

Cotswold Archaeology

Walton Manor Brickhill Street Milton Keynes

Archaeological Evaluation



for Orion Heritage Ltd

on behalf of Intervet UK Production Ltd

> CA Project: 660627 CA Report: 16006

MK HER Event Number: EMK1265

December 2015



Andover Cirencester Exeter Milton Keynes

Walton Manor Brickhill Street Milton Keynes

Archaeological Evaluation

CA Project: 660627 CA Report: 16006 MK HER Event Number: EMK1265



Document Control Grid									
Revision	Date	Author	Checked by	Status	Reasons for revision	Approved by			
A	18/12/2015	James Coyne	SCC	Internal review	QA	SRJ			

This report is confidential to the client. Cotswold Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

© Cotswold Archaeology

CONTENTS

SUMM	ARY	.2				
1.	INTRODUCTION	.3				
2.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND	.4				
3.	AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	.6				
4.	METHODOLOGY	.6				
5.	RESULTS (FIGS 2-8)	.7				
6.	DISCUSSION	.7				
7.	CA PROJECT TEAM	.8				
8.	REFERENCES	.8				
APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS						
APPEN	IDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM	. 10				

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

- Fig. 1 Site location plan (1:25,000)
- Fig. 2 Trench location plan showing evaluation results (1:500 & 1:7500)
- Fig. 3 Site, looking north (photograph)
- Fig. 4 Site, looking south (photograph)
- Fig. 5 Trench 1, looking north-west (photograph)
- Fig. 6 Trench 2, looking north (photograph)
- Fig. 7 Trench 3, looking north (photograph)
- Fig. 8 Trench 4, looking south-west (photograph)

SUMMARY

Project Name:	Walton Manor				
Location:	Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes				
NGR:	SP 8892 3646				
Туре:	Evaluation				
Date:	14-15 December 2015				
Planning Reference:	15/02293/FUL				
Location of Archive:	To be deposited with Buckinghamshire County Museum Service				
MK HER Event Number: EMK1265					
Site Code:	WMB15				

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in December 2015 at Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes. The fieldwork was undertaken to inform a planning application to Milton Keynes Council for the construction of a process and packaging facility and associated works. The fieldwork comprised the excavation of four trenches.

Archaeological interest in the site derived from its close proximity to a high concentration of archaeological remains, most notably a Roman occupation site located *c*. 200m to the north. This was overlain by medieval earthworks of the shrunken village of Walton.

Despite the archaeological potential of the site, no evidence of Romano-British or medieval occupation or activity was found during the evaluation. No features or deposits of archaeological interest were observed and no artefactual material was recovered.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In December 2015, Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological evaluation at Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes (centred on NGR: SP 8892 3646; Fig. 1). The evaluation was commissioned by Orion Heritage Ltd at the request of Intervet UK Production Ltd.
- 1.2 The evaluation was undertaken to inform a planning application to Milton Keynes Council (MKC; Planning ref: 15/02293/FUL) for the construction of a process and packaging facility with associated works, including car parking, engineering works and landscaping.
- 1.3 The scope of the evaluation, which comprised the excavation of six 40m long by 1.8m wide trial trenches, was defined in discussions between Orion Heritage Ltd and Nick Crank, MKC's Archaeological Officer (MKCAO).
- 1.4 The evaluation was carried out in accordance with a detailed *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WSI) produced by CA (2015) and approved by Nick Crank. The fieldwork also followed *Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014), *Sussex Archaeological Standards* (2015) the *Management of Archaeological Projects* (English Heritage 1991) and the *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MORPHE): Project Manager's Guide* (Historic England 2015).

The site

- 1.5 The proposed development area is situated on the eastern side of Milton Keynes, with the River Ouzel located 300m to the west. The site measures approximately 0.6ha and comprises part of a grass field. It is bounded to the north and east by industrial units, to the south by the remainder of the field and to the west by Woughton Park. The site lies at approximately 71m above Ordnance Datum, on relatively flat ground.
- 1.6 The bedrock geology of the area is mapped as Oxford Clay Formation, mudstone of the Jurassic period, overlain by superficial Quaternary deposits of Oadby Member diamicton (brown to grey silty clay, with chalk and flint fragments and lenses of sand and gravel) (BGS 2015).

