



JOHN MOORE HERITAGE SERVICES

ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF

AT

**BERKSHIRE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE,
BURCHETTS GREEN ROAD, MAIDENHEAD,**

BERKSHIRE SL6 6QR

NGR SU 83278 82412

AUGUST 2020

REPORT PREPARED BY Christopher Whitehead

ILLUSTRATION BY Christopher Whitehead

EDITED BY John Moore

AUTHORISED BY John Moore

FIELDWORK Christopher Whitehead

FIELDWORK DATE 21st and 29th July 2020

REPORT ISSUED 3rd August 2020

ENQUIRES TO John Moore Heritage Services
Pasture Farmhouse
Boarstall
Aylesbury
HP18 9UR

Tel: 01865 358300
Email: info@jmheritageservices.co.uk

JMHS Project No: 4249
OASIS No: johnmoor1-400232
Site Code: HUBGR 20
Archive Location: A copy of the digital archive is maintained by
John Moore Heritage Services
Digitised copies of the primary records are
available on OASIS



CONTENTS

	Page
SUMMARY	1
1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Site Location	1
1.2 Planning Background	1
1.3 Archaeological Background	3
2 AIMS OF THE INVESTIGATION	4
3 STRATEGY	4
3.1 Research Design	4
3.2 Methodology	4
4 RESULTS	5
4.1 Observations	5
4.2 Reliability of Results	8
5 FINDS	8
6 DISCUSSION	8
7 ARCHIVE	8
8 BIBLIOGRAPHY	8
 FIGURES AND PLATES	
Figure 1: Site Location.	2
Figure 2: Plan of Trench and Sections.	7
Plate 1: Section 1. Looking south.	5
Plate 2: Section 2. Looking south-west.	6
 APPENDICES	
Appendix 1. Primary Records	9
Appendix 2. OASIS Report Form	18

SUMMARY

John Moore Heritage Services carried out an archaeological watching brief at Berkshire College of Agriculture, Burchetts Green Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, on the 21st and 29th July 2020. (NGR SU 83278 82412). The purpose was for the installation of eight 2m high loop array antennas, one control unit, stock-proof fencing and associated landscaping for up to a temporary period of five years. This particular area had potential for Neolithic, prehistoric, Roman, medieval, post-medieval and other undated remains. However, over the course of the watching brief works, no archaeological remains were uncovered.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Site Location (Figure 1)

The development site is located at the north end of Berkshire College of Agriculture, Burchetts Green Road, Maidenhead (NGR SU 83278 82412). The underlying geology is Seaford and Newhaven Formation Chalk.

1.2 Planning Background

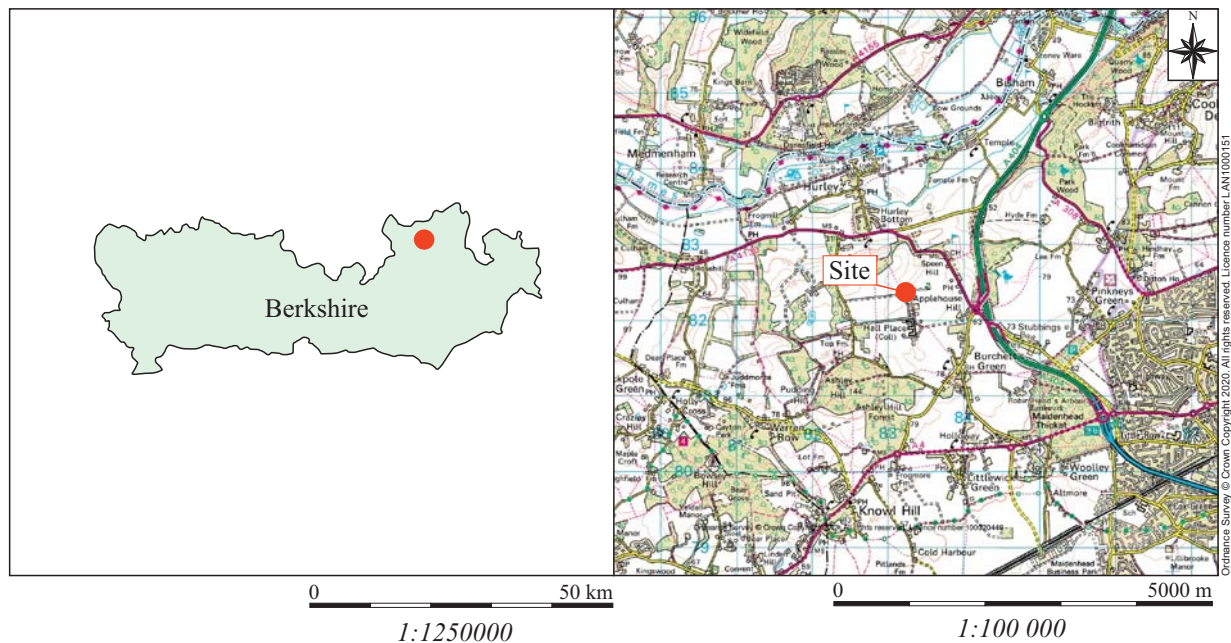
The Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead granted planning permission for the installation of eight 2m high loop array antennas, one control unit, stock-proof fencing and associated landscaping for up to a temporary period of five years. Due to the archaeological and historical importance of the surrounding area a condition was attached to the permission requiring a watching brief to be maintained during the course of building operations or construction works on the site.


