SWW SEWER RELAY, NEWTON FERRERS

(NGR SX 54732 47870 to SX 54893 47926)

Results of an archaeological watching brief

Prepared by: Paul Jones

On behalf of: South West Water

Document No: ACD603/2/0

Date: September 2013



Devon County Council Historic Environment Record

Civil Parish & District: Newton and Noss, South Hams	National Grid Reference SX 54732 47870 to SX 54893 47926		Number: (Leave blank for HES to fill in)		
Subject: SWW Sewer Relay, Newton Ferrers; Results of an archaeological watching brief Photo attached? N					
Planning Application no: N/A		Recipient museum: Plymouth City Museum			
OASIS ID: 151651		Museum Accession no: 2012.233			
Contractor's reference number/code: ACD603		Dates fieldwork undertaken: 10 January 2013 – 16 February 2013			

Description of works.

Introduction

A watching brief was maintained during the excavation of 160m long sewer trench, and associated manholes, on the foreshore south of Newton Ferrers (Fig. 1). The investigations were commissioned by Hyder Consulting on behalf of South West Water, and were requested by the Devon County Historic Environment Team on the basis that the works may impact on buried archaeological deposits relating to the historic use of the shore, or of sunken vessels/hulks or parts thereof, or deposits relating to former land surfaces now submerged due to rising sea levels. The underlying geology comprises Devonian mudstone, siltstone and sandstone of the Dartmouth group.

Results

The trench was located immediately south of the existing sewer pipe, and measured 0.60m wide and between 0.60m-2m deep. The following deposits were encountered:

- 100 coarse foreshore silts containing angular stone, with red brick fragments within the upper 0.40m.
 This deposit was between 0.2m and 1.7m deep, and was generally deeper at the eastern end of the trench.
- 101 dark grey clay. This was only present in the central to eastern part of the trench (between the Harding and Binnacle House), and measured between 0.30m-0.60m deep.
- 102 natural mudstone bedrock, which was exposed at depths of between 0.50m and 1.2m from the foreshore surface. The higher exposures were generally in the centre of the trench in the area of the Harding.

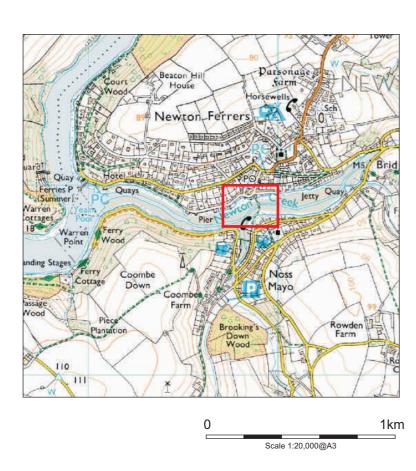
No archaeological features or deposits were exposed during the excavations.

A single worked oak timber, excavated from context 101 to the southwest of the Harding was recorded. This had partially lain within the existing service trench and had been damaged by plant. It measured 1.30m long by up to 0.34m deep by 0.13m wide, and in profile was a squat, wide Y shape. The timber had formed a rib for a small boat. The only features were four dowel or nail holes – two on each side – as well as a possible mortice where the rib would have fitted into the keel. The holes were irregularly positioned, both in distribution and the face from which they had been drilled. On this basis, and the crude 'finish' of the lower face, it is possible that the rib was never completed, and represents shipbuilding debris rather than the remains of a wreck. The timber was not datable, and was not removed from site.

A plan as well as any other relevant drawings must be attached showing the location and extent of site, areas investigated and features exposed.

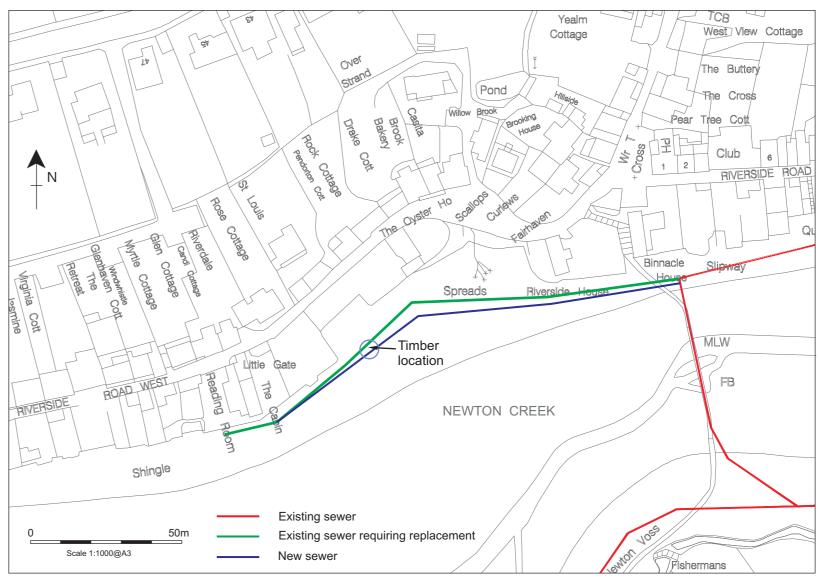
Recorder:	Date sent to HER:
Paul Jones, AC archaeology	18 September 2013





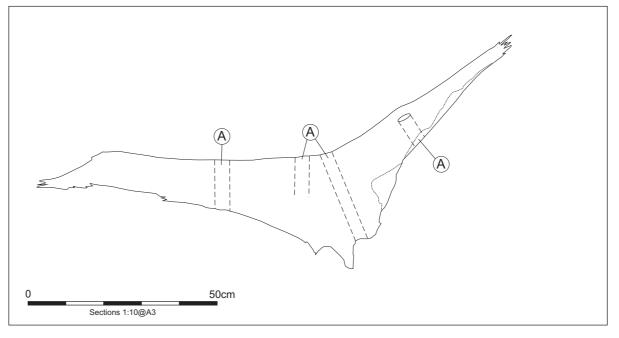
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a) plan of timber location



Plan supplied by South West Water

b) Side face of timber



PROJE

Newton Ferrers, Devon

TITLE

Fig. 1 Location of observations and profile of excavated timber



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