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 The archaeological and historical background of the area surrounding the site has been presented in an archaeological desk-based assessment (CgMs 2010). An archaeological evaluation of the area to the immediate north of the site has also been undertaken (JMHS 2010). The following section is summarised from these sources and reference to the Milton Keynes HER (HER numbers in parenthesis).

Prehistoric (Pre-43 AD)

- 2.2 A piece of Neolithic or Bronze Age worked flint has been recorded to the west of the site (1246), with a further three prehistoric struck flints noted within Walton parish, although their exact location was not recorded (1174).
- 2.3 A later Bronze Age socketed axe has been recorded *c*. 400m to the east of the site (2224), with two Bronze Age spearheads and a disc pin recorded *c*. 500m to the east of the site (2225, 2226 & 2227).
- 2.4 The cropmarks of two possible square enclosures are located *c*. 400m to the south of the site (1176 & 1177). Although undated they are presumed to date to the prehistoric period. A ring ditch, also of presumed prehistoric date, has been recorded *c*. 500m to the south-west of the site (2093).
- 2.5 A Late Iron Age/Roman occupation site comprising an enclosure, building and a possible kiln is recorded at the V9-H9 junction to the east of the site (1257-1264).
- 2.6 A sherd of Late Iron Age pottery is recorded *c*. 500m to the north-east of the site (1700).

Roman (AD43 – AD 410)

- 2.7 A Roman occupation site has been excavated *c*. 200m to the north (1537-1558) of the proposed development area. Further excavations ahead of the construction of 'building 25' revealed two Roman possible boundary ditches thought to be associated with this occupation (Albion Archaeology 2008).
- 2.8 Metal detecting surveys ahead of development of the housing on the east side of Brickhill Street recorded a bronze coin hoard of Roman date, as well as various other coins and brooches, Roman pottery sherds and a ring (2230-2238, 2246 &

2247). Three Roman coins have been recorded *c*. 500m to the north-east of the site (2239-2241).

- 2.9 Various Roman artefacts have been dredged from the River Ouzel to the south-west of the site (1533-1536).
- 2.10 John Moore Heritage Services conducted an archaeological evaluation to the north of the proposed development site in 2010. This revealed ditches and postholes dating between the 1st and 4th centuries AD (JMHS 2010).

Early medieval (AD 410-1066) to medieval (1066-1539)

- 2.11 A number of 5th to 9th-century sherds of pottery and a fragment of a Saxon brooch were recovered from the ploughed earthworks of Walton DMV (2300). The presence of these finds implies that Walton village may have had Saxon origins.
- 2.12 The first documentary reference to Walton is in the 12th century when the manor was divided into two manors. The earthwork remains of the shrunken village of Walton lay to the north of the site (2758-2762 & 2932-2934). These earthworks comprised a sunken trackway and a series of property boundaries located around a number of crofts to the north and the south of the trackway.
- 2.13 Excavation undertaken between 1971 and 1972 revealed a medieval road, two 14th to 15th century timber framed buildings, associated cobbled surfaces both overlying 13th-14th century pits. Excavation ahead of the construction of 'building 25' of the Schering-Plough campus revealed a series of earlier medieval boundary ditches. The latest pottery recovered was from a midden dating to the 13th/14th centuries after which occupation of this area appears to have ceased (Albion Archaeology 2008).
- 2.14 Walton's medieval church, St Michael's, lies *c*. 500m to the north of the site (3000).

Post-Medieval (1540-1800)

- 2.15 No significant post-medieval remains are recorded on the HER.
- 2.16 The Walton Tithe map (1840) and the first edition Ordnance Survey Map (1881) depict the site as being part of a large agricultural field. The 1925 Ordnance Survey

Map shows the subdivision of this large field into two unequal size fields. None of these maps show the earthworks of the medieval village.

