

Freight Management Site, Sizewell C Project, Levington, Suffolk

Archaeological Evaluation



for:
Wood Plc

on behalf of:
EDF Energy

CA Project: SU0043
CA Report: SU0043_3
OASIS ID: 360562
HER Ref: LVT 087

July 2021



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CONTENTS

SUMMARY	4
1. INTRODUCTION.....	6
2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND.....	7
3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES.....	8
4. METHODOLOGY.....	9
5. RESULTS.....	10
6. THE FINDS	25
7. THE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE	28
8. DISCUSSION.....	32
9. CA PROJECT TEAM.....	33
10. REFERENCES.....	34
APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS	36
APPENDIX B: THE FINDS.....	56
APPENDIX C: THE PALAEOENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE.....	60
APPENDIX D: OASIS REPORT FORM	62

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

- Fig. 1 Site location plan (1:25,000)
- Fig. 2 Trench location plan (1:1500)
- Fig. 3 Trench 2: plan, sections and photographs (1:20)
- Fig. 4 Trench 5: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 5 Trench 6: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 6 Trench 7: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 7 Trench 11: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 8 Trench 12: plan, sections and photographs (1:20)
- Fig. 9 Trench 15: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 10 Trench 18: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 11 Trench 19: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 12 Trench 20: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 13 Trench 21: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 14 Trench 23: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 15 Trench 24: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 16 Trench 28: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 17 Trench 32: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 18 Trench 34: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 19 Trench 42: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 20 Trench 44: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 21 Trench 46: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 22 Trench 47: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 23 Trench 53: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 24 Trench 54: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 25 Trench 55: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 26 Trench 59: plan, section and photograph (1:20)

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- Fig. 27 Trench 67: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 28 Trench 69: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 29 Trench 70: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 30 Trench 72: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 31 Trench 73: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 32 Trench 75: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 33 Trench 76: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 34 Trench 87: plan, section and photograph (1:20)
- Fig. 35 Topographic survey of possible surviving barrow mound, showing as slight rise
in the ploughsoil/natural hillside
- Fig. 36 Local HER entries

SUMMARY

Project name:	Freight Management Site, Sizewell C Project
Location:	Levington, Suffolk
NGR:	623961 240696
Type:	Evaluation
Date:	9 September – 1 October 2019
OASIS ID:	360562
Location of Archive:	To be deposited with Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service and the Archaeology Data Service (ADS)
Site Code:	LVT 087

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in September 2019 on land at Seven Hills, Levington, southeast of Ipswich, Suffolk, as part of the Sizewell C ancillary works (Freight Management Site). Eighty-six trenches were excavated across the site, with one trench not excavated to maintain site access routes. The evaluation revealed activity on site believed to date to the Late Bronze Age period (with known barrow mounds in the western half of the field not investigated at this time), as well as modern field boundary ditches.

The prehistoric activity mainly consisted of scattered charcoal-rich pits, some with evidence suggestive of either *in situ* burning or the deposition of hot ashes. It is believed that modern farming and crop types favoured in these light soils, for example potatoes, have resulted in significant truncation, leaving just the bases of the larger pits and ditches in comparative isolation. Two barrows were already identified on the site from SCCAS HER entries, and the location of a third suspected barrow was tentatively confirmed with the presence of a significant ditch within Trench 12. Possible hot ash deposits and scorched soils were noted in Trenches 7, 24 and 34 which may indicate nearby fire sites, though the scorching was not necessarily intense enough to identify these as fire sites themselves. A single sherd of Bronze Age pottery was recovered.

Confirmed Late post-medieval/modern activity within the site consists of a single north-south orientated ditch located in the western field in Trenches 18, 19, 20, 21, 23 and 24, possibly truncating the location of one of the prior known barrows.

Undated linear features could represent elements of an earlier field system that may be late Iron Age/Early Roman or early medieval in date. Further work, possibly in the form of a geophysical survey, would have the potential to define these features.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. In September 2019, Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological evaluation for Wood Plc on behalf of EDF Energy on land at Levington, Suffolk (centred at NGR: 623961 240696; Fig. 1).
- 1.2. The evaluation was undertaken to inform early development plans and an accompanying Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for the ancillary developments necessary for the construction of a new EPR Nuclear Generator at Sizewell. It is anticipated that Planning Permission will be sought for the wider development project during 2020.
- 1.3. The evaluation was carried out in accordance with standing evaluation design for the overall scheme based on the evaluation strategy for Sizewell C Main Site to the north (outside Leiston) approved by Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service (SCCAS), including Rachael Abraham, Kate Batt and James Rolfe, and applied to this site with specific modifications respecting the nature of the existing known archaeological resource. The evaluation was also in line with local standards/guidance documents including *Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England* (Gurney 2003), *Requirements for a Trenched Archaeological Evaluation* (SCCAS 2019) and *Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2014, updated 2020). Fieldwork was monitored by both James Rolfe and Kate Batt of SCCAS.

The site

- 1.4. The proposed development area is approximately 9.6ha, comprising two arable fields. The site is bounded by the A14 to the north, Felixstowe Road to the south, with further fields to the west and a small farm access road to the east. The site lies at approximately 25m AOD, on land that falls away to the north and west of the site, although modern build-up material forming the A14 embankment has infilled much of the original valley that occupied the northern boundary area.
- 1.5. The underlying bedrock geology of the area is mapped as Red Crag Formation – Sand of the Quaternary and Neogene Periods with overlying superficial deposits of Kesgrave Catchment Subgroup sands and gravels (BGS 2020). Fine, loose, sand deposits, with occasional gravel bands and slightly silty patches, were revealed in all the trenches.

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

- 2.1. The archaeological potential for the site was specifically related to its position in an area of known prehistoric barrow mounds, with two confirmed mound sites located within the site boundary (LVT 024 and 025). Recent archaeological investigations to the north have revealed prehistoric, Iron Age and Romano-British field systems as well as intermittent Saxon occupation sites. The following information is taken from the Desk-Based Assessment for this part of the overall Sizewell C project undertaken by Wood in November 2018, building on a document produced by AMEC in 2016.
- 2.2. Six scheduled monuments are located within 1km of the Seven Hills site (HE references 1011339 - 1011344). Three were within 500m and all relate to a Bronze Age round barrow/bowl barrow cemetery on Levington Heath to the south-east of the site (HER Refs LVT 001 – 008, the associated ring ditch is LVT 034). One Listed Building (Grade II) is recorded at Decoy Cottage (HE ref 1183186, LVT 032) c.1km to the south-west.
- 2.3. Thirty-eight HER records are noted within 500m of the site boundary, including additional ring ditches/barrow mound sites (LVT 049, 050, 051, 052 and 053) generally to the south and west. In addition, an area of prehistoric occupation was recorded 300m north of the site (BUC 015) during one of five archaeological events undertaken within the study area.
- 2.4. No evidence of Romano-British activity was identified within the site boundary on the HER database, with only two stray finds being located within the study area (a Vespasian denarius and a bronze enamelled plate) and its location away from the known Roman road network in east Suffolk suggested a low potential for activity during this period.
- 2.5. Early medieval evidence within the study area consists of a chance find of a bronze brooch (LVT 031) some 350m west of the site and Ipswich Ware pottery sherds within a ditch c.350m to the south, identified during archaeological investigation. The site appears to represent a relatively low level of activity at some distance from a settlement or occupation focus and c.1.6km south of the location of the current church. In the wider area, a pattern of dispersed activity dating to this period has been recorded across the heathlands east of Ipswich, with scattered Sunken Feature Buildings (SFB's) and hearth debris identified during archaeological works closer to Martlesham Heath (between 3 - 4km north of the site).

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- 2.6. Medieval activity within the study area was light, consisting of field systems and ditches identified by crop marks/aerial photography as well as archaeological excavation. Again, during this period, the site appears to have been situated within an agricultural hinterland surrounding the village to the south.
- 2.7. Post medieval activity is represented by the southern boundary of the site – the Cambridge-Felixstowe Road and the railway line from Ipswich to Felixstowe immediately south of the road. The area was enclosed by an Act in 1803, when the previously open heathland was divided into rectangular plots. Activity continues into the modern period with various World War I and II defences scattered around the area. Its location, close to both Ipswich (1930 - 1996) and Martlesham (1917 - 1963) airfields during World War II, means that anti-landing precautions (anti-glider ditches and obstacles etc) would have been present.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- 3.1. The general objective of the evaluation was to provide further information on the likely archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date and state of preservation. This information will be used to inform the wider EIA submitted as part of the Planning Application that will enable SCCAS to identify and assess the significance of the archaeological heritage assets that survive within the site, consider the impact of the proposed development upon them and, if appropriate, develop strategies to avoid or minimise conflict between heritage asset conservation and the development proposals, in line with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (MHCLG 2019).
- 3.2. The specific objective of the evaluation was to investigate the survival of the prehistoric landscape surrounding the known barrow mound sites, as well as investigate the potential for a third barrow raised by the geophysical survey conducted by SUMO earlier in the project design process. In addition to this, the evaluation was to provide information about the wider archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality, in accordance Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation (ClfA 2014, updated 2020). This information was to inform both the wider EIA submitted as a part of the planning process for the new power station as well as to allow SCCAS to determine the requirements of a suitable mitigation strategy and identify and assess the particular significance of both the known and any possible

unknown heritage assets, consider the impact of the proposed development upon them, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework (DCLG 2019).

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1. The evaluation fieldwork comprised the excavation of eighty-seven trenches, although one was not excavated due to site access considerations. All measured approximately 30m long and 2.2m wide (Fig. 2).
- 4.2. The trenches were set out in a standard alternating orientation pattern, with two areas avoided, with the approval of SCCAS, as they were known barrow sites. Trench (48) was not excavated to preserve access between the two fields, again with the approval of SCCAS. The position of some trenches were adjusted slightly to test geophysical anomalies while also providing a representative sample of the whole site.
- 4.3. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using Leica GNSS GS08Plus and surveyed in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 4: Survey Manual*. Overburden was stripped to the top of the natural substrate, which was the level at which archaeological features were first encountered, using a mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless grading bucket; all machining was conducted under archaeological supervision.
- 4.4. Archaeological features/deposits were investigated, planned and recorded in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual*.
- 4.5. Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential and samples were taken in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites*.
- 4.6. Artefacts were processed in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 3: Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation*.
- 4.7. CA will make arrangements with SCCAS for the deposition of the project archive and, subject to agreement with the legal landowner(s), the artefact collection upon completion of the project. A digital archive will also be prepared and deposited with the Archaeology Data Service (ADS).

- 4.8. A summary of information from this project, as set out in Appendix D, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. RESULTS

- 5.1. This section provides an overview of the evaluation results. Detailed summaries of the recorded contexts are given in Appendix A. Details of the artefactual material recovered from the site are given in Section 6 and Appendix B. Details of the environmental samples (palaeoenvironmental evidence) are given in Section 7 and Appendix C. Details of the relative heights of the principal deposits and features expressed as metres Above Ordnance Datum (m AOD) are given in Appendix D.
- 5.2. Eighty-six Trenches were excavated in this area, with one planned trench unexcavated due to access issues encountered on site. Of the excavated trenches, fifty-two were archaeologically sterile and are summarised below (Table 1) while thirty-four trenches contained archaeological features and will be discussed individually. Very few artefacts were recovered from the recorded features. Unless specifically noted in the text, the described features produced no artefactual evidence from their excavated sections.

Trench Number	Length (m)	Orientation	Depth to Natural (m)
1	29.1	NW/SE	0.58
3	29.1	NW/SE	0.38
8	29.4	E/W	0.45
9	29.1	N/S	0.40
10	28.8	NW/SE	0.40
13	28.9	NE/SW	0.33
16	28.9	NW/SE	0.33
17	22.7	N/S	0.32
22	27.9	NE/SW	0.40
25	28.4	NW/SE	0.48
26	28.3	NE/SW	0.30
27	28.1	NW/SE	0.32
29	28.3	NE/SW	0.30
30	28.2	N/S	0.30
31	28.0	NE/SW	0.43
33	27.4	E/W	0.34
35	28.6	NW/SE	0.39
36	28.8	NE/SW	0.30
37	28.2	NW/SE	0.37
38	28.7	NE/SW	0.28
39	27.0	NW/SE	0.33
40	28.3	N/S	0.40
41	22.6	E/W	0.68
43	25.5	NW/SE	0.34
45	28.2	NW/SE	0.40
49	28.3	NW/SE	0.46
50	27.6	NE/SW	0.43

Trench Number	Length (m)	Orientation	Depth to Natural (m)
51	28.2	NW/SE	0.42
52	27.8	NE/SW	0.39
56	28.6	NE/SW	0.50
57	28.6	NW/SE	0.45
58	28.9	NE/SW	0.45
60	28.9	NE/SW	0.39
61	28.7	NW/SE	0.40
62	28.8	NE/SW	0.40
63	28.6	NW/SE	0.38
64	26.7	N/S	0.46
65	27.9	NW/SE	0.36
66	27.9	NE/SW	0.38
68	29.0	NE/SW	0.38
71	28.3	NW/SE	0.43
74	29.4	NE/SW	0.39
77	28.8	NW/SE	0.4
78	28.8	NE/SW	0.36
79	29.0	NW/SE	0.47
80	28.6	E/W	0.37
81	25.1	N/S	0.39
82	27.9	NE/SW	0.42
83	27.4	NW/SE	0.38
84	28.9	NE/SW	0.4
85	20.7	NW/SE	0.4
86	29.5	NE/SW	0.28

Table 1. Trench summaries

Trench 2 (Fig. 3)

- 5.3. This trench was 28.2m long, 2m wide and 0.5m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.4m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.4. Pit 202 was located near the northern end of the trench. It was sub-circular, c.0.48m in diameter and 0.14m deep, filled with a charcoal-rich sandy layer interpreted as hearth/fire debris as well as a thin layer of disturbed sands likely to have been generated by the collapse of its edge.
- 5.5. Ditch 206 was located just to the south of Pit 202 on a north/south alignment, measuring 1.36m wide, 0.46m deep with steep concave sides and a concave base. Its single fill, 205, comprised light greyish brown friable sand with occasional small stones.

Trench 4

- 5.6. This trench was 28.2m long, 2m wide and 0.44m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.4m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand

natural. A large area of possible natural silting was noted occupying the southern half of the trench but was not investigated at this time. No figure has been produced for this trench within this report.

Trench 5 (Fig. 4)

- 5.7. This trench was 29.4m long, 2m wide and 0.44m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.8. A single archaeological feature was located within this trench. Ditch Terminus 502, which projected 1.4m into the trench, was 0.81m wide and 0.21m deep, orientated approximately north/south, with steep sloped sides to a shallow concave base. Its single fill, 503, comprised mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.

Trench 6 (Fig. 5)

- 5.9. This trench was 28.8m long, 2m wide and 0.51m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.39m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.10. Ditch 602, recorded towards the north of the trench, was 1.38m wide and 0.25m deep, orientated approximately east/west, with moderately sloped concave sides to a shallow concave base. The single fill comprised dark greyish brown friable sand with frequent small stones. Two struck flint flakes were recovered from a soil sample.

Trench 7 (Fig. 6)

- 5.11. This trench was 28.8m long, 2m wide and 0.44m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.42m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.12. Pit 702 was recorded towards the northwestern end of the trench. It exhibited moderately steeply sloping concave sides to a shallow concave base. The single fill, 703, comprised mid greyish brown friable sandy silt moderate small stones and charcoal flecks. The ashy character of the fill suggests hearth/fire debris, although

the level of natural discolouration at the base of the feature was not indicative of *in situ* burning. A flint scraper was recovered from a soil sample.

Trench 11 (Fig. 7)

- 5.13. This trench was 28.8m long, 2m wide and 0.36m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.34m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.14. A single oval shaped pit, 1102, was found towards the northeastern end of the trench, orientated approximately northwest/southeast and measuring 1.62m by 1.05m with a depth of 0.32m and moderately sloping sides to a shallow concave base. The single fill, 1103, comprised orange/brown friable sandy clay with occasional small stones.

Trench 12 (Fig. 8)

- 5.15. This trench was 28.6m long, 2m wide and 0.40m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.36m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.16. A large slightly curving ditch, 1202, orientated approximately east-west, crossed the trench towards the southern end, measuring 1.42m wide, 0.45m deep with steep, straight sloping sides to a shallow concave base. The single fill, 1203, was described as mid yellowish brown soft clayey stony sand with. This is believed to be part of a ring-ditch that would have surrounded a circular barrow and had previously been suggested from cropmark evidence. Heading south from this point in Trench 12, the rest of the feature would be located in the area between Trenches 6, 13 and 21. The only finds recovered were a number of heat-altered flints from a soil sample along with a moderate quantity of charcoal.
- 5.17. A pit or possible ditch terminus, 1204, entered this trench from the southwestern edge, apparently aligned north-south. It was 1.5m long, 1.8m wide and 0.33m deep with steeply sloping sides to a flat base. The single fill, 1205, comprised mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional stones. The only finds recovered were a number of heat-altered flints from a soil sample along with a large quantity of small charcoal fragments (sub-10mm).

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- 5.18. Pit 1206 continued under the southwestern edge of the trench. Where visible it was 0.62m long, 0.26m wide and 0.06m deep with a single fill, 1207, comprising dark greyish brown sandy silt occasional stones and charcoal flecks. The only finds recovered were a number of heat-altered flints from a soil sample along with a large quantity of small charcoal fragments (sub-10mm).

Trench 14

- 5.19. This trench was 28.9m long, 2m wide and 0.45m deep and orientated east/west. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.37m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural. This trench has not been reproduced with a detailed plan within this report.
- 5.20. A possible pit, 1402, measured 0.84m long, 0.58m wide and 0.16m deep with moderately sloped concave sides to a concave base. The single fill, 1403, comprised a mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small sub-rounded stones. Its shape was not conclusive and it may represent a natural geological feature.
- 5.21. A possible pit, 1404, was 2.2m long, 0.85m wide and 0.15m deep where seen within the trench though it extended under the southern edge. It described an irregular oval shape with shallow sloping sides to an irregular flattish base and may also have been naturally derived. The single fill, 1405, comprised a mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small sub-rounded stones.

Trench 15 (Fig. 9)

- 5.22. This trench was 28.8m long, 2m wide and 0.38m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.36m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural. A flint knife was recovered from the topsoil.
- 5.23. Ditch 1503 was 1.14m wide and 0.39m deep with steeply sloping sides to a shallow concave base, orientated approximately northwest/southeast, crossing the trench at the southern end of a large deposit interpreted as a natural hollow (unexcavated). The single fill, 1502, comprised mid orange/brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones.

Trench 18 (Fig. 10)

- 5.24. This trench was 28.8m long, 2m wide and 0.5m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.48m of

dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural. A flint scraper was recovered from the topsoil.

- 5.25. Ditch 1802, 0.98m wide and 0.29m deep, with moderately steep concave sloped sides to a concave base and orientated approximately northwest/southeast. The single fill comprised light greyish brown soft silty sand with occasional stones. This feature was cut by Pit/Tree Throw 1804 to the north and by ditch 1810 to the northwest, as seen in a small extension to the trench requested by SCCAS.
- 5.26. Pit, or possible tree throw, 1804 was located just north of and cutting ditch 1802. It was a sub-circular in shape, extending out of the trench to the southeast with steep to moderately steeply sloping concave sides to a rounded/uneven base and measuring 1.33m by in excess of 0.51m and 0.38m deep. The single fill, 1805, comprised light brown, loose silty sand with occasional stones and iron panning.
- 5.27. Small pit 1807 was also positioned just to the north of and adjacent to ditch 1802. It was oval in plan and continued under the northwest side of the trench. Where visible, it was 0.99m long, 0.4m wide and 0.3m deep and did not intersect with ditch 1802. Two fill components were recognised; a basal deposit, 1808, comprising light brown loose silty sand with gravel over 1809, a mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate stones.
- 5.28. Ditch 1810 was not excavated in this trench, as it was recognised as the continuation of the modern ditch seen in Trenches 19, 20, 21, 23 and 24 crossing the site on a northeast/southwest alignment. The trench extension was excavated in order to check the ditch had not stopped or turned and also to investigate its relationship with ditch 1802.

Trench 19 (Fig. 11)

- 5.29. This trench was 28.3m long, 2m wide and 0.5m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.48m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.30. Ditch 1902 was aligned northeast/southwest with steep sloped concave sides to a flat base and has been characterised as a post-medieval boundary feature as it contained modern material (plastic) and blue/white china. It measured 1.34m wide and 0.55m deep and is the same feature recorded in Trenches 18, 20, 21, 23 and 24.

The single fill, 1903, comprised mid grey/brown loose silty sand with yellow sand patches and gravel. Although the ditch appears to share an alignment with the extant field boundaries to the east and west, as yet, it has not been possible to trace this feature on modern or historic mapping. However, a single sherd of post-medieval, 17th to 20th century pottery was recovered from the fill.

Trench 20 (Fig. 12)

- 5.31. This trench was 28.3m long, 2m wide and 0.4m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.32. Ditch 2003 was aligned northeast/southwest with steeply sloping concave sides to a flat base and has been characterised as a probable modern boundary ditch. It measured 1.42m wide with a depth of 0.52m and is the same feature recorded in Trenches 18, 19, 21, 23 and 24. The single fill, 2002, comprised mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional stones.

Trench 21 (Fig. 13)

- 5.33. This trench was 28.1m long, 2m wide and 0.6m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.47m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.34. Ditch 2103 was aligned northeast/southwest with steep sloped concave sides to a flat base and has been characterised as a probable modern boundary ditch, measuring 1.3m wide and 0.47m deep and is the same feature recorded in Trenches 18, 19, 20, 23 and 24. The single fill, 2102, comprised mid greyish brown silty, friable sand with moderate stones.
- 5.35. Ditch 2106 and recut 2107 was aligned northeast/southwest with moderate concave sloped sides to a concave base. It was parallel with ditch 2103 but shallower and has been interpreted as another boundary feature, with a recut. In total this recut feature measured 1.07m wide and 0.2m deep and may be related to the smaller ditch, 2305, seen in Trench 23 to the north. The fills, 2105 and 2104 respectively consisted of light to medium grey/brown/yellow silty sand with stones locally.

Trench 23 (Fig. 14)

- 5.36. This trench was 28.1m long, 2m wide and 0.46m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.36m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.37. Ditch 2302 was aligned northeast/southwest with concave slightly irregular sides to a shallow concave base and has been characterised as a probable modern boundary ditch, measuring 1.36m wide and 0.41m deep and is the same feature recorded in Trenches 18, 19, 20, 21 and 24. Two fills were recorded; an upper component, 2303, comprising mid greyish brown, sandy silt with occasional stones over 2304, a light greyish brown, sandy silt.
- 5.38. Gully 2305 was a small linear feature, measuring 0.49m wide, 0.27m deep and orientated northeast/southwest with concave sloped sides to a shallow concave base. Two fills were recorded; an upper component, 2306, comprising mid greyish brown stony sandy silt over 2307, a mid orange brown sandy silt. While it seems to respect the modern field boundaries, its size suggest that it represents a sub-division of a larger plot.

Trench 24 (Fig. 15)

- 5.39. This trench was 29.0m long, 2m wide and 0.56m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.40. North/south orientated ditch 2402 was 1.3m wide, 0.2m deep with irregularly sloping sides to an uneven base. Single fill 2403 comprised light brownish grey sandy silt with occasional stones.
- 5.41. A scorched/heat-altered area of the natural sand, 2406, was observed towards the centre of the trench, suggesting that there had been a fire/burning event here, although no trace of charred material or hearth/fire debris was observed. This has been interpreted as an almost totally destroyed hearth site, with only the scorched natural at the base of the feature surviving.
- 5.42. Ditch 2404 was located in a small extension to the east of the main line of the trench, representing the continuation of the modern ditch seen in Trenches 18 - 21 and 23.

Trench 28 (Fig. 16)

- 5.43. This trench was 28.6m long, 2m wide and 0.49m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.47m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.44. Pit, or possible ditch terminus 2802, continued under the southwestern edge of the trench. It was had moderate to steep concave sloped sides to a concave base and where visible, measured 0.5m long, 0.6m wide and 0.27m deep, orientated approximately north/south. Single fill 2803 comprised mid greyish brown, sandy silt with charcoal flecks. Heat-altered flint was recovered from a soil sample.

Trench 32 (Fig. 17)

- 5.45. This trench was 28.3m long, 2m wide and 0.45m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.35m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.46. East/west orientated oval-shaped pit 3202 had shallow concave sides and an irregular concave base, measuring 0.52m long, 0.37m wide and 0.08m deep. The mixed fill, 3203, comprised layers heat-reddened silty sand with charcoal rich patches. The natural sands around the base of this feature showed signs of scorching (heat-reddened), which when coupled with the large quantity of blackened material in the lower fill suggests that this feature was the surviving base of a larger fire/hearth pit that has been mostly ploughed out.

Trench 34 (Fig. 18)

- 5.47. This trench was 28.7m long, 2m wide and 0.54m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.43m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.48. Sub-circular pit 3404 had steep sides and an irregular concave base, measuring 1.09m long, 0.44m wide and 0.24m deep. The stratified fill included an upper deposit, 3402, comprising mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks over 3405, a layer of dark grey friable sandy silt with occasional small stones and frequent charcoal flecks which, in turn, overlay a basal deposit, 3403, of reddish orange friable sand that probably represented the heat-reddened natural

bottom of the feature. Due to the presence of significant charred material and heat-altered flint, the latter recovered from soil samples of layers 3402 and 3405, and the heat-reddening of the surrounding natural sands, this feature is believed to represent the base of a fire/hearth pit.

Trench 42 (Fig. 19)

- 5.49. This trench was 27.3m long, 2m wide and 0.45m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.50. Pit 4202 was rounded in plan, where visible within the trench, with moderately steep sloped sides to a flat base, measuring 1.33m long, 1.63m wide and 0.34m deep. Two fill components were recognised; an upper deposit, 4204, of mid greyish brown, friable silty sand with occasional stones over 4203, a dark greyish brown, almost black friable silty sand with occasional stones. Although a fragment of post-medieval/modern china was recovered from the lower fill, it is possible that this was intrusive via plough-scarring. The presence of charred fragments may be indicative of a nearby fire/hearth, but the absence of scorching of the sides and base of the feature suggests the activity was not directly associated with the feature.

Trench 44 (Fig. 20)

- 5.51. This trench was 27.9m long, 2m wide and 0.62m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.6m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow sand natural.
- 5.52. East-west orientated ditch 4408 was 0.86m wide, 0.23m deep with moderately steeply sloping concave sides to a concave base and was seen to disappear into a large pit-like feature. Unfortunately the surrounding natural sand was soft and collapsed before it was possible to see if the ditch continued beyond the northern edge of the pit or, alternatively, terminated within it. The single fill, 4409, comprised mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional stones.
- 5.53. Ditches 4404 and 4410, which were probably the same feature located in an area with similarly coloured sands, was 0.6m wide, 0.29m deep, with steeply sloping sides to a concave base. The single fill, 4405 and 4411 comprised mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional stones.

5.54. Gully 4406 was a linear gully with moderate sloped sides to a concave/irregular base, orientated northwest-southeast. The single fill, 4407, comprised a mid-yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small, rounded stones, interpreted as natural infilling. No relationship was determinable with other features.

5.55. Pit 4412 was an irregular, although approximately circular feature which intercut with ditches 4408 and 4410, though due to the soft/collapsing edges and the similarity of their fills, no definite relationship could be ascertained. The single fill, 4413, comprised mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional stones.

Trench 46 (Fig. 21)

5.56. This trench was 27.6m long, 2m wide and 0.44m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.

5.57. Pit 4603 oval in shape, measuring 0.75m by 0.4m with a depth of 0.07m and exhibiting moderately sloping sides to a flattish, but irregular base. Two fills were recorded; an upper, central deposit, 4602, of dark greyish brown silty sand with frequent charcoal flecks, over a more extensive layer, 4604, comprising dark greyish brown silty sand with occasional charcoal inclusions. The presence of a relatively concentrated charcoal rich deposits and the absence for *in-situ* burning, suggests that the feature may have been used to dispose of hearth-type debris generated elsewhere.

Trench 47 (Fig. 22)

5.58. This trench was 26.8m long, 2m wide and 0.45m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.

5.59. Sub-circular pit 4702 had moderately steeply sloping sides to a flat base, measuring c.0.97m in diameter and 0.16m deep. Two fills were recorded; an upper deposit, 4703, comprised patchy mid to dark greyish brown sand occasional stones and charcoal with an outer component, 4704, of mid to dark greyish brown friable sand. The presence of some heat-reddened sand suggests that either the hearth/fire debris was deposited whilst still hot or that *in-situ* burning had occurred. Heat-altered flint and other stone were recovered from soil samples taken from both fill deposits.

