

Site & Landscape Survey

1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, **East Lothian** 

> **Archive Assessment** and Evaluation

Report No. 1978







# **CFA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 General

This report presents the results of an archive assessment and archaeological evaluation undertaken by CFA Archaeology Ltd (CFA) in November 2011 at 1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, East Lothian (Fig. 1). The work was commissioned by Hackland + Dore Architects Limited.

A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) dated 06 October 2011 was produced by CFA and approved by East Lothian Council Archaeology Service (ELCAS) prior to the fieldwork.

# 1.1 Background

The site of the proposed development is situated within the historic core of the medieval town of Musselburgh, which had received burgh status by AD 1184. The earliest documentary sources for the town (Royal Charters dating to the 11th and 12th centuries) indicate that Musselburgh was probably already well established by the mid-12th century. The proposed development is located behind the shops and flats, Numbers 72-90, which front onto the High Street. They therefore lie within the original medieval burgage plots (Fig. 2a and 2b).

As with other excavations in medieval burghs, archaeological remains can survive in these areas and therefore a programme of archaeological work was required before any construction-related ground-breaking works. From cartographic evidence it appeared that the proposed development area had not seen significant development since at least the mid 19<sup>th</sup> century, suggesting that there may be survival of archaeological remains.

## 1.2 Aims and Objectives

The project's aims and objectives were:

- To determine the presence or absence, location, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any surviving archaeological remains liable to be threatened by the proposed development.
- To propose mitigation measures where necessary.

#### 2. WORKING METHODS

## 2.1 General

CFA Archaeology Ltd follows the Institute for Archaeologists' Code of Conduct, Standards and Guidance.

## 2.2 Archive Assessment

Historic map coverage for the area was examined together with other available cartographic information on pre-recent land use in the development area. The National Monuments Record of Scotland (NMRS), the East Lothian Council Sites and Monuments Record (SMR), the Statutory List of Buildings of Special Architectural or Historic Interest and the Inventory of Gardens and Designed Landscapes (through Pastmap) were consulted to obtain information on known archaeological sites within the proposed development area.

### 2.3 Evaluation

Three trenches with a total area of 59m<sup>2</sup> were excavated in the area of the proposed development. The trenches were excavated using a wheeled JCB mechanical excavator equipped with a smooth-bladed ditching bucket under constant archaeological supervision. Any further excavation required to fulfil the objectives of the evaluation was carried out by hand.

Trench positions were constrained due to the presence of upstanding buildings and overhead utility services.

All excavation and on-site recording was carried out according to standard CFA procedures, principally by drawing, by photography and by completing standard CFA record forms.

All trenches were backfilled after the archaeological works had been completed.

### 3. ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

#### 3.1 Archive Assessment

NMRS Sites

The NMRS does not list any sites within the development area. The closest recorded sites are early 19<sup>th</sup> century buildings fronting the High Street. These include a Public House (Numbers 72-74, NT37SW 96) alternatively known as The Inn Place or The Grey Horse, Shop Fronts (Numbers 76 (NT37SW 95), 78-80 (NT37SW 997), 82-84 (NT37SW 998) and 88-90 (NT37SW 999)) and a tenement building (Number 86 NT37SW 94). All are Category C-Listed. The earliest site recorded was a chapel (NT37SW 49) dedicated to St. James which once stood between the plots now occupied by the public house 74 and store front 76.

# Cartographic Sources

The earliest map consulted was Taylor and Skinner's map of 1776, which depicts development in the area around the High Street with agricultural plots behind. There is insufficient detail to allow the development area to be accurately pinpointed.

The earliest map to show the proposed development area in detail is the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1854 (surveyed 1852-53). Kilwinning Street itself does not appear until the Ordnance Survey map of 1944 (surveyed 1938).

The most useful historical maps are the 1853 (Fig. 2a) and 1893 (Fig. 2b) Musselburgh Town Plans. The 1853 plan shows roofed buildings and what may be yards within the northern part of the development area. The southern part appears to contain gardens as both trees and paths are depicted. Roofed buildings are less clearly depicted on the 1893 plan but the division apparent from the earlier map is repeated. The representation of steps within the plot behind 82-84 High Street suggests the buildings to the north are well below the level of the gardens to the south.

