JOHN MOORE HERITAGE SERVICES

AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

AT

WHEATLEYS FARM,

ASHTON KEYNES, WILTSHIRE

NGR SU 049 933

On behalf of

Earthline Ltd

MAY 2017

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FIELDWORK	2nd – 22nd March 2017
REPORT ISSUED	18th May 2017
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JMHS Project No:	3673
Site Code:	AKWF 17
Archive Location:	The archive currently is maintained by John Moore Heritage Services and will be transferred to the Wiltshire Heritage Museum.

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Summary

John Moore Heritage Services carried out an evaluation on land at Wheatleys Farm, Wiltshire (NGR SU 049 933). The evaluation was to consist of 96 trenches, but due to ground conditions and a high water table, and located next to the river only 75 trenches were excavated. A cluster of Iron Age – Romano-British activity was identified within the southwestern and northeastern extent of the site. A Post-Medieval trackway was identified in the northwestern extent of the site, the site of a windmill in the northeastern extent of the site and various sub-divisions of the fields were present across the site. Fifteen un-dated linear ditches were found across the site.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Site Location (Figure 1)

The proposed development site is located on the southern side of the village and is centred on Wheatleys Farm (NGR SU 049 933). The proposal site extends to the east and west of the farm over an area of approximately 36ha and covers a number of small fields currently in mixed use and bounded by hedgerows. The eastern half of the site is bounded by the River Thames at its northern edge, and unnamed road to the east and by the Swill Brook to the south. The western edge is bounded by the High Road, which effectively divides the site. The western half of the site is bounded by the River Thames to the north, fields and the B4696 to the west and the High Road to east and south. The site lies on the floodplain to the south of Ashton Keynes at 83m OD. The underlying geology consists of the Oxford Clay Formation, a sedimentary mudstone formed approximately 156 to 165 million years ago in the Jurassic Period. This is overlain by the Northmoor Sand and Gravel Member, a superficial deposit laid down up to 3 million years ago in the Quaternary Period (http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html).

1.2 Planning Background

A planning application is to be submitted to Wiltshire Council for mineral extraction. The Wiltshire Archaeological Service team has recommended that a pre-determination archaeological evaluation of the application area should be carried out due to the archaeological and historical importance of the surrounding area. This was in line with NPPF and other Local Planning policies.

1.3 Archaeological Background

A Heritage Impact Assessment of the area has been undertaken (Rose-Jones 2017). A summary of the results is given below.

The earliest evidence of activity within the search area dates to the Bronze Age and consists of three bronze awls, found by a metal detectorist. The evidence for activity increases during the later prehistoric period. An extensive coaxial field system is found to the south west of the site; this clearly extends into the western side of the

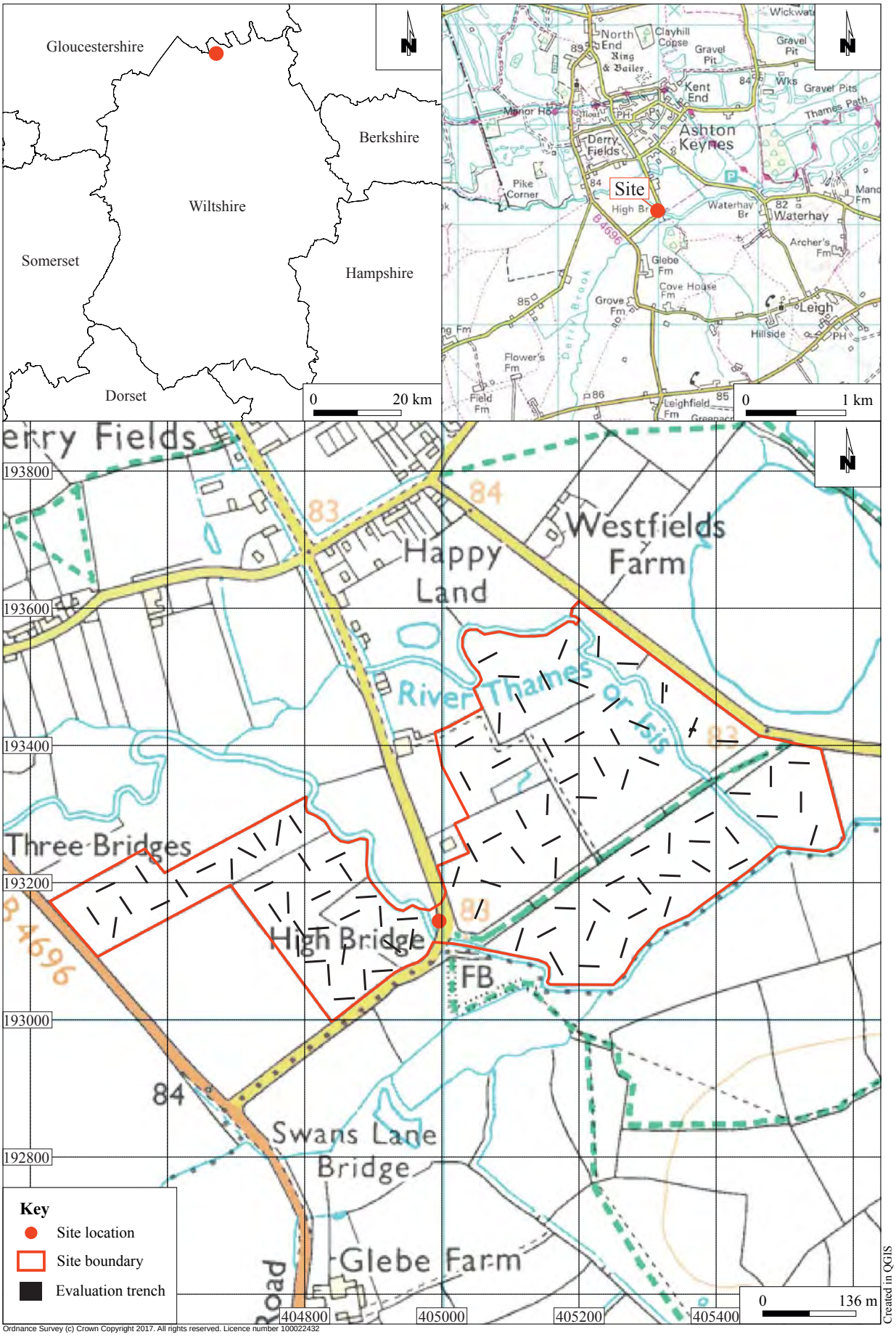


Figure 1: Site location

site. During excavation to the south west a ring gully dating to the first century AD was recorded. Further evidence of Roman or Romano British occupation was recorded ahead of gravel extraction at Rixon Gate, to the north east of the site. This evidence appears to suggest an increase in activity during this period, presumably associated with the development of a settlement or series of farmsteads.

A further increase in activity is noted during the high medieval period. This increase is associated with the growth of Ashton Keynes and is generally concentrated to the north of the site within the core of the village itself and to the south of the site where there is substantial evidence of agricultural activity in the form of surviving ridge and furrow earthworks The area of the site appears to belong to the agricultural hinterland surrounding the village. The lack of extant ridge and furrow may indicate that the site formed a portion of the 'South Moor' an area of common described as extending south from Ashton Keynes towards Leigh and south west towards Minety (VCH 2011, pp.109-121).

Post-medieval and later activity is again predominantly focused within the village, although an increase in farmsteads and outfarms is noted throughout the surrounding area.

Sumo Survey undertook a geophysical survey of the site during January 2017 (Sumo Survey 2017). The interpretative results form part of this document with excavated trenches overlaid. Former tracks and other cut features were detected, and are thought to relate to an adjacent Roman field system. Evidence of ploughing and former field boundaries provide evidence of an agricultural past. The remaining features include areas of natural magnetic variation, disturbance from nearby ferrous objects and an area of enhanced response of uncertain origin (probably the result of two exploded bombes during the war; two other bombs are believed to have fallen but not exploded – information from landowner).

2 AIMS OF THE INVESTIGATION

The aims of the investigation as laid out in the Written Scheme of Investigation were as follows:

- To undertake an archaeological evaluation of the proposed development site.
- To establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains within the site and the depth of soil deposits that overlie any remains.
- To determine the extent, condition, nature, character, quality and date of any archaeological remains encountered.
- To determine the degree of complexity of the horizontal and/or vertical stratigraphy present.
- To assess the associations and implications of any remains encountered with reference to prehistoric and Roman remains known in the area especially to define the extent of the Roman trackways and field systems within the application site.

- To determine the implications of the remains with reference to economy, status, utility and social activity.

- To determine or confirm the likely range, quality and quantity of the artefactual evidence present.

- To assess the ecofactual and environmental potential of the archaeological features and deposits. The forms in which such evidence may be present will be determined in accordance with the guidelines set out in English Heritage's *Environmental Archaeology: A Guide to the Theory and Practice of Methods, from Sampling and Recovery to Post-excavation* and *Geoarchaeology: Using earth sciences to understand the archaeological record.*

- To determine the impact of the proposed development on any remains present.

- To inform the need for, and scope of, further phases of work to mitigate the impact of the proposed development.

3 STRATEGY

3.1 Research Design

John Moore Heritage Services carried out the work to a Written Scheme of Investigation agreed with the Wiltshire Archaeological Team the archaeological advisors to Wiltshire Council.

The recording was carried out in accordance with the standards specified by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2014).

3.2 Methodology

The archaeological evaluation was to excavate in total 96 trenches (Fig. 1) (30m long and 1.85m wide) within the 24.1ha of available land. Upon arrival on-site it was decided to not excavate Trenches 6, 7, 9 and 10 located in the western extent of the site due to the proximity to the un-exploded ordnance (Fig. 2) Very wet conditions on the ground combined with a high water table and the sites proximity to river channels also led to fifteen trenches (39, 40, 43, 44, 52, 57, 62, 64, 65, 68, 71, 80, 81, 82 and 84) not being excavated. Additionally trenches 87 and 89 were not excavated due to the location of services (Fig. 4). Trench 76 was extended (Fig. 4) and an extra trench (78a) was excavated parallel to Trench 78 (Fig. 4). All the trenches had been heavily truncated by deep ploughing and frequent ploughmarks were visible cut into the natural gravels.

In total 75 trenches were excavated down to the natural / archaeological horizon. All the trenches excavated were subject to flooding by groundwater as the bases of the trenches were below the water table, thus only limited archaeological investigations of some of the features revealed could be conducted where possible (See plates 1 & 2 for examples of ground conditions). Wiltshire Archaeology Service was consulted in all matters, including ground conditions.
Standard John Moore Heritage Services techniques were employed throughout, involving the completion of a written record for each deposit encountered, with scale

plans and section drawings compiled where appropriate. A photographic record was also produced.

