

# Cotswold Archaeology

## Phase 1, Parklands Community School, Durnford Close Chichester West Sussex

Archaeological Evaluation



for CgMs Consulting Ltd.

on behalf of Parklands Community School

> CA Project: 770495 CA Report: 16725

> > December 2016



Andover Cirencester Exeter Milton Keynes

Phase 1, Parklands Community School Durnford Close Chichester West Sussex

## Archaeological Evaluation

CA Project: 770495 CA Report: 16725



Document Control Grid						
Revision	Date	Author	Checked by	Status	Reasons for revision	Approved by
А	20-12-16	Adam Howard	Ray Kennedy	Interim	General Edit	Richard Greatorex

This report is confidential to the client. Cotswold Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

© Cotswold Archaeology

## CONTENTS

APPEN	IDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM	10
APPEN	IDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS	9
8.	REFERENCES	8
7.	CA PROJECT TEAM	8
6.	DISCUSSION	8
5.	RESULTS (FIGS 2-3)	7
4.	METHODOLOGY	6
3.	AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	6
2.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND	4
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
SUMM	ARY	2

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure 1 Site location plan

## Figure 2 Trench location plan

Figure 3 Trenches 1 to 5 Photographs

#### SUMMARY

Project Name:	Phase 1, Parklands Community School
Location:	Parklands, Community School, Durnford Close, Chichester
NGR:	SU 8524 0518
Туре:	Evaluation
Date:	19-20 December 2016
Planning Reference:	WSCC/047/16/CC
Location of Archive:	The Novium
Site Code:	PLS16

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in December 2016 at Parklands Community School, Durnford Close, Chichester, West Sussex. Five trenches were excavated.

The trenches were not targeted on any archaeological anomalies but were distributed across the proposed development in order to assess the archaeological potential across as wide an area as possible. All five trenches had to be moved due to the presence of street furniture, trees, or areas of hard standing with the approval of the County Archaeologist.

No archaeological features, deposits or finds were recovered during the course of the evaluation.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In December 2016 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological evaluation for CgMs Consulting Ltd on behalf of Parklands Community School at Parklands Community School, Durnford Close, Chichester, West Sussex (centred on NGR: SU 8524 0518; Fig. 1).
- 1.2 The evaluation was undertaken in response to a planning condition (Condition 13) attached to a planning permission granted by West Sussex County Council (Planning Ref. WSCC/047/16/CC) for a two storey extension, revised car park arrangements and associated hard/soft landscaping of Parklands Primary School, Durnford Close, Chichester, West Sussex. This evaluation will be Phase 1 of the mitigation works, another phase of work to mitigate any impacts caused by the construction of drainage trenches and the creation of a playground in the area of the temporary classrooms will be undertaken at a later date.
- 1.3 The evaluation was carried out in accordance with a detailed *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WSI) produced by CgMs (2016) and approved by John Mills, Senior Archaeologist at West Sussex County Council (SAWSCC). The fieldwork also followed *Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014), and the *Sussex Archaeological Standards*. It was monitored by John Mills, including site visits on the 19<sup>th</sup> of December 2016.

## The site

- 1.4 The proposed development area is approximately 0.25ha, and comprises a primary school and associated carparks and play grounds. The site is surrounded by housing development. It is bound by Durnford Close to the north and Sherbourne Road to the west. To the south of the main school building lies open grass playing field. The site lies at approximately 6m above Ordnance Datum (aOD), and is relatively level, much of the site has been modified by the construction and the grading of the site for a park and ride car park.
- 1.5 The underlying bedrock geology of the area is mapped as London Clay Formation -Clay, Silt and Sand. Sedimentary Bedrock formed approximately 34 to 56 million years ago in the Palaeogene Period. Superficial deposits are recorded as River

Terrace Deposits (undifferentiated) - Sand, Silt And Clay. These formed up to 3 million years ago in the Quaternary Period.

#### 2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 The archaeological background given below is a succinct summary of the known archaeological information prior to the evaluation taken from the Written Statement of Investigation for the site by CgMs (2016).

#### Prehistoric

- 2.2 Although there are several extremely important early prehistoric archaeological sites in the Chichester District, near Boxgrove for instance, their location tends to depend on very specific geological and topographical factor. There are no finds of Palaeolithic material recorded on the HER within a 750m radius of the site.
- 2.3 A small number of reworked flint flakes of Mesolithic type were recovered during an excavation at Westward House, Chichester in 1992, *c*. 1km south-west of the site Overall, the archaeological potential for this period is considered to be low.