2.17 The site seems to have been utilised as pastureland throughout the post-medieval period.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- 3.1 The objectives of the evaluation, as detailed within the WSI (CA 2015), were to provide information about the archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality. In accordance with *Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014), the evaluation was designed to be minimally intrusive and minimally destructive to archaeological remains. The information gathered will enable Nick Crank, MKCAO, archaeological advisor to Milton Keynes Council to identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset, consider the impact of the proposed development upon it, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).
- 3.2 During the course of the project the results were assessed and, where relevant, reference was made to the *Solent Thames Research Framework* online resource (www.http://the humanjourney.net) in order to place the remains within their local and regional context.

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1 The evaluation comprised the excavation of four trenches in the locations shown on the attached plan. Trenches 1 to 3 were 40m long, Trench 3 was 20m long. All the trenches were 1.8m wide. Due to on-site constraints Trenches 5 and 6 could not be excavated. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using Leica GPS and surveyed in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 4: Survey Manual.*
- 4.2 All trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket. All machine excavation was undertaken under constant

archaeological supervision to the top of the first significant archaeological horizon or the natural substrate, whichever was encountered first. Where archaeological deposits were encountered they were excavated by hand in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual.*

- 4.3 Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites and where appropriate, were sampled and processed. All artefacts recovered were processed in accordance with CA Technical Manual 3: Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation.
- 4.4 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their office in Milton Keynes. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the artefacts will be deposited with Buckinghamshire County Museum Service, along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix B, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. RESULTS (FIGS 2-8)

- 5.1 This section provides an overview of the evaluation results; detailed summaries of the recorded contexts can be found in Appendix A.
- 5.2 A broadly similar stratigraphic sequence was identified within all of the evaluation trenches. The geological substrate, consisting of mid orange/yellow brown compact silty clay, with chalk and flint pebbles and lenses of sand and gravel was observed at an average depth of 0.5m across the site. This was in turn overlain by subsoil, which comprised mid orange/yellow brown compact silty clay subsoil, measuring between 0.25m-0.3m thick. This was in turn sealed by topsoil 0.25m-0.33m thick.
- 5.3 No features, deposits or finds of archaeological significance were located within the excavated trenches.

6. DISCUSSION

6.1 Despite the archaeological potential of the application area (see archaeological background above), the evaluation identified no archaeological remains within the

proposed development area. The absence of archaeological deposits may indicate that structural remains associated with the Roman occupation site excavated to the north of the site and the medieval earthworks of the shrunken village of Walton either do not extend as far as the development area, or that they may have been removed during previous development.

7. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by James Coyne, assisted by Kim Devereux-West and Alice Amabilino. The report was written by James Coyne and the illustrations were prepared by Leo Heatley. The archive has been compiled by Emily Evans, and prepared for deposition by Hazel O'Neill. The project was managed for CA by Stuart Joyce.

8. **REFERENCES**

- Albion Archaeology. 2008 Building 25, Walton Manor, Milton Keynes: Assessment of Potential and Updated Project Design. Unpublished client report.
- BGS (British Geological Survey) 2015 *Geology of Britain Viewer* <u>http://maps.bgs.ac.uk/geology viewer google/googleviewer.html</u> Accessed 9 December 2015
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2015 Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Evaluation
- CgMs 2010 Intervet Northern Car Park, Walton Manor, Milton Keynes: Archaeological Desk Based Assessment. Report no. **RB/11614**
- DCLG (Department of Communities and Local Government) 2012 National Planning Policy Framework
- JMHS (John Moore Heritage Services) 2010 An Archaeological Evaluation at the Northern car park, Intervet Campus, Walton Manor, Milton Keynes. Report no. **2226**

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trench No.	Context No.	Туре	Fill of	Context interpretation	Description	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Spot-date
1	100	Layer		Topsoil	Dark greyish brown moderately compact silty clay.			0.33	Modern
1	101	Layer		Subsoil	Mid orangey brown moderate to highly compact silty clay.			0.25	
1	102	Layer		Natural	Mid orangey brown highly compacted clay.				
Trench No.	Context No.	Туре	Fill of	Context interpretation	Description	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Spot-date
<u>^</u>			1	-					