Plate 1. Trench 20 flooded

Plate 2. Excavation of the ringditch in Trench 76

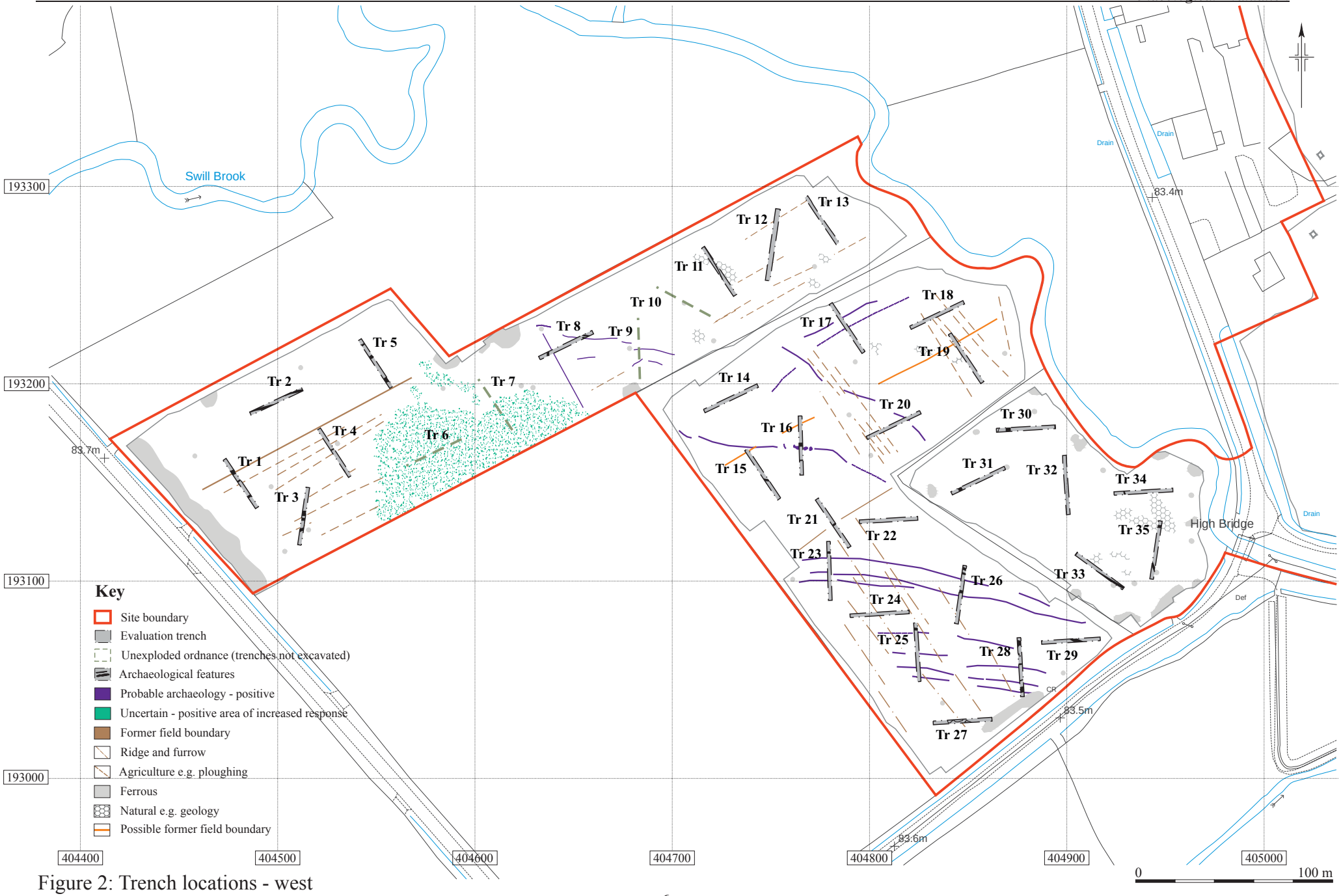


Figure 2: Trench locations - west

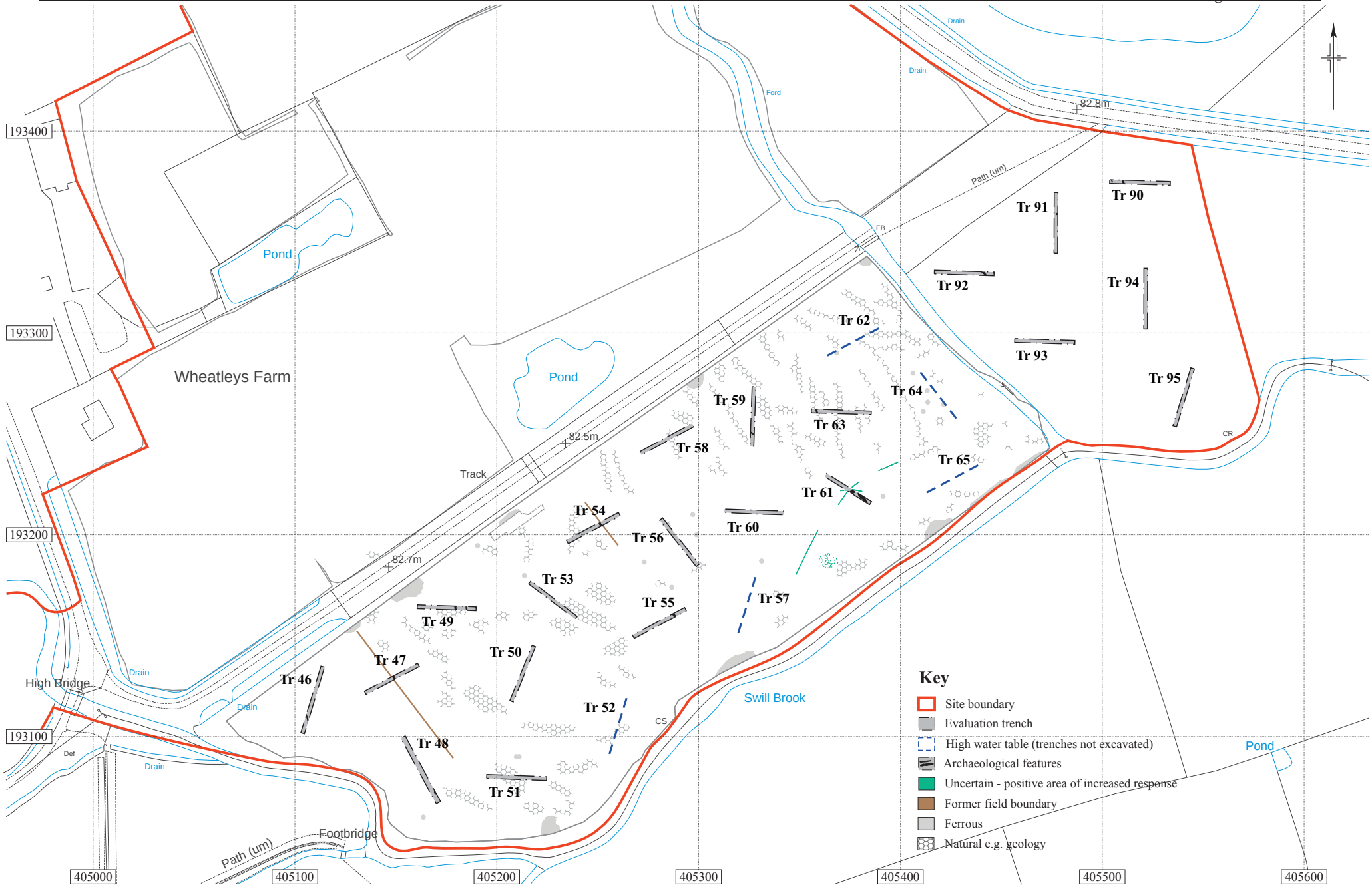


Figure 3: Trench locations - south

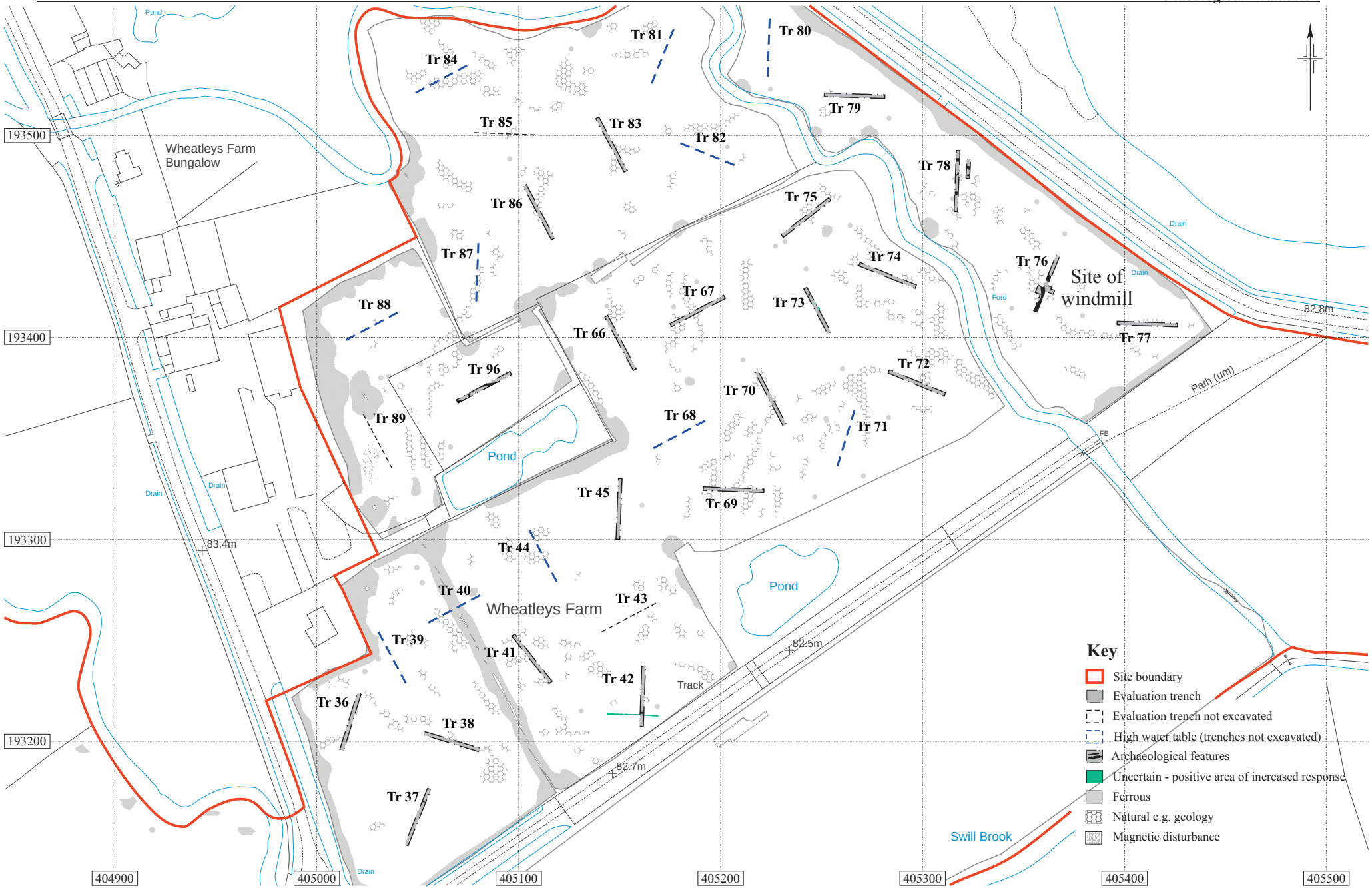


Figure 4: Trench locations - north

4 **RESULTS** (Figures 2-4)

Plate 3. Trench 1

Trench 1 (Fig. 5) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (1/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (1/02) and contained four linear features cut into the natural gravels.

Linear hedgerow 1/03 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.4m wide, at least 1.85m long and 0.28m deep, with irregular sides and an un-even base. It was filled by a light brown silty clay (1/04) that contained no finds. (This hedgerow was removed in the 20th century, according to the farmer)

Linear ditch 1/05 was orientated NE – SW; it was 0.9m wide, at least 1.85m long and 0.25m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by a mid-brown silty clay (1/06) that contained no finds. This ditch was also present in Trench 4 as ditch 4/09 and possibly represents sub-division of the field during the Post-Medieval period.

Linear ditch 1/07 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.3m wide, at least1.85m long and 0.35m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by a mid-brown silty clay (1/08) that contained no finds.

Linear ditch 1/09 was orientated NE – SW, it was 0.85m wide, at least 1.85m long and 0.22m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by a mid-brown silty clay (1/10) that contained no finds. Ditches 1/07 and 1/09 were orientated at a right angle from the existing western field boundary and a continuation off the field boundary to the northeast, and also confirmed the linear on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2) and is shown on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

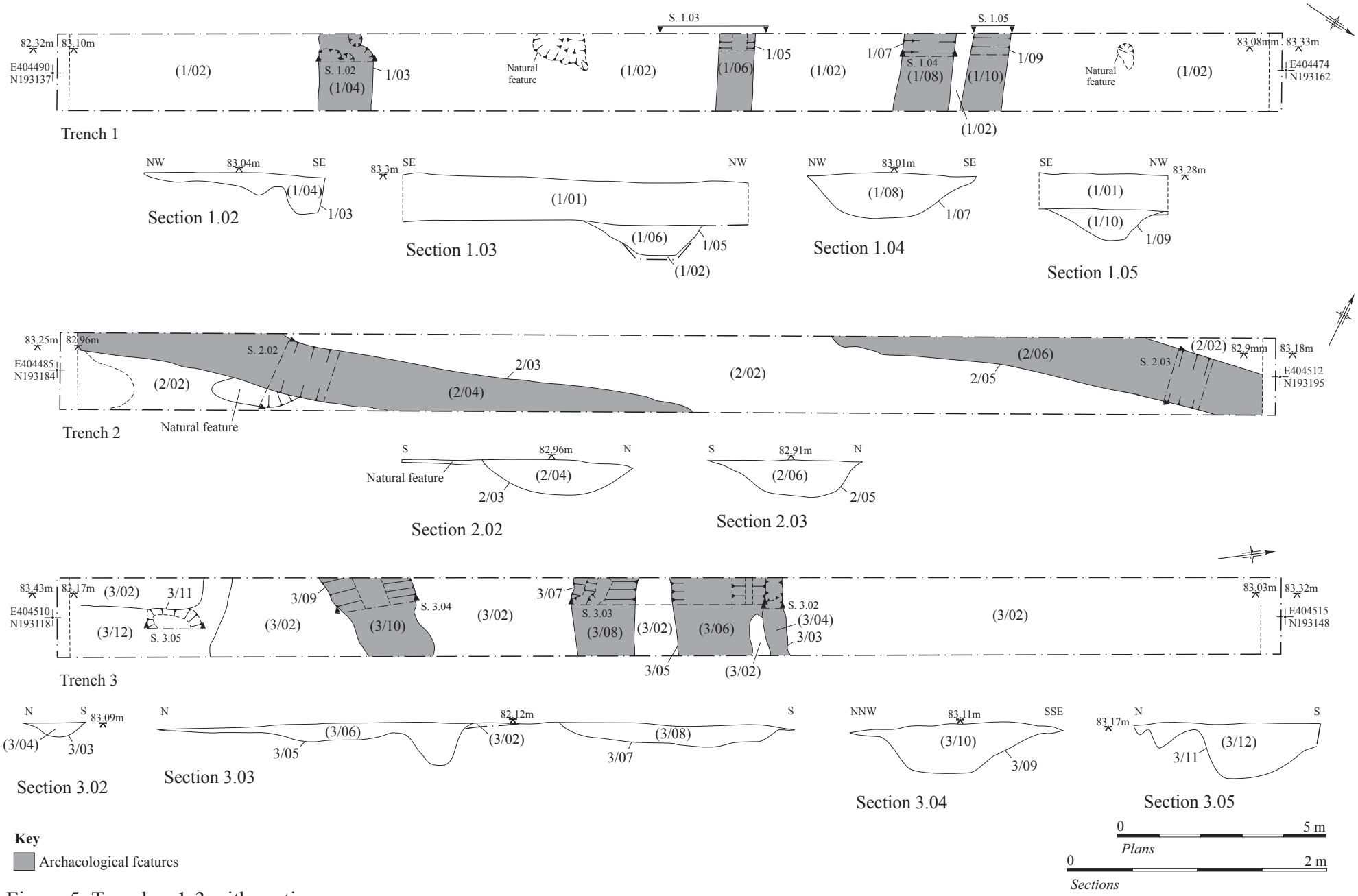


Figure 5: Trenches 1-3 with sections

Plate 4. Trench 2

Trench 2 (Fig. 5) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (2/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (2/02) and contained two linear ditches cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater after excavation.

Linear ditch 2/03 was orientated E – W; it was 1.1m wide, 10m long as seen and 0.28m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled by a mid-greyish brown silty clay (2/04) that contained one sherd of 17-18th century pottery.

Linear ditch 2/05 was orientated E – W, it was 1.1m wide, at least 9.5m long and 0.28m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by a mid-greyish brown silty clay (2/06) that contained no finds. Both these ditches probably represent a trackway that is shown on Greenwood's map of Wiltshire 1820.

Trench 3 (Fig. 5) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.28m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (3/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (3/02) and contained three natural features, one tree throw hole and one ditch cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater after excavation.

Linear ditch 3/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 0.45m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.3m deep with irregular sides and base. It was filled by a brown silty clay (3/04) that contained 24 fragments of animal bone.

Linear natural feature 3/05 was orientated NW – SE; it was 2.44m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.34m deep with irregular sides and base. It was filled by an orange / brown silty clay (3/06).

Linear natural feature 3/07 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.9m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.18m deep with irregular sides and base. It was filled by an orange / brown

silty clay (3/08). These two were considered natural due to their irregularity and their fills.

Linear ditch 3/09 was orientated E – W; it was 1.5m wide, at least 1.9m long, and 0.39m deep with steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled by a mid-dark brown silty clay (3/10) that contained no finds. This ditch possibly represents a sub-division of the field during the Post-Medieval period.

Tree throw hole 3/11 was irregular in shape, at least 1.42m wide and 1.85m long, and was 0.4m deep as seen with steep irregular sides and a concave base. It was filled by a grey / brown silty clay (3/11) that contained no finds.

Trench 4 (Fig. 6) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (4/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (4/02) and contained one ditch cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 4/09 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.25m wide and 1.85m long within the trench and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (4/10) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch is also present in Trench 1 as ditch 1/05 Both of these ditches probably represent a trackway that is shown on Greenwood's map of Wiltshire, 1820.

Trench 5 (Fig. 6) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (5/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (5/02) and contained three ditches cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 5/03 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.25m wide and at least 1.85m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (5/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Linear ditch 5/05 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.7m wide and at least 1.85m long and was filled with a mid-grey silty clay (5/06) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Linear ditch 5/07 was orientated NE – SW, it was 2.7m wide and 1.85m long and was filled with a mid-grey silty clay (5/08) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This probably is part of a trackway that is shown on Greenwood's map of Wiltshire, 1820.

Trench 6 (Fig. 2) was not excavated due to the proximity of un-exploded ordnance.

Trench 7 (Fig. 2) was not excavated due to the proximity of un-exploded ordnance.