### 3.2 Evaluation

Machine excavation in both trenches removed a gravel surface (100, 200 and 301) c. 0.1m in thickness. Concrete in the west end of Trench 2 was broken using a hydraulic hammer. All three trenches revealed deep stratigraphy.

Numbers in bold in the following text refer to contexts, a full list of which is contained in Appendix 1.

### Trench 1

Trench 1 measured 18m in length by 1.5m wide and was orientated roughly west to east (Figs. 1-3).

Structural remains were found in the eastern end of the trench (Figs. 3-4). The remains of two parallel sandstone walls (110) and (114) of similar construction and size were found running north-south and disappeared into the baulk beyond the trench

limits. Running at an angle from underneath (114) was a second sandstone rubble wall (107) with a clay damp-proofing layer (108) running along its south side. Between wall (107) and the northern trench edge were demolished sandstone blocks (116) overlying paving stones (115). No occupation deposits were present.

Another sandstone wall (118) with clay damp-proofing on the northern side (117) could just be seen in the north-facing section of the trench. To the east, a linear ditch (106) running north-south was discovered, filled with soft brown silty sand (112) with 19<sup>th</sup> century finds including brick, bone, pantile, stone and lead in the fill. The ditch continued beyond the trench limits. Immediately east of the ditch (106) the stub of a sandstone wall (105) without obvious mortar-bonding was found.

The stratigraphic layers within the trench varied slightly. At the west end below the gravel surface (100), the made ground consisted of red blaes and stones (102), followed by dark brown/black silty sand (103) under which mid brown silty sand with soot/charcoal inclusions overlay the natural sandy gravel substrate (003). To the east, there were the three upper layers of 100, 102 and 103 followed by light brown silt with stone chips and mortar (111) between wall (113) and ditch (106), and orangey-brown sand overlying wall (113) up to wall (110).

### Trench 2

Trench 2 measured 14m in length with a maximum width of 2.1m orientated roughly west to east (Figs. 1-3).

Structural remains in Trench 2 were more varied than Trench 1 (Figs. 5-6). The remains of a set of parallel sandstone walls (208 and 217) were found running north-south and these appear to connect with (114) and (110) found in Trench 1.

Wall (212) abuts wall (208) on the north-facing trench section and runs through (as 213) to the second plot boundary wall 217. An internal sandstone wall 210 was recorded, with a degraded wooden post (211) in the corner formed by walls 212 and 210. The area to the north of wall 212/213 and on either side of wall 210 was paved with rounded cobbles (209, 214). Very large quantities of finds including many complete bottles, crockery, tins, tyres and plastic rubbish were present within these structures.

To the east of wall 213, a short flight of 4 cut-stone steps (216) abutted wall (217). A door check (215) was identified on the east end of the top step.

To the east of wall 217, a mortared stone wall (219) continued east towards the edge of the trench, slightly curving to the north. Immediately to the north of wall (219) a stone-lined well (222) was found. This had sandstone lintels (221) largely obscuring the interior.

The stratigraphic layers within the trench varied dramatically. At the west end under modern concrete, the layers of made ground consisted of yellowish-brown sand with stone chips (201) over black silty sand (205), and dark brown silty sand with soot/charcoal inclusions (206) over mid yellowish brown silty sand (224). The natural substrate (003) was a yellow gravelly sand. Over the middle of the trench where the

architectural remains were present the top layer of gravel (200) was followed by mixed blaes and black silt (203), red and pink blaes (204) and demolition rubble (207). At the eastern end of the trench over the well (222) and wall 219, the gravel (200) was underlain by black silt and gravel (218).

# Trench 3

Trench 3 measured 7m in length with a maximum width of 1.5m orientated southwest to north-east (Fig. 1).

Trench 3 was excavated in the north-east corner of the development area. Below surface gravel (301) was a layer of mixed demolition rubble and blaes (302) which overlay a grey-black soil (303). This overlay a deep deposit of yellow-brown sandy soil (304) which merged into natural sands (003) at a depth of 2.4m.

No structural remains were present and there were no negative features.

