

Cotswold Archaeology

Land North of Walworth Road Picket Piece Andover Hampshire

Archaeological Evaluation



for CgMs Heritage

CA Project: 770716 CA Report: 18718

December 2018



Andover Cirencester Exeter Milton Keynes

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CONTENTS

SUMM	ARY	2
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND	3
3.	AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	5
4.	METHODOLOGY	5
5.	RESULTS (FIGS 2-3)	6
7.	DISCUSSION	7
8.	CA PROJECT TEAM	7
9.	REFERENCES	9
APPEN	NDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS	10
APPEN	NDIX B: THE FINDS	11
APPEN	IDIX C: OASIS REPORT FORM	12

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure 1	Site location plan
Figure 2	Trench location plan showing archaeological features
Figure 3	Trench 5: Plan, section and photograph ditch 503

1

SUMMARY

Project Name:	Land North of Walworth Road
Location:	Picket Piece, Andover
NGR:	43899 147149
Туре:	Evaluation
Date:	19 – 21 November 2018
Planning Reference:	15/03150/OUTN
Location of Archive:	Hampshire Cultural Trust
Site Code:	WALA 18

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in November 2018 on land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire. Nine trenches were excavated.

A single shallow gully containing fragmented prehistoric pottery was located in Trench 5 additionally a small assemblage of worked and burnt flint was collected from the topsoil and sub-soils in five other trenches.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In November 2018 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological evaluation for CgMs Heritage on Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire centred on National Grid Reference (NGR): 438899 1471489 see Figures 1 and 2).
- 1.2 The evaluation was requested by Test Valley Borough Council as a planning condition (ref: 15/03150/OUTN) for the development of up to 56 residential dwellings with associated access, parking, open space and associated landscaping.
- 1.3 The evaluation was carried out in accordance with a detailed *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WSI) produced by CA (2018) and approved by David Hopkins. The fieldwork also followed *Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014).

The site

- 1.4 The proposed development area is approximately 2.08 ha, and comprises agricultural land bordered by the Salisbury to Basingstoke railway line to the north, pasture to the east and west, and by Picket Piece village to the south along Walworth Road. The site is sub-rectangular, and is formed of two fields, the smaller of which lies to the west and the larger to the east. The site slopes gently down from the north to the south.
- 1.5 The underlying bedrock geology of the area is mapped as Seaford Chalk Formation with superficial head deposits of clay, silt, sand and gravel.

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 The archaeological background given below is a succinct summary of the results of a Historic Environment Desk Based Assessment by ASE (2015), as well as archaeological evaluations by Cotswold Archaeology to the south of the site (CA 2013, 2015).

Prehistoric

2.2 The area to the southeast of the site surrounding Tinker's Hill appears to have been a focus of prehistoric activity: aerial photography has identified several large prehistoric enclosures. An extensive series of Late Bronze Age bank and ditches known as the Devil's Ditch runs on a north-south alignment to the east of the site, towards Tinker's Hill and the nearby prehistoric settlement enclosures (CA 2015). Recent excavations to the south west of the site at Picket Twenty have revealed evidence of an extensive prehistoric funerary landscape, including barrows, with evidence of its reuse up until the late Roman period (CA 2018)

Medieval

2.3 The town of Andover was founded by the mid-10th century AD although the focus of activity appears to have been in the south and west of the modern town and there is no evidence of Saxon or early medieval settlement in the area of Picket Piece. During the medieval and post-medieval periods, Picket Piece was part of the historic hundred of Andover and comprised agricultural lands outside the main areas of settlement. Cartographic evidence from the later 18th and 19th centuries shows the site as being arable farmland.

Post-Medieval

- 2.4 Picket Piece was established in the early 20th century, with the settlement characterised by ribbon development along the line of the Walworth Road, though recent housing development has greatly expanded the size of the hamlet.
- 2.5 Prior to recent developments the most substantial development on the site is the former London and South Western Railways line opened in 1854 that connects Andover with Basingstoke and London.