Trench 8 (Fig. 6) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (8/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (8/02) and contained three ditches cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

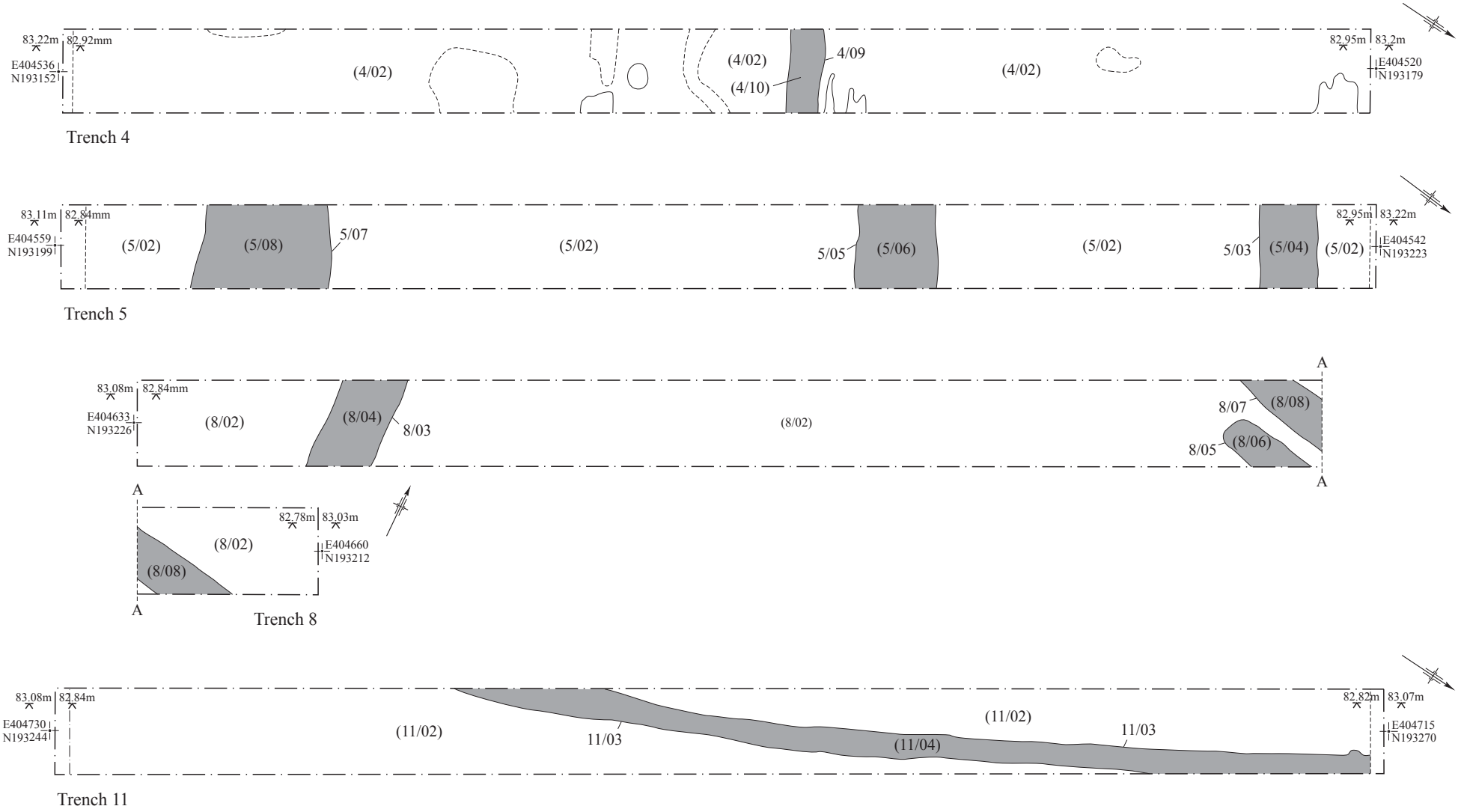


Figure 6: Trenches 4, 5, 8 and 11

Linear ditch 8/03 was orientated N – S; it was 1.6m wide and 2.5m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (8/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch could also confirm the linear anomaly on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2) and probably represents a sub-division of the field during the Post-Medieval period.

Linear ditch terminus 8/05 was orientated NW – SE, it was 1m wide and 2.5m long and was filled with a grey / brown silty clay (8/06) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch also confirmed the linear on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2).

Linear ditch 8/07 was orientated NW – SE, it was 1.2m wide and 3.5m long and was filled with a grey / brown silty clay (8/08) that contained one sherd of 17-18th century pottery and two fragments of possible brick . This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch also confirmed the linear on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Both these ditches probably represent a trackway that is shown on Greenwood's map of Wiltshire, 1820.

Trench 9 (Fig. 2) was not excavated due to the proximity of un-exploded ordnance.

Trench 10 (Fig. 2) was not excavated due to the proximity of un-exploded ordnance.

Trench 11 (Fig. 6) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (11/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (11/02) and contained one ditch cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 11/03 was orientated NNW – SSE; it was 0.5m wide and 20m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (11/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch was orientated at a right angle from the existing northern field boundary (Fig. 2) and is probably represents a sub-division of the field during the Post-Medieval period

Trench 12 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (12/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (12/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 13 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (13/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (13/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 14 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.16m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (14/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.06m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (14/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (14/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 15 (Fig. 7) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (15/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (15/02) and contained

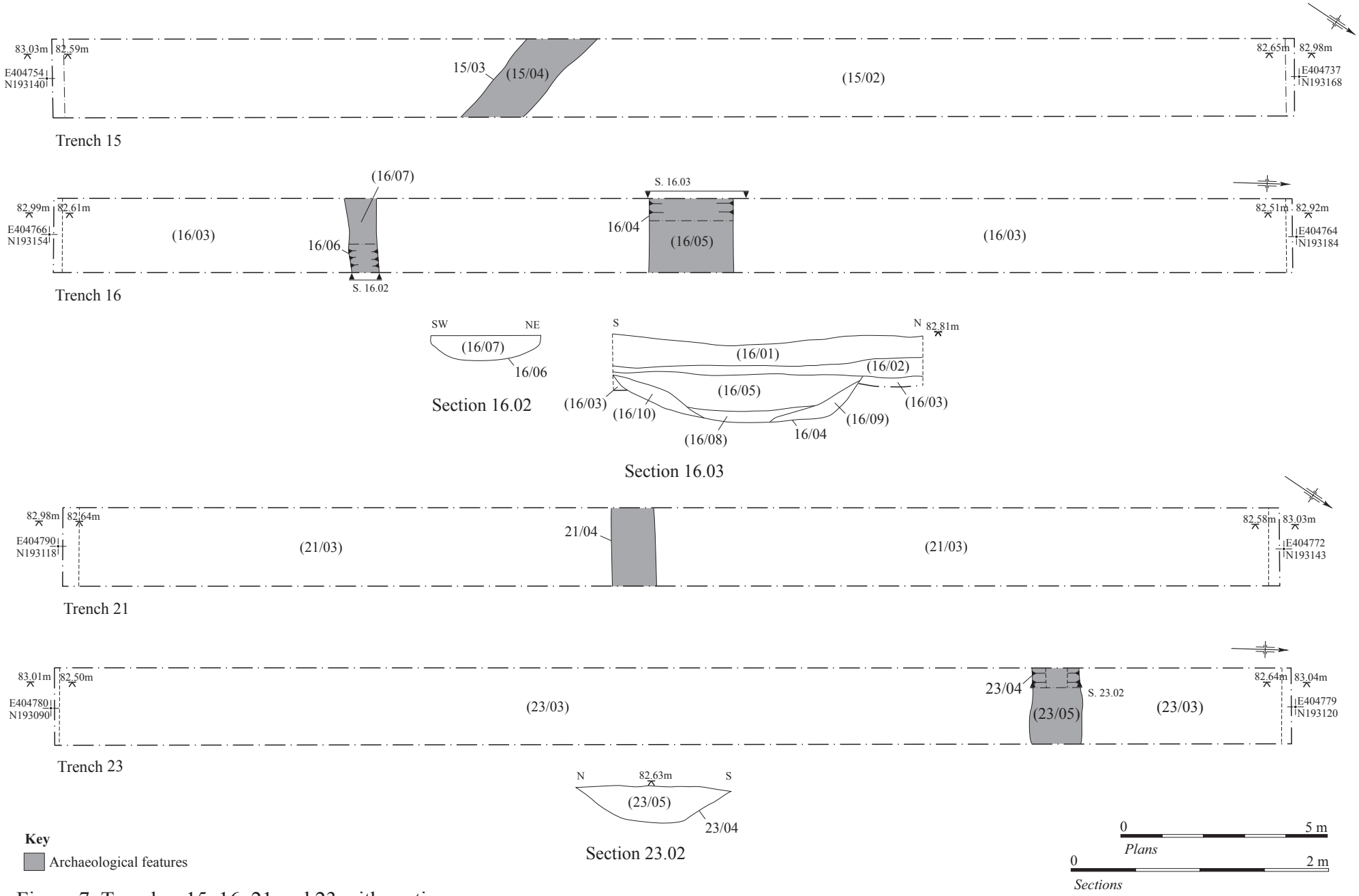


Figure 7: Trenches 15, 16, 21 and 23 with sections

one ditch cut into the natural gravels. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 15/03 was orientated E – W; it was 0.6m wide and 2.4m long within the trench and was filled with a light grey / brown silty clay (15/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the east – west alignment of the ditches in the adjacent area.

Trench 16 (Fig. 7) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (16/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (16/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (16/03). Cut into the natural gravels were one ditch and one ditch/gully. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 16/04 was orientated E – W; it was 1.9m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.4m deep, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by four fills. The two lower fills were yellowish brown silty clay and gravels (16/09) and (16/10) that were c. 0.1m thick layers of eroded natural gravels. Overlying these was a 0.1m thick layer of a mid-brown silty clay (16/08) and the upper fill, a 0.24m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (16/05). A single sherd of Iron Age pottery were recovered from fill (16/05). This ditch also confirmed the linear anomaly on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2).

Linear ditch/gully 16/06 was orientated E – W; it was 0.82m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.19m deep with undulating sides and base and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (16/07) that contained no finds.

Trench 17 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.24m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (17/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (17/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 18 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.23m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (18/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.09m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (18/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (18/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 19 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (19/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (19/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (19/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 20 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.16m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (20/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (20/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (20/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 21 (Fig. 7) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.23m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (21/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.04m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (21/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (21/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 21/04 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1m wide and 1.85m long within the trench and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (21/05) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch was orientated at a right angle from the existing western field boundary and a continuation of the field boundary to the northeast, and also confirmed the linear anomaly on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2) and is probably of Post-Medieval date.

Trench 22 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.21m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (22/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (22/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (22/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation

Trench 23 (Fig. 7) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (23/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (23/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (23/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 23/04 was orientated E – W; it was 1.2m wide, 1.85m long within the trench and 0.28m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (23/05) that contained no finds. This ditch also confirmed one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the east – west alignment of the ditches.

Trench 24 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.33m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (24/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (24/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features.

Trench 25 (Fig. 8) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.16m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (25/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.14m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (25/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (25/03). Cut into the natural gravels were one ditch and one natural linear feature. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 25/04 was orientated WNW – ESE; it was 1.4m wide, 1.85m long and 0.25m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (25/05) that contained no finds. This ditch also confirmed one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

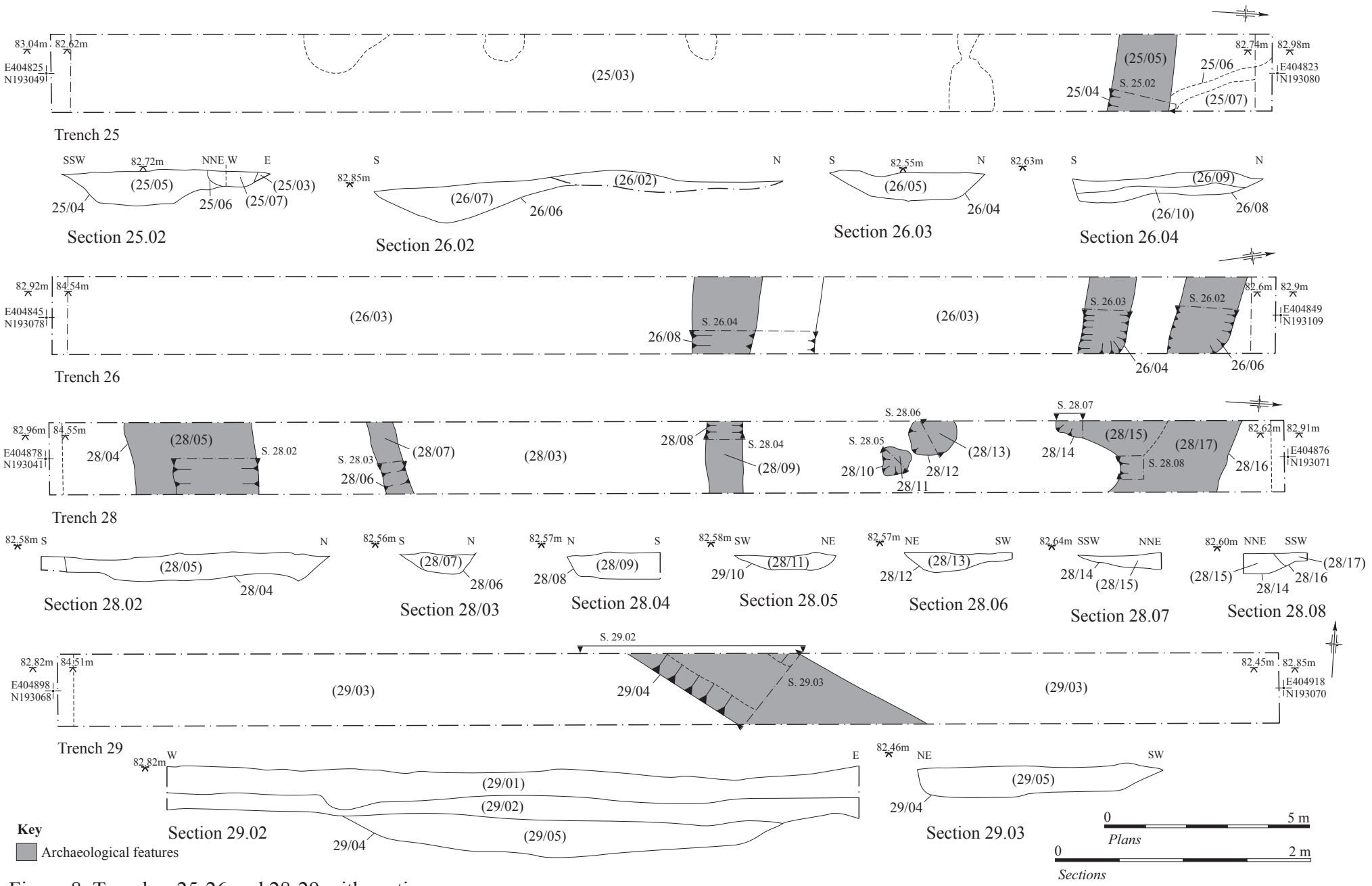


Figure 8: Trenches 25-26 and 28-29 with sections

Irregular linear natural feature 25/06 was orientated N – S; it was 0.3m wide, 2m long as seen and 0.1m deep with steeply sloping sides and flat base. It was filled with a loose mid-brown silty clay (25/07) that contained no finds. This feature cut ditch 25/04 and was considered to be an animal burrow.

