL). The objective of the watching brief was to record all archaeological remains exposed during the development.
- 1.2 The watching brief was carried out in accordance with detailed Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) produced by CA (2013) and approved by Andrew Armstrong, City Archaeologist, Gloucester City Council. The fieldwork also followed the Standard and guidance for an archaeological watching brief (IfA 2009), the Statement of Standards and Practices Appropriate for Archaeological Fieldwork in Gloucestershire, the Management of Archaeological Projects 2 (English Heritage 1991), and the Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MORPHE): Project Manager's Guide (EH 2006).

The site

- 1.3 The groundworks area was approximately 60m²; the proposed development comprised a glazed canopy within an open space within existing school buildings. The site lies at approximately 15m AOD and is generally flat.
- 1.4 The underlying bedrock geology of the area is mapped as Charmouth Mudstone Formation of the Jurassic period (BGS 2013).

Archaeological background

1.5 The site lies between the Horsbere Brook and Wotton Brook in an area of archaeological potential. Archaeological sites located in the vicinity of the Horsbere Brook include: Well's Bridge (c. 2km to the east of the site) where evidence for a Roman building and associated ditches was identified during the construction of the A40 Barnwood Bypass (Rawes 1977). Hucclecote Villa (SM GCC 188; c. 4km to the south-east of the site) where later prehistoric and Roman occupation activity has been identified. Gloucester Business Park Link Road (c. 5km to the south-east of the site) where Bronze Age and Roman funerary activity, and later prehistoric and Roman settlement were identified.

1.6 A Roman farmstead at Brockworth and a Roman Villa at Great Witcombe (see Thomas 2003, Fig 1) have also been identified in the vicinity of the brook.

Archaeological objectives

- 1.7 The objectives of the archaeological works were:
 - to monitor groundworks, and to identify, investigate and record all significant buried archaeological deposits revealed on the site during the course of the development groundworks;
 - at the conclusion of the project, to produce an integrated archive for the project work and a report setting out the results of the project and the archaeological conclusions that can be drawn from the recorded data.

Methodology

- 1.8 The fieldwork followed the methodology set out within the WSI (CA 2013). An archaeologist was present during all intrusive groundworks (Fig. 2). These comprised an area of *c*. 60m^2 of ground reduction (to a depth of *c*. 0.30m) for the floor slab of the classroom extension and the foundation trenches (0.6m in width and up to 1.0m in depth) for the wall foundations of the classroom extension.
- 1.9 Written, graphic and photographic records were compiled in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: *Fieldwork Recording Manual* (2007).
- 1.10 The archive from the evaluation is currently held by CA at their offices in Kemble. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the site archive will be deposited with Gloucester City Museum and Archive under accession number reference no. GLRCM: 2013.12. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix B will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

2. RESULTS (FIG 2)

2.1 The natural substrate, 108 and 103, was identified at a depth of 0.46m and comprised a sand deposit overlain by limestone gravel. These deposits were cut by palaeochannel cuts 104/109/113.

- 2.2 The palaeochannel appeared to be orientated broadly east/west and the eastern part of the palaeochannel was filled by 107 (organic gleyed clay containing degraded waterlogged plant remains), 106, 105, 102, 110 (alluvial sandy clay and sand deposits).
- 2.3 The upper palaeochannel fill, 110, was overlain by 0.46m of subsoil, 101, and topsoil, 100. Modern disturbance was identified in the north-western part of the trench.

3. DISCUSSION

3.1 The natural substrate was cut by a palaeochannel of unknown date. No features or deposits of archaeological interest were observed during groundworks and, despite visual scanning of spoil, no artefactual material pre-dating the modern period was recovered.

4. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Chris Ellis who also compiled this report. The illustrations were prepared by Peter Moore. The archive has been compiled by Chris Ellis, and prepared for deposition by James Johnson. The project was managed for CA by Laurent Coleman

5. REFERENCES

BGS (British Geological Survey) 2013 http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html accessed 12 July 2013

CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2013 Milestone School, Longford Lane, Gloucester: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Watching Brief

Rawes, B. 1977 'A Roman Site at Wells' Bridge, Barnwood' *Transactions of the Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society*, **95**, 24-39

Thomas, A et al (2003) Later Prehistoric and Romano-British Burial and Settlement at Hucclecote, Gloucestershire. Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Reports 2.