Recent works

2.6 Two phases (Phase 1 and 2) of evaluation immediately to the south of the site (CA 2013, 2015) found limited datable activity. At the eastern end of the Phase 1 area, square pits within Trenches 1 to 8 suggested relatively modern activity. A series of boundary features were recorded on a differing alignment to the modern field patterns, implying a greater age. A single continuous ditch was observed in (Phase 2) although no dating was recovered the ditch is on the same alignment as the post-medieval/modern field boundaries.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

3.1 The objectives of the evaluation were to provide information about the archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality. In accordance with *Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014), the evaluation was designed to be minimally intrusive and minimally destructive to the archaeological remains. The information gathered will enable David Hopkins, County Archaeologist for Hampshire County Council, archaeological advisor to Test Valley Borough Council to identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset, consider the impact of the proposed development upon it, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1 The fieldwork comprised the excavation of nine trenches: trenches ranged from 22m to 38m in length by 2m wide) in the locations shown on the attached plan (see Figure 2). Each of the excavated trenches had to be repositioned on site to accommodate a range of above ground obstructions and as a result six further trenches could not be excavated. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using Leica GPS and surveyed in accordance with CA Technical Manual 4 *Survey Manual*.
- 4.2 All trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket and was undertaken under constant archaeological supervision down to the top of the first significant archaeological horizon or the natural substrate, whichever was encountered first. Where archaeological deposits were encountered they were excavated by hand in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: *Fieldwork Recording Manual*.
- 4.3 Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: *The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites* and as a result no deposits were identified that

required sampling. All artefacts recovered were processed in accordance with Technical Manual 3 *Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation*.

4.4 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Andover. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the artefacts and archive will be deposited with Hampshire Cultural Trust along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix C, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. RESULTS (FIGURES 2-3)

5.1 This section provides an overview of the evaluation results; detailed summaries of the recorded contexts are to be found in Appendix A. Natural undisturbed geology was exposed in all trenches and consisted of degraded periglacial chalk in **Trenches 1**, **2** and **7** and clay with flints and occasional deposits of degraded chalk in the remaining trenches. Clay/sand subsoil with a maximum depth of up to 0.30m was recorded within all the trenches. A single archaeological feature was recorded within **Trench 5**. The remaining trenches were devoid of archaeological features (see Appendix A) although a small assemblage of worked flint was recovered from the topsoil/subsoil in several of the trenches.

Trench 5 (Figures 2 & 3)

5.2 Natural bedrock in Trench 5 consisted of sand/clay with patches of degraded chalk sealed by topsoil and subsoil to a combined depth of 0.33m. It contained a truncated gully, 503, which appeared to terminate within the trench, it measured 0.40m wide, 0.06m deep and was filled with yellow/brown clay sand (504) and which contained several degraded fragments of prehistoric pottery. The feature extended north out from the trench and was not identified within Trench 6 to the north.

6. THE FINDS

6.1 Artefactual material was hand-recovered from six deposits (a ditch fill, subsoil and topsoil). The recovered material dates to the prehistoric period. Quantities of the artefact types are given in Appendix B. The pottery has been recorded according to sherd count/weight per fabric and the fabric code has been devised for the purpose of this report.

Pottery

6.2 Ditch **503** (fill **504**) produced 17 unfeatured, heavily fragmented bodysherds (22g). These present in a friable fabric tempered with common rounded quartz and sparse fine flint (QZFL). In the absence of indications of vessel form or decoration, only broad prehistoric dating is possible.

Lithics

6.3 Eight flint flakes (157g) were retrieved from five subsoil and topsoil deposits spread across the site. The flakes in the freshest condition (i.e. with minimal edge damage and/or rolling) are those from **Trenches 2**, **6** and **10**. It can be tentatively suggested that these are unlikely to have moved far from where they were originally deposited. One flake from subsoil deposit **601** is burnt. A flake from topsoil deposit **900** displays evidence of preparation of the striking platform on the core from which it was removed. This methodology was in use during the Mesolithic and Early Neolithic periods. The remaining flakes are chronologically undiagnostic and broadly prehistoric in date.

7. DISCUSSION

- 7.1 Due to active construction work taking place on the site at the same time as the evaluation, six of the proposed trenches remain unexcavated.
- 7.2 Despite the archaeological potential within the wider vicinity of the site, only the one feature was found during the course of the evaluation. A single heavily truncated prehistoric ditch which is of probable agricultural origin was located in **Trench 5**. A small number of worked and burnt flints were also recovered from the top and subsoils of several trenches and which indicates broader prehistoric activity within the immediate locality.

8. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Joe Whelan, assisted by Francesco Catanzaro and Jon Dobbie. The report was written by Joe Whelan. The finds evidence report was written by Jacky Sommerville. The illustrations were prepared by Esther Escudero. The archive has been compiled and prepared for deposition by Richard Paxford. The project was managed for CA by Oliver Good.

9. **REFERENCES**

- Archaeology South East (ASE), 2015, *Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire*, Historic Environment Desk Based Assessment, Report No. 2015279
- Cotswold Archaeology (CA), 2013, Land at Picket Piece: Phase 1, Andover, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation. Report no. 13081
- CA, 2015, Land at Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation. CA typescript report 15792.
- CA, 2018, Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Evaluation
- DCLG (Department of Communities and Local Government) 2012 National Planning Policy Framework

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

Tr	Cxt	Туре	Description	Depth [m]
1	100	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0-0.2
	101	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.2-0.5
	102	Layer	Natural: degraded periglacial chalk with red brown clayey sand	0.5-+
2	200	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0-0.25
	201	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.25-0.5
	202	Layer	Natural: degraded periglacial chalk with red brown clayey sand	0.5-+
3	300	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0 - 0.19
	301	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.19 - 0.32
	302	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with common flint inclusions	0.32 +
5	500	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0-0.15
5	501	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.15 - 0.33
5	502	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with common flint inclusions	0.33+
5	503	Cut	Truncated north- south orientated linear ditch	0.06
5	504	Fill	Ditch fill: Yellow brown clay sandy silt with occasional flint inclusions	0.06
6	600	Layer	Grey brown clayey sand topsoil	0 - 0.10
6	601	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.10 - 0.41
6	602	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with common flint inclusions	0.41+
7	700	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0 - 0.17
7	701	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.17 - 0.40
7	702	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with common flint inclusions	0.40+
9	900	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0-0.19
9	901	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.19 - 0.35
9	902	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with degraded chalk patches and common flint inclusions	0.35+
10	1000	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0 - 0.21
10	1001	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.21 - 0.34
10	1002	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with common flint inclusions	0.34+
13	1300	Layer	Mid brown clayey sand topsoil	0 - 0.10
13	1301	Layer	Mid red brown clayey sand subsoil	0.10 - 0.30
13	1302	Layer	Natural: Red brown silty clay with degraded chalk patches and common flint inclusions	0.30+

APPENDIX B: THE FINDS

Finds by Jacky Sommerville

6.1 Artefactual material was hand-recovered from six deposits (a ditch fill, subsoil and topsoil). The recovered material dates to the prehistoric period. Quantities of the artefact types are given in Appendix B. The pottery has been recorded according to sherd count/weight per fabric and the fabric code has been devised for the purpose of this report.

Pottery

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Lithics

6.3 Eight flint flakes (157g) were retrieved from five subsoil and topsoil deposits spread across the site. The flakes in the freshest condition (i.e. with minimal edge damage and/or rolling) are those from Trenches 2, 6 and 10. It can be tentatively suggested that these are unlikely to have moved far from where they were originally deposited. One flake from subsoil deposit 601 is burnt. A flake from topsoil deposit 900 displays evidence of preparation of the striking platform on the core from which it was removed. This methodology was in use during the Mesolithic and Early Neolithic periods. The remaining flakes are chronologically undiagnostic and broadly prehistoric in date.