Trench 26 (Fig. 8) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (26/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (26/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (26/03). Cut into the natural gravels were three linear ditches.

Linear ditch 26/04 was orientated NW – SE, it was 1.18m wide, 1.85m long and 0.21m deep with moderately sloping sides and an un-even / undulating base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (26/05) that contained no finds. This ditch also could confirm one of the linears on the geophysical plan (Fig…). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

Linear ditch 26/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.2m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.19m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (26/07) that contained no finds. This ditch could also confirm one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

Linear ditch 26/08 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.48m wide, 1.85m long and 0.3m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with two fills, the lower fill, a 0.1m thick layer of light brown silty clay and gravels (26/10) that contained one sherd of Romano-British pottery, and the upper layer (26/09), a yellowish brown sandy gravel that contained no finds. This ditch also confirmed one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2).

Trench 27 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (27/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (27/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (27/03). Cut into the natural gravels were three natural features.

Natural feature 27/04 was irregular in shape, 0.76m wide, at least 3m long, and 0.26m deep with moderately – steeply sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown / grey silty clay (27/05).

Natural feature 27/06 was sub-oval in shape, 1.14m wide, 5m long within the trench and 0.16m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown / grey silty clay (27/07).

Natural feature 27/08 was irregular in shape, 1.34m wide, at least 2.7m long, and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown / grey silty clay (27/09).

Trench 28 (Fig. 8) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (28/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty

clay (28/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (28/03). Cut into the natural gravels were five linear ditches and two small pits.

Linear ditch 28/04 was orientated NW – SE; it was 3m wide, at least1.85m long, and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flattish base. It was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (28/05) that contained no finds. This ditch also confirmed one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

Linear ditch 28/06 was orientated E – W; it was 0.6m wide, 1.85m long within the trench and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (28/07) that contained one sherd of Iron Age pottery. This ditch also confirmed one of the linear features on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2).

Linear ditch 28/08 was orientated E – W; it was 0.72m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.15m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a light brown silty clay (28/09). This ditch also confirmed one of the linear features on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the east – west alignment of the ditches.

Pit 28/10 was sub-oval in shape, 0.8m wide, 0.8m long and 0.16m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (28/11).

Pit 28/12 was sub-oval in shape, 0.82m wide, 1.1m long and 0.13m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (28/13).

Terminating ditch or pit 28/14 was 0.68m wide, at least 1.0m long and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (28/05) that contained no finds. This feature was cut by ditch 28/16.

Linear ditch 28/16 was orientated NE – SW; it was 2.5m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.15m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with an orange / brown silty clay (28/17) and cut feature 28/14. This feature also confirmed one of the linear anomalies on the geophysical plan (Fig. 2). Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

Trench 29 (Fig. 8) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (29/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.09m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (29/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (29/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch.

Linear ditch 29/04 was orientated NW – SE; it was 3.4m wide, 3.3m long within the trench and 0.3m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flattish base. It was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (29/05) that contained no finds. Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment of the ditches.

Plate 5. Ditch 29/04

Trench 30 (Fig. 9) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (30/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (30/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (30/03). Cut into the natural gravels were two linear features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 30/04 was orientated N – S; it was 2.6m wide and at least 1.85m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (30/05) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Linear gully 30/06 was orientated NE – SW; it was 0.3m wide and at least 2m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (30/07) that contained no finds on the surface. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 31 (Fig. 9) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (31/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (31/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (31/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 31/04 was orientated NW – SE, it was 2.62m wide, 1.85m long and 0.43m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (31/05) that contained no finds.

Trench 32 (Fig. 2) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.28m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (32/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.14m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (32/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (32/03) and clay (32/04). The trench was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

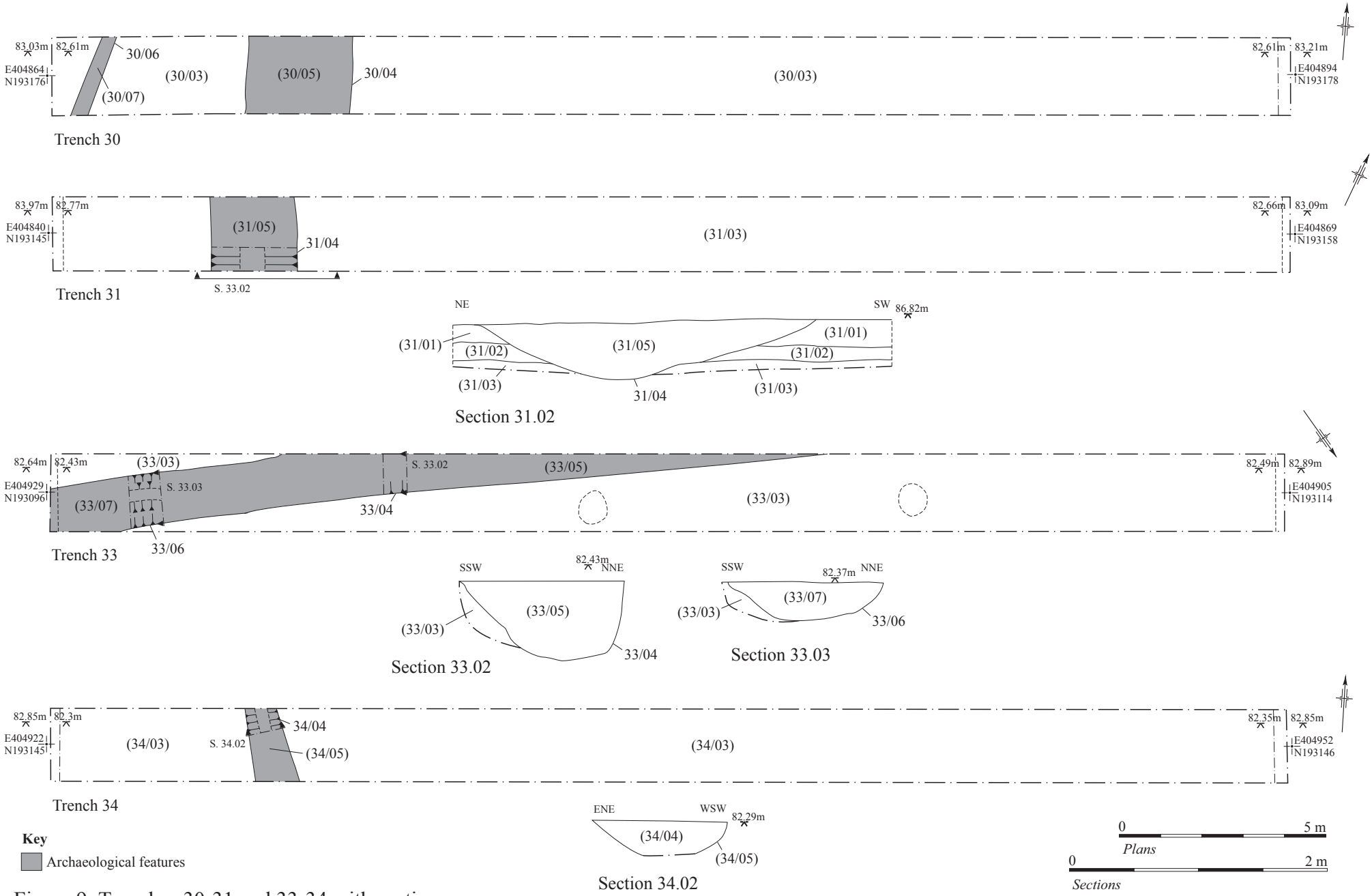


Figure 9: Trenches 30-31 and 33-34 with sections

Trench 33 (Fig. 9) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.16m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (33/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.12m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (33/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (33/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 33/04 / 33/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.2m wide, and least 20m long and up to 0.6m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a grey silty clay (33/05) / (33/07) that contained no finds. Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment with other ditches.

Trench 34 (Fig. 9) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (34/01) ploughsoil that contained one sherd of Early 12th to 16th century pottery and overlay a 0.18m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (34/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (34/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 34/04 was orientated N – S; it was 0.95m wide, 1.85m long within the trench and 0.24m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (34/05) that contained no finds. This ditch was visible in Trench 35 as ditch 35/04.

Trench 35 (Fig. 10) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (35/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.18m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (35/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (35/03). Cut into the natural gravels were two linear ditches. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 35/04 was orientated N – S; it was 1.3m wide, at least 3.5m long and 0.22m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (35/05) that contained no finds. This ditch was visible in Trench 34 as ditch 34/04.

Linear ditch 35/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.55m wide, 1.85m long as seen and 0.1m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (35/07) that contained no finds. Although this ditch was un-dated it has been tentatively dated to the Iron Age / Romano-British periods due to sharing the alignment with other ditches of this period.

Trench 36 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.29m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (36/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.04m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (36/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (36/03). The trench was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 37 (Fig. 10) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (37/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (37/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (37/03) and clay (37/04). Cut into the natural gravels and clay were one ditch and one posthole. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

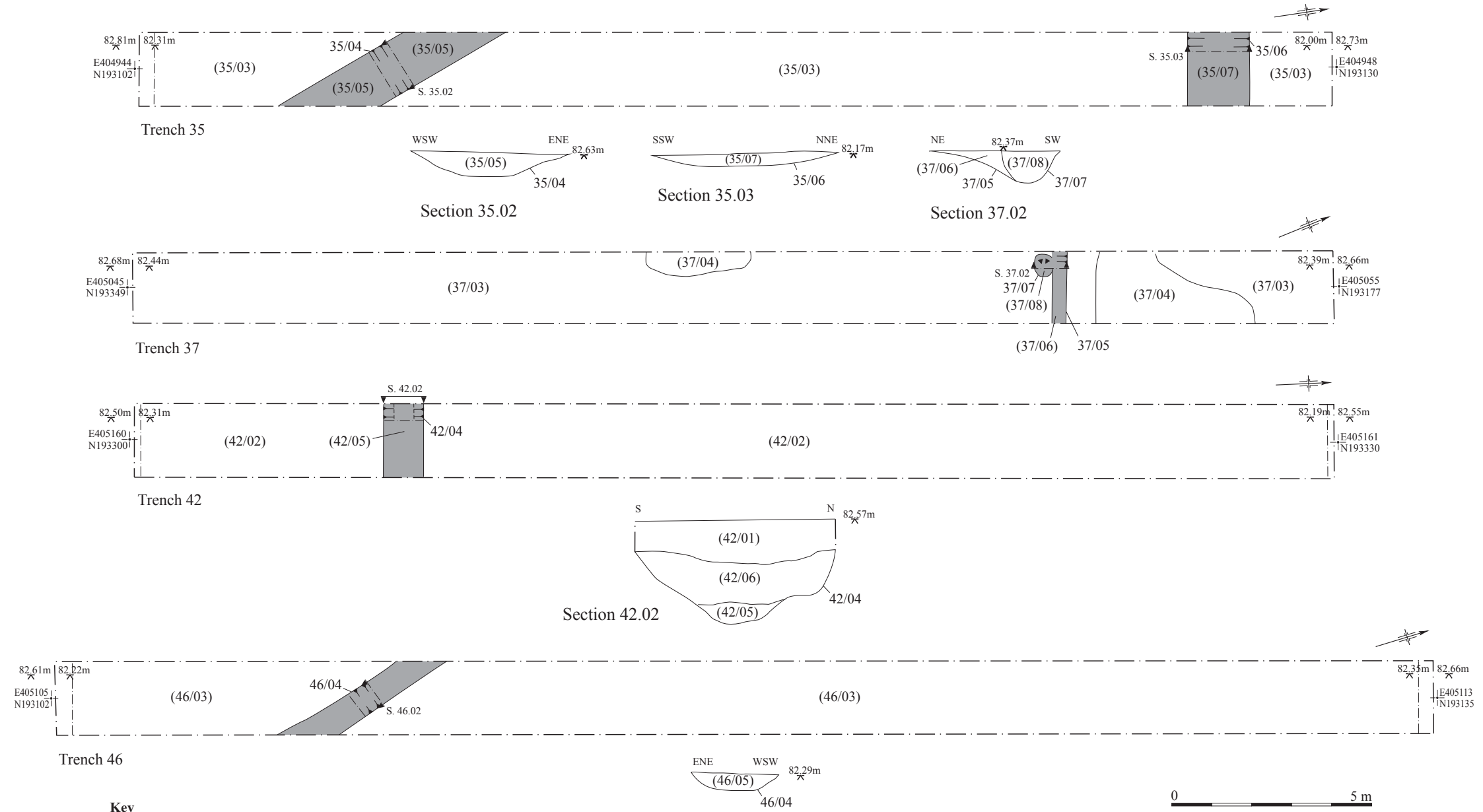


Figure 10: Trenches 35, 37, 42 and 46 with sections

Linear ditch/gully 37/05 was orientated NW – SE; it was 0.58m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.26m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (37/06) that contained no finds and was cut by posthole 37/07.

Posthole 37/07 was circular in shape, it was 0.45m wide, 0.5m long and 0.22m deep with steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a grey silty clay with flecks of charcoal (37/08) that contained no finds and cut ditch 37/05.

Trench 38 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (38/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (38/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 39 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 40 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 41 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.28m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (41/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (41/02) and contained a single tree throw hole. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Tree-throw 41/03 was irregular in shape, it was 1.36m wide, at least 1.85m long and 0.44m deep with moderately – steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled by three fills: the lower fill (41/04) was a 0.32m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay, the middle fill (41/05) was a 0.22m thick layer of mid-grey silty sand with gravels and the upper fill (41/06) was a mid-grey / brown silty clay; none of the above contexts contained any finds.

Plate 6. Trench 42

Trench 42 (Fig. 10) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.16m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (42/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (42/02) and contained a single ditch.

Linear ditch 42/04 was orientated E – W; it was 1.6m wide, more than 1.85m long, and 0.26m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base and was filled with two fills; the lower fill a 0.18m thick layer of dark brown silty clay (42/05) that was overlain by a 0.42m thick layer of mid-grey / brown silty clay (42/06) - none of the above contexts contained any finds. This ditch also confirmed the linear feature on the geophysical plan (Fig. 4).

Trench 43 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 44 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 45 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (45/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (45/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 46 (Fig. 10) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.18m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (46/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.12m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (46/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (46/03). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch.

Linear ditch 46/04 was orientated NW – SE; it was 0.72m wide, at least 3m long and 0.18m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (46/05) that contained no finds. It was orientated at a right angle from the existing northwestern field boundary and is probably of Post-Medieval date.

Trench 47 (Fig. 11) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.19m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (47/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.19m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (47/03), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (47/02). Cut into the natural gravels and clay were two linear ditches.

Linear ditch 47/04 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.2m wide, more than 1.85m long, and 0.17m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (47/05) that contained no finds. It was orientated at a right angle from the existing northwestern field boundary and also confirmed the linear feature on the geophysical plan (Fig. 3) and is visible on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

Linear ditch / hedgerow 47/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.3m wide, 1.85m long as seen and 0.23m deep with irregular and moderately sloping sides and a flat / undulating base. It was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (47/07) that contained no finds and is probably of Post-Medieval date.