### 4. **CONCLUSIONS**

An archaeological evaluation was carried out by CFA Archaeology Ltd at 1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, East Lothian. Three trenches covered 59m<sup>2</sup> of the development site.

The evaluation demonstrated that the heavily truncated remains of boundary walls and the interior walls of buildings or yards exist at a depth of around 0.5m below current ground level. Some of these appear to represent structures present on the 1853 and 1893 Ordnance Survey Musselburgh Town Plans. The remains identified included boundary walls, external and internal building walls, wooden internal fittings, cobbled and paved stone floors, stone steps and a well.

In terms of where the structural remains were located, no remains were recorded in the plots to the rear of Numbers 72-76 and Numbers 86-90 High Street; these plots contained deep soil horizons. All of the building remains lay in the plots to the rear of Numbers 78-84 High Street.

In Trench 1, the north-south aligned boundary walls are shown on both the 1853 and 1893 Town Plans. The structural remains in the east of the trench underlie the western boundary wall and are not shown on these maps but appear to be the remains of a building or buildings. No finds were recovered and the date of these structure(s) is unknown. They are however bisected and possibly cut by a ditch containing 19th-century finds.

In Trench 2, the north-south aligned boundary walls are shown on both the 1853 and 1893 Town Plans. A roofed building is shown in the west of the trench in 1853 but there was no trace of this structure in the trench. To the east, an unroofed building or yard is shown on the 1853 map. All of the remains are shown on the 1893 Musselburgh Town Plan and the steps provide a very useful reference point for the whole trench. These remains do not appear to represent a roofed building, notwithstanding the presence of a door check. The well in the east of the trench is not shown on either map but the curve of the wall to the south of the well is shown in both 1853 and 1893.

In Trench 3, deep soils were recorded. No archaeological remains were present and none are shown on historic maps.

No pre-modern finds were recovered during the fieldwork.

The decision regarding further mitigation work lies with the East Lothian Council Archaeology Service.

The project archive, comprising all CFA record sheets, maps and reports, will be deposited with the National Monuments Record of Scotland (NMRS) and copies of reports will be lodged with the East Lothian Sites and Monuments Record.

A summary statement of the results of this evaluation will be submitted for publication in *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland* (Appendix 4) and an online OASIS form will be completed.