No development shall take place/commence until a programme of archaeological work including a Written Scheme of Investigation has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority in writing. The scheme shall include an assessment of significance and research questions; and:

- 1. The programme and methodology of site investigation and recording*
- 2. The programme for post investigation assessment*
- 3. Provision to be made for analysis of the site investigation and recording*
- 4. Provision to be made for publication and dissemination of the analysis and records of the site investigation.*
- 5. Provision to be made for archive deposition of the analysis and records of the site investigation.*
- 6. Nomination of a competent person or persons/organisation to undertake the works set out within the Written Scheme of Investigation.*

The Development shall take place in accordance with the Written Scheme of Investigation.

The development shall not be occupied until the site investigation and post investigation assessment has been completed in accordance with the programme set out in the approved Written Scheme of Investigation and the provision made for analysis, publication and dissemination of results and archive deposition has been secured.



Key  Site boundary

 Evaluation trenches

Figure 1: Site location

Reason - The site lies in an area of archaeological potential, for all periods. The potential impacts of the development can be mitigated through a programme of archaeological work. This is in accordance with national and local plan policy.

1.3 Archaeological Background

Neolithic - A scatter of flint dating to the late Neolithic was found during the East Berkshire Archaeological Survey c.320m southwest of the site (MRW4907: SU 83000 82200); the scatter, designated Prehistoric Site 70, included cores, blades and scrapers.

Prehistoric - A distinct scatter of prehistoric flint was found approximately 250m north-northwest of the site during the East Berkshire Archaeological Survey (EBAS) (MRW4905: SU 83150 82800). Flints dating from the late Neolithic, Middle Bronze Age and Middle Iron Age were found at the site, designated Prehistoric Site 50. A further high density scatter of flint was found c.980m north-northeast of the site (MRW4904: SU 83400 83400); this was designated as Prehistoric Site 40.

A range of flint flakes including blades, awls, cores, scrapers and debitage were found throughout the area during the EBAS. These lithics, not found in sufficient numbers to be considered areas of activity, were found in fields approximately 160m southeast of the site (MRW13118: SU 83400 82300), 160m north (MRW13111: SU 83200 82600, 700m southwest (MRW13129: SU 82600 82100), 900m southeast (MRW13143: SU 83900 81700) and 800m north (MRW14035: SU 83275 83300).

A flint flake of uncertain date was found c.450m south of the site at Jersey Yard during a watching brief (MRW15551: SU 83336 81960); no associated archaeological features were recorded.

Roman - Two sherds of Romano British or Iron Age pottery were found during the same watching brief at Jersey Yard, c.450m south of the site (MRW15551: SU 83336 81960); no associated archaeological features were recorded. A low density scatter of Romano British pottery was found during the EBAS approximately 450m southwest of the site, designated as Pottery Site 9 (MRW4893: SU 82900 82100). A single sherd was found 300m west of this scatter (MRW12667: SU 82600 82100).