Trench 48 (Fig. 11) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (48/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (48/02) and contained a single pit. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

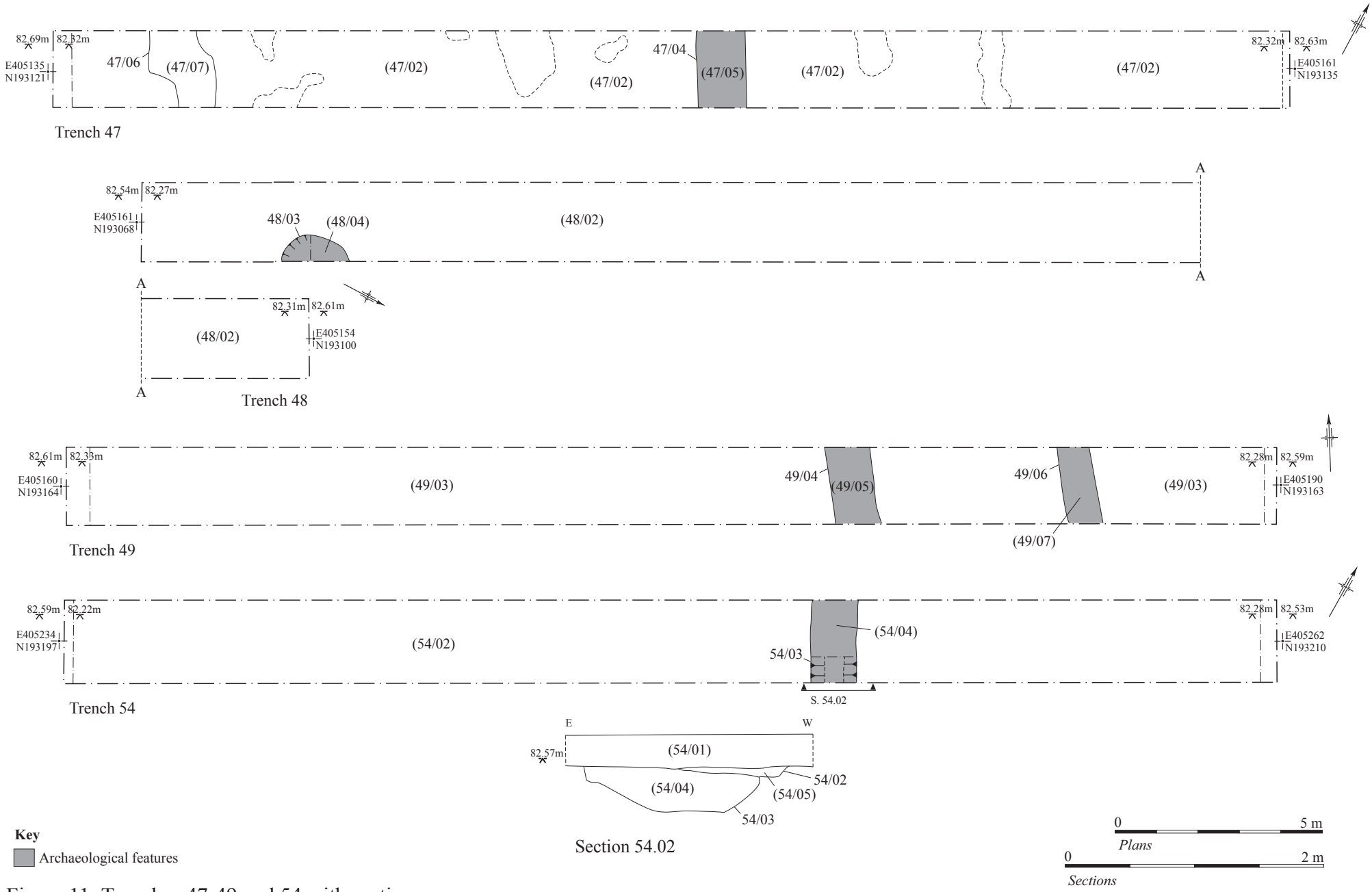


Figure 11: Trenches 47-49 and 54 with section

Pit 48/03 was sub-circular in shape, 1.6m wide, more than 0.6m long and +0.2m deep, with steeply sloping sides and the base was not reached due to rising groundwater. It was filled with a dark grey / brown silty clay (48/04) that contained no finds.

Trench 49 (Fig. 11) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.15m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (49/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.12m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (49/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (49/03). Cut into the natural gravels were two linear ditches.

Linear ditch 49/04 was orientated NNW – SSE; it was 1.05m wide and over 1.9m long and was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (49/05) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Linear ditch 49/06 was orientated NNW – SSE; it was 0.8m wide and more than 1.9m long and was filled with a mid-grey / brown silty clay (49/07) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 50 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.29m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (50/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (50/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 51 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.24m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (51/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (51/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (51/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 52 (Fig. 3) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 53 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.34m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (53/01) ploughsoil that contained one sherd of 11-12th century pottery and overlay the natural gravels (53/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 54 (Fig. 11) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (54/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (54/02). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch.

Linear ditch 54/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.6m wide, at least 1.85m long, and 0.36m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base and was filled with two fills; the lower fill a 0.26m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (54/04) that contained one sherd of modern pottery and one fragment of worked stone. It was overlain by a 0.1m thick layer of yellowish brown sandy gravels (54/05) that contained no finds. It was orientated at a right angle from the existing northwestern field boundary and also confirmed the linear anomaly on the geophysical plan (Fig. 3) and is probably of Post-Medieval to Modern date. This ditch was also present in Trench 55 as ditch 55/03 and is visible on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

Trench 55 (Fig. 12) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (55/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (55/02). Cut into the

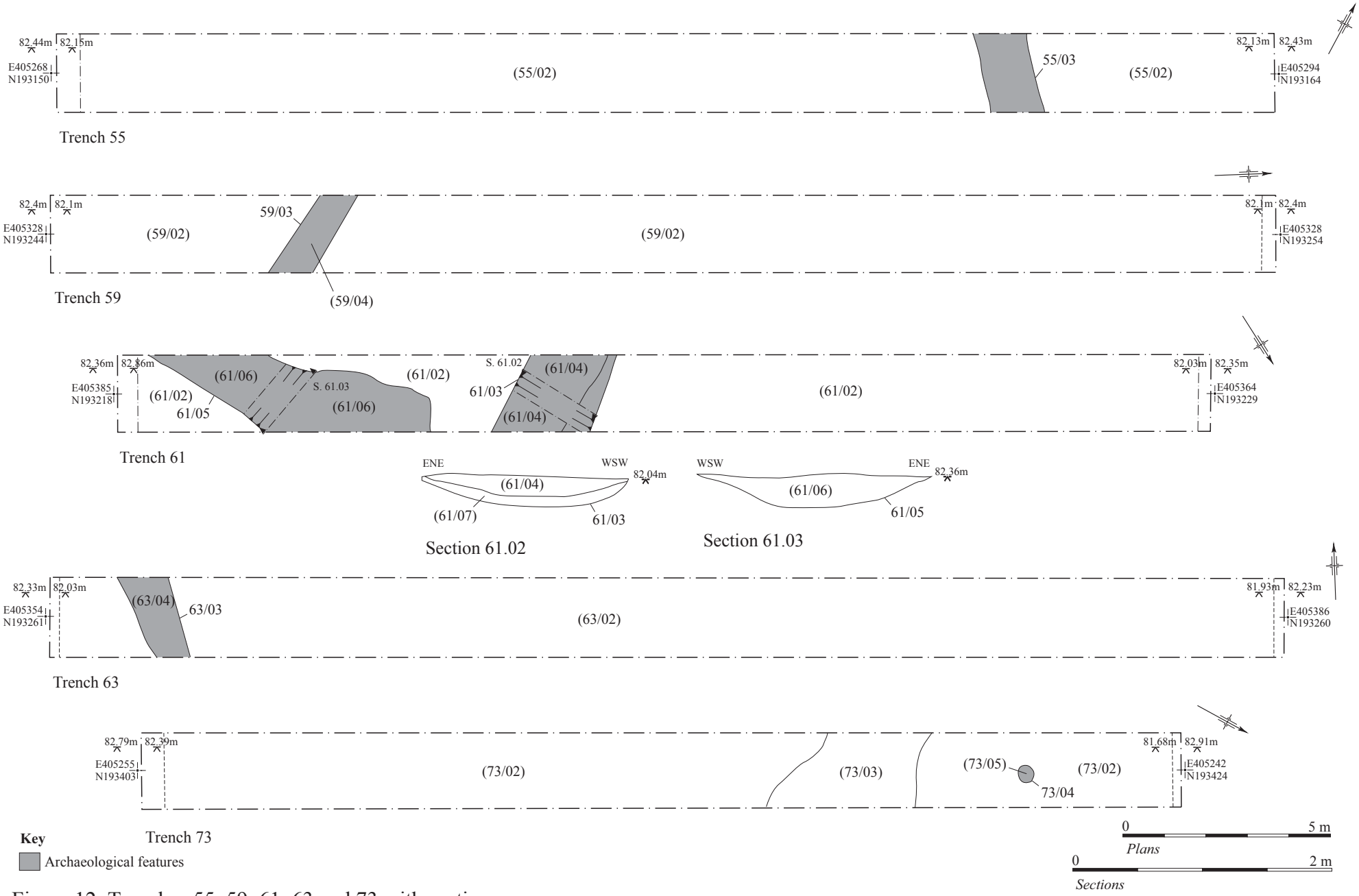


Figure 12: Trenches 55, 59, 61, 63 and 73 with sections

natural gravels was one linear ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 55/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.2m wide and over 1.85m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (5/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. This ditch was also present in Trench 54 as ditch 54/03 and is probably of Post-Medieval to Modern date and is visible on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

Trench 56 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (56/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.05m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (56/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (56/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 57 (Fig. 3) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 58 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.23m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (58/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.12m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (58/03), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (58/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 59 (Fig. 12) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.32m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (59/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (59/02). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch.

Linear ditch 59/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 0.8m wide and at least 2.1m long and was filled with a dark grey sandy gravels (59/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only and is probably of Post-Medieval date.

Trench 60 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (60/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (60/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 61 (Fig. 12) was 26.3m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (61/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (61/02). Cut into the natural gravels were two linear ditches.

Linear ditch 61/03 was orientated NE – SW; it was 1.55m wide, at least 2.1m long and 0.25m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base and contained two fills. The lower fill was a 0.08m thick layer of a mid-grey silty clay (61/07) that contained no finds. The upper fill was a 0.16m thick layer of a mid-brown silty clay (61/04) that contained no finds and also confirmed the linear feature on the geophysical plan (Fig. 3).

Linear ditch 61/05 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.9m wide, more than 4.2m long and 0.24m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brownish grey silty clay (61/06) that contained no finds. This ditch is possibly also

present in Trench 63 as ditch 63/03 and is probably of Post-Medieval date and is visible on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

Plate 7. Trench 61

Trench 62 (Fig. 3) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 63 (Fig. 12) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (63/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (63/02). Cut into the natural gravels was one linear ditch.

Linear ditch 63/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1m wide and 2.1m long and was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (63/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only. It was orientated at a right angle from the existing northwestern field boundary and is probably of Post-Medieval date. This ditch is possibly also present in Trench 61 as ditch 61/05 and is visible on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885.

Trench 64 (Fig. 3) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 65 (Fig. 3) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 66 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.28m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (66/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (66/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 67 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (67/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (67/02) and pockets of blue / grey natural clay (67/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 68 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 69 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.29m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (69/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (69/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 70 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (70/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (70/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 71 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 72 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (72/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (72/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 73 (Fig. 12) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.26m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (73/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (73/02) and pockets of blue / grey natural clay (73/03). Cut into the natural gravels was a single posthole. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Posthole 73/04 was circular in plan, it was 0.32m wide and 0.3m long and was filled with a dark grey silty clay (73/05) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 74 (Fig. 13) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.28m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (74/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (74/02) . Cut into the natural gravels was a palaeochannel. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Palaeochannel 74/03 was orientated E – W, 3.5m wide and 1.85m long and was filled with a blue / grey clay (74/04) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 75 (Fig. 13) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.2m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (75/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (75/02). Cut into the natural gravels was a palaeochannel. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Palaeochannel 75/04 was orientated NW – SE, 1.85m wide and 16.5m long and was filled with a blue / grey clay (75/03) that contained no finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 76 (Fig. 33) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.4m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (76/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (76/02). Cut into the natural gravels were two ditches. The trench was later extended on both sides to clearly define the ringditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

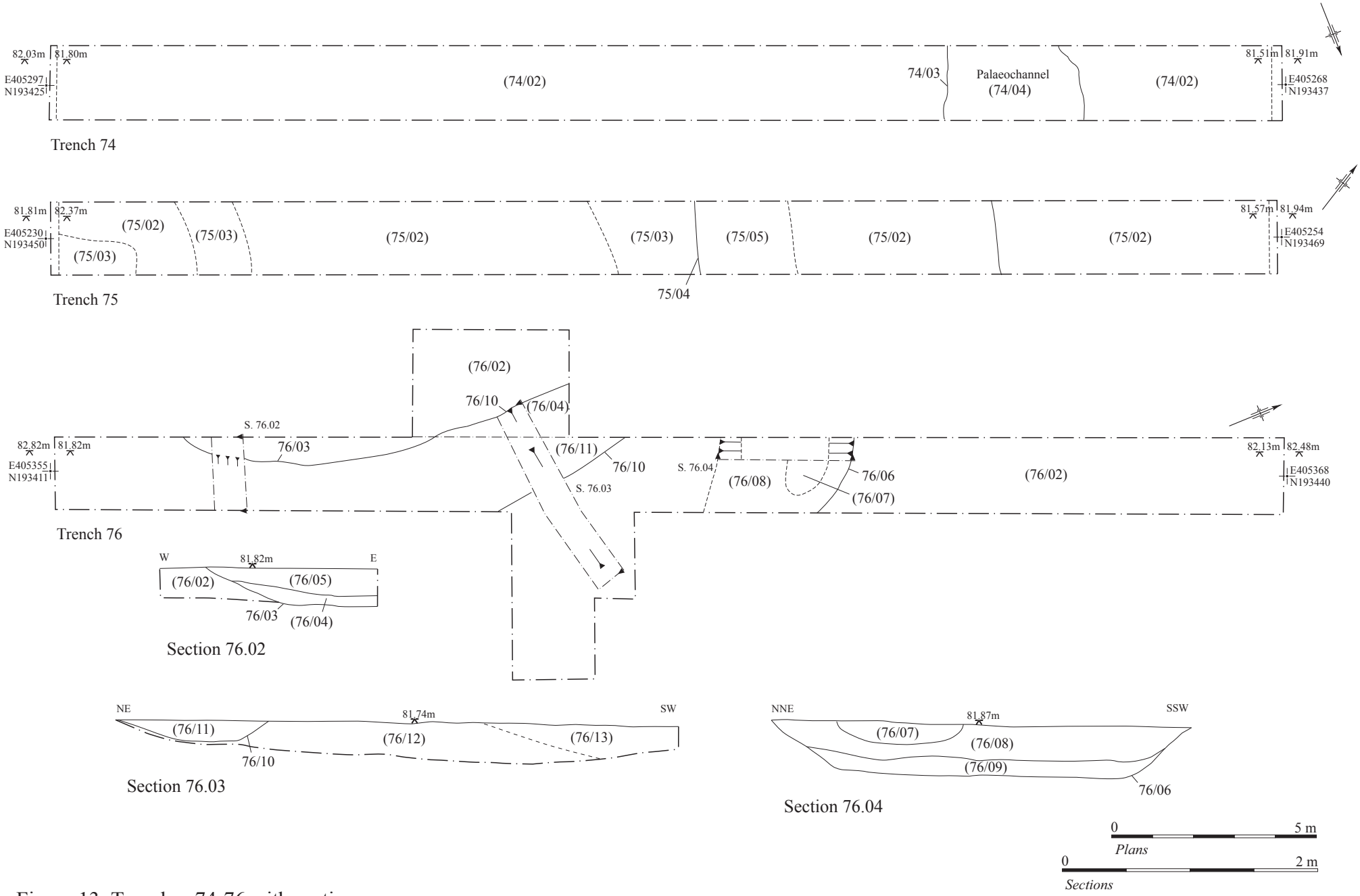


Figure 13: Trenches 74-76 with sections

Plate 8. Trench 76

Curvilinear ditch 76/03 and 76/10 was orientated N – SW and had two 1m slots excavated through it. Ditch slot 76/03 was 1.3m wide and 0.3m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flattish base. It was filled by two fills; the lower fill was a dark brown sandy clay (76/04) that contained no finds. The upper fill was a mid-grey sandy clay (76/05) that contained no finds. Ditch slot 76/10 was 1.2m wide and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flattish base. It was filled with a mid-grey sandy clay (76/10).