Trench 53 (Fig. 23)

- 5.60. This trench was 27.3m long, 2m wide and 0.5m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.61. Northwest/southeast orientated, oval-shaped pit 5306 had moderately sloping concave sides to a shallow concave base, measuring 1.48m long, 1.02m wide and 0.16m deep, with its southeast end truncated by pit 5302. Single fill 5307 comprised mid greyish brown friable clayey sand with occasional stones.
- 5.62. Pit 5302, which cut 5306, was oval shaped, measuring 1.34m long, 0.8m wide and 0.34m deep with moderately sloping concave sides to a rounded, although uneven base. The single fill, 5303, comprised mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy clay with very occasional stones.
- 5.63. Pit 5305, located a short distance to the southeast of pit 5302, was sub-circular in plan with moderate sloped sides to a concave/irregular base, measuring c.0.75m in diameter and 0.11m deep. The single fill, 5304, comprised mid orange/yellow/brown silty sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.

Trench 54 (Fig. 24)

- 5.64. This trench was 27.8m long, 2m wide and 0.4m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.37m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over light an orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.65. Ditch 5402 was a linear feature with moderate sloping sides to a concave base, orientated southeast/northwest. This ditch does not seem to align with extant ditches on either side of the site, so presumably represents an earlier field system although it does not appear in the field to the west. This is believed to be the same feature that appeared in Trenches 59 and 70 to the east.

Trench 55 (Fig. 25)

- 5.66. This trench was 27.4m long, 2m wide and 0.39m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.

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- 5.67. Pit 5502 was oval in shape, measuring 0.74m by 0.48m and 0.12m deep with concave sloped sides to a shallow concave base. The single fill, 5503, comprised light brownish grey sandy silt with occasional stones. A copper alloy object was identified as a Colchester derivative hinged-type brooch dating to AD 43 – 100 (early Roman).

Trench 59 (Fig. 26)

- 5.68. This trench was 28.5m long, 2m wide and 0.39m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.69. An east/west aligned ditch was seen crossing this trench, with two segments excavated, 5903 and 5905, in order to view as full a profile as possible. Here measuring c. 2m wide and up to 0.37m deep with a steeply sloping side on the northern side, less steep to the south, with shallow concave/flat base, it is believed to be the continuation of a ditch seen in Trenches 54 and 70. The single fill, 5902 and 5904, comprised mid greyish brown silty sand occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.
- 5.70. Pit 5908 was probably circular feature, but extending out of the trench to the north; where visible, it measured 0.91m by 0.74m and 0.35m deep with steeply sloping concave sides to a concave base. Single fill 5907 consisted of dark grey friable silty sand with frequent charcoal and occasional stones which was interpreted as a deposit of hearth/fire debris with the lack of *in-situ* scorching suggesting that this material was generated by activity elsewhere. Two flint flakes were recovered from a soil-sample.

Trench 67 (Fig. 27)

- 5.71. This trench was 28.5m long, 2m wide and 0.53m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.72. Ditch 6703 terminus was aligned approximately east/west, extending out of the trench to the east. It had moderately sloping sides to a concave base, and measuring 0.65m wide and 0.19m deep with a single fill, 6702, comprising mid orange/brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.

Trench 69 (Fig. 28)

- 5.73. This trench was 28.3m long, 2m wide and 0.53m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.41m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.74. Pit 6903 was oval in shape, orientated approximately north/south, measuring 0.7m by 1.14m and 0.19m deep with moderately sloping sides to a concave base. Single fill, 6902, comprised mid orange/brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones which was disturbed by heavy plough scarring.
- 5.75. Pit 6905 was an irregular oval shape in plan, orientated approximately northwest/southeast and measuring 0.6m by 1.44m wide and 0.16m deep with moderately sloping sides to a concave base. The single fill, 6904, comprised mid orange/brown friable sand with occasional small stones.

Trench 70 (Fig. 29)

- 5.76. This trench was 28.6m long, 2m wide and 0.51m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.41m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.77. Ditch 7003 was orientated approximately north/south and was thought to represent the continuation of 7602 recorded in Trench 76 (7602), albeit with a slight change in angle. Measuring 1.55m wide and 0.31m deep, it had moderately sloping sides to a concave base. The single fill, 7002, comprised mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones; plough damage was evident.
- 5.78. Ditch 7005 was orientated southeast/northwest and was believed to be continuation of that recorded in Trenches 54 and 59 to the northwest. It measured 2.6m wide and was in excess of 0.6m deep with steeply sloping sides to a concave base. Excavation was halted due to safe working considerations at that depth, though the base was not to have been much further down. The single fill, 7004, comprised mid yellowish brown friable sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks. A single small, plain sherd of hand-made prehistoric pottery (6g) of probable Bronze Age date was recovered.

Trench 72 (Fig. 30)

- 5.79. This trench was 29.9m long, 2m wide and 0.51m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.80. Ditch 7203 was orientated approximately northwest/southeast, crossing the trench at its northern end. It was 2.31m wide and 0.53m deep with moderately steeply sloping sides to a shallow concave/flat base. The single fill, 7202, comprised dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones. Five fragments of animal bone, all goat, were recovered from the excavated section. This feature was also recorded in Trench 73 (ditch 7302) and contained modern artefacts/rubbish.

Trench 73 (Fig. 31)

- 5.81. This trench was 28.0m long, 2m wide and 0.60m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.40m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.82. Ditch 7302 was a continuation of the previously investigated modern ditch seen in Trench 72 and was not excavated further within this trench.
- 5.83. Ditch 7304 was a small north/south orientated terminus, 0.49m wide and 0.37m deep, with steep sides and a concave base and a single fill, 7305, of mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.

Trench 75 (Fig. 32)

- 5.84. This trench was 28.7m long, 2m wide and 0.50m deep and orientated northwest/southeast. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.38m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.85. Pit 7502 was an indistinct, slightly irregular sub-circular shaped feature measuring 0.53m to 0.43m in diameter and 0.13m deep with moderately sloping concave sides to a concave base. Its single fill, 7503, comprised mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional stones.

Trench 76 (Fig. 33)

- 5.86. This trench was 29.0m long, 2m wide and 0.34m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.3m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.87. Ditch 7602 was orientated northwest/southeast, measuring 1.08m wide and 0.32m deep with moderately sloping sides to a concave base and is possibly the same feature recorded in Trench 70 (ditch 7003), although at that juncture, it was significantly wider.

Trench 87 (Fig. 34)

- 5.88. This trench was 25.6m long, 2m wide and 0.50m deep and orientated northeast/southwest. The general stratigraphy encountered consisted of 0.5m of dark greyish brown friable silty sand topsoil over a light orange/yellow gravelly sand natural.
- 5.89. Ditch 8702 was orientated northeast/southwest, an alignment similar to that of the extant field boundary immediately to the southeast, possibly representing a continuation of that feature prior to its partial redundancy. The ditch was 1.2m wide and 0.27m deep with a rounded, but slightly irregular profile and a single fill, 8703, comprising dark grey/brown, mottled with yellow, loose sandy silt with occasional stones.

6. THE FINDS

- 6.1. Only a small quantity of bulk finds were recovered, primarily consisting of prehistoric struck flints, but with a few pieces of pottery and heat-altered (burnt) stones. All of the finds are listed by context in Table 1 of Appendix B. There is also a single Roman bronze artefact (RA).
- 6.2. The flints are not closely dated, but include pieces that suggest an Early Bronze Age date. There is also a single small sherd of prehistoric pottery which likewise is not closely datable, although the fabric suggests a Bronze Age date is most likely. A quantity of heat-altered (burnt) flints, all recovered during processing bulk soil samples, may also be of prehistoric date and were associated with the finds of flints and pottery. These finds indicate a background level of activity or occupation here in

the prehistoric period which, although not closely dated, may include the Early Bronze Age.

- 6.3. A single fragment from a copper-alloy bow brooch of mid-late 1st century type is the only find from the Roman period. In the absence of any other evidence of Roman activity amongst the finds, it would seem most likely to represent a casual loss.
- 6.4. The only other bulk finds are two small sherds of pottery dated to the late 18th - early 20th century and were probably derived from manuring.

Pottery

- 6.5. Only a very small quantity of pottery was recovered, just three sherds with a combined weight of 8g. These are listed and described by period below.

Prehistoric

- 6.6. A single small, plain sherd of hand-made prehistoric pottery (6g) came from (7004). This is in a moderately thick, orange-brown coloured fabric with a thin grey core and has some grog-temper. A number of pits in the fabric suggest also the former presence of a now leached-out tempering material such as shell or chalk. While difficult to date closely within the later prehistoric period (Neolithic - Iron Age), based on the fabric it appears most likely to date to the Bronze Age.

Post-medieval/modern (identifications by Sue Anderson)

- 6.7. There are two small sherds of post-medieval/modern pottery each weighing 1g. Both are Refined blue pattern white earthenware (Fabric REFW) and can be dated to the period of the Late 17th-early 20th century. One is from context (1903) the other from context (4203).

Lithics

- 6.8. Eight worked flints (71g) was recovered by hand excavation on site and later during the processing of bulk soil samples taken from three contexts. Three of these had been individually recorded as Registered artefacts (RA). All of the flints are listed by context in Table 2 of Appendix B.
- 6.9. Included in the assemblage are four flakes, three of which are broken and one of which, from fill 5907 of pit 5908, is heat-altered. A plano-convex knife (RA 3) from topsoil deposit 1500 was made on a flake blank, which retains some cortex on the dorsal face. The dorsal face has been rather invasively retouched. The ventral face

of these knives is often unretouched (Butler 2005, 172) but this example features some invasive retouch on the proximal end of the right ventral edge. This tool type is typically found in Early Bronze Age assemblages (*ibid.*) and is often associated with collared urns (Field 1985, 127).

- 6.10. Three scrapers were also recovered, all of which were made using flake blanks. A side scraper from fill 703 of pit 702 displays abrupt, slightly irregular retouch along the right ventral edge. The scraper from topsoil deposit 1000 (RA 2) has been steeply retouched along the left and distal dorsal edges. A small (25mm x 21mm), D-shaped end-and-side scraper from topsoil deposit 1800 (RA 1) features rather irregular retouch around c.44% of the perimeter. It is reminiscent of a thumbnail scraper (a Beaker/Early Bronze Age tool) but does not quite conform to the type, which is often dome-shaped in profile and usually features more extensive retouch (Edmonds 1995, 140).

Other bulk finds

- 6.11. Small amounts of heat-altered (burnt) stones were recovered during processing several of the bulk soil samples relating to contexts (703), (1203), (1205), (1207), (2803), (3402), (3405), (4203), (4703) and (4704). These are noted in Table 1 of Appendix B. Almost all are recorded as flints rather than other stone types. Hot stone technology was commonly used in the prehistoric period to indirectly transfer heat to water from a fire and the stones have commonly been referred to as 'pot boilers'. However, heat-altered stones also occur incidentally when heated by proximity to fires, hearths and ovens.

Registered Artefacts (RA)

- 6.12. A single metal (copper-alloy) object was recovered, part of a Roman brooch, which was recorded as a Registered artefact (RA 4). This came from the fill (5503) of pit 5502. It can be noted that three other RA's (RA 1 - 3) were all struck flints and are included in the lithic (struck flint) report (above). All of the RA's are listed in Table 3 of Appendix B.
- 6.13. The brooch was recorded and catalogued with the assistance of low powered magnification and a radiograph. The X-ray plate will be deposited with the archive. A catalogue listing is provided in Table 3 of Appendix B. The overall condition of the object is poor; it is fragmented, with the surfaces having a green patina that exhibit corrosion products.

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- 6.14. The brooch (RA 4) is a Colchester derivative hinged type brooch. The poor condition hinders identification of the decoration. There are two grooves visible towards the edge of one wing and it is possible there was originally a central rib along the bow. However, this area is corroded, and no additional detail can be seen in the x-ray.
- 6.15. The brooch shares some similarities with Suffolk examples from Hacheston and Scole (Plouviez 2004, 98, fig. 64 no. 115; Mackreth 1977, 130, fig. 54 no. 5) that are thought to belong to an inter-related group forming a single tradition (Plouviez 2004, 97). It can be dated to the period of the mid - late 1st century, c.AD 43 - 100.

Roman

RA 4 Copper alloy Bow brooch of Colchester derivative type. Roman: current c.AD 43-100. Incomplete and broken in antiquity. Only the head and upper bow survive intact, the remainder of the object is missing. Circular-sectioned winged head with an internal axis bar and centrally place rectangular slot for hinging the pin (missing). Grooved decoration on one wing; surfaces are very corroded. The bow is 'D' shaped in section. (weight 3.17g, surviving length 17.7 mm, max. surviving width 25.1mm). Recovered from context 5503.

Discussion

- 6.16. The recovery of a single Romano-British object from Trench 55 is of limited value in assisting with the dating or in the understanding of the function of the site. The brooch form itself is not unusual and has been recovered elsewhere in Suffolk. Its condition suggests it probably entered the pit fill either as the result of a casual loss on the site or as discarded debris.

7. THE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

Plant macrofossils

Introduction and Methods

- 7.1. Seventeen bulk samples were taken from pits and ditches during the evaluation; the majority of the contexts sampled remain undated. All of the samples were processed in full, in order to assess the quality of preservation of plant remains and their potential to provide useful data as part of these and any subsequent archaeological investigations.
- 7.2. The samples were processed using manual water flotation/washover and the flots were collected in a 300 µm mesh sieve. The dried flots were scanned using a binocular microscope at x10 magnification and the presence of any plant remains or

artefacts are noted in Appendix C. Identification of plant remains is with reference to New Flora of the British Isles (Stace1997).

- 7.3. The non-floating residues were collected in a 1mm mesh and sorted when dry. Any artefacts/ecofacts recovered were retained for inclusion in the finds total. All dried residues were scanned with a magnet to recover any ferrous material that may be present.

Quantification

- 7.4. For the purpose of this report, items such as seeds, cereal grains and small animal bones have been scanned and recorded qualitatively according to the following categories # = 1-10, ## = 11-50, ### = 51+ specimens. Items that cannot be easily quantified such as charcoal, magnetic residues and fragmented bone have been scored for abundance x = rare, xx = moderate, xxx = abundant

Results

- 7.5. The flots varied greatly in volume from less than 10ml to 2300ml. For the purposes of this report a maximum of 1000ml from the larger flots was scanned, flots of less than 1000ml were scanned in full. Sample 9, fill of ditch 0602, and Sample 11, fill of pit 3202, failed to produce any flot material and the remains recorded here are solely from their non-floating residues.
- 7.6. The preservation of the material present was through charring and is generally fair to poor. Wood charcoal fragments were present in all the samples and were particularly abundant within a number of the fills sampled. Many of the charcoal fragments were large enough to be identifiable as being ring porous or diffuse porous; no further attempt at species identification of the wood charcoal has been made for the purposes of this report.
- 7.7. Charred plant remains were rare within the samples. A single possible cereal grain was present in Sample 12, fill 3402 of pit 3404 in Trench 34. This material was abraded and fragmented but was most likely barley (*Hordeum* sp.). Hazel (*Corylus* sp.) nutshell fragments were also present in low numbers within this sample. These remains were generally too sparse to determine whether they represent a gathered food resource, or material inadvertently incorporated within wood used as fuel. However, the presence of two fragments of acorn cupule (*Quercus* sp.) within the same sample, along with larger fragments of charcoal which are clearly identifiable as oak, may suggest this material was simply gathered along with fuel.

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- 7.8. Small fragments of twisted stem, most likely from heather family (Ericaceae) were observed within five samples, along with a low number of unidentified possible ?flower buds that may be associated with heather. Heather makes excellent kindling material and again indicates a potential mix of fuel used.
- 7.9. Charred weeds seeds were rare, grass (Poaceae) species caryopses fragments were present in low numbers within two samples and a single charred sedge family (Carex) fruit was observed within one sample. Unidentified culm fragments were present within five samples, with the possible bulbous basal culm of false oat grass (*Arrhenatherum elatis* L.) being observed within three samples. False oat grass, also known as onion couch grass is intolerant of cutting or trampling and so is usually absent from pasture, but may be present in un-grazed grasslands, arable fields, or land that has fallen fallow (Roehrs et al 2012). The presence of the basal nodes suggests the grass may have been uprooted by hand, perhaps being used as kindling within the charcoal rich material subsequently dumped in pits.
- 7.10. A single ferrous globule was recovered from the non-floating residue of Sample 4, fill 4203. This context also contained post medieval pottery, so it is highly likely the material recorded here is also modern. Coal or clinker fragments were also present in a small number of samples and again, may be the result of steam powered agricultural machinery being used in the vicinity or the manuring of arable fields.

Conclusions and recommendations for further work

- 7.11. In general, the samples were poor in terms of identifiable material, with wood charcoal making up the majority observed within the scanned portion, although other remains were incorporated within this fuel material.
- 7.12. Cereal or culinary waste, that may have indicated agricultural or domestic activity on site, was generally absent. The preservation of the wood charcoal however, was good, and many of the samples contain material suitable for species identification, should it be required. Identification of the fuel wood species present within the deposits could provide information regarding reconstruction of the palaeo-environment. Examination of the absolute burn temperature could yield information about the cultural and economic activities taking place in the vicinity of the site.
- 7.13. Sixteen samples have been highlighted as containing material suitable for radiocarbon dating, a selection of these could provide an insight into the periods of activity on the site.

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- 7.14. All flint material from these evaluation samples should be retained as part of the site archive.

Animal bone

Introduction

- 7.15. The assessment was carried out following a modified version of guidelines by English Heritage (Davis 1992). The bone was scanned to determine range of species and elements present with the total number of bones identified to each species (NISP). A note was also made of butchering and any indications of skinning, hornworking and other modifications. When possible a record was made of ages and any other relevant information, such as pathologies. Counts and weights were taken and additional counts were made for each species identified. Counts were also taken of bone classed as 'countable' (Davis 1992) remains. Attempts were made to refit fragments where it appeared they may form one bone and this is noted in the catalogue. The animal bone is recorded and described in detail in the catalogue presented as Table 4 in Appendix B.

The assemblage

- 7.16. The entire animal bone assemblage comprising five pieces of goat (125g) was recovered from a single context, the fill (7202) of ditch 7203 in Trench 72 and is presented in Table 4 of Appendix B.
- 7.17. Context (7202) produced remains of a goat, which was distinguished from sheep using criteria by Albarella and Salvagno (2017). The goat elements consisted of pieces of humerus, radius, ulna, metacarpal and a proximal phalange. The bones are large and robust, which might suggest a male or perhaps a larger and more modern breed of goat. Some arthritis was visible on the radius and ulna, a common complaint of goats that often reach a good age if kept for milk and breeding and they are more suited to drier conditions. No butchering was seen on any of the bones. The lack of butchering and the possible older age might suggest an animal kept largely for a supply of milk and the remains may be from a disturbed burial of a whole animal. The presence of both main limb bones and a foot bone would rule out skinning as the foot bones tend to be kept with the hide.

8. DISCUSSION

8.1. While the remains uncovered during the course of this evaluation remain largely undated, their character presents a generally consistent picture of land use in accord with the known archaeology in the immediate and wider area as described in Section 2. This entails a dispersed prehistoric funerary landscape followed by intermittent activity in more recent periods, and occasional elements of field systems with sparse artefactual evidence throughout. These results have been seen elsewhere on heathland sites to the east of Ipswich, both in area excavations and trial trenching evaluations (such as at Foxburrow Farm Solar Array, Martlesham Quarry and Brightwell Reservoir). The generally shallow nature of many of the features recorded across the site may be the result of truncation by agricultural processes such as ploughing and potato cropping (both known to heavily damage light sandy soils) and it is likely that any shallower features that may have once existed have been totally destroyed, with only the bases of larger features surviving into the archaeological record.

Prehistoric

8.2. While only very limited dating evidence was recovered there was clearly a sparse prehistoric element present, possibly representing intermittent activity within what is known to be a wider funerary landscape, particularly in the earlier Bronze Age when circular barrows were constructed, often in groups. A curving ditch recorded in Trench 12 appeared to coincide with a circular feature previously known from cropmark evidence and may represent the surviving below ground element of a funerary monument that would once have included an above-ground mound that has since been ploughed out. A topographic survey was undertaken of a slight rise observed in the field on the western edge, corresponding to the recorded position of one of the barrow sites known on the site (LVT 027, Fig. 35). This appears to indicate that a slight mound has survived and suggests that preservation may be better underneath.

8.3. It is likely that the pit-like features containing charcoal and heat-altered flint are also prehistoric in date.

8.4. The pattern of Bronze Age burial practices, including the development and use of burial mounds and their relationship with the wider landscape are an area identified

as needing further exploration in the Regional Research Agenda (Medlycott 2011) and this site may prove useful in this respect.

Roman

- 8.5. The only evidence of Roman date, or more specifically Roman date, was a brooch fragment recovered from an otherwise undated pit in Trench 55. With the absence of any other Roman remains recovered from the trenches, it seems unlikely that the area of the site was anything other than peripheral to any major activity during this period, although some of the undated ditches, for example those seen in Trenches 2, 15, 18, 23, 24, 44, 54, 59, 70, 73 and 76 could be of this date, relating to extensive cropmarks recorded in aerial photographs particularly in the wider area of the Felixstowe peninsula to the south-east.

Medieval and Post-medieval

- 8.6. While no medieval artefacts were recovered that may suggest activity in this period and it is known that large swathes of the heathland were given over to open 'sheepwalks' at this time, it cannot be ruled out that some of the undated features, particularly ditches, for example those seen in Trenches 2, 15, 18, 23, 24, 44, 54, 59, 70, 73 and 76, are of this date.
- 8.7. A single ditch was recorded aligned north-northeast/south-southwest, passing through Trenches 18, 19, 20, 21, 23 and 24. Dating evidence found in Trench 19 included both a blue and white earthenware pottery fragment as well as remains of a plastic sack (possibly agricultural fertiliser or similar) suggesting that this feature became redundant and was backfilled in the latter half of the 20th century. It shares an alignment with existing field boundaries, though it does not appear on any OS mapping examined for this report.
- 8.8. A ditch (7003) towards the centre of Trench 70 and orientated north/south also contained a single sherd of post-medieval/modern blue and white pottery, although it may have been intrusive as the ditch does not appear to align to any boundaries nearby and does not appear on maps examined for this report.

9. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Simon Cass, assisted by Alice Crush, Antzela Efthymiadou, Rhiannon Gardiner, Nathan Griggs, Chris Leonard, Heloise Meziani, Alison Roberts, Tara Schug and Richard Spencer. This report was written by Simon

Cass. The finds reports were written by Steve Benfield with contributions from Sue Anderson (pottery), Jacky Sommerville (lithics), Ruth Beveridge (registered artefacts) and Julie Curl (animal bone) while the environmental evidence was assessed by Anna West. The report illustrations were prepared by Rosanna Price. The project archive has been compiled and prepared for deposition by Clare Wooton. The project was managed for CA by Rhodri Gardner while Stuart Boulter edited the report.

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APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Trench	Context No.	Type	Fill of	Interpretation	Description	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth/thickness (m)	Spot-date
	001				Unstratified topsoil finds outside trenches across the site				
1	100			Topsoil	mid greyish brown soft sandy silt			0.58	
1	101			Natural	Mid orangey yellow sand, 5% gravel disturbed with pale yellowy brown sandy silt patches			0.06	
2	200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional small stones			0.4	
2	201			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand			0.1	
2	202	Cut		Pit - refuse pit for burial of charred material. Possibly related to the nearby barrows.	Sub-circular pit with a moderate break of slope to a concave base.	0.47	0.48	0.14	
2	203	Fill	202	Pit fill - primary fill, probably windblown or edge slumping prior to deposition of main fill 204	Light yellowish grey friable silty sand with occasional small stones/flint inclusions.	0.47	0.48	0.04	
2	204	Fill	202	Pit fill - deliberate backfilling deposit with charcoal-rich material	Mid yellowish grey friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and occasional small stones.	0.47	0.48	0.1	
2	205	Fill	206	Ditch fill	Light greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional small flints/stone inclusions.	1	1.36	0.46	
2	206	Cut		Ditch	Linear ditch with steep sloped side to a concave base, orientated north-south	1	1.36	0.46	
3	300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional small stones			0.38	
3	301			Natural	Mixed mid-brownish yellow clayey sand with mid greyish brown sandy silt disturbance and small sub-rounded stones			0.07	
4	400			Topsoil	Mid brownish grey sandy silt with occasional sub-rounded stones			0.37	
4	401			Natural	Mid orangey brown sandy silt with light orangey yellow sandy gravel			0.08	
5	500			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown soft silty sand with small stone inclusions			0.38	
5	501			Natural	Mid yellowy brown friable clayey sand with inclusions of sub-angular to rounded flints and gravel patches, heavily plough disturbed			0.06	
5	502	Cut		Ditch terminus	Linear ditch terminus with steep sloped sides to a	1.4	0.8	0.21	

					concave base, orientated north-south				
5	503	Fill		Fill of ditch - natural infilling representing a phase of disuse	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small flints/stones and charcoal fragments	1.4	0.8	0.21	
6	600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional small stones			0.39	
6	601			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand			0.12	
6	602	Cut		Possible ditch	Shallow irregular linear feature with moderate/irregular sloped sides to a concave irregular base, orientated approximately NW/SE	>1.0	1.38	0.25	
6	603	Fill	603	Fill of possible ditch - natural infilling	Dark greyish brown friable sand with frequent small stone inclusions	>1.0	1.38	0.25	
7	700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones			0.42	
7	701			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand			0.02	
7	702	Cut		Possible hearth debris pit	Sub-circular pit with a moderate break of slope to a concave base.	0.9	0.64	0.32	
7	703	Fill	702	Upper fill of pit 703 - backfilled topsoil deposit.	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with moderate small charcoal flecks and pieces and small sub-rounded stones.	0.9	0.64	0.25	
7	704	Fill	702	Lower fill of pit 703 - hearth/fire debris deposit deposited while hot	Black charcoal-rich friable sandy deposit with occasional sub-rounded stones. Probably backfilled while still hot as surrounding natural sands are slightly scorched but not fully burnt as would be expected from fire site.	0.77	0.43	0.12	
8	800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones			0.45	
8	801			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand			0.08	
9	900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones			0.4	
9	901			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand mottled with yellow/greyish brown gravelly sands			0.1	
10	1000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones			0.4	
10	1001			Natural	Light orangey yellow friable gravelly sand mottled with yellow/greyish brown gravelly sands			0.2	
11	1100			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.34	
11	1101			Natural	Mid orangey yellow friable gravelly sand mottled with yellow/greyish brown gravelly sands			0.02	
11	1102	Cut		Pit	Oval in plan with moderately sloped concave sides to a concave base, orientated approximately ESE/WNW.	1.62	1.05	0.32	

11	1103	Fill	1102	Fill of pit - disuse deposit?	Orangey brown friable sandy clay with 5% medium sub-angular stones and a clear horizon	1.62	1.05	0.32	
12	1200			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate potato inclusions and very occasional small stones.			0.4	
12	1201			Natural	Mid orangey yellow friable gravelly sand mottled with yellow/greyish brown gravelly sands			0.1	
12	1202	Cut		Ditch - probable barrow mound ditch	Linear ditch on NW/SE alignment within the trench. Moderate/steep sloped sides to a concave base.	2.2+	1.42	0.45	
12	1203	Fill	1202	Ditch fill	Mid yellowish brown soft clayey sand with small-large sub-rounded stones. No finds. No indication of mound slumping noted in sections.	2.2+	1.42	0.45	Prehist? - no finds
12	1204	Cut		Pit/Ditch terminus?	Possible ovoid pit or ditch terminus with steep/near vertical sides to a shallow concave base.	1.5	1.8	0.33	
12	1205	Fill	1204	Pit fill	Mid greyish brown soft silty sand with 2% medium sub-rounded stone inclusions.	1.5	1.8	0.33	
12	1206	Cut		Pit	Irregular circular pit, extending out of trench LOE with very shallow profile - probably just the remaining base of a feature almost entirely ploughed out.	0.62	0.26	0.06	
12	1207	Fill	1206	Pit fill	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with small to medium rounded stone inclusions and sparse charcoal flecking	0.62	0.26	0.06	
13	1300			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.33	
13	1301			Natural	Mid-dark greyish brown clayey sands with some mid orangey yellow friable sand patches			0.16	
14	1400			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.37	
14	1401			Natural	Mid orangey brown sandy silt with light orangey brown/yellow sandy gravels pockets.			0.08	
14	1402	Cut		Pit	A possible pit with moderately sloped concave sides to a concave base. Its shape was not conclusive and it may represent a natural geological feature	0.84	0.58	0.16	
14	1403	Fill	1402	Pit fill	A mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small sub-rounded stones.	0.84	0.58	0.16	
14	1404	Cut		Pit	A possible pit extending out of the trench to the south. Where visible. it described an irregular oval shape with shallow sloping sides to an irregular flattish base and may also have been naturally derived.	2.2	0.85	0.15	
14	1405	Fill	1404	Pit fill	A mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small sub-rounded stones.	2.2	0.85	0.15	