# **APPENDIX 1: Context Register**

Context no.	Trench	Fill of	Description			
003	Trench 1 and 2		Natural gravelly sand			
100	Trench 1		Surface Gravel- c. 0.1m Depth Across Trench			
101	Trench 1		Red Blaes and Stones- c.0.2m-0.4m Depth Across Trench			
102	Trench 1		Dark Brown/Black Silty Sand- c. 0.2m-0.5m Depth Across			
102	110110111		Trench			
103	Trench 1		Mid Brown Silty Sand and Black Lenses- c. 0.55m Depth			
			Across the First 8.5m of the E End of the Trench			
105	Trench 1		Wall of Medium-Large Sub-Angular Sandstone Build Mortar on Upper Surfaces- 1.10m Length x 0.95m Width x 0.20m Height			
106	Trench 1		Cut for N-S Linear Ditch- 1.50m Length x 1.25m Width x 0.90m Depth			
107	Trench 1		Wall of Sandstone Rubble and Mortar Running E-W Under 112- 2.75m Length x 0.56m Width x 0.3m Height			
108	Trench 1		Yellowish-Grey Gritty Clay Damp Proofing to S of Wall 107- 2.80m Length x 0.35m Width			
109	Trench 1		Concrete to E of Wall 110- 1.5m in Length x 1.0m Width Extends Beyond Trench Limits			
110	Trench 1		Wall of Sandstone Build Running N-S Between High St Unknown Length x 0.50m Width x 0.45 Height			
111	Trench 1		Light Brown Sandy Silt with Stone Chips and Mortar- 3.35m Length x 0.9m Width x 0.7m Depth			
112	Trench 1	106	Dark Brown/Black Silty Sand Containing 19th Century Finds- 1.50m Length x 1.25m Width x 0.9m Depth			
113	Trench 1		Orangey-Brown Sand Over Wall 105- 3.2m Length x 1.5m Width x 0.6m Depth			
114	Trench 1		Wall of Sandstone Build Running N-S Between High St Unknown Length x 0.50m Width x 0.28 Height			
115	Trench 1		Paving to N of Wall 107- 1.06m Length x 0.38m Width x 0.09m Depth			
116	Trench 1		Sandstone Blocks with Mortar and Silt- 0.98m Length x 0.29m Width x 0.22m Depth			
117	Trench 1		Yellowish-Grey Gritty Clay Damp Proofing to N of Wall 118 in the N Facing Section of Trench- 1.2m Length x 0.12m Width x Unknown Depth			
118	Trench 1		Sandstone Wall in N Facing Section- 1.74 Length x Width and Height Unknown			
200	Trench 2		Surface Gravel- c. 0.1m Depth Across Trench			
201	Trench 2	202	Yellowish-Brown Sand and Stone Chips Below Concrete- 2.10m Length x 1.5m Width x 0.19m Depth			
202	Trench 2		Modern Cut- 2.10 Length x 1.5m Width x 0.19m Depth			
203	Trench 2		Mixed Blaes and Black Silt Over Wall 208-			
204	Trench 2		Red and Pink Blaes- 7.20m Length x 1.5m Width x c. 0.3m Depth			
205	Trench 2		Black Firm Silty Sand Silt- 2.10m Length x 1.5m Width x 0.14m Depth			
206	Trench 2		Dark Brown Silty Sand with Black Lenses- 2.10 Length x 1.5m Width x 0.28m Depth			
207	Trench 2		Demolition Rubble- 6.8m Length x 1.5m Width x c. 0.4m Depth			
208	Trench 2		Boundary and Building Wall of Sandstone Build Continues N and S- 1.52m Length x 0.62m Width x 0.7m Height			
209	Trench 2		Floor of Medium Rounded Cobbles- 2.68m Length x 2.10m Width x Unknown Depth			

Context	Trench	Fill of	Description			
no.			_			
210	Trench 2		Internal Stone Mortared Building Wall- Continues N and S-			
			1.68m Length x 0.30m Width x 0.4m Height			
211	Trench 2		Degraded Wooden Post- 0.06m Width x 0.4m Depth			
212	Trench 2		Southern Wall of Building to W- 2.7m Length x Unknown			
			Width x 0.1m Height			
213	Trench 2		Southern Wall of Building to E- 3.60m Length x Unknown			
			Width x 0.66m Height			
214	Trench 2		Floor of Medium Rounded Cobbles- 2.50m Length x 1.65m			
			Width x Unknown Depth			
215	Trench 2		Cut Stone Door Check- 0.29m Length x 0.25m Width 0.49			
			Height			
216	Trench 2		Cut Stone Steps W of 217- 1.24m Length x 1.0m Width			
			0.60m Height			
217	Trench 2		Boundary and Building Wall of Sandstone Build Continues			
			N and S-1.70m Length x 0.60m Width x 1.1m Height			
218	Trench 2		Black Silt and Gravel- 2.82m Length x 1.5m Width x 0.2m			
			Depth			
219	Trench 2		Mortared Stone Wall- 2.82m Continues E x 0.46m Width x			
			Unknown Height			
220	Trench 2		Mixed Silt, Stone Chips and Mortar- 1.46m Length x 1.49m			
			Width x Unknown Depth			
221	Trench 2		Sandstone Lintel/Well Cover- c. 1.2m Length x 0.3m Width			
			x Unknown Height			
222	Trench 2		Well Wall of Mortared Sandstone Rubble- 1.15m Diameter			
			x 1.5m Depth			
223	Trench 2	222	Silt and Stones- 1.15m Diameter x Unknown Depth			
224	Trench 2		Mid Yellowish Brown Soft Silty Sand and Black Lenses-			
			2.12m Length x 1.5m Width x c. 0.7m Depth			
225	Trench 2		Black Silt and Very Large Quantities of Artefacts: Fill of			
			Buildings 212, 213 Below 207			
301	Trench 3		Surface gravel			
302	Trench 3		Spread of modern demolition debris and red blaes			
303	Trench 3		Grey-black buried soil			
304	Trench 3		Yellow-brown buried soil			