#### Late Prehistoric

- 2.4 Evidence for Neolithic activity was recovered during an evaluation on land off Fishbourne Road East c. 550m south of the site. Several undated features which may have been prehistoric in date were excavated and worked flint including a blade, flake and core were recovered from a number of features. Due to the presence of Neolithic finds and possible features on the site itself a high potential is identified for further evidence of later prehistoric activity on the site.
- 2.5 During an evaluation to the rear of 6 St Bartholomew's Close *c*.400m south-east of the site two ditches were observed. The ditches appeared to run parallel to each other on a north east south west alignment and contained late Bronze Age/early Iron Age pottery, worked flint and bone. These two ditches, along with a third also running parallel, were seen once again during a limited excavation undertaken the following year in 2004. Three pits were also found; one truncated by a ditch and a late Bronze Age/early Iron Age spread. A possible Bronze Age burnt mound was

also found. Overall, a low to moderate potential is identified for Late prehistoric remains on the site.

#### Iron Age

- 2.6 Possible Iron Age entrenchments are located c. 50m south of the site. The entrenchments are a group of fifteen linear earthworks on the gravel plain between the foot of the South Downs and Chichester Harbour, with the exception of two lines they are within an area to the north and west of Chichester.
- 2.7 An Iron Age gold coin was found in 1976 in the garden of 33 Barker Close, c.500m to the west of the site. Late Iron Age pottery sherds and a possible trackway were revealed during the evaluation at a site off Fishbourne Road East c. 550m south of the site. Although Chichester is usually described as being a city with a Roman foundation date, Iron Age settlement and activity is now widely evidenced around the city fringes. Most of the settlement evidence from this period has come from the Downs and, increasingly, the Coastal Plain. Overall, a low-moderate potential is identified for Iron Age sub-surface features on the site.

#### Roman

- 2.8 The site lies over 1km to the north-west of the Roman town of Noviomagus Regensium, the Roman name for Chichester, which was occupied from the 1st to the 4th centuries, but was not fortified until the 3rd century. Noviomagus was built on the route of Stane Street, the main Roman road from London to Sussex. As the civitas capital, Noviomagus Regnensium, was the administrative centre of probably the whole of Sussex. The villa economy south of Chichester may have been partly based on salt production which was widely practised along the coast.
- 2.9 Evidence of Roman occupation has been revealed at a number of sites along Fishbourne Road East to the south of the site. The line of the Roman road west of Chichester is thought to cross east-west south of the site, running from the West Gate of Roman Chichester to the Roman Palace. Fishbourne Road East was formerly named 'Roman Road'. However no road surface has been found and it is now thought to lie further north. Overall the archaeological potential of the site for the Roman period can probably be defined as low-moderate.

#### Saxon, Medieval and Post-Medieval

- 2.10 No finds of Anglo-Saxon date have been identified within a 750m radius of the site.A low potential can therefore be identified for this period at the site itself.
- 2.11 During the Medieval and Post-Medieval period the site lay some distance from settlement at Chichester. Accordingly, a low potential is identified for medieval and Post-Medieval subsurface features although evidence of agricultural activity and land division could conceivably be present.

#### 3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

3.1 CgMs Consulting produced a WSI (2016) stating the objectives of the evaluation are to provide information about the archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality, in accordance Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation (ClfA 2014). This information will enable the WSCC to identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset, consider the impact of the proposed development upon it, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework (DCLG 2012).

#### 4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 The fieldwork comprised the excavation of 5 trenches; all were 10m long and 1.8m wide, in the locations shown on the attached plan (Figure 2). Each trench was moved due to play ground furniture, hard standing and tree coverage with the approval of John Mills. Trench 1 was within the canopy of a tree and close to a school shed as such it was moved 37m to the east to an area of open ground. Trench 2 was partially within hard standing and was moved 7m to the east. Trench

**3** was partially within the hard standing play area and was realigned to the northerneastern edge of hard standing. The eastern end of **Trench 4** was under the canopy of a tree and was moved 5m to the south. **Trench 5** was partially within the hard standing play area and was realigned to the south-eastern edge. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using Leica GPS and surveyed in accordance with CA Technical Manual 4 Survey Manual.