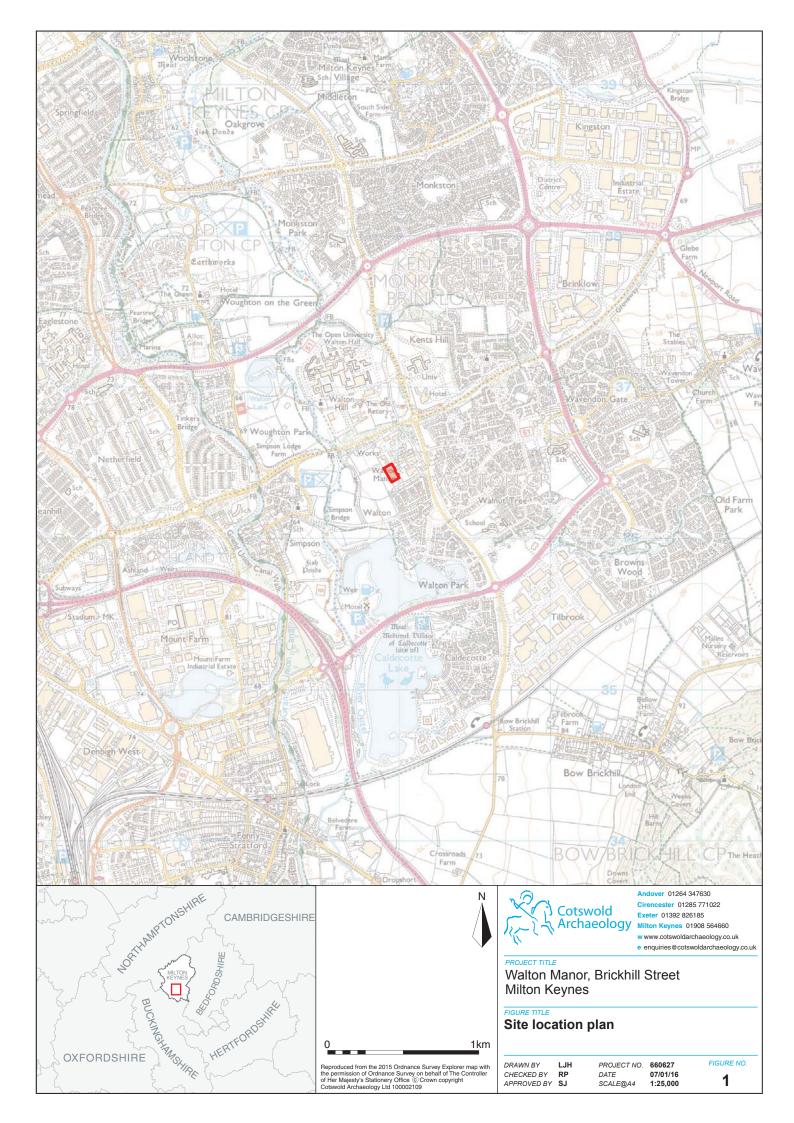
No.	No.		interpretation		(m)		
2	200	Layer	Topsoil	Dark greyish brown moderately		0.26	Modern
		-		compact silty clay.			
2	201	Layer	Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown compact silty		0.28	
		-		clay.			
2	202	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown compact silty			
		-		clay.			

Trench No.	Context No.	Туре	Fill of	Context interpretation	Description	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Spot-date
3	300	Layer		Topsoil	Dark greyish brown moderately compact silty clay.			0.26	Modern
3	301	Layer		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown moderate to highly compact silty clay.			0.28	
3	302	Layer		Natural	Mid orangey brown highly compact clay.				
3	303	Cut		Cut of tree bole	Irregular shape in plan, with moderate to steep sides and an irregular base. Feature appears to undercut the geology which provides evidence of rooting.	>1.6	3.0	0.58	Undated
3	304	Fill	303	Fill of tree bole	Mid greyish brown moderately compacted silty clay with moderate small sub-rounded stones and charcoal flecks.	>1.6	3.0	0.58	Undated

Trench No.	Context No.	Туре	Fill of	Context interpretation	Description	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Spot-date
4	400	Layer		Topsoil	Dark greyish brown moderately compact silty clay.			0.25	Modern
4	401	Layer		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown compact silty clay.			0.3	
4	402	Layer		Natural	Mid yellowish brown compact silty clay.				

APPENDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM

Project Name	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Ke	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes				
Short description	Archaeology in December 2015 at Walt Milton Keynes. The fieldwork was under application to Milton Keynes Council process and packaging facility and assoc	An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in December 2015 at Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Keynes. The fieldwork was undertaken to inform a planning application to Milton Keynes Council for the construction of a process and packaging facility and associated works. The fieldwork comprised the excavation of four trenches.				
	a high concentration of archaeological Roman occupation site excavated c.200 overlain by medieval earthworks of the s	Archaeological interest in the site derived from its close proximity to a high concentration of archaeological remains, most notably a Roman occupation site excavated c.200m to the north. This was overlain by medieval earthworks of the shrunken village of Walton, comprising a sunken trackway and a series of property boundaries.				
	Romano-British or medieval occupation of the evaluation. No features or deposits	pite the archaeological potential of the site, no evidence of nano-British or medieval occupation or activity was found during evaluation. No features or deposits of archaeological interest e observed and no artefactual material was recovered.				
Project dates	14-15 December 2015					
Project type	Field evaluation					
Previous work	DBA (CgMs 2010)					
Future work	Unknown					
PROJECT LOCATION						
Site Location	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street, Milton Ke	vnes				
Study area (M ² /ha)	0.6ha	,				
Site co-ordinates	SP 8892 3646					
PROJECT CREATORS						
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Brief originator	N/A					
Project Design (WSI) originator	Cotswold Archaeology					
Project Manager	Stuart Joyce					
Project Supervisor	James Coyne					
MONUMENT TYPE	None					
SIGNIFICANT FINDS	None					
PROJECT ARCHIVES	Intended final location of archive	Content				
Physical		None				
Paper	Buckinghamshire County Museum Service	Pro-forma registers recording sheets, WSI				
Digital	Database, digital photographs					
BIBLIOGRAPHY						









- 3 Site, looking north
- 4 Site, looking south

	Cotsv Archa	wold aeology	Andover 01264 3 Cirencester 0128 Exeter 01392 826 Milton Keynes 01 w www.cotswoldan e enquiries@cotsw	5 771022 185 908 564660					
Walton N	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street Milton Keynes								
FIGURE TITLE Photogr	aphs								
DRAWN BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY	LJH RP SJ	PROJECT NO. DATE SCALE@A4	660627 21/12/2015 n/a	FIGURE NOs.					





5	Trench 1, looking north-west (1m scales)	Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Miton Keynes 01908 56466 www.cotswoldarchaeology. e enquiries@cotswoldarchae		
6	Trench 2, looking north (1m scales)	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street Milton Keynes		
		FIGURE TITLE Photographs		

DRAWN BY LJH CHECKED BY RP APPROVED BY SJ

Andover 01264 347630

FIGURE NOs. 5&6

 PROJECT NO.
 660627

 DATE
 21/12/2015

 SCALE@A4
 n/a





7 8	Trench 3, looking north (1m scales) Trench 4, looking south-west (1m scales)	Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Milton Keynes 01908 564660 w www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk					
U	Tenen 4, looking south-west (Thi scales)	Walton Manor, Brickhill Street Milton Keynes					
		FIGURE TITLE Photographs					
		DRAWN BY LJH PROJECT NO. 660627 FIGURE NOS. CHECKED BY RP DATE 21/12/2015 7 & 8 APPROVED BY SJ SCALE@A4 n/a 7 & 8					



Andover Office

Stanley House Walworth Road Andover Hampshire SP10 5LH

t: 01264 347630

Cirencester Office

Building 11 Kemble Enterprise Park Cirencester Gloucestershire GL7 6BQ

t: 01285 771022

Exeter Office

Unit 53 Basepoint Business Centre Yeoford Way Marsh Barton Trading Estate Exeter EX2 8LB

t: 01392 826185

Milton Keynes Office

41 Burners Lane South Kiln Farm Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK11 3HA

t: 01908 564660