# **APPENDIX 2: Drawing Register**

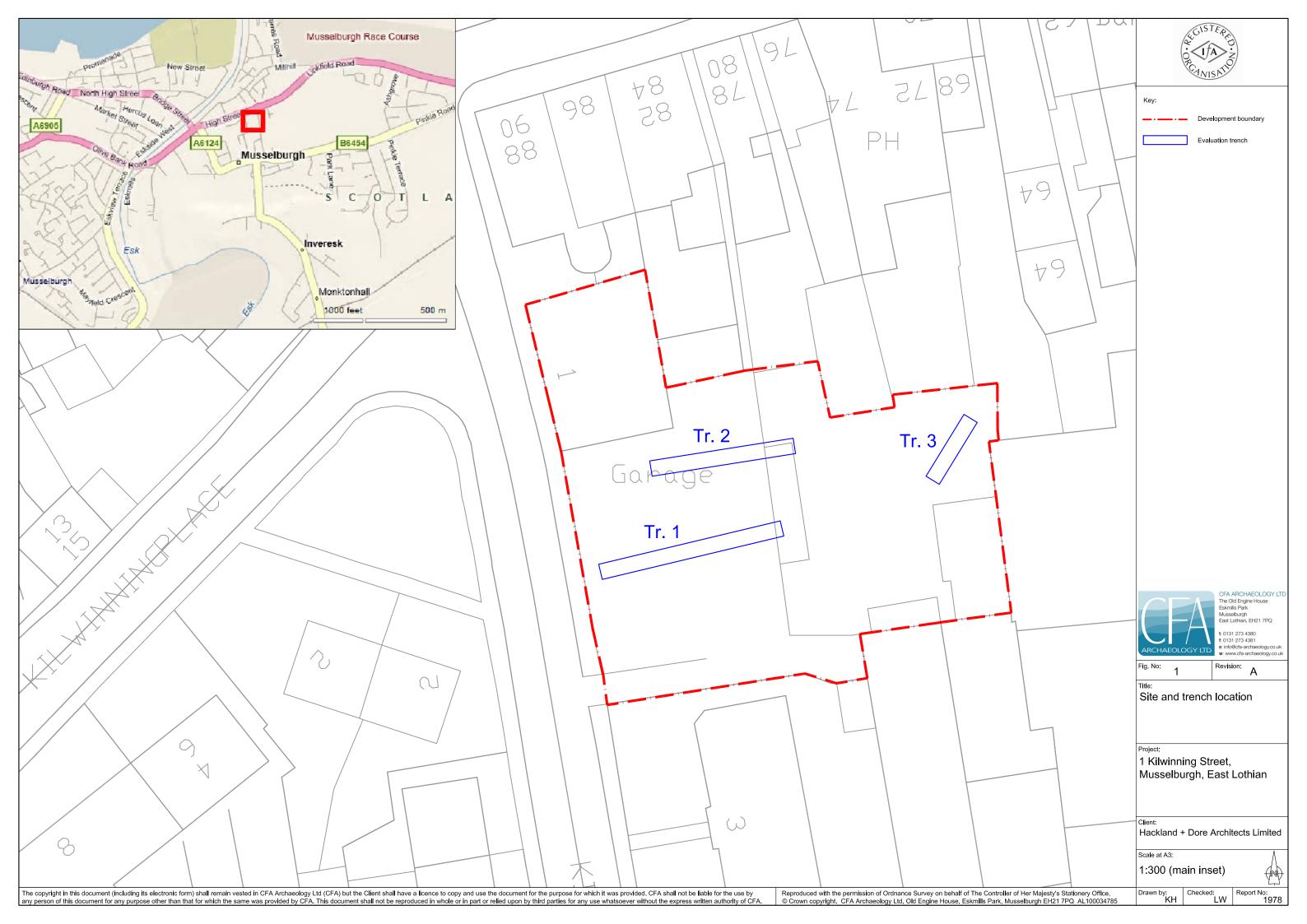
Dwg No.	Sheet No.	Scale	Plan / Section	Description/contexts
1	1	1:20	Section	S Facing Section of Trench 1
2	2	1:20	Plan	Plan of Trench 1
3	3	1:20	Section	N Facing Section of Trench 2
4	4	1:20	Plan	Plan of Trench 2