15	1500			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.36	
15	1501			Natural	Mid brownish yellow clayey sand with frequent heavy plough scarring and yellow sandy gravel patches.			0.02	
15	1502	Fill		Fill of ditch	Mid orangey brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone inclusions - natural infilling of ditch. No dating evidence	1.0+	1.14	0.39	
15	1503	Cut		Ditch	Steep sided linear ditch with a concave base, orientated NE-SW.	1.0+	1.14	0.39	
16	1600			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.33	
16	1601			Natural	Light brownish yellow sandy gravel with frequent plough scarring			0.06	
17	1700			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate small stones.			0.32	
17	1701			Natural	Light greyish yellow friable clayey sand with moderate gravel inclusions and frequent plough scarring			0.09	
18	1800			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown loose silty sand with rare small sub-rounded stone inclusions			0.5	
18	1801			Natural	Mixed mid yellow and light brown loose soft sands with patches of gravels			0	
18	1802	Cut		Ditch	Linear ditch aligned NW/SE with moderately steep concave sloped sides to a rounded regular base. Relationship with adjacent pit 1807 unclear though ditch is cut by pit 1804.	1.4	0.98	0.29	
18	1803	Fill	1802	Ditch fill - natural silting deposit	Light greyish brown soft loose silty sand with occasional small-medium stone inclusions.	1.4	0.98	0.29	
18	1804	Cut		Pit/Tree throw?	Sub-rounded/ovoid pit extending out of trench, steep to moderately steep sloped concave sides to a rounded/uneven base. Shape is suggestive of tree throw.	1.33	0.51	0.38	
18	1805	Fill	1804	Pit fill	light brown loose silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones and red/brown bands throughout suggestive of iron panning.	0.88	0.51	0.14	
18	1806	Fill	1804	Pit fill	light brown loose silty sand with occasional sub-rounded stones and apparent root action/plough damage - probable natural accumulation deposit.	1.33	0.51	0.24	
18	1807	Cut		Pit	Sub-rounded/ovoid pit extending out of trench, steep to moderately steep sloped concave sides to a gentle/uneven base. Possibly another tree throw.	0.99	0.4	0.3	
18	1808	Fill	1807	Pit fill	Basal fill of potential tree throw. Light brown loose silty sand with moderate gravel inclusions and some root contamination. Possibly derived from the collapse of	0.99	0.4	0.17	

					sides as material has similar amounts of gravel to the natural.				
18	1809	Fill	1807	Pit fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate sub-angular stone inclusions. Natural accumulation fill within pit 1807	0.79	0.4	0.13	
18	1810	Cut		Ditch	Cut of ditch seen in trenches 19, 20, 21, 23 and 24 - exposed to confirm path of feature but only recorded in plan in this trench.				
19	1900			Topsoil	Mid greyish brown loose silty sand with rare small sub-rounded stone inclusions			0.48	
19	1901			Natural	Light greyish brown/mid yellow silty sand with gravel patches				
19	1902	Cut		Ditch	Linear ditch aligned NE/SW with steep sloped concave sides to a flat base - probably a modern boundary ditch containing modern material (plastic) and blue/white china. Does not appear on any historic mapping available at present time.	1	1.34	0.55	
19	1903	Fill	1902	Ditch fill	Mid grey brown loose silty sand with patches of yellow sand and gravels.	1	1.34	0.55	
20	2000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, mod friable. Silty sand occasional small stone			0.38	
20	2001			Natural	Light orange yellow, friable			0.02	
20	2002	Fill	2003	Ditch fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand, moderate friable, occasional stone, occasional charcoal, clear horizon clarity, hand excavated, sunny. Natural infilling of ditch	1	1.41	0.52	
20	2003	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, steep sides, concave base, orientation NE-SW. Ditch found also in trench T19, T21, T23. Boundary?	1	1.41	0.52	
21	2100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, mod friable. Silty sand occasional small stone			0.47	
21	2101			Natural	Light orange yellow, friable, gravelly sand			0.13	
21	2102	Fill	2103	Ditch fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand, friable, moderate stones small, natural very soft and friable, hand excavated, cloudy. Natural infilling of ditch, no finds.	1	1.3	0.47	
21	2103	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, steep sides, concave base, SW-NE. Same as ditch found in T23. Could be field boundary. Another ditch [2106], shallower runs parallel.	1	1.3	0.47	
21	2104	Fill /	2107	Ditch fill	Light brownish yellow, silty sand, friable, no inclusions, medium horizon clarity, hand excavated/ sunny. Redeposited natural, very soft natural or natural infilling of possible recut, no finds	1	0.63	0.11	

21	2105	Depos	2106	Ditch fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand, friable, moderate small stones, moderate soft sands, hand excavated/sunny. Natural infilling of ditch, no finds, recut by [2107]	1	1.07	0.2	
21	2106	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, moderate sides, concave base, SW-NE orientation. Ditch parallel with another ditch [2103] but shallower, Boundary, has been recut.	1	1.07	0.2	
21	2107	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, moderate sides, concave base, SW-NE orientation, Recut of shallow ditch [2106] repurposed. Parallel with ditch [2103].	1	0.63	0.11	
22	2200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, mod friable. Silty sand occasional small stone			0.4	
22	2201			Natural	Light orange yellow, friable gravelly sand			0.12	
23	2300			Layer	Light brownish grey, sandy silt, friable occasional sub rounded stones			0.36	
23	2301			Layer	Mid orangish yellow sandy gravel			0.1	
23	2302	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, moderate break of slope, top and bottom, concave slight irregular sides, concave base, NE-SW orientation. Possible medieval field boundary, no finds	1	1.36	0.41	
23	2303	Fill	2302	Ditch fill	Mid greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, occasional sub-rounded and sub-angular stones. Clear interface with (2301) slightly indistinct interface with (2304). Moderate evidence of bioturbation roots/ worms. Hand excavated, dry. Mostly natural infill of ditch, no finds.	1	1.35	0.38	
23	2304	Fill	2302	Ditch fill	Light greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, no inclusions. Clear interface with (2301) slightly indistinct interface with (2303), moderate, sign of bioturbation throughout, hand excavated, dry. Natural infill, no finds	1	0.45	0.07	
23	2305	Cut		Ditch cut	Linear ditch, moderate top and bottom break of slope concave side, concave base, NE-SW orientation. No finds. Seems to respect field boundaries, maybe a water management gully.	1	0.49	0.27	
23	2306	Fill	2305	Ditch fill	Mid greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, moderately frequent sub-rounded stones, clear interface with (2301) slight indistinct with (2307), low, no sign of bioturbation, hand	1	0.49	0.14	

					excavated, dry. Natural infill, no finds				
23	2307	Fill	2305	Ditch fill	Mid orangish brown, sandy silt, friable, no inclusions, clear horizon with natural slightly indistinct horizon with (2306), low contamination, hand excavated, dry, natural infill, no finds	1	0.35	0.14	
24	2400			Layer	Light Brownish grey, sandy silt, friable, occasional sub-rounded stones			0.4	
24	2401			Layer	Mid orangish yellow sandy gravel			0.16	
24	2402	Cut		Ditch Cut	Linear ditch, irregular sides, irregular base, N-S orientation, possible ditch, no finds	1	1.3	0.2	
24	2403	Fill	2402	Ditch Fill	Light brownish grey, sandy silt, friable occasional sub rounded stones, clear horizon with natural, low contamination, hand excavated, dry, Natural infill, no finds	1	1.3	0.2	
25	2500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, mod friable. Silty sand occasional small stone			0.48	
25	2501			Natural	Light orangish yellow, friable, gravelly sand			0.12	
26	2600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones			0.3	
26	2601			Natural	Mid yellowish brown, clayey sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones, dark brown silty patches			0.08	
27	2700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones			0.32	
27	2701			Natural	Mid yellowish grey, clayed sand, friable. 10% medium sub-angular stones. Orange yellow sandy/ gravel patches			0.07	
28	2800			Layer	Light brownish grey sandy silt, friable, occasional sub-rounded stones			0.47	
28	2801			Layer	Mid orangish yellow sandy gravel			0.02	
28	2802	Cut		Pit or linear terminus	Obscured, concave sharp both top and bottom on eastern side and moderate on western side, concave base, N-S orientation. Cut off by edge of trench. Possible pit or linear terminus seems to respect field boundaries if linear, impossible to see shape in profile due to trench.	0.5	0.6	0.27	
28	2803	Fill	2802	Fill of Pit or linear terminus	Mid greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, high frequency of charcoal on eastern edge, clear horizon with natural, medium may have some rooting, hand excavated, dry, fill possibly backfill of burnt material, no finds.	0.5	0.6	0.27	
29	2900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones			0.3	

29	2901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones			0.1	
30	3000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones			0.3	
30	3001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones			0.1	
31	3100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones			0.43	
31	3101			Natural	Mid orangey brown, silty clay, patches of yellow clayed sand/ gravel 3% small-medium sub-rounded stones			0.09	
32	3200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, mod friable. Silty sand occasional small stone			0.35	
32	3201			Natural	Light greyish, orangey, yellow, friable sand with patches of stones			0.1	
32	3202	Cut		Cut of pit	Irregular ovoid pit, irregular, irregular shallow concave sloped sides, irregular concave base, approx. E-W long axis, Base of pit likely the rest has been ploughed out. Shallow surviving base of charcoal rich pit mostly ploughed out so only the irregular base survives	0.52	0.37	0.08	
32	3203	Fill	3202	Fill of pit	Mixed layers of pink heat altered silty sand and black charcoal patches, friable with moderate/ frequent charcoal fragments single mixed fill intentional backfill deposit.	0.52	0.37	0.08	
33	3300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
33	3301			Natural	Mid orangey brown, silty clay, patches of yellow clayed sand/ gravel 3% small-medium sub-rounded stones				
34	3400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
34	3401			Natural	Mid orangey brown, silty clay, patches of yellow clayed sand/ gravel 3% small-medium sub-rounded stones				
34	3402	Fill	3404	Fill of pit	Mid greyish brown silty sand, friable fill with occasional small stones and charcoal. Moderate horizon. Hand excavated under sunny weather conditions. Natural infilling probably mixed with (3405) due to soft nature of fills and natural. No finds.	1.09	0.44	0.19	
34	3403	Fill	3404	Fill of pit	Mid reddish orange friable sand with moderate horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Natural exposed to heat. Present in section.	0.44	0.3	0.03	
34	3404	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub circular pit with steep sides and irregular concave base. Cut of pit with burning	1.09	0.44	0.24	

					material dumped in it. No other features on the trench.				
34	3405	Fill	3404	Fill of pit	Dark grey friable sandy silt with frequent charcoal and occasional small stones. Moderate horizon clarity. Low contamination risk. Hand excavated under sunny weather conditions. Probable dumping of burnt / burning material. Possibly mixed with degraded plant material. Sampled. No finds.	0.89	0.44	0.09	
35	3500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
35	3501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
36	3600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
36	3601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
37	3700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
37	3701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
38	3800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
38	3801			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
39	3900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
39	3901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
40	4000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
40	4001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
41	4100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
41	4101			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
42	4200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
42	4201			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
42	4202	Cut		Cut of pit	Covered by bulk but probably circular in plan with moderate sides and flat base. Pit with bottom layer of charcoal and an upper silty layer. One piece of modern pottery.				
42	4203	Fill	4202	Fill of pit	Dark greyish brown (black) friable silty sand with 2% of small rounded stones and charcoal inclusions.				
42	4204	Fill	4202	Fill of pit	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with 2% sub-rounded to sub-angular stones and a clear horizon. This is the top fill of pit [4202] that covers the charcoal fill (4203). One piece of modern pottery.				

43	4300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
43	4301			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
44	4400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
44	4401			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
44	4402	Cut		Cut of gully	Linear cut of gully with moderate and irregular sides and a flat base. Possible gully or disturbance. Natural deposition. Soft natural and same fill everywhere which makes it hard to see.	0.84	0.5	0.16	
44	4403	Depos	4402	Deposit of gully	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional rounded stones and a clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny weather conditions. Natural infilling.	0.5	0.84	0.16	
44	4404	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut of ditch with moderate sides and a flat base. N-S orientation. Cut of possible ditch. Possibly same as [4410] but it's hard to tell with deposit being the same all over this area and possible disturbances, pits, natural hollow surrounding it.	0.5	1.3	0.18	
44	4405	Depos	4404	Deposit of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional rounded stones and a clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy weather conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.	0.5	1.03	0.18	
44	4406	Cut		Cut of gully	Linear cut of gully with moderate sides and concave/irregular base. NW-SE orientation. Possible gully or irregularity. Relationship not visible with other features.	0.5	0.38	0.1	
44	4407	Depos	4406	Deposit of gully	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small rounded stones and clear horizon. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling.	0.5	0.38	0.1	
44	4408	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut of ditch with steep sides and a concave base. E-W orientation. Cut of possible ditch. Impossible to see the relationship with the other features. Same colour fill, not lot of different depths. Could be a larger natural feature with irregular cut cutting real feature. Could not determine it in this trench.		0.86	0.23	
44	4409	Depos	4408	Deposit of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional rounded stones and clear horizon. Hand excavated under rainy weather conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.		0.86	0.23	

44	4410	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut of ditch with steep sides and a concave base. N-S orientation. Cut of possible ditch. Not clear of where it goes on its SE side.	0.5	0.6	0.29	
44	4411	Depos	4410	Deposit of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional rounded stones and clear horizon. Hand excavated under rainy weather conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.	0.5	0.6	0.29	
44	4412	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular cut with steep sides and a flat base. Cut of possible pit or natural disturbance.	0.24	0.25	0.12	
44	4413	Depos	4413	Deposit of pit	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small rounded stones and good horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy weather conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.	0.24	0.25	0.12	
45	4500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
45	4501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
46	4600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
46	4601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
46	4602	Fill	4603	Fill of pit	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with frequent charcoal inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity and a medium contamination risk. Hand excavated under sunny weather conditions. Possible dump of charcoal/ burning material.	0.27	0.2	0.06	
46	4603	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular/ irregular cut in shape with moderate sides and a flat/ irregular base. Cut of possible pit with dumped burnt material. Very irregular shape.	0.75	0.4	0.07	
46	4604	Fill	4603	Fill of pit	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional charcoal inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity and a medium contamination risk. Hand excavated under sunny weather conditions. Mix of natural material and charcoal. Dumped into [4603]?	0.75	0.4	0.07	
47	4700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
47	4701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
47	4702	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular cut with concave/ moderate break of slope, top and bottom. Pit used for disposal of fire waste. No finds in fill.	0.97	0.97	0.16	
47	4703	Fill	4702	Fill of pit	Mixed material with mid greyish brown and dark brownish grey patches. Friable silty sand with	0.97	0.65	0.16	

					occasional small sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon. Low contamination risk with some signs of bioturbation at the edge. Hand excavated under dry conditions. Dump of burnt material. Dumped hot as a quite large layer of heat affected sand has formed. No finds.				
47	4704	Fill	4702	Fill of pit	Mid greyish brown with small patches of dark brownish grey friable sandy silt. Clear horizon and low contamination risk. Hand excavated under dry conditions. Dumped material. No finds.	0.97	0.32	0.16	
48	4800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
48	4801			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
49	4900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
49	4901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
50	5000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
50	5001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
51	5100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
51	5101			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
52	5200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
52	5201			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
53	5300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
53	5301			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
53	5302	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- oval cut in shape with moderate curved/ concave slope on the NW side and a gentle flat slope on the SE side. The base is rounded but uneven. 1m slot. Sub-oval pit without any find and dating evidence. Cuts earlier pit [5306].	1.34	0.8	0.34	
53	5303	Fill	5302	Fill of pit	Mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy clay with 1% small sub- rounded stones and a clear horizon.	1.34	0.8	0.34	
53	5304	Depos	5305	Deposit of pit	Mid orangey/ yellowish brown moderately compact silty sand with occasional charcoal and small stone inclusions. Natural infilling. Disturbed by lenses of natural. No finds. Soft edges.	0.75	0.7	0.11	
53	5305	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular cut in shape with moderate sides and a	0.75	0.7	0.11	

					concave/ irregular base. Possible pit with unknown function. Uneven base but could be due to unstable/ soft material, Near another larger possible pit [5305]. No finds or dating evidence.				
53	5306	Cut		Cut of pit	Oval cut in shape with moderate sides and a concave base. NW- SE orientation.	1.48	1.02	0.16	
53	5307	Fill	5306	Fill of pit	Mid greyish brown friable clayey sand with 2% inclusions of sub- rounded stones and a clear horizon. No finds or Other dating evidence.	1.48	1.02	0.16	
54	5400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
54	5401			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
54	5402	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut in shape with concave/ moderate break of slope top and bottom. SE- NW orientation. Ditch of unknown function that doesn't seem to run entirely parallel with current field boundaries. No dating evidence in the fill.	1	1.3	0.51	
54	5403	Fill	5402	Fill of ditch	Light brownish grey sandy silt, friable, with moderately frequent sub-rounded stones approx. 0.001mx0.02m. Clear horizon with the natural. Low contamination risk with no signs of bioturbation. Hand excavated under dump conditions. Single homogenous fill of linear ditch. Most likely from gradual accumulation from lifetime of feature. No datable evidence found.	1	1.3	0.51	
55	5500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
55	5501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
55	5502	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- ovoid in shape with concave, moderate break of slope top and bottom, and a concave base. Pit of unknown function. Had a copper alloy clasp in the fill.	0.74	0.48	0.12	
55	5503	Fill	5502	Fill of pit	Light brownish grey sandy silt, friable, with occasional sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon with the (5501). Low contamination risk with no signs of bioturbation. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Homogenous natural infill of pit. Contained a copper alloy clasp dating to Early Roman (1st Century) period.	0.74	0.48	0.12	
56	5600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				

56	5601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
57	5700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
57	5701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
58	5800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
58	5801			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
59	5900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
59	5901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
59	5902	Fill	5903	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional charcoal and small stone inclusions. Clear horizon. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.	0.99	0.6	0.37	
59	5903	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut in shape with moderate sides and a concave base. SE- NW orientation. Large but shallow ditch, the same ditch can be seen in T.54. No dating evidence.	0.99	0.6	0.37	
59	5904	Fill	5905	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional charcoal and small stone inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling. No finds.	1.02	0.6	0.14	
59	5905	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear cut in shape with moderate sides and a flat base. SE- NW orientation. Large ditch but very shallow in this slot. Same as [5903]. No dating evidence.	1.02	0.6	0.14	
59	5906	Depos	5908	Deposit of pit	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with moderate charcoal. Moderate horizon clarity and medium contamination risk. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling of pit mixed with charcoal rich layer. No finds.	0.91	0.74	0.23	
59	5907	Depos	5908	Deposit of pit	Dark grey friable silty sand with frequent charcoal and occasional stone inclusions. Medium horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Probable dump of burning material into pit. No finds recovered. Sampled.	0.7	0.5	0.14	
59	5908	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular cut in shape with steep sides and a concave base. Cut of pit where has been dumped burning material near a ditch [5903], [5905]. No finds recovered.	0.91	0.74	0.35	
60	6000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				

60	6001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
61	6100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
61	6101			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
62	6200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
62	6201			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
63	6300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
63	6301			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
64	6400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
64	6401			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
65	6500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
65	6501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
66	6600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
66	6601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
67	6700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
67	6701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
67	6702	Depos	6703	Deposit of ditch	Mid orangey brown friable silty sand with occasional charcoal and small stone inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Natural infilling. No finds or other dating evidence	1.35	0.65	0.19	
67	6703	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear/ curvilinear shape in plan with moderate sides and a concave base. E-W orientation. Cut of probable ditch terminus or elongated pit (in the trench L.O.E). No dating evidence.	1.35	0.65	0.19	
68	6800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
68	6801			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
69	6900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
69	6901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
69	6902	Depos	6903	Deposit of pit	Mid orangey brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone inclusions. Clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Natural infilling. No finds or other dating evidence	0.7	1.14	0.19	

69	6903	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular in shape with moderate sides and a concave base. It's a cut of a possible pit. Irregularities can be due to soft material of the natural and heavy ploughing. No dating evidence. Located near [6905], another possible pit.	0.7	1.14	0.19	
69	6904	Depos	6905	Deposit of pit	Mid orangey brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling of possible pit. No finds or other dating evidence.	0.6	1.45	0.14	
69	6905	Cut		Cut of pit	Sub- circular shape in plan with moderate sides and a concave to flat base. It's a cut of a possible pit disturbed by heavy ploughing and soft material. No dating evidence. Very near to pit [6903].	0.6	1.45	0.14	
70	7000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
70	7001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
70	7002	Fill	7003	Fill of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone inclusions. Moderate horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling of possible ditch. No finds recovered.	0.8	1.55	0.31	
70	7003	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with moderate sides and a concave base. N-S orientation. It's a cut of a possible ditch, heavily ploughed with irregularities.	0.8	1.55	0.31	
70	7004	Depos	7005	Deposit of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone and charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated under rainy conditions. Natural infilling of ditch. One piece of pot found in it.	0.5	2.6	0.6	
70	7005	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with steep sides and a concave (?) base. SE- NW orientation. The excavation had to stop at 0.60m to the ground. Almost had the base. It's a cut of ditch which can be found in another trenches NW to T.70. Steep sides and clear edges. Boundary?	0.5	2.6	0.6	
71	7100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
71	7101			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
72	7200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				

72	7201			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
72	7202	Depos	7203	Deposit of ditch	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional small rounded stones. Clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated. Natural infilling of ditch. Natural infilling. Modern content.	1	2.31	0.53	
72	7203	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with moderate sides and a concave to flat base. NW-SE orientation. It's a cut of a modern ditch running NW-SE.	1	2.31	0.53	
73	7300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
73	7301			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
73	7302	Cut		Modern ditch	Modern ditch, same feature as in Tr72. 2m+ wide, not excavated in this trench.		c.2.3		
73	7303	Fill		Fill of modern ditch	Dark greyish brown friable silty sand with occasional small rounded stones. Clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated. Natural infilling of ditch. Natural infilling. Modern content.		c.2.4		
73	7304	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with steep sides and a concave base. N-S orientation. It's a cut of a terminus of a ditch running N- S. No dating evidence.	0.96	0.49	0.37	
73	7305	Fill	7304	Fill of ditch	Mid yellowish brown friable silty sand with occasional small stone and charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon clarity. Hand excavated under sunny conditions. Natural infilling of ditch terminus. No finds or other dating evidence.	0.96	0.49	0.37	
74	7400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
74	7401			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
75	7500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
75	7501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
75	7502	Cut		Cut of ditch	Indistinct and slightly irregular in shape but appears to be linear/ elongated pit, with concave moderate break of slope top to bottom and a concave base. E-W orientation. Slightly obscured by patches of material fallen in the natural. It's a cut of ditch/ elongated pit with slight irregularities in base. No datable finds in the fill.	0.53	0.34	0.13	
75	7503	Fill	7502	Fill of ditch	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional sub- rounded stones. The	0.53	0.34	0.13	

					horizon is clear at base. Slightly inconsistent as it terminates westward. Moderate contamination risk with some evidence of bioturbation at sides and base. Hand excavated under damp conditions. It's a fill of ditch/ elongated pit. Single, homogenous and likely gradually accumulated over the lifetime of the fill. No finds recovered.				
76	7600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
76	7601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
76	7602	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with moderate sides and a concave base. NW- SE orientation. No dating evidence.	1	1.08	0.32	
76	7603	Fill	7602	Fill of ditch	Mid yellowish brown loose sandy silt with 2% of small to medium sub- rounded stones and a clear horizon.	1	1.08	0.32	
77	7700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
77	7701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
78	7800			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
78	7801			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
79	7900			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
79	7901			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
80	8000			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
80	8001			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
81	8100			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
81	8101			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
82	8200			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
82	8201			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
83	8300			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
83	8301			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
84	8400			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
84	8401			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
85	8500			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				

85	8501			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
86	8600			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
86	8601			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
87	8700			Topsoil	Dark greyish brown, sandy silt, friable, 1% small stones				
87	8701			Natural	Mid orangey grey clayed sand, friable 3% medium sub-rounded stones				
87	8702	Cut		Cut of ditch	Linear shape in plan with a moderate slope and a concave, barely perceptible break of slope. The base is rounded and even. N-S orientation. 1m slot. It's a cut of a shallow ditch N-S aligned. This alignment is similar to a modern field boundary. Likely an old field boundary. No dateable finds in the fill.	>3	1.08	0.25	
87	8703	Fill	8702	Fill of ditch	Dark grey brown with yellow mottling loose sand silt, with occasional sub- rounded stones 5-30mm- 4%. The horizon clarity is good, and the contamination risk is moderate due to ploughing. Trowel, mattock and shovel were used to excavate an 1m slot. It's a fill of a ditch likely occurred due to natural silting. No finds recovered but dark colour and mixed nature of the fill suggest that it's modern.	>3	1.08	0.25	
1	107	Cut		posthole	square posthole, flat based	0.5	0.5	0.45	



APPENDIX B: THE FINDS

Table 1 Bulk finds: quantity by context (initial processing)

Ctxt No.	Pottery		Struck flints		Animal bone		Charcoal		Spot date (initial processing)	Sample No.	Sample Finds
	No	Wt/g	No	Wt/g	No	Wt/g	No	Wt/g			
603										9	Struck flint (2)
703										7	Struck flint (1), Heat-altered flint
1000			1	28						6	Heat-altered flint
1203										5	Heat-altered flint
1205										3	Heat-altered flint
1207											
1500			1	17							
1800			1	5							
1903	1	1							P-Med		
2803										1	Heat-altered flint
3402										12	Heat-altered flint
3405										2	Heat-altered flint
4203	1	1							P-Med	4	Heat-altered flint
4703										17	Heat-altered flint
4704										16	Heat-altered stone
5907											Struck flint (2)
7004	1	6							preh		
7202					5	125	1	1			

Table 2 Lithics (struck flints)

Context	Category	Description	Count	Weight (g)	Spot-date
603 <9>	Flint (broken)	Flake	2	1	-
703 <7>	Flint (on flake blank)	Side scraper	1	4	-
1000	Flint	End-and-side scraper (RA 2)	1	28	-
1500	Flint	Plano-convex knife (RA 3)	1	17	-
1800	Flint	End-and-side scraper (RA 1)	1	5	-
5907 <14>	Flint	Flake	2	16	-

Table 3 Catalogue of Recorded artefacts (RA)

Ra No	Context	Object	Material	Finds Category	No of Pieces	Weight (g)	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Depth (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Photos	XRays	Cons	Display	Description	Period
1	1800	Scraper	Flint	MT	1	4.9	27.9	21.8	8.4						Light brown flint, sub-oval in plan. Retouch around distal end.	Pre
2	1000	Scraper	Flint	MT	1	28.4	56.7	37.9	12.7						Weathered grey flint. Sub-oval in plan; triangular in cross section. Retouch around distal end.	Pre
3	1500	Tool/knife	Flint	MT	1	16.4	56.7	29.9	9						Grey flint, leaf-shaped; convex in profile. Worked over dorsal face.	Pre
4	5503	Brooch	Copper alloy	DA	1	3.17	17.7	25.1	4.6			DR0051			Brooch: incomplete cast bow brooch - Colchester derivative type. Only the head and upper bow survive intact, the remainder of the object missing due to old breaks. It has a circular-sectioned winged head with an internal axis bar with a centrally placed rectangular slot for hinging the pin (now missing). Grooved decoration on one wing; surfaces are very corroded. The bow is 'D' shaped in section.	Roman: AD 43-100

Table 4 Animal bone

Ctxt	Ctxt Qty	Wt (g)	Species	NISP	Age	Element range	Comments
7202	5	125g	Goat	5	adult	Fragments of humerus, radius, ulna, metacarpal, proximal phalange	Wide and robust, ?male Arthritis on radius and ulna.