Table	1: Fin	ds conco	rdance
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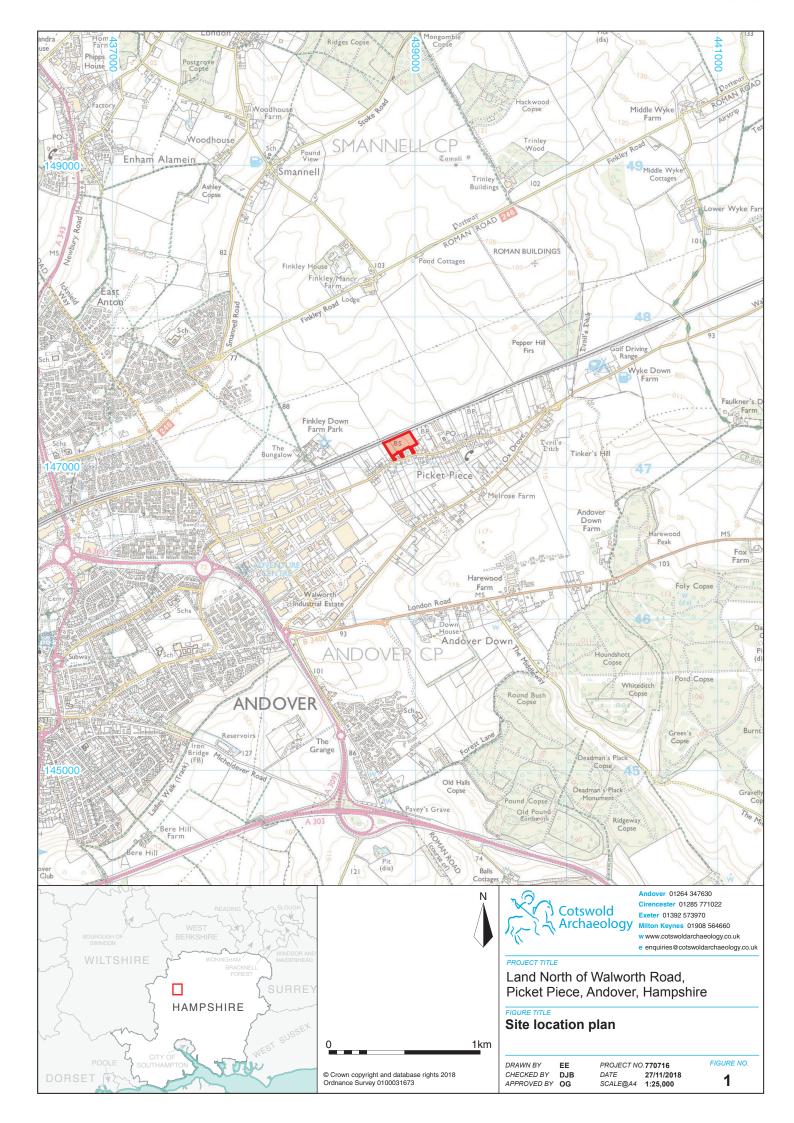
Context	Category	Description	Fabric Code	Count	Weight (g)	Spot-date
201	Flint	Flake		2	70	-
504	Prehistoric pottery	Quartz-and-flint tempered	QZFL	17	22	Prehistoric
601	Flint	Flake		2	16	-
900	Flint	Flake		2	15	-
1001	Flint	Flake		1	19	-
1301	Flint	Flake		1	37	-

APPENDIX C: OASIS REPORT FORM

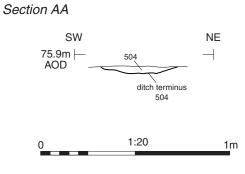
PROJECT DETAILS

Project Name	Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Pie	ece, Andover, Hampshire			
Short description	An archaeological evaluation was	undertaken by Cotswold			
	Archaeology in November 2018 on land	North of Walworth Road,			
	Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire. Nine				
	Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire. Nine	trenches were excavated.			
	A single shallow prehistoric gully contair	ning fragmented prehistoric			
	pottery was located in Trench 5, addition	ally a small assemblage of			
	worked and burnt flint was collected fro	om the top and sub-soil in			
	five other trenches.				
Project dates	19 – 21 November 2018				
Project type	Evaluation				
Previous work	none				
Future work	none	none			
PROJECT LOCATION					
Site Location	Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire				
Study area (M ² /ha)	2.08 ha				
Site co-ordinates	43899 147149				
PROJECT CREATORS					
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Brief originator	Test Valley Borough Council				
Project Design (WSI) originator	Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Manager	Oliver Good				
Project Supervisor	Joe Whelan				
MONUMENT TYPE	none				
SIGNIFICANT FINDS	none				
PROJECT ARCHIVES	Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.)	Content (e.g. pottery, animal bone etc)			
Physical	Hampshire Cultural Trust	Flint and pottery			
Paper	Hampshire Cultural Trust	Context sheets, registers			
Digital	Hampshire Cultural Trust	Database, digital photos			
BIBLIOGRAPHY					

CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2018 Land North of Walworth Road, Picket Piece, Andover, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation. CA typescript report **18718**









Ditch terminus 503, looking north-west (0.2m scale)

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