# **APPENDIX 3: Photographic Register**

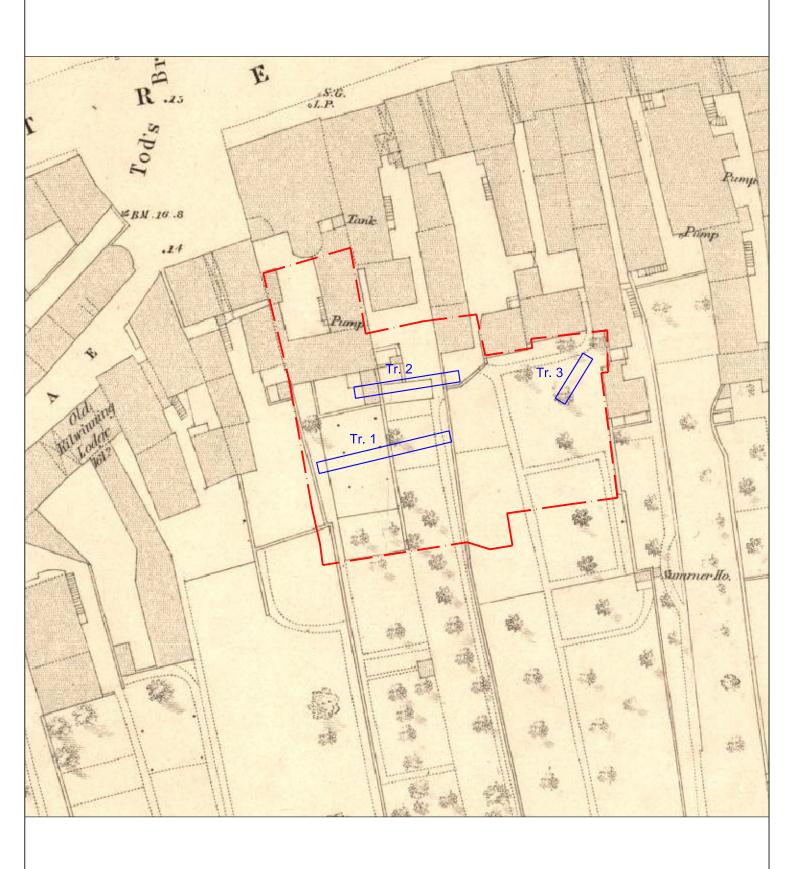
Shot No.	Shot No.	Taken from	Conditions	
1-13	Pre Ex View of the Site	Various	Dull	
14-16	Trench 1 Excavated	Е	Overcast	
17	General View of Wall 105	S	Overcast	
18	Detailed Shot of Wall 105	S	Overcast	
19	Wall 105 and Ditch 106	S	Overcast	
20	Detailed Shot of Ditch 106 Section	S	Overcast	
21	Detailed Shot of Ditch 106 Section Bottom	S	Overcast	
22-23	Wall 107 and Clay Deposit 108	S	Overcast	
24	Wall 107 and Clay Deposit 108	Е	Overcast	
25-26	General View of Trench 1 Excavated	S	Overcast	
27	Trench 1 Section at W End	N	Overcast	
28	Trench 1 Wall 110 at E End	S	Overcast	
29	Trench 1 Wall 110 at E End	N	Overcast	
30-32	General View of Trench 1 E End	W	Overcast	
33-34	General Views of Trench 1 E End	W	Overcast	
35	Trench 1 Paving 115	S	Overcast	
36	Trench 1 Paving 115 and Wall 107	SE	Overcast	
37-38	Trench 1 N-S Face of Wall 107 Exposed Below Wall 114	S/Above	Overcast	
39-40	Trench 1 N Facing Section of to E of Wall 114 Showing Clay 117 at Base of Fragmented Wall 118 Both Sealed by 102	S/Above	Overcast	
41-43	Trench 2. Internal views of the well	_	Flash	
44-45	Trench 3. General views of the deep and unsafe	NE	Bright/Shade	
	trench			
46-50	General Views of Trench 2	NW	Sun/Shade	
51	General Views of Trench 2	ENE	Sun/Shade	
52-53	General Views of Trench 2	Е	Sun/Shade	
54	Trench 2 Steps 216, and Wall 217	W	Shade	
55	Trench 2 Wall 217 and Well 222	W	Sun/Shade	
56	Trench 2 Steps 216, Wall 217 and Well 222	WSW	Sun/Shade	
57-58	Trench 2 Steps 216 Wall 217 and Well 222	WNW	Sun/Shade	
59-60	Trench 2 Steps 216, and Wall 217	N	Shade	
61	Trench 2 N Facing Wall 213 E Area	NE	Shade	
62-63	Trench 2 Wall 210 Between E and W Areas Showing Misalignment Between Walls	Е	Shade	
64-65	Trench 2 W Area, Wood Post 211 Nailed to Wall 210 and General View of Section	NW	Shade	
66	Trench 2 Paving 209 in W Area with wooden post 211 top right	W	Shade	
67	Trench 2 E Area and wall 208 E facing elevation	W	Shade	
68	Trench 2 Soil Section at W End	S	Sun/Shade	
69-70	General Views of Trench 2	W	Sun/Shade	
71	Trench 1 and 2 Showing Connection of Walls 114 and 208	S	Sun/Shade	
72	Trench 2 S Facing Section in E Area Showing Depth of Artefact Rich Floor Deposit	S	Dull	
73	Trench 2 N Facing Section Showing Wall with Demo Rubble Above	N	Dull	