APPENDIX C: THE PALAEOENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE

Table 5. Plant Macrofossils and other environmental data (Samples 1-10)

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Context No.	2803	3405	1207	4203	1205	1203	0703	0704	0603	0203
Cut No.	2802	3404	1206	4202	1204	1202	0702	0702	0602	0202
Feature type	ditch	pit	pit	pit	ditch	ditch	pit	pit	ditch	pit
Trench	28	34	12	4	12	12	7	7	6	2
Cereals/other food plants										
? <i>Hordeum</i> sp. (grains)										
Tree/shrub charred										
<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.										
<i>Quercus</i> sp. involucre frag										
Ericaceae stem frags				#			#			
Indent ?bud										#
Weeds/other charred										
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> ? culm							#			#
<i>Carex</i> sp.				#						
?Poaceae seed				#						
Poaceae culm frags?				#						
? <i>Brassica</i> ? <i>Salvia</i> sp.				x			#			
<i>Galium</i> sp.					#					
Other plant macrofossils										
Charcoal 0-5mm	xxx	x	xxx	xxx	xxx	xx	xxx	x		xxx
Charcoal 5-10mm	xxx	xxx	xxx	x	xx	x	xx	xxx		xxx
Charcoal >10mm	xx	xxx	x	x	x			xxx		xx
Non-floating residue										
Poaceae culm frags?			#							
Charcoal 0-10mm	x	xxx	x		x	x	x	xxx	x	x
Ferrous globules				#						
Coal / clinker						#			#	
Sample volume (litres)	30	40	20	20	40	20	40	20	40	10
Volume of flot (ml)	2300	2000	200	20	100	10	400	2200	0	400
Flot sorted %	44%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	45%	0%	100%
C14 suitable material	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Yw	Yw	Yw
Species id	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	P	Y	N	Yw
Further date	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	N	N

Table 5. Plant Macrofossils and other environmental data (cont. Samples 11-17)

Sample No.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Context No.	3203	3402	4602	5907	5503	4704	4703
Cut No.	3202	3404	4603	5908	5502	4702	4702
Feature type	pit	pit	pit	pit	pit	pit	pit
Trench	32	34	46	59	55	47	47
Cereals/other food plants							
? <i>Hordeum</i> sp. (grains)		#					
Tree/shrub charred							
<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.		#					
<i>Quercus</i> sp. involucre frag		#					
Ericaceae stem frags		#		#		#	
Indent ?bud						#	
Weeds/other charred							
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> ? culm		#					
<i>Carex</i> sp.							
?Poaceae seed							#
Poaceae culm frags?		#			#	#	
? <i>Brassica</i> ? <i>Salvia</i> sp.		#		#			
<i>Galium</i> sp.							
Other plant macrofossils							
Charcoal 0-5mm		xxx	xxx	xxx	x	xxx	xxx
Charcoal 5-10mm		xxx	xxx	xx	x	xxx	xxx
Charcoal >10mm		xxx	x		x	xxx	xx
Non-floating residue							
Poaceae culm frags?							
Charcoal 0-10mm	x			x	x	xx	x
Ferrous globules							
Coal / clinker							
Sample volume (litres)	10	40	10	40	20	30	10
Volume of flot (ml)	0	1300	200	110	40	1700	400
Flot sorted %	0%	75%	100%	100%	100%	60%	100%
C14 suitable material	Yw	Yw	Yw	Yw	Yw	Yw	Yw
Species id	N	Y	Y	Y	Yw	Y	Y
Further date	N	P	N	P	N	P	N

APPENDIX D: OASIS REPORT FORM

OASIS ID: cotswold2-360562

Project details

Project name	LVT 087 Sizewell C Enablement Works - Freight Management Site
Short description of the project	An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in September 2019 on land at Seven Hills, Levington, southeast of Ipswich, Suffolk, as part of the Sizewell C ancillary works (Freight Management Site). Eighty-six trenches were excavated across the site, with one trench not excavated to maintain site access routes. The evaluation revealed activity on site believed to date to the Late Bronze Age period (with known barrow mounds in the western half of the field not investigated at this time), as well as modern field boundary ditches. A single sherd of Bronze Age pottery was recovered, although the results of the environmental sample processing are still pending and could yield further dating evidence.
Project dates	Start: 09-09-2019 End: 01-10-2019
Previous/future work	No / Not known
Any associated project reference codes	LVT 087 - HER event no.
Any associated project reference codes	SU0043 - Contracting Unit No.
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 3 - Operations to a depth more than 0.25m
Monument type	BARROW Bronze Age
Monument type	PIT Roman
Monument type	DITCH Modern
Monument type	PIT Uncertain
Monument type	DITCH Uncertain
Significant Finds	POTTERY Bronze Age
Significant Finds	BROACH Roman
Methods & techniques	"Sample Trenches","Targeted Trenches","Metal Detectors"
Development type	Car park (flat)
Development type	Ground level freight storage area
Prompt	DCO
Position in the planning process	Pre-application

Project location

Country	England
Site location	SUFFOLK SUFFOLK COASTAL BUCKLESHAM Sizewell C Enablement Works - Freight
Postcode	IP10 0LT
Study area	9.6 Hectares
Site coordinates	TM 2396 4069 52.018790427178 1.264440028816 52 01 07 N 001 15 51 E Point
Height OD / Depth	Min: 23.5m Max: 25m

Project creators

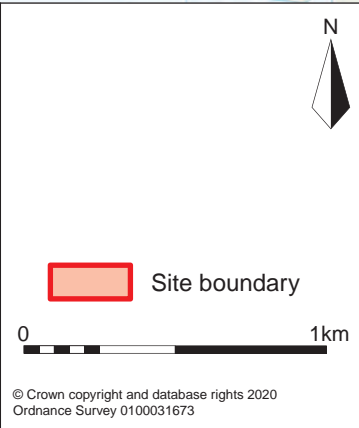
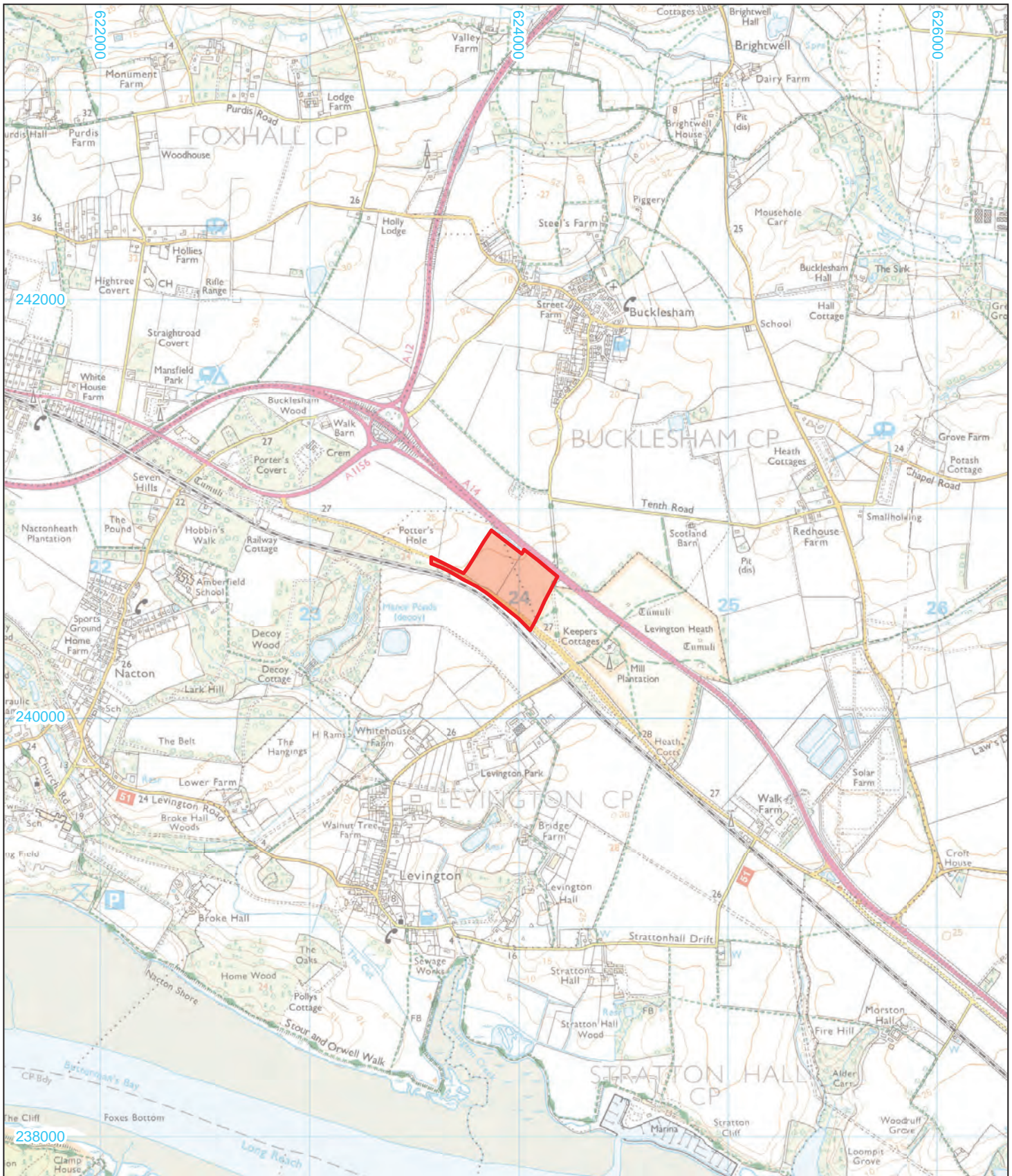
Name of Organisation	Cotswold Archaeology
Project brief originator	Suffolk County Council Archaeological Services
Project design originator	AMEC Foster Wheeler
Project director/manager	Rhodri Gardner
Project supervisor	Simon Cass
Type of sponsor/funding body	Electricity Authority/Company
Name of sponsor/funding body	EDF Energy

Project archives

Physical Archive recipient	Suffolk HER
Physical Contents	"Environmental", "Metal", "Worked stone/lithics", "Ceramics"
Digital Archive recipient	Suffolk HER
Digital Contents	"Ceramics", "Environmental", "Metal", "Survey", "Worked stone/lithics"
Digital Media available	"Database", "GIS", "Images raster / digital photography", "Spreadsheets", "Survey", "Text"
Paper Archive recipient	Suffolk HER
Paper Contents	"Ceramics", "Environmental", "Metal", "Stratigraphic", "Survey", "Worked stone/lithics"
Paper Media available	"Context sheet", "Notebook - Excavation", " Research", " General Notes", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section", "Survey "

Project bibliography 1

Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	Freight Management Site Sizewell C Project, Levington Suffolk Archaeological Evaluation
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Boulter, S. and Cass, S.
Other bibliographic details	SU0043_3
Date	2020
Issuer or publisher	Cotswold Archaeology
Place of issue or publication	Needham Market
Entered by	Simon Cass (simon.cass@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk)
Entered on	16 September 2020





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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
 Site location plan

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	15.06.20	
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A4	1:25,000	1



- Site boundary
- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Deposit
- Modern
- Tree-throw pit



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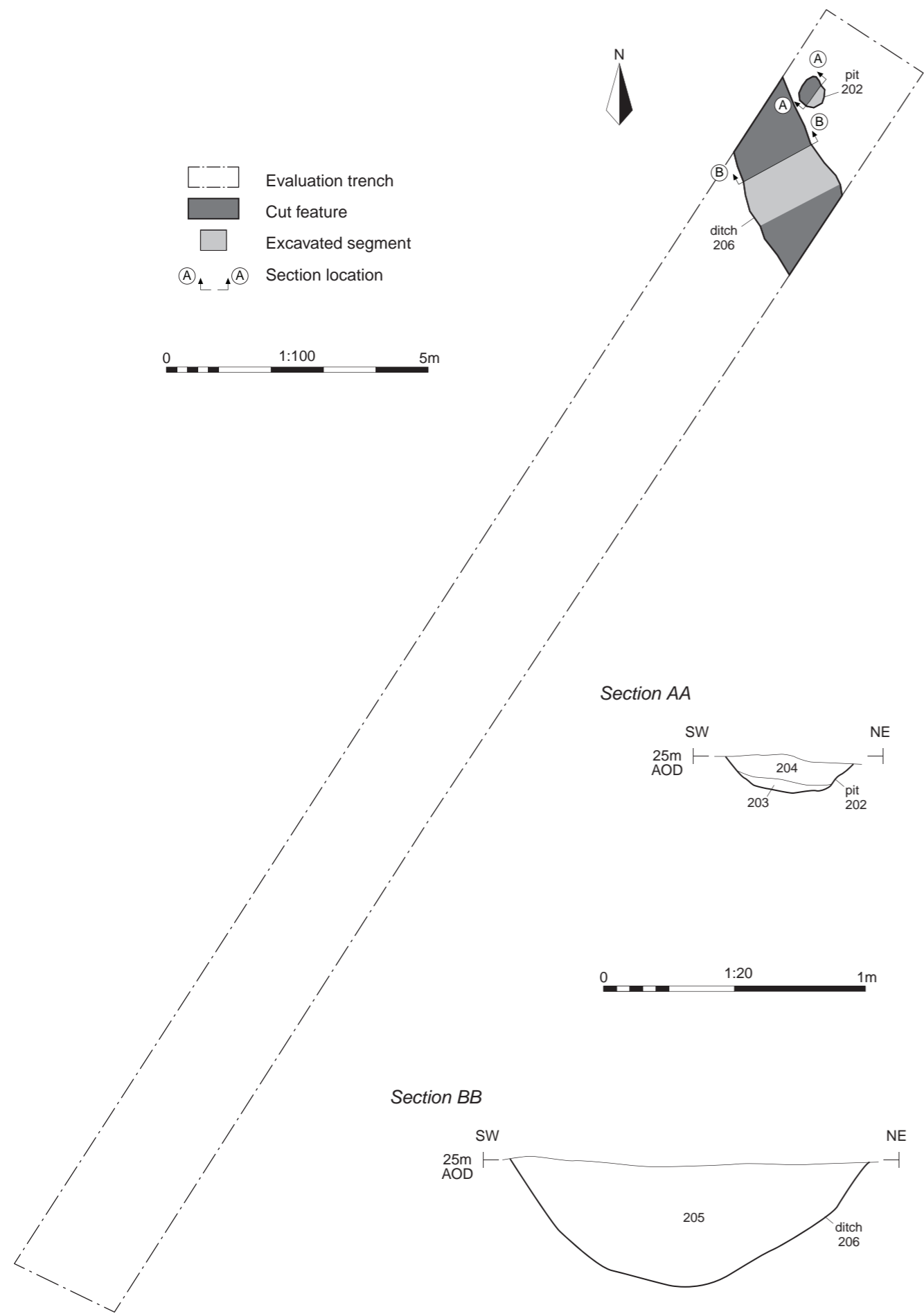
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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C Project,
 Levington, Suffolk

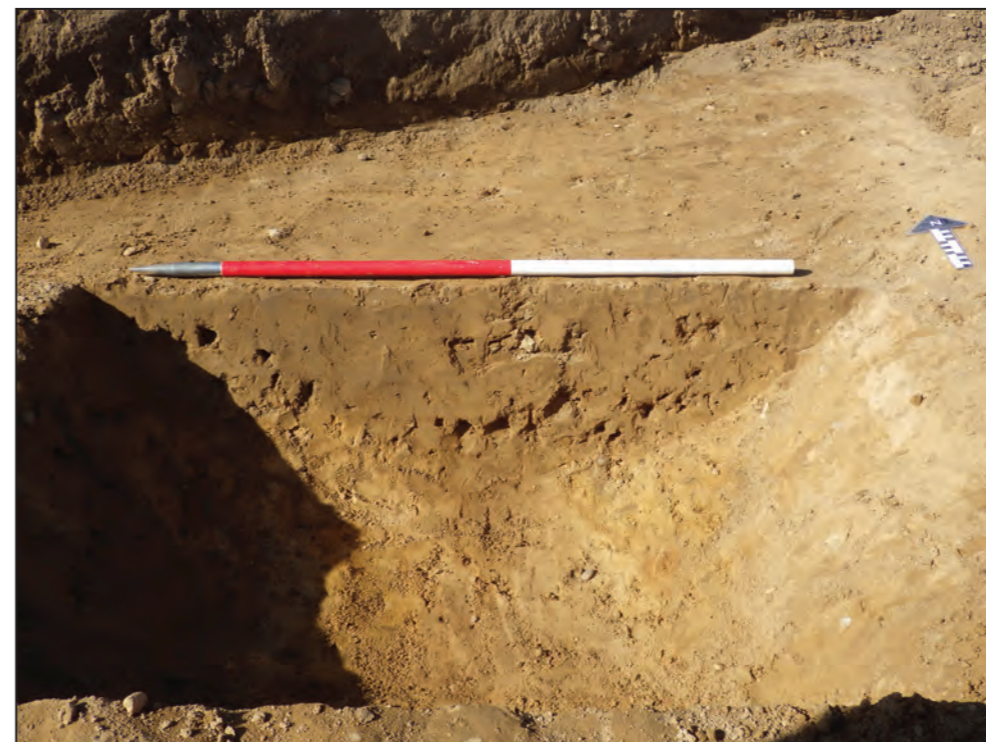
FIGURE TITLE
Trench location plan

DRAWN BY RP	PROJECT NO. SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY DJB	DATE 15.06.20	2
APPROVED BY Rhg	SCALE @A3 1:1500	

D:\Users\rosanna.price\appdata\local\temp\AcPublish_106888\SU0043_Freight_Site_Sizewell\Fig 02.dwg



Pit 202, looking north-west



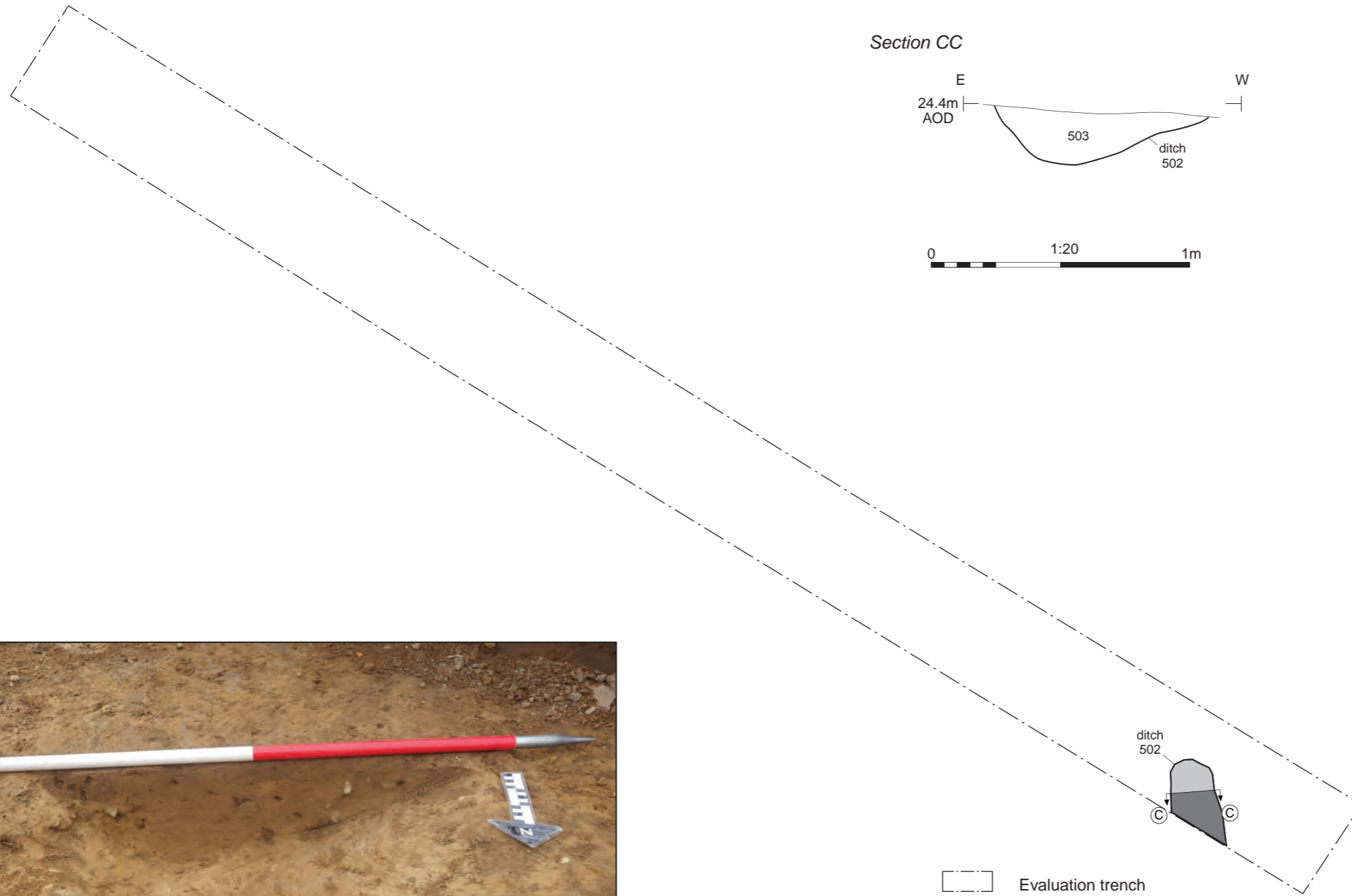
Ditch 206, looking north, (1m scale)

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PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 2: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
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APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	

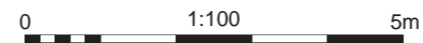


Section CC



Ditch 502, looking south (1m scale)

- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location



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PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
Trench 5: plan, section and photograph



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location

0 1:100 5m



Section DD



0 1:20 1m



Ditch 602, looking east (1m scale)

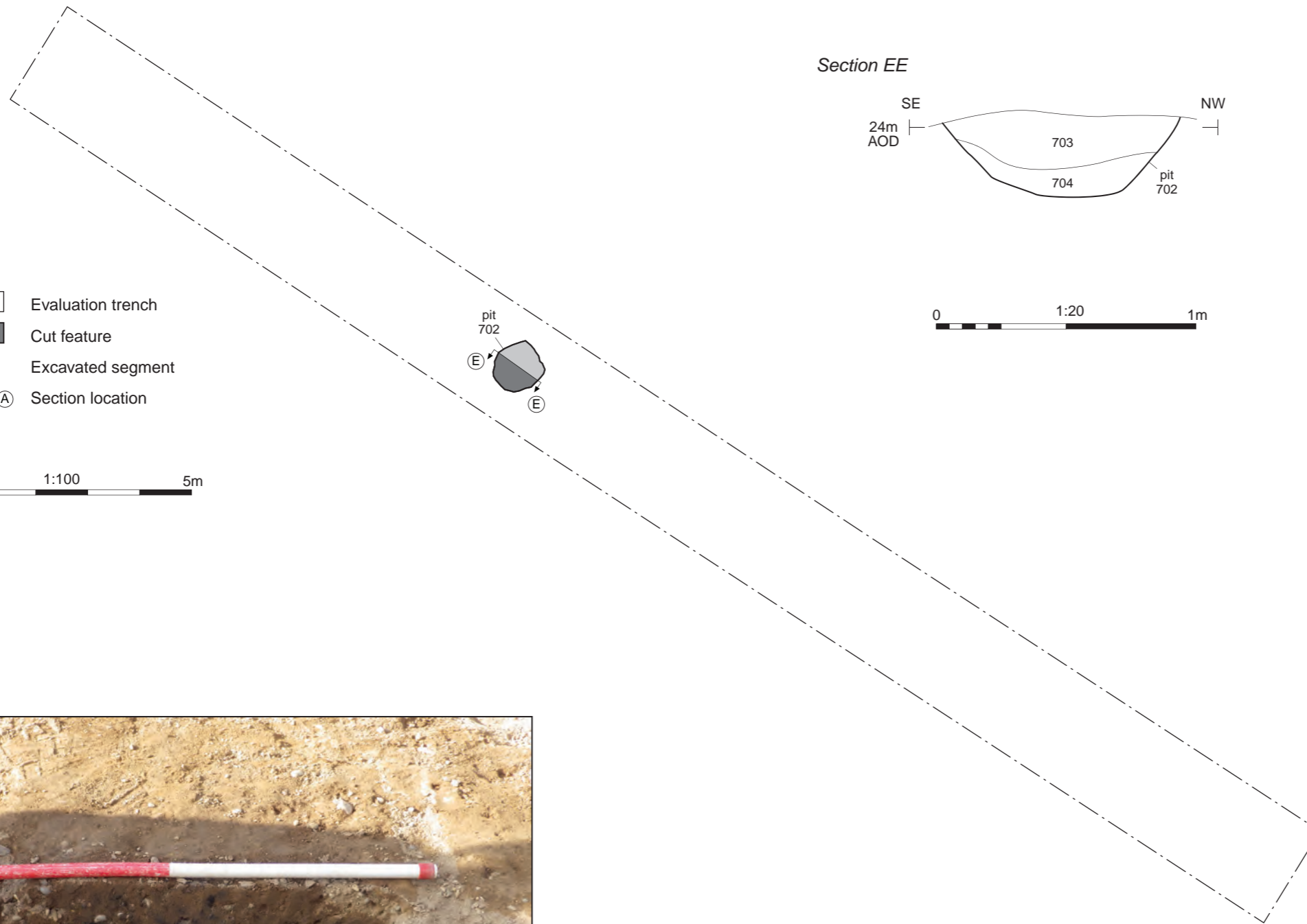


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PROJECT TITLE
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 Project, Lvington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 6: plan, section and photograph

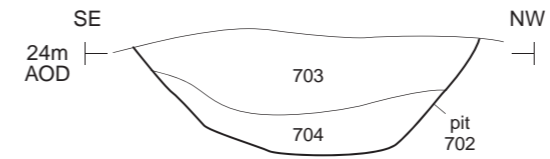
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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	5
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location

0 1:100 5m

Section EE



0 1:20 1m



Pit 702, looking south-west (1m scale)

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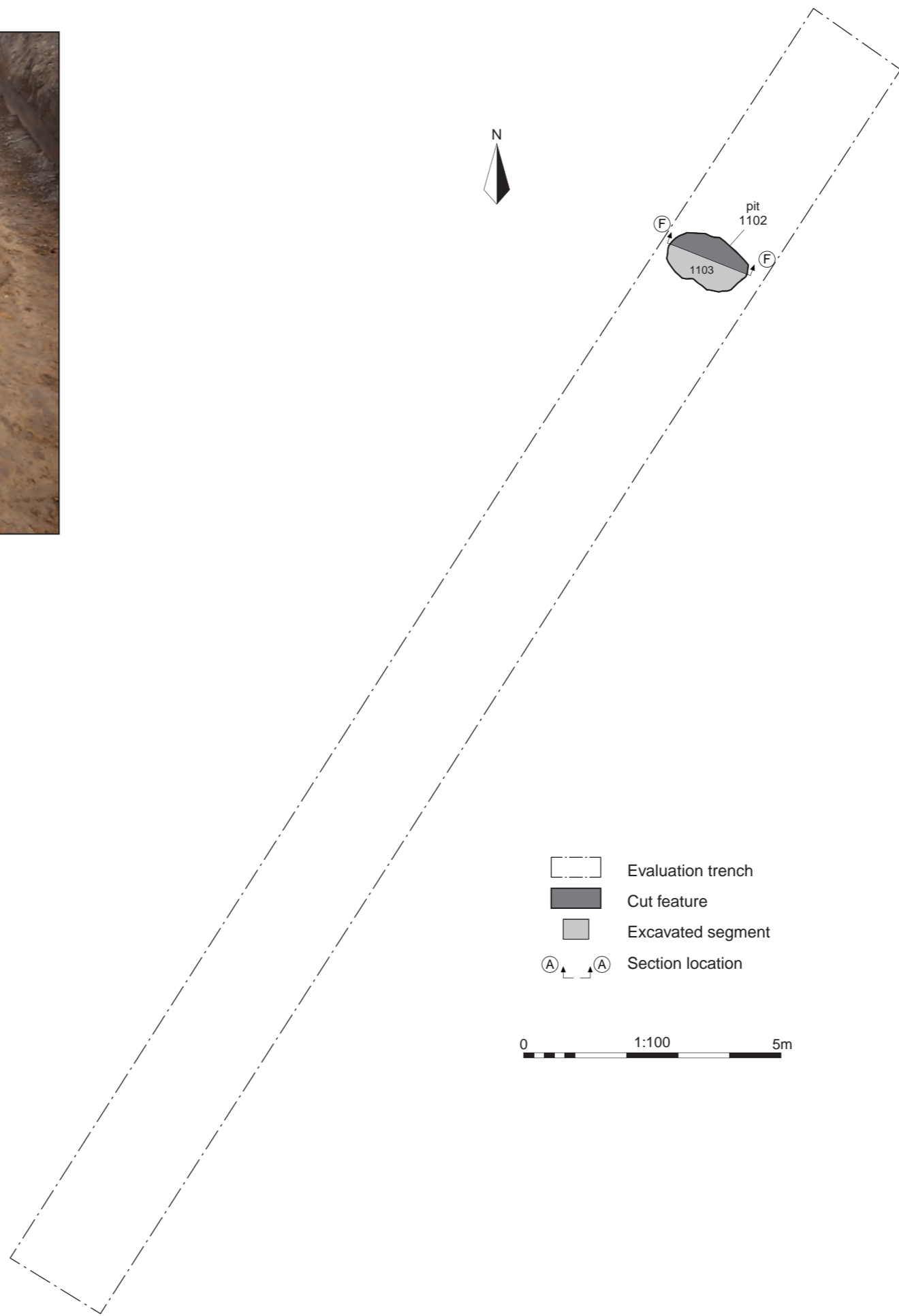
PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 7: plan, section and photograph

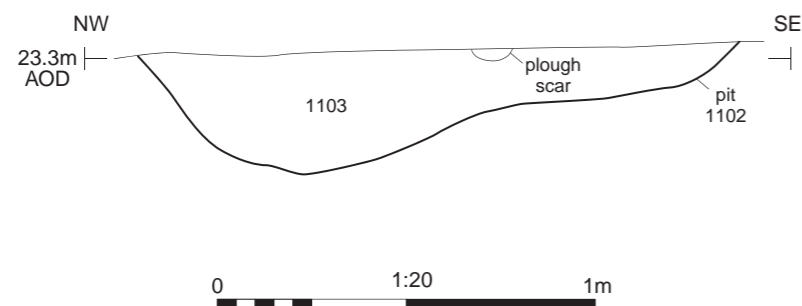
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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	6
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	







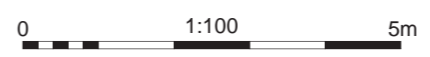
Pit 1102, looking north-east (1m scale)