This feature cut through two natural? palaeochannel fills, however with rising groundwater the excavation of these features was limited. Lower channel layer (76/12) was a dark brown silty clay that contained no finds. The upper fill was a mid-yellowish grey sandy clay (76/13) that contained no finds. This ringditch possibly relates to the location of a windmill identified on the Andrew's and Drury's map of Wiltshire 1773, and Greenwood's map of Wiltshire 1820.

Linear ditch 76/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 3.3m wide, 1.85m long and 0.4m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by three fills; the upper fill a 0.17m thick layer of dark brown silty clay (76/07) that contained one sherd of 17-18th century pottery, the middle fill, a 0.28m thick layer of a mid-brown / grey silty clay (76/08) that contained no finds and the lower fill, a 0.15m thick layer of dark brown silty clay (76/09) that contained no finds.

Trench 77 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.24m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (77/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.07m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (77/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (77/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

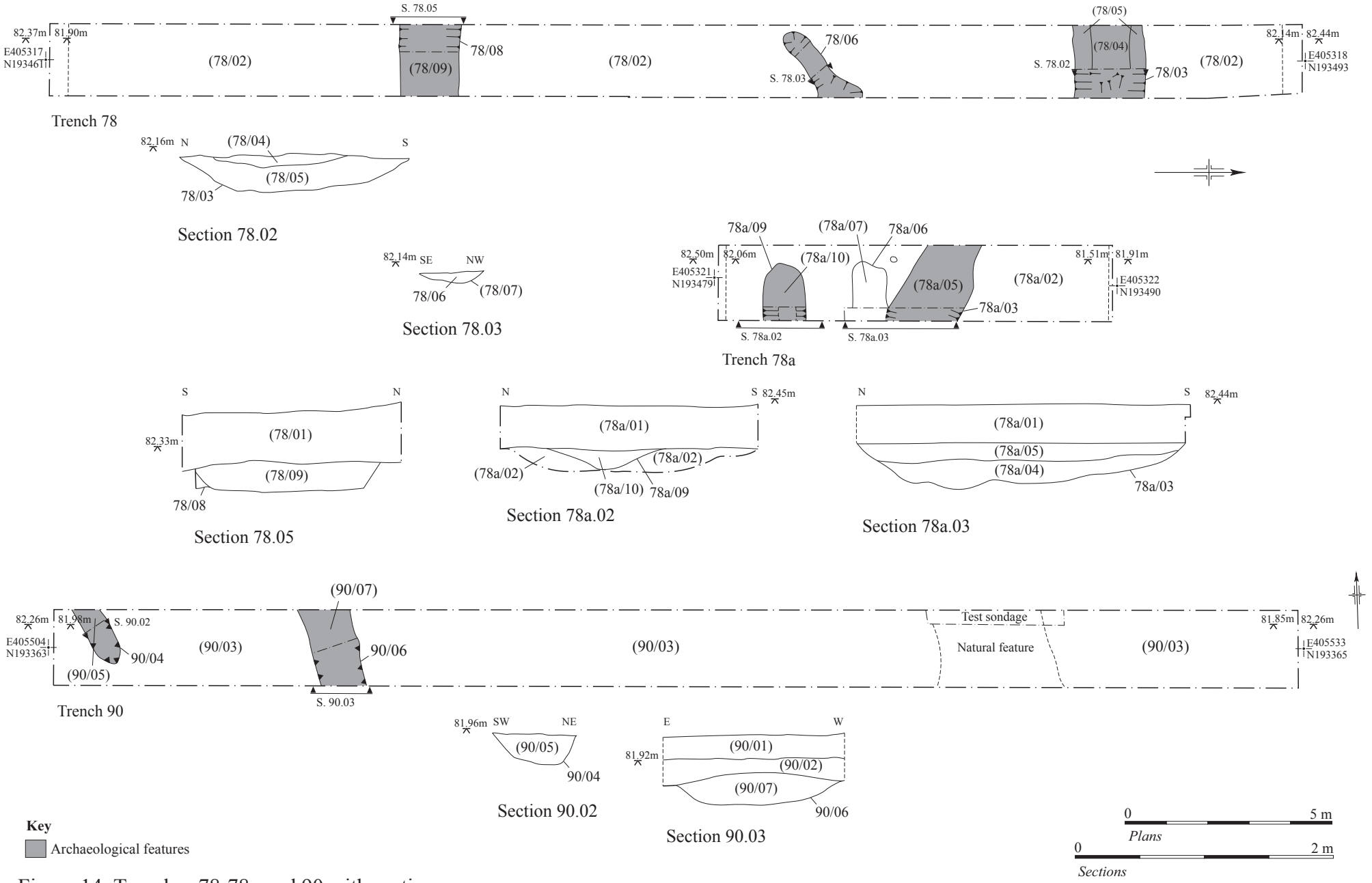


Figure 14: Trenches 78-78a and 90 with sections

Plate 9. Trench 78

Trench 78 (Fig. 14) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (78/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (78/02). Cut into the natural gravels were three ditches. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 78/03 was orientated E – W; it was 1.78m wide, 1.85m long and 0.27m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled by two fills; the upper fill a 0.09m thick layer of dark brown silty clay (78/04) that contained no finds and the lower fill, a 0.27m thick layer of dark brown silty clay (78/05) that contained one sherd of Iron Age pottery and possibly forms part of a ringditch along with ditch 79/08 with an internal diameter of 15m.

Curvilinear ditch terminus 78/06 was orientated NE – SW; it was 0.5m wide, 2m long and 0.09m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brownish grey clay with gravels (78/07).

Linear ditch 78/08 was orientated E – W, it was 1.48m wide, 1.85m long and 0.24m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brownish grey clay with gravels (78/09) that contained no finds and possibly forms part of a ringditch.

Trench 78a (Fig. 14) was 9.5m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.45m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (78a/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (78a/02) . Cut into the natural gravels were two ditches and one natural feature. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 78a/03 was orientated NW – SE; it was 2.54m wide, over 2.3m long, and 0.35m deep with moderately sloping sides and a flattish base. It was filled by two fills; the upper fill a 0.15m thick layer of mid-blueish grey silty clay (78a/05) that contained no finds and the lower fill, a 0.27m thick layer of a grey/ brown silty clay with gravels

(78a/04) that contained no finds and is a continuation of ditch 78/03. This ditch cut natural feature 78a/06.

Linear ditch terminus 78a/09 was orientated E – W; it was 0.8m wide, more than 1.4m long, and 0.16m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brownish grey clay with gravels (78a/10) that contained no finds.

Natural feature 78a/06 was sub-oval in shape; it was 0.8m wide, at least 1.5m long, and 0.2m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled by two fills; the upper fill a 0.1m thick layer of yellowish brown silty clay (78a/07) that contained no finds and the lower fill, a 0.1m thick layer of a light grey/ brown silty clay (78a/08) that contained no finds.

Trench 79 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (79/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.08m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (79/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (79/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation

Trench 80 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 81 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 82 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 83 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.29m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (83/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (83/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 84 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions.

Trench 85 (Fig.4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (85/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (53/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 86 (Fig. 4) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.29m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (86/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (86/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 87 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions and the presence of services.

Trench 88 (Fig. 4) was 16.8m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.15m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (88/01) ploughsoil overlying the natural gravels (88/02) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation and shortened due to the presence of services.

Trench 89 (Fig. 4) was not excavated due to wet ground conditions and the presence of services.

Trench 90 (Fig. 14) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.24m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (90/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.1m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (90/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (90/03) and contained two linear ditches. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch terminus 90/04 was orientated NNW – SSE; it was 0.62m wide, 1.5m long within the trench and 0.22m deep with moderately - steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a dark brown clay (90/05) that contained no finds and is tentatively dated to the Post-Medieval period due to sharing the alignment of the existing field boundary to the east.

Linear ditch 90/06 was orientated NNW – SSE; it was 1.24m wide, 1.85m long and 0.22m deep with moderately - steeply sloping sides and a flat base. It was filled with a mid-brown clay (90/07) that contained no finds and is tentatively dated to the Post-Medieval period due to sharing the alignment of the existing field boundary to the east.

Trench 91 (Fig. 15) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.15m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (91/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.14m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (91/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (91/03) and contained one small pit. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

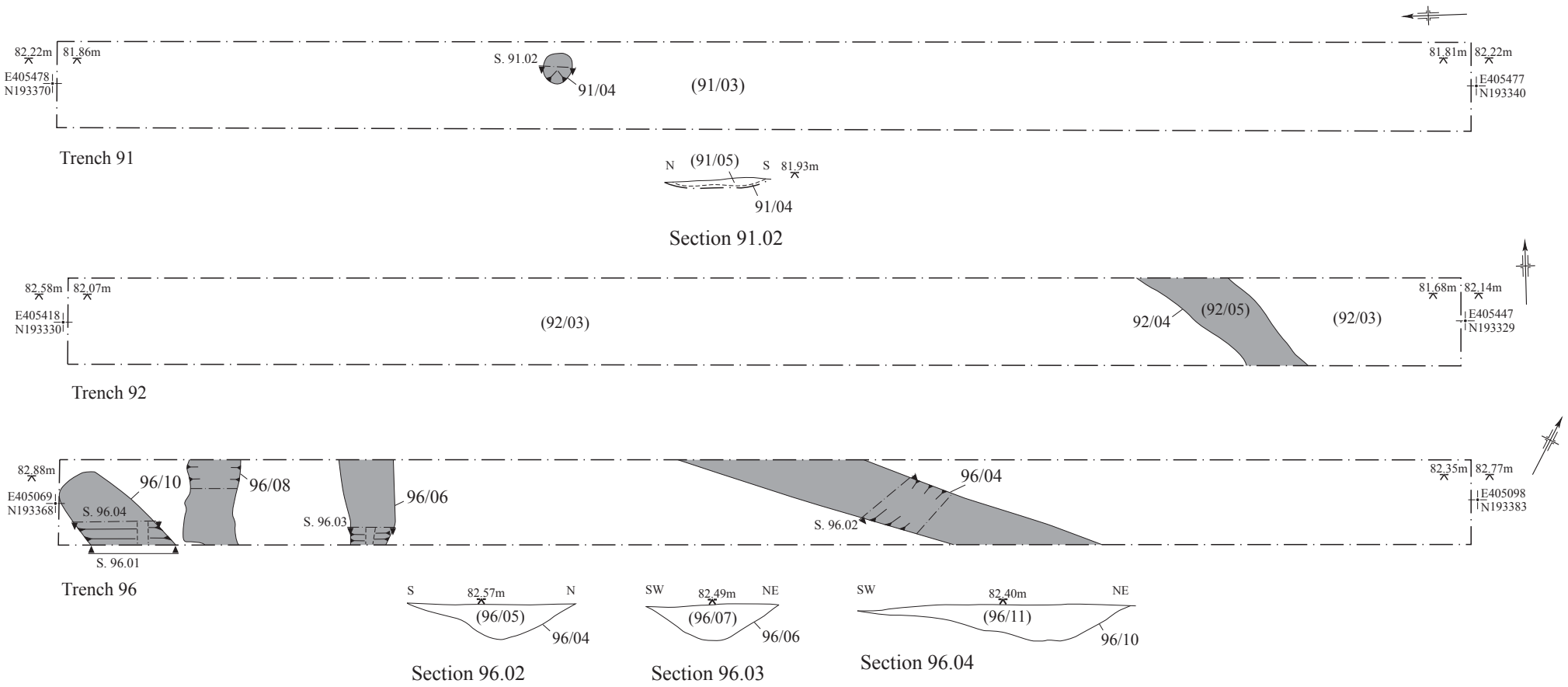
Small pit 91/04 was circular in shape; it was 0.65m wide, 0.65m long and 0.04m deep. It was filled with a light brown / grey silty clay (91/05) that contained no finds.

Trench 92 (Fig. 15) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.3m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (92/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.18m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (92/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (92/03) and contained one linear ditch. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 92/04 was orientated NW – SE; it was 1.1m wide and 2.5m long and was filled with a dark brown clay (92/05) that contained no surface finds. This feature was recorded in plan only.

Trench 93 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (93/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.15m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (93/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (93/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Trench 94 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.17m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (94/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.07m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (94/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (94/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.



Key

Archaeological features

0 5 m
Plans

0 2 m
Sections

Figure 15: Trenches 91-92 and 96 with sections

Trench 95 (Fig. 3) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.25m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (95/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.15m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (95/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (95/03) and was devoid of any archaeological features. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Plate 10. Trench 96

Trench 96 (Fig. 15) was 30m long, 1.85m wide and had a 0.22m thick layer of a dark brown silty clay (96/01) ploughsoil overlying a 0.11m thick layer of mid-brown silty clay (96/02), a subsoil representing a former ploughsoil that overlay the natural gravels (96/03) and contained three linear ditches and one pit or ditch terminus. This trench was flooded by groundwater during excavation.

Linear ditch 96/04 was orientated E – W; it was 1.14m wide, 6m long and 0.28m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown silty clay (96/05) that contained no finds.

Linear ditch 96/06 was orientated NW – SE; it was 0.9m wide, 1.85m long and 0.28m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown / grey silty clay (96/07) that contained no finds and possibly represents field divisions during the Post-Medieval period.