# **APPENDIX 4: Discovery & Excavation in Scotland Entry**

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	East Lothian
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh
PROJECT CODE:	KIST
PARISH:	Inveresk
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Leigh A. Garst
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	CFA Archaeology Ltd
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Archive Assessment and Evaluation
NMRS NO(S):	None
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	Buildings, well, walls
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	None
NGR (2 letters, 10 figures)	NT 3459 7265
START DATE (this season)	November 2011
END DATE (this season)	November 2011
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES ref.)	N/A
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	An archaeological evaluation covering 59m² was carried out by CFA Archaeology Ltd at 1 Kilwinning Street Musselburgh, East Lothian. The evaluation demonstrated the presence of truncated remains of boundary walls and buildings. Some of these are depicted on the 1853 and 1893 Ordnance Survey Musselburgh Town Plans. The remains identified in the evaluation trenches included at least two building phases with external and internal walls, cobble stone flooring, stone steps and a well.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	Not known
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:	-
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Hackland + Dore Architects Limited
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	The Old Engine House, Eskmills Park, Musselburgh, EH21 7PQ
EMAIL ADDRESS:	cfa@cfa-archaeology.co.uk
ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended/deposited)	National Monuments Record of Scotland (archive) East Lothian Council Sites and Monuments Record (report)







Key:

Development boundary

Fig No:

2a

Revision:

Client:

Hackland + Dore Architects Limited

Project:

1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, East Lothian

Musselburgh 1853, Ordnance Survey extract

w: www.cfa-archaeology.co.uk

CFA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD The Old Engine House Eskmills Park Musselburgh East Lothian, EH21 7PQ