Medieval - During the medieval period a manor house known as La Halle, and later The Hall, was located approximately 500m south (DRM2665, MRW6328: SU 83355 81867); in 1234 the manor was under the ownership of John De Hurley, and was later acquired by Hurley Priory. Little is known about the early manor house, which was replaced in the late 17th century.

A scatter of medieval pottery, designated Medieval Site 09, was found during the EBAS approximately 500m southwest of the site (MRW4953: SU 82900 82050); a further scatter was found c.900m southeast (MRW5005: SU 83900 81650). A medieval copper alloy bridle link, dating from between 1150 to 1250 AD was found in a field approximately 130m north of the site (PAS 775626: SU 83 82).

Single sherds of medieval pottery were found c.330m north of the site (MRW13733: SU 83275 82750), c.770m west-southwest (MRW13696: SU 82600 82100) and c.900m north (MRW13677: SU 83400 83400) during the EBAS.

Post-medieval - The site is located within the grounds of Hall Place, a 17th century landscape park which surrounded Hall House (DRM2665, MRW6328: SU 83355 81867); the current house dates to the mid-18th century, built on the site of a late 17th century house, which had in turn replaced a medieval manor house. The landscape park, which is a registered park, was laid out in the 17th century, and later modified in the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries.

A post-medieval gilded copper alloy military button of the 51st Regiment of Foot, dating to the early 19th century, was found approximately 290m north northwest of the site (PAS 790356: SU 83 82).

Undated - A rectilinear earthwork of uncertain date is located in High Wood, approximately 400m northwest of the site (MRW3869: SU 82900 82700). The earthwork is situated on a spur at the end of a valley, overlooking the River Thames; when visited by the EBAS flint flakes were observed at the eastern end of the earthwork.

A possible double-ditched feature is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs 850m south of the site (MRW1727: SU 83250 81550).

2 AIMS OF THE INVESTIGATION

The aims of the investigation as laid out in the Written Scheme of Investigation were as follows:

- To make a record of any significant archaeological remains revealed during the course of any operations that may disturb or destroy archaeological remains.

In particular:

- To record any evidence relating to any prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post-medieval remains known from the area.

3 STRATEGY

3.1 Research Design

John Moore Heritage Services carried out the work to a Written Scheme of Investigation agreed with Berkshire Archaeology, the archaeological advisors to the Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead.

The recording was carried out in accordance with the standards specified by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2014).

3.2 Methodology

The ground works consisted of the excavation of an extensive narrow trench for the purpose of laying data cables. There was roughly 315m of trenching excavated (Fig. 1), at a width of 0.40m and a maximum depth of 1.10m. 250m of this trenching ran parallel to the concrete road that existed on site. A further 35m of this same narrow

trenching was excavated into the main field, which was located towards the west/south-western area of the site. Within the main field, in the area where the loop array antennas and the control unit were going to be located, the excavations were wider, at a maximum width of 0.90m, and a maximum depth of 1.12m. The extent of the wider excavations were 30m in length.

Where archaeological horizons were encountered they were cleaned by hand and excavated appropriately. Standard John Moore Heritage Services techniques were employed throughout, involving the completion of a written record for each deposit encountered, with scale plans and section drawings compiled where appropriate. A photographic record was also produced. The resultant spoil from the works was visually scanned, especially for finds relating to Neolithic, prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods.

4 RESULTS

All deposits and features were assigned individual context numbers. Context numbers without brackets indicate features i.e. pit cuts, numbers in () show feature fills or deposits of material, while numbers in bold indicate structural features. A single, extensive trench measuring 315m by 0.40m was excavated down to a maximum depth of 1.12m. A total 30m of this trenching was excavated to a maximum width of 0.90m, to the same maximum depth. This was located at the west/south-westernmost extent, located within the main field area.



Plate 1: Section 1. Looking south.