Section FF



-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location

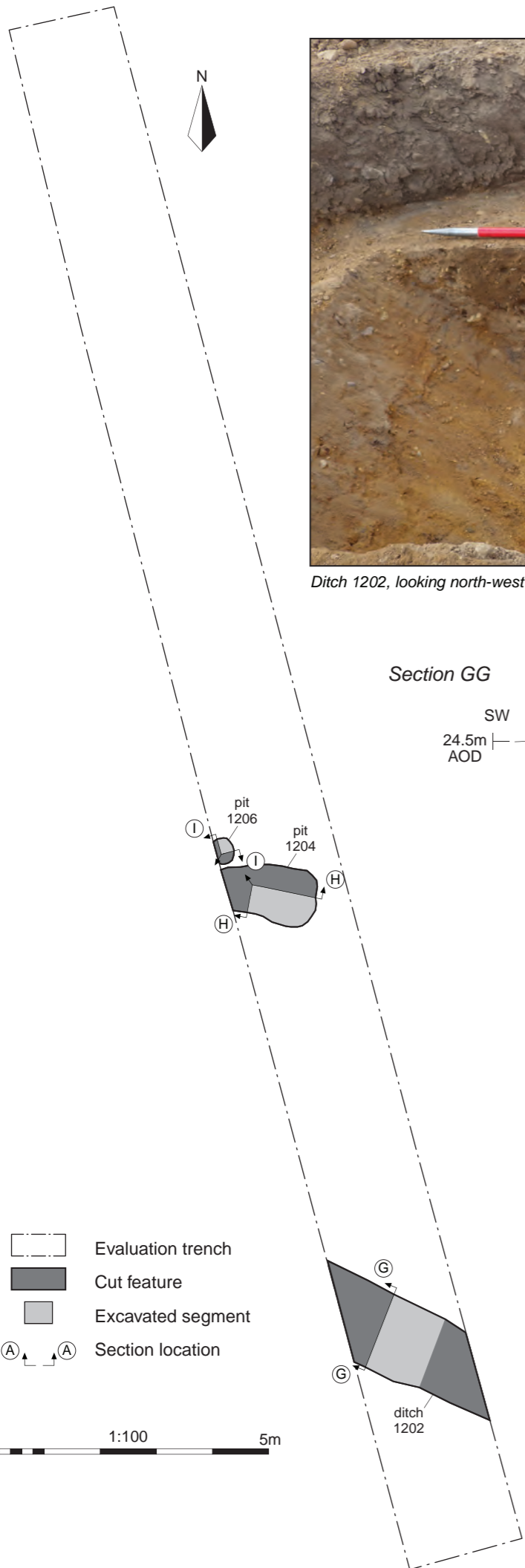



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PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 11: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	7
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	

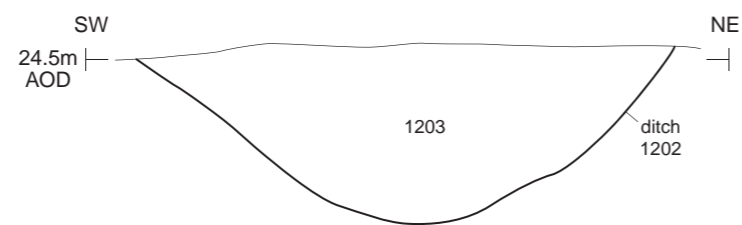


Ditch 1202, looking north-west (1m scale)

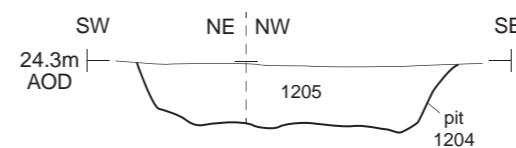


Pit 1204, looking north-west (1m scale)

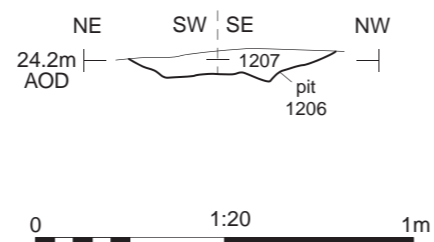
Section GG



Section HH



Section II



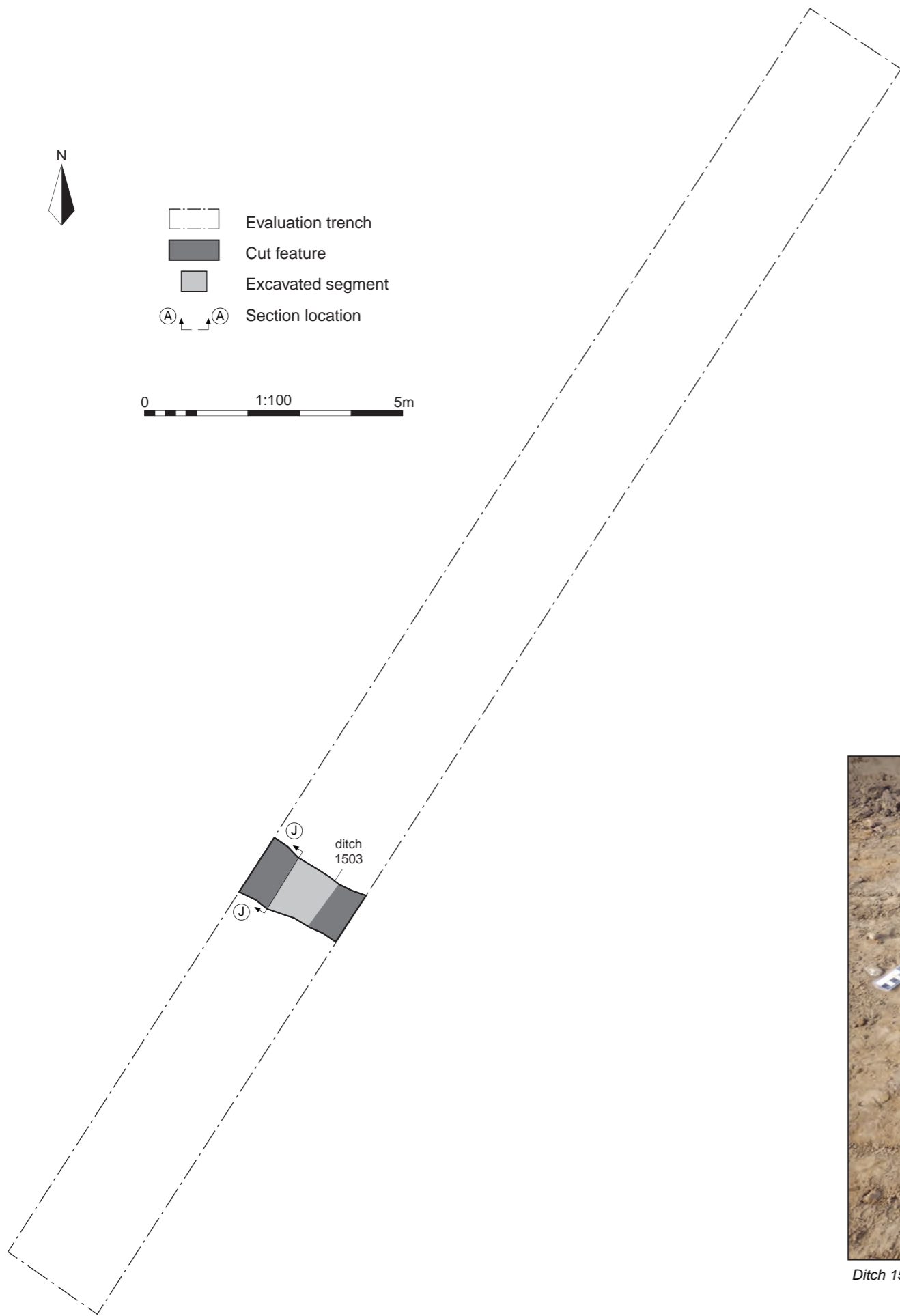
Pit 1206, looking west (1m scale)

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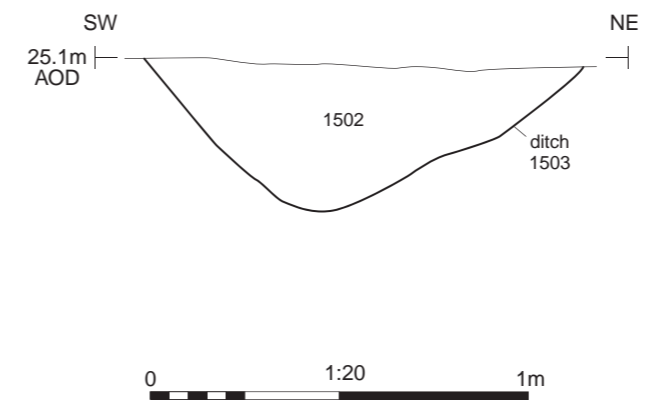
PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 12: plan, sections and
 photographs

DRAWN BY RP PROJECT NO. SU0043 FIGURE NO.
 CHECKED BY DJB DATE 01.09.20
 APPROVED BY RhG SCALE @A3 1:20 & 1:100 8



Section JJ



Ditch 1503, looking north-west (1m scale)


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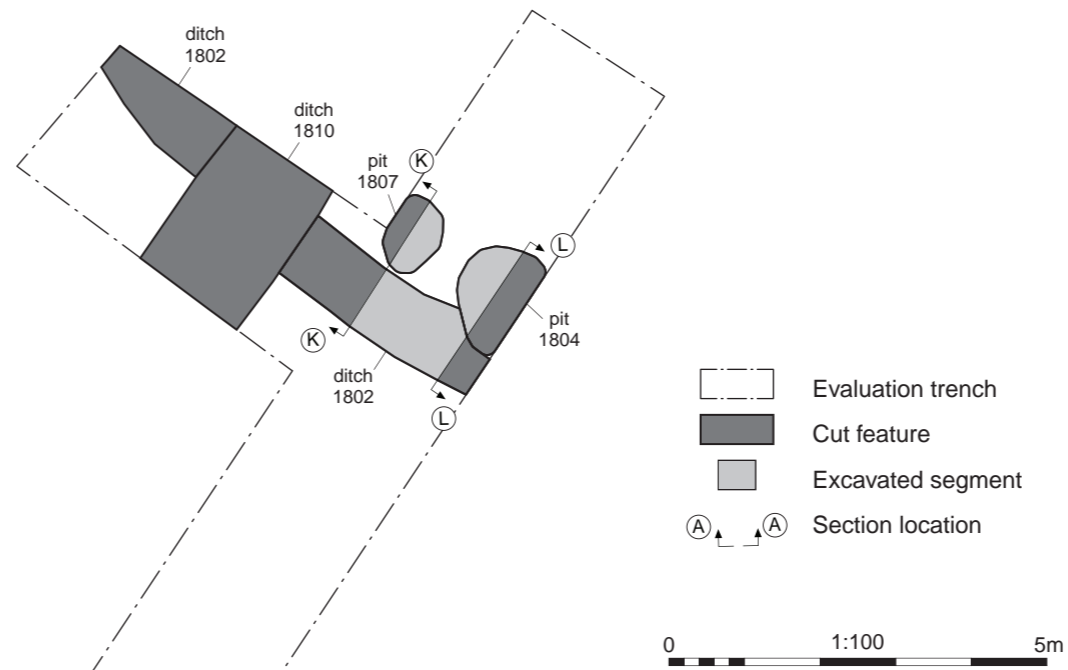
PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 15: plan, section and
 photograph**

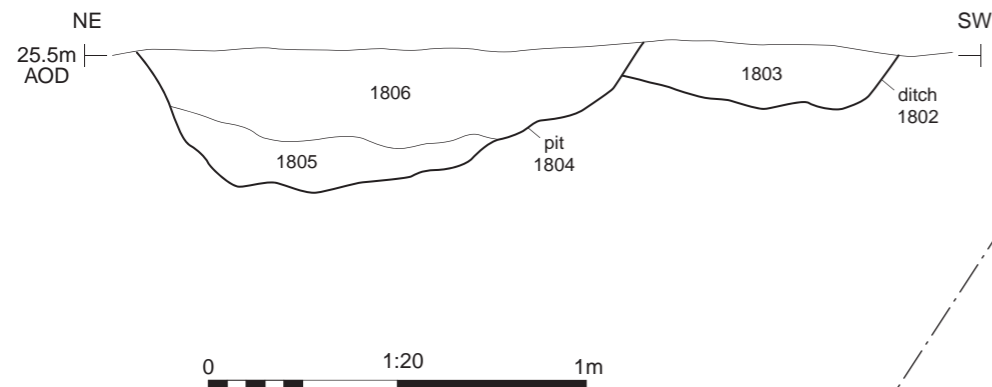
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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	9
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



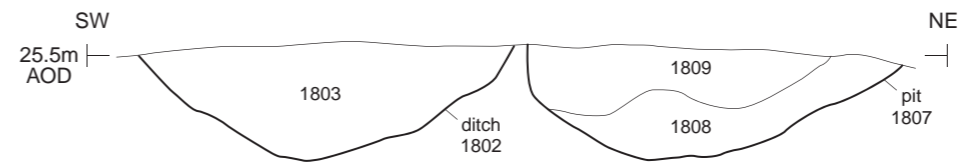
Ditch 1802 and pit 1804, looking south-east (1m scale)



Section KK



Section LL



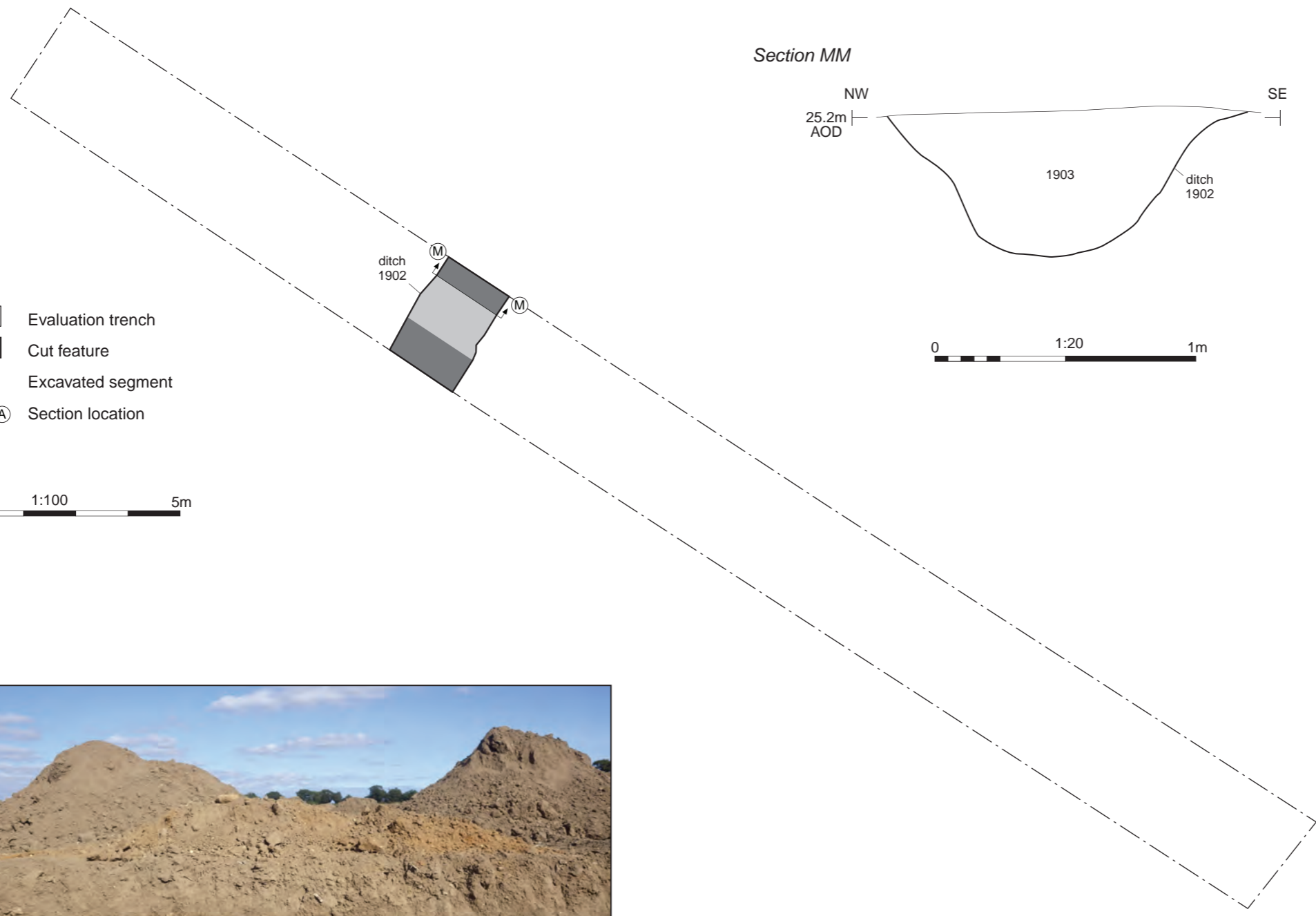
Ditch 1802 and pit 1807, looking north-west (1m scale)






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PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk**

FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 18: plan, sections and
 photographs**

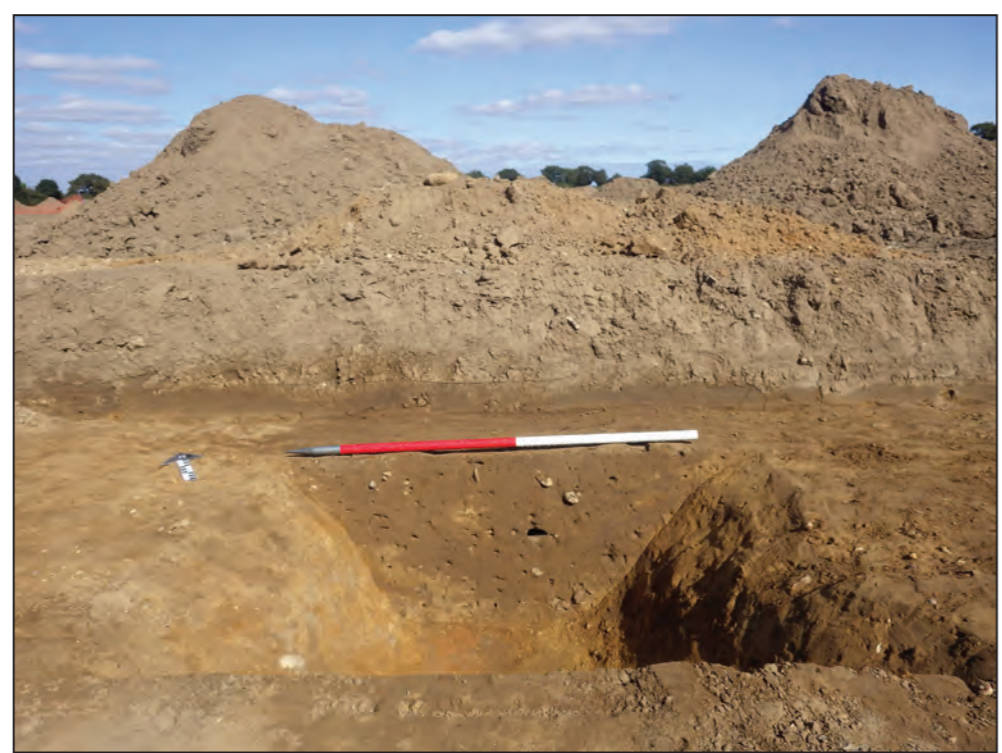
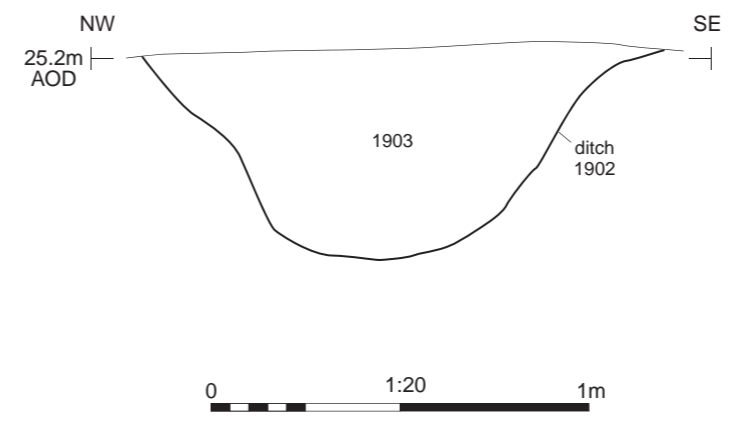
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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	10
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location

0 1:100 5m

Section MM



Ditch 1902, looking northeast, 1x1m scale






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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Lvington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
Trench 19: plan, section and photograph

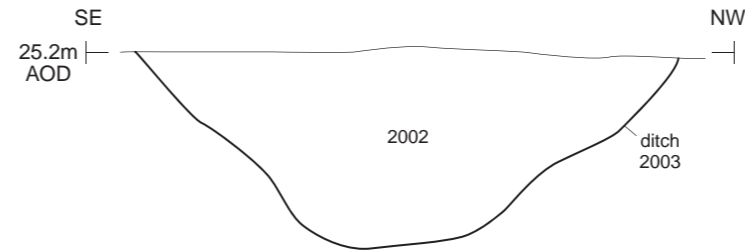
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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	11
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location

0 1:100 5m

Section NN



0 1:20 1m



Ditch 2003, looking south-west (1m scale)


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PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk**

FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 20: plan, section and
 photograph**

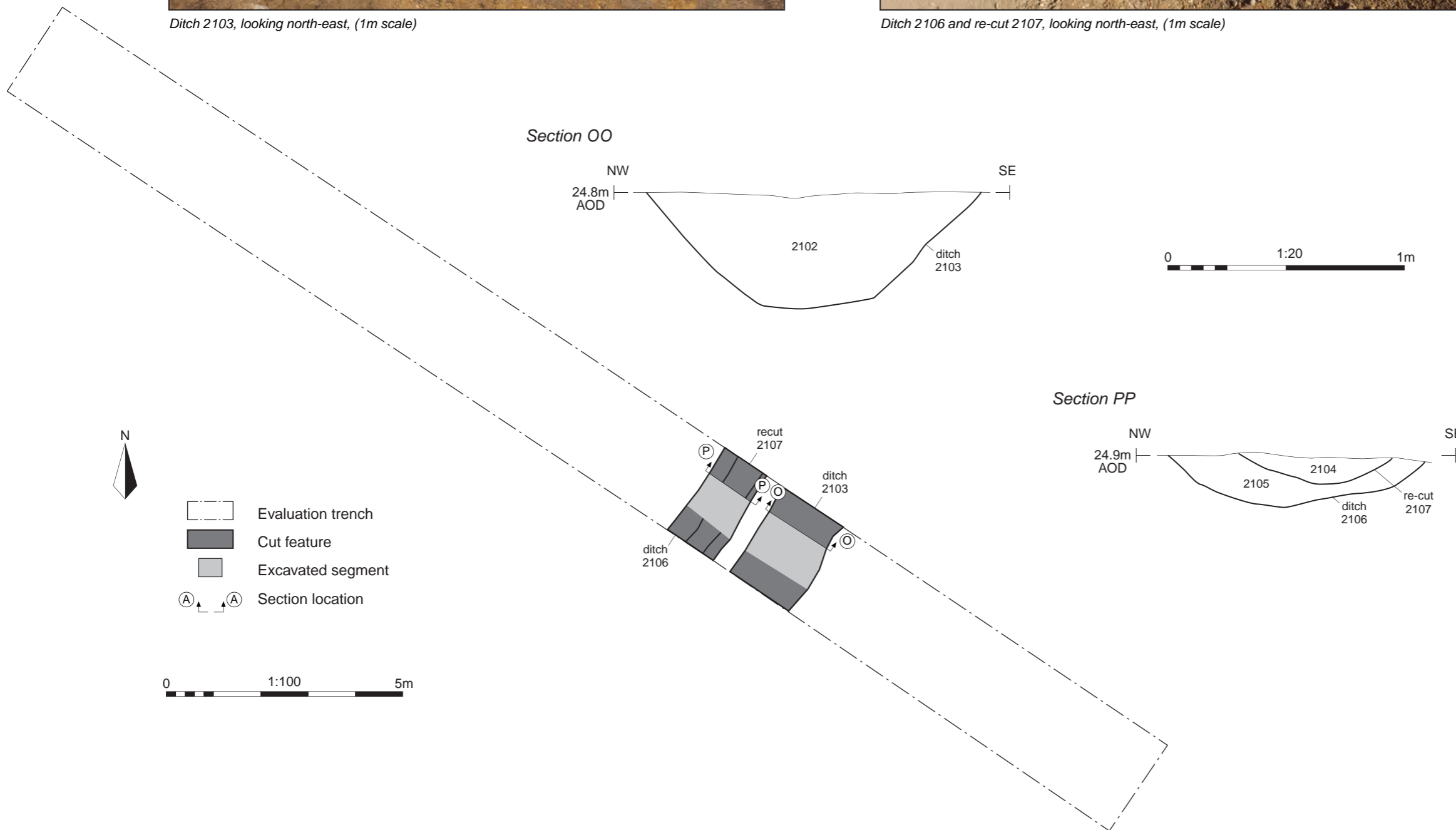
DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	12
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 2103, looking north-east, (1m scale)



Ditch 2106 and re-cut 2107, looking north-east, (1m scale)



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location

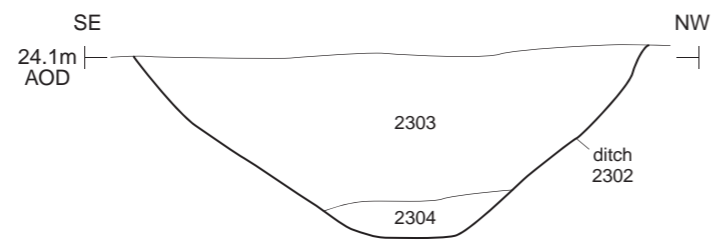
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PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 21: plan, sections and
 photographs**





DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	13
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	

Section QQ



Ditch 2302, looking south-west (1m scale)

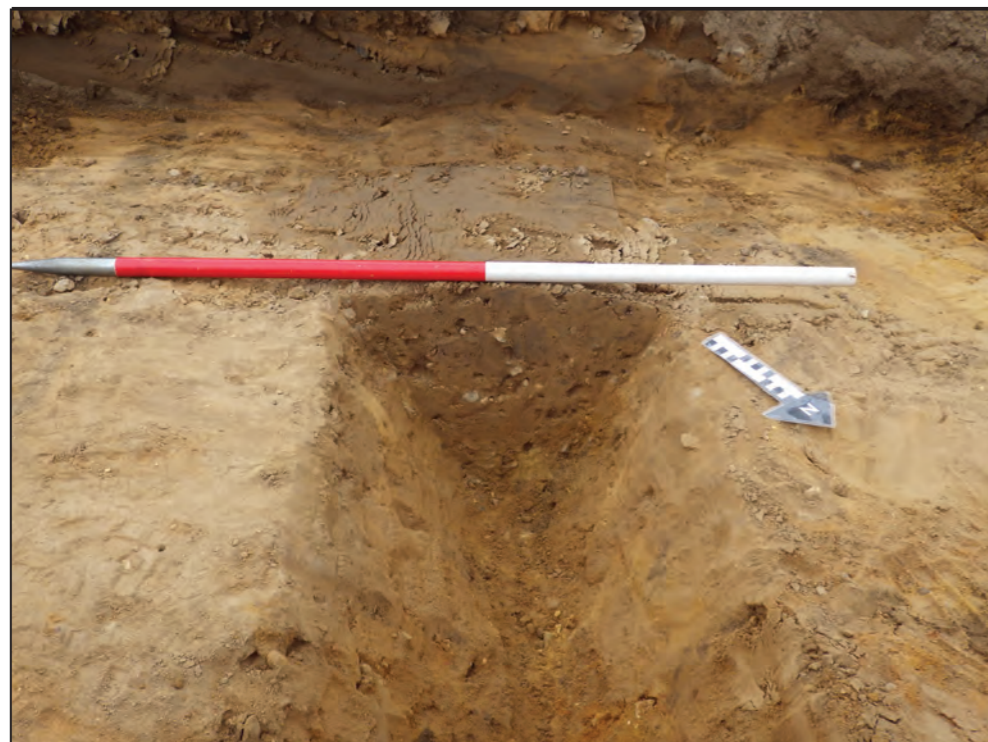


-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location



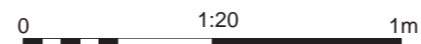
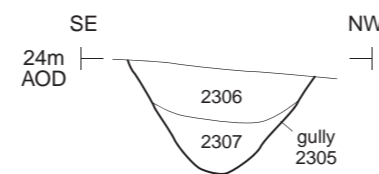
ditch 2302

gully 2305



Gully 2305, looking south-west (1m scale)