t: 0131 273 4380 f: 0131 273 4381 e: info@cfa-archaeology.co.uk

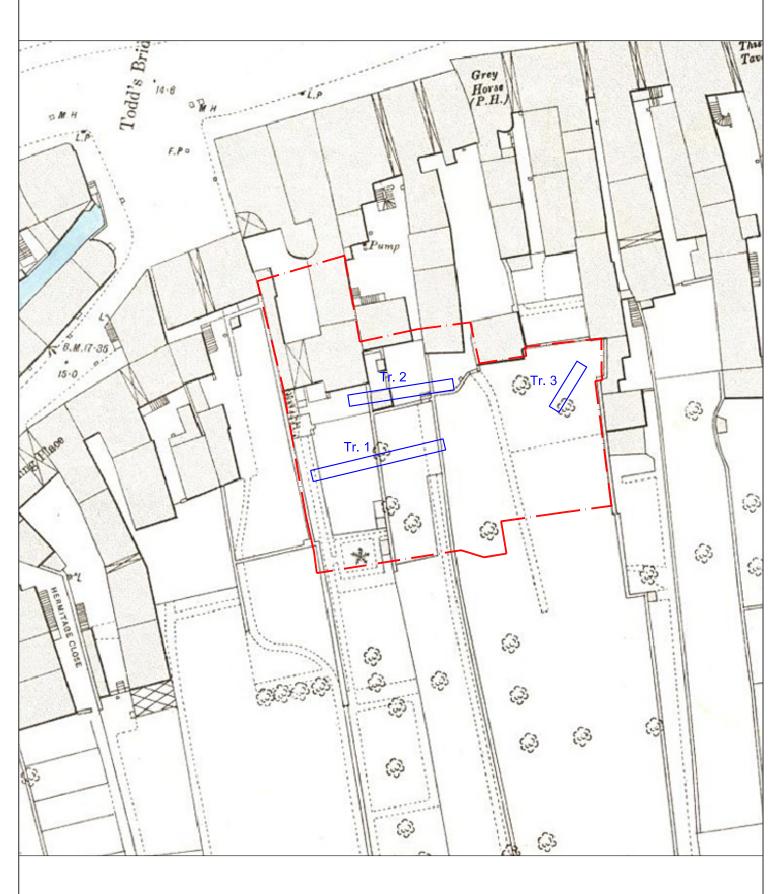
Drawn by:

Report No: 1978

Scale at A4:

1:500





Key:

Development boundary

Fig No:

2b

Revision:

Client:

Hackland + Dore Architects Limited

1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, East Lothian

Musselburgh 1893, Ordnance Survey extract

w: www.cfa-archaeology.co.uk

CFA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD The Old Engine House Eskmills Park Musselburgh East Lothian, EH21 7PQ

t: 0131 273 4380 f: 0131 273 4381 e: info@cfa-archaeology.co.uk

Drawn by:

Report No: 1978

Scale at A4:

1:500



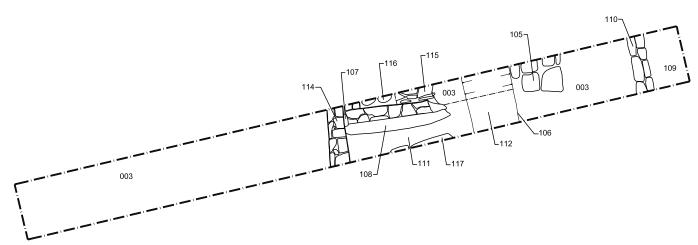


Fig 3 - Trench 1 plan



Fig 4 - The eastern end of Trench 1 from the WNW

Key:

| Fig No: 3-4 | Revision: 0 | Client: Hackland + Dore Architects Limited | Title: Trench 1 | Project: | 1 Kilwinning Street, Musselburgh, East Lothian | Drawn by: KH | Checked: Report No: 1978 | 1978 | 1978



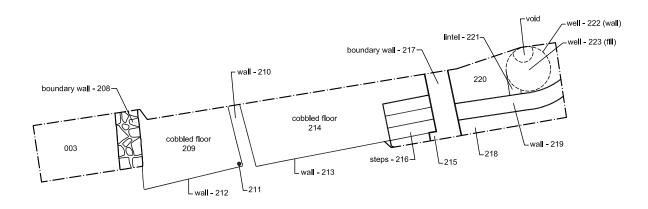


Fig 5 - Trench 2 plan



Fig 6 - The eastern end of Trench 2 from the WNW

Key:	Fig No: 5-6	Revision: 0	Client: Hackland + Dore Architects Limited		The Old Engine Hou	
	Title: Trench 2				Musse East L t: 013	Eskmills Park Musselburgh East Lothian, EH21 7PQ t: 0131 273 4380
Scale at A4:	Project: 1 Kilwinning Str	ARCHAEOLOGY LTD e: info@cfa-archaeology Drawn by: Checked: Report No:		@cfa-archaeology.co.uk ww.cfa-archaeology.co.uk		
1:100				KH	LW	1978