4.1 Observations

The earliest deposit recorded was a compact, light grey-white chalk (03). This deposit was mixed with a firm light-brown silty-clay material, however, the mixing was only observed along the roadside trenching, it was not observed within the field. The

deposit was sterile within the field excavations (Figure 2, Sections 1 and 2, Plates 1 and 2). Deposit (03) contained inclusions of infrequent small to medium sized flints as well as small to medium sized limestone pieces. This deposit was observed throughout the full extent of the site excavations, and had a minimum thickness of 0.40m and a maximum thickness of greater than 0.64m, at a depth of 1.12m. Deposit (03) was identified as being the Seaford and Newhaven Formation Chalk geology.

Overlying deposit (03) was a deposit of friable-firm, mid-brown sandy-silt clay (02) (Figure 2, Sections 1 and 2, Plates 1 and 2). It contained infrequent flecks to small sized pieces of chalk and flint. Deposit (02) measured between 0.10m and 0.40m in thickness, at a maximum depth of 0.70m. It was observed throughout the full extent of the site trenching, however, it had a much greater thickness along the roadside than it did within the field excavations. Deposit (02) was identified as a subsoil.

Stratified above the subsoil (02) within the field excavations, was a deposit of friable, mid grey-brown sandy-silt (01) (Figure 2, Sections 1 and 2, Plates 1 and 2). It had inclusions of infrequent chalk flecks, as well as infrequent rooting. Deposit (01) had a thickness of 0.33m, and was identified as being the topsoil/ploughsoil layer.

Along the roadside excavations, subsoil deposit (02) was underlying a firm, mid-grey silty-sand gravel (04). This deposit had inclusions of medium to large sized stones and gravels, as well as infrequent small to medium sized chalk and flint pieces. It measured 0.30m in thickness. Deposit (04) was identified as being a made ground deposit, associated with the construction of the concrete road surface, and was subsequently observed throughout the full extent of the roadside trenching. It was not observed in the trench excavations within the field area.



Plate 2: Section 2. Looking south-west.