Linear ditch 96/08 was orientated NW – SE, it was 1.1m wide, 1.85m long and 0.05m deep with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It was filled with a mid-brown clay (96/09) that contained no finds and possibly represents field divisions during the Post-Medieval period.

Pit 96/10 was sub-oval in shape, it was 01.25m wide, 2m long and 0.04m deep. It was filled with a dark brown silty clay (96/11) that contained no finds.

Additionally during the walk-over of the land for the Heritage Impact Assessment five un-stratified sherds of pottery were recovered from the ploughsoil (00/00). Two sherds

were of an early/mid 12th – 16th century date, two sherds were of a 14th – early 17th century date and one sherd was of a 17th – 18th century date.

4.1 Reliability of results

A high water table and location near to a river, standing water in the fields together with the presence of un-exploded ordnance and various live services meant that only 75 of the proposed 96 trenches were excavated. All of the trenches opened were subject to various levels of flooding; attempts were made to plan and photograph the trenches directly after machine excavation before the water table rose within the trenches. Some limited excavation of features was achieved. The reliability of the results are considered to be good but limited by the ground conditions on site.

5 FINDS

5.1 Pottery *Paul Blinkhorn*

The pottery assemblage comprised 16 sherds with a total weight of 182g. It comprised a mixture of prehistoric, Romano-British, medieval and post-medieval material. The following fabric types (Vince 1984) were noted:

GRE: Ashton Keynes-type Earthenware, 17th – 18th century. 5 sherds, 64g.
MW: Minety-type Ware, early/mid 12th - 16th century. 3 sherds, 19g.
OGM: Oxidized glazed Malvernian Ware, 14th – early 17th century. 2 sherds, 55g.
OOL: Saxo-Norman Oolitic limestone Ware, 11th – 12th century. 1 sherd, 11g.

In addition, four sherds (7g) of probable Iron Age pottery and one somewhat abraded fragment of Romano-British Greyware (26g) were also noted. The probable Iron Age sherds are all very small and somewhat abraded, but have a shelly fabric. The pottery occurrence by number and weight of sherds per context by fabric type is shown in Table 1. Each date should be regarded as a *terminus post quem*.

		IA		RB		OOL		MW		OGM		GRE		
Tr	Cntxt	No	Wt	No	Wt	No	Wt	No	Wt	No	Wt	No	Wt	Date
	U/S							2	12	2	55	1	5	U/S
2	4											1	23	17thC
8	8											1	5	17thC
16	05	1	1											IA
26	10			1	26									RB
28	7	1	1											IA
34	1							1	7					E12thC
53	1					1	11							11thC
54	4											1	24	MOD
76	7											1	7	17thC
78	5	1	4											IA
78	7	1	1											IA
	Total	4	7	1	26	1	11	3	19	2	55	5	64	

Table 1: Pottery occurrence by number and weight (in g) of sherds per context by fabric type

The range of post-Roman fabric types is typical of sites in the region. Most of the medieval pottery is abraded to some degree, suggesting that it may be residual. The post-medieval sherds are generally in better condition.

5.2 Animal Bone *By Roxanne Blanks BSc (hons), MSc.*

A small assemblage of faunal remains was recovered from Wheatley's farm, Ashton Keynes, Wiltshire during an archaeological evaluation. The assemblage was identified in accordance with Schmid's (1972) and Hillson's (1992) identification manuals. The assemblage consists of 24 fragments of bone, with a total assemblage weight of 39g, recovered from context (3/04). All the remains are from unidentified mammal species with a possible identification of *Sus* for three fragments, however it should be noted that this identified could not be securely ascertained.

Context	Identification	Skeletal element	Number of fragments	Weight (g)	Comments
(3/04)	Unidentified mammal	Unidentified	6	1	
		Unidentified long bone	15	19	All diaphysis fragments.
	?Sus	Tibia	1	11	
		?Radius	2	8	

Table 2: Wheatley's farm, Ashton Keynes faunal remains by context, species identification and fragment count.

The faunal remains within the assemblage show no clear evidence of butchery, six of the unidentified long bone diaphysis fragments may display evidence of axial marrow splitting. However, the bone was been weathered and this subsequent taphonomic damage obscures this evidence and does not allow for a clear assessment of the possible butchery evidence to be made.

It is noteworthy that all of the bone is a very pale whiteish yellow colour suggesting the bone has been exposed to solar radiation causing a bleaching effect on the bones. Further to this the faunal remains display fine cracks and a small amount of flaking of the lamellar bone, these changes can be attributed to stages one and two of Behrensmeyer's (1978) classification system of bone weathering.

The faunal remains from Wheatley's farm Ashton Keynes most likely represent domestic waste. The presence of weathering and bleaching from solar radiation suggest that the remains were not interred immediately and may have been left on the ground surface for a short period of time. The faunal remains may be retained for potential future research such as chemical analysis like fourier transform infrared spectroscopy which may allow for species identification to be ascertained. However, it should be noted that there is limited potential for future research.

5.3 Flint *By Edwin Pearson*

The debitage from fill (78/05) only comprised one flake of blueish-grey coloured flint with chalk cortex. The flake is fully intact with regular edges. The dorsal flake scares and angle of platform surface indicate that it derives from the deliberate reduction of a blade core. Its small, prepared and relatively thick platform is a technological characteristic associated with hammer stone technology. The side comprising no cortex is worked to a serrated edge through the antler pressure flaking method. Basic small worked blades of this type are significantly derived from the Neolithic period however were also fabricated during other prehistoric post glacial periods in Britain.

Condition
The blade shows significant post-depositional deterioration. It is considerably patinated however has sharp edges indicating long term exposure with infrequent or little disturbance to its place of deposition.

Discussion
Although the assemblage consists only of one blade, its presence suggests human activity at the site during prehistory which likely predated previously recorded Bronze Age and Iron Age activity on the site (JMHS 2017). However, without more accurate chronologically diagnostic tool types, this date cannot be refined to any greater degree of accuracy. The technological characteristics seen suggest that the flint derives from a knapping industry that included both hard hammer direct percussion and antler pressure flaking.

5.4 Other finds *By Simona Denis*

5.4.1 Building Materials

Stone

One worked stone object, weighing 138.8g, and measuring 75mm in length and 65 in width, was found in context (54/04). The item, slightly curved, was tentatively identified as a ridge tile.

It is not recommended to retain the stone object due to its very limited potential for further analysis.

Ceramic Building Material

A very small assemblage of 3 ceramic building material, of a combined weight of 194.7g, was recovered from two different contexts. The material was found in a fair state of preservation although extremely fragmentary; none of the objects preserved diagnostic features or complete dimensions.

Context	Type	No. of Items	Weight (g)	Dimensions (mm)	Fabric
Plough soil 00/00	Undetermined	1	15.4	40x23	Gritty, orange with grey core, rare small inclusion

8/08	?Brick	1	164.6	110x60	Sandy, orange-red, frequent very small inclusions
	Undetermined	1	14.7	25x23	Sandy, pink, no visible inclusions

Table 3: Ceramic building material occurrence by context.

It is not recommended to retain undiagnostic ceramic building material fragments, due to their very limited potential for further analysis.

5.4.2 Miscellaneous

Coke

A single fragment of coke, weighing 5.6g, was collected from context (76/07). Derived from coal, coke is a fuel with high carbon content, commonly used in Britain during the Post-Medieval period.

6 DISCUSSION

The results of the evaluation were limited due to the high water table ground conditions on site; however four phases of archaeological activities have been identified within the proposed development area, Iron Age, Romano-British, Medieval and Post-Medieval.

Iron Age and Romano British

The northwest – southeast / east - west aligned linear anomalies identified in the geophysical results within the southwestern extent of the development area were confirmed in Trenches 16, 23, 25, 26, and 28 (Fig. 2). One sherd of Iron Age pottery was recovered from the fills of ditches 16/04 and 28/03 and one sherd of Romano-British pottery was recovered from the fill of ditch 26/08. Further undated linear features were identified within this area that did not show up on the geophysical results but shared the alignment of the dated features, thus have been tentatively dated to these periods. These include ditches; 15/03, 29/04, 33/04 / 33/06 and 35/06. These features possibly represent a linear strip field system dating from the Iron Age through into the Romano-British period.

Trenches 78 and 78a situated along the northeastern extent of the development site contained the possible remains of a ringditch (Fig. 4). Two sherds of Iron Age pottery were recovered from the fills of ditches 78/03 and 78/06 and the ditches in Trench 78a were all undated and have been tentatively dated to the Iron Age.

Medieval

Two sherds of pottery dated to the Medieval period were recovered from the topsoil of Trenches 34 and 53, that could indicate settlement nearby during this period.

Post-Medieval

There were various linear field boundaries, a trackway and a possible quarry ditch associated with a foundation mound for a windmill located within the development area. Located within the western extent of site were two parallel ditches forming the route of a trackway identified by the geophysics and confirmed by ditches 8/05 and 8/07 in Trench 8. The trackway then continued to the west and was identified in Trenches 5 and 2 and two sherds of 17-18th century pottery were recovered from the fills of ditches 2/03 and 8/07. Both these ditches probably represent a trackway that is shown on Greenwood's map of Wiltshire, 1820.

The dated Post-Medieval linear ditch 76/08 and undated quarry ditch 76/03 and 76/10 identified in Trench 76 are probably associated with a windmill identified on the Andrew's and Drury's map of Wiltshire 1773, and Greenwood's map of Wiltshire 1820. The quarry ditch would have created a mound for the foundations of the windmill to sit on, elevating the structure up from the floodplain.

Various ditches related to field boundaries were identified on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map of 1885. These included; 1/09, 5/03, 47/04, 54/04, 55/03, 61/03 and 63/03. Other ditches that shared the same alignment or continuations of boundaries not seen on the old maps were ditches; 8/03, 21/04, 46/04, 90/04, 90/06, 96/06 and 96/08. These represented further actual and possible sub-division of the fields during the Post-Medieval and Modern periods.

Undated

There were fifteen undated ditches and seven small pits / postholes distributed across the proposed development site.

7 ARCHIVE

Archive Contents

The archive consists of the following:

Paper record	Physical record
The project brief	Finds
Written scheme of investigation	Environmental remains
The project report	
The primary site record	

The archive currently is maintained by John Moore Heritage Services and will be transferred to the Wiltshire Heritage Museum.

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Context	Type	Description	Depth	Width	Length	Finds	Interpretation	Date
Trench 1								
1/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
1/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
1/03	Cut	NE-SW linear with irregular sides and base	0.28m	1.4m	1.85m	-	Hedgerow	
1/04	Deposit	Light brown silty clay	0.28m	1.4m	1.85m	-	Fill of hedgerow	
1/05	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	0.25m	0.9m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
1/06	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.25m	0.9m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 1/05	
1/07	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	0.35m	1.3m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
1/08	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.35m	1.3m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 1/07	
1/09	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	0.22m	0.85m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
1/10	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.22m	0.85m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 1/09	
Trench 2								
2/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
2/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
2/03	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.28m	1.1m	9.5m	-	Ditch	
2/04	Deposit	Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.28m	1.1m	9.5m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 2/03	17th Century
2/05	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.28m	1.1m	10m	-	Ditch	
2/06	Deposit	Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.28m	1.1m	10m	-	Fill of ditch 2/05	
Trench 3								
3/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.28m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
3/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
3/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.3m	0.45m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
3/04	Deposit	Brown silty clay	0.3m	0.45m	1.85m	Animal bone	Fill of ditch 3/03	
3/05	Cut	NW-SE linear	0.34m	2.44m	1.85m	-	Natural feature	
3/06	Deposit	Orange / brown silty clay	0.34m	2.44m	1.85m	-	Fill of 3/05	
3/07	Cut	NW-SE linear	0.18m	1.9m	1.85m	-	Natural feature	
3/08	Deposit	Orange / brown silty clay	0.18m	1.9m	1.85m	-	Fill of 3/07	
3/09	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.39m	1.5m	1.9m	-	Ditch	

3/10	Deposit	Mid-dark brown silty clay	0.39m	1.5m	1.9m	-	Fill of ditch 3/09	
3/11	Cut	Irregular feature	0.4m	1.42m	1.85m	-	Tree-hole	
3/12	Deposit	Grey / brown silty clay	0.4m	1.42m	1.85m	-	Fill of 3/11	
Trench 4								
4/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
4/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
4/09	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	-	1.25m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
4/10	Deposit	Mid-brown silty clay	-	1.25m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 4/09	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 5								
5/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
5/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
5/03	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	-	1.25m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
5/04	Deposit	Mid-brown silty clay	-	1.25m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 5/03	
5/05	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	-	1.7m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
5/06	Deposit	Mid-grey silty clay	-	1.7m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 5/05	
5/07	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	-	2.7m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
5/08	Deposit	Mid-grey silty clay	-	2.7m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 5/07	
Trench 8								
8/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
8/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
8/03	Cut	N-S linear ditch	-	1.6m	2.5m	-	Ditch	
8/04	Deposit	Mid-brown silty clay	-	1.6m	2.5m	-	Fill of ditch 8/03	
8/05	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	1m	1.5m	-	Ditch terminus	
8/06	Deposit	Grey / brown silty clay	-	1m	1.5m	-	Fill of ditch 8/05	
8/07	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	1.2m	3.5m	-	Ditch	
8/08	Deposit	Grey / brown silty clay	-	1.2m	3.5m	Pottery CBM	Fill of ditch 8/07	17th Century
Trench 11								
11/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	

11/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
11/03	Cut	NNW-SSE linear ditch	-	0.5m	20m	-	Ditch	
11/04	Deposit	Mid-brown silty clay	-	0.5m	20m	-	Fill of ditch 11/03	
Trench 12								
12/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
12/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 13								
13/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
13/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 14								
14/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.16m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
14/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.06m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
14/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 15								
15/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
15/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
15/03	Cut	E-W linear ditch	-	0.6m	2.4m	-	Ditch	
15/04	Deposit	Light-grey / brown silty clay	-	0.6m	2.4m	-	Fill of ditch 15/03	
Trench 16								
16/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
16/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
16/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
16/04	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.4m	1.9m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
16/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.24m	1.9m	1.85m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 16/04	Iron Age
16/06	Cut	E-W linear feature	0.19m	0.82m	1.85m	-	Natural feature	
16/07	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.19m	0.82m	1.85m	-	Fill of 16/06	
16/08	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 16/04	
16/09	Deposit	Yellowish brown silty clay and gravels	0.1m	0.7m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 16/04	

16/10	Deposit	Yellowish brown silty clay and gravels	0.12m	0.7m	1.85m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 16/04	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 17								
17/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.24m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
17/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 18								
18/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.23m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
18/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.09m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
18/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 19								
19/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
19/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
19/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 20								
20/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.16m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
20/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
20/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 21								
21/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.23m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
21/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.04m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
21/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
21/04	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	-	1m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
21/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	-	1m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 21/04	
Trench 22								
22/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.21m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
22/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
22/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 23								