- 4.2 All trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket. All machine excavation was undertaken under constant archaeological supervision to the top of the first significant archaeological horizon or the natural substrate, whichever was encountered first. Where archaeological deposits were encountered they were excavated by hand in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: *Fieldwork Recording Manual*.
- 4.3 Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: *The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites* and, no deposits were identified that required sampling. All artefacts recovered were processed in accordance with Technical Manual 3 *Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation*.
- 4.4 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Andover. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the archive will be deposited with The Novium. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix B, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

## 5. RESULTS (FIGURES 2-3)

- 5.1 This section provides an overview of the evaluation results; detailed summaries of the recorded contexts are to be found in Appendix A.
- 5.2 No archaeological finds, features or deposits were observed within the 5 trenches. The natural geology consisted of a mid-yellowy/brown, soft silty clay in **Trenches 1** to **4**. **Trench 5** contained mid-grey/brown silty clay gravel. All trenches were overlain by between 0.24m and 0.26m of subsoil, light grey/brown, soft silty clay and in turn sealed by 0.19 to 0.22m of topsoil.

#### 6. **DISCUSSION**

- 6.1 Despite the archaeological potential of the site due to previous finds of Mesolithic, Neolithic, Bronze Age, Iron Age and Roman artefacts in the vicinity, no archaeological finds, features or deposits were identified during the course of the evaluation. This may be due to the marginal nature of the land, which may have made it undesirable for the location of any settlement or occupation activity.
- 6.2 The natural geology (clay and gravel) was intact and displayed little impact associated with the modern development which suggests any underlying archaeology would have still been observed. The results of the Phase 1 evaluation make it clear, that the site does not contain any significant archaeology and as such has a very low potential to yield any valuable (other than negative) information.

#### 7. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Adam Howard, assisted by Keighley Wasenczuk. The report was written by Ray Kennedy and Adam Howard. The illustrations were prepared by Tilia Cammegh. The archive has been compiled by Andrew Donald, and prepared for deposition by Hazel O'Neill. The project was managed for CA by Ray Kennedy.

#### 8. **REFERENCES**

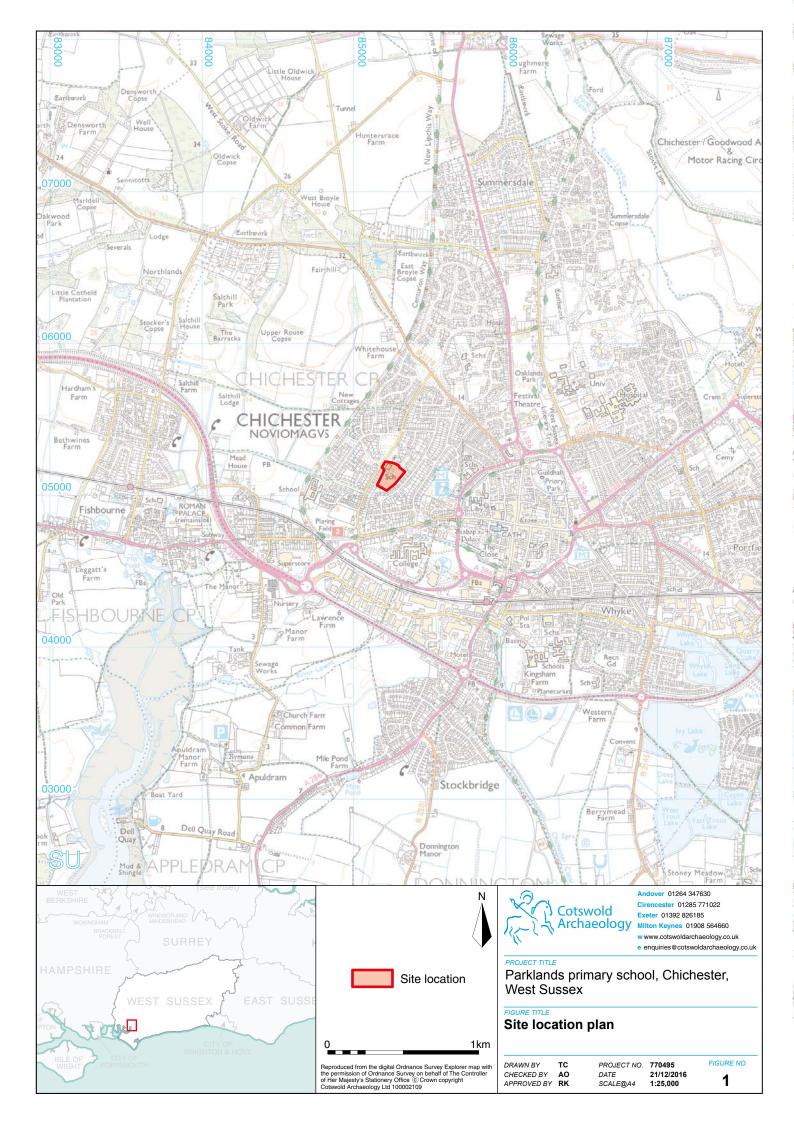
- BGS (British Geological Survey) 2015 *Geology of Britain Viewer* Accessed 20 December 2016
- CgMs Ltd, 2016, Phase 1, Parklands Primary School, Durnford Close, Chichester, West Sussex, Written Statement of Investigation for an Archaeological Evaluation

### APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trench			L	W	D (m)		
No.	No.		of interpretation		(m)	(m)	
1	100	Layer	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0 – 0.21
1	101	Layer	Subsoil	Light greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.21 - 0.42
1	102	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.42+
2	200	Layer	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0 - 0.20
2	201	Layer	Subsoil	Light greyish brown silty softly compact clay	10	1.8	0.2 - 0.46
2	202	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.46+
3	203	Layer	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0 - 0.22
3	300	Layer	Subsoil	Light greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.22 - 0.47
3	301	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.47+
4	400	Layer	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0 - 0.19
4	401	Layer	Subsoil	Light greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.19 - 0.45
4	402	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.45+
5	500	Layer	Topsoil	Mid greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0 - 0.21
5	501	Layer	Subsoil	Light greyish brown softly compact silty clay	10	1.8	0.21 - 0.46
5	502	Layer	Natural	Mid yellowish brown softly compact silty clay gravel	10	1.8	0.46+

#### APPENDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM

Project Name	Parklands Community School					
Short description	Archaeology in December 2016 at Park	An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in December 2016 at Parklands, Community School Durnford Close, Chichester. Five trenches were excavated.				
	but were distributed across the propose assess the archaeological potential ac possible. All five trenches had to be mov	The trenches were not targeted on any archaeological anomalie but were distributed across the proposed development in order to assess the archaeological potential across as wide an area a possible. All five trenches had to be moved due to the presence of street furniture, trees, or areas of hard standing with the approval of the County Archaeologist.				
	No archaeological features, deposits or finds were recovere during the course of the evaluation.					
Project dates	19-20th December					
Project type	Evaluation					
Previous work	None					
Future work	Unknown	Unknown				
PROJECT LOCATION						
Site Location	Parklands Community School, Durnford ( West Sussex	Parklands Community School, Durnford Close Chichester West Sussex				
Study area (M <sup>2</sup> /ha)						
Site co-ordinates	SU 85241 05153	SU 85241 05153				
PROJECT CREATORS						
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Brief originator	N/A					
Project Design (WSI) originator	CgMs Consulting	CgMs Consulting				
Project Manager	Ray Kennedy					
Project Supervisor	Adam Howard					
MONUMENT TYPE	None					
SIGNIFICANT FINDS	None					
PROJECT ARCHIVES	Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) The Novium	Content				
Physical		None				
Paper		Trench sheets, photographic register				
Digital		Database, digital photos survey data				
BIBLIOGRAPHY		•				
Add reference this report only, for exar	nple:					





Ň
<ul> <li>site boundary</li> <li>evaluation trench</li> <li>field drain</li> </ul>
025m
Ordnance Survey on behalf of The Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown copyright Cotswold Archaeology Ltd 100002109. Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Milton Keynes 01908 564660 w www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk
Parklands School, Chichester, West Sussex       FIGURE TITLE       Trench location plan       DRAWN BY CHECKED BY DATE     TC PROJECT NO. 770495 OI OI OI       DRAWN BY CHECKED BY DATE     TC PROJECT NO. 770495 OI OI







Trench 1, looking north-west (1m scales)

Trench 2, looking south-west (1m scales)



Trench 4, looking east (1m scales)



Trench 5, looking north-east (1m scales)



Andover 01264 347630 Cirencester 01285 771022 Exeter 01392 826185 Keynes 01908 564660 www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.u

PROJECT TITLE Parklands primary school Chichester, West Sussex

FIGURE TITLE Trenches 1-5: photographs

DRAWN BY TC CHECKED BY AO APPROVED BY RK

 PROJECT NO.
 770495

 DATE
 21/12/16

 SCALE@A3
 N/A

FIGURE NO. 3



#### **Andover Office**

Stanley House Walworth Road Andover Hampshire SP10 5LH

t: 01264 347630

#### **Cirencester Office**

Building 11 Kemble Enterprise Park Cirencester Gloucestershire GL7 6BQ

t: 01285 771022

#### **Exeter Office**

Unit 53 Basepoint Business Centre Yeoford Way Marsh Barton Trading Estate Exeter EX2 8LB

t: 01392 826185

#### **Milton Keynes Office**

41 Burners Lane South Kiln Farm Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK11 3HA

t: 01908 564660