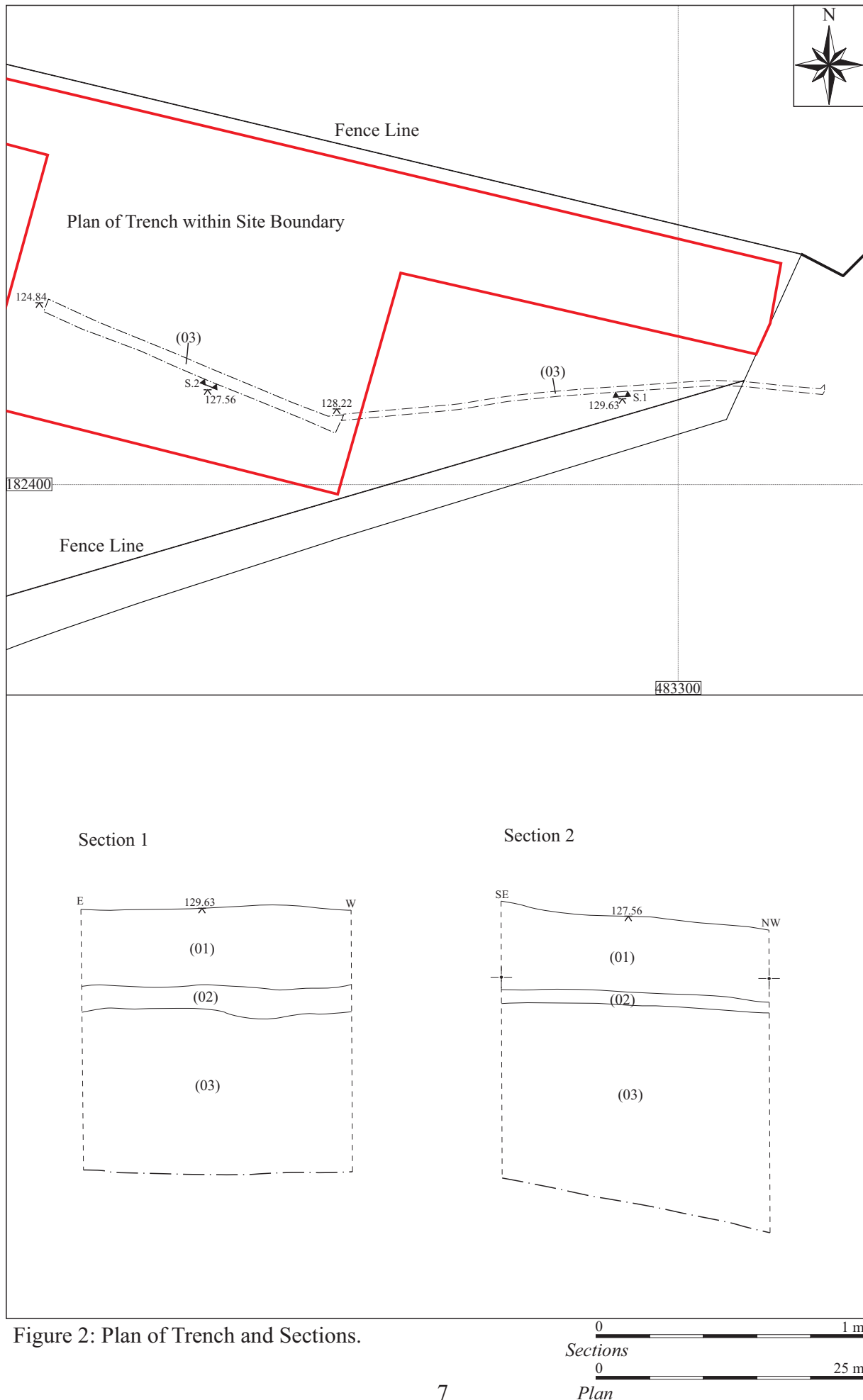


Figure 2: Plan of Trench and Sections.

4.2 Reliability of Results

The reliability of the results is considered to be good, as the archaeological observations took place in clear conditions, throughout the course of the fieldwork.

5 FINDS

No archaeological material from any period was identified during the course of the watching brief.

6 DISCUSSION

The watching brief aimed to identify the existence of significant archaeological remains, with a particular focus on the following periods; Neolithic, prehistoric, Roman, medieval, and post-medieval. However, during the course of the groundworks, no archaeological artefacts or features were identified.

7 ARCHIVE

Archive Contents

A Digital Archive is maintained by John Moore Heritage Services (ID 4249) and will be made available upon request (to admin@jmheritageservices.co.uk). Digitised copies of all the primary records will be made publicly available as appendix to the Final Report submitted to OASIS (ID johnmoor1-400232).

8 BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2020 *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Watching Briefs*

John Moore Heritage Services, 2020, 19/03558/FULL – *Berkshire College of Agriculture, Burchetts Green Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 6QR. Archaeological Watching Brief. Written Scheme of Investigation.* Unpublished.

Grid Squares /	Area/Trench /	Context Type Deposit	Site Code HUBGR20	Context (01)
-------------------	------------------	-------------------------	----------------------	-----------------

Add. Sheets /	Plan Nos. GPS	Section Nos. S.1/S.2	Matrix Location
------------------	------------------	-------------------------	-----------------

Photographs Slide 7013-7017 / 7042-7044	B&W /	DEPOSIT 1 Compaction 3 Composition 5 Thickness 7 Comments 8 Method and Conditions	2 Colour 4 Inclusions 6 Extent
--	----------	--	--------------------------------------

Description

- 1.) Frieble
- 2.) mid grey brown.
- 3.) sandy O.G. (E).
- 4.) ~~Bank and file marking (top the hill by the road)~~
Packing and infogant Chalky flake within field.
- 5.) 0.30m x 0.33m.
- 6.) 30m x 0.40m
- 7.) Deposit of topsoil/ploughsoil. No clear difference between roadside and field flake deposit.