Section RR




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PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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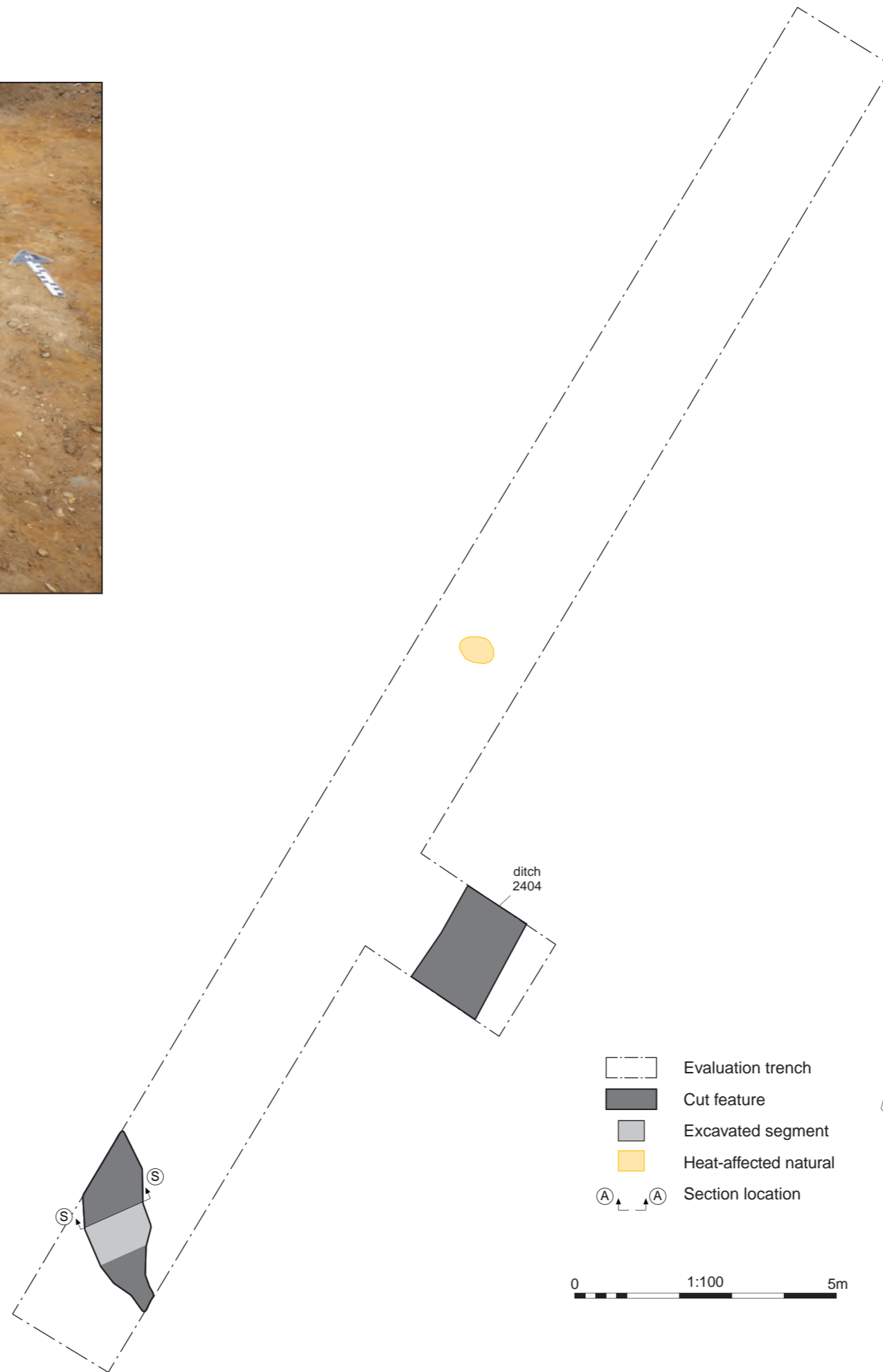
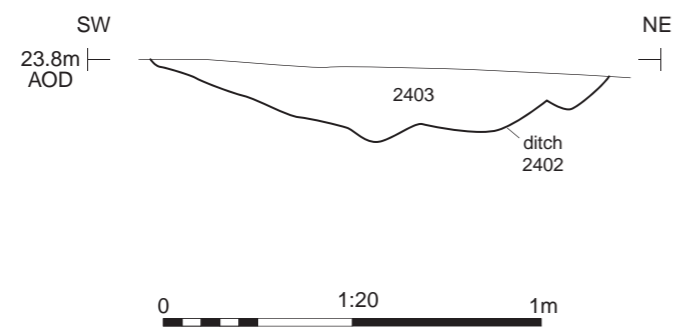
FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 23: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	14
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE @A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 2402, looking north-east (1m scale)

Section SS

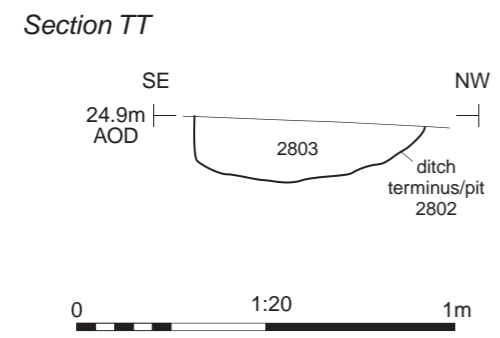
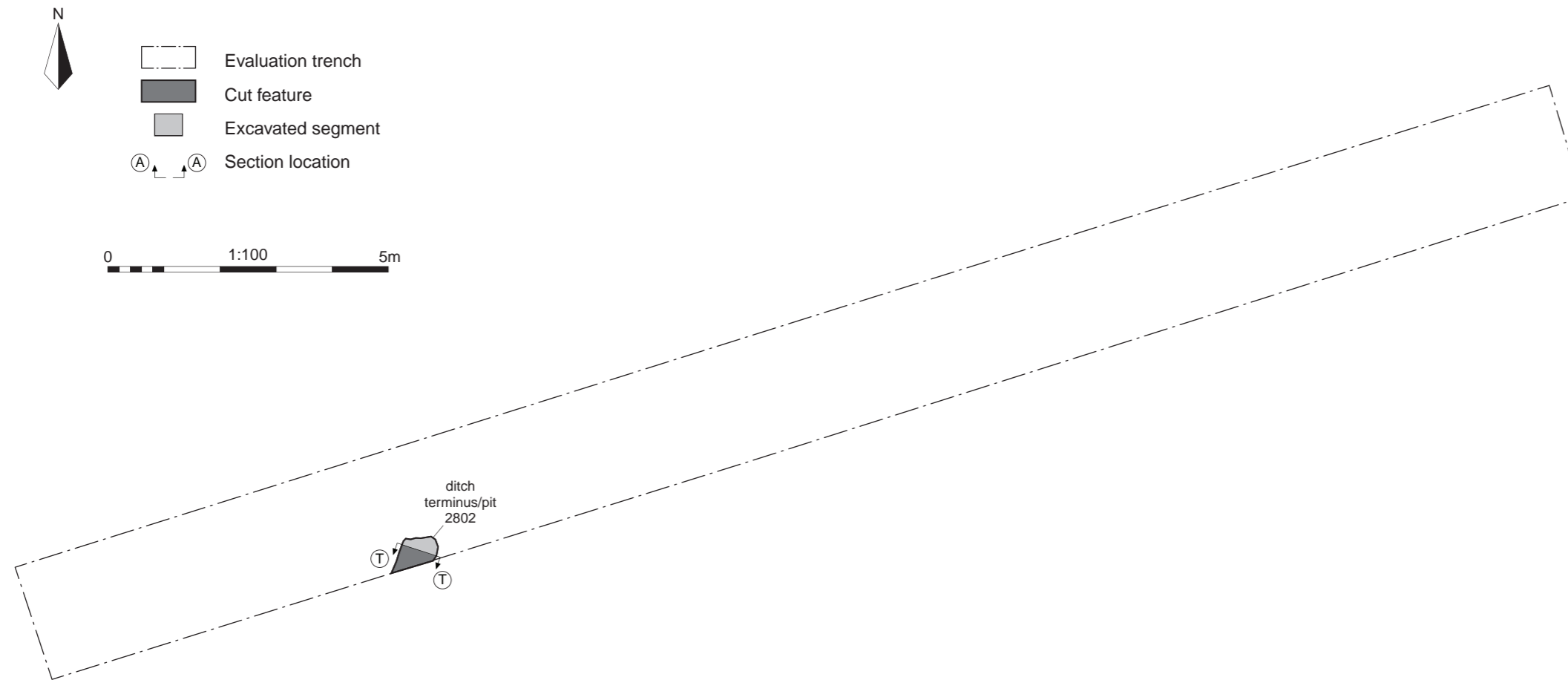


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PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 24: plan, section and
 photograph

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	15
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



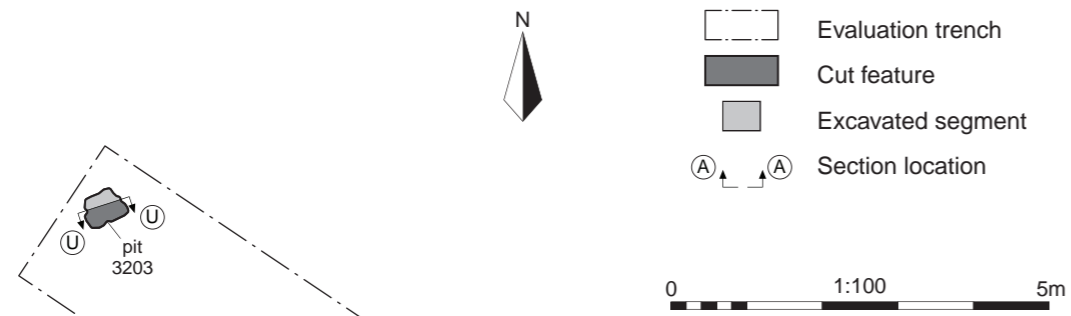
Ditch terminus/pit 2802, looking south (1m scale)

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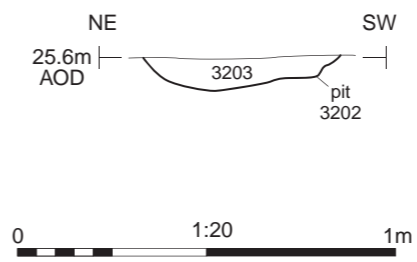
PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 28: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	16
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Section UU



Pit 3202, looking south (1m scale)

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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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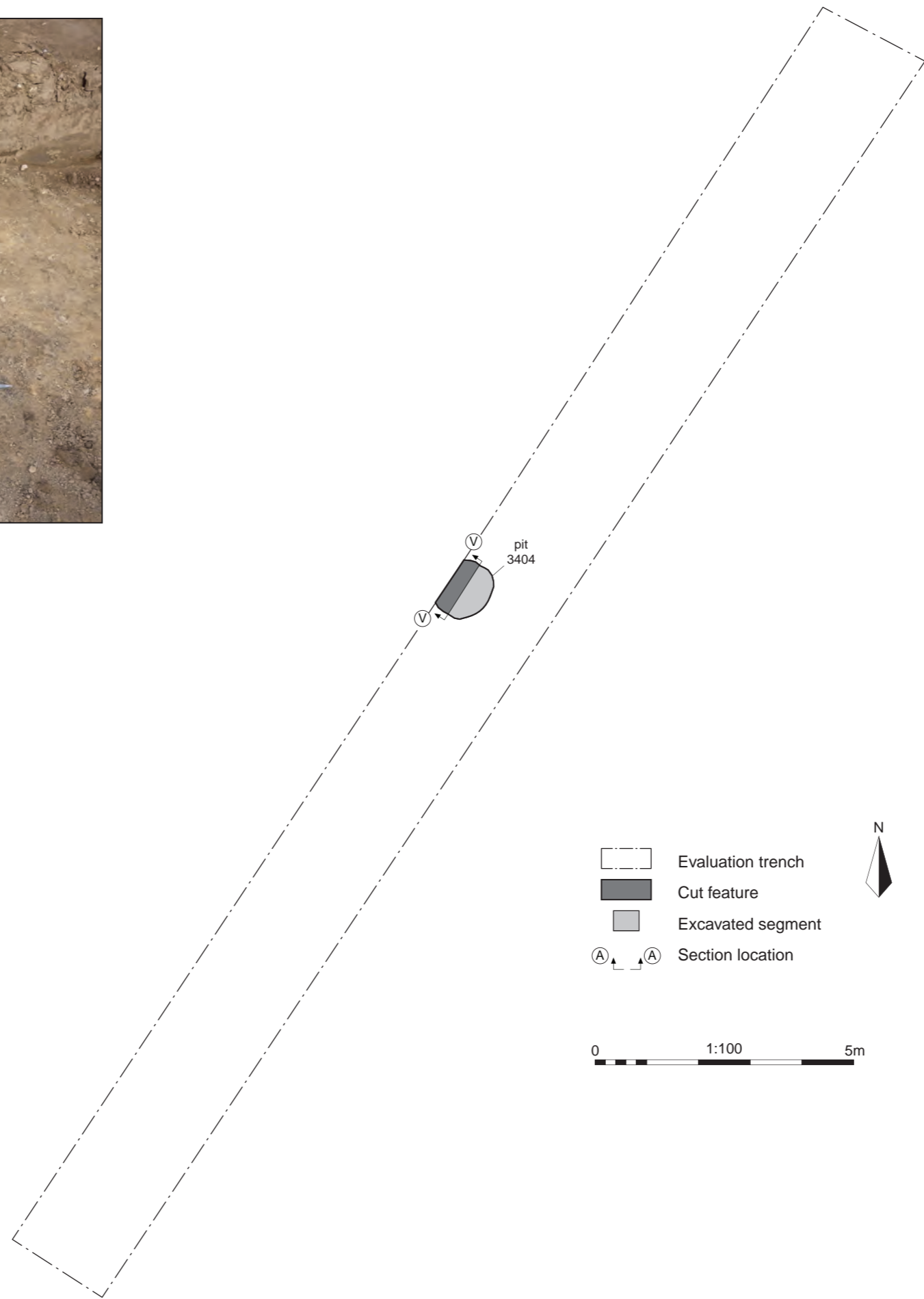
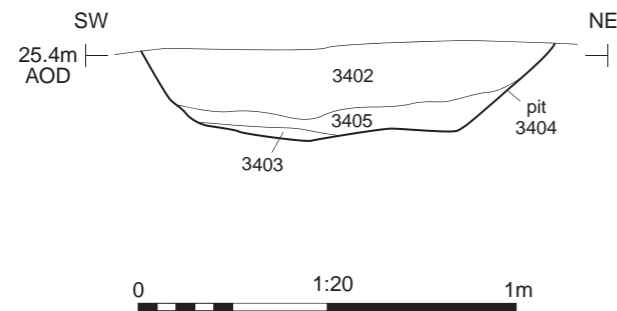
FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 32: plan, section and
 photograph

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	17
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE @A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Pit 3404, looking north-west (1m scale)

Section VV




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PROJECT TITLE
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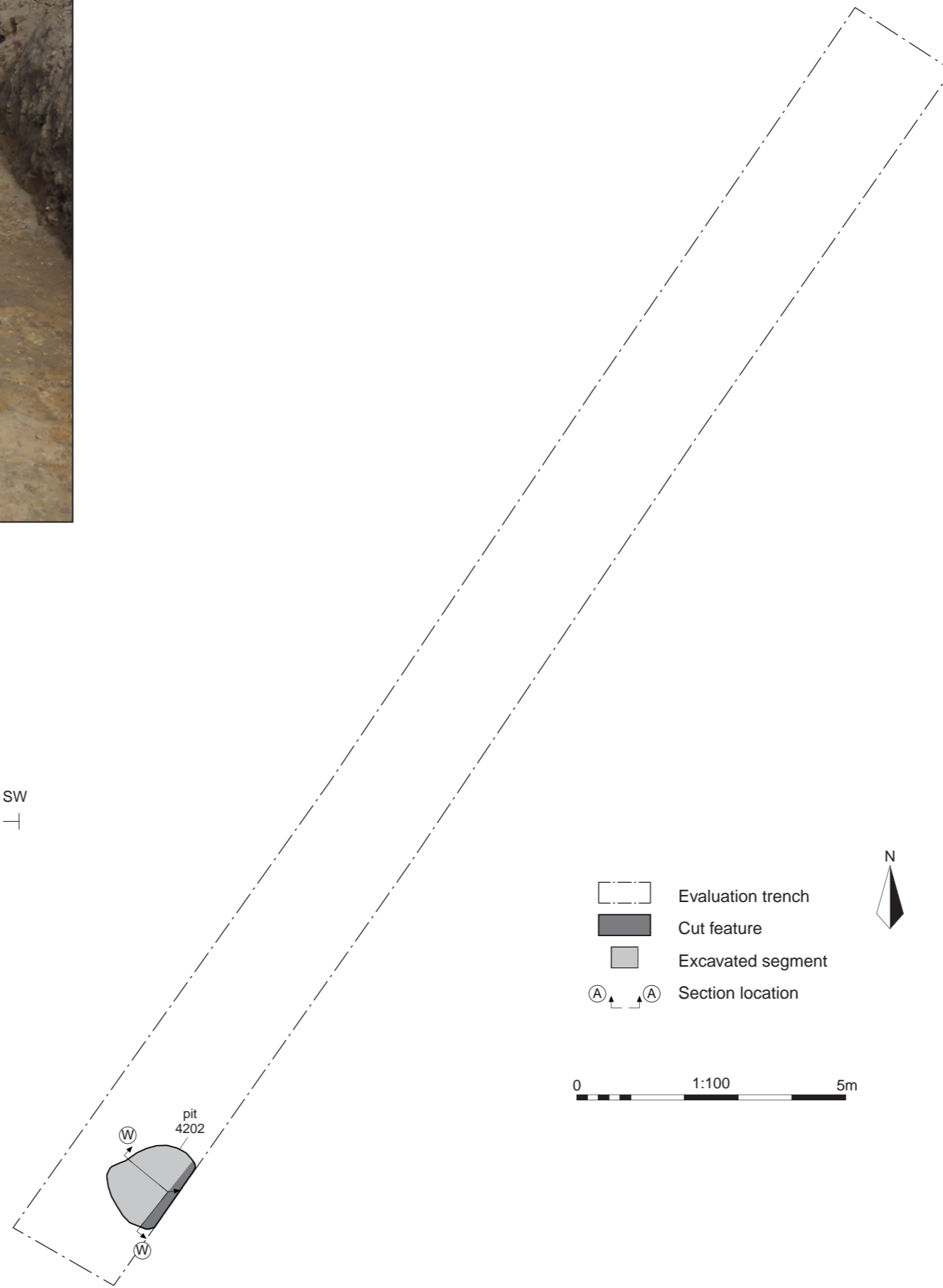
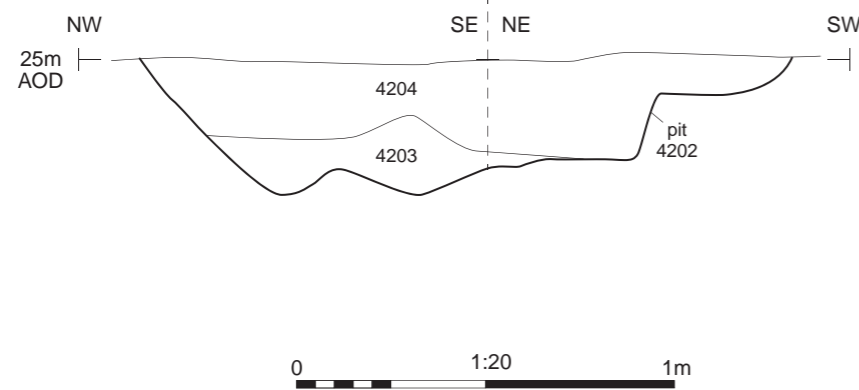
FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 34: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	18
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Pit 4202, looking north-east (1m scale)

Section WW

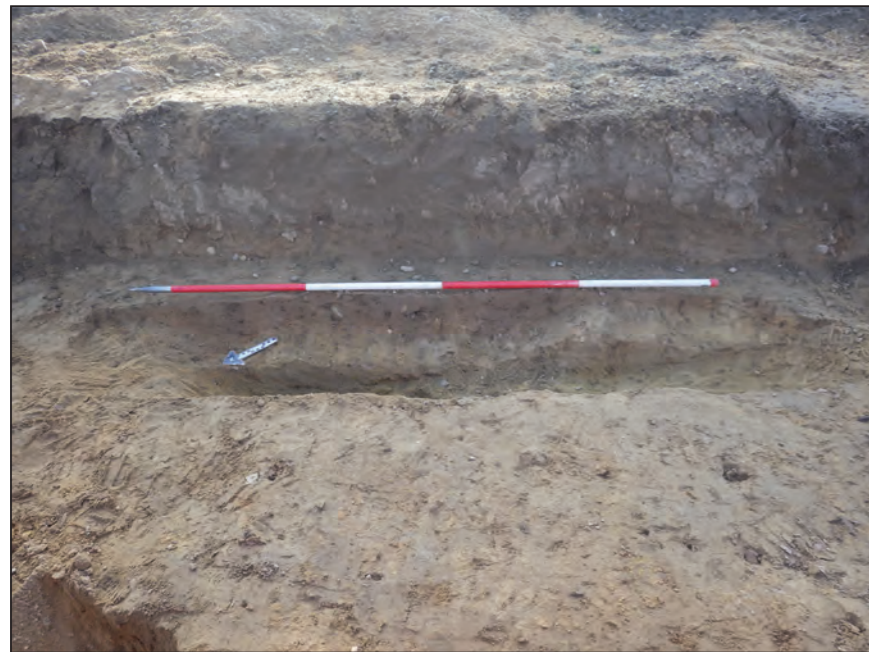


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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 42: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	19
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditches 4402, 4404 and 4406, looking south-east, (2m scale)



Ditch 4408, looking north-west, (1m scale)

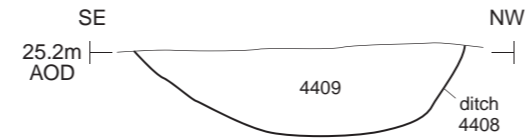


Ditch 4410, looking north (1m scale)

Section XX



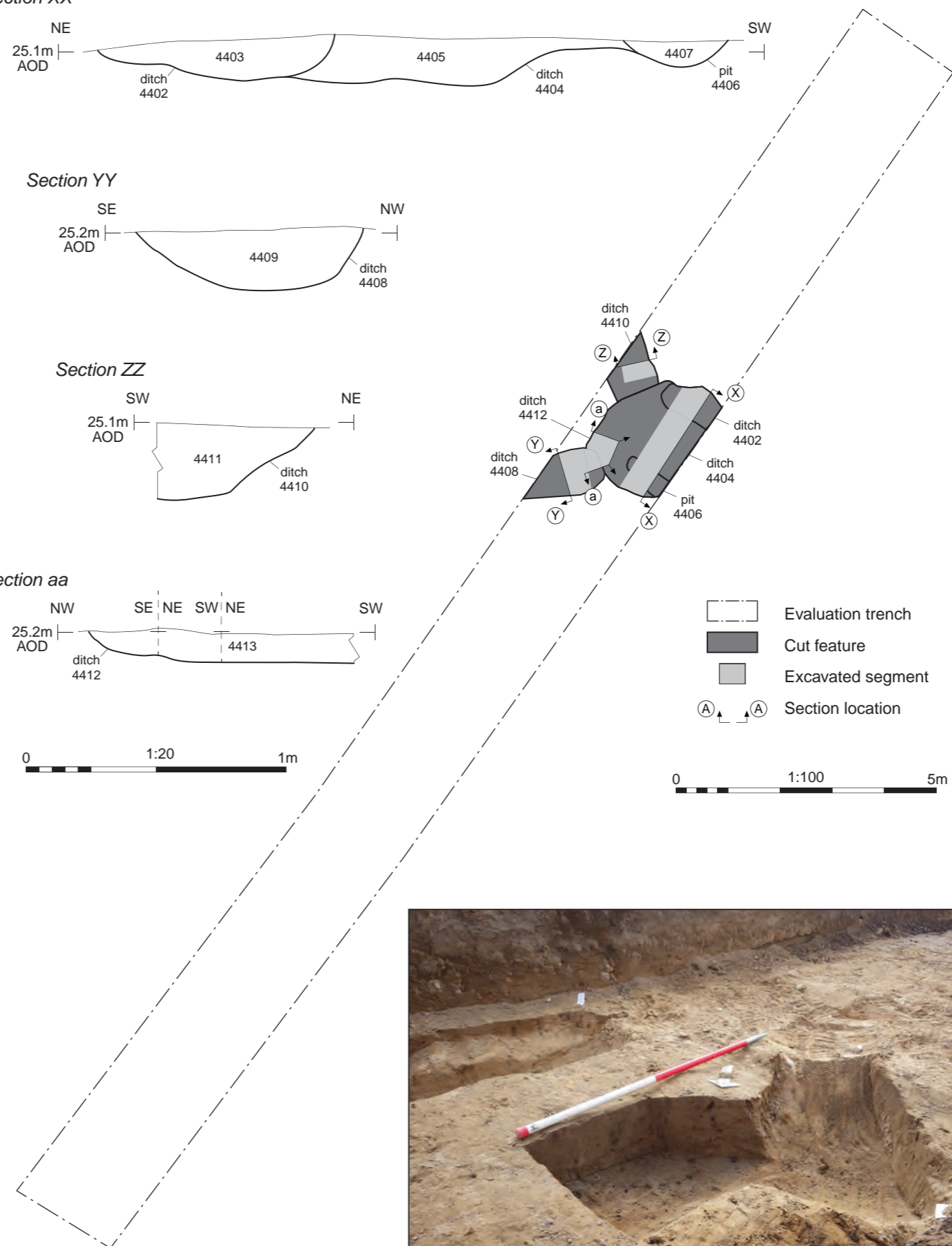
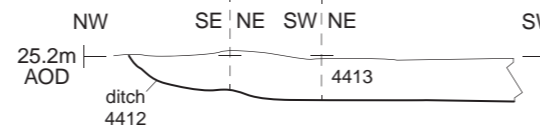
Section YY



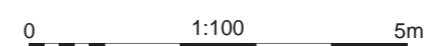
Section ZZ



Section aa



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location



Ditch relationship 4412, looking south (1m scale)


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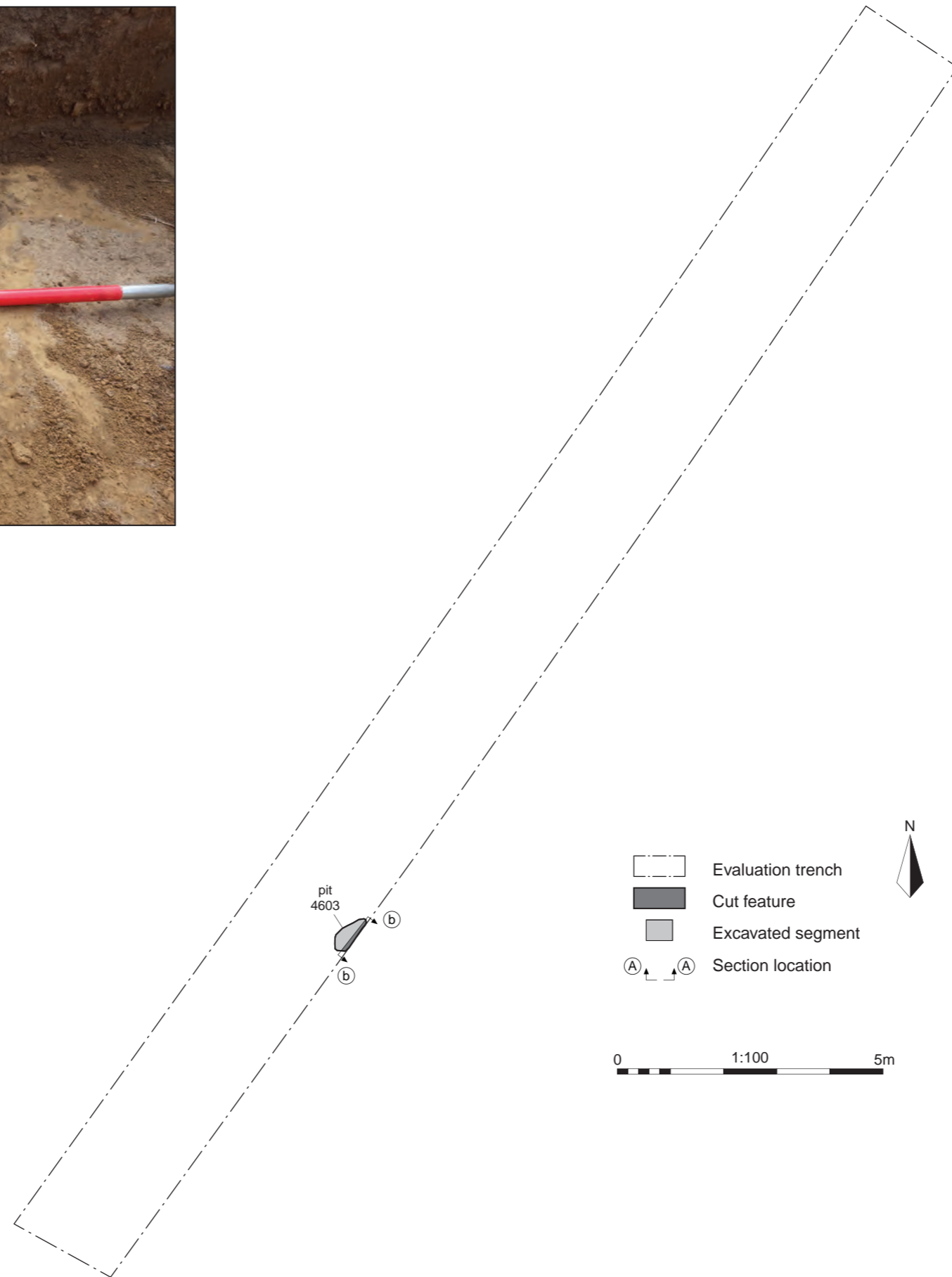
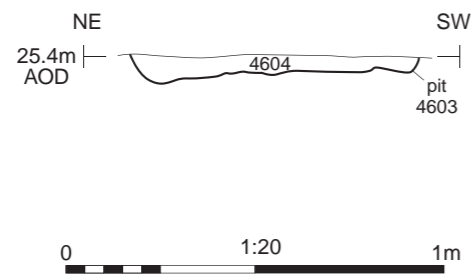
FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 44: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	20
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE @A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Pit 4603, looking south-east (1m scale)