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trench No.	Context No.	Туре	Fill of	Context interpretation	Description	L (m)	W (m)	Depth /thick ness (m)	Spot-date
1	100	Layer		topsoil	Light greyish-brown sandy silt	11	3.5	0.3	
1	101	Layer		subsoil	Light greyish-brown sandy silt, lighter than 100, above 110	11	3.5	0.16	
1	102	Fill	109	channel fill	Latest fill of palaeochannel, below 101, above 106. Strongly coloured pale yellowish-brown clayey sand	>0.6	2.9	0.96	
1	103	Layer		gravel	Natural limestone gravel – above 108, cut by 104, 109 and modern disturbance. Possible fill of large palaeochannel.	11	3.5	>0.6	
1	104	Cut		channel	NE/SW aligned channel, cuts 103, possibly same as 109, filled with 102 and 105,	>0.6	>1.0	1.0	
1	105	Fill	104	channel fill	Strongly coloured pale orange/brown medium sand, below 102.	>0.6	1.0	0.34	
1	106	Fill	109	channel fill	Very pale blue gleyed medium sand, above 107, below 102.	>0.6	>1.1	0.48	
1	107	Fill	109	channel fill	Very dark bluish-grey gleyed organic clay with common degraded, waterlogged plant remains.	>0.6	>0.7	>0.05	
1	108	Layer		sand	Mid-reddish brown medium sand. Possible fill of large palaeochannel. Below 103	>0.6	>1.1	>0.2	
1	109	Cut		channel	NE/SW aligned channel, cuts 103, filled with 102, 104, 107. Possibly the same as 104.	>0.6	>1.1?	0.92	
1	110	Layer		alluvium	Light yellowish brown fine sandy silt with limestone lumps and charcoal. Compacted. Above 102, below 101.	>3.0	>0.6	0.64	
1	111	Layer		Make-up	Fine mid yellowish-brown sandy silty clay with charcoal, modern stone and limestone fragments.	>2.8	>0.6	0.24	
1	112	Fill	113	channel fill	Light yellowish-brown sandy silty clay, below 111.	>0.6	>1.1?	0.32	-
1	113	Cut		channel	NE/SW aligned palaeochannel, cuts 103.				-

APPENDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM

Project Name	Milestone School, Longford Lane, Gloucester				
Short description	An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Cotswold				
	Archaeology during groundworks associated with a classroom				
	extension at Milestone School, Longford Lane, Gloucester.				
	extension at whiestone School, Longiord Lane, Gloddester.				
	A palaeochannel was identified but no	features or deposits o			
	archaeological interest were observed during groundworks and				
	despite visual scanning of spoil, no artefactual material pre-datin				
	the modern period was recovered.				
	the modern period was recovered.				
Project dates	6 – 7 June 2013				
Project type	Watching brief				
Previous work	None				
Future work	Unknown				
PROJECT LOCATION					
Site Location	Milestone School, Longford Road, Gloucester				
Study area (M²/ha)	c. 60m²				
Site co-ordinates (8 Fig Grid Reference)	SO 8463 2021				
PROJECT CREATORS					
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Brief originator					
Project Design (WSI) originator	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Manager	Laurent Coleman				
Project Supervisor	Chris Ellis				
MONUMENT TYPE	None				
SIGNIFICANT FINDS PROJECT ARCHIVES	None	Contant (documentation			
PROJECT ARCHIVES	Gloucester City Museum and Art Gallery/	Content (documentation site drawing)			
	Accession no. GLRCM: 2013.12	Site drawing)			
Physical		None			
Paper		Trench Record, Photo Register, Drawing Register, A3 site drawings, WSI			
Digital		Survey data, digita photos			
BIBLIOGRAPHY					