CUT	2 Corners
1 Shape in plan	
3 Dimensions/Depth	
4 Break of slope-top	5 Sides
6 Break of slope-base	7 Base
8 Orientation	
9 Inclination of axis	
10 Truncation	11 Fill Nos.
12 Sketch profile	
13 Other comments	

Stratigraphic matrix	Initials & Date CW 29/7/20.															
<table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">This context is</td> <td>(01)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>(02)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	This context is		(01)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(02)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Checked by & Date
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
This context is		(01)														
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(02)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												

Interpretation: Internal External Structural Other (specify)

Discussion Topsoil/ploughsoil layer. Affected by the construction of the road in majority of the site. Steils layer within the field. In some areas topsoil has been removed and replaced with deposit (de) made-up ground layer for the purposes of kerotix road construction.

Context same as:	Findings
Levels on plan <input type="checkbox"/> sheet	none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pot <input type="checkbox"/> bone <input type="checkbox"/> glass <input type="checkbox"/> metal <input type="checkbox"/> CBM <input type="checkbox"/> wood <input type="checkbox"/> leather <input type="checkbox"/> burntmat. <input type="checkbox"/>
Highest <input type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input type="checkbox"/>	Other finds (specify)

Environmental Samples Nos. <input type="checkbox"/>	Findings sample (BM) Nos. <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Small finds Nos. <input type="checkbox"/>	Findings sieving: on-site <input type="checkbox"/> off-site <input type="checkbox"/> metal detecting: in situ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> on-site <input type="checkbox"/> off-site <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Checked Interpretation

Provisional Period	Group	Initials & Date
--------------------	-------	-----------------

Grid Squares <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Area/Trench <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Context Type Deposit	Site Code HUBGR20.	Context (02)
--	---	-------------------------	-----------------------	-----------------

Add. Sheets <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Plan Nos. GPS	Section Nos. S.1/S.2	Matrix Location <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	------------------	-------------------------	---

Photographs Slide B&W
7013-7017 / 7042-7044

DEPOSIT

1 Compaction	2 Colour
3 Composition	4 Inclusions
5 Thickness	6 Extent
7 Comments	
8 Method and Conditions	

Description

- 1.) friable - firm.
- 2.) soil brown.
- 3.) sandy - silt clay.
- 4.) important fossils to small pieces of teeth & flint.
- 5.) 0.10m - 0.40m.
- 6.) 0.40m > x 30m >
- 7.)
- 8.) Machine excavated clear conditions.

CUT

1 Shape in plan	2 Corners
3 Dimensions/Depth	5 Sides
4 Break of slope-top	7 Base
6 Break of slope-base	
8 Orientation	
9 Inclination of axis	
10 Truncation	11 Fill Nos.
12 Sketch profile	
13 Other comments	

Stratigraphic matrix

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(01)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
This context is		(02)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(03)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Initials & Date
29/7/20

Checked by & Date

Interpretation: Internal External Structural Other (specify)

Discussion layer of subsoil material. Clear horizon between context (01) and natural chalk (03)
Very thin layer with the soil. Greater thickness up the hill along the roadside

Context same as:

Levels on plan sheet

Highest Lowest

Finds

none pot bone glass metal CBM wood leather burntmat.

Other finds (specify)

Environmental Samples Nos. Finds sample (BM) Nos.

Small finds Nos. Finds sieving: on-site off-site metal detecting: in situ on-site off-site

Checked Interpretation

Provisional Period Group Initials & Date

Grid Squares	Area/Trench	Context Type <i>Geology/Map</i>	Site Code <i>HUBGR20</i>	Context <i>(03)</i>
--------------	-------------	------------------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------

Add. Sheets	Plan Nos. <i>GPS</i>	Section Nos. <i>S.1/S.2</i>	Matrix Location
-------------	-------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------------

Photographs Slide *7013-7017 / 7042-7044* B&W

DEPOSIT

1 Compaction	2 Colour
3 Composition	4 Inclusions
5 Thickness	6 Extent
7 Comments	
8 Method and Conditions	

Description

- 1.) Compact
- 2.) Light grey-white mixed with light-brown silty (clay (up the hill) Material not as mixed within the field.
- 3.) Chalk.
- 4.) Flints frequent small-medium sized. Small-med
- 5.) 0.40m - 0.64m > sized limestone pieces.
- 6.) 0.40m > x 30m >
- 7.)
- 8.) Modern excavation. Clear conditions.

CUT

1 Shape in plan	2 Corners
3 Dimensions/Depth	
4 Break of slope-top	5 Sides
6 Break of slope-base	7 Base
8 Orientation	
9 Inclination of axis	
10 Truncation	11 Fill Nos.
12 Sketch profile	
13 Other comments	

Stratigraphic matrix

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> (02)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
This context is		<input type="checkbox"/> (03)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Initials & Date
aw
29/7/20

Checked by & Date

Interpretation: Internal **External** Structural Other (specify)

Discussion *Neutral Chalk geology underlying subsoil layer (02). Chalk neutral (03) was observed throughout the full extent of the trenching.*

Context same as:

Levels on plan sheet

Highest Lowest

Finds

none pot bone glass metal CBM wood leather burntmat.

Other finds (specify)

Environmental Samples Nos. Finds sample (BM) Nos.

Small finds Nos. Finds sieving: on-site off-site metal detecting: in situ on-site off-site

Checked Interpretation

Provisional Period Group Initials & Date

Grid Squares	Area/Trench	Context Type Deposit	Site Code Y10361220	Context (04)
--------------	-------------	-------------------------	------------------------	-----------------

Add. Sheets	Plan Nos. GPS	Section Nos.	Matrix Location
-------------	------------------	--------------	-----------------

Photographs Slide	B&W	DEPOSIT
-------------------	-----	---------

- 1 Compaction
- 2 Colour
- 3 Composition
- 4 Inclusions
- 5 Thickness
- 6 Extent
- 7 Comments
- 8 Method and Conditions

Description

- 1.) Firm
- 2.) mid grey.
- 3.) Silty sand gravels
- 4.) med-large shms / gravels. Chalk and flints also.
- 5.) 0.30m.
- 6.) 1m x 20m
- 7.) med-grand layer.
- 8.) machine excavated, clear location.

- CUT
- 1 Shape in plan
 - 2 Corners
 - 3 Dimensions/Depth
 - 4 Break of slope-top
 - 5 Sides
 - 6 Break of slope-base
 - 7 Base
 - 8 Orientation
 - 9 Inclination of axis
 - 10 Truncation
 - 11 Fill Nos.
 - 12 Sketch profile
 - 13 Other comments

Stratigraphic matrix

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
This context is		(04)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(03)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Initials & Date
29/7/20
CW.

Checked by & Date

Interpretation: Internal External Structural Other (specify)

Discussion (layer of med-grand material associated with the transition of the lower local surface. Has replaced deposit (01) with brick. Certain areas of the site. Not shown within a section drawing.

Context same as:	Finds
Levels on plan <input type="checkbox"/> sheet	none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pot <input type="checkbox"/> bone <input type="checkbox"/> glass <input type="checkbox"/> metal <input type="checkbox"/> CBM <input type="checkbox"/> wood <input type="checkbox"/> leather <input type="checkbox"/> burntmat.
Highest <input type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
	Other finds (specify)

Environmental Samples Nos.	Finds sample (BM) Nos.
----------------------------	------------------------

Small finds Nos. Finds sieving: on-site off-site metal detecting: in situ on-site off-site

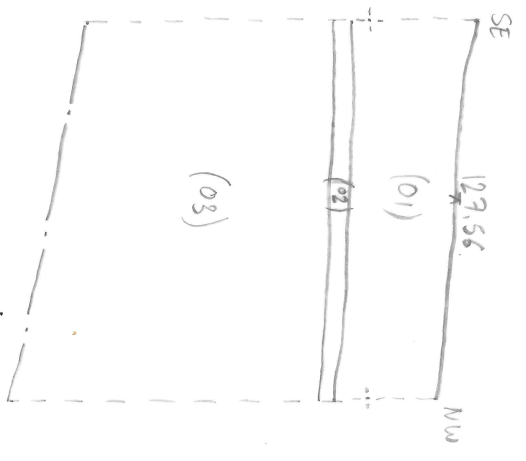
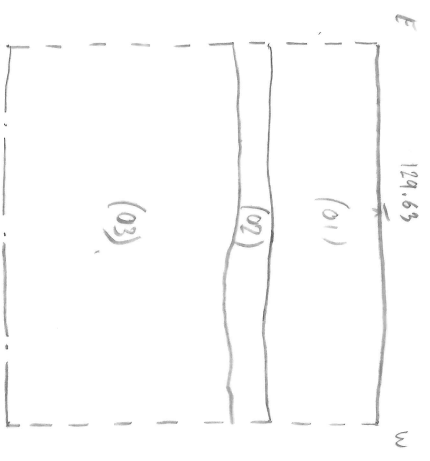
Checked Interpretation