Section bb




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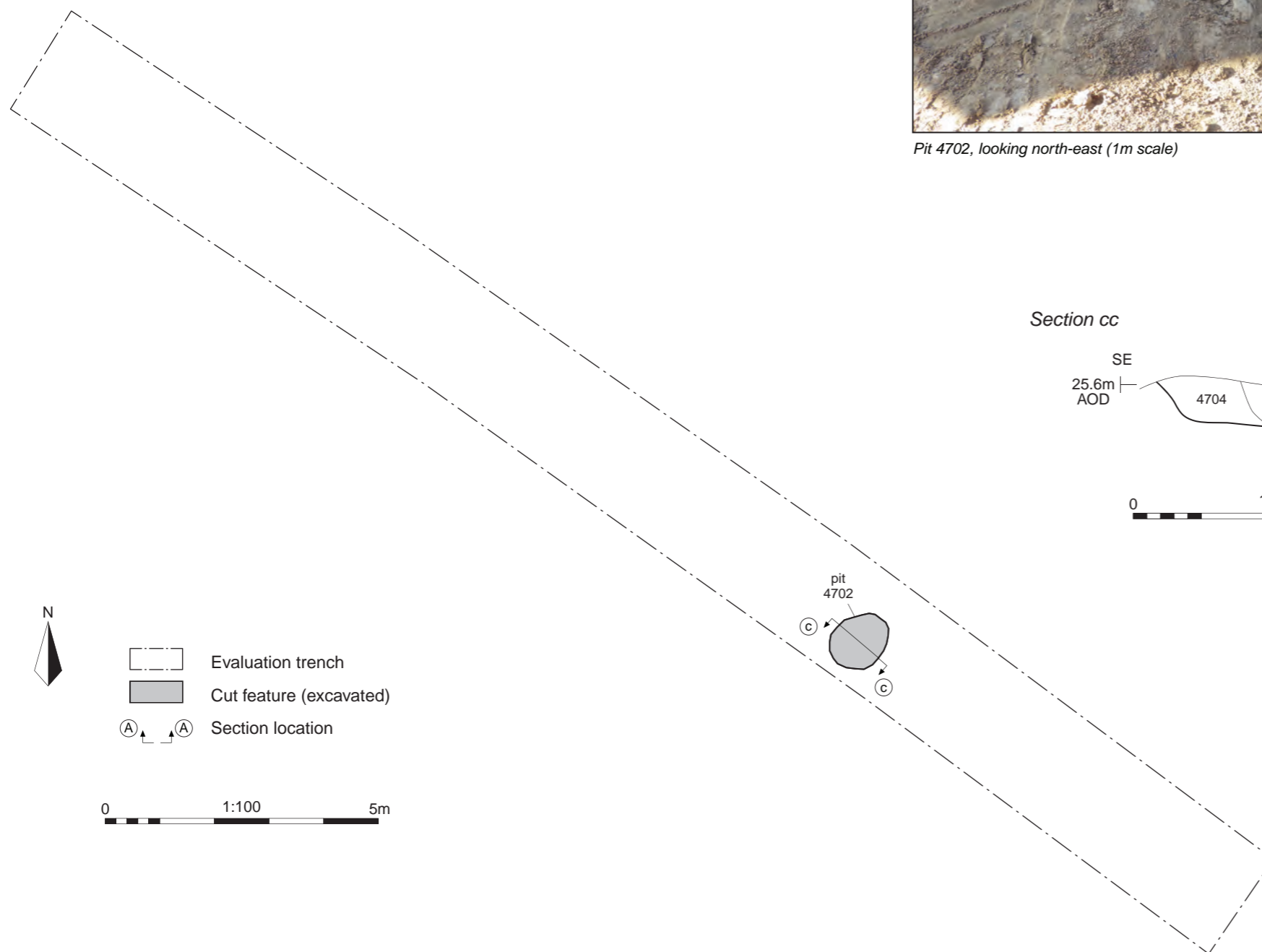
PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Levington, Suffolk**

FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 46: plan, section and
 photograph**

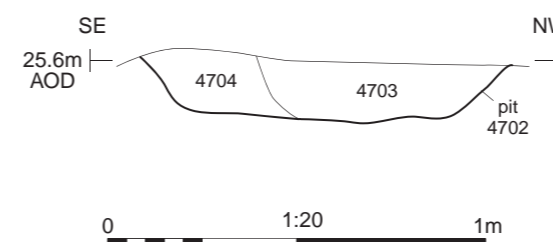
DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	21
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Pit 4702, looking north-east (1m scale)



Section cc



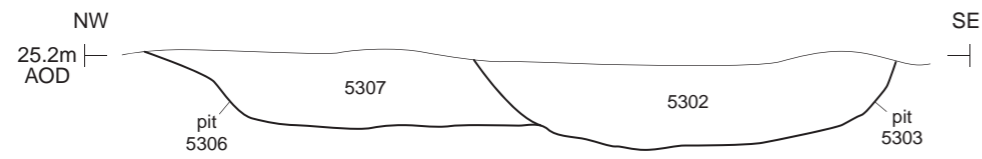

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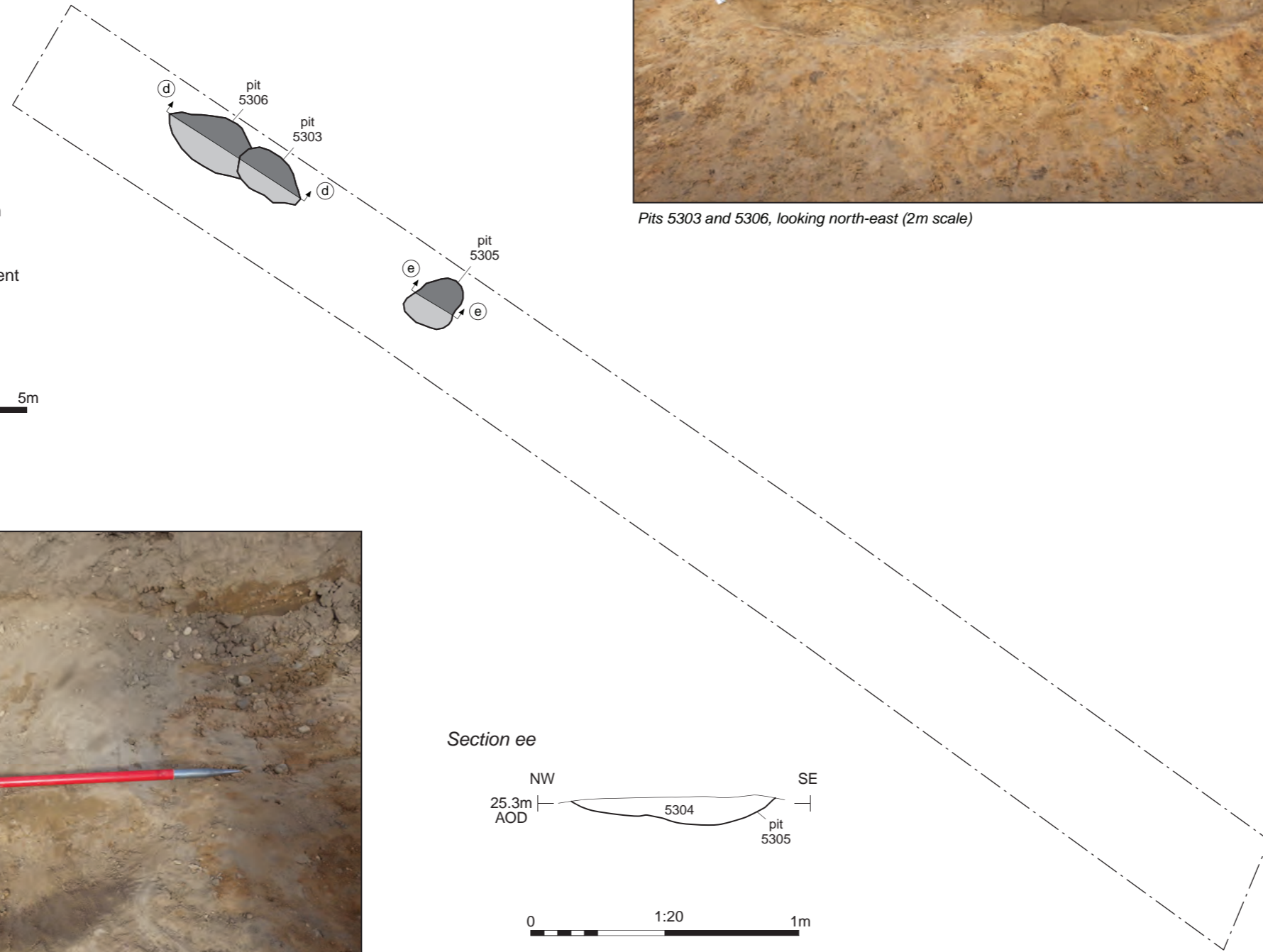
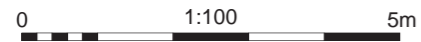
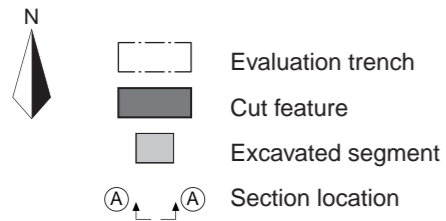
FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 47: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	22
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	

Section dd

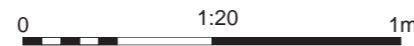


Pits 5303 and 5306, looking north-east (2m scale)



Pit 5305, looking north-east (1m scale)

Section ee




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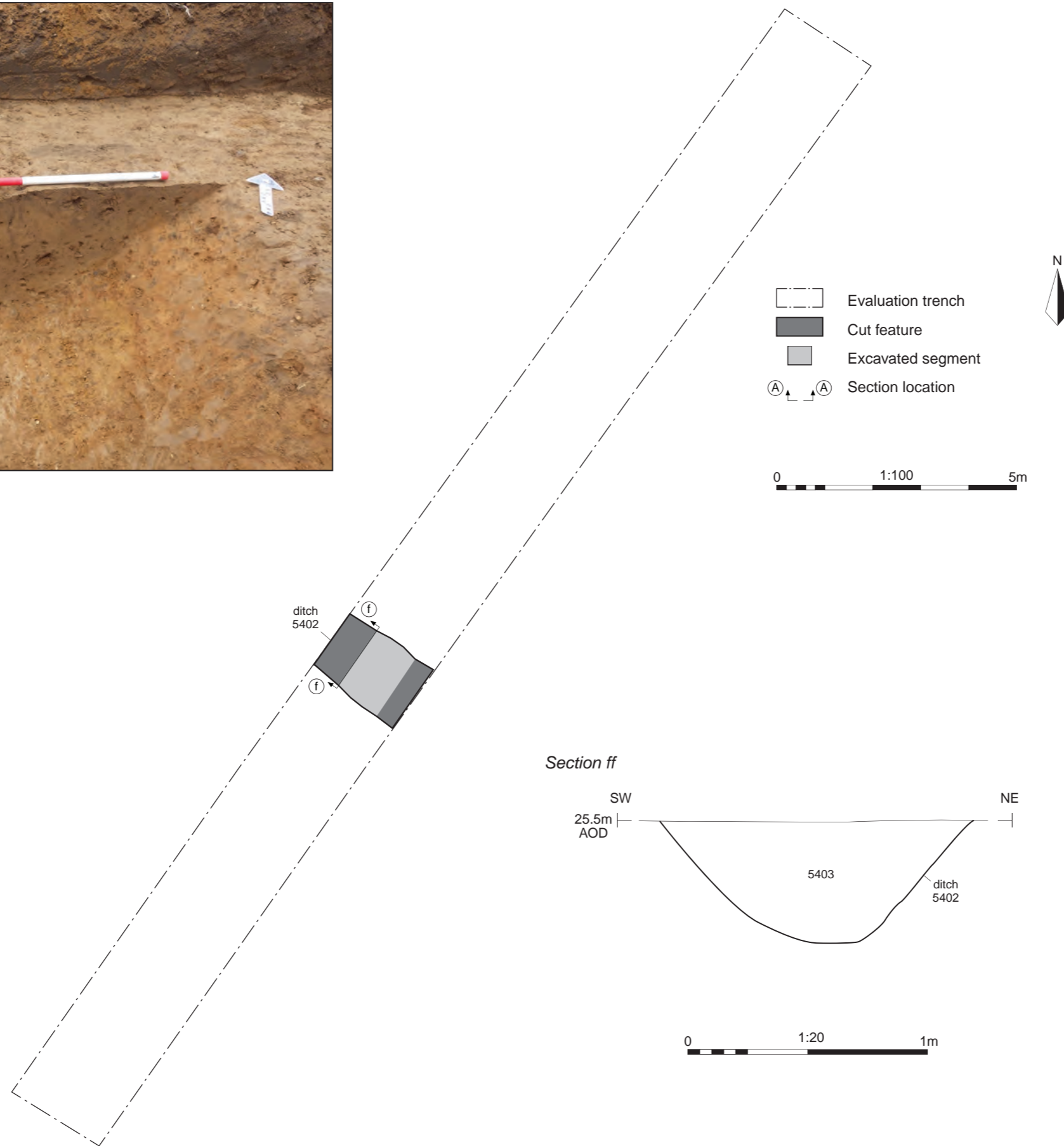
PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 53: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	23
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 5402, looking north-west (1m scale)




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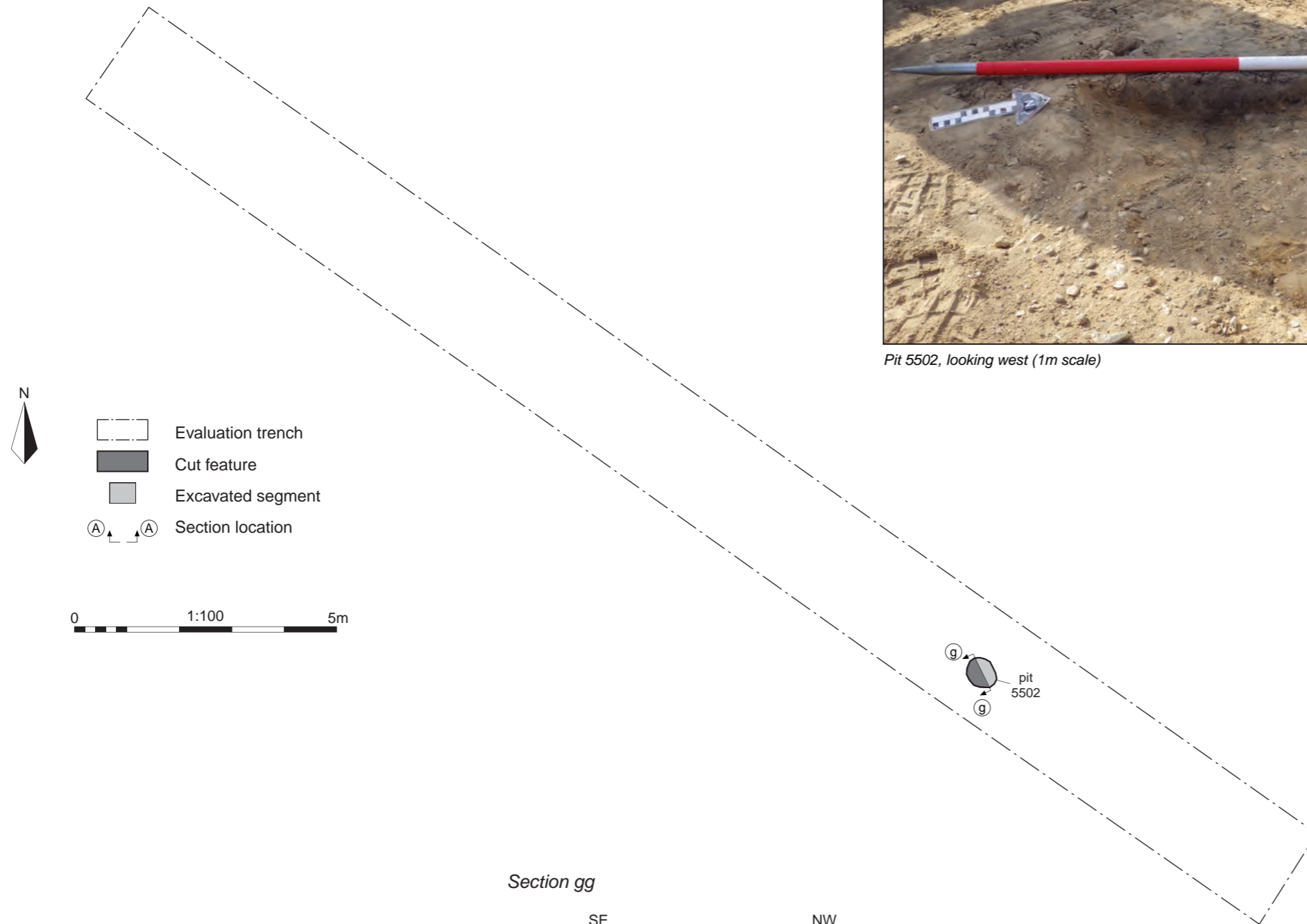
PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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


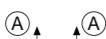
FIGURE TITLE
Trench 54: plan, section and photograph

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	24
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



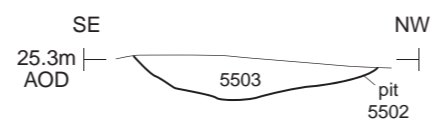
Pit 5502, looking west (1m scale)



-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location

0 1:100 5m

Section gg



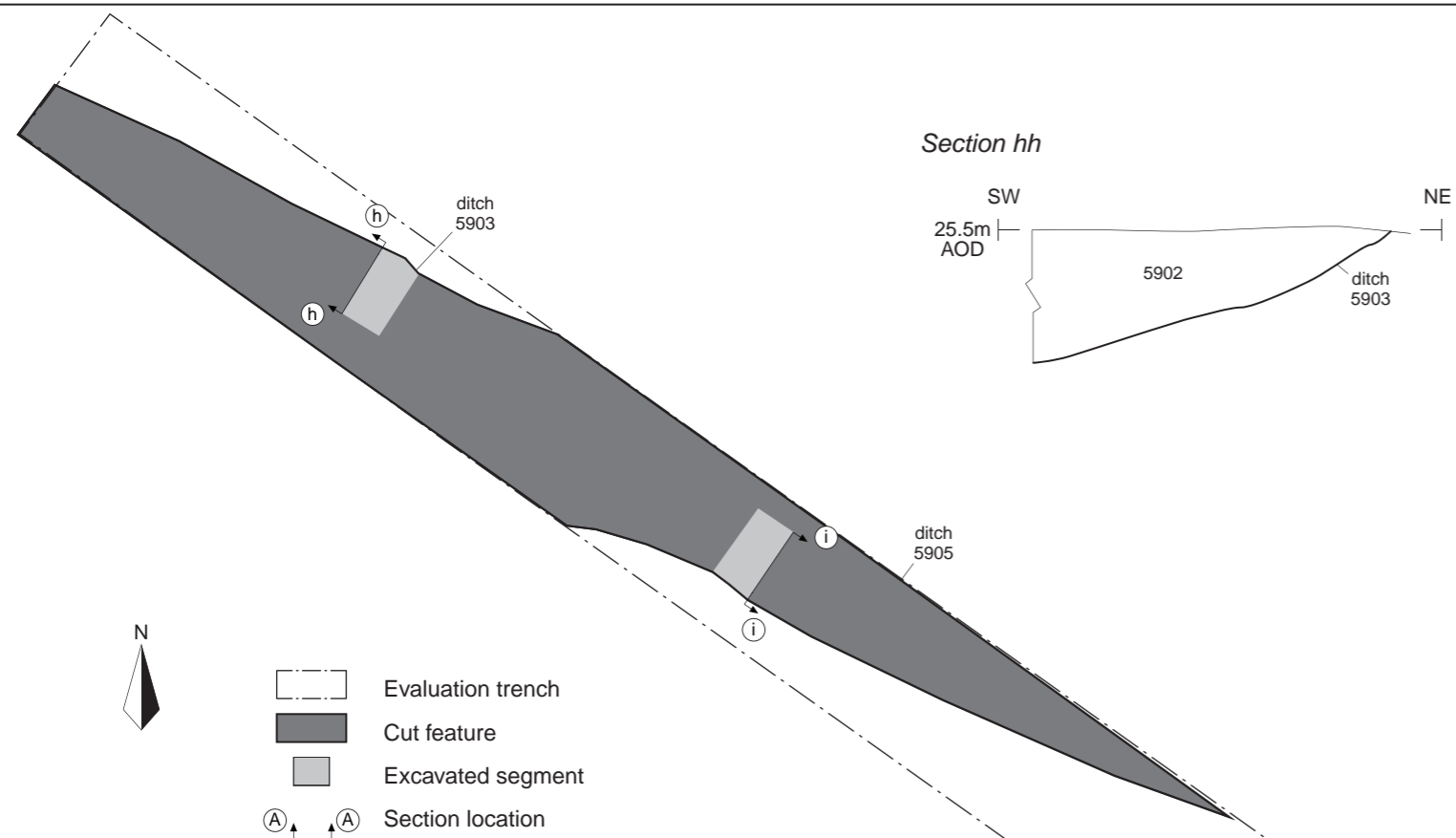
0 1:20 1m


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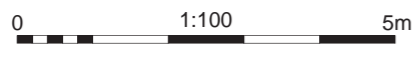
PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 55: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	25
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location

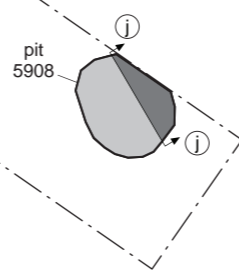
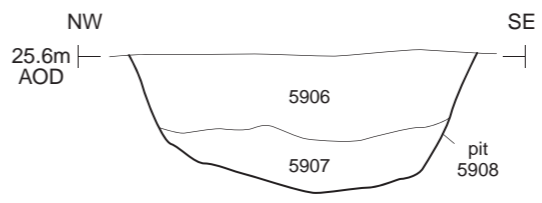


Section hh



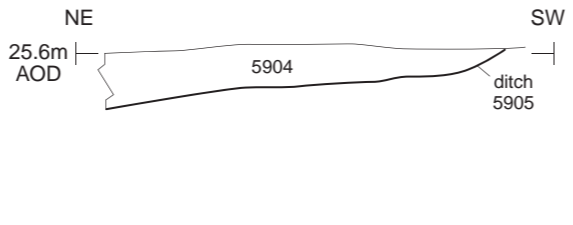
Ditch 5903, looking north-west (1m scale)

Section jj



Ditch 5905, looking south-east, (1m scale)

Section ii



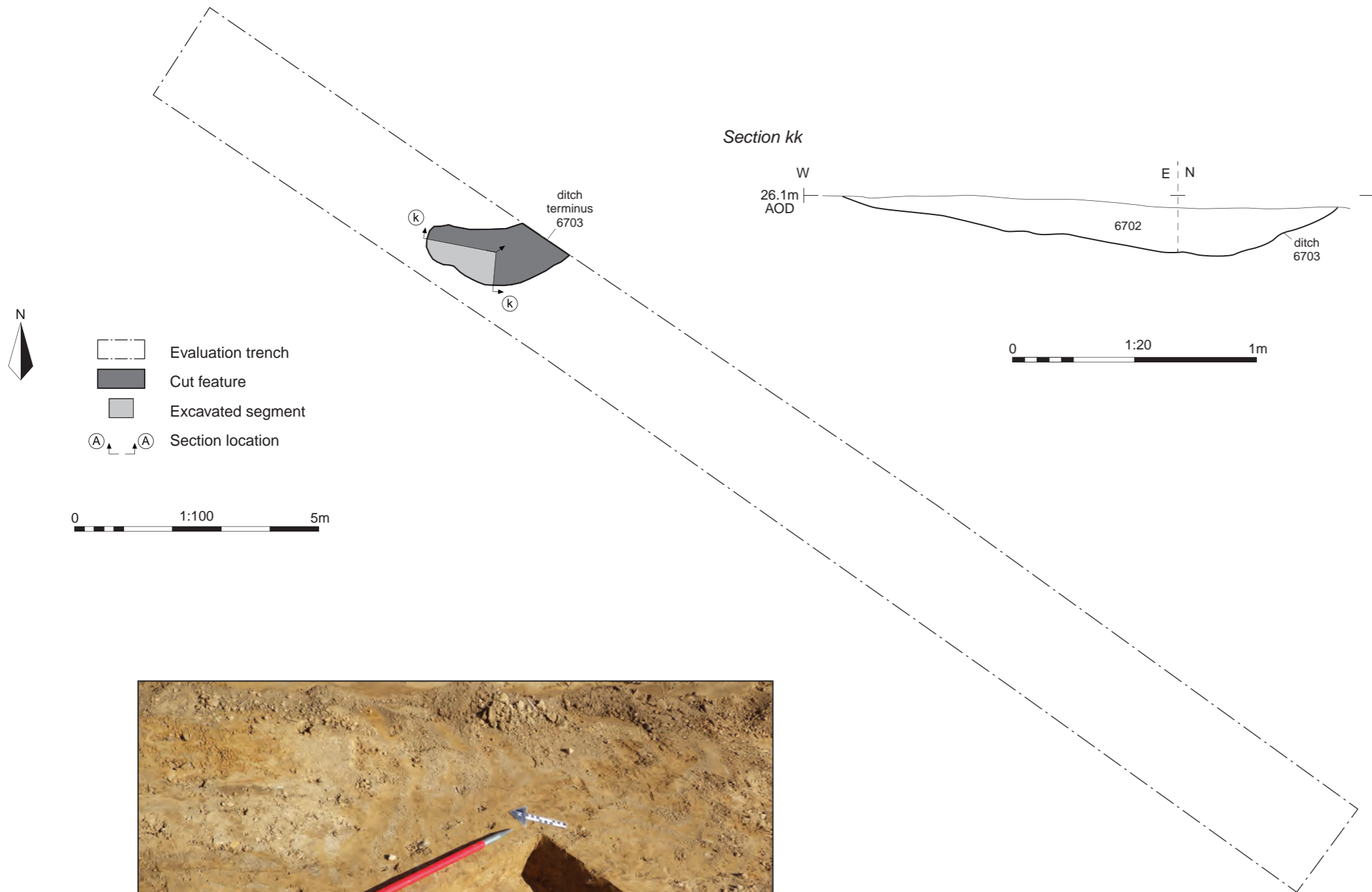
Pit 5908, looking east (1m scale)

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PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 59: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY RP PROJECT NO. SU0043 FIGURE NO.
 CHECKED BY DJB DATE 01.09.20
 APPROVED BY RhG SCALE @A3 1:20 & 1:100 **26**



Ditch terminus 6703, looking east (1m scale)

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PROJECT TITLE
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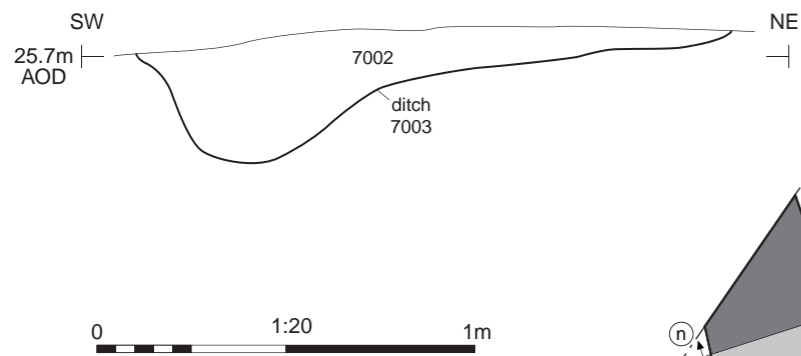
FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 67: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	27
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