23/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
23/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
23/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
23/04	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.28m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
23/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.28m	1.2m	1.85m	CBM	Fill of ditch 23/04	
Trench 24								
24/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.33m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
24/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 25								
25/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.16m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
25/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.14m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
25/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
25/04	Cut	WNW-ESE linear ditch	0.25m	1.4m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
25/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.25m	1.4m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 25/04	
25/06	Cut	N-S irregular linear feature	0.1m	0.3m	2m	-	Natural feature	
25/07	Deposit	Mid brown sandy clay	0.1m	0.3m	2m	-	Fill of feature 25/06	
Trench 26								
26/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
26/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
26/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
26/04	Cut	NW-SE linear	0.21m	1.18m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
26/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.21m	1.18m	1.85m	-	Fill of 26/04	
26/06	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.3m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
26/07	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.3m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 26/06	
26/08	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.19m	1.48m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
26/09	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	0.11m	1.48m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 26/08	
26/10	Deposit	Light brown silty clay	0.1m	1.32m	1.85m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 26/08	Romano-British
Trench 27								

27/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
27/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
27/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
27/04	Cut	Irregular shaped feature	0.26m	0.76m	3m	-	Natural feature	
27/05	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.26m	0.76m	3m	-	Fill of natural feature 27/04	
27/06	Cut	Sub-oval feature	0.16m	1.14m	5m	-	Natural feature	
27/07	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.16m	1.14m	5m	-	Fill of natural feature 27/06	
27/08	Cut	Irregular shaped feature	0.2m	1.34m	2.7m	-	Natural feature	
27/09	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.2m	1.34m	2.7m	-	Fill of natural feature 27/08	
Trench 28								
28/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
28/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
28/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
28/04	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.2m	3m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
28/05	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.2m	3m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 28/04	
28/06	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.15m	0.6m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
28/07	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.15m	0.6m	1.85m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 28/06	Iron Age
28/08	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.2m	0.72m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
28/09	Deposit	Light brown silty clay	0.2m	0.72m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 28/08	
28/10	Cut	Sub-oval pit	0.16m	0.8m	0.8m	-	Pit	
28/11	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.16m	0.8m	0.8m	-	Fill of pit 28/10	
28/12	Cut	Sub-oval pit	0.17m	0.82m	1.1m	-	Pit	
28/13	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.17m	0.82m	1.1m	-	Fill of pit 28/12	
28/14	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.13m	+0.68m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
28/15	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.13m	+0.68m	1.85m	-	Fill of furrow 28/14	
28/16	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	0.1m	+0.24m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
28/17	Deposit	Orange / brown silty clay	0.1m	+0.24m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 28/16	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 29								

29/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
29/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.09m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
29/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
29/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.3m	3.4m	3.3m	-	Ditch	
29/05	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.3m	3.4m	3.3m	-	Fill of ditch 29/04	
Trench 30								
30/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
30/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
30/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
30/04	Cut	N-S linear ditch	-	2.6m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
30/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	-	2.6m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 30/04	
30/06	Cut	NE-SW linear	-	0.3m	2m	-	Gully	
30/07	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	-	0.3m	2m	-	Fill of gully 30/06	
Trench 31								
31/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
31/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
31/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
31/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.43m	2.62m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
31/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.43m	2.62m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 31/04	
Trench 32								
32/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.28m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
32/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.14m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
32/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	21m	-	Natural	
32/04	Deposit	Mid blue / grey clay	-	1.85m	9m	-	Natural clay	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 33								
33/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.16m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
33/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.12m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
33/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
33/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.6m	1.2m	20m	-	Ditch same as 33/06	

33/05	Deposit	Grey silty clay	0.6m	1.2m	20m	-	Fill of ditch 33/04	
33/06	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.3m	1.2m	20m	-	Ditch same as 33/04	
33/07	Deposit	Grey silty clay	0.3m	1.2m	20m	-	Fill of ditch 33/06	
Trench 34								
34/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	Pottery	Topsoil	Early 12th Century
34/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.18m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
34/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
34/04	Cut	N-S linear ditch	0.24m	0.95m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
34/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.24m	0.95m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 34/04	
Trench 35								
35/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
35/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.18m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
35/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
35/04	Cut	N-S linear ditch	0.22m	1.3m	3.5m	-	Ditch	
35/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.22m	1.3m	3.5m	-	Fill of ditch 35/04	
35/06	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.1m	1.55m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
35/07	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.55m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 35/06	
Trench 36								
36/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.29m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
36/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.04m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
36/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 37								
37/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
37/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
37/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
37/04	Deposit	Mid blue / grey clay	-	Various	Various	-	Natural clay pockets	
37/05	Cut	NW-SE linear gully	0.26m	0.58m	1.85m	-	Gully	
37/06	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.26m	0.58m	1.85m	-	Fill of gully 37/05	

37/07	Cut	Circular posthole	0.22m	0.45m	0.5m	-	Posthole	
37/08	Deposit	Grey silty clay with small flecks of charcoal	0.22m	0.45m	0.5m	-	Fill of posthole 37/07	
Trench 38								
38/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
38/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 41								
41/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.28m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
41/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
41/03	Cut	Irregular shaped feature	0.44m	1.36m	1.85m	-	Tree-throw	
41/04	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.32m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Upper fill of tree-throw	
41/05	Deposit	Mid grey silty sand with gravels	0.22m	0.2m	1.85m	-	Middle fill of tree-throw	
41/06	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.17m	1m	1.85m	-	Upper fill of tree-throw	
Trench 42								
42/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.16m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
42/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
42/04	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.5m	1.6m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
42/05	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.18m	1.6m	1.85m	-	Lower fill of ditch 42/04	
42/06	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.42m	0.7m	1.85m	-	Upper fill of ditch 42/04	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 45								
45/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
45/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 46								
46/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.18m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
46/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.12m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
46/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
46/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.18m	0.72m	3m	-	Ditch	
46/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.18m	0.72m	3m	-	Fill of ditch 46/04	
Trench 47								

47/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.19m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
47/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
47/03	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.19m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
47/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.17m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
47/05	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.17m	1.2m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 47/04	
47/06	Cut	NW-SE irregular linear feature	0.23m	1.3m	1.85m	-	Ditch / hedgerow	
47/07	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.23m	1.3m	1.85m	-	Fill of 47/06	
Trench 48								
48/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
48/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
48/03	Cut	Sub-circular pit	+0.2m	1.6m	0.6m	-	Pit	
48/04	Deposit	Dark grey / brown clay	+0.2m	1.6m	0.6m	-	Fill of pit 48/03	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 49								
49/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.15m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
49/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.12m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
49/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
49/04	Cut	NNW-SSE linear ditch	-	1.05m	1.9m	-	Ditch	
49/05	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	-	1.05m	1.9m	-	Fill of ditch 49/04	
49/06	Cut	NNW-SSE linear ditch	-	0.8m	1-9m	-	Ditch	
49/07	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	-	0.8m	1.9m	-	Fill of ditch 49/06	
Trench 50								
50/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.29m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
50/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 51								
51/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.24m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
51/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
51/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 53								

53/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.34m	1.85m	30m	Pottery	Topsoil	11th Century
53/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 54								
54/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
54/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
54/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.36m	1.6m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
54/04	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.26m	1.6m	1.85m	Pottery, worked stone	Lower fill of ditch 54/03	Modern
54/05	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	0.1m	0.81m	1.85m	-	Upper fill of ditch 54/03	
Trench 55								
55/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
55/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
55/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	1.2m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
55/04	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	-	1.2m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 55/03	
Trench 56								
56/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
56/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.05m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
56/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 58								
58/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.23m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
58/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
58/03	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.12m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 59								
59/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.32m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
59/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
59/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	0.8m	2.1m	-	Ditch	
59/04	Deposit	Dark grey sandy gravels	-	0.8m	2.1m	-	Fill of ditch 59/03	
Trench 60								

60/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
60/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 61								
61/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	26.3m	-	Topsoil	
61/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	26.3m	-	Natural	
61/03	Cut	NE-SW linear ditch	0.25m	1.55m	2.1m	-	Ditch	
61/04	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.16m	1.55m	2.1m	-	Upper fill of ditch 61/03	
61/05	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.24m	1.9m	4.2m	-	Ditch	
61/06	Deposit	Mid brownish grey silty clay	0.24m	1.9m	4.2m	-	Fill of ditch 61/05	
61/07	Deposit	Grey silty clay	0.08m	1.55m	2.1m	-	Lower fill of ditch 61/03	
Trench 63								
63/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
63/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
63/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	1m	2.1m	-	Ditch	
63/04	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	-	1m	2.1m	-	Fill of ditch 63/03	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 66								
66/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.28m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
66/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 67								
67/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
67/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
67/03	Deposit	Blue/ grey clay	-	-	-	-	Pockets of natural clay	
Trench 69								
69/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.29m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
69/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 70								
70/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
70/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	

Context	Type	Description	Depth	Width	Length	Finds	Interpretation	Date
Trench 72								
72/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
72/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 73								
73/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.26m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
73/02	Deposit	Blue/ grey clay	-	1.85m	3.5m	-	Natural	
73/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	26.5m	-	Natural	
73/04	Cut	Circular posthole	-	0.32m	0.3m	-	Posthole	
73/05	Deposit	Dark grey silty clay	-	0.32m	0.3m	-	Fill of posthole 73/04	
Trench 74								
74/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.28m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
74/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
74/03	Cut	E-W linear	-	3.5m	1.85m	-	Natural paleochannel	
74/04	Deposit	Blue/ grey clay	-	3.5m	1.85m	-	Fill of paleochannel	
Trench 75								
75/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.2m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
75/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	13.5m	-	Natural	
75/03	Deposit	Blue/ grey clay	-	1.85m	16.5m	-	Fill of paleochannel	
75/04	Cut	NW-SE linear	-	1.85m	16.5m	-	Natural paleochannel	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 76								
76/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.4m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
76/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
76/03	Cut	SW- N Curvilinear ditch	0.3m	1.3m	16.5m		Curvilinear ditch same as 76/10	
76/04	Deposit	Dark brown sandy clay	0.1m	1.1m	16.5m		Lower fill of ditch 76/03	
76/05	Deposit	Mid grey sandy clay	0.2m	1.3m	16.5m		Upper fill of ditch 76/03	
76/06	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.4m	3.3m	1.85m		Ditch	
76/07	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.17m	1m	1.85m	Coke, Pottery	Upper fill of ditch 76/06	17th Century
76/08	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.28m	3.3m	1.85m		Middle fill of ditch 76/06	

76/09	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.15m	2.7m	1.85m		Lower fill of ditch 76/06	
76/10	Cut	SW- N Curvilinear ditch	0.2m	1.2m	16.5m		Curvilinear ditch same as 76/03	
76/11	Deposit	Mid grey sandy clay	0.2m	1.2m	16.5m		Fill of ditch 76/10	
76/12	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	3.5m	-		Fill of paleochannel	
76/13	Deposit	Mid yellow / grey sandy clay	0.23m	1.5m	-		Fill of paleochannel	
Trench 77								
77/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.24m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
77/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.07m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
77/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 78								
78/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
78/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
78/03	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.27m	1.78m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
78/04	Deposit	Mid blue / grey silty clay	0.09m	1m	1.85m	-	Upper fill of ditch 78/03	
78/05	Deposit	Grey / brown clay with gravels	0.27m	1.78m	1.85m	Pottery, Flint	Lower fill of ditch 78/03	Iron Age
78/06	Cut	NE-SW curvilinear ditch	0.09m	0.5m	2m	-	Ringditch? terminus	
78/07	Deposit	Mid grey / brown clay and gravels	0.09m	0.5m	2m	Pottery	Fill of ditch 78/06	Iron Age
78/08	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.24m	1.43m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
78/09	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.24m	1.43m	1.85m	-	Fill of ditch 78/08	
Trench 78a								
78a/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.45m	1.85m	9.5m	-	Topsoil	
78a/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	9.5m	-	Natural	
78a/03	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.35m	2.54m	2.3m	-	Ditch	
78a/04	Deposit	Grey / brown clay with gravels	0.22m	2.54m	2.3m	-	Lower fill of ditch 78a/03	
78a/05	Deposit	Mid blue / grey silty clay	0.15m	2.54m	2.3m	-	Upper fill of ditch 78a/03	
78a/06	Cut	Sub-oval feature	0.2m	0.8m	1.5m	-	Natural feature	
78a/07	Deposit	Yellow / brown silty clay	0.1m	0.8m	1.5m	-	Fill of 78a/06	
78a/08	Deposit	Light grey / brown silty clay	0.1m	0.8m	1.5m	-	Fill of 78a/06	
78a/09	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.16m	0.8m	1.4m	-	Ringditch? terminus	

78a/10	Deposit	Mid grey / brown silty clay	0.16m	0.8m	1.4m	-	Fill of ditch 78a/09	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 79								
79/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
79/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.08m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
79/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 83								
83/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.29m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
83/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 85								
85/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
85/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 86								
86/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.29m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
86/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 88								
88/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.15m	1.85m	16.8m	-	Topsoil	
88/02	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	16.8m	-	Natural	
Trench 90								
90/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.24m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
90/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.1m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
90/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
90/04	Cut	NNW-SSE linear ditch	0.22m	0.62m	1.5m	-	Ditch terminus	
90/05	Deposit	Dark brown clay	0.22m	0.62m	1.5m	-	Fill of 90/04	
90/06	Cut	NNW-SSE linear ditch	0.22m	1.24m	1.85m	-	Ditch	
90/07	Deposit	Mid brown clay	0.22m	1.24m	1.85m	-	Fill of 90/06	
Trench 91								
91/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.15m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	

91/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.14m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
91/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
91/04	Cut	Circular small pit	0.04m	0.65m	0.65m	-	Pit	
91/05	Deposit	Light brown / grey silty clay	0.04m	0.65m	0.65m	-	Fill of 91/04	
Trench 92								
92/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.3m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
92/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.18m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
92/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
92/04	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	-	1.1m	2.5m	-	Ditch	
92/05	Deposit	Dark brown clay	-	1.1m	2.5m	-	Fill of 92/04	
Context	**Type**	**Description**	**Depth**	**Width**	**Length**	**Finds**	**Interpretation**	**Date**
Trench 93								
93/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
93/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.15m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
93/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 94								
94/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.17m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
94/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.07m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
94/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 95								
95/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
95/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.15m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
95/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
Trench 96								
96/01	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.22m	1.85m	30m	-	Topsoil	
96/02	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.11m	1.85m	30m	-	Subsoil	
96/03	Deposit	Yellowish brown sandy gravels	-	1.85m	30m	-	Natural	
96/04	Cut	E-W linear ditch	0.28m	1.14m	6m	-	Ditch	
96/05	Deposit	Mid brown silty clay	0.28m	1.14m	6m	-	Fill of 96/04	
96/06	Cut	NW-SE linear ditch	0.28m	0.9m	1.85m	-	Ditch	

96/07	Deposit	Mid brown / grey silty clay	0.28m	0.9m	1.85m	-	Fill of 96/06	
96/08	Cut	NW-SE linear feature	0.05m	1.1m	1.85m	-	Natural feature	
96/09	Deposit	Mid brown clay	0.05m	1.1m	1.85m	-	Fill of 96/08	
96/10	Cut	Sub-oval pit	0.25m	1.25m	2m	-	Pit	
96/11	Deposit	Dark brown silty clay	0.25m	1.25m	2m	-	Fill of 96/10	