Provisional Period	Group	Initials & Date
--------------------	-------	-----------------

HUB6R20

Rep Sec S.1 29/7/20 @ 1:20.

Rep Sec S.2 29/7/20 @ 1:20.



OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

[List of Projects](#) | [Manage Projects](#) | [Search Projects](#) | [New project](#) | [Change your details](#) | [HER coverage](#) | [Change country](#) | [Log out](#)

Printable version

OASIS ID: johnmoor1-400232

Project details

Project name	Berkshire College of Agriculture
Short description of the project	John Moore Heritage Services carried out an archaeological watching brief at Berkshire College of Agriculture, Burchetts Green Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, on the 21.07.20 and 29.07.20. (NGR SU 83278 82412). The purpose was for the installation of eight 2m high loop array antennas, one control unit, stock-proof fencing and associated landscaping for up to a temporary period of five years. This particular area had potential for Neolithic, prehistoric, Roman, medieval, post-medieval and other undated remains. However, over the course of the watching brief works, no archaeological remains were uncovered.
Project dates	Start: 21-07-2020 End: 29-07-2020
Previous/future work	No / No
Any associated project reference codes	4249 - Contracting Unit No.
Any associated project reference codes	johnmoor1-400232 - OASIS form ID
Any associated project reference codes	19/03558/FUL - Planning Application No.
Any associated project reference codes	HUBGR 20 - Sitecode
Type of project	Research project
Site status	None
Current Land use	Vacant Land 2 - Vacant land not previously developed
Monument type	NONE None
Significant Finds	NONE None
Investigation type	""Watching Brief""
Prompt	Conservation/ restoration

Project location

Country	England
Site location	BERKSHIRE WINDSOR AND MAIDENHEAD MAIDENHEAD Berkshire College of Agriculture
Postcode	SL6 6QR

Study area 300 Square metres
 Site coordinates SU 83278 82412 51.533981693955 -0.799220696247 51 32 02 N 000 47 57 W Point
 Height OD / Depth Min: 124.84m Max: 129.63m

Project creators

Name of Organisation John Moore Heritage Services
 Project brief originator Berkshire Archaeology
 Project design originator JMHS
 Project director/manager John Moore
 Project supervisor Christopher Whitehead
 Type of sponsor/funding body client

Project archives

Physical Archive Exists? No
 Digital Archive recipient JMHS
 Digital Archive ID johnmoor1-400232
 Digital Contents "Stratigraphic","other"
 Digital Media available "Images raster / digital photography","Images vector","Text"
 Digital Archive notes A Digital Archive is maintained by John Moore Heritage Services (ID 4249) and will be made available upon request (to admin@jmheritageservices.co.uk). Digitised copies of all the primary records are publicly available as appendix to the Final Report submitted to OASIS.
 Paper Archive Exists? No

Project bibliography 1

Publication type Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
 Title Archaeological Watching Brief at Berkshire College of Agriculture
 Author(s)/Editor(s) Whitehead, C.
 Author(s)/Editor(s) Moore, J.
 Other bibliographic details JMHS Report Number 4249
 Date 2020
 Issuer or publisher JMHS
 Place of issue or publication Wheatley
 Description 20 pages PDF including primary records
 Entered by Simona Denis (admin@jmheritageservices.co.uk)
 Entered on 4 August 2020

OASIS:

Please e-mail [Historic England](#) for OASIS help and advice

© ADS 1996-2012 Created by [Jo Gilham and Jen Mitcham](#), [email](#) Last modified Wednesday 9 May 2012

Cite only: <http://www.oasis.ac.uk/form/print.cfm> for this page

[Cookies](#) [Privacy Policy](#)