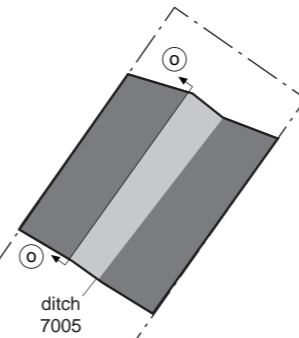
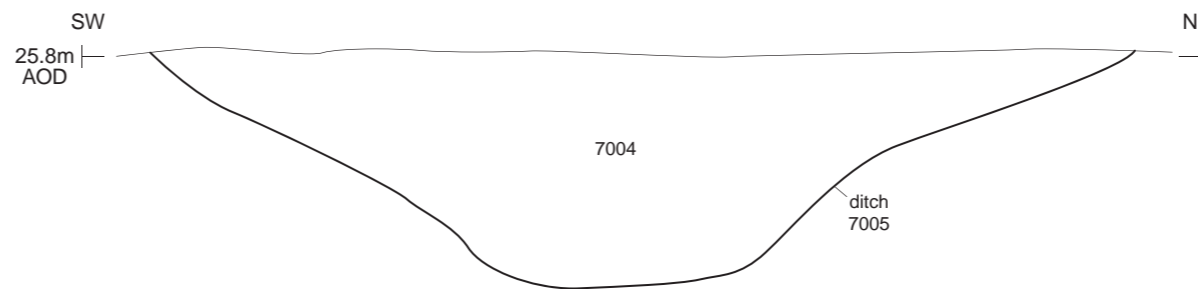
Ditch 7003, looking north-west (1m scale)

Section nn

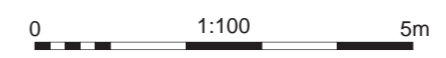


Ditch 7005, looking north-west (2m scale)

Section oo



- Evaluation trench
- Cut feature
- Excavated segment
- Section location




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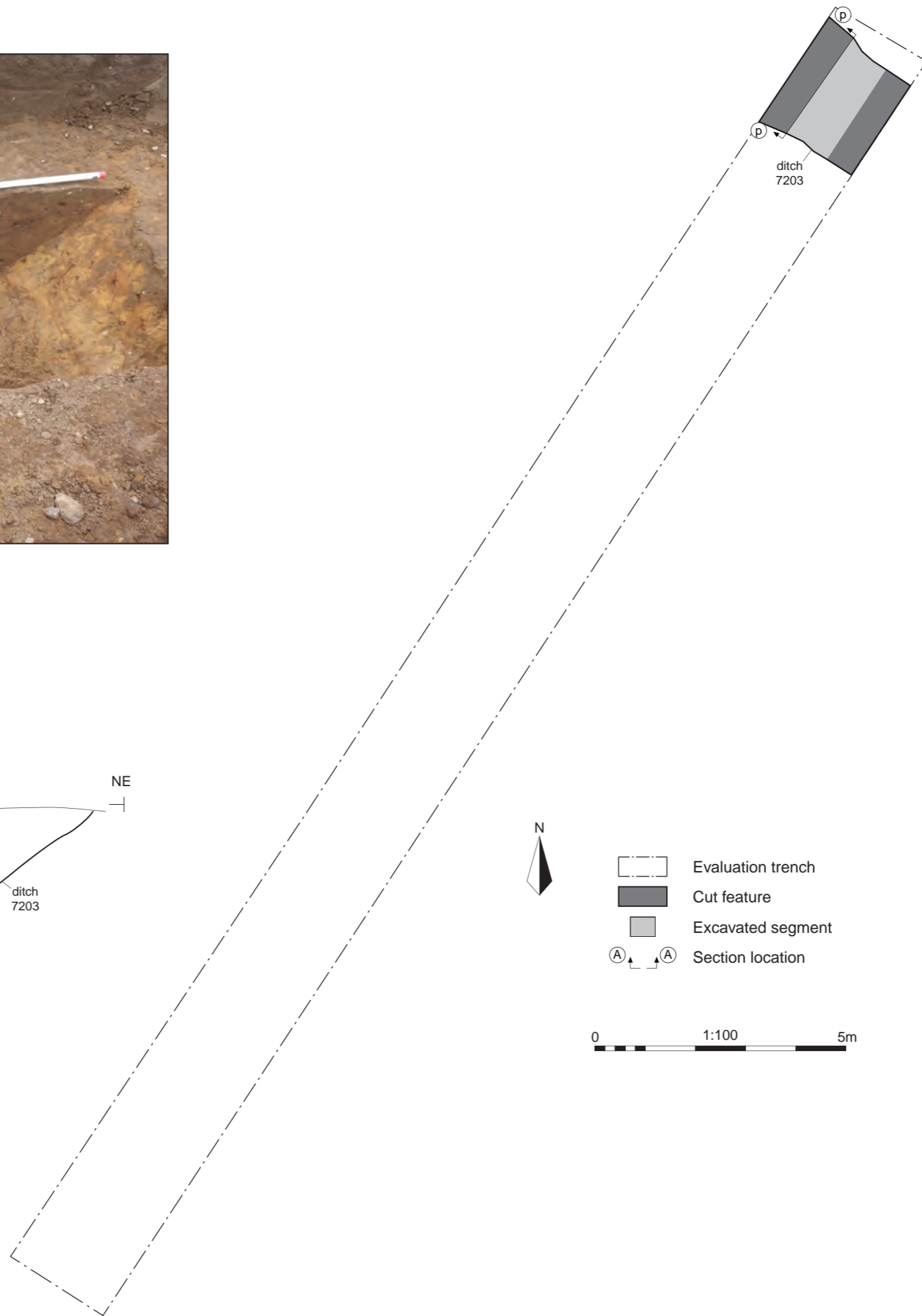
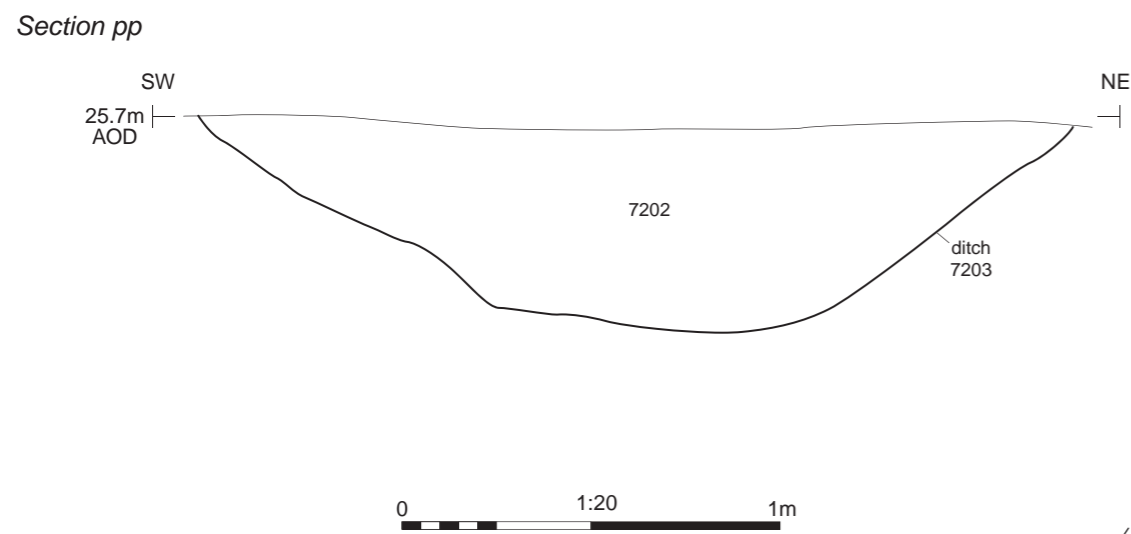
PROJECT TITLE
**Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 70: plan, sections and
 photographs**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	29
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 7203, looking north-west (2m scale)

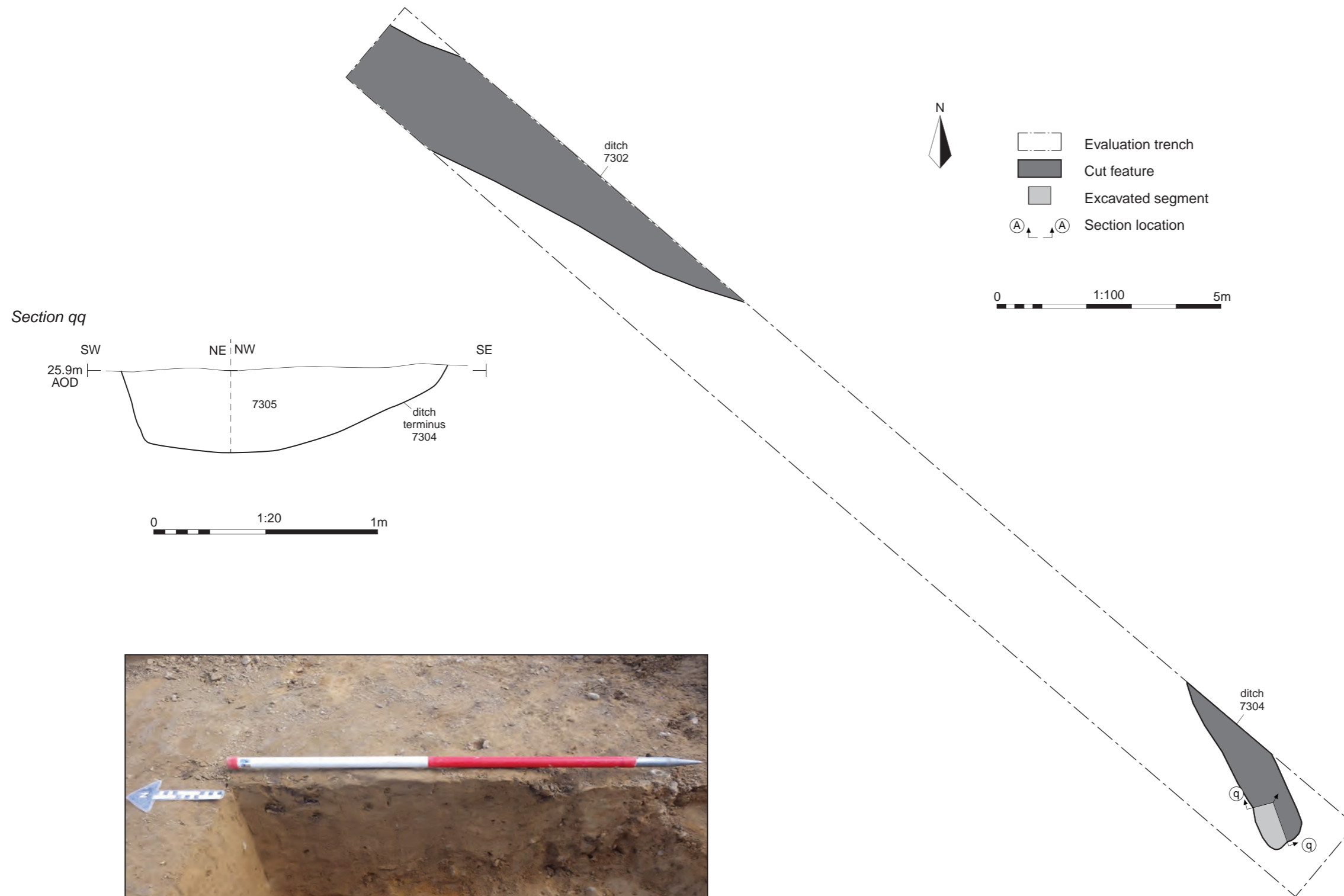


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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 72: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	30
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



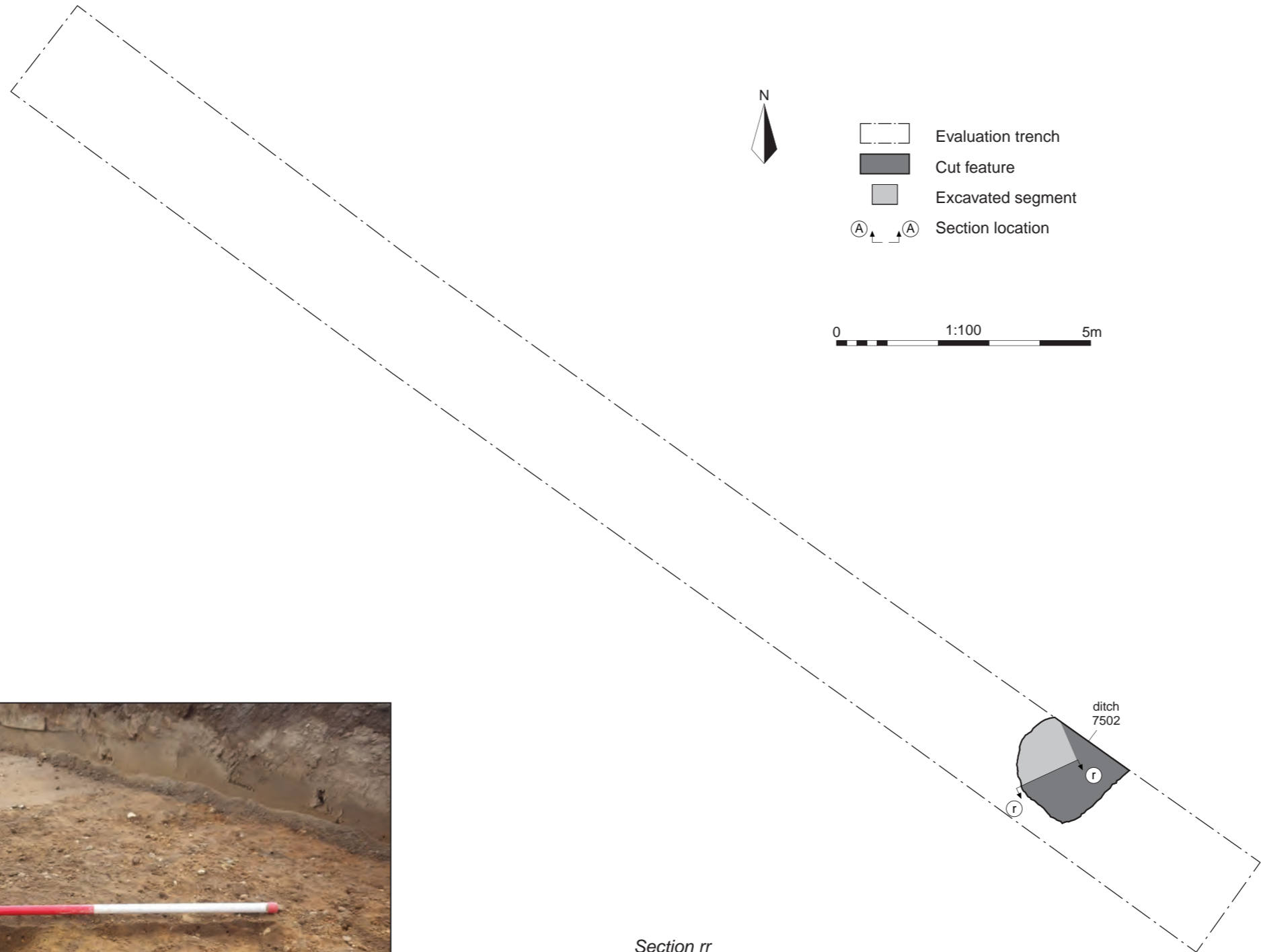
Ditch terminus 7304, looking east (1m scale)

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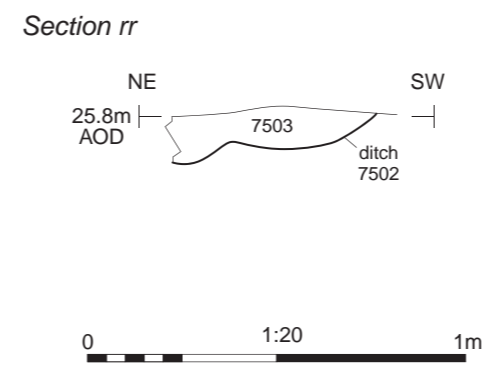
PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 73: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	31
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 7502, looking south (1m scale)



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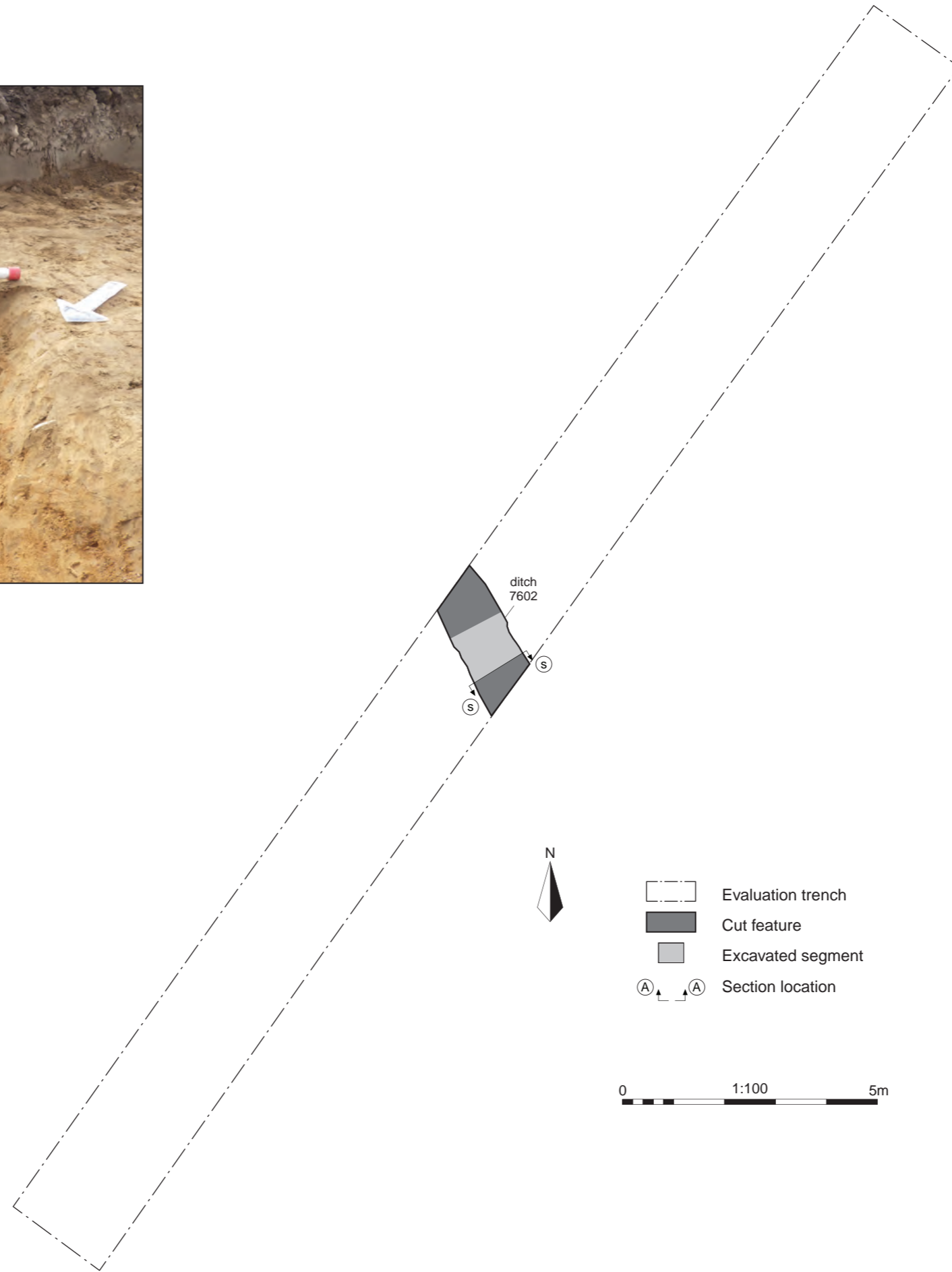
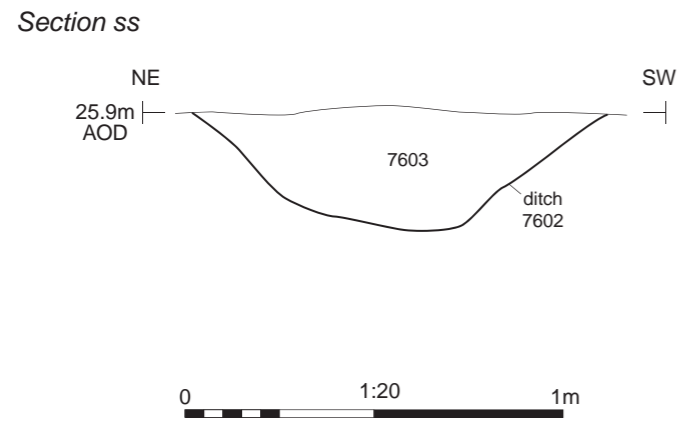
PROJECT TITLE
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FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 75: plan, section and
 photograph**

DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	32
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	



Ditch 7602, looking south-east (1m scale)



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 Project, Levington, Suffolk

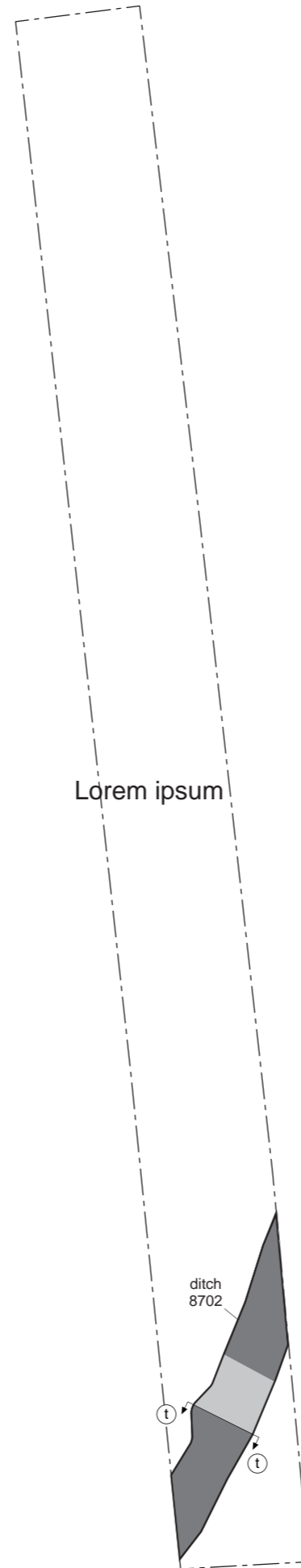
FIGURE TITLE
 Trench 76: plan, section and
 photograph




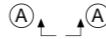
DRAWN BY	RP	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	33
APPROVED BY	RhG	SCALE@A3	1:20 & 1:100	

Section tt



Ditch 8702, looking south-west (1m scale)



-  Evaluation trench
-  Cut feature
-  Excavated segment
-  Section location

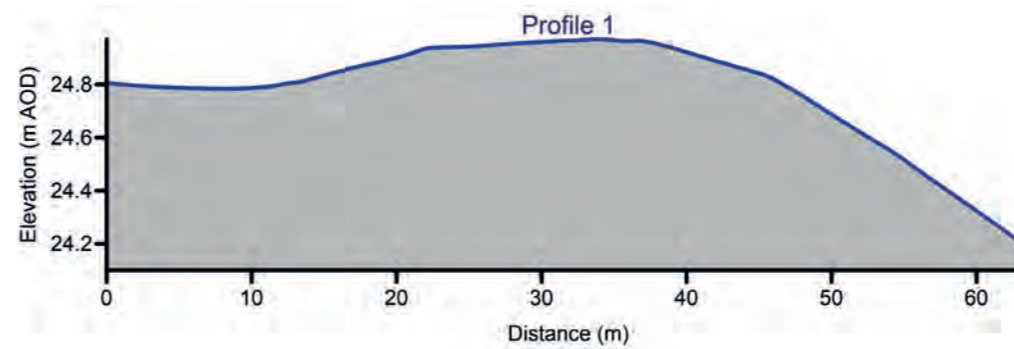
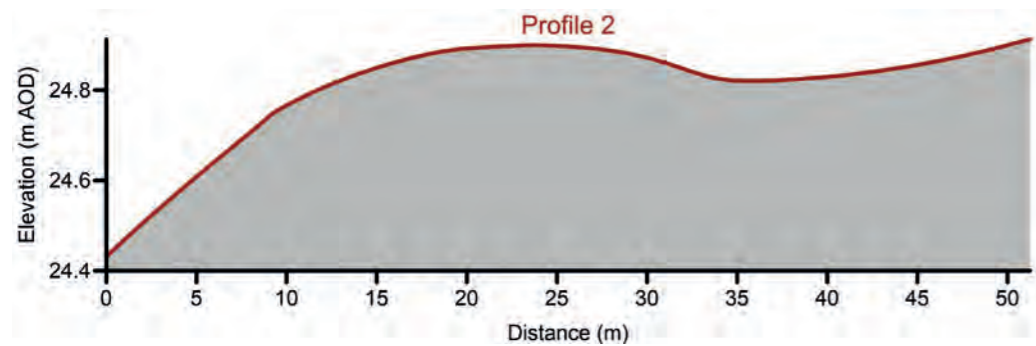
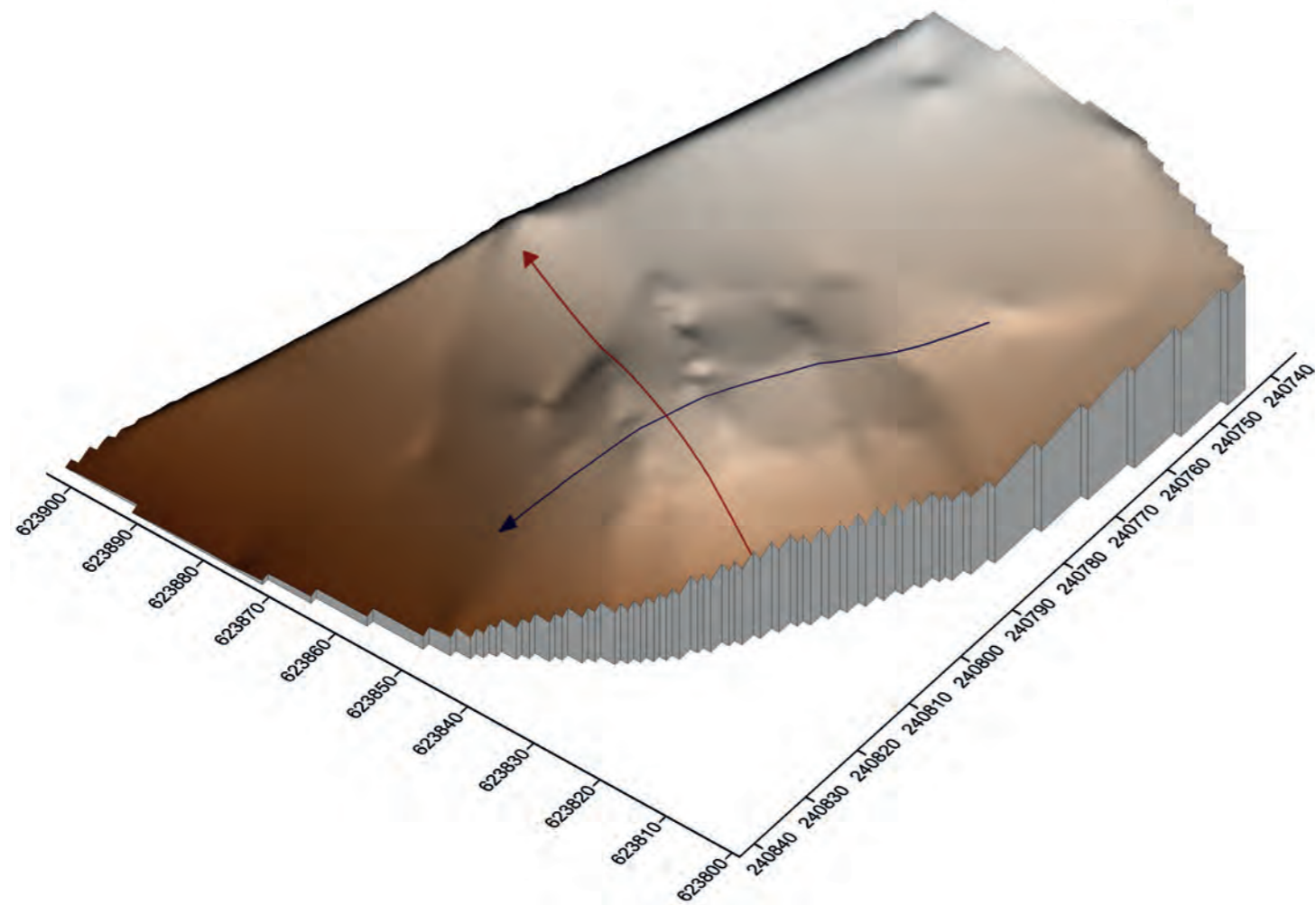
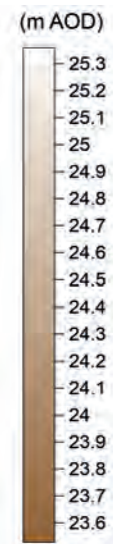


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PROJECT TITLE
 Freight Management Site, Sizewell C
 Project, Lvington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
**Trench 87: plan, section and
 photograph**

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CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	01.09.20	34
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-  Link Road
-  HER monument
-  HER event



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PROJECT TITLE
Freight Management Site, Sizewell C Project, Levington, Suffolk

FIGURE TITLE
Local HER entries

DRAWN BY	RW	PROJECT NO.	SU0043	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DJB	DATE	24.06.2021	36
APPROVED BY	SC	SCALE@A3	1:10